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Nov. 18, 1924.

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ELECTRICAL STEAM WHISTLE INSTALLATION FOR BOATS

Filed Feb. 16 1920

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Inventor F.L.Saunders

# Patented Nov. 18, 1924.

# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FRANK L. SAUNDERS, OF ASHTABULA, OHIO.

ELECTRICAL STEAM-WHISTLE INSTALLATION FOR BOATS.

Application filed February 16, 1920. Serial No. 359,017.

To all whom it may concern:

a citizen of the United States, residing at referred to are determined and of the hous-<sup>5</sup>State of Ohio, have invented certain new 2 is an elevation of the magnetic switch and useful Improvements in an Electrical adapted to be connected up in series with Steam-Whistle Installation for Boats, of the light or lamps on the pilot house. Fig. which the following is a specification. 3 is an elevation of the complete invention 10 provide electrically operated means for whistle controlling mechanism in detail in blowing the main whistle of steam vessels of operating relations and including a solenoid, all classes wherein electricity is installed, the magnetic switch disclosed in the contact and the several parts are adapted to be so wheel shown in detail in Fig. 1, and the 10 make of whistle valve without interfering wires, switches, push buttons and other in any way with the hand blowing mech- parts of a complete outfit, substantially as anism. In detail, the invention comprises hereinafter fully described. means whereby the whistle may be made Having reference first to the means for 20 ber, as may be required, by simply pressing mal running conditions, we have the wire a push button in the pilot house, the same connections or pilot circuit 2 extending as anyone would do to ring an electric bell, from one or more conveniently located push or, in case a ship is navigating in fog, the buttons b in the pilot house to the means at mothe "automatic" and the whistle will con- the whistle w. Thus wires 2 connect with tinue to blow the fog signals as required by a magnetic relay switch H which is adapted the U.S. Steamboat Inspection Service un- to switch on the electric current in full to til the switch is snapped off. In thick fog a solenoid s over a main line circuit a. Solesound three distinct blasts of her whistle at pull of 60 pounds, more or less, and as intervals of not more than one minute, for shown herein is supported by a bracket 3 the Great Lakes. On the ocean they are re- on the inside of the boiler house. An actuquired to sound one distinct blast of not less ated rod 4 extends from the solenoid more than one minute. This device will op- the horizontal arm of bell crank c. The erate the same on ocean vessels as on the said connecting rod is projected through a Great Lakes by using only a single contact fixed tube 5 and has a close fitting sleeve 6 If wheels for Great Lakes service. bell crank c is provided at 7 in an angle on the service of the service ofstallation which is connected up in series loosely connected by means of a loop 8 with with a relay switch coil, and will light when- a lever 9 pivoted in bracket 10 on pipe P If out automatically as soon as the whistle valve 13 in said pipe which controls the ceases blowing. This light is an aid to steam to the whistle. The said valve re-

Fig. 1 is a sectional elevation of the con-Be it known that I, FRANK L. SAUNDERS, tact wheel by which the time blasts above Ashtabula, in the county of Ashtabula and ing and turning mechanism therewith. Fig. 60 The object of the invention herein is to largely diagrammatic but showing the electric 65 arranged and connected up as to operate any lights on the pilot house, with the electrical 70 to blow any length of blasts and in any num- blowing the whistle under ordinary or nor-75 switch may be thrown onto what is termed or near the stern of the boat for blowing 80 a vessel under way is required by law to noid S is built for heavy duty and has a 85 than five seconds duration at intervals of not through the floor above and connects with 90 bar in the contact wheel of the proper length threaded thereon and slidable upon said instead of the three bars used in contact tube and adapted to exclude water. The 95 There is also an electric light in the in- the steam whistle steam pipe P and is ever the whistle starts to blow and will go and adapted to engage the stem 11 of the 100

1,515,888

boats navigating at night when it is too dark mains closed normally as shown in Fig. 5, to see the steam from the whistle of another and lever 9 is held normally out of engageboat when it is being blown. Whenever a ment with stem 11 and the spiral retracting 105 boat equipped with this device is in com-spring 12 is stretched between the end of pany with other boats at night which are the bell crank c and the bracket 10 and its meeting still more boats it is easy for the tension opposes the downward pull of the boats you are meeting to know when your solenoid when energized to actuate the whispassing signals have been blown and by the or whistle valve. This, however, leaves 110 55 which boat they were blown, thus perhaps the said valve free to be operated by the avoiding collision. pilot by direct mechanical connection, say

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a wire running to the arm 14, which is on valve and has a finger adapted to press the which the current flows and closes the cirvalve stem 11 inwardly by bearing against 5 the extremity of the lever 9 intervening said finger and stem.

Incident to the electrical push-button operation from the pilot house to the whistle through the solenoid and as a precaution in 10 operating in fog or the like, I provide an automatic fog signal blowing device seen in diagram Fig. 3, and in detail Fig. 1. This device is enclosed in a suitable casing or housing 16 with a door d at its front and com-15 prises a contact wheel D and clock work 17 lamp or light 33, and if thrown to the left which is electrically connected up in series the lower light 34 will be in circuit. Thus, adapted to rotate at a predetermined rate, can be immediately placed in circuit, so say one revolution per minute, and when 20 the switch 21 is closed, the whistle will operate automatically. Thus wheel D is of fibre or other non-conducting material and mounted on the spindle or arbor of the clock, and the wheel is equipped with three radi-25 ally-disposed copper contact bars 18 adapted to be engaged successively by the brush 20. Three distinct blasts of the whistle will then be blown at the requisite intervals as the said wheel revolves, and one or more of such 30 contact bars 18 can be employed according enclosing said guide, and a steam whistle to the service desired, and of any desired contiguous to said housing having a valve quired. On the Great Lakes, three distinct valve. successive blasts of not less than five sec- 2. In an electrical steam whistle installa-35 onds each are required at intervals of not tion for vessels, a steam whistle and a valve more than one minute, while on the ocean having a stem, a pivoted arm and a pivoted tion at intervals of not more than one minute posite said stem and co-acting to open said is required. The push buttons b and switch valve, a bell crank adapted to actuate said 40 21 are all located within convenient reach lever and having loose operable connection of the pilot, and manual or automatic con- with said lever to permit said arm to be be used at night when the blowing of the crank. 45 whistle may not be heard or when several 3. In an electrical steam whistle for veswhistles are being blown and confusion sels, a steam whistle and valve therefor connected in parallel with solenoid S and a pivoted arm adapted to co-operate in actudependent for its illumination upon mag- ating said stem, a bell crank having a loop 50 netic switch H. This flash light is placed connection with said lever, and a solenoid in any suitable position to direct its rays and spring, said solenoid adapted to operate is blown so that the operation of blowing return the bell crank to its original posithe whistle can be seen, if not heard, by the tion. 55 pilots of other vessels.

tively small current. As shown this switch a bracket pivoted from the housing of said comprises a coil 25, and contacts 27 through 60 cuit -a-. A separate switch 29 may be used to place light 22 in the circuit, or to turn it off in the day time.

Finally, there are two electric lights 33 65 and 34 shown in circuit 2 positioned one above the other on a shaft or column 30 adapted to be placed on the pilot house and so arranged that one or the other will light according to the position of the knife switch 70 32 in the pilot house. If this switch is thrown to the right it will cut in the upper with electric wires 2. The wheel D is if one light would be burned out the other 75 that whenever the whistle blows a light will flash from the pilot house for the same interval of time and produce a visible signal as well as an audible one. 80 What I claim is: 1. In an electrical steam whistle installation for vessels, a solenoid having an operating rod, a protecting housing for said solenoid having a tubular guide for said rod, 85 said guide rod extending to the outside of said housing, a member secured to said rod width according to the length of blast re- and means for connecting said rod to said 90 one blast of not less than five seconds dura- lever having overlapping extremities op- 95 trol may be exercised independently. operated independently of said levers, and 100 A further element or medium adapted to electrical means adapted to operate said bell exists is the electric flash light 22, which is having an exposed stem, a pivoted lever and 105 upon the escaping steam when the whistle said bell crank and said spring adapted to 110

Signed at Cleveland, in the county of The magnetic switch is of a well known Cuyahoga, and State of Ohio, this 12th day

## type used to switch a heavy current by of February, 1920. means of a pilot circuit carrying a compara- FRA FRANK L. SAUNDERS.