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SCREEN FOR FILTER PRESSES.

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Fig.1.

476 3 1



A Fig.2.

Fig.3.







Fig.4.

Fig. 5. Inventor. Alexander 9. Stuart. M.J. S. Dennigut

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SCREEN FOR FILTER PRESSES.

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To all whom it may concern: Be it known that I, ALEXANDER T. STUART, a subject of the King of Great Britain, and resident of the city of Toronto, county of **5** York, Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in a Screen for Filter Presses, described in the following specification and illustrated in the accompanying 10 drawings, that form part of the same.

The principal objects of this invention are, to simplify the construction of the means for supporting the filtering fabric, thereby cheapening its cost and rendering 15 it more serviceable and more easily handled. The principal feature of the invention consists in the novel construction of a plurality of thin strips of rigid material arranged between the screens, whereby the 20 edges of said strips are spaced uniformly. In the drawings, Figure 1 is an eleva-

ribs or teats of each blade will engage the smooth surface of the adjacent blade. The blades may be held in the frame in any desirable manner either by having holding 55 rods passed therethrough or by having the frames grooved to receive and hold them, whichever may be the more desirable.

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In the modification shown in Figure 3, the blades 4 are formed with reversely arranged 60 ribs or teats 5 and 6 which project to either side of the plane surface. Between these peculiarly formed blades are placed in alternate arrangement the flat blades 7 and the ribs or teats extending from either side of 65 the intermediate blades hold them apart.

A further modification is shown in Figure 4 where the metal of the thin blade is folded to form a rib 8 which holds the adjacent blade separate therefrom at the edges 70 the desired distance.

A still further modification is illustrated tional view of a filter screen showing the in Figure 5 where a single fold 9 in the blade offsets the longitudinal sides and the Figure 2 is an enlarged cross sectional thickness of the fold spaces the edges the 75 What I claim as my invention is:--1. In a plate for filter presses, the combination with a frame, of a plurality of blades of thin sheet material having their so longitudinal edges spaced apart throughout the entire length thereof, the blades being deformed intermediate of their width to form spacers. 2. In a plate for filter presses, the com- 85 bination with a frame, of a plurality of blades of thin sheet material having raised projections intermediate of their width adapted to engage the adjacent blade, such projections being placed in offset arrange- 90 ment and adapted to space the edges of the blades a uniform distance apart from end to

filter fabric partly broken away.

25 view showing a simple form of structure desired distance apart. for maintaining a uniform spacing of the edges.

Figure 3 is an enlarged cross sectional view of a modification of the structure. Figures 4 and 5 are enlarged cross sec- 30° tional views of still further modifications. Improved forms of screens for filter presses propose the use of a plurality of extremely thin blades of rigid material 35 spaced apart and presenting their edges to support the screen fabric and it is the purpose of this invention to produce blades of a character which will be very easy to handle both in assembling the screen and in other-40 wise handling the same.

The method of spacing the supporting blades as herein proposed and illustrated in end, Figure 1 provides blades 1 and 2 which are 3. In a plate for filter presses, the comdeformed having the surfaces thereof in- bination with a frame, of a plurality of 95 45 dented at points 3 and 4 each side of the blades of thin sheet material, having transverse centre, which indentations may raised projections from both surfaces interbe either in the form of ribs extending mediate of their width and intermediate flat longitudinally from end to end of the blades blades arranged between alternate deformed or they may be in the form of teats. The blades. 50 ribs or teats thus formed are in the adjacent blades arranged in offset relation so that the

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