Nov. 18, 1924.

B. J. DONADA

MOTOR ATTACHMENT

Filed Dec. 7, 1920

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BENITO JOSEPH DONADA, OF REFUGIO, TEXAS.

ATTACHMENT

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, BENITO J. DONADA, a citizen of United States of America, residing at Refugio, in the county of Refugio and State of Texas, have invented new and useful Improvements in Motor Attachments, of which the following is a specification.

and its primary object is to provide a prim-10 ing device which is so arranged as to be conveniently operated by the driver of an automobile to inject a quantity of liquid fuel engine.

15tion will be better understood when the following detail description is read in connection with the accompanying drawings, the

casing 15 through a branch pipe 23. The casing 15 is provided with a lateral projection 24 to which is coupled one end of a pipe 25, the opposite end arranged in communication with the intake manifold 10. Surrounding the needle valve 21 is a coiled spring 26 having one end bearing against My invention relates to motor attachments the cap 20, this spring operating to forcibly 60 move the plunger 17 through the casing 15, after the plunger has been retracted and the spring compressed. Normally the valve 21 is seated, and the fuel from the tank 12 into the cylinder of an internal combustion passes through the pipe 13 into the carbu- 65 retor 14 and then to the motor through the The nature and advantages of the inven- intake manifold. When it is desired to prime the engine, the cap 20 is unscrewed from the casing 15 just about one or two turns, thereby lifting the valve 21 from its 70 invention residing in the combination, con-seat and establishing communication bestruction and arrangement of parts as tween the feed pipe 13 and the branch pipe 25. After a few minutes this communication is closed by screwing the cap 20 home. plication, like numerals of reference indicate The plunger is retracted as above stated, 75 and as the fuel from the feed line 13 enters the casing the plunger is released and forcibly moved through the casing to inject the fuel contained in the casing into the intake manifold through the pipe 25. The rods 18 80 are terminally secured to a finger engaging element 27 arranged exteriorly of the cap 20 for the purpose of operating the plunger in the manner set forth. As shown in Figure 3, I have provided an 85 angle bracket 29 for supporting parts of the While it is believed that from the foregothe feed line and intake manifold. A hollow of the invention will be readily apparent, I 90 sorted to when desired, as fall within the scope of what is claimed. 95 What I claim is :---A device of the character described comprising a barrel casing having a valve seat at one end thereof controlling a passageway, a cap fitted to the other end of said casing 100 carrying a rod forming a needle valve for cooperation with the valve seat, a plunger slidably arranged on the rod, a coil spring encircling the rod and having engagement

 25°

claimed.

In the drawings forming part of this apthe similar parts in the several views and wherein :---

Figure 1 is a diagrammatic view showing the application of the invention.

Figure 2 is a vertical sectional view through the priming device.

Figure 3 is a perspective of one of the ele-30ments embodied in the invention.

Referring to the drawings in detail, A indicates generally a motor including the intake manifold 10 and the exhaust manifold 11. Leading from the fuel supply tank 12 invention as shown in Figure 1. is a feed pipe 13 communicating with the carburetor 14 which is interposed between ing description the nature and advantages tubular casing 15 projects through the dash desire to have it understood that I do not board 16 of the vehicle, and arranged to re- limit myself to what is hereinshown and deciprocate within this casing is a hollow plun-scribed, and that such changes may be reger 17 of a diameter less than the diameter of the internal casing 15 so as to be slightly spaced from the latter. The plunger 17 is supported by spaced parallel rods 18 which are slidable through a cap 20 removably associated with the upper end of the casing 15. Secured to this cap 20 is a needle valve 21 which passes through the casing and normally engages the seat 22 adjacent the lower end thereof. This valve controls the communication between the feed line 13 and the

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with the plunger and cap, a finger engaging element arranged above the cap and attached to a plurality of rods passing through and supported by the cap and attached at their ⁵ opposite ends to the plunger whereby upon movement of said finger engaging element, rods and plunger, priming fluid will be

drawn through the passageway into said cas-ing and subsequently will be forcibly ejected therefrom by the spring-pressed return ¹⁰ movement of the plunger. In testimony whereof I affix my signature.

BENITO JOSEPH DONADA.

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