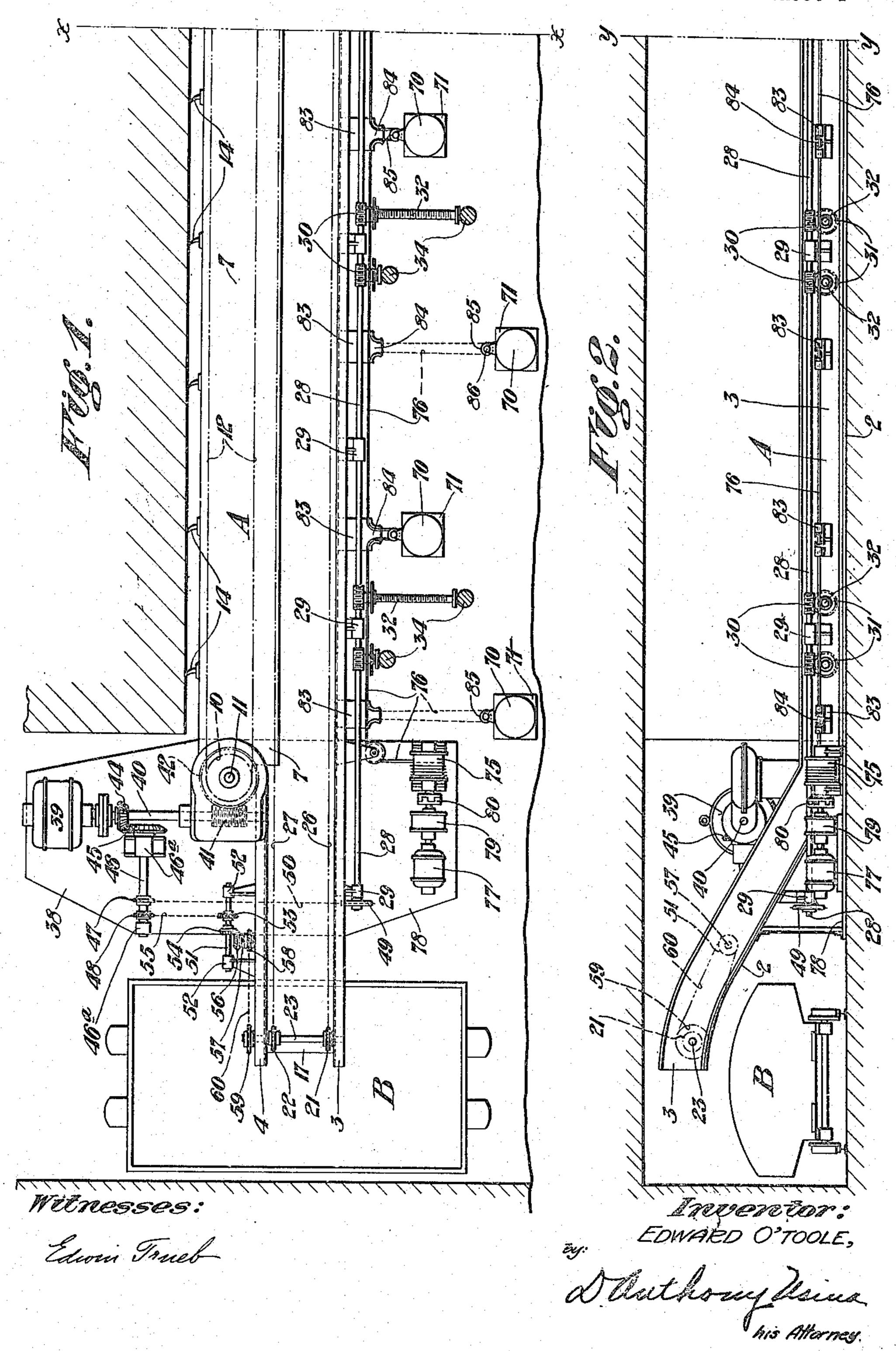
E. O'TOOLE

MINING APPARATUS

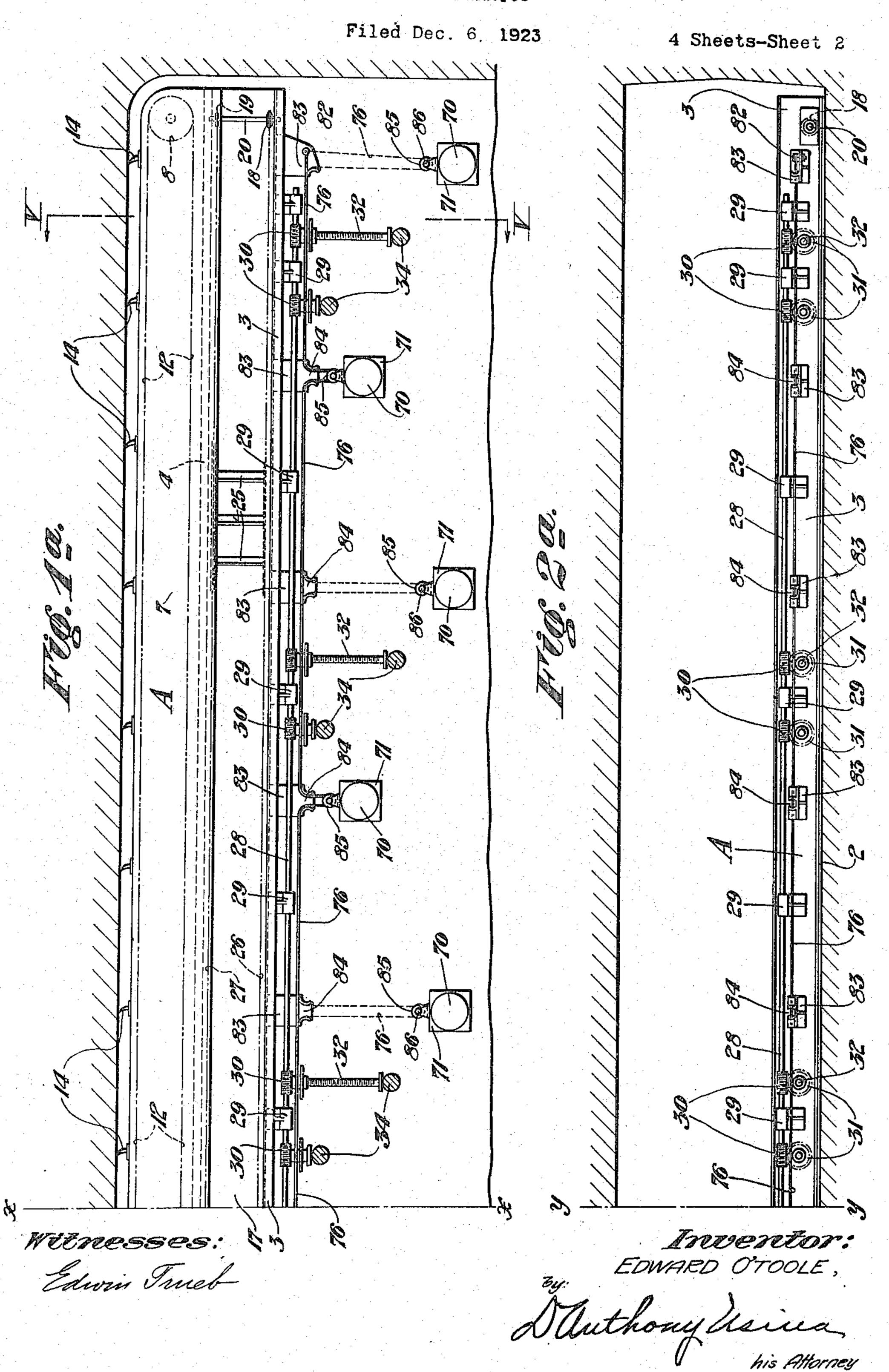
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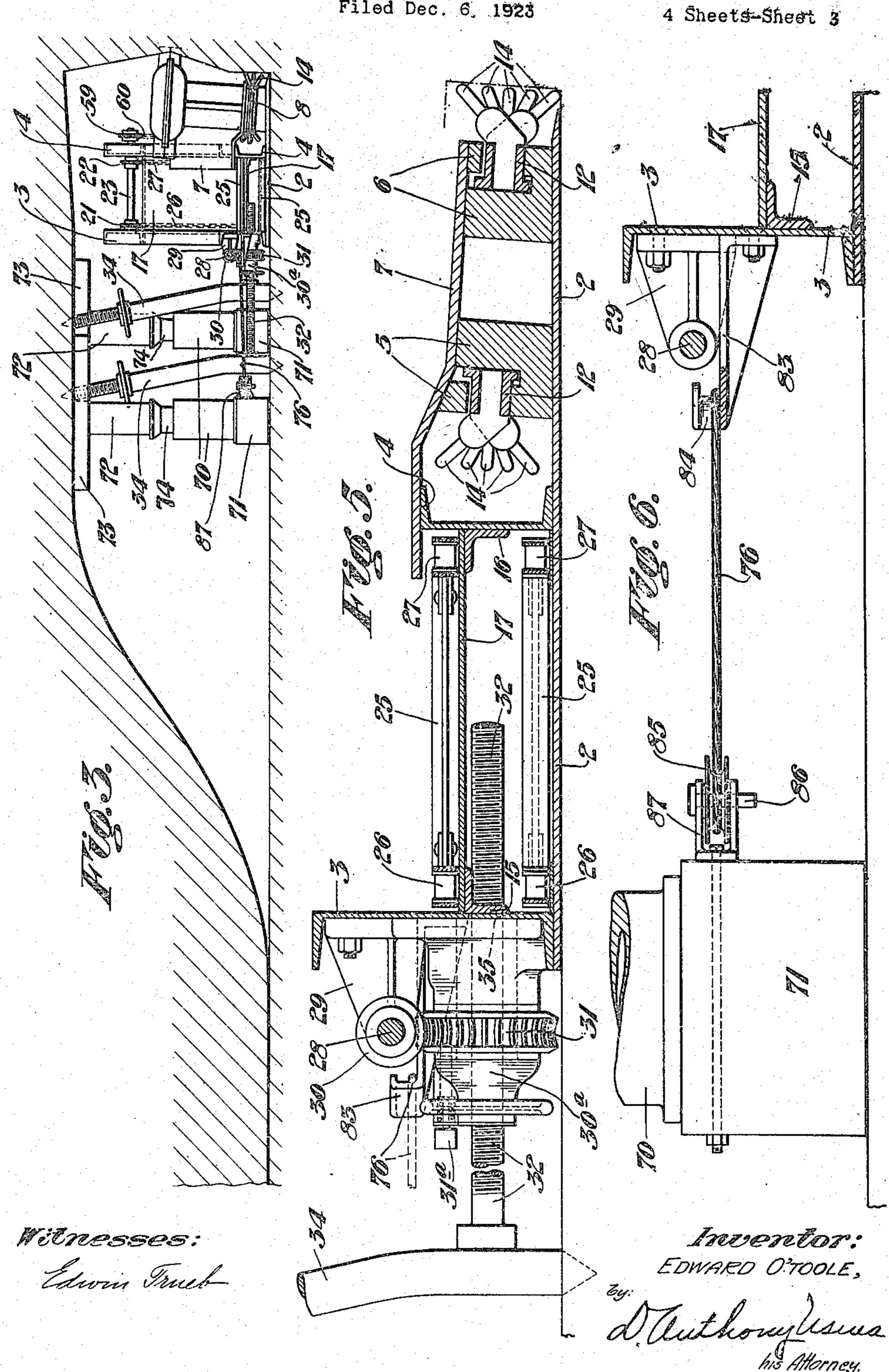
MINING APPARATUS



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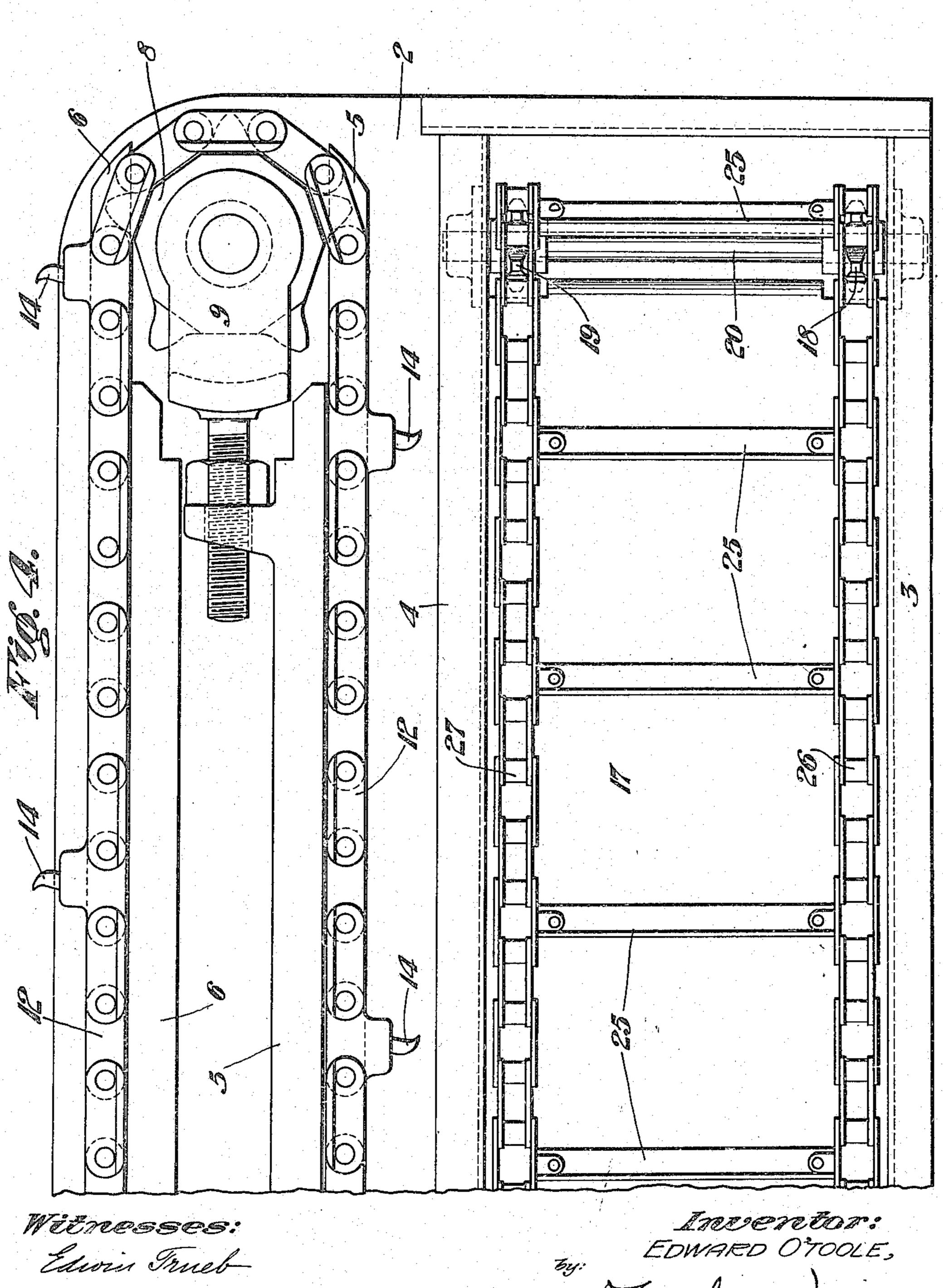


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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

EDWARD O'TOOLE, OF GARY, WEST VIRGINIA.

MINING APPARATUS.

Application filed December 6, 1923. Serial No. 678,863.

To all whom it may concern:

citizen of the United States, and resident of of the machine. Gary, in the county of McDowell and State A cutter chain 12 having the usual cutting and useful Improvements in Mining Apparatus, of which the following is a specification.

and while not limited thereto relates more 4, respectively, and serve as a support for a particularly to mining machines of the long-conveyer plate 17. wall type, such as shown, described and A pair of idler sprockets 18 and 19 are

progresses.

Another object is to provide novel roof upwardly on an angle and extend beyond tion of parts hereinafter described and illus- the cars B or other conveying devices.

plan of the machine in working position.

Figure 1^a is a continuation of the plan of Figure 1 from the line X—X.

Figure 2 is a partial rear elevation of the machine.

Figure 2^a is a continuation of the eleva- A drive shaft 28 is journaled in bearings

35 machine.

the machine as a whole, which is composed roof and bottom of the mine and their forter chain guides 5 and 6, and housing or member 3. cover plate 7.

A cutter chain drive sprocket 10 is mounted 55 Be it known that I, Edward O'Toole, a on a drive shaft 11 adjacent the delivery end

5 of West Virginia, have invented certain new bits 14 is trained over the sprockets 8 and 10 and serves to cut a kerf in the material be- 60 ing mined.

Angle brackets 15 and 16 are secured to This invention relates to mining machines the rear and front channel members 3 and

claimed in my copending application Serial mounted on a shaft 20 journaled in the No. 620,246, filed February 20, 1923. channel members 3 and 4 adjacent the butt The object of the present invention is to end of the machine, and a pair of drive provide machines of this class with power sprockets 21 and 22 are mounted on a shaft 70 means for moving the roof supports, used 23 journaled in the channel members 3 and with such machines, forward as the mining 4 at the delivery end of the machines. The channel frame members 3 and 4 are inclined support moving mechanism, in combination the main body of the machine for a short 75 with a mining machine, such mechanism distance at the delivery end of the machine having the novel combination and construc- to provide for delivery of the material into

trated in the accompanying drawings.

A flight conveyer composed of T-shaped In the drawings, Figure 1 is a partial top flight members 25 secured to conveyer chain 80 members 26 and 27 is trained over the sprockets 18—19 and 21—22 so that it rides on the upper side of the conveyer plate 17 and serves to pull or convey the mined material along said plate.

tion of Figure 2 from the line Y—Y. 29 mounted on the channel 3 along the rear Figure 3 is an end elevation of the side of the machine, and carries a plurality of worm gears 30 adapted to mesh with Figure 4 is an enlarged plan of the butt worm wheels 31 freely movable on feed-in 90 end of the machine with housing and other or advancing bars 32. The worm gears 30 enclosing parts removed for clearness. and feed-in bars 32 are arranged in pairs so Figure 5 is an enlarged sectional elevation that one bar may be advancing while the on the line V—V of Figure 1^a. other bar is being moved in a forward posi-Figure 6 is a fragmentary elevation on an tion. The bars 32 are screw threaded and 95 enlarged scale, showing the manner in are provided with nuts 30a adapted to be which the cable is secured to a jack in pull- locked to the worm wheels 31 by locking pins ing it into a new position.

31a. The bars 32 are adapted to have their Referring more particularly to the draw- rear ends engaged against suitable removings, the letter A designates the frame of able jacks or posts 34 mounted between the 100 of a base or bottom plate 2, rear and front ward ends projected through suitable openchannel members 3 and 4, respectively, cut- ings or apertures 35 in the rear channel

The main frame of the machine is pro- 105 A cutter chain idler sprocket 8 is mounted vided with a motor base 38 on which is on a bearing 9 between the base plate 2 and mounted the drive motor 39 for the cutter cover plate 7 at the butt end of the machine, and conveyer. The motor 39 is coupled to

cured on the upper end of and adapted to drum 75.

beveled gear 45 on a stub shaft 46 jour- mechanism 79 and clutch 80 of any standnaled in bearings 46° on the base 38. The ard construction. sprockets 47 and 49 to drive the shaft 28. chine at the butt end as at 82.

52 on the base 38 and is provided on one chine frame A is provided at spaced inter-55 is trained over the sprocket 48 on the 70 used with the machine. The brackets 83

beveled gear 56 on a stub shaft 57 jour- therethrough. naled in the forward channel member of the As the machine advances through the coal 25 frame. The shaft 57 carries a sprocket 58 which is in line with a drive sprocket 59 on the conveyer drive shaft 23 and a sprocket chain 60 is trained over the facilitate the movement of the jacks and sprockets 58 and 59 so that the conveyer is their associated parts, the cable 76 will be ³⁰ also driven from the motor 39.

shaft 40, gears 44, 45, shaft 46, sprockets 47 and 49 and sprocket chain 50. Also simultaneous with the above operations the conveyer is operated from the motor 39 through shaft 40, gears 44, 45, sprocket 48, chain 55, sprocket 53, shaft 51, gears 54, 56, shaft 57, sprocket 58, chain 60 and sprocket 59.

As the machine cuts under the coal, the machine is fed forward into the kerf formed by the cutting chain, and the coal breaks down onto the housing plate 7 and is pushed onto the conveyer portion of the machine.

In Figures 1, 1^a, 2 and 2^a and 3, I have shown a plurality of jack members 70 arranged in two rows to the rear of the magered relation to the jacks of the other row.

71 and posts and cap pieces 72 and 73 are eliminated by the present invention. carried on the jack extension pieces 74. The jacks 70, base blocks 71, posts 72 and cap pieces 73 are preferably secured together in any well known manner to prevent their separation when being moved claims.

bodily during the mining operation.

The jacks 70 and their associated parts

I claim—

1. The combination with a mining maare adapted to be mechanically moved by

a counter-shaft 40 which carries à worm chine A, which consists essentially of a drum gear 41 meshed with a worm wheel 42 se- 75, cable 76 and motor 77 for operating the

drive the sprocket shaft 11 of the cutter The drum 75 is mounted on a suitable 5 chain drive. platform 78 extending rearwardly from the 70 The shaft 40 is provided intermediate its main frame of the machine and is driven by ends with a bevel gear 44 in mesh with a the motor 77 through a speed reducing

10 shaft 46 is provided with drive sprockets 47 The rope or cable 76 has one end secured 75 and 48. The sprocket 47 is in line with a to the drum 75 and is wrapped several sprocket 49 on the drive shaft 28 and a times around the drum, and has its other sprocket drive chain 50 is trained over the end secured to the main frame of the ma-

15 A stub shaft 51 is journaled in bearing The rear channel member 3 of the ma-80 end with a sprocket 53 and the other end vals with cable supporting brackets 83, one with a beveled gear 54. A sprocket chain bracket being provided for each of the jacks 20 shaft 46 and sprocket 53 on shaft 51 so are substantially U-shaped and have their 85 as to drive the shaft 51 and gear 54. rear wall cut away forming an opening 84 The gear 54 is in mesh with a second to permit a loop of the cable 76 to be drawn

the jacks 70 must be advanced to support 90 the new formed roof and to let the gob form to the rear of the machine. In order to pulled out and secured to suitable sheaves 85 95 In operation the motor 39 is started and detachably mounted on pins 86 in brackets the cutter chain is driven through its drive 87 on the base blocks 71 of the jacks. When sprocket 10 by the shaft 40, worm 41, worm the cable loop has been secured to the jacks wheel 42 and shaft 11. Simultaneous with the motor 77 will be started to operate the the operation of the cutter chain the feed-in drum 75 and take up the cable, thus pulling 100 bars are operated by shaft 28 which shaft in the loop and moving the attached jack receives its power from the motor 39 through forwardly toward the machine. Either one or a plurality of jacks may be moved at the same time, as desired.

> In the operation of the machine the jacks 105 in the back row are loosened and moved forward of the front row, and so on as the machine progresses and the gob forms immediately behind the supports. By forming the gob immediately behind the supports 110 and in such close proximity to the machine, the shearing forces on the under-cut coal are sufficient to break down the coal on the machine as it is under-cut.

Heretofore when jacks have been used to 115 support the mine roof it has been necessary to move them manually, and since jacks of chine, the jacks of one row being in stag- sufficient strength to support a mine roof are very heavy, a great amount of manual labor The jacks 70 are mounted on base blocks was necessary to move them, all of which is 120

> It will be understood that various changes in design and construction of details may be made without departing from the scope of my invention as defined in the appended 125

are adapted to be mechanically moved by chine and a plurality of movable roof supsuitable power means mounted on the map ports located to the rear of said machine, of

means on said machine adapted to be de- loops of the cable to said supports, whereby 25 said machine.

2. The combination with a mining ma- 4. The combination with a mining masaid machine.

ports located to the rear of said machine, of said cable to be drawn therethrough and on said drum, means at spaced intervals moved toward said machine. along said machine for permitting said cable In testimony whereof I have hereunto set to be drawn back toward said supports in my hand. loops, means for detachably securing said

tachably secured to selected ones of said when said drum is operated to take up said supports for moving said supports toward cable said supports will be moved toward said machine.

chine and a plurality of movable roof sup- chine and a plurality of movable roof sup- 30 ports located to the rear of said machine, ports located to the rear of said machine, of of a cable and cable operating means on a drum and drum operating mechanism said machine, said cable being adapted to be mounted adjacent one end of said machine, detachably secured to selected ones of said a cable having one end secured to the end supports for moving said supports toward of said machine opposite from said drum and 35 the other end secured to and wrapped on 3. The combination with a mining ma- said drum, cable guides secured at spaced chine and a plurality of movable roof sup- intervals along said machine for permitting a drum and drum operating mechanism back toward said supports in loops, means 40 mounted adjacent one end of said machine, for detachably securing said loops of the a cable having one end secured to the end cable to said supports, whereby when said of said machine opposite from said drum drum is operated to take up said cable the and the other end secured to and wrapped supports connected to said cable will be

EDWARD O'TOOLE.