•

نې مېرې د شد. <sup>د</sup>

11

Nov. 18, 1924. ł

## 1,516,459

### R. REYNOLDS

PIANO PLAYER MUSIC AND MACHINE FOR PRODUCING SAME

> Filed Aug. 1920 23



Patented Nov. 18, 1924.

# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

REGINALD REYNOLDS, OF BARNES, LONDON, ENGLAND.

PIANO-PLAYER MUSIC AND MACHINE FOR PRODUCING SAME.

Application filed August 23, 1920. Serial No. 405,421.

(GRANTED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT OF MARCH 3, 1921, 41 STAT. L., 1313.)

other markings, and to enable bar lines and 55 other markings to be applied accurately. The invention consists in a piano player music sheet upon which markings are automatically placed in definite longitudinal positions relative to a series of marginal per- 60 forations in the music sheet. The invention also consists in a marking machine including a marking roll and a music sheet the feed of each being independent and each provided with a series of mar- 65 This invention relates to improvements in ginal perforations adapted to effect syn-The accompanying diagrammatic drawproduced. These markings, even when ap- of effecting accurate marking. This series 75 care taken in setting the individual sheets, roll  $\alpha$ , which carries a number of series of 80 batch, while different batches will differ still adapted to effect the required synchronous s5 such as bar lines to roll music. a corresponds to a definite mark of expres-90 It has been proposed to provide a pneu- sion which it is desired to imprint, say in matically actuated means for printing ex- typewritten characters, to the music sheet pression markings and a tempo line com- b. Only a single perforation of one of these a master roll is furnished with certain series cial marking roll a is unwound from an  $\tilde{u}p$ - 95 of perforations which control the action of per roller c on to a lower roller d, the two

1,516,459

To all whom it may concern: Be it known that I, REGINALD REYNOLDS, A. G. S. M., a subject of the King of Great Britain and Ireland, and residing at 34, The 5 Crescent, Barnes, London, S. W., England, have invented certain new and useful Improvements Relating to Piano-Player Music and Machines for Producing Same (for which I have filed an application in Eng-10 land Oct. 31, 1918, Patent No. 134,324), of which the following is a specification. music rolls hereinafter referred to as music chronism of their movements. sheets and their methods of manufacture. 15 Music sheets as at present produced have ing illustrates one way of carrying the inusually a tempoline for the guidance of the vention into effect. operator in using the tempo lever. They In carrying the invention into effect in also have an expression mark of an easily the form illustrated by way of example, I distinguished character for guidance as to provide a music sheet b with a single series 20 the magnitude of the sound desired to be of marginal perforations t for the purpose plied at the same time, are usually placed I employ simply for the purpose of synchro-on each music sheet individually, or in nising the movement of the music sheet bgroups of sheets, say a dozen at a time, but in the marking machine with the movement 25 their accuracy depends on the individual of the separate specially prepared marking and in controlling the marking devices, these marking perforations which are adapted to operations being done by hand. It will be register with tracker bar ducts confrolling seen therefore that considerable differences marking mechanism, and in addition carries 30 will occur in different sheets of the same a single series of marginal perforations sfurther, and any real approximation to ac- movement in conjunction with the marginal curacy is precluded. This is believed to be synchronising perforations t on the music one of the principal reasons why it has not sheet b. Each series of perforations pro-35 hitherto been feasible to apply markings vided in the specially prepared marking roll 40 prising a number of dots. By this proposal series is however shown (at 35). The spe-

the printing devices operating in connection being suitably driven through gearing in-with the music sheet, but since the drums dicated at e operated from a pneumatic mo-45 upon which both the master roll and music tor or other suitable moving device f. sheet are fed forward are geared mechani- The music sheet b can be similarly driven 100 cally together, considerable inaccuracy in by a motor g. the positioning of the markings on the music The inlet to the motor f which governssheet is liable to occur due say to the in- its operation is connected by way of a pipe 50 equality between the natural strength in the h to the values i, j, resting on pneumatic paper forming the master roll and that cushions m, n, respectively. The cushions 105 forming the music sheet. m and p lead by way of the pipes q and rThe objects of the invention therefore are to ducts in the tracker-bars corresponding to secure accuracy in the expression and to the marginal perforations s and t in the 

•

### $1,\!516,\!459$

roll  $\alpha$  and music sheet b. The cushions n chest 1 thence to the primary value chest and o lead to the values u and v in a sup- and the pipe 34 and to the motor f by way plementary value chest w to which suction is of the primary value chest and pipe h. A -applied by way of the pipe x. value 36 is provided with an operating rod

The values u and v rest on pneumatic 37 enabling it to be moved to close the end 70 อ cushions in connection with the pipes y and 38 of the pipe 33 and so arrest the movez leading to a motor controlled or bellows ment of both motors f and g when desired. chamber 1 which is in communication with In operation a motor 30 is continuously the chest 2 (carrying the primary valves running and suction is applied to the pipe 10 i to l) by way of suction pipes 3 and 4. 33 tending to lift the bellows plate 8 against 75 The pipes y and z terminate in a block 5 car-the action of the spring 9. It is also aprying a light spring controlled valve 6 adapt- plied by way of the pipe 3, valve i and pipe ed to be moved by a plunger 7 on the upward h to the motor f causing this to operate and travel of a bellows plate 8 which is moved to rotate the roll a until a perforation s 15 against the action of a controllable spring comes over the end of the pipe q. That pipe 80 9. The valve 6 on being raised by the is then open to atmosphere and the pipe 3 plunger 7 permits air to enter pipes y and z still being under reduced pressure, the pneuand raise the values u and v thus putting matic cushion m is distended, raising the the cushions n and o in connection with suc-valve i and closing the aperture above it. tion pipe x. The values u and v therefore At the same time the cushion n is distended so when in the position shown in the drawing because the connection to the value u is open allow values j and k to close and when in the to atmosphere, thus, both values i and j beraised position allow these values to open ing raised, the inlet to the motor f is closed by the deflation of cushions n and o. The and the motor stopped. Similarly the 25 governor I serves to regulate the speed at motor g is caused to rotate through suction 90 which the motors f and g operate since by applied by way of the pipe 34 until an apervariations of the tension of the spring 9 upon ture t in the roll b comes over the end of the bellows plate 8 the degree of suction re- the pipe r when the motor g is stopped also. quired to raise the bellows plate 8 is varied. The stopping of the roll a and chest b is 30 This plate 8 also carries a spring catch 10 therefore determined definitely by the mar- 95 which on being raised operates momentarily ginal perforations s and t respectively and a cut out valve 11 and permits air to pass is entirely independent of any unequal through a pipe 12 leading to pneumatic stretch in the paper comprising the marking cushion 15 in connection with valve 14 in roll and various music sheets. The tension <sup>35</sup> a valve chest 13. This valve 14 when occu- of the spring 9 is so adjusted that it prevents 100 pying the position shown, puts the pipe 17 the plate 8 being raised until a degree of into communication with the atmosphere but suction resulting from stoppage of both when it is raised, it puts the pipe 17 into motors is attained. Now as to the marking communication with the interior of valve on the roll b corresponding to the marking 40 chest 13 under suction through the pipe 16 on the roll a, both motors having stopped 105 and thus effects deflation of cushion  $1\overline{9}$  and in synchronism by means of the perforations dropping of the value 20. The main suction s and t as explained above, the plate 8 is chest 18 contains main suction pipe 21, and raised and the catch 10 lifts the valve 11 outlet 22 to a type operating valve chest 23 momentarily thereby putting the valve chest which has a pneumatic cushion 24, valve 23 in communication with main suction pipe 110 4525, operating means 26 for a typewriter 21. No effect however, is produced upon the mechanism 27 and a pipe 28 leading to an value 25 unless an aperture in the roll aorifice 35 in a tracker bar 29 under the roll is at the time registering with an opening a. The pipes 16, 21 and x are in communi- in the tracker bar 29. In the illustration, 50 cation with the bellows chamber 31 by means only one opening 35 is shown to which the 115 not shown. Thus, the effect of raising the pipe 28 communicates the other end of this cut out valve 11 is to place the type op- pipe leading to the cushion 24 of type erating valve chest 23 in communication mechanism 27 but as explained above, a with the main suction chest 18 which com- number of series of such openings, pipes and 55 munication is cut off immediately the valve type mechanisms are employed according to 120 11 again closes the pipe 12. It will be the different markings required on the music noted that the catch  $\overline{10}$  operates the value sheet. Assuming a perforation in the roll a11 before the plunger 7 has operated the is registering with the opening 35 during the value 6; the object of this arrangement time the value chest 23 is in communication will be explained below. \_\_\_\_\_ with the pipe 21, then the cushion 24 is in- 125 60 -Power is primarily applied to the ap- flated and the operating means 26 momenparatus from an electric motor 30 driving tarily is placed in communication with the blowing feeders 31 controlling a reservoir main suction and will effect the typing 32 and is transmitted to the motor g by way of the necessary characters upon the music 65 of a pipe 33 leading to the motor control sheet. Further movement of the plate 8 130

### 1,516,459

re-starting of both motors.

5 machine is utilized the current may be made duct in the tracker bar of the said music to depend on contact taking place together sheet. through both sets of perforations.

In some cases there are available margins of unperforated paper in existing music 10 sheets and I may in some cases provide in these margins a number of series of perfo- dependently to feed said music roll and said rations each corresponding to one of the music sheet over their respective tracker required markings. In such cases the music bars, series of perforations in said music 15 so constructed that the passage of each of tracker bar thereof, a series of marginal these new marginal perforations shall pneu- perforations in said music roll, the indimatically, mechanically or electrically cause a particular stamping or printing element instantly to come into contact with 20 the paper of the music roll, thus printing, marking or perforating the desired indications of expression, and also the bar lines, in the precise relative position on the music roll to that in which they occur in the cor-25 responding ordinary music. The series of marginal perforations are incorporated in the original master roll from which all the music rolls of the particular composition are reproduced, and thus uniform accuracy 30 is attained in the marking of each music roll.

causes the plunger 7 to lift the valve 6 and pneumatic means in connection with said cause the values j and k to drop and effect duct adapted to arrest movement of the music sheet successively with its individual When electric operation of the marking marginal perforations in register with a 60

3

2. A marking machine for music player sheets, including a marking roll and a music sheet, tracker bars for said music roll 65 and for said music sheet, means adapted insheet itself operates the stamping machine roll adapted to register with ducts in the 70 vidual perforations of the latter being adapted to register with a duct in the music roll's tracker bar simultaneously with the 75 registration of individual perforations of the first-named series of perforations with the first named tracker bar ducts, a series of marginal perforations in the music sheet, a corresponding tracker bar duct therefor 80 and means for arresting both the music sheet and the music roll upon registration of the individual marginal perforations with their corresponding tracker bar ducts. 3. A marking machine for music player 85 sheets, including a marking roll and a music sheet, tracker bars for said music roll and It will be appreciated that according to for said music sheet, means adapted independently to feed said music roll and said music sheet over their respective 90 tracker bars, series of perforations in said music roll adapted to register with ducts in the tracker bar thereof, a series of marginal perforations in said music roll, the individual perforations of the latter 95 being adapted to register with a duct in the music roll's tracker bar simultaneously with the registration of individual perforations of the first-named series of perforations with the first-named tracker bar ducts, a series 100 of marginal perforations in the music sheet, a corresponding tracker bar duct therefor, means for arresting both the music sheet and the music roll upon registration of the individual marginal perforations with their 105 corresponding tracker bar ducts, and means for appropriately marking said music sheet. said means being actuated upon registration of a perforation in the music roll with its

this invention the marking of each particular character takes place upon the music 35 sheet always in a definite longitudinal position relative to the marginal perforation therein. The markings therefore are definitely located in relation to the variation in the rendering they are intended to indi-40 cate. The markings preferred are eight in number:---

1. "p"; 2. "f"; 3. "Rall."; e. "accel."; 5. "tempo"; 6. " $\frown$  (pause)"; 7. " $\angle$ (account)"; and 8. a bar line.

Having now described my invention, what 45I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent is:-

1. A marking machine for music player sheets, including a marking roll and a <sup>50</sup> music sheet independent feeding means and a tracker bar for said music roll and for said music sheet, a series of marginal perforations in both roll and sheet, a duct in the tracker bar of said roll adapted to regis- corresponding tracker bar duct. ter successively with the individual mar-ginal perforations in the marking roll and

### REGINALD REYNOLDS.

· . .