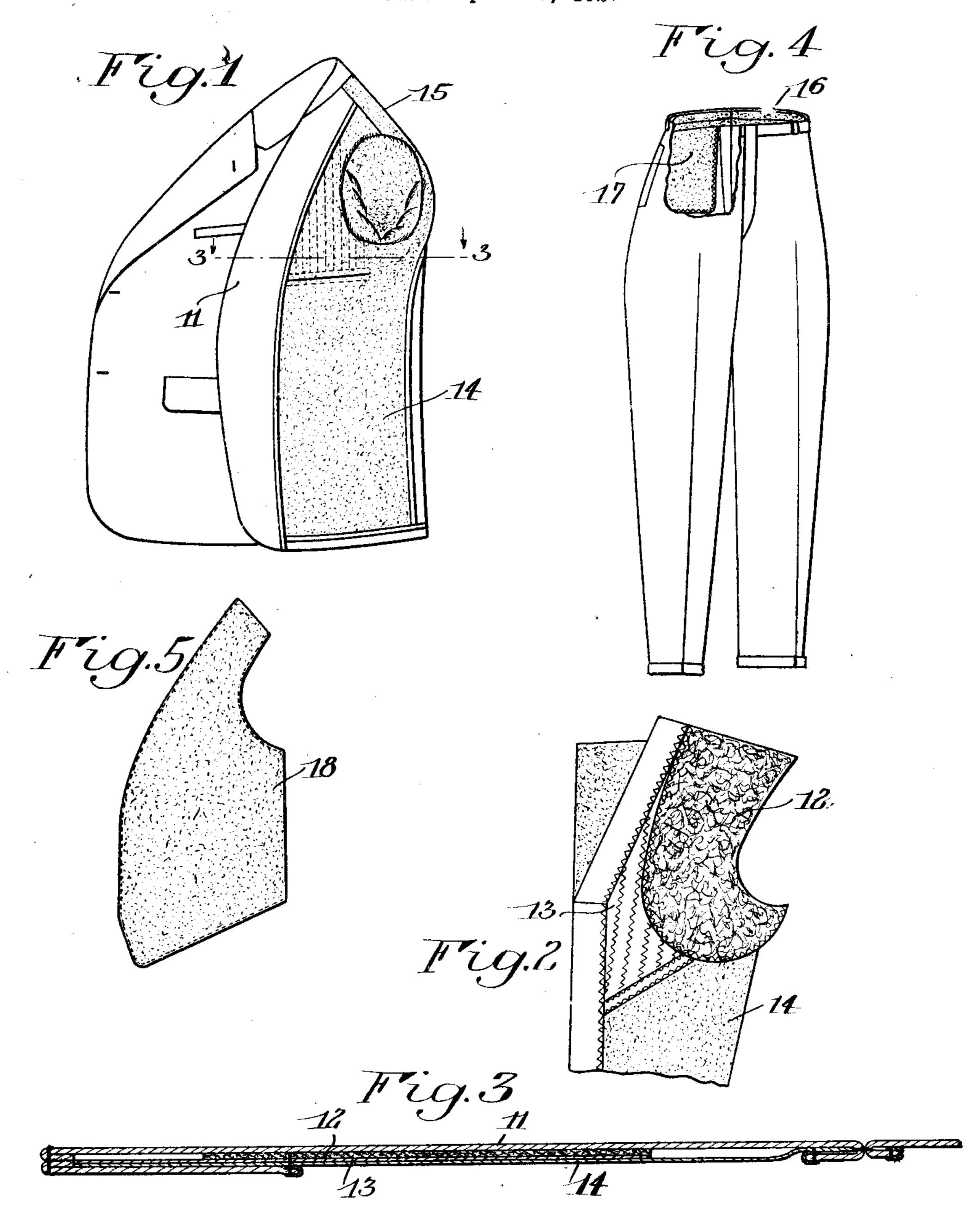
N. ZUCK

GARMENT CONSTRUCTION

Filed April 23, 1927



Harold Extonebra Ren hisattorney

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

NICHOLAS ZUCK, OF ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.

GARMENT CONSTRUCTION.

Application filed April 23, 1927. Serial No. 186,065.

This invention relates to an improved con- the place of both the lining and the canvas tofore known.

making one part perform the function of 10 two or more parts in the prior constructions.

A further object is to simplify the con-

and trousers.

fabric.

25 invention comprises the structure and com- fabric, the hair-cloth and the padding being 30 pointed out in the claims following the ing the padding next to the coat fabric and description.

In the drawings:

vention;

Figure 2 is an elevation of a coat-front In place of canvas or like material, I use the side which is placed next to the fabric resiliency and relative stiffness as compared of the coat;

coat-front, taken approximately on the line erably a material having a neat and attrac-3—3 of Figure 1;

trousers, with parts broken away to show animal hair such as goat's hair, or may be 100 the interior construction, and

vest, looking at the inside thereof. coat linings are ordinarily made.

As is well known in the art, coats some- Since the fabric 14 completely covers the times consist merely of the coat fabric and padding 12 and the hair-cloth 13, and since 105 a lining, but more often a so-called coat- it is of neat and finished appearance, it front is employed between the coat fabric serves as the lining of the coat, obviating and the lining, which coat-front usually the necessity of the usual lining fabric contains a layer of some material such as which covers the coat-front. Thus the canvas.

providing a single layer of fabric to take and this enables the elimination and saving

struction for garments, and has for its unit, the cost of such single piece of fabric principal object to provide a better garment, being much less than the combined cost of which will hold its shape longer and re- the lining and canvas heretofore employed. 60 5 quires less pressing than the garments here- This single layer of fabric is of stiffening material, preferably containing animal hair, Another object of the invention is to re- which will not only prevent the lining from duce the number of parts of a garment, by wrinkling, but will also aid greatly in keeping the coat fabric in a smooth condition. 65

This result may be achieved in a number of ways. As one possible embodiment of my invention, I have illustrated in Figures struction of garments, thus enabling them 1, 2 and 3 a coat comprising an outer coat to be made easier and more economically. fabric or body portion 11. On the inner 70 Still another object is to improve the ap-side of this coat fabric is placed a coat-front, pearance of garments, and also to effect which may be built up of a number of further economies by using the same ma- pieces, usually attached to each other before terial as a lining throughout the coat, vest they are placed in the coat as a unit. The coat-front may consist of a pad 12 of felt 75 An additional object is to prevent wrin- or similar material, a layer of hair-cloth 13, kling of garments by constructing the lin- and a fabric 14, united by stitching or any ings, pockets, and other parts of a stiffening other suitable means. Heretofore this fabric 14 has consisted of a piece of canvas, With these and other ends in view, the which has been placed next to the coat so bination of parts which will appear more on the opposite side of the canvas from the clearly from the following description coat fabric, these parts being concealed when read in conjunction with the accom- by the heretofore conventional lining. I panying drawings, the novel features being reverse the position of these materials, plac- 85 the fabric 14 farthest away from the coat fabric, as shown in cross section in Figure 3. Figure 1 is an elevation of a coat, illus- Thus the padding 12 and the hair-cloth 13 trating one possible embodiment of my in- will be completely hidden from view by the 30 layer of fabric 14.

before it is attached to a coat, looking at for the fabric 14 some material possessing with canvas and conventional lining ma- 95 Figure 3 is a section through a coat and terials heretofore used in coats, and preftive appearance. This fabric may be all Figure 4 is an elevation of a pair of or part wool or mohair, or may contain of any other form having a degree of stiff-Figure 5 is an elevation of a part of a ness greater than of the material from which

fabric 14 performs a double function, serv- 110 One aspect of my invention consists in ing as a lining and also as a stiffening means

of cost of one of the layers of fabric ordi-garment when the linings happen to be exnarily used heretofore. posed to view, as in a store.

5 15 across the back of the coat, and I construct shrunk and must be cut and sewed so as to 60 of the pockets to wrinkle or pucker up, and stiffening fabric is put through a shrinking 10 quently wear longer.

15 of the trousers. This aids greatly in keep-garment in shape and prevent wrinkling of 70 ing the trousers in proper shape, preventing any part thereof.

the crotch, and on the fly.

20 same stiffening fabric, which is preferably material which can curl up during the pro- 75 used also for the vest pockets. Heretofore cess of dry cleaning. In the coat-fronts it has been customary for the vest lining heretofore employed, the conventional layer edge of the lining being secured to a facing quently becomes curled or twisted, especially so 30 shown in Figure 5, and securing the edge of which can curl up or otherwise cause trouble 85 this stiffening material directly to the edge when the coat is being pressed.

material for linings, pockets, stays, etc. shown, but this application is intended to throughout the coat, vest, and trousers of a cover all modifications thereof falling within suit, and that this material, being in the na- the spirit of the invention or the scope of the ture of a stiffening fabric, aids greatly in appended claim. preventing wrinkling of the garments. I claim: Heretofore, coat linings, vest linings, In a coat or similar garment, a coat front trousers linings, and pockets, have all been comprising a felt portion, one side of which of different kinds of material. This has is positioned adjacent to the garment fabric, made it necessary for clothing manufac- a piece of haircloth positioned adjacent to 100 turers to carry several kinds of cloth on the other side of the felt portion, and a single hand, in addition to the fabrics out of which layer of stiffening material adjacent to said the garments are made. My invention elim- haircloth, said single layer of stiffening inates these varieties of cloth, substituting material being so constructed as to funca single kind of fabric for all of them, and tion both as a stiffener and also as a lining 105 thus greatly reducing the supplies which a for the coat. manufacturer must keep on hand and also In witness whereof, I have hereunto reducing the amount of waste material. signed my name. Having all the linings of the same material also adds to the attractive appearance of the

Preferably the same kind of stiffening In prior garment structures, linings being fabric which I employ at 14 is used also at made of various cotton fabrics, are not the pockets and sleeve linings from the same allow for their shrinking in the finished material. This greatly reduces the tendency garment, whereas with my invention the thus the coat is kept smoother and will conse-process before using it in the manufacture of garments. The garment fabric being 65 The same stiffening fabric is preferably usually pre-shrunk, my invention will preused for the waist-band 16 of the trousers, vent shrinkage of the linings, pockets, or of for the trousers pockets 17, for the fly lin- any portion of the garment after its manuing, crotch pieces and all other inside parts facture and thus tend to retain the entire

wrinkling, especially around the waist, in It should be noted that my construction has an advantage over the constructions The lining 18 of the vest may be of the heretofore used, in that there is no layer of not to extend to the edge of the vest but to of canvas, between the lining and the body terminate some distance short thereof, the of the coat, is loose along one edge, and frewhich, in turn, is secured to the edge of the when the garment is dry-cleaned. This vest. The present structure eliminates this causes considerable trouble in pressing the facing, making the stiffening material ex-garment. In my construction, no loose layer tend entirely to the edge of the vest, as of material is present, and there is no fabric

of the vest fabric. Thus the stiffening mate- While I have disclosed one embodiment rial will aid in preventing wrinkling of the of my invention, it is to be understood that extreme edges or front portion of the vest the inventive idea may be carried out in a as well as of the central portion. number of ways. Therefore, I do not de- 90 It will now be seen that I employ the same sire to be limited to the precise details

NICHOLAS ZUCK.