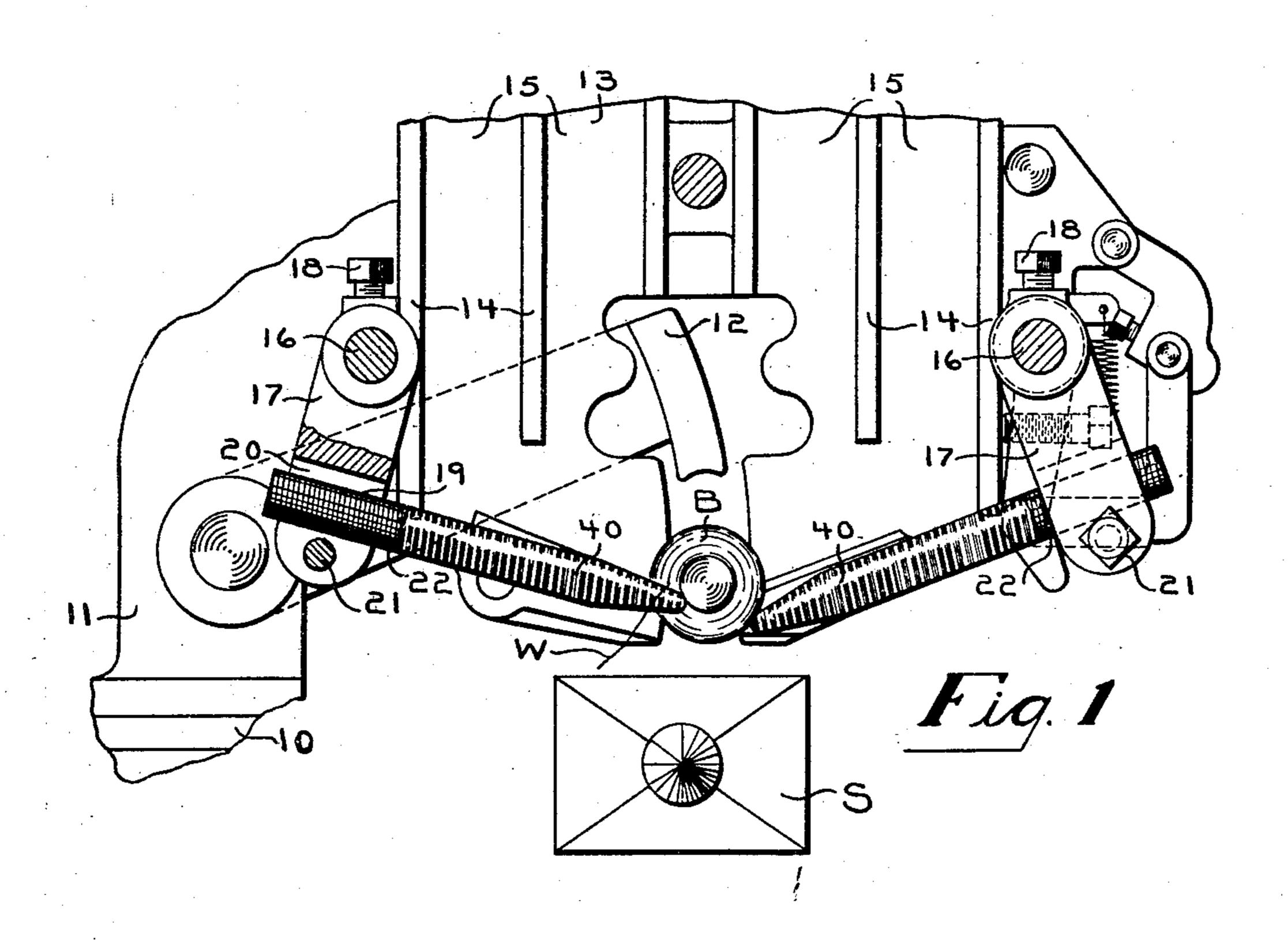
Oct. 7, 1930.

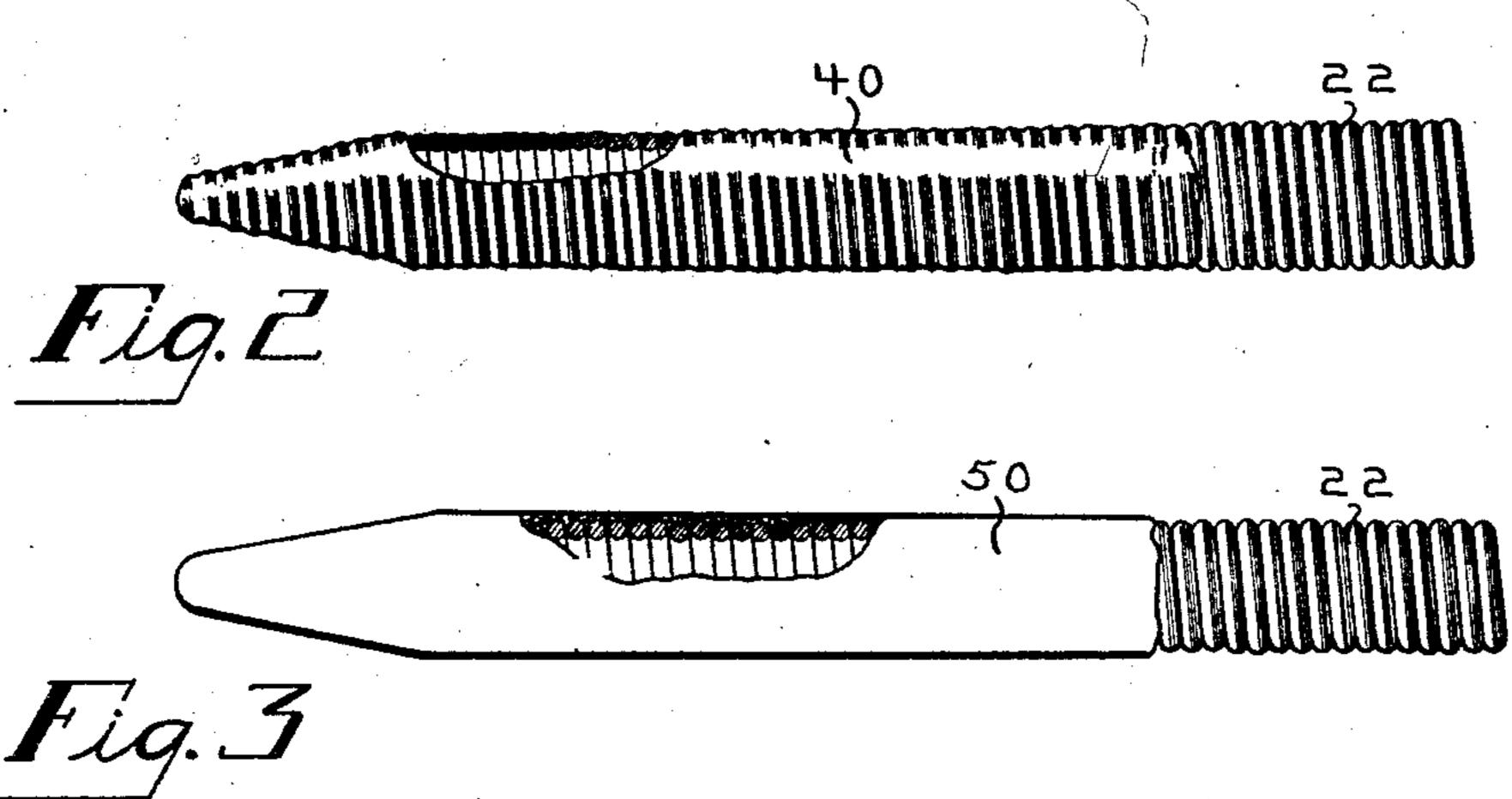
C. J. LINDEGREN

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BOBBIN SUPPORT FOR WEFT MAGAZINES

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INVENTOR

[ARL J. LINDE GREN

Southfak Fry Hawley

ATTORNEYS

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

CARL J. LINDEGREN, OF PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND, ASSIGNOR TO CROMPTON & KNOWLES LOOM WORKS, OF WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS, A CORPORATION OF MASSACHUSETTS

BOBBIN SUPPORT FOR WEFT MAGAZINES

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This invention relates to improvements in Fig. 2 is a side elevation of a bobbin supsupports for bobbins awaiting transfer in port made according to the preferred form west replenishing looms and it is the general of my invention and having certain coils object of the invention to provide a support thereof dipped in a coating compound such 5 formed of a wire coiled on itself and treated as lacquer, and so as to present a substantially smooth and Fig. 3 is a view similar to Fig. 2 but showuninterrupted surface to the passage of ing the modified form of the invention thread thereover as the bobbin moved to- wherein certain coils of the spring support

ward transfer position.

loom a plurality of stacks of bobbins are ar- shown a loomside 10 supporting a magazine ranged in parallel relation and so-called frame 11 having pivoted thereto a transfercradles are employed to release bobbins from rer arm 12. The magazine includes in its the stacks. The bobbins move down inclined construction an inside plate 13 having a plu-15 guides or supports to a common position from rality of flanges 14 which define compart- 65 which they are moved into the depleted shut- ments 15 down which the bobbins may move tle by means of a transferrer hammer, the toward transfer position. The rods 16 also supports yielding to permit discharge of enter into the construction of the magazine, the bobbin. When the supports are made of two of said rods being shown herein. 20 a closely wound coil spring it is found that the threads which extend from the bobbin to the thread holder are likely to be caught in the spaces between two successive coils of the spring and it is an important object of my 25 present invention to coat the coils with a 20. A bolt 21 extends through a split por- 75 compound which will substantially fill these spaces in this way permitting the thread from the bobbin to slide uninterruptedly over the nal position the previously referred to supsupport as the bobbin moves toward trans- port 22. The latter is formed preferably of 30 fer position.

coat a coil spring bobbin support with a rub- of substantially the same diameter, a portion ber compound and vulcanize the same to of which extends through the bore 19. The the coils of the spring, so that as the latter bolt 20 serves to clamp said coils in position 35 bends on its axis there will still be a continuous and smooth surface presented to the

thread.

will appear as the description proceeds, my the coils becoming progressively of lesser di-invention resides in the combination and ar- ameter. I find that the conical end is some- 20 rangement of parts hereinafter described and what stiffer than the larger end of the supset forth in the claims.

In the accompanying drawings wherein I have shown two convenient forms of my in-

45 vention,

Fig. 1 is a vertical section through the lower portion of a multicolor weft replenishing mechanism provided with bobbin supports forming the subject matter of my present invention,

are coated with vulcanized rubber.

In the usual multicolor weft replenishing Referring particularly to Fig. 1 I have 60

Secured to each tie rod is a holder 17 held 70 in adjusted angular and longitudinal position with respect to the tie rod by means of a set screw 18. The lower end of the holder may be provided with a bore 19 and split as at tion of the holder and affords means for clamping in adjusted angular and longitudia single piece of wire coiled on itself and 80 It is a further object of my invention to having a series of closely wound convolutions with respect to the holder 17.

That portion of the holder which supports the bobbin B in transfer position may be With these and other objects in view which conical in form, as set forth in the drawings, port with the result that any flexure incident to transfer is likely to deform the axis of the spring at points remote from the conical end.

> The matter thus far described forms no part of my present invention and in operation a bobbin B will be released from one or another of the compartments to fall on to the supports and move toward and finally arrive 100

the transferrer arm 12 will descend by mech-tween the coils to present a continuous surface anism not shown but well understood and expel the bobbin from the magazine and cause

the same to enter a depleted shuttle S.
As previously stated I find that as the bobbin moves down the supports the weft end W extending therefrom is likely to become entangled with the spring by being caught between two successive coils. In order to prevent this I treat the support so that the spaces between successive coils are substantially filled. According to the preferred form of my present invention I dip the coni-15 cal end or the whole of the spring support in some such a compound as enamel or lacquer. When this substance dries I find that all the objectionable spaces between the coils of the spring are filled and as a result there is pre-20 sented to the thread a continuous smooth surface shown at 40 in Fig. 2 which does not entangle the thread.

In the modified form of my invention I rubberize the conical end and certain of the 25 larger coils of the support and thereafter vulcanize the rubber so that the coils are coated with a surface of durable elastic substance which fills the spaces between the coils and presents a smooth continuous surface to the so thread, the rubberizing permitting flexure of the support without disruption of the surface along which the thread extends.

In Fig. 3 I have designated at 50 a zone of

the support which has been vulcanized. From the foregoing it will be seen that I have provided a very simple means for filling the spaces between successive coils of a spring bobbin support, the support being coated either with a composition such as lacquer or enamel or similar substance. In the modified form of the invention a portion of the spring is coated with vulcanized rubber which in addition to having the properties of the lacquer_in filling up objectionable spaces also preserves continuity of surface while the support is bending. With the vulcanized rubber coating the latter-will have internal ridges which closely fit the spaces between the coils to prevent slipping of the coating off the

support. Having thus described my invention it will be seen that changes and modifications may be made therein by those skilled in the art. without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention and I do not wish to be limited to the details herein disclosed, but what I claim is:

1. A bobbin support formed of a wire wound to present a series of closely adjacent coils and having a coating of material to substantially fill the spaces between the coils to present a continuous surface to a thread.

2. A bobbin support formed of a wire wound to present a series of closely adjacent coils and having a coating of lacquer-like

at the position shown in Fig. 1. Thereafter material substantially filling the spaces beto a thread.

3. A bobbin support formed of a wire wound to present a series of closely adjacent 70 coils which are coated with lacquer to present a continuous surface to a thread.

4. A bobbin support formed of a wire wound to present a series of closely adjacent coils which are coated with a material to fill 75 the spaces between the coils to present a continuous surface to a thread.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto affixed my signature.

CARL J. LINDEGREN.

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