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SURFACE GAUGE

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JOHN MASONE, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

SURFACE GAUGE.

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To all whom it may concern: intersecting the lower rear portion of the Be it known that I, JOHN MASONE, a groove 11, is a chamber 14 opening at the citizen of the United States, residing at side. New York city, borough of the Bronx, in 15 indicates a rocker in the nature of a 60 5 the county of Bronx and State of New York, bell crank lever fitted and adjustable within the groove 11 and mounted primarily upon have invented certain new and useful Ima pivot 16 extending horizontally across the provements in Surface Gauges, of which the grooved portion of the base. A coil spring following is a specification. This invention relates to instruments of 17 is fitted in the pit 12 and bears upward 6510 precision and has particular reference to in- against the front end portion of the rocker struments commonly used by machinists and at 18, the tendency of the spring being to tilt the rocker upward in front and downknown as surface gauges. Among the objects of the invention is to ward at the rear. A screw 19 is pivotally or provide a surface gauge adapted especially otherwise hung below the rear end of the 70 15 for use and manipulation by one hand only, rocker and projects downward into the pit it being the usual practice to require both 13. A thumb nut 20 has threaded engagehands for the manipulation and adjustment ment with the screw 19. This nut lies within the chamber 14 but projects outward suffiof such instruments. A further object of the invention is to ciently far beyond the adjacent side face of 75 20 provide a peculiar and novel clamping means the base to be easily turned by the operator's for the adjustable parts of the instrument. thumb while he grasps with the fingers of With the foregoing and other objects in the same hand the base for determining the view the invention consists in the arrange- position of the entire instrument upon the ment and combination of parts hereinafter flat surface. The spring 17 tending to swing 80 25 described and claimed, and while the inven- the rocker as described around its pivot 16 tion is not restricted to the exact details of tends to hold the bottom face of the nut construction disclosed or suggested herein, against the bottom wall of the chamber 14. still for the purpose of illustrating a prac- In other words, there is always sufficient friction between the nut and the structure 85 tical embodiment thereof reference is had to of the base beneath it to prevent accidental 30 the accompanying drawings, in which like rotation of the nut, but the nut is always reference characters designate the same parts easily turned by the operator's thumb. in the several views, and in which---21 indicates a pedestal in the nature of a Figure 1 is a front elevation, showing a straight arm or bar of metal, preferably of 90 preferred embodiment of my improvement. round structure, and adjustably attached to Fig. 2 is a side elevation of the same, parts 35the rocker by suitable clamping means. This being in section. means, as shown in Fig. 3 in detail, com-Fig. 3 is an enlarged section detail on the prises a cylindrical pin 22 having a head 23 line 3-3 of Fig. 2. Fig. 4 is an end elevation of one of the fitted in a counter sunk hole 24 in the upper 95 portion or arm of the rocker and extending 40 gripping sleeves. thence horizontally across or above the front Referring now more specifically to the end of the base. The pedestal is extended drawings, I show my improvement as comloosely through a hole 25 formed through the prising a base 10, the bottom of which is adapted as is usual in instruments of this pin, and the end of the pin remote from the 100 45 class to slide or be moved about upon any head 23 is bored centrally at 26 in which is fitted a round pointed dog 27 urged tolevel or flat surface in the taking of readward the pedestal 21 by means of a spring ings or calculations. This base is provided 28 fitted in the bore 26 between the dog and along one side with a longitudinal groove 11 a center screw 29 tapped with a tight thread 105 extending from one end to the other parallel in the outer end of the bore 26. 50 to and close to one side and extending from the top of the base toward its bottom. Near Surrounding the pin 22 on opposite sides the front end of the base a pit 12 is formed, of the pedestal are two sleeve members 30 and likewise near the rear end below the and 31 constituting jaws and having cogroove 11 is another pit or counter bore 13. operating or mating notches 32 for direct 110 55 Extending inward and horizontally from engagement with the pedestal. The depth the side of the base just referred to, and of these notches is slightly less than the

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radius of the pedestal, and hence when the the pedestal projects loosely. On opposite sleeves or jaws are urged toward each other sides of the pedestal and rotatably surthey grip the opposite sides of the pedestal rounding the pin are two jaw sleeves 30' independently of the wall of the hole 25 in and 31' having notches 32 of the same char-5 the pin. The sleeve 30 abuts at its end acter as described above for direct gripping 70 remote from the pedestal against the inner of the pedestal. A nut 33' co-operates with side wall of the rocker, and the remote end the threaded shank 40 for causing the gripof the jaw 31, which extends beyond the end ping of the jaws upon the pedestal, prefof the pin 22, is adapted to be engaged by erably through a washer 34' bearing against 10 a thumb nut 33, either directly or by a the outer end of the sleeve 31'. A spring 75 washer 34 interposed between the sleeve 31 25' is preferably employed between the nut and said nut. The washer 34 which is pref- and the washer for temporary holding purerably used surrounds loosely the center poses as already described in connection screw 29, and between said washer and the with the lower clamp. 15 nut 23 is interposed a relatively strong coil Adjacent to the head 39, the pin 38 is 80 spring 35, the function of which is to con-provided with an annular groove 41, and stitute a temporary holder for the clamping surrounding this portion of the pin is a members in holding the pedestal in prelimi- collar 42 having a pair of notches or holes nary adjustment either longitudinally or 43 tangential to the bottom of the groove 20 circumferentially. It will be understood and along which the needle 37 is fitted. 85 that the pin 22, being carried directly by When the nut 33' is loose enough the needle the rocker, may be regarded as a fixture 37 obviously may be swung around the axis with respect to the rocker, and so the jaw of the pin so as to lie in any tangential sleeve 30 likewise is substantially fixed in position along said groove 41, primarily for ²⁵ position longitudinally of the pin, but of the vertical adjustment of either point of 90 course both sleeves are free to rotate with the needle which may be active at any time. the pin around the axis of the latter when The collar 42 abuts against the sleeve 30', the pedestal is being tilted forward or rear- and when the nut 33' is tightened this tightward. The nut 33 may always be gripped at ening reacts along the pin between the head ³⁰ the side of the base. An easy rotation of 39, the needle, and the sleeve 31' to grip both 95 the nut 33 in conjunction with the force of the needle and the pedestal. When the the springs 28 and 35 will make a tight approximate adjustment of the needle point grip between the pedestal and the rocker. is effected through the action just described, The description thus far contemplates that or in connection with the vertical adjust-³⁵ the pedestal 21 is smooth and cylindrical ment of the pedestal, or the vertical adjust- 100 throughout, but I find it advantageous to ment of the upper clamp along the pedestal, provide adjacent to the lower end of the the preliminary or approximate adjustment pedestal a circumferential V-groove 36 into of the needle point will be determined by the which the rounded point of the dog 27 will tightening of both of the nuts 33 and 33'. ⁴⁰ snap when the pedestal is adjusted to the Following this preliminary or approximate 105 right height. The action of the dog and its adjustment, the final delicate adjustment of spring is to so co-operate with this groove the needle point will be effected by the maas to hold the pedestal at the elevation indi- nipulation of the entire instrument over the cated, but the pedestal may be rotated surface and the operation of the operator's ⁴⁵ around its axis freely while being so held thumb on the nut 20 in the rocking or tilt- 110 vertically, so far as the dog is concerned. ing of the member 15, which having rela-The sleeves 30 and 31 are provided with tively short arms will effect a ready and yet auxiliary notches 32' at 90° from the centers delicate adjustment of the needle point, the of the first mentioned notches 32 which may other hand of the operator being free to ⁵⁰ be employed for the gripping of a needle or manipulate other devices. 115 other similar object when the pedestal 21 The sleeve 30 is provided preferably at is removed. one end adjacent to the rocker with one or 37 indicates a needle or pointer of any more V-grooves 44 but indicated in Fig. 4 suitable or approved construction, the same as arranged at 90° apart, one being at the 55 being shown as having a straight point at top when the pedestal is vertical. These 120 one end and a bent point at the other as is grooves are adapted for co-operation with well understood in the art. a spring 45 secured to the top portion of The means to secure the needle adjustably the member 15. When the pedestal is to the pedestal includes a clamp of somewhat moved to the upright position, the spring 60 the same character as described in detail snapping into the adjacent groove 44 will 125 a bove, the same including a pin 38 having hold the parts preliminarily in such position, a head 39 at one end and a reduced threaded or if the pedestal is swung forward to the shank 40 at its other end. The body of this horizontal the other groove or notch 44 will pin 38 is provided with a large hole corre- receive the spring for holding the pedestal ⁶⁵ sponding to the hole 25 and through which in such position. It will of course be under-130

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stood that the force of the spring will only through the pin to cause the reaction of the 65 be sufficient to hold the weight of the parts sleeves toward each other. in either position and that the pin may be 6. Mechanism as set forth in claim 5 in rotated nevertheless when desired, and of which the pin and other clamping means 5 course when the nut 33 is tightened the co-operating therewith are normally fricirrespective of the notches 44.

I claim:

10 with a pedestal and a base, of means to secure the pedestal adjustably to the base, said means including a pin having a trans- erated dog within the pin co-operating with verse hole through which the pedestal pro- the groove to hold the pedestal from endjects loosely and a bore at an angle with wise movement preliminary to the tighten-15 said hole and communicating therewith, a ing of the clamp means. to bear moderately upon said pedestal, means fitted within said bore adapted to cause the dog to bear upon the pedestal, and 20 means co-operating with said fitted means cure the needle adjustably to the pedestal, to clamp rigidly the pedestal and pin together. 25 pedestal, and a base, of means to secure the notches on opposite sides of the pedestal, including a pin having a transverse hole threaded extension on the other end, and through which the pedestal projects loosely, means at the threaded end extension for a pair of clamping jaws on the pin at oppo- causing reaction between the head of the pin 30 site sides of the pedestal, and means for ad- and said gripping sleeves. justing said jaws.

parts will be locked in any desired position tionally held but rotatable around the axis 70 of the pin for completing an adjustment of the pedestal.

1. In a surface gauge, the combination 7. Mechanism as set forth in claim 5 including a groove circumferentially around the pedestal and an automatic spring op- 75 dog slidable within said bore and adapted 8. In a surface gauge, the combination 80 with a pedestal and means for approximating the vertical adjustment and support of the pedestal, of a needle, and means to sesaid adjustment means including a pin 85 through which the pedestal projects loosely, 2. In a surface gauge, the combination a pair of gripping sleeves surrounding with a pedestal, a needle secured to the the pin and having pedestal-engagement pedestal adjustably to the base, said means said pin having a head at one end and a 90 9. A device as set forth in claim 8 in 95 3. In a surface gauge, the combination which the pin is provided adjacent to its gentially in any direction, and a collar surrounding the pin adjacent to the groove and 100 having notches along which the needle projects, said collar reacting with one of the gripping sleeves for tightening the parts. 10. In a surface gauge, the combination of a base having a slot extending along one 105 side and downward from the top thereof, a pedestal supporting the needle, means to attach the pedestal to the rocker, and means acting between the base and the rocker for 110 tilting the rocker around its pivot, said means including a screw extending downward from the rocker and a nut below the pedestal, a screw in the pin bearing against for the operator's thumb of the same hand 115 11. Mechanism as set forth in claim 10

with a pedestal, a needle secured to the head with a circumferential groove along pedestal, and a base, of a pin on the base which the needle is adapted to project tanhaving a transverse hole through which the 35pedestal projects loosely, such pedestal having an annular groove therein, a spring pressed dog in the pin engaging in the grooved portion of the pedestal, and clamping sleeves on the pin at opposite sides of 40 the pedestal. 4. In a surface gauge, the combination with a pedestal, a needle secured to the rocker pivoted in said slot, a needle, a pedestal, and a base, of a pin on the base 45 having a transverse hole through which the pedestal projects loosely, such pedestal having an annular groove therein, a spring pressed dog in the pin engaging in the grooved portion of the pedestal, clamping sleeves on the pin at opposite sides of the rocker and accessible at said side of the base 50the spring-pressed dog, and a nut on the that holds and manipulates the base. screw exerting pressure on the clamping sleeves. 5. In a surface gauge, the combination of 55 a pedestal, a needle secured to the pedestal, a base, and means to secure the pedestal adjustably to the base, said means including a pin having a transverse hole through which the pedestal projects loosely, a pair of jaw 60 sleeves surrounding the pin adjacent to said hole and having notches for direct reception of the pedestal, and a thumb nut rotatable around the axis of the pin and acting

in which the means acting between the base

and the rocker for tilting the rocker includes a spring acting upon the rocker on 120 the side of the pivot remote from the nut and serving to tend to tilt the rocker in one direction and to provide a frictional grip between the nut and the base to prevent accidental rotation of the nut. 125In testimony whereof I affix my signature.

JOHN MASONE.