Nov. 18, 1924.

J. T. HOLTFOTH

METAL WORKING MACHINE

Filed Oct. 21, 1922

3 Sheets-Sheet 1

1,515,739



INVENTOR. Joachim T. Holtfoth

BY -Chappell Heard ATTORNEYS

/6

34

Nov. 18, 1924.

J. T. HOLTFOTH

MLTAL WORKING MACHINE

Filed Oct. 21, 1922

3 Sheets-Sheet 2

1,515,739



an

√EY**\$** 

Nov. 18, 1924.

METAL WORKING MACHINE

1,515,739

J. T. HOLTFOTH

Filed Oct. 21, 1922 3 Sheets-Sheet 3



TTQ\_XII



TTq\_VIIIA.

BY

Joachim T. Hoilfoth

43

TTQ XIV\_

26

· •

Chappell Eas ATTORNEY.S

INVENTOR.



JOACHIM T. HOLTFOTH, OF HIGHLAND PARK, MICHIGAN, ASSIGNOR TO L. A. YOUNG INDUSTRIES, INC., OF DETROIT, MICHIGAN.

METAL-WORKING MACHINE.

Application filed October 21, 1922. Serial No. 595,990.

To all whom it may concern:

FOTH, a citizen of the United States, residing pulley being broken away for convenience at Highland Park, county of Wayne, State in illustration. 5 of Michigan, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Metal-Working Ma- tive of the right hand end of the machine. chines, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to improvements in sectioned. 10 metal working machines.

the accompanying drawing as I have em- Fig. V is a transverse section on a line bodied them in a machine for conforming corresponding to line 5-5 of Fig. III, the the ends of S-shaped sheet metal strips or frame being omitted. 15 members employed in border frames of Fig. VI is a detail longitudinal section 70 spring cushion structures, such as illustrated on a line corresponding to line 6-6 of Fig. in my Patent No. 1,439,891, dated December II through the die members, the same being 26, 1922, in which the border rim is made shown in actuated position and in relation to up of two similarly shaped sections joined a piece of work. 20 by telescoping the ends thereof, one channel Fig. VII is a sectional view on a line cor- 75 coacting telescoping end part. My improve- work thereto. ments are, however, desirable and readily adapted for other shapes, or the contracting or expanding of the ends of sheet metal strips of other cross sections. The main objects of the invention are: First, to provide a machine for operating upon the ends of strips of S cross section for contracting or expanding parts thereof. of the class described which is effective for elevations of the ends of the work prior to the purpose and does not deform or distort parts of the strip other than the parts acted upon. Third, to provide a machine of the class described which is of very large capacity. 40 of the class described which is simple in line 14-14 of Fig. XII, respectively. structure, easy to operate, and not likely to get out of repair.

working machine embodying the features of Be it known that I, JOACHIM T. HOLT- my invention, a portion of the driving

> Fig. II is a fragmentary front perspec- 60 Fig. III is a fragmentary front elevation, the die member and its guide being partially

Fig. IV is a transverse section on a line 65 I have illustrated my improvements in corresponding to line 4-4 of Fig. III.

of the S-shaped frame being contracted to responding to line 7-7 of Fig. VI showing fit within the corresponding channel of the the form of the die and the relation of the

Fig. VII<sup>A</sup> is a detail longitudinal section on a line corresponding to line 7<sup>A</sup> 7<sup>A</sup> of 80 Fig. VII.

Fig. VIII is a sectional view on a line corresponding to line 8-8 of Fig. VI illustrating the form of die.

Fig. VIII<sup>A</sup> is a detail section on a line 85 corresponding to line 8<sup>A</sup> 8<sup>A</sup> of Fig. VIII. Second, to provide an improved machine Figs. IX and XI are fragmentary side the machine operating thereon.

Figs. X and XII are fragmentary eleva- 90 tions of the ends of the work after it has been operated upon.

Figs. XIII and XIV are end elevations Fourth, to provide an improved machine of the work on line 13-13 of Fig. X and 95 In the drawing similar reference numerals refer to similar parts throughout the sev-Further objects, and objects relating to eral views and the sectional views are taken at the ends of the section lines. **10**0 members 2, 3, 4 and 5. On the frame mem- 105 A structure which is a preferred embodi- bers 2 and 3 at the top of the pedestals I 55 Figure I is a front perspective of a metal the adjustment of the bed members accoin- 110

structural details, will definitely appear looking in the direction of the little arrows from the detailed description to follow. I accomplish the objects of my invention Referring to the drawing, in the embodiby the devices and means described in the ment illustrated I provide a frame comprisfollowing specification. The invention is ing pedestals 1, there being three pedestals clearly defined and pointed out in the illustrated, and the longitudinal frame 50 claims.

ment of my invention is clearly illustrated mount bed members 6 for adjustment toin the accompanying drawing, forming a wards and from each other. The operating part of this application, in which: parts being carried on these bed members,

· · · flange at 9.

## 1,515,739

modates work of different lengths. As stat- The operator standing in front of the maed, the particular machine illustrated is de- chine places the work in the rests 10, the insigned to operate on the work 7 of S cross termediate rest 41 being provided to assist in section, shown in Figs. IX and XI, the same the location of the work, one end of the work 5 being parts of cushion border frames such being positioned against the stop 34, al- 70 as illustrated in my said patent. The par- though it will be understood that the work ticular purpose of the machine is to con- is not pressed against the stop but merely tract one flange at 8 and the opposite positioned with the end at the side of the stop. The operator throws in the clutch by 10 To support the work in the machine I pro- means of the foot treadle 23. The operation 75 vide rests 10, the faces of the rests being of the machine being automatic it is only conformed at 11 to the shape of the work. necessary for the operator to place and re-Clamping jaws 12 are pivoted at 13 on the move the work and actuate the machine rests and have faces 14 which are comple-through the treadle 23. The cams and other 15 mentary to the faces of the rests so that the connections on the driving shaft are so po- 80 work is embraced on both sides. sitioned and arranged that the clamping At the rear of the machine is a driving jaws 12 are actuated to clamp the work in shaft 15 provided with a cam 16 acting upon the rests, the stop 34 retracted, and then the a plunger 17 which is connected by the links dies are actuated simultaneously through the 20 18 to the clamps,—see Fig. IV. These links connections described, the parts being re- 85 have springs 19 therein of such strength as tracted so that the operator may lift the work, thereby accommodating variations in This machine is of large capacity and the the gage of the work and avoiding the neces- parts are simple in structure and are not 90spring 20 normally holds the jaw in retract- I have illustrated and described my imed position. The shaft 15 is driven from the provements in an embodiment which I have pulley 21 through a clutch 22 controlled from found very practical, I have not attempted the foot lever 23 on the rod 5 which serves to illustrate or describe other modifications 30 as a rock-shaft, the rod having an arm 24 or adaptations as I believe the disclosure 95 connected by the link 25 to the clutch. The made will enable those skilled in the art to details of the clutch are not shown as they which my invention relates to embody or adapt the same as may be desired. Having thus described my invention what 35 ways 28 in alignment and reciprocate toward. I claim as new and desire to secure by Let-100 ters Patent is: 1. In a machine of the class described, the combination of bed members, a driving shaft, a manually controlled driving clutch for said shaft, work rests on said bed mem- 105 bers, coacting pivotally mounted work clamping jaws, springs acting to hold said jaws normally open, means for actuating said jaws comprising cams on said driving shaft. plungers coacting with said cams and links 110 connecting said plungers to said jaws, said remaining closed or in clamping position links having springs interposed therein, opposed aligned die members reciprocatingly mounted on said bed members to act on the work supported by said rests, and means for 115 simultaneously reciprocating said die members.

to exert a yielding clamping action upon the work from the machine. 25 sity of great accuracy in the parts. The likely to get out of repair in use.

form no part of my invention.

Die members 26 and 27 are mounted in the each other. These die members are connected by the pitmen or connecting rods 29 to the crank disks 30 of shafts 31 which have gears 32 thereon meshing with gears 33 on the 40 shaft 15. A positioning stop 34 is carried by the rock-shaft 35 having an arm 36 thereon connected by the link 37 to an arm 38 on the rock-shaft 39. This rock-shaft has an arm 40 disposed to be engaged by the cam 16 45 as shown in Fig. IV, the cam acting to retract the stop as the jaw is closed, the jaw during the reciprocation of the dies. A rest 41 is disposed intermediate the rests 10 to assist the operator in locating the work which is located with one end against the positioning stop. The recesses of the dies are con-

2. In a machine of the class described, the

formed to the reduced or conformed cross section of the work, the die 26 being beveled combination of bed members, a driving at 42 while the die 27 is beveled at  $\overline{43}$  so that as the dies close upon the work the work is contracted as indicated in Figs. X and XII. bers, coacting pivotally mounted work The die members operate simultaneously clamping jaws, means for actuating said upon opposite sides of the work, the work jaws comprising cams on said driving shaft. co being supported and gripped so that it is not opposed aligned die members reciprocatingly 125 buckled or deformed except as it is con- mounted on said bed members to act on the formed by the dies. The machine illustrated work supported by said rests, means for is provided with holders 44 adapted to re- simultaneously reciprocating said die memceive a quantity of the strips constituting the bers comprising driven shafts mounted on 65 work.

shaft, a manually controlled driving clutch 120 for said shaft, work rests on said bed memsaid bed members transversely of said driv- 130

## 1,515,739

ing shaft and geared thereto, said driven tioning stop normally lying in front of one shafts having crank disks at the forward of said die members, and means for actuatends thereof, connecting rods connecting ing said jaws and retracting said stop timed said die members to said crank disks, a so that the jaws are held in closed position lying normally in front of said die mem- stop is withdrawn from the part of the die bers, and means for retracting said stop with which it is associated. comprising said driving shaft. 6. In a machine of the class described, the

10 the combination of bed members, a driv- work of S cross section, coacting comple- 75 ing shaft, a manually controlled driving mentary work clamping jaws, aligned die clutch for said shaft, work rests on said members mounted for longitudinal reciprobed members, coacting pivotally mounted cating movement to simultaneously act on work clamping jaws, means for actuating 15 said jaws comprising cams on said driving shaft, opposed aligned die members recipro- ceive the ends of the work, one recess being catingly mounted on said bed members to conformed at its outer end to contract one act on the work supported by said rests, flange of the work and the other being means for simultaneously reciprocating said 20 die members comprising driven shafts mounted on said bed members transversely of said driving shaft and geared thereto, said driven shafts having crank disks at the forward ends thereof, and connecting rods 25 connecting said die members to said crank disks. 4. In a machine of the class described, the combination of bed members, a driving combination of work rests conformed to the shaft, a manually controlled driving clutch work, coacting work clamping jaws, aligned for said shaft, work rests on said bed mem- die members having longitudinal conform- 95 bers, coacting work clamping jaws, means ing recesses mounted for longitudinal recipfor actuating said jaws comprising cams on rocating movement to simultaneously act said driving shaft, opposed aligned die members reciprocatingly mounted on said bed said rests, means for simultaneously actuatmembers to act on the work supported by said rests, means for simultaneously reciprocating said die members driven by said shaft, a pivotally mounted work positioning stop lying normally in front of one of said die members, means for retracting said stop work stroke of the dies and the stop is with- 105 40comprising one of said cams on said driv. drawn from the path of the die with which ing shaft, a rock-shaft disposed parallel to it is associated. associated.

pivotally mounted work positioning stop during the work stroke of the dies and the 70

3. In a machine of the class described, combination of work rests conformed to

the ends of the work supported by said rests, said die members being recessed to re- 80 adapted to contract the other flange of the work whereby the ends are adapted for tele- 85 scoping engagement with a duplicate member, means for simultaneously actuating said die members, and means for actuating said jaws timed so that the jaws are held in closed position during the work stroke of 90 the dies.

7. In a machine of the class described, the

on opposite ends of the work supported by ing said die members, a work positioning stop 100 normally lying in front of one of said die members, and means for actuating said jaws and retracting said stop timed so that the jaws are held in closed position during the

said driving shaft and having an arm 8. In a machine of the class described, the thereon coacting with such cam, a return combination of work rests conformed to spring for said rock-shaft, and a link con-work of S-cross section, coacting work 110 necting said stop to an arm on said rock- clamping jaws, aligned die members having shaft, said cams being adapted to hold the longitudinal conforming recesses mounted clamps in closed position during the work for longitudinal reciprocating movement to stroke of the dies and to withdraw the stop simultaneously act on opposite projecting <sup>50</sup> from the path of the die with which it is ends of the work supported by said rests and 115 jaws, means for simultaneously actuating 5. In a machine of the class described, the said die members, and means for actuating combination of work rests conformed to said jaws timed so that the jaws are held work of S cross section, coacting comple- in closed position during the work stroke mentary work clamping jaws, aligned die of the dies. (1)120members mounted for longitudinal recipro-9. In a machine of the class described, the cating movement to simultaneously act on combination of a work rest conformed to the ends of the work supported by said rests, work of S cross section, a coacting comsaid die members being recessed to receive plementary work clamping jaw, means for the ends of the work, one recess being con- actuating said jaw to clamping engagement 125 formed at its outer end to contract one with the work in said rest, a die member flange of the work whereby the ends are mounted for longitudinal reciprocating adapted for telescoping engagement with a movement to act on the end of the work supduplicate member, means for simultaneously ported by said rest, said die member being actuating said die members, a work posi- recessed to receive the end of the work, the 130

1,515,739 recess being beveled at its outer end to to work of S-cross section disposed in spaced 40

relation to support the work adjacent its contract one flange of the work, means for ends and with its ends projecting at the actuating said die member, a work positionoutside of the holders, aligned die members ing stop normally lying in front of said mounted for longitudinal reciprocating 5 die member, and means for actuating said jaw and retracting said stop timed so that projecting ends of the work supported by the jaw is held in closed position during said rests, said die members being recessed the work stroke of the die and the stop is to receive the ends of the work, one recess withdrawn from the path of the die with being conformed at its outer end to contract 10 which it is associated.

movement to simultaneously act upon the 45

10. In a machine of the class described, the combination of a work rest conformed to work of S-cross section, a coacting complementary work clamping jaw, means for actuating 15 said jaw to clamping engagement with the work in said rest, a die member mounted for longitudinal reciprocating movement to act on the end of the work supported by said rest, said die member being recessed to re-20 ceive the end of the work, means for actuating said die member, and means for actuating said jaw timed so that the jaw is held in closed position during the work stroke of the die.

11. In a machine of the class described, the combination of a work rest conformed to work of S-cross section, a coacting complementary work clamping jaw, said jaw and rest being adapted to support the work with its end projecting therefrom, and a die member mounted for longitudinal reciprocating projecting end of the work while supported by said rest and jaw, said die member being recess being beveled at its outer end to contract one flange of the work.

one flange of the work whereby the ends 50 are adapted for telescoping engagement with a duplicate member, and means for simultaneously actuating said die members. 13. In a machine of the class described, the combination of work holders conformed 55 to work of S-cross section disposed in spaced relation to support the work adjacent its ends and with its ends projecting at the outside of the holders, aligned die members mounted for longitudinal reciprocating 60 movement to simultaneously act upon the projecting ends of the work supported by said rests, and means for simultaneously actuating said die members.

14. In a machine of the class described, 65 the combination of work supporting means adapted to support work of S-cross section with the end of the work projecting therefrom, and a die member mounted for reciprocating movement longitudinally of the 7° movement relative to the work to act on the work to act on the projecting end thereof, said die member being recessed to receive the end of the work, the recess being beveled 35 recessed to receive the end of the work, the lat its outer end to contract one flange of the work. In witness whereof, I have hereunto set

12. In a machine of the class described, my hand and seal. the combination of work holders conformed 

JOACHIM T. HOLTFOTH. [L.S.]

. . . . -. · · · · · · - · · · · ·

· ·

-

. 

.