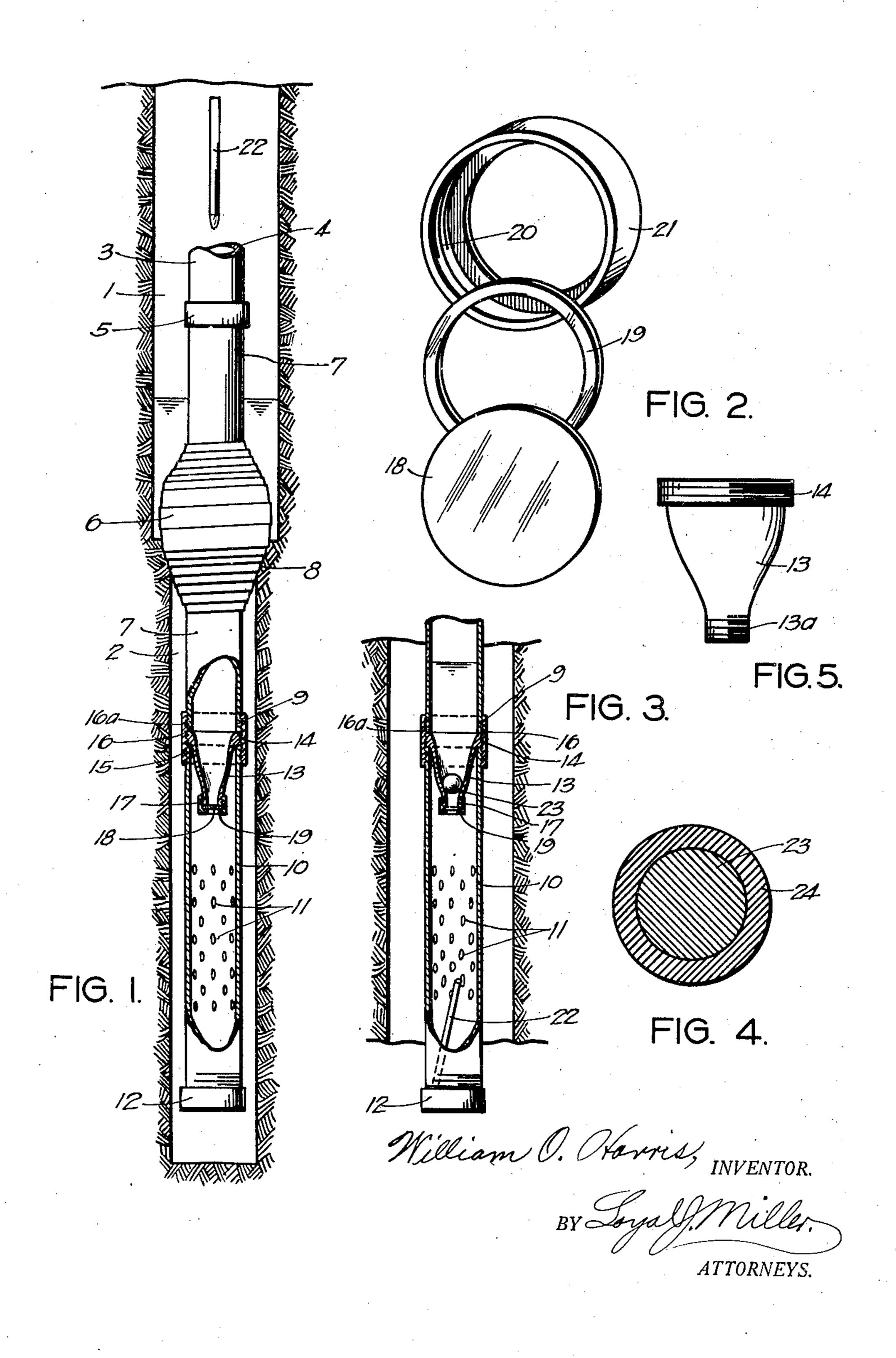
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OIL AND GAS WELL SAND TESTER
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OIL AND GAS WELL SAND TESTER.

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My invention relates to improvement in that a new well must be begun and practically

oil and gas well sand tester.

5 new, novel, simple, cheap, strong, durable, to be reached from the beginning. All of 10 such test prevent the caving in of the hole, or invention will have been thoroughly tested. well, and the possible consequent loss of the With these and other objects in view, my 15 cheap in operation; will save the necessity of in the accompanying one-sheet drawing, my device is intended.

20 At the present time in the drilling of a of the claims, may be resorted to without dewhich is then being used. That is, when a tages thereof. cap rock or a change of formation is found The novel features, invention and other so which indicates the approach of a producing objects will be more fully shown in the spechole from that which is then being used and drawing, of which,

to thereby form what is known as a "rat- Figure 1 is a perspective view of the de-²⁰ reduced size into the formation therebelow tive view showing a breakable bottom cap, a 35 from the top of the well to the seat made by and its outer casing; and Fig. 5 is an elevathe "rat-hole" by the reducing of the size of tional view of a reducing nipple. the hole. Before the sand can be tested this Like characters of reference designate like must be cemented into the hole and can not thereafter be removed. This necessitates

40 the loss of that string of casing. If no production is found then the hole is continued on the inside of the set casing and necessarily of a reduced size to a greater depth in said re-45 causing the belief of another sand having upper broken-off portion at 4 and a lower ond reduced sized hole at said "rat-hole". to those familiar with the art as the "rat-

sand is found until it can not go further in and to permit the parts therebelow to depend 110 the sized hole then being drilled and the size in the smaller hole 2. At the packer 6 on the of the hole then is reduced to such an extent lower end of the drill stem 3 I provide an ex-

all of this casing is lost. This results in the The objects of my invention are to provide loss of the hole or well before the desired a device of the class described which will be depth has been reached which was intended 60 efficient and of utility; which will make it the above disadvantages and losses will be obpossible at any time desired to make a test viated and saved by my invention as will be of the sand in a well without the necessity seem in the description hereinafter given and of casing the hole, or well; which will under all of the sands found under the use of my 65

hole, or well; makes practically a standard invention consists in the construction and rig out of a rotary drilling outfit in so far novel features, and combination of parts as testing the sand is concerned; will be hereinafter more fully described, illustrated 700 spending thousands of dollars in casing in and pointed out in the claims hereto appendieach well drilled by a rotary rig; and will ed; it being understood that various changes accomplish efficiently the purposes for which in the form, proportion, size, shape and minor details of construction, within the scope 73 well with a rotary drilling outfit it is neces- parting from the spirit or principle of the sary to reduce the size of the hole from that invention, or sacrificing any of the advan-

sand it is necessary to reduce the size of the ification, claims, and accompanying one-sheet

hole", and to thereafter drill by a bit of a vice, partly in section; Fig. 2 is a perspec- 8# suspected of being productive of either gas ring holding member and their cap sheath; or oil. When a sufficient depth has been Fig. 3 is a sectional view of a portion of the reached therebelow and a test is desired to be device showing the presence of a ball-valve; made it is necessary to set a string of casing Fig. 4 is a sectional view of the ball-valve 90

parts in all the figures.

One embodiment for the accomplishing of 95 the purposes for which my invention is in-

tended is as follows:

The larger sized drilling hole is shown at and the reduced or smaller size is shown duced sized hole. If a formation is reached at 2; the drill stem is shown at 3 with an 100 been found the above described process is of broken-off portion at 5. I provide a packer necessity repeated and a new "rat-hole" 6 around the drill stem 1 constituting it in formed and another set of casing is installed that instance a packer stem 7. The object of and set from the top of the hole to the sec- the packer 6 is to entirely fill what is known 105 And if production is not found here this cas- hole" 8 formed of the juncture of the larger ing is also lost since it too has to be cement- hole 1 and the smaller hole 2 and permit said ed. This process continues unless a paying packer to be securely held in said "rat-hole",

ternally threaded portion 9. I also provide between the lower end of the packer stem 7 5 like, from the portion of the smaller hole 2. When this set plunger 22 is dropped into 7 10 lower end of the packer stem 7. I also pro- This will relieve all of the water pressure 7 ternal circumference being of the same cir- the sand struck is productive of gas or of cumferential size as the threaded portion 9 of oil and gas combined it will in a few seconds 15 said packer stem 7 and the threaded portion come out of the top of the drill stem at the 8 15 of said perforated casing 10, said externally top of the well which is what is known as threaded portion 14 being adapted to fit be- "going over the top". If instead of sand tween said lower end of said packer stem and productive of gas or of oil and gas combined upper end of said perforated casing; a tool it is of oil sand only after waiting a reason-20 joint 16 internally threaded at 16 is pro- able length of time, say thirty minutes or an 8 vided for securely holding said reduced nipple hour and permitting the oil to raise through and said packer stem and said perforated the perforations in the casing 10 up into the casing in a union.

25 is provided with external threads 17. Below able material, is dropped into the top of the 9 the lower end thereof I provide a breakable hole and goes down into the drill stem and bottom cap 18 for closing the lower end of through the packer stem to the reduced valve said reduced nipple, and a ring gasket mem- nipple. This ball may be of metal or may be ber 19 therebelow held in place by an in- filled with shot or other suitable substance 30 ternally threaded open ended cap sheath 21 so as to make the same sink in either oil or 90 for holding said breakable bottom cap 18 water or other liquid. Said ball then sinks and said member 19 securely against the lower into the reduced valve nipple and is seated end of said reduced nipple 13. The lower portherein forming a cork and holding all of the tion of nipple 13 is threaded 13 to receive liquid in the packer stem and drill stem 35 threads 20 on cap sheath 21. An ordinary thereabove so that it can be drawn out and 10 plunger 22 for inserting into the drill stem tested. The taking out of the oil can be done for breaking said bottom cap is provided. I in any of the ordinary and usual ways or it also provide a ball 23 preferably covered with can be done by withdrawing the drill stem a coat of rubber 24, or other suitable sub- and packer stem. Thereafter the tests for 40 stance, for making a valve connection, as

will be more fully described later. In operation in the drilling of a well by they usually start with a 14 inch hole for 45 surface casing. The surface casing is usually set at about forty or fifty feet then they orformation that would likely have a productive and the hole reduced to a six inch bit forming what is known to the artasa "rat-hole". They then drill down into the formation below. If lowered into the hole from the top until the device. 60 packer 6 on packer stem 7 fits into the "rat-

a perforated casing 10 having a plurality of and the upper end of the perforated casing perforations 11 for the admission therein 10 and the breakable plate or cap 18 securely from the outside of water, oil, gas and the held in place by ring 19 and cap sheatn 21. Said perforated casing is sealed at the bot- the drill stem at the top of the well and falls tom end 12 with heavy metal. At its upper against breakable plate or cap 18 breaking the end it is externally threaded to match the same and by its weight goes on down to the threads 9 and the circumferential size of the lower end 12 of said perforated casing 10. vide a reducing nipple 13 provided for a short which will go through the perforated casing space with upper external threads 14 their ex- up into the packer stem and drill stem. If packer stem and drill stem, ball 23 which is The lower end of said reduced nipple 13 preferably coated by rubber 24 or other suitoil or salt water or other kind of liquid can 10 be made. If no production is found the packer stem containing my invention therea rotary rig with my invention for a deep well below is removed from the drill stem by loosening the tool joint above the packer stem and the ten inch bit is then refitted on the drill 11 stem and the regular ten inch hole proceeded dinarily drill down to the first cap rock or with without reduction as to size. This is continued until it is believed another favorsand under it with a ten inch bit without cas- able formation has been reached and the above ing. The hole at that size is then stopped proceeding as heretofore detailed is repeated. 11

It will be seen by those familiar with the art to which my invention pertains that under my invention the drill stem is used in lieu of the formation is found favorable for oil or the casing and that no casing has to be set gas they then remove the drill stem 3 and or cemented and therefore none is lost there- 12 unite packer stem 7 with the lower end of by, it will also be seen that there is no necesthe drill stem by tool joint union 5. The drill sary reduction of the size of the hole after stem with the packer stem therebelow is then having made one or a dozen tests under my

It will also be seen that if a producing well 12 hole" 8 tigthly like a cork in a bottle below is found and the sand being tested under my said packer 6 and above perforated casing 10 invention and the well "goes over the top" all joined at its upper end by tool joint union that is necessary to be done to do what is to the lower end of said packer stem. The known in the art as "mudding it in" until reduced valve nipple 13 will be securely seated the casing can be procured, is to raise the 130 1,683,031

drill stem a foot or so so that the packer un- of said packer stem, its reduced end extending pressure back on the sand in the bottom of the mally closed by a breakable cap, for preventwell and holding it there until my invention 5 and the drill stem are removed from the hole and the ordinary and usual procedure in getting ready for the operation of a producing well is carried out.

I claim:

1. A device of the class described for testing the sands of oil and gas wells, comprising 15 being adapted to be securely fastened to the venting the flow of liquid therefrom from inlower end of said corking means, a reduced side and thereinto from there surrounding. nipple valve being seated between the lower 3. The combination with a drill stem, pack-60 20 tending downwardly and being adapted to be hole and a smaller hole therebelow of an oil 25 plunger means for breaking said breakable end and a closed lower end, a reduced nipple off the inflow of liquid thereinto.

2. A device of the class described for testing oil and gas sands in wells, comprising a able cap for closing the lower end of said nipdrill stem, a packer stem and packer, said ple valve and shutting out oil, gas and liquid tened at its lower end to the upper end of and an open ended cap sheath for positioning said packer stem, said packer being adapted to fit tightly on a shoulder between an upper large hole and an under smaller hole in the well and to seal said hole thereat, a perforated casing, its upper end being adapted to be fastened to the lower end of said packer stem, its lower end being adapted to be securely closed, a reduced nipple valve being adapted to be securely seated between said upper end oil and other liquids. of said perforated casing and said lower end WILLIAM O. HARRIS.

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stops the "rat-hole" thereby letting the mud downwardly, and being adapted to be nor- 45 ing liquid from entering thereat until desired, and at certain periods to receive a ball valve inside its lower neck portion, a gasket ring member for positioning said breakable cap, 50 an open ended cap sheath for securely holding said breakable cap and said ring gasket member normally securely against the lower end of said nipple valve, means for breaking said means for corking up the hole adjacent its breakable cap, a heavy ball valve being coated 55 lower end, a perforated casing having its externally for tightly fitting said nipple valve lower end securely capped, its upper end in its lower inside neck portion and for pre-

end of said corking means and the upper end er stem and packer, said packer being adapted of said perforated casing, its smaller end ex- to fit tightly in a shoulder between the larger normally closed by a breakable cap for pre- and gas well, of a device for testing oil and venting the flow of liquid therethrough, a gas sands without using and setting a string 65 gasket ring member and an open ended cap- of casing, of the class described, comprising sheath for holding said breakable cap in place, a perforated casing having an open upper cap, a ball valve means for closing the lower valve being adapted to be seated between the neck portion of said nipple valve and shutting lower end of said packer stem and the upper 70 end of said perforated casing its reduced smaller end extending downwardly, a breakdrill stem being adapted to be securely fas- therefrom when desired, a ring gasket member 75 said breakable cap, a suitable plunger for dropping in said drill stem and for breaking said breakable cap when the admitting of oil, gas and liquid therethrough is desired, a suit- 80 able ball valve having a resilient outer coating being adapted to be seated inside the neck of said nipple valve adjacent its lower end for holding in said packer stem and drill stem

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