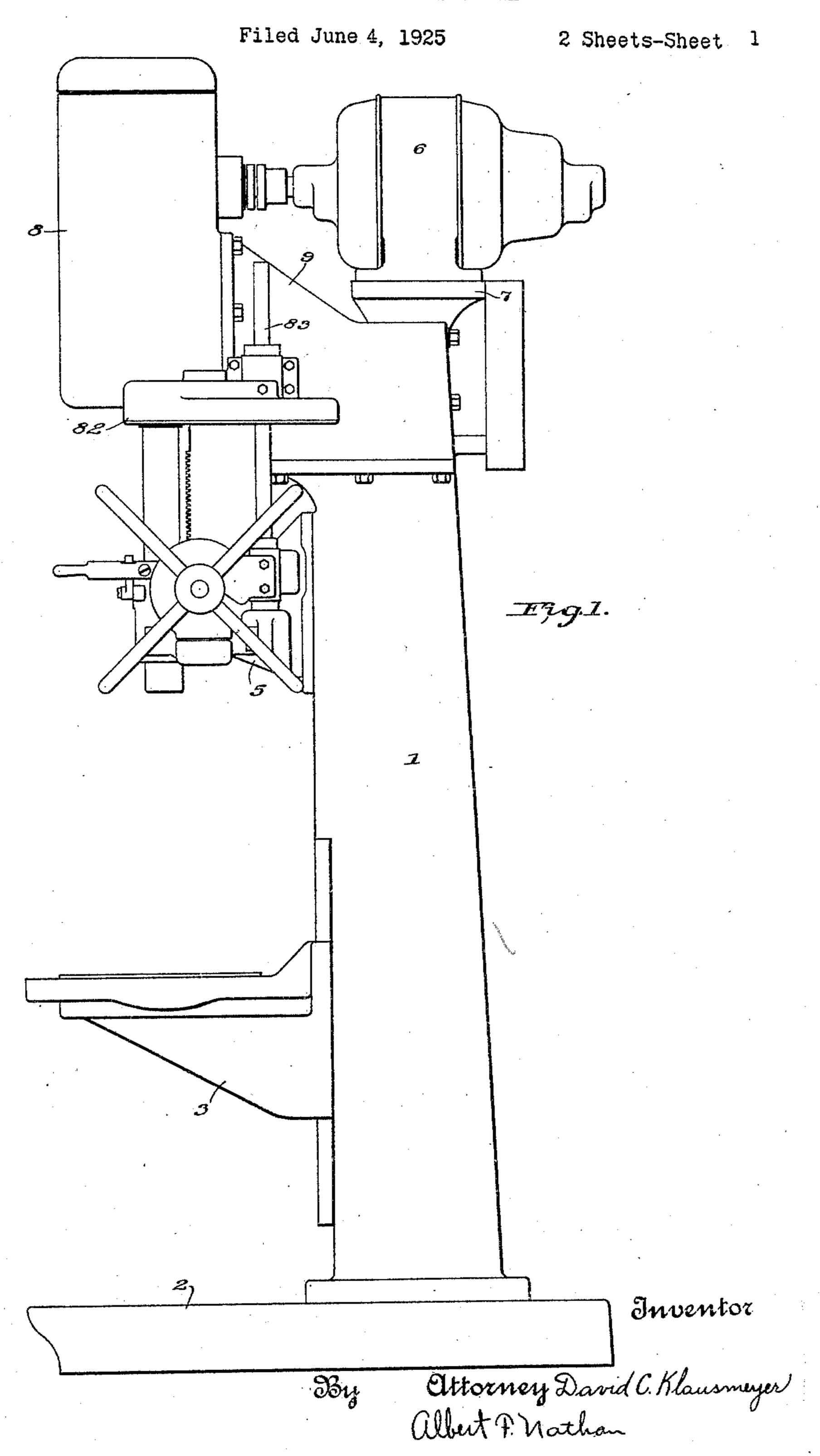
D. C. KLAUSMEYER

BOX COLUMN TYPE UPRIGHT DRILL

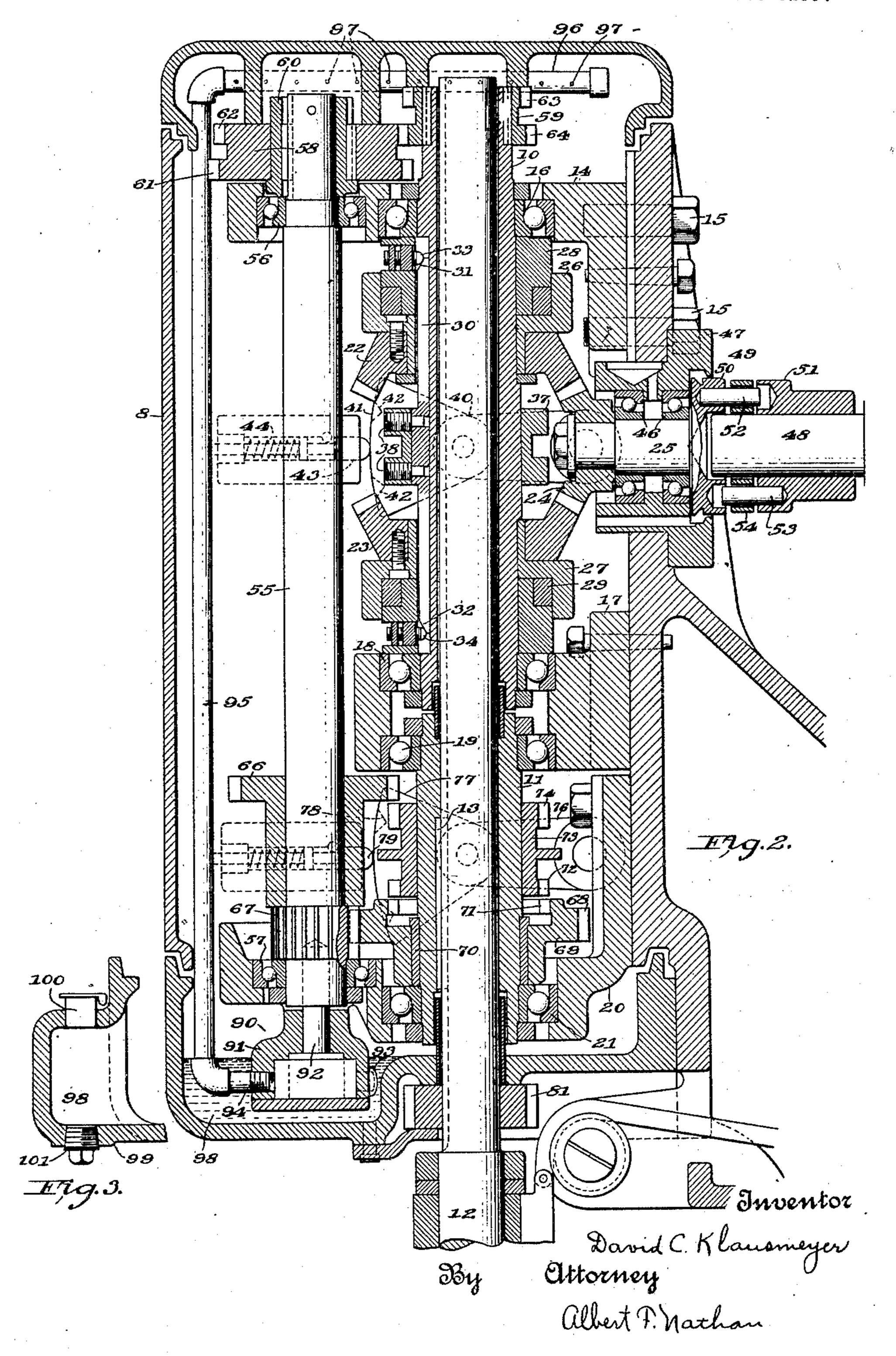


D. C. KLAUSMEYER

BOX COLUMN TYPE UPRIGHT DRILL

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2 Sheets-Sheet 2



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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BOX-COLUMN-TYPE UPRIGHT DRILL.

Application filed June 4, 1925. Serial No. 34,829.

My invention is concerned with drilling sible to mount the motor very close to the machines and is particularly concerned with upright drilling machines having box columns.

In a drilling machine of the upright type it is desirable to operate the machine by means of a motor mounted on the top of the column or frame. Moreover in a drilling machine of the above indicated type, having 10 a box column, it is desirable to have the motor mounted as near as possible to the centre line of the box column. The position of the motor on the clumn is controlled to a large extent by the gearing connection between the 15 motor and the drill spindle.

One of the important features of my in- and the back-gear shaft. vention is to construct a drilling machine so as to permit the mounting of the propelling motor on the top of the column near the cen-20 tre line thereof. Moreover it is an important feature of my invention to simplify the

the drill spindle.

25 cordance with my invention, a work carry- drawings depicting a preferred typical con- 80 for carrying the gearing connection between Figure 1 is an elevational view of a drill- 85 necting the reversing sleeve to the back-gear well in the bottom of the casing. nected to the motor through a flexible joint and is provided with means for reversing the the reversing sleeve, which are in the nature case of many drilling machines now conof shafts, aligned with the drill spindle it is structed. possible to mount the propelling motor closer Referring to Fig. 2 of the drawing, a reto the main spindle. Accordingly, it is pos-

centre line of the column and not to support the motor on a bracket projecting from the side of the column. The above construction also simplifies the connection between the mo- 60

tor and the main spindle.

The back gear shaft, which connects the reversing sleeve to the back-gear sleeve, operates a pump for supplying lubricating material to the mechanism connecting the pro- 65 pelling motor to the drill spindle. The pump is preferably connected to the lower end of the back gear shaft and has an inlet opening connected to a well formed in the bottom of the casing surrounding the sleeve 70

Other objects and advantages will be in part indicated in the following description and in part rendered apparent therefrom in connection with the annexed drawings.

To enable others skilled in the art so fully gearing connection between the motor and to apprehend the underlying features hereof that they may embody the same in the vari-In a drilling machine constructed in ac- ous ways contemplated by this invention, ing table and a drill head are adjustably and struction have been annexed as a part of this slidably mounted on the side of a box col- disclosure and, in such drawings, like charumn. At the top of the box column is acters of reference denote corresponding mounted the propelling motor and a casing parts throughout all the views, of which:

the motor and the drill spindle. The gear- ing machine constructed in accordance with ing carried in the casing comprises a back- my invention. Fig. 2 is a sectional view gear sleeve and a reversing sleeve both of through the gearing connection between the which sleeves are aligned with the drill spin- motor and the drill spindle. Fig. 3 is a dle. A back-gear shaft is provided for con-section through a portion of the lubricating 90

sleeve. The reversing sleeve is directly con- Referring to the drawings a box column 1, which is mounted on a base 2, carries a work carrying table 3 and a tool head 5. The work 40 direction of its rotation at will. At the up- carrying table 3 is adjustable along guides 95 per end of the reversing sleeve and the back- formed on the column 1 and the tool head 5 is gear shaft is provided a transposition gear movable along guides also formed on the colmechanism which may be operated to obtain umn. A main propelling motor 6 is mounted different speeds. Suitable change gears are on a bracket 7, which is supported on the top provided for connecting the lower end of the of the column 1, and a gear casing 8 is 100 back-gear shaft to the back-gear sleeve mounted on a bracket 9 which is supported whereby additional speeds are obtained. The on the top of the column. In referring to back-gear sleeve is splined to the drill spindle Fig. 1 of the drawings, it will be noted the and the reversing sleeve permits free rotation motor 6 is mounted near the centre line of the and linear movement of the spindle within it. column 1 and does not project over the side 105 By reason of having the back-gear sleeve and of the column to any great extent as in the

versing sleeve 10 and a back-gear sleeve 11 110

are shown aligned with the drill spindle 12. in the collar 37 and accordingly upon oper-The drill spindle 12 is carried by the drill ation of the lever 40 the cam rod 30 is shifted head 5 and projects through the two sleeves to operate either the clutch mechanism 28 or 10 and 11. The drill spindle 12 is slidable the clutch mechanism 29. Upon operation of 5 and rotatable with respect to the sleeve 10 the clutch mechanism 28 the gear wheel 22 70 whereas the back-gear sleeve 11 is splined to is connected to the sleeve 10 and upon operthe spindle. In Fig. 2 of the drawings the ation of clutch mechanism 29 the gear wheel back-gear sleeve 11 is shown connected to the 23 is connected to the sleeve 10. By such spindle 12 by means of a spline 13. A bracket means the direction of rotation of the revers-10 14, which is secured to the casing 8 by means ing sleeve is controlled. of bolts 15, carries a bearing 16 serving as a journal for one end of the reversing sleeve gear wheel 24 and which is connected to the 10. A second bracket 17, which is secured to motor 6 is journaled in two bearings 46. The the casing 8, carries a bearing 18 serving as a bearings 46 are suitably carried by the collar 15 journal for the lower end of the reversing sleeve. The bracket 17 also carries a bearing 19 for journaling the upper end of the backgear sleeve 11. A third bracket 20, which is secured to the casing 8, carries a bearing 21 20 for journaling the lower end of the back-gear sleeve 11.

wheel 24 which is secured to a short shaft 25. nection is provided between the driving The gear wheel 24 meshes with the two gear motor and the short shaft 25. wheels 22 and 23.

The short shaft 25, which carries the bevel 47 which is supported in the casing 8. The 80 short shaft 46 is connected to the motor shaft 48 by means of a flexible connection 49. The flexible connection 49 comprises a collar 50 which is secured to the short shaft 25 and a collar 51 which is secured to the motor shaft 85 48. A plurality of pins 52 are mounted on The reversing sleeve 10 carries a reversing the collar 50 and similar pins 53 are mounted mechanism which comprises two bevelled on the collar 51. The pins 52 and 53 project gear wheels 22 and 23 rotatably mounted on through a collar 54 which is loosely mounted 25 the sleeve. Between the two bevelled gear on the motor shaft 48, as shown in Fig. 2 of 90 wheels 22 and 23 is interposed a bevel gear the drawings. By such means a flexible con-

wheels 22 and 23 and serves to rotate the gear A back-gear shaft 55 is mounted in the wheels 22 and 23 in opposite directions. The gear case 8 parallel to the drill spindle 12 and 95 gear wheel 22 is mounted on a collar 26 and adjacent to the sleeve members 10 and 11. the gear wheel 23 is mounted on a collar 27. The upper end of the back-gear shaft 55 is The collars 26 and 27 are rotatably mounted journaled in a bearing 56 which is supported on the reversing sleeve 10 and are adapted to in the bracket 14. The lower end of the backbe connected to the sleeve by means of fric-gear shaft is journaled in a bearing 57 which 100 tion clutches 28 and 29. The two friction is supported in the bracket 20. The upper clutches 28 and 29 are controlled by a cam end of the back-gear shaft is connected to the rod 30 which slides in a slot formed in the re- upper end of the reversing sleeve 10 by means versing sleeve. Near the ends of the cam rod of two transposition gears 58 and 59. The 40 30 are formed cam surfaces 31 and 32. The transposition gear wheel 58 is splined to a 105 cam surfaces 31 and 32 respectively operate sleeve 60 which is secured to the back-gear pins 33 and 34 for controlling the friction shaft 55. The transposition gear 58 comclutches 28 and 29. The friction clutch prises two circular rows of gear teeth 61 and mechanism is described and claimed in my 62 which have teeth of the same pitch but dif-45 co-pending application Serial #805, filed ferent in number. The transposition gear 110 January 6, 1925. Accordingly a detailed de- 59, which is splined to the reversing sleeve 10, scription of such mechanism in this applica- is provided with two circular rows of gear tion is deemed unnecessary. The cam rod 30 teeth 63 and 64. The circular rows of gear is secured to a collar member 37 by means of teeth 63 and 64 have the same pitch as the set screws 38. The collar member 37 is slid-teeth on the transposition gear 58. The cir-115 ably mounted on the sleeve member 10 and cular row of gear teeth 64 on the transposition is positioned between the two bevel gear gear 59 is adapted to mesh with the circular row of gear teeth 62 on the transposition gear The collar member 37 is operated by means 58 for operating the back-gear shaft 55 at of a lever 40 which is pivotally mounted on one speed. When it is desired to operate the 120 the casing 8. A segment 41 having detents back-gear shaft 55 at a different rate of speed or notches 42 formed therein is provided on the position of the transposition gear 58 is the lever 40. A plunger 43, which is operated reversed on the sleeve 60 and the position of on by a spring 44, is provided for engaging the transposition gear 59 is reversed on the the detents or notches 42 formed in the seg-reversing sleeve 10. In the reversed position 125 mental plate 41. The plunger 43 serves to of the two transposition gear wheels the row hold the collar 37 in position to rotate the of teeth 63 on the transposition gear 59 sleeve 10 either in a forward or in a reversed meshes with the row of geared teeth 61 on direction. The lever 40 is provided with the transposition gear 58. Further changes suitable means for engaging a groove formed in speed may be obtained by interchanging 130

1,682,844

the position of the gears 58 and 59. The transposition gear wheels shown in this application are disclosed and claimed in the companion application of George E. Merry-5 weather, Serial No. 37,468 filed June 16, 1925.

Near the lower end of the back-gear shaft 55 are mounted two gear wheels 66 and 67. The gear wheels 66 and 67 form a part of a 10 gear shaft to the back-gear sleeve 11. The lubricating material to the well and an out- 75 gear teeth 68 which are formed on a gear when necessary. member 69. The gear member 69 is rotatably mounted on a bushing 70 which is mount-15 ed on the back-gear sleeve 11. The gear member 69 is also provided with a set of internal clutch teeth 71. The internal clutch teeth 71 are adapted to mesh with a set of clutch teeth 72 on a shiftable gear member 20 73. The gear member 73 also carries a second set of gear teeth 74 which are adapted to be moved into mesh with the gear teeth on the gear wheel 66. The gear member 73 is splined to the back-gear sleeve 11 and is shift-25 able along the sleeve member to mesh the gear teeth 74 with the teeth on the gear wheel 66 or to mesh the clutch teeth 72 with the clutch teeth 71 on the gear member 69. A lever 76, which is pivotally mounted on the 30 casing 8, is provided for moving the gear member 73 along the sleeve member 11. The notches 78 formed therein. The detents or 35 notches 78 are engaged by a spring pressed be, and are intended to be, comprehended 100 plunger 79 to exert a force tending to hold the lever 76 in one of its operative positions.

A gear wheel 81, as shown in Fig. 2, is mounted on the drill spindle 12. The gear 40 wheel 81 is connected through a set of gearing not shown but contained in a gear casing 82 to the feed shaft 83. The feed shaft 83 in a well known manner controls the feeding movement during power feeding operation. 45 Inasmuch as my invention is not particularly related to the feeding mechanism and inasmuch as said mechanism is well known a further description thereof is deemed un- ing an operative connection to the reversing

necessary.

The back-gear shaft 55 operates a pump 90 for supplying lubricating material to the mechanism contained within the casing 8. The pump 90 comprises a casing 91 which is vide changes in speed; and a motor connected supported by the bracket 20 in any suitable to the reversing sleeve. 55 manner. The rotor of the pump is mounted gear shaft 55. The pump is provided with an inlet 93 and an outlet 94. The outlet 94 is connected by a conductor 95 which leads to the top of the casing 8 and connects with a discharge pipe 96. The discharge pipe 96 is provided with openings 97 for spraying lubricating material over the mechanism contained in the casing 8.

A well 98 is formed in the bottom of the

casing for collecting the lubricating material supplied to the mechanism in the casing 8. The inlet 93 for the pump is connected with the lubricating material in the well and preferably the pump 90 projects into the lubri- 70 cating material in the well as shown in Fig. 2 of the drawings. The well 98 is provided with a projecting portion 99, as shown in change gear system for connecting the back- Fig. 3, having an inlet 100 for supplying gear wheel 67 meshes with a set of external let 101 for draining the lubricating material

> In the above described mechanism it will be noted the providing of a gearing system having a reversing sleeve and a back-gear 80 sleeve aligned with the drill spindle not only serves to simplify and reduce the amount of gearing but also permits the moving of the motor much closer to the drill spindle. Accordingly it is possible to mount the propel- 85 ling motor very close to the centre line of the box column of the machine. Attention is also called to the simplified means for effecting different speed changes of the main drilling spindle.

Without further analysis, the foregoing will so fully reveal the gist of this invention that others can, by applying current knowledge, readily adapt it for various utilizations by retaining one or more of the features that, 95 from the standpoint of the prior art, fairly lever 76 is provided with a plate 77 in the constitute essential characteristics of either form of a segment which has detents or the generic or specific aspects of this invention and, therefore, such adaptations should within the meaning and range of equivalency

of the following claims:—

Having thus revealed this invention, I claim as new and desire to secure the following combinations and elements, or equiva- 105 lents thereof, by Letters Patent of the United States:—

1. In an upright drill, the combination comprising a drill spindle having a backgear sleeve and a reversing sleeve aligned 110 therewith, said back-gear sleeve being splined to said drill spindle; a back-gear shaft havsleeve at one end thereof and an operative connection to the back-gear sleeve at the op- 115 posite end thereof, said connections to the back-gear shaft being constructed to pro-

2. In an upright drill, the combination 120 on a shaft 92 which is secured to the back-comprising a drill spindle having a backgear sleeve and a reversing sleeve aligned therewith, said back-gear sleeve having a spline connection with said spindle; a backgear shaft having an operative connection to 125 said reversing sleeve and to the back-gear sleeve; a reversing mechanism mounted on said reversing sleeve; and a motor connected

to said reversing mechanism. 3. In a drilling machine, the combination 130

5 rotatable element; a driving connection be- sleeve to the back-gear sleeve. between the motor driven element and said shaft; and means for connecting said shaft 10 to the second rotatable element to rotate said

bination comprising a drill spindle; a motor; 15 a set of bearings aligned with said spindle; a set of bearings located in one line parallel to said spindle; and means including and in a reverse direction. speed change gearing supported in said bear- 10. In a drilling machine, the combination 20 the spindle at different speeds in both for-

ward and reverse directions.

multiply the speeds provided by the other, connecting the back-gear shaft to the backoperating in said bearings and rotated by gear sleeve. ent speeds.

in a reverse direction.

a reversing sleeve aligned with said spindle; speeds. 55 for connecting the back-gear shaft to the back gear sleeve to effect speed changes.

8. In an upright drilling machine, the combination comprising a main frame having a motor mounted thereon; a drill spindle; a

comprising a drill spindle; a shaft arranged dle; a motor gear meshing with said bevel parallel to the spindle; first and second ro- gears and connected to said motor by a flextatable elements aligned with said spindle; ible connection; and means comprising a a motor connected reversibly with the first back-gear shaft for connecting the reversing

tween the second rotatable element and said 9. In a drilling machine, the combination spindle; a multiple-speed driving connection comprising a drill spindle; a back-gear sleeve and a reversing sleeve aligned with said drill spindle, said back gear sleeve being splined to the spindle; power means for rotating the 75 element and thereby the spindle at different reversing sleeve in a forward and in a reverse speeds and in forward and reverse directions. direction; a back-gear shaft mounted adja-4. In an upright drilling machine, the com-cent to said drill spindle; and means for connecting the reversing sleeve to the back-gear sleeve through said back-gear shaft to rotate 80 the spindle at various speeds in a forward

ings and rotated by said motor for rotating comprising a drill spindle; a back-gear sleeve and a reversing sleeve aligned with said drill 85 spindle, said back-gear sleeve being connected 5. In a drilling machine, the combination to rotate with said spindle; power means for comprising a drill spindle; a motor; a set rotating the reversing sleeve in a forward and of bearings aligned with said spindle; a set in a reverse direction; a back-gear shaft lo-25 of bearings located in a line parallel to said cated parallel to said spindle; transposition 90 spindle: and means, including two speed gears for connecting the reversing sleeve to change devices of which one is adapted to the back-gear shaft; and change gears for

30 said motor for rotating the spindle at differ- 11. In an upright drilling machine, the 95 combination comprising a box column, a 6. In a drilling machine, the combination motor mounted on the top of said column; a comprising a drill spindle; a motor; a set drill head movable along said column and of bearings aligned with said spindle; a set having a drill carrying spindle mounted 35 of bearings located in a line parallel to said thereon; a casing mounted on the top of the 100 spindle; and means comprising shafts oper- column adjacent to said motor; a back-gear ating in said bearings and rotated by said sleeve and a reversing sleeve aligned with motor and two speed change devices of which said spindle and carried by said casing; one is adapted to multiply the speeds pro- means comprising bevel gear wheels for convided by the other, for rotating said spindle necting the motor to the reversing sleeve to 105 at eight different speeds in a forward and rotate the latter in a forward and in a reverse direction; a back-gear shaft; transposition 7. In an upright drilling machine, the com- gears for connecting the reversing sleeve to bination comprising a main frame having a the back gear shaft; and change gears for motor mounted on the upper part thereof; a connecting the back-gear shaft to the back-110 back-gear sleeve; a vertical spindle having a gear sleeve to operate the spindle in a forspline connection with said back-gear sleeve; ward and in a reverse direction at different

a reversing mechanism mounted on said re- 12. In an upright drilling machine, the versing sleeve and connected to said motor; combination comprising a box column; a 115 a back-gear shaft; means comprising trans- motor mounted at the top of said column; a position gears for connecting the reversing drill spindle; a back-gear sleeve and a reverssleeve to the back-gear shaft to effect speed ing sleeve aligned with said spindle; reverschanges; and means comprising change gears ing mechanism mounted on said reversing sleeve and connected to said motor for con- 120 trolling the direction of rotation of the spindle; and a back-gear shaft for connecting the reversing sleeve to the back-gear sleeve.

13. In a drilling machine, the combination 60 back-gear sleeve and a reversing sleeve comprising a drill spindle; a back-gear sleeve 125 aligned with said drill spindle, said back-gear splined to said spindle; a reversing sleeve sleeve being splined to said spindle; two aligned with said spindle; a motor; means bevel gear wheels mounted on the reversing comprising bevel gear wheels and clutches for sleeve and selectively connected to it for con- connecting the motor to said reversing sleeve 65 trolling the direction of rotation of the spin- to operate it in a forward and in a reverse 130

necting the reversing sleeve to the back-gear sleeve aligned therewith; two reversing gear 5 ent speeds; and change gears for connecting sleeve; a sliding collar mounted on the sleeve 70 the back-gear shaft to the back-gear sleeve to operate the spindle in a forward and in a reverse direction at different speeds.

14. In a drilling machine, the combination 10 comprising a drill spindle; a reversing sleeve aligned with said spindle; a motor for oper- a motor connected to said motor gear wheel. 15 back gear shaft from the reversing sleeve at wheels rotatably mounted on said reversing so 20 tion of the spindle at different speeds with versing sleeve; a motor gear wheel meshing 85 respect to the back gear shaft.

comprising a drill spindle; a reversing sleeve aligned with said spindle; two reversing bevel 25 gear wheels rotatably mounted on said reversing sleeve; a motor gear wheel meshing with said reversing gear wheels; a main motor: a flexible connection for joining the motor to said motor gear wheel; a change speed 30 connection between said reversing sleeve and sleeve; a sliding collar mounted on said sleeve 95

wheels to the reversing sleeve.

35 comprising a drill spindle; a reversing sleeve sition gearing for operating the back-gear 100 flexible connection for joining the motor to back gear sleeve; a motor gear wheel mesh- 105 nection between said reversing sleeve and the and a motor connected to said motor gear spindle; a collar rotatably mounted on said wheel. reversing sleeve between the reversing gear 21. In an upright drill, the combination wheels; a cam rod operated by said collar; and comprising a drill spindle having a back- 110 friction clutches operated by said cam rod for gear sleeve and a reversing sleeve aligned selectively connecting said reversing gear therewith, said back-gear sleeve being splined wheels to the reversing sleeve. to said drill spindle; a back-gear shaft hav-

comprising a box column having a motor sleeve at one end thereof and an operative 115 mounted on the top thereof; a back-gear connection to the back-gear sleeve at the sleeve and a reversing sleeve aligned with opposite end thereof, said connections to the each other and mounted on said column; a back-gear shaft being constructed to provide drill spindle having a spline connection to the changes in speed of the drill spindle; a casback-gear sleeve; a back gear shaft for con- ing for supporting said sleeves and the back- 120 necting the two sleeves to effect changes in gear shaft; a lubricating well formed in the speed between them; two reversing gears ro-bottom of said casing; and a lubricating tatably mounted on said reversing sleeve; a pump secured to the back-gear shaft and prosliding collar mounted on the reversing sleeve jecting into said lubricating well. between the reversing gear wheels; means op- 22. In an upright drill, the combination 125 erated by said collar for selectively connect- comprising a drill spindle having a backing said reversing gear wheels to the revers- gear sleeve and a reversing sleeve aligned ing sleeve; a motor gear wheel meshing with therewith, said back-gear sleeve being consaid reversing gear wheels; and a motor con-nected to said drill spindle; a back-gear shaft

direction; a back-gear shaft located parallel 18. In a drilling machine, the combination to the spindle; transposition gears for con- comprising a drill spindle having a reversing shaft to operate the back-gear shaft at differ- wheels rotatably mounted on said reversing between the two reversing gear wheels; means operated by said collar for selectively connecting the reversing gear wheels to the reversing sleeve; a motor gear wheel meshing with each of said reversing gear wheels; and 75

ating the reversing sleeve in a forward and in 19. In a drilling machine, the combination a reverse direction; a back-gear shaft; trans- comprising a drill spindle having a reversing position gears for selectively operating the sleeve aligned therewith; two reversing gear different speeds; a back gear sleeve having a sleeve; a sliding collar mounted on said sleeve spline connection with said spindle; and between the two reversing gear wheels; means change gears for connecting the back-gear operated by said collar for selectively conshaft to the back gear sleeve to effect opera- necting the reversing gear wheels to the rewith each of said reversing gear wheels; a mo-15. In a drilling machine, the combination tor connected to said motor gear wheel; and means for connecting the reversing sleeve to the spindle so as to operate the spindle at varying speeds.

20. In a drilling machine, the combination comprising a drill spindle having a reversing sleeve aligned therewith; two reversing gear wheels rotatably mounted on said reversing the spindle; and a friction clutch mechanism between the two reversing gear wheels; means for selectively connecting the reversing gear operated by said collar for selectively connecting the reversing gear wheels to the re-16. In a drilling machine, the combination versing sleeve; a back-gear shaft; transpoaligned with said spindle; two reversing bevel shaft at different speeds by the reversing gear wheels rotatably mounted on said revers- sleeve; a back-gear sleeve having a spline ing sleeve; a motor gear wheel meshing with connection with said spindle; change gears said reversing gear wheels; a main motor; a for connecting the back-gear shaft to the said motor gear wheel; a change speed con- ing with each of said reversing gear wheels;

17. In an upright drill, the combination ing an operative connection to the reversing

65 nected to the motor gear wheel. having an operative connection to the re- 130

surrounding said sleeves and the back-gear 5 shaft; a lubricating well formed in the bottom of said casing, and a lubricating pump secured to and operated by said back-gear shaft, said pump projecting into the lubricat-

ing well in the casing.

23. In an upright drill, the combination only two axes. comprising a drill spindle; a motor for operating said spindle; mechanism comprising a back-gear shaft for connecting the motor to the spindle; a casing for enclosing said 15 mechanism and having a lubricating well formed in the bottom thereof; and a pump secured to said back-gear shaft and projecting into said well for supplying lubricating

material to said mechanism.

20 24. In an upright drill, the combination comprising a drill spindle; a motor for operating said spindle; mechanism comprising a vertical back-gear shaft for connecting the motor to the spindle; a casing for enclosing 25 and for supporting said mechanism; a lupump to said mechanism.

ing; a lubricating pump secured to and oper-plurality of speeds. ated by said back-gear shaft, said pump pro- 31. An upright drill combining a spindle; 105 jecting into said lubricating well; and an a reversing sleeve rotatably journaled cooutlet pipe connected to said pump and extending to top of said casing for delivering lubricating material over said mechanism.

26. In an upright drill, the combination comprising a drill spindle; a motor for operating said spindle: mechanism comprising a back-gear shaft for connecting the ing material in said well.

said means including a forward and a reverse driven gears. drive and a plurality of speed change mecha- 33. An upright drill combining a spindle; 125 number of speeds provided by the other, operatively connecting the prime-mover with the spindle.

versing sleeve at one end thereof and having a prime mover; a rotatable member; means an operative connection to the back-gear selectively to give said member forward and sleeve at the opposite end thereof; a casing reverse rotations from said prime-mover; and a plurality of speed change mechanisms, of which one is adapted to multiply the number 70 of speeds provided by the other, operatively connecting said rotatable member with said spindle, said spindle, rotatable member and speed change mechanisms being arranged on

29. An upright drilling machine combining a column; a casing and a driving motor supported upon said column; a tool spindle rotatably journaled in said casing; a driving gear journaled in said casing co-axial 80 with the driving motor shaft; means actuated by said driving gear for rotating said spindle in forward and reverse directions; and a flexible connection between said motor and said

driving gear.

30. An upright drill combining a column; a supporting bracket provided by said column; a plurality of bearing brackets secured upon said supporting bracket; a plurality of aligned bearings provided by said bearing 90 bricating well formed in the bottom of said brackets and arranged on two parallel axes; casing; a lubricating pump secured to the a reversing sleeve journaled in two of said bottom of said back-gear shaft and project- bearings; a back-gear sleeve journaled in two ing into said well; and a fluid system for of said bearings in alignment with said re-30 carrying lubricating material from said versing sleeve; a back-gear shaft journaled in 95 two of said bearings parallel with the axes of 25. In an upright drill, the combination said sleeves; a spindle splined within said comprising a drill spindle; a motor for oper- back-gear sleeve; means to rotate said reating said spindle: mechanism comprising versing sleeve in forward and reverse direc-35 a back-gear shaft for connecting the motor tions; and back-gear mechanism acting 100 to the spindle; a casing for enclosing and through said back-gear shaft to transmit to for supporting said mechanism; a lubricat- said spindle the forward and reverse rotaing well formed in the bottom of said cas- tions of said reversing sleeve at any one of a

axial with said spindle; a second sleeve arranged coaxial with said spindle and having a driving connection therewith; means selectively to rotate said reversing sleeve in 110 forward and reverse directions; and means to transmit to the second sleeve at varying rates the rotations of said reversing sleeve.

motor to the spindle; a casing for enclosing 32. An upright drill combining a spindle; 50 said mechanism; a lubricating well formed two gears rotatably journaled coaxial with 115 in the bottom of said casing; a pump oper-said spindle; means to rotate said gears in ated by said back-gear shaft; and an inlet reverse directions; a sleeve arranged coaxial port for said pump connected to the lubricat- with said spindles and having a driving connection therewith, and means including speed 55 27. An upright drill combining a spindle; change gears for selectively connecting either 120 a prime-mover; means actuated by said prime- of said two gears with said sleeve to rotate mover for rotating said spindle in forward said sleeve and thereby the spindle at a pluand reverse directions at a plurality of speeds, rality of rates from either of said reversely

nisms, of which one is adapted to multiply the a prime-mover; a member rotatably journaled coaxial with said spindle; means to give said member oppositely directed rotary motions by said prime-mover; a sleeve surrounding 28. An upright drill combining a spindle; said spindle and having a driving connection 130

therewith; and speed change mechanism op-eratively connecting said rotatable member with said sleeve to give the sleeve and thereby the spindle oppositely directed rotary motions at a plurality of rates from a single rate in the prime mover.

34. A drilling machine combining a drill spindle; a prime mover; forward and reverse driving mechanism mounted coaxially with said spindle; a driving connection between

said element; and change speed gearing con- 15 necting said element to drive said spindle.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto sub-

scribed my name.