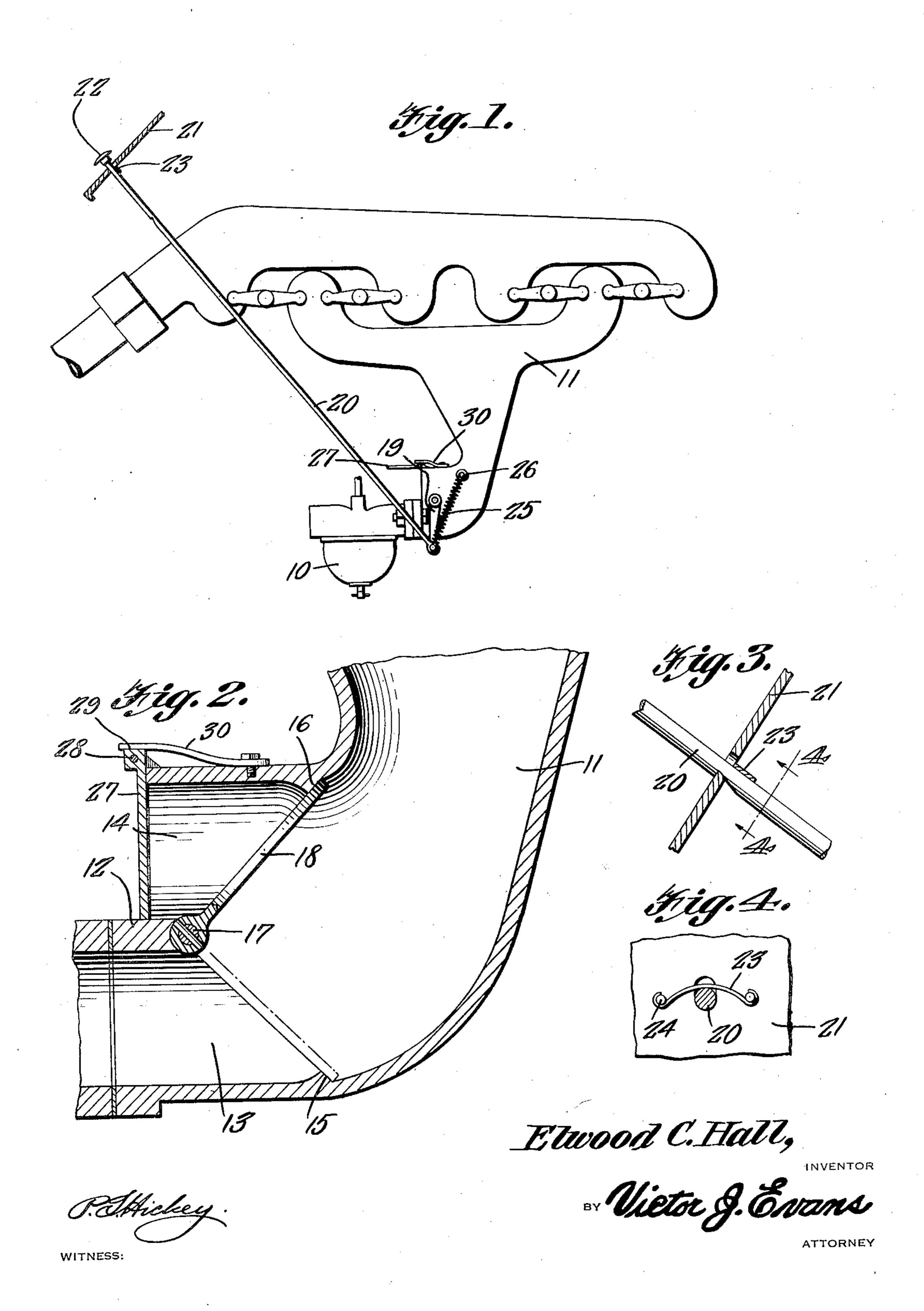
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CONTROLLING DEVICE FOR INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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DEVICE FOR INTERNAL-COMBUSTION

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fuel controlling means for internal combus-sage 13 and a valve seat 16 is provided at the tion engines, an object being to provide means inner end of the passage 14. for cutting off the supply of fuel mixture 5 from the carbureter to the fuel intake mani- inner end of the partition 12 is a valve 18 and 10 in braking action of the engine, the present yound the manifold and has rigidly secured Serial No. 252,580.

15 vide means as above stated in which a single bile as indicated at 21 and may be provided valve is employed for cutting off the passage with a knob or handle 22. The rod 20 is held of fuel to the engine and for admitting air to in adjusted position by means of a spring 23 the cylinders, so as to provide a minimum whose opposite ends are secured to the board 70 number of working parts and insure positive 21 as shown at 24. The spring 23 thus bears 20 and effective operation.

the invention further includes the following novel features and details of construction, to be hereinafter more fully described, illustrat-25 ed in the accompanying drawing and pointed out in the appended claim.

In the drawing:—

Figure 1 is a fragmentary elevation illus-

trating the invention.

Figure 2 is an enlarged fragmentary sectional view showing the valve for controlling the air and fuel passages.

Figure 3 is an enlarged fragmentary section showing the manner of holding the valve 35 in adjusted position.

Figure 4 is a section on the line 4-4 of

Figure 3.

Referring to the drawing in detail wherein like characters of reference denote corre-40 sponding parts, the reference character 10 indicates the carbureter of an internal combusindicated at 11. The inlet end of the manifold 11 is connected to the outlet of the car-45 bureter so that the fuel mixture from the carbureter will enter and pass through the manifold into the engine cylinders in the ordinary manner.

The inlet end of the manifold 11 is of novel 50 construction, being provided with a partition 12 which divides the inlet end into a fuel passage 13 and an air inlet passage 14. A valve

This invention relates to improvements in seat 15 is provided at the inner end of the pas-

Pivotally mounted upon a stem 17 at the fold, and for admitting a supply of air, so this valve is arranged to be seated either that the latter may be utilized to provide a upon the seat 15 as shown by dotted lines in braking effect within the engine cylinders, Figure 2, or upon the seat 16 as shown in full 60 with a resultant saving of fuel and increase lines in said figure. The stem 17 extends beapplication being a companion case to an ap- thereto an arm 19, while secured to this arm plication filed by me of even date and bearing is one end of an operating rod 20. The opposite end of this arm extends through the in- 65 Another object of the invention is to pro-strument board or dash board of an automoupon the rod 20 and provides frictional en-With the above and other objects in view, gagement to hold the rod against accidental movement.

> The valve 18 is normally in position to 75 close the passage 14 and open the passage 13 and to assist in holding the valve in one position there is provided a spring 25. One end of this spring is secured to the arm 19 while the opposite end is secured to a pin 26 extend- 80 ing from the intake manifold.

Normally, the valve 18 is arranged as shown in the full line position of Figure 2 so that fuel from the carbureter may pass through the passage 13 and through the intake mani- 85 fold 11 to the cylinders of the engine in the usual manner, the amount of fuel being controlled by the ordinary throttle valve. When descending a grade, the rod 20 may be operated to move the valve to the position shown 90 by the dotted lines in Figure 2, so that the supply of fuel to the engine will be cut off and a supply of air will be drawn into the engine tion engine, the intake manifold of which is cylinders. This air will be compressed within the cylinders, so that in addition to saving 95 fuel, the braking effect of the engine will be materially increased by the compression within the cylinders.

> In order to relieve the chilling effect when the valve 18 is used in very cold weather to cut 100 off the fuel supply, an additional valve 27 is provided. This valve is pivotally mounted as shown at 20 at the outer end of the cold air passage 14 and is provided with a squared

edge 29 which is engaged by a flat spring 30. The valve may thus be held either in open or closed position. In extremely cold weather this valve 27 may be closed so that the cold claimed is:— 5 air passage 14 will be closed when the valve 18 is used to cut off the fuel supply. A vacuum effect is thus produced in the engine cylinders which has approximately the same braking effect on the engine as does compres-10 sion within the cylinders. By opening the sary, while tendency of the pistons to suck oil fuel inlet, means to operate the valve, and an will also be relieved.

The invention is susceptible of various pendent of the first mentioned valve. 15 changes in its form, proportions and minor details of construction and the right is herein

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reserved to make such changes as properly fall within the scope of the appended claim.

Having described the invention what is

In combination with the carbureter and intake manifold of an internal combustion engine, said manifold having an air inlet port adjacent its fuel inlet end, a single valve positioned to control both the fuel inlet and the 25 air inlet port, means to position the valve to valve 27, the engine may be cooled when neces normally close the air inlet port and open the auxiliary valve to control the air inlet inde-

> In testimony whereof I affix my signature. ELWOOD C. HALL.