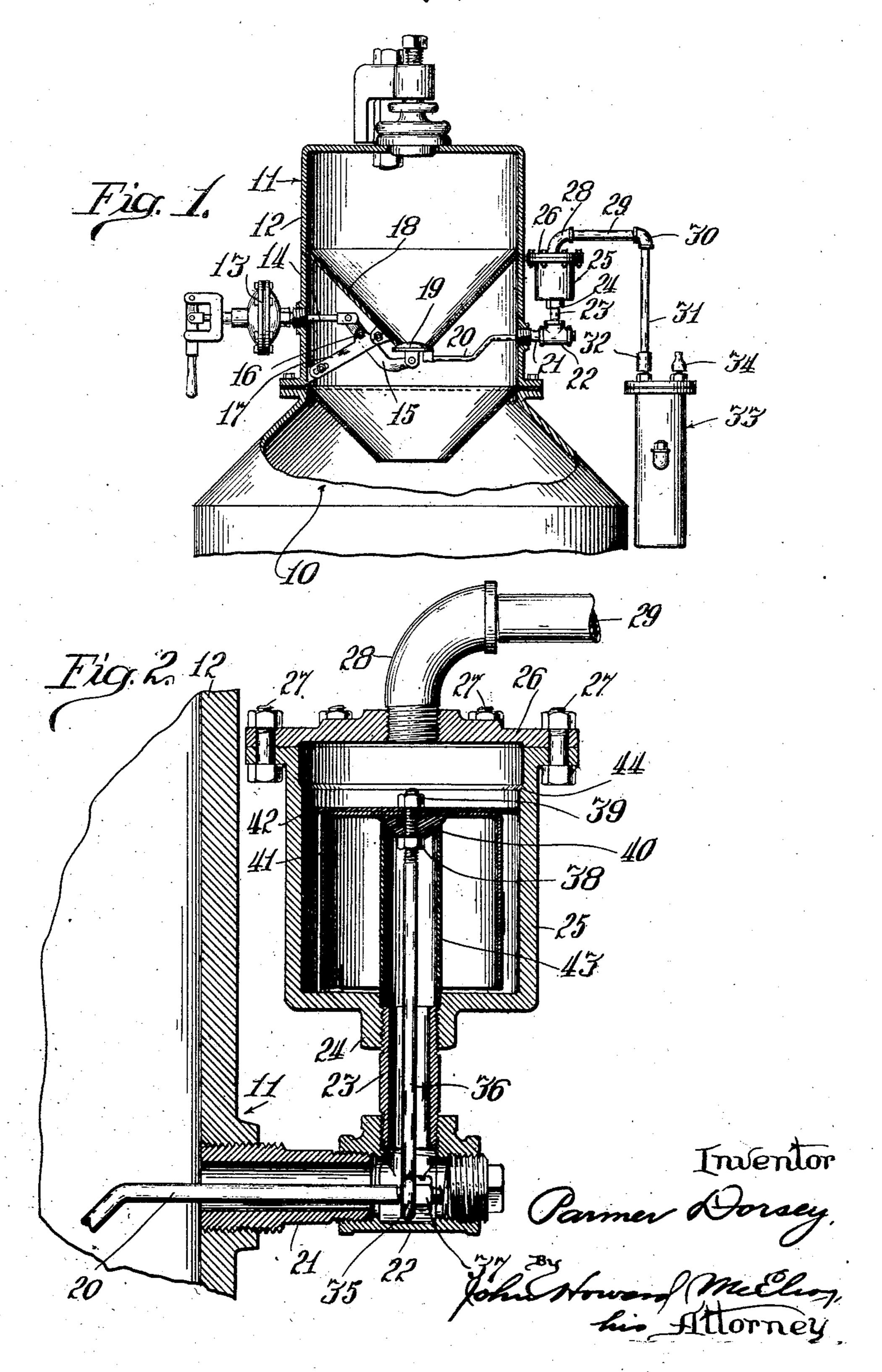
FEEDING APPARATUS FOR CHEMICALS

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

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FEEDING APPARATUS FOR CHEMICALS

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and useful improvements in feeding appara-fulcrumed at 16 in a suitable bearing piece tus for chemicals, which I have shown as sub- 17 connecting the lower conical wall 18 of stituted for a fundamentally different appa- the carbide chamber with the lower end of Fratus having the same function in my appli- the cylindrical casing 12. The lever 15 has 55 cation No. 525,566, filed December 29, 1921, pivoted on its lower end a mushroom valve for an acetylene generator, in which the feed 19 which co-operates with the circular outlet of the carbide is effected at necessary inter- for the carbide forming the lower end of the vals to maintain the desired pressure, by the cylindrical bottom portion 18, and this valve 10 gradual rise and sudden fall of a small gas 19 stands at a distance from the outlet open- 60 bell through which all the gas being drawn ing which varies with the pressure of the from the generator must pass, the sudden fall gas in the generating chamber 10, and it will being effected by the sudden escape from the be understood that the lower the pressure of bell of the gas under pressure contained there- the gas, the wider the space between the valve 15 in when the bell has been raised by the gas 19 and the opening, so that the carbide will 65 pressure high enough to lift its open bottom escape in greater quantities each time the from the sealing liquid necessarily employed valve 19 is vibrated so as to thereby increase and in which it is ordinarily immersed.

20 retaining an element rising and falling as be- the valve 19 stands closer to the outlet so that 70 fore, I simplify its construction and improve less carbide can escape each time the valve 19 its durability in operation by dispensing with is vibrated. The valve 19 has secured to its the sealing liquid and employing other and under side a rod 20 which extends through different means for permitting the sudden the short pipe 21 let into the side of the cyl-25 escape of the gas from beneath the piston, inder 12 and connected to the T 22, which 75 to which a bell may be attached, as will be has the short pipe 23 secured in its upper

a sheet of drawings, in which the same ref- end of the chamber 25, the upper end of which 30 erence characters are used to designate iden- is closed by the head 26 secured thereto by 80 tical parts in both the figures, of which,— the bolts and nuts 27. An outlet elbow 28

the upper portion of an acetylene generator connected by the pipe 29, elbow 30 and pipe to which my invention has been applied; and 31 and connection 32 with the top of the gas

the receptacle containing the piston, but on through water in the customary manner, and a much larger scale.

tomary type containing water, into which the ratus is employed in connection with the gen-40 carbide is dropped from the carbide holder erator. drical top 12 of the casing. Secured in one tical with that shown in my application No. side of the casing beneath the carbide cham- 124,878, filed July 26, 1926, to which refera diaphragm opposed by a spring and acted tails of construction. on by the pressure of the gas in the generating The outer end of the rod 20 passes through

My invention is concerned with certain new 14 is pivoted at its outer end to the lever 15 the amount of gas generated and thus raise In my improved construction, while still the pressure. When the pressure is high, hereinafter fully described and claimed. portion. The upper end of the pipe 23 is To illustrate my invention, I annex hereto screwed into the boss 24 formed on the lower Fig. 1 is a central vertical section through is screwed into the top of the head, and is Fig. 2 is a central vertical section through washing chamber 33, in which the gas passes 85 is led therefrom by the outlet pipe 34 to the 10 is the generating chamber of the cus- cutting or welding tool, or whatever appa-

11 occupying the upper portion of the cylin- The apparatus thus far described is idenber 11 is a pressure regulator 13 containing ence is made for fuller disclosure of the de-

chamber so that the position of the rod 14 the eye 35, constituting the lower end of the projecting therefrom and secured at its outer vertical rod 36 extending up through the end to the diaphragm is controlled by the pipe 23 and into the chamber 25. A nut 37 pressure of the gas in the tank 10. This rod on the end of the rod 20 holds the vertical rod 13

preferably has secured thereon between the purposes, it will be understood that it is canuts 38 and 39 a conical valve 40, a bell 41 pable of modifications, and that I do not deand a piston 42, the bell and piston being sire to be limited in the interpretation of the preferably formed of aluminum so as to be light and readily moved by the pressure of the gas which rises through the pipe 23 and preferably passes through a pipe 43 secured concentrically with the pipe 23 in the bottom of the chamber 25 and extending up for cember 29, 1921, I do not herein claim any- 75 about two-thirds of the depth of the chamber, where the upper end preferably forms a seat for the valve 40. Assuming that the parts are in the position shown in Fig. 2 of the 15 drawings, in which the valve has just been closed by the sudden descent of the piston 42 and the bell 41, the pressure of the gas rising through the pipe 23 and tube 43 will lift the valve 40 from its seat and will fill the bell 41 20 and escape from underneath the bottom and engage the underside of the piston 42, which bell therein through the open bottom of which fits somewhat snugly in the lower portion of the entering gas rises, and an imperforate the cylindrical chamber 25, so that the pres- piston at the top of the bell of the shape of sure of the gas tends to raise the piston $4\overline{2}$ and the horizontal cross section of the recep-25 thereby the bell 41 somewhat slowly, as there tacle and extending substantially to the wall 90 is a little leakage of the gas around the edge thereof with which it co-operates to prevent of the piston 42. The bell 41 and the attached the rapid passage of the gas from the inlet piston thus move upward somewhat slowly, opening to the outlet opening, the receptacle lifting the rod 36 and tilting the rod 20. having an enlargement in its internal dimen-Near the upper end of the casing 25, its in- sions toward the upper end thereof so that 95 ternal diameter is suddenly increased by the when the piston reaches the enlargement the offset 44 formed therein, and the instant that the piston 42 passes the offset, the gas accumulated under pressure beneath it is free to 85 escape suddenly, and as it does, it allows the piston, bell, valve 40 and rod 36 to fall suddenly, and this movement transmitted to the rod 20 serves to swing the valve 19 sufficient- opening in its top and a vertical wall, of a ly so that the particles of carbide caught be- bell therein through the open bottom of which tween the valve 19 and the edges of the out- the entering gas rises, and an imperforate 10 let are free to drop off and down into the wa- circular piston at the top of the bell extending ter in the chamber 10. This operation will, substantially to the wall of the receptacle with of course, be repeated automatically at a rate which it co-operates to prevent the rapid pasthat will depend upon the amount of gas that sage of gas from the inlet opening to the outis being drawn off from the washing chamber let opening, the receptacle suddenly increas- 11 33, and the entire apparatus constitutes a ing in its internal diameter near the upper very effective means for controlling the pres- portion thereof so that when the piston sure of the generated carbide and keeping it reaches the increased diameter the gas besubstantially uniform. While I have shown as a preferred form of bell to fall quickly.

finements shown, including the tube 43, the combination with a closed receptacle having mode of operation, which resides in the slow tube extending upwardly from the inlet open- 12 60 neath the piston is suddenly released to such tion of the receptacle and extending substan- 11

erations is repeated.

36 in place. The upper end of the rod 36 present consider best adapted to carry out its following claims except as may be necessitated by the state of the prior art.

While I have herein shown and described some features of the structure embodied in my generic application No. 525,566, filed Dething that can be claimed in the aforesaid application, No. 525,566, but reserve all common subject matter for said aforesaid generic application.

What I claim as new, and desire to secure 80 by Letters Patent of the United States, is:

1. In a device of the class described, the combination with a closed receptacle having an inlet opening in its bottom and an outlet opening in its top and a vertical wall, of a 85 gas under pressure beneath it can escape suddenly and permit the bell to fall quickly.

2. In a device of the class described, the combination with a closed receptacle circular 10 in its horizontal internal cross section having an inlet opening in its bottom and an outlet neath can escape suddenly and permit the

my invention a structure employing the re- 3. In a device of the class described, the valve 40 and the bell 41, it will be understood an inlet opening in its bottom and an outlet that they are not essential to the fundamental opening in its top and a vertical wall, of a upward movement of the piston 42, due to ing toward the top of the receptacle, a bell the gradual escaping of the gas about its therein which the gas enters through the tube, edges, until it reaches the offset 44, where it and an imperforate piston at the top of the can escape so rapidly that the pressure be- bell of the shape of the horizontal cross secan extent that it can fall back to its lower- tially to the wall thereof with which it comost position, after which the cycle of op- operates to prevent the rapid passage of gas from the inlet opening to the outlet opening. While I have shown and described my in- the receptacle having an enlargement in its es vention as embodied in the form which I at internal dimensions toward the upper end u

thereof so that when the piston reaches the enlargement the gas beneath it can escape suddenly and permit the bell to fall quickly.

4. In a device of the class described, the combination with a closed receptacle having an inlet opening in its bottom and an outlet opening in its top and a vertical wall, of a tube secured in the inlet opening and extending upwardly therefrom, a bell therein which the rising gas enters through the tube, an imperforate piston at the top of the bell of the shape of the horizontal cross section of the receptacle and extending substantially to the wall thereof with which it cooperates to prevent the rapid passage of gas from the inlet opening to the outlet opening, said receptacle having an enlargement in its internal dimensions so that when the piston reaches the enlargement the gas beneath can escape sudden-20 ly and permit the bell to fall quickly.

5. In a device of the class described, the combination with a closed receptacle having an inlet opening in its bottom and an outlet opening in its top and a vertical wall, of an imperforate piston therein of the shape of the horizontal cross section of the receptacle and extending substantially to the wall thereof with which it co-operates to prevent the rapid passage of the gas from the inlet opening to the outlet opening, said receptacle having an enlargement in its internal dimensions so that when the piston reaches the enlargement the gas beneath can escape sudden-

ly and permit it to fall quickly.

ombination with a closed receptacle having an inlet opening in its bottom and an outlet opening in its top and a vertical wall, of an imperforate piston therein of the shape of the horizontal cross section of the receptacle and extending substantially to the wall thereof with which it co-operates to permit the gradual ascent of the piston under the pressure of the ascending gas, said receptacle and piston being designed so that the gas passes suddenly upward past the piston when it has reached a certain height so that the piston can fall rapidly.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my band this 14th day of April, 1927.

PARMER DORSEY.