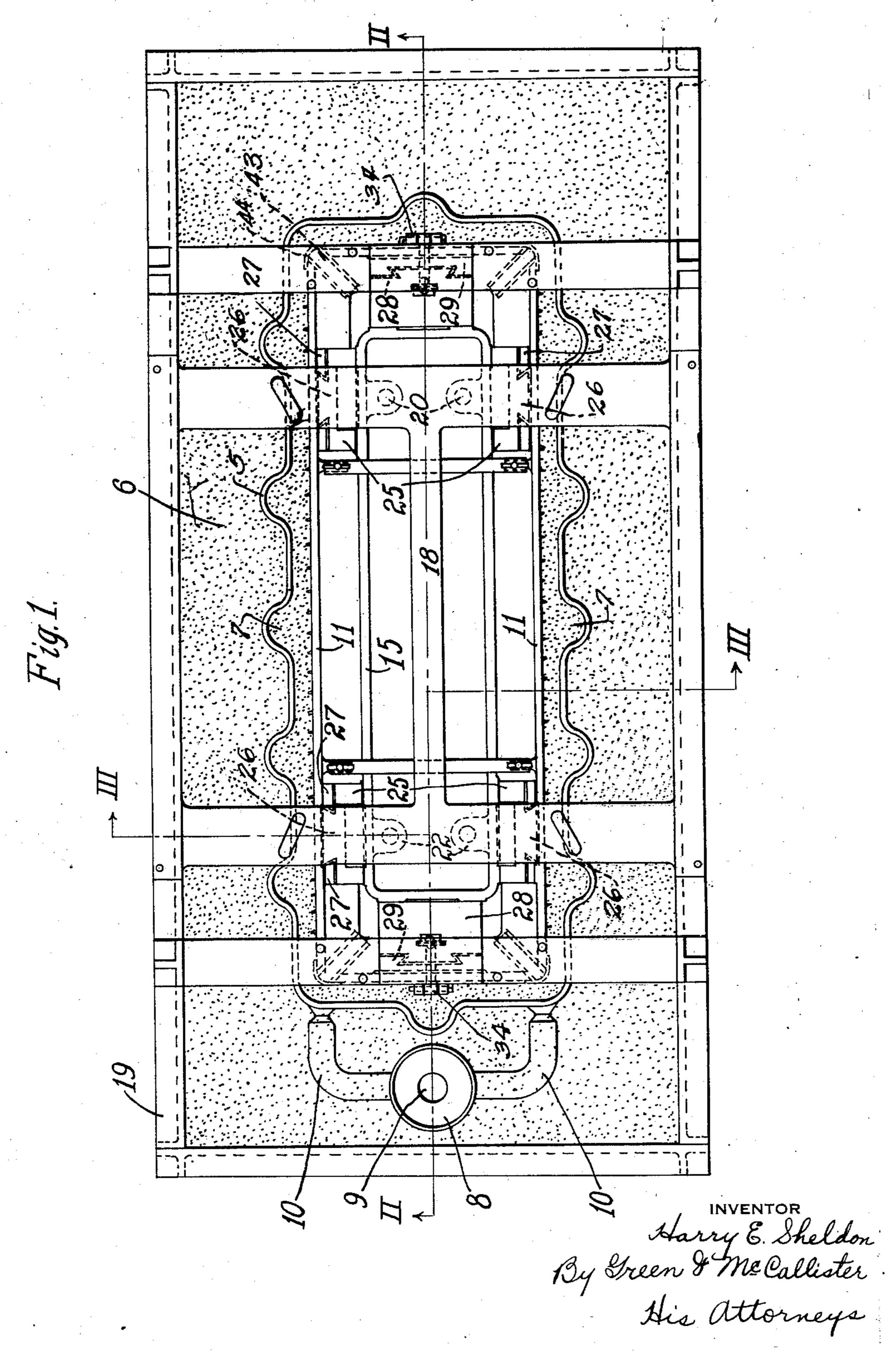
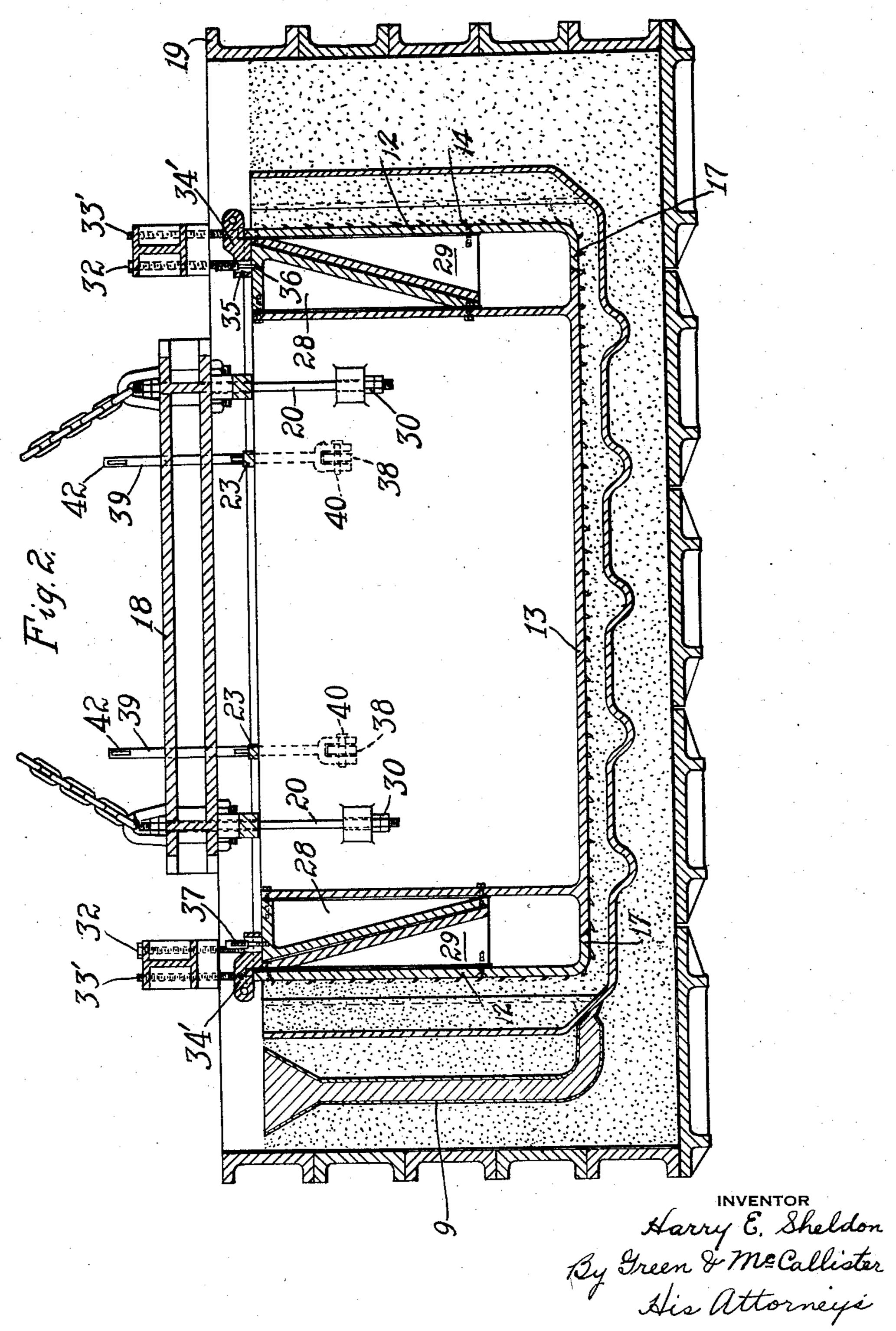
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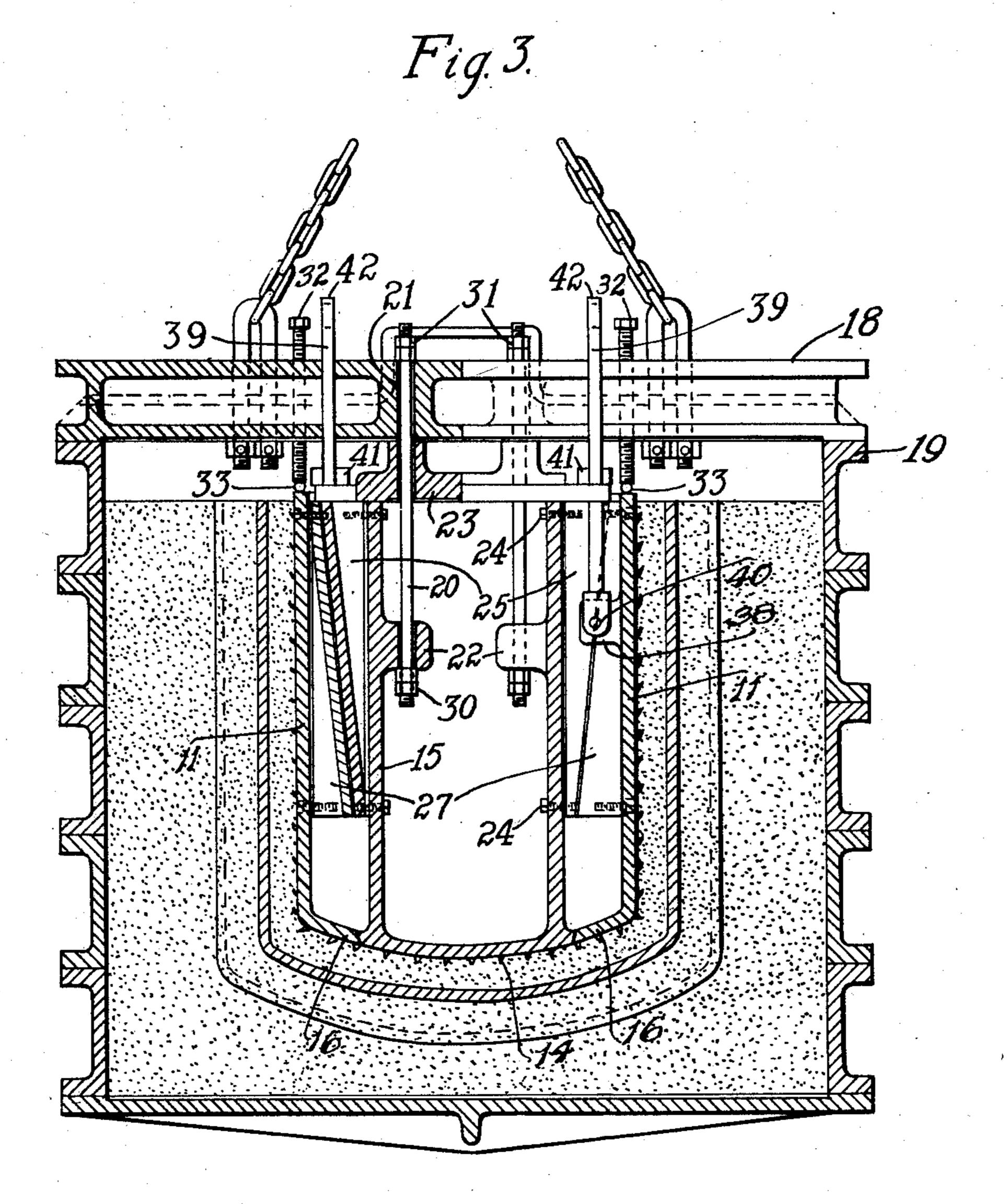
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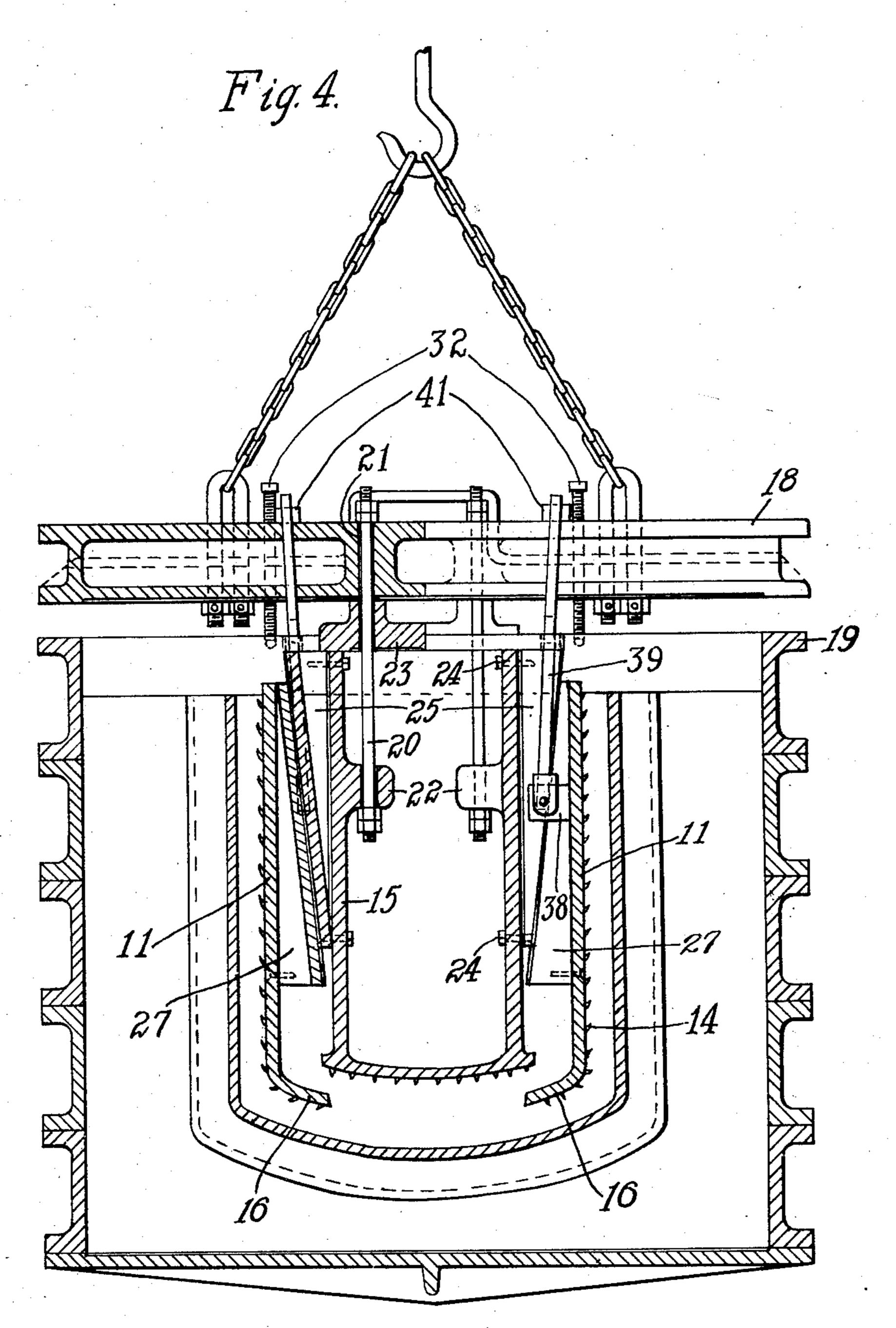
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Harry E. Sheldon By Green & McCallister Dis Attorneys

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

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MECHANISM FOR CASTING ANNEALING-BOX COVERS

Application filed March 8, 1929. Serial No. 345,416.

particularly to collapsible core supports for sand molds employed in connection with cast- equally applicable to other casting operaing operations, and more especially to those 5 employed in the casting of annealing box covers or similar structures.

In my co-pending application Serial No. 345,417, filed March 8, 1929, I have described an improved method of casting annealing 10 box covers and an object of the present invention is to provide a simple, practical and rugged apparatus for use in casting annealing box covers by such method.

A further object is to provide an improved 15 form of collapsible sand core support for providing a support for the sand core during the pouring operation but constructed and arranged so as to permit the collapse of such

core after the metal has "set".

These and other objects which will be apparent to those skilled in this particular art are accomplished by means of the invention illustrated in the accompanying drawings in which Fig. 1 is a top plan view of a box cast-25 ing mechanism provided with a collapsible core support constructed in accordance with one embodiment of this invention. In order to illustrate the mold cavity I have shown in top plan, the flask, the mold formed within 30 the flask, the core frame, with the sand core thereof suspended in proper position within the mold whereby the mold cavity is formed between the mold and the core. Fig. 2 is a longitudinal sectional view of the elements 35 shown in Fig. 1 on the line II—II thereof, but in this view it is assumed that the mold cavity is filled with molten metal. It is assumed that the view is taken at the instant pouring is finished and before the core is collapsed. 40 Fig. 3 is a sectional view in elevation taken bottom member and means for holding said 90 similar to Fig. 3 since it is taken on the 45 same line but the mold forming the sand core shown as it appears during the core collapsing operation.

Although the present invention is shown 50 in connection with a mechanism for casting

This invention relates to casting and more annealing box covers in inverted position, it will be readily apparent that the device is tions. As illustrated, a mold cavity 5 is provided in the sand mold 6 between the mold 55 and a collapsible core 7. In Fig. 1, I have shown the mold cavity before actual pouring of the metal. The device is arranged for bottom pouring and I pour through an opening 8 having a single vertical channel 9 (Figs. 60 1 and 2) and branch channels 10 for connection with the mold cavity at the bottom thereof and at opposite sides of one end thereof.

Since I cast the covers in inverted position, the pouring channels connect with the mold 65 cover at a point which in the finished cover will be adjacent one end thereof near its top, thus insuring that the top of the cover is cast from the hottest metal. This insures homogeneous gas tight tops, for whatever 70 impurities are in the metal will rise in the mold cavity to the top thereof and will appear in the covers at the sides and ends. When the bottoms of the covers are faced off, those impurities which could cause porous 75

spots are removed.

The present invention permits the collapse of the core 7 as soon as pouring is finished and the casting "sets" to allow the metal to shrink without setting up such strains as 80 would occur if the core were not collapsed. This is most important in the casting of ferrous alloys containing a high percentage of steel alloy elements, such for example, as chromium or nickel, because of the relatively 85 great coefficient of linear expansion.

The particular core support which has been chosen for the purpose of illustration includes two side members, two end members and a on the line 3-3 of Fig. 1 and it also assumes members in core supporting position and for that the mold cavity is filled with molten moving the same to collapse the core. The metal. Fig. 4 is a view in some respects outer surface of the side members 11, end members 12 and bottom member 13 are provided with gaggers 14 for facilitating adhe- 95 is omitted and the core supporting device is sion between the outer surfaces of these members and the sand forming core.

Suspended in position within the space defined by the side and end members is a boxlike frame 15. The top of this frame is open 100

and the bottom, which is closed, forms the 1, is a supporting dog 34'. This dog at its bottom of the core support or rather the cen- free end is provided with an opening 35 extral section of the bottom of the core support, since the side and end members extend in-5 wardly at their bottoms as shown at 16 and 17.

When the frame 15 is in supporting position as shown in Figs. 2 and 3, the bottom thereof lines up with the inwardly extending bottom portions of the sides and ends.

The central frame 15 is more or less rigidly secured to a supporting frame 18, which, prior 15 port frame 18 and central frame 15 is made by operative position. means of four rods or bolts 20 which project Each of the side members 11 is provided 20 rods or bolts 20, is interposed between the straddles its ear 38 to which it is secured by 85 top of frame 15 and the bottom of support a suitable pin 40. frame 18, so that, even though there is a When the parts are assembled these rods these frames is secured.

are vertically positioned wedgelike members the top of each rod. 30 25. These members project outwardly from When the keys 41 are placed in the upper 95 which are secured to and project inwardly

ters are also provided with outwardly extending vertically positioned wedgelike members 28, Figs. 1 and 2, corresponding to wedgelike members 25, and these members 28 dovetail with the reversely or invertedly arranged members 29 which are secured to

45 in expanded operative position. The central through the slotted frame, and permit or 110 member 15 is rigidly secured to supporting cause the rods to be raised with the frame 18, frame 18 by means of rods 20 which carry when the keys contact with the upper face of at their lower threaded ends nuts 30 and at the supporting frame 18.

are retained in position, but permit the ro- ered by means of sheet metal strips 44. These 55 tation of the hold down screws. These balls bear on the top surface of side members 11 and hold these members in core supporting position.

Screws 33' which are also threaded through 60 supporting frame 18 and are identical with screws 32 have similar ball ends bearing on the top surface of the end members 12 when the core support is in supporting position.

Positioned at the center of each end member and hinged thereto as shown at 34, Fig.

tending therethrough from top to bottom and adapted to receive a key or holder 36 which is formed in the manner of a pin 70 threaded into the top member of wedge 28 and enlarged at its upper end and provided with a laterally extending slot for receiving a key 37, see Fig. 2.

When the core support is in expanded op- 75 erative position, Figs. 2 and 3, keys 37 exto and during the casting operation is sup- tend through slots in the key holder 36 and ported upon the flask 19 within which the rigidly support the end members 12 premold is formed. A connection between sup- venting them from moving down below such

through the support frame 21 and through with two inwardly extending ears 38 and ears 22 which project inwardly from frame each of these ears supports a rod 39. The 15. A spacer casting 23, for each pair of lower end of each rod 39 is bifurcated and

considerable space between the bottom of the extend up through holes or slots formed supporting frame 18 and the top of frame therefor in the supporting frame 18 and each 25 15, a more or less rigid connection between rod is provided with a laterally extending 90 slot immediately above the spacer casting 23 Secured to the sides of the frame 15 adja- for the insertion of a key 41 and a second latcent its opposite ends, by means of screws 24, erally extending slot 42 is located adjacent

the side of the frame 15 and have a dove- slots 42 of rods 39, the keys 37 are removed tailed connection 26, see Fig. 1, with reversely from their slots. This permits the dogs 34 or invertedly arranged wedgelike members 27 to swing upwardly about their pivot pins as the support 18 is lifted, thus allowing end 35 from the inner sides of side members 11. members 12 to move inwardly or downwardly 100 The ends of frame 15 adjacent their cen- with relation to the forward moving center frame 15. In other words, after the frame 15 is raised by the lifting of the associated support frame 18, the end and side members move inwardly or toward the center member 15, collapsing the core supports and the core carried thereby. The keys 41, when poand project inwardly from end members 12. sitioned in the upper slot of their associated Figs. 2 and 3 illustrate the mold support rods, prevent the end of the rods from sliding

their upper threaded ends nuts 31.

The end and side members are so formed Hold down screws 32 threaded through that when the assembly is in operative posi- 115 supporting frame 18 have their lower ends tion a space is left at the miter joint between hollowed out to receive balls 33. The hol- the members, and this space which is shown lowed ends are peened over so that the balls in dotted lines at 43, Fig. 1, is closed or covstrips are bent so as to close the corner open- 120 ings and lap over the sides and ends, and are so formed as to extend underneath the core supporting surfaces of the side and end members and the corners as shown in Fig. 1 at 43. These are held in place by the sand 125 forming the core and when the core is collapsed they are easily forced out of place.

In operation, the mold 6 is formed in a flask in the usual manner of forming dry sand molds. The mold surfaces are swept 130

and the mold baked. The mold support suspended from the support frame 18 in expanded operative position is covered with the sand core 7 and formed to the proper con-5 tour by sweeping and it is then baked. The core and core support are positioned in the flask and the metal poured into the opening.

When the casting has "set" the keys 37 are removed from the key holders and the keys 10 41 removed from the lower slots in the rods 39 to permit the central frame to move upwardly with respect to the side and end members respectively. The keys 41 are placed in the upper slots 42 of the rods 39. Upward 15 movement of the support frame 18 and central mold frame 15, see Fig. 4, through the sliding wedge shaped connections of the central frame with the side and end members, causes the latter to move inwardly into the 20 contracted position shown in Fig. 4, allowing the sand core to collapse permitting shrinkage of the casting. The keys 41 in the upper slots or rods 39 provide supports for the side members 11 in the collapsed position.

Although I have described a specific form of core support in more or less detail, it will be readily understood that various changes, additions, omissions and substitutions can be made therein without departing from the spirit of this invention or the scope of the ap-

pended claims.

What I claim as new and desire to secure

by Letters Patent is:

1. A collapsible sand core supporting frame, having separate side and end members provided with inwardly projecting lower ends and a vertically movable member located within the space formed between the side and end members and having a bottom, which in 40 conjunction with said inwardly projecting lower ends of said side and end members completes the support for the bottom of said core, said movable member having means disposed on its outer side cooperating with the inner 45 sides of said side and end members for holding said members in position.

2. In a sand core support for use in casting annealing box covers in an inverted position, spaced apart side members each having an inwardly projecting lower end forming a support for a portion of the bottom of the sand core, spaced apart end members having similar projections on their lower ends, a member located within the space bounded by the side and end members and adapted to be raised from and lowered into position within said space and having a bottom which when in lowered position fills the space between the to lower inwardly projecting ends of the side and end members and means connecting the central member to the side and end members and which is adapted when the central member is raised to cause the side and end members to move inwardly for the purpose of collapsing the support and the sand core carried thereby.

3. In a sand core support for use in casting annealing box covers in an inverted position, spaced apart side members each having an in-70 wardly extending lower end forming a support for the bottom of the sand core, spaced apart end members having similar projections on their lower ends, a vertically movable member located within the space bounded by 75 the side and end members and having a bottom which when in conjunction with the inwardly projecting lower ends of the side and end members, completes the support for the bottom of the sand core, and means connect- 80 ing the vertically movable member to the side and end members and employing inclined elements which are adapted when the vertically movable member is raised to draw the side and end members inwardly for the purpose of 85

collapsing the support and the sand core carried thereby.

4. In a sand core support for use in casting annealing box covers in an inverted position, spaced apart side members each having an in- 90 wardly extending lower end forming a support for the bottom of the sand core, spaced apart end members having similar projections on their lower ends, a vertically movable member located within the space bounded by 95 the side and end members and having a bottom which when in conjunction with the inwardly projecting lower ends of the side and end members, completes the support for the bottom of the sand core, and means carried 100 partially by the vertically movable member and partially by the side and end member for connecting said members and which is adapted when the vertically movable member is raised to move the side and end members in- 105 wardly for the purpose of collapsing the support.

5. A collapsible sand core supporting frame, having separate side and end members, a vertically movable member located 110 within the space formed between the side and end members and forming the bottom of said frame, each of said side members having means disposed on and extending from their inner sides and cooperating with means dis- 115 posed on and extending from the outer side of said movable member, so that said side mem-

ber will be held in position thereby.
6. A collapsible sand core supporting frame, having separate side and end members 120 and a vertically movable member located within the space formed between the side and end members, said vertically movable member having a bottom cooperating with the bottom edges of said side and end members and 125 completing the support of the bottom of said core, said movable member having means disposed on and extending from its outer side and cooperating with means disposed on and projecting inwardly from the inner sides of

said side and end members, so that said side and inner members will be held in position thereby.

7. A collapsible sand core supporting 5 frame, having separate side and end members, and a vertically movable member located within the space formed between the side and end members, having a bottom, said bottom cooperating with the lower edges of 10 the side and end members and completing the support of the bottom of said core, said movable member having a vertically positioned means disposed on and extending from its outer side for cooperating with a 15 similar but inverted vertically positioned means disposed on and extending from the inner sides of said side and end members, means for lifting said movable member, so that said side and end members will no 20 longer be held in position at their sides and at their bottom edges.

8. A collapsible sand core supporting frame, having separate side and end members provided with inwardly projecting low-25 er ends, a vertically movable member located within the space formed between the side and end members and having a bottom, said bottom cooperating with said inwardly projecting lower ends of said side and end mem-30 bers and completing the support for the bottom of said core, each of said side members having a wedge mounted on its inner side, said vertically movable member having wedges mounted on and extending from its 35 outer side and dovetailing with said wedges of said side members for providing a sup-

port therefor.

9. A collapsible sand core supporting frame, having separate side and end mem-40 bers provided with inwardly projecting lower ends and a vertically movable member located within the space formed between the side and end members, said movable member having a bottom cooperating with said in-45 wardly projecting lower ends of said side and end members and completing the support of the bottom of said core, the upper portions of said side and end members having wedges extending inwardly therefrom, said movable 50 member having inverted wedges extending outwardly therefrom for cooperating with said inwardly extending wedges, so that the upper portions of said side and end members will be held in position.

55 10. A collapsible sand core supporting frame, having separate side and end members provided with inwardly projecting lower ends, and a vertically movable member located within the space formed between said 60 side and end members, having a bottom, said bottom having inclined edges cooperating with similar but oppositely sloped edges of the side and end members and completing the support of the bottom of the core, said 65 movable member having means disposed on

and extending from its outer side, means disposed on and extending inwardly from the inner sides of said side and end members, the latter of said means being similar to the former and cooperating therewith but hav- 70 ing an inverted position in respect thereto, so that the upper portions of said side and end members will be held in position and so that when said movable member is raised said side and end members are no longer held 75

in position and can move inward.

11. A collapsible sand core supporting frame having separate side and end members, a vertically movable member located within the space formed between the side 80 and end members and forming the bottom of said frame, each of said side and end members having means disposed on and extending from their inner sides and cooperating with means disposed on and extending from the 85 outer side of said movable member so that said side members will be held in position thereby, and means for additionally holding said side members in position.

12. A collapsible sand core supporting 90 frame having side and end members, a vertically movable member located within the space formed between the side and end members and forming the bottom of said frame, a supporting frame for holding said side mem- 95 bers and said vertical members in position and for raising said movable member out of

position.

13. A collapsible sand core supporting frame having separate side and end members, 100 a vertically movable member located within the space formed between the side and end members and forming the bottom of said frame, each of said side and end members having means disposed on and extending 105 from their inner sides, and cooperating with means disposed on and extending from the outer side of said movable member, and a supporting means for additionally positioning said side and movable members and 110 for raising said movable member.

14. A sand core supporting frame having separate side and end members, a vertically movable member located within the space formed between the side and end members 115 and forming the bottom of said frame, each of said side and end members having means disposed on and extending from their innersides and cooperating with means disposed on and extending from the other side of said 120 movable member, so that said side members will be positioned thereby, a supporting frame for raising said movable member, means cooperating with said supporting frame for collapsing said side members.

15. A collapsible sand core supporting frame having separate side and end members, a vertically movable member located within the space formed between the side and end members and forming the bottom of said 130

frame, a supporting frame cooperating with said movable member for raising and lowering said member, said supporting frame co-operating with said side and end members for collapsing and positioning the said members.

16. A collapsible sand core supporting frame having separate side and end members, a vertically movable member located within the space formed between the side and end members and forming the bottom of said frame, a supporting means for raising said movable member and for collapsing said side and end members.

17. A collapsible sand core supporting frame having separate side and end members, a vertically movable member located within the space formed between the side and end members and forming a bottom of said frame, collapsing means disposed on the inner sides of each of said side and end members and cooperating with means for raising said movable member, so that said side and end members will be collapsed by said raising $_{25}$ means.

18. A collapsible sand core supporting frame having separate side and end members, a supporting means for said members having slots extending therethrough, rods pivoted 30 to said members and positioned to slide in said slots, removable keys formed to fit on said rods, for locking the side and end members in position, and for holding the upper end of each rod in its respective slot when 35 the supporting frame is raised.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name this 5th day of March,

1929.

HARRY E. SHELDON.