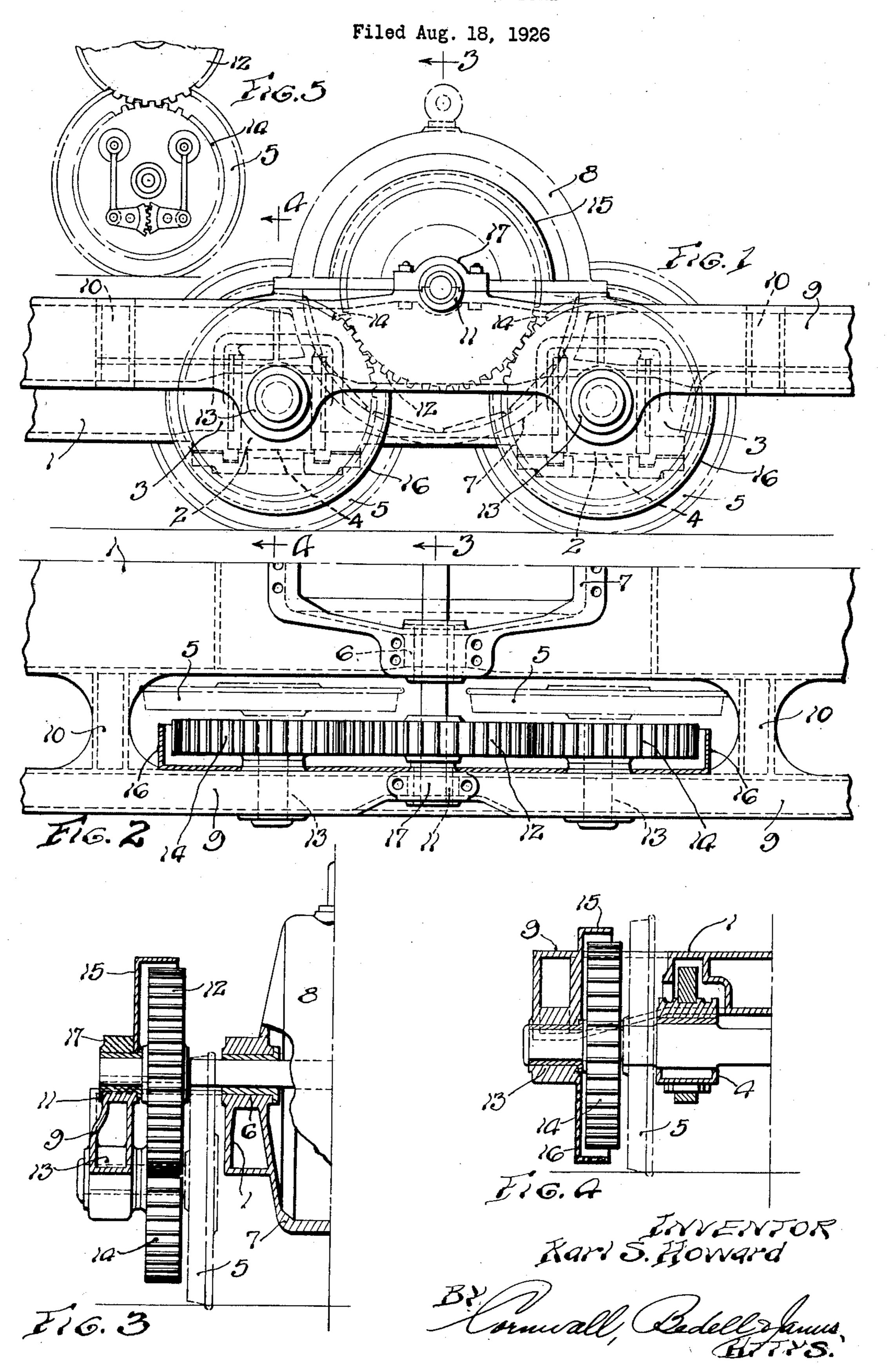
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LOCOMOTIVE STRUCTURE



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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LOCOMOTIVE STRUCTURE.

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stock and consists of an improved electric sills 1 are modified and enlarged to form the locomotive structure.

One object of my invention is to provide 5 a motor drive for a plurality of driving of the wheels independently of its connection to the other of the wheels. This arrangement

10 es created by the driving mechanism.

15 and also makes it possible to design a bed trated in Figure 5. Member 9 also includes 70 placed over the portion of the bed having deepest section rather than over the portions 20 of the bed which form the pedestal recesses and are reduced in depth accordingly.

form the bed in a one piece casting which in- the detachable portion 17 of the bearing 11 cludes two or more of the following elements, for the driving pinion 12. 25 to wit, the pedestals, bearings for the driving gears, bearings for the motor shaft and guards for the driving gears and driving

pinion.

In some respects the present invention is a 30 modification and development of the invention described in my copending application, making possible the more efficient distribu-Serial No. 129,932 filed of even date herewith. tion of metal and making possible the use

trate a selected embodiment of my inven-

35 tion—

Figure 1 is a side elevation of a portion of the bed of an electric locomotive illustrating two of the driving wheels and the driving mechanism assembled therewith.

Figure 2 is a one-half top view of the struc-

ture illustrated in Figure 1.

Figures 3 and 4 are transverse vertical sections taken on lines 3-3 and 4-4, respectively, of Figure 1.

Figure 5 illustrates a detail referred to

later.

The locomotive bed includes two or more main sills 1 extending longitudinally of the locomotive and having recesses 2 at intervals, the sides of which form pedestal jaws 3 between which are slidably received the journal boxes 4 for the driving wheels 5 which are located outside of the sills 1.

Between the pedestal elements 3 at least one of the sills 1 forms an integral bearing 6 for

My invention relates to railway rolling the motor shaft and the adjacent portions of lower portion 7 of the frame for the motor 8.

A supplemental side member 9 is parallel with and spaced from one of the sills 1 and is 60 wheels in which the motor is connected to each integrally united therewith at intervals by transverse members 10. This member 9 forms a bearing 11 for the journal of the is desired for the purpose of equalizing stress- driving pinion 12 and also forms bearings 13 for the journals of the driving gears 14 65 Another object of my invention is to mount which are flexibly connected to the driving the motor between two driving wheels which wheels 5 by a mechanism which permits relaresult in the more equal distribution of the tive vertical movement between the wheels weight of the motor to the two driving wheels and the gears. Such a connection is illuswhich is better adapted for supporting the integral projections 15 and 16 which form a weight of the motor as the motor may be guard element for the pinion 12 and gears 14.

I have illustrated the bearings 13 as being completely formed integral with the bed casting but it will be understood that, if de- 75 sirable, the lower portions of these bearings Additional objects of my invention are to might be made detachable corresponding to

With the construction described, the bear- 80 ings for the motor and driving pinion and gears and the pedestals for the driving wheels are all formed integrally thereby eliminating the expense of material and labor for assembling the various parts illustrated and also 85 In the accompanying drawings which illus- of a lighter structure without sacrificing strength. The weight of the motor is distributed equally, or in any other desired pro- 90 portion, to two driving axles instead of being concentrated on one of such axles as is the case where the motor is located above one of the driving axles.

The driving connection from the motor to 95 two driving gears eliminates the necessity of an idler between the gears or the use of a

connecting rod between the wheels. Obviously the details of my invention such as those referred to above and others of like 100 nature, may be made without departing from the spirit of my invention. For example, I have described the gear and pinion mounting located on one side of the bed and these features may be duplicated on the opposite 105 side of the bed if desired or the locomotive driving mechanism may be wholly mounted on one side thus avoiding matching of gears and duplication of other parts. I contemplate the exclusive use of these and all other 110

modifications of my invention as are included in the scope of my claims.

I claim:

1. In an electric locomotive, a plurality of 5 driving wheels, individual driving gears for said wheels, flexible elements operatively tric locomotive bed with pedestals for driving connecting said gears with their respective wheels, a common driving pinion for both of and a motor shaft all formed integrally, said said gears, and a single member forming pinion and motor shaft bearings being lo-10 bearings for said gears and pinion.

2. In an electric locomotive, a bed provided with journal boxes slidable in said pedestals, individual driving gears for said wheels

15 journaled in bearings formed integrally on said bed, a common driving pinion for said tween said gear guards. gears journaled on said bed, and flexible connections between said gears and wheels.

3. In a one-piece cast bed for an electric 20 locomotive, a main longitudinal sill, pedestals provided at intervals on said sill, and a motor bearing formed on said sill equidistant

from said pedestals.

4. In a bed for an electric locomotive, a 25 main longitudinal sill, pedestals provided at intervals on said sill, a supplemental member 9. In an electric locomotive bed, a longitumember equidistant from said pedestals, and formed integrally with said sill and located 30 driving gear bearings in said member oppo- equidistant from said pedestals. site said pedestals.

5. A single piece casting forming an electing signature this 13th day of August, 1926. tric locomotive bed with pedestals for driv-

ing wheels and bearings for driving gears and pinion all formed integrally, said pinion 35 bearing being located equidistant from said pedestals.

6. A single piece casting forming an elecwheels and bearings for driving gears, pinion, 40 cated equidistant from said pedestals.

7. A casting forming an electric locomotive with pedestals, a plurality of driving wheels bed adapted to mount driving gears and a 45 driving pinion, said casting having integral guards for enclosing said driving gears and pinion, said pinion guard being located be-

8. In a one piece casting forming a loco. 50 motive bed, pedestals, driving gear bearings opposite said pedestals, a motor shaft bearing between said pedestals, a driving pinion bearing opposite said motor shaft bearing, and projecting portions partially surround. 55 ing said bearings and with the body of said bed forming a guard for enclosing said gears and pinion.

spaced outward from said sill and parallel- dinal sill recessed at intervals to form pedes- 60 ing the same, a driving pinion bearing in said tals for the driving boxes, and a motor frame

In testimony whereof I hereunto affix my KARL S. HOWARD.