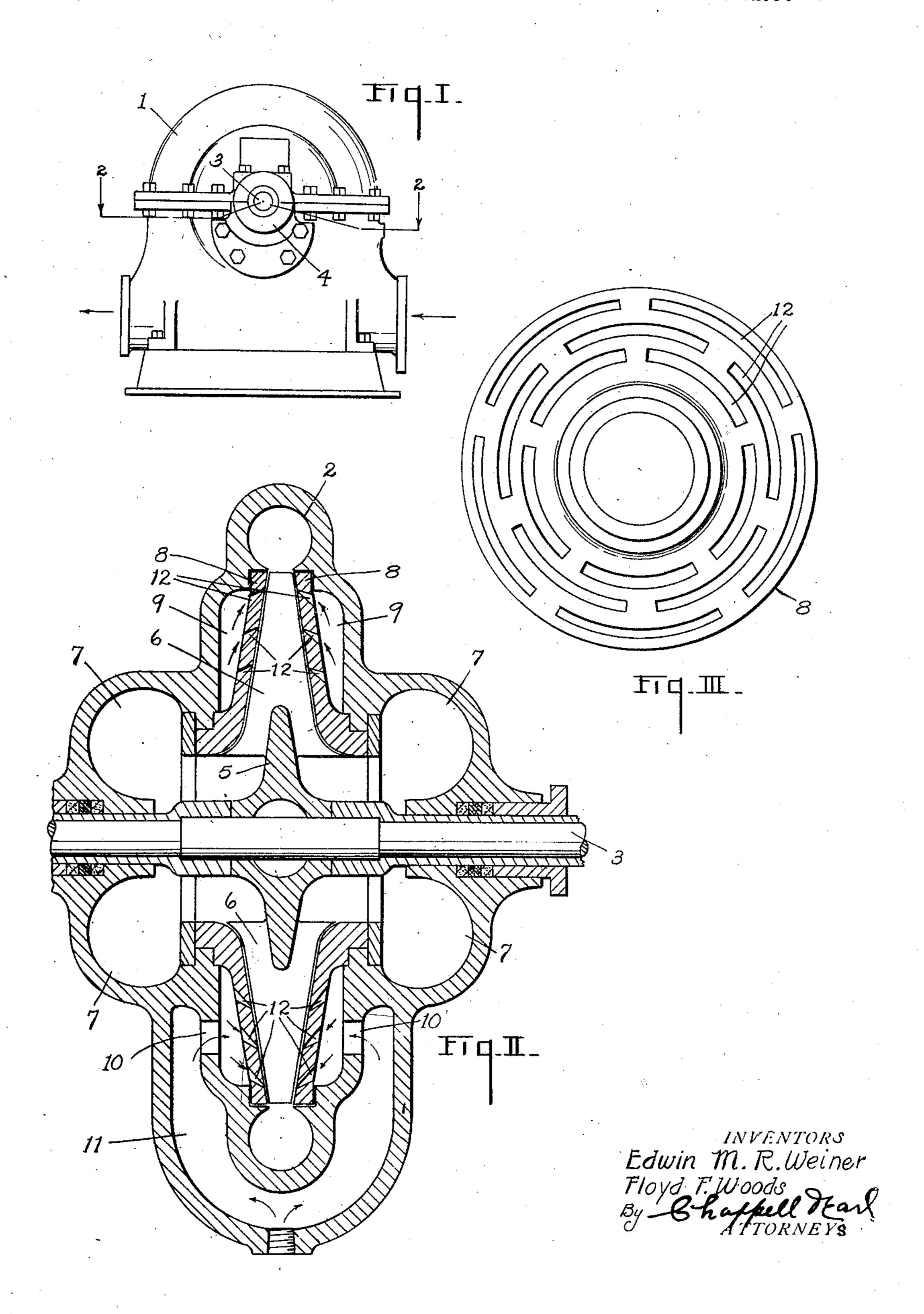
E. M. R. WEINER ET AL

CENTRIFUGAL VACUUM PUMP

Filed Aug. 21, 1924

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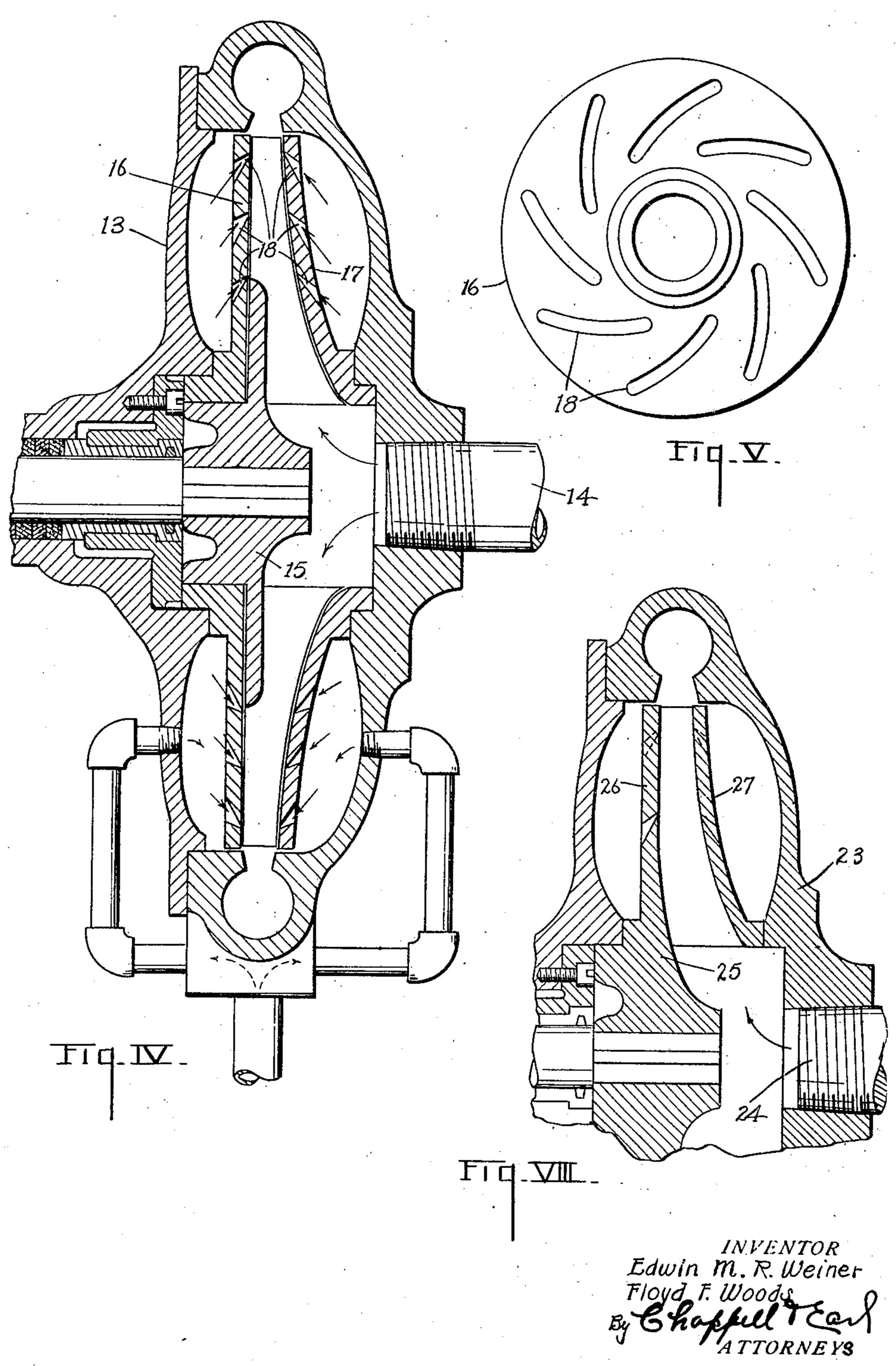


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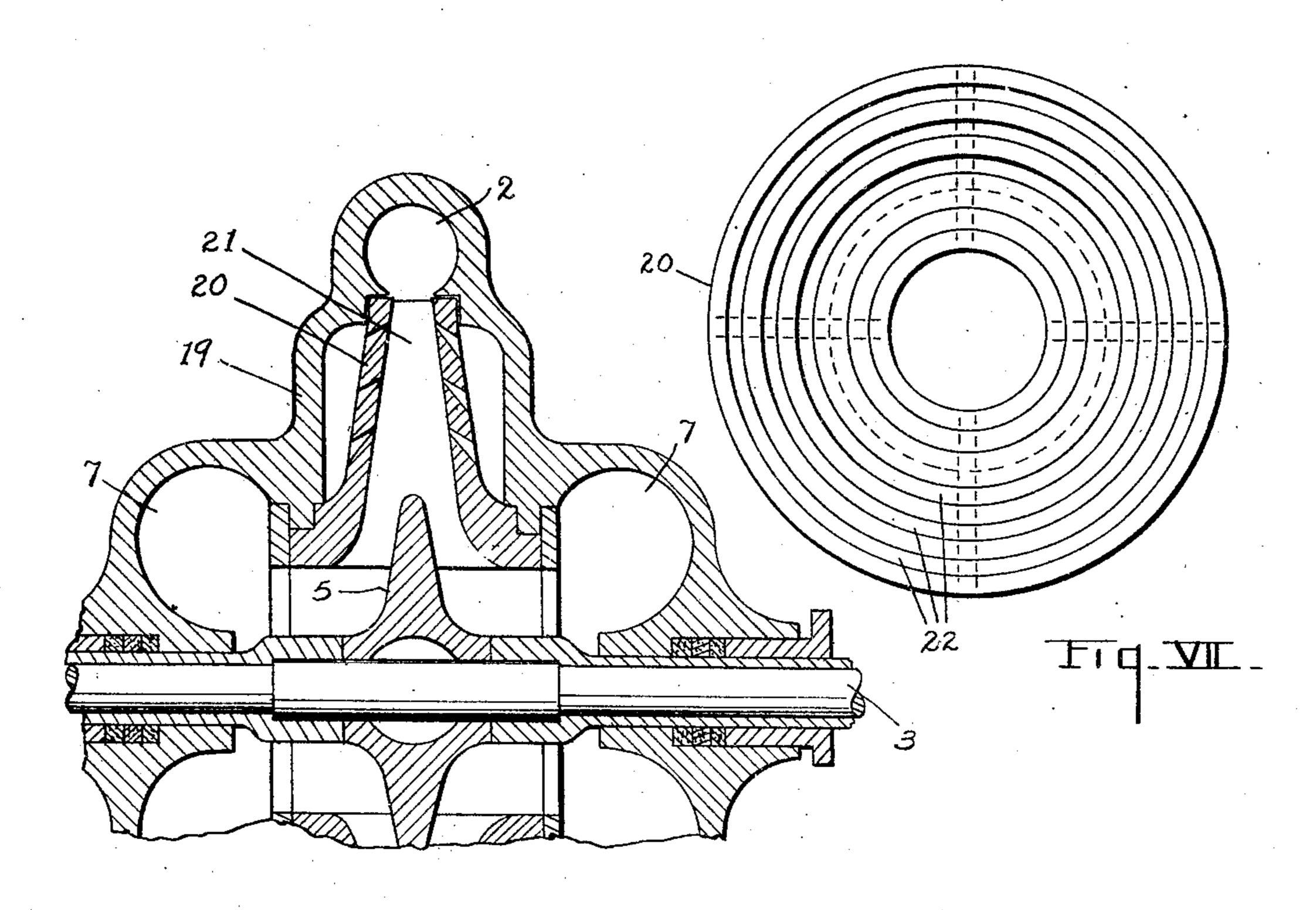


Fig.W.

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CENTRIFUGAL VACUUM PUMP.

Application filed August 21, 1924. Serial No. 733,415.

This invention relates to improvements in erence indicate similar parts throughout the centrifugal vacuum pumps. several views.

The main objects of this invention are: Referring to the drawing, the pump illus- 55

5 pump of the centrifugal type which is of type, the casing being designated generally high efficiency.

10 ing these advantages which is simple and casing. economical in structure and durable in use. The impeller 5 has a plurality of radial

20 claims.

plication, in which:

embodying the features of our invention. shown in Fig. II.

Fig. II is a detail view, mainly in section, These impeller shroud plates or entrain-2—2 of Fig. I.

peller entraining or shroud plates of the the slots an ejector effect is secured and the embodiment of our invention shown in Fig. air is drawn through the slots in substantial

35 of a modified form of our invention as modi-ered or embraced thereby.

peller plates employed in the embodiment a single suction pump, the casing 13 having 90

shown in Fig. IV.

impeller.

a single suction pump in which the entrain-scribed. 50 ing or impeller shroud plates are secured to the impeller to rotate therewith.

VII the casing 19 is of the double suction

In the drawing similar numerals of ref-

First, to provide an improved vacuum trated in Figs. I and II is of the volute by the numeral 1 and having the usual volute Second, to provide an improved pump of discharge passage 2. The impeller shaft 3 this type which is well balanced. is supported in bearings 4 carried by bearing 60 Third, to provide an improved pump hav-brackets projecting from the sides of the

Objects pertaining to details and econo- blades 6. The embodiment shown in Figs. mies of construction and operation of our I and II is of the double suction type, there 65 invention will definitely appear from the being a suction inlet 7 at each side opening detailed description to follow. into the hub of the impeller. At each side We accomplish the objects of our inven- of the impeller blades is an impeller shroud tion by the devices and means described in or entraining plate 8, the plates being the following specification. The invention mounted in the casing so as to provide an- 70 is clearly defined and pointed out in the nular air chambers 9 connected through the ports 10 with the inlet chamber or header 11.

A structure embodying the features of our The entraining plates 8 have a plurality invention is clearly shown in the accom- of segmental slots 12 disposed concentrically panying drawing forming a part of this ap-relative to the axis of the impeller and in 75 overlapping relation as clearly shown in Fig. I is a side elevation of a structure Fig. III. These slots taper inwardly as

on a line corresponding to the broken line ing plates are disposed with their inner sides 80 in close proximity to the blades of the Fig. III is a side view of one of the im- impeller so that as the water is driven past volume. The slots are arranged so that the 85 Fig. IV is a detail view mainly in section entire area of the entraining plates is cov-

fied for a single suction pump.

In the modification shown in Figs. IV and Fig. V is a side view of one of the im- V we illustrate our invention as embodied in a single inlet 14 and the impeller 15 being Fig. VI is a fragmentary section showing supported at one end only. In this structure our improvements as embodied in a double the entraining plate 16 is flat while the plate suction structure in which the impeller 17 is curved, the plates corresponding to shroud or entraining plates are secured to the the edges of the blades. The slots 18 of this 95 embodiment are disposed at an angle to the 45 Fig. VII is a side view of one of the en-radial planes of the entraining plates so training or shroud plates of the structure that in use the water is discharged substanshown in Fig. VI. tially at right angles across the slots. The Fig. VIII is a fragmentary section of slots are tapered as in the embodiment de- 100

> In the embodiment shown in Figs. VI and type and the entraining plates or impeller

shroud plates 20 are secured to the impeller chambers at each side, said entraining plates blades 21 to rotate therewith. In this em- having a plurality of slots therein disposed bodiment the slots 22 are continuous eccen- concentrically relative to the axis of the imtric slots, the plates being supported by the 5 impeller blades as indicated by dotted lines in Fig. VII.

In Fig. VIII we show the impeller of Fig. VI adapted to a single suction pump, the casing 23 having a single inlet 24 and

27 mounted thereon.

relatively little power is required to operate section. the same, it being well balanced and fric- 4. In a pump, the combination of a casing 15 tion being minimized. At the same time, it provided with a suction inlet, an impeller 55 is simple and economical in its parts and provided with blades, and an entraining durable in use. While our improved pump plate mounted in said casing at the side of is especially designed by us for use as a said impeller blades and providing an annuvacuum pump, it is however desirable for lar air chamber, said entraining plate having 20 use purely as a liquid pump as friction is minimized.

Having thus described our invention what we claim as new and desire to secure by

Letters Patent is:

25 1. In a pump, the combination of a casing provided with inlets at each side, an impeller provided with blades, and entraining plates mounted in said casing at the sides of said impeller blades and providing annular 30 air chambers at each side, said entraining plates having a plurality of slots therein disposed concentrically relative to the axis of relation, said slots being of inwardly taper-35 ing cross section.

2. In a pump, the combination of a casing provided with inlets at each side, an impeller provided with blades, and entraining plates mounted in said casing at the les of said 40 impeller blades and providin. Inular air

peller, said slots being of inwardly tapered cross section.

3. In a pump, the combination of a casing provided with inlets at each side, an impeller provided with blades, and entraining plates mounted in said casing at the sides of said 10 the impeller 25 having shroud plates 26 and impeller blades and providing annular cham- 50 bers at each side, said entraining plates hav-Our improved pump is very efficient and ing slots therein of inwardly tapering cross

> a plurality of slots therein disposed concen- 60 trically relative to the axis of the impeller and arranged in overlapping relation, said slots being of inwardly tapering cross section.

> 5. In a pump, the combination of a casing provided with a suction inlet, an impeller 65 provided with blades, and an entraining plate mounted in said casing at the side of said impeller blades and providing an annular air chamber, said entraining plate having slots therein of inwardly tapering cross 70 section.

6. In a pump, the combination of a casing, the impeller and arranged in overlapping an impeller provided with blades, and a shroud plate mounted in said casing at the side of said impeller blades and having slots 75 therein of inwardly tapering cross section.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set

out hands.

EDWIN M. R. WEINER. FLOYD F. WOODS.