

Lis ATTORNEYS.

Charles D. BY

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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CAR ROOF.

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To all whom it may concern: prises a vertical web portion 14 having a Be it known that I, CHARLES DAVID lateral flange 15 on its lower edge disposed

BONSALL, a citizen of the United States, and on one side of the web and a lateral flange

20 in combining the carlines and roof sheet of the lateral base flange 15 thereof, the free flanges to form weather-proofing seams or marginal portion of said flange 15 is bent

a resident of the city of Pittsburgh, in the 16 on its upper edge disposed on the oppocounty of Allegheny and State of Penn- site side of the web. The oppositely project- 60 sylvania, have invented a certain new and ing top and bottom flanges 15 and 16 are of useful Improvement in Car Roofs, of which the same width and extend continuously the following is a specification. from end to end of the carline. The web This invention relates principally to car 14 of the carline gradually diminishes in 10 roofs of the all-steel riveted-up type where- depth from its middle toward its end thus 65 in self supporting roof sheets span from side affording surplus metal which is utilized plate to side plate and are rigidly secured in forming a depending flange 17 along the thereto and to carline members to form a free marginal edge of the lateral top flange rigid load-sustaining structure. The princi- 16 of the carline. As the depth of the web pal object of the present invention is to pro- portion 14 of the carline diminishes toward 70 duce a roof that will be stiffer and stronger each end thereof, there is a corresponding than previous roofs of the same weight of increase in the depth of the depending metal and at the same time facilitate the flange 17 from the middle of the carline tomanufacture and effect greater economy of ward each end. At points where the dependmaterial. The invention consists principally ing flange 17 of the carline reaches the plane 75 joints; and it also consists in the construc- outwardly, forming at each end of the cartion and arrangements of parts hereinafter line a lateral base flange 18 which increases in width toward the ends of the carline. 80 In the accompanying drawing wherein It is noted that the forming along the like symbols refer to like parts wherever free marginal edge of the lateral top flange 16 of the depending flange 17 and the form-Fig. 1 is a plan view of part of a car ing along the lower edge of the end portions roof embodying my invention; of said depending flange 17 of the lateral 85 Fig. 2 is an enlarged transverse section base flanges 18, which lie in the plane of the through one-half of the roof on the line bottom lateral flange 15 on the opposite side of the web 14, results in a carline which Fig. 3 is a cross-section through one of gradually changes from a substantially Zthe seams or joints at the ridge on the line shaped section at its middle into an inverted 90 channel-shaped section adjacent to each end Fig. 4 is a similar cross-section through having lateral base flanges 15 and 18. As said seam adjacent to the eaves on the line shown in the drawing, the ends of the carlines are preferably provided with down-

25 described and claimed.

they occur,

2-2 in Fig. 1;

3-3 in Fig. 1; and

4-4 in Fig. 1.

The present roof comprises metal roof turned flanges 19 that overhang the outer 95 40 sheets 5 that span the car from side plate edges of the side plates; and the inverted 6 to side plate 6 and are rigidly secured to channel-shaped end portions of the carlines said side plates by rivets 7. The roof sheets are preferably curved downwardly and slope upwardly from eaves to ridge and merge into the plane of the base flanges 15 45 are provided with downturned eaves flanges and 18 at points where they are turned down 100 8 that overhang the outer edges of the side to form the depending end flanges 19. plates. The roof sheets are spaced apart One side margin of each roof sheet is prefalong their adjacent side margins; and be- erably formed with a vertical upstanding tween the adjacent marginal portions of seam flange 9; and the other side margin successive roof sheets are disposed relatively of said sheet is pressed up preferably in 105 50 thick flanged members A whose ends rest the form of a seam flange 10 of substanon and are rigidly secured to the respective tially inverted L-shaped section; that is, it side plates and function as carlines. comprises a nearly vertical web portion at Each carline is preferably pressed from the top of which is an outwardly extending a piece of metal of uniform width and com- lateral flange.

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seam flange 9 at one side margin of a sheet is of substantially uniform depth from ridge to points adjacent to the eaves where its up-5 per edge is curved downwardly in a manner corresponding to the downwardly curved end portions of the carlines and merges into the plane of said sheet at points where its ends are turned down to form the depending 10 eaves flanges 8. The inverted L-shaped seam flange 9 at the other side margin of said sheet is of a depth corresponding substantially to the depth of the carlines; and carlines are positively secured together to form a strong and rigid weather-proofing 45 seam or joint construction. The eaves ends of the carlines are rigidly secured to the side plates 6 by the rivets 7 that secure the eaves ends of the roof sheets to said side plates. A very important advantage of the roof 50 construction hereinbefore described is that it permits the use of the carline as an element of a hollow weather-proofing seam construction. At the same time, the sheets and carlines are adapted for economical manu-55 facture by reason of the mere flanging opera-

As shown in the drawing, the upstanding it endwise. This increased strength in the weather proofing seams or joints enables a roof to be produced with sheets and carlines of lighter gauge than would otherwise be practicable. 70

The invention is not limited to the precise shapes and arrangements of parts shown and described.

What I claim is:

1. A car roof comprising carline members 75 of substantially Z-shaped section at the middle thereof changing to a channel section towards its ends and roof sheets having their likewise, said flange gradually decreases in adjacent marginal portions under and rigid-15 depth on opposite sides of the ridge and ly secured to said carline members and form- 80 has downwardly curved eaves end portions ing in connection therewith hollow weatherthat correspond to the downwardly curved proofing seams, the marginal portion of one ends of the carlines and the upstanding seam sheet being L-shaped and secured against flange 9. The lateral top flange portion of the underside of the horizontal portion of 20 the inverted L-shaped seam flange 10 of each the carline, and the marginal portion of the 85 roof sheet is of less width than the width adjacent sheet having a turned-up portion of the carlines; and it is preferable to ter- that is secured to the vertical portion of said minate said lateral flange portion a distance carline. from the eaves ends of said seam flange 2. A car roof comprising carline members 25 corresponding to the length of its down- of substantially Z-shaped section at its mid-⁹⁰ wardly curved eaves end portions. dle portion and roof sheets having flanged The sheets are placed on the car with the marginal portions lying under and secured upstanding seam flange 9 of one sheet ar- to said carline members to form in connecranged adjacent to the inverted L-shaped tion therewith hollow weather - proofing 30 seam flange 10 of the next adjacent sheet. seams, one flanged portion being disposed 95 The carlines are then placed over the seam vertically and secured by horizontal rivets flanges 9 and 10 of adjacent sheets with their and the other flanged portion having a horweb portions 14 in contact with the inner izontal part that is secured by vertical rivets. face of the flange 9 and with their lateral 3. A car roof comprising carline members 35 top flanges 16 in contact with the lateral of substantially Z-shaped section at its mid-100 top flange of the seam flange 10. The seam dle portion whose depth diminishes from flange 9 of one sheet is then secured to the ridge to eaves and roof sheets having flanged web 14 of a carline by horizontal rivets 12, adjacent marginal portions that are below and the lateral top flange of the next adja- and rigidly secured to said carline members 40 cent sheet is preferably secured to the lateral to form weather-proofing seams whose depth 105 top flange 16 of said carline by vertically decreases from ridge to eaves. disposed rivets 13, whereby the sheets and 4. A car roof comprising carline members of substantially Z-shaped section at its middle changing to channel section towards its ends and roof sheets having flanged mar-¹¹⁰ ginal portions that are spaced apart underneath said carline members, said marginal portions being secured to said carline members to form in connection therewith hollow weather-proofing seams of substantially in-¹¹⁵ verted channel-shaped section. 5. A car roof comprising carline members each of which has a middle portion of substantially Z-shaped section and end portions of substantially channel-shaped sec- 120 tion required in forming the carlines and tion, and roof sheets having seam flanges roof sheets. It is noted as an important ad- along their adjacent edges with vertical porvantage of my invention that the carlines tions that are spaced apart and disposed unand roof sheet flanges cooperate to form a der said carline members, said carline mem-60 combined carline and seam construction bers being rigidly secured to the adjacent 125 whose cross-sectional shape at the ridge seam flanges of successive sheets to form serves to take care of the vertical roof load in connection therewith hollow seams of suband whose cross-sectional shape at the eaves stantially channel-shaped section. serves to take care of the stresses that tend 6. A car roof comprising carline members 65 to rack and twist the car body and distort each of which diminishes in depth from its 130

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middle toward its ends and has a middle to the vertical portion of a carline member portion of substantially Z-shaped section and and the other to the top of said carline memend portions of inverted channel-shaped sec- ber to form in connection therewith seams along their adjacent side margins with ver- tion. tical portions that are spaced apart and disposed under said carline members, said car- each of which diminishes in depth from its line members being secured to the adjacent 10 connection therewith seams of inverted chan- end portions of inverted channel-shaped secnel-shaped section that diminish in depth tion, and roof sheets having upstanding seam from ridge to eaves. middle toward its ends and has a middle and being rigidly secured thereto to form 10 portion of substantially Z-shaped section seams in connection therewith of substanand end portions of inverted channel-shaped tially inverted channel-shaped section that section, and roof sheets having upstanding decrease in depth from ridge to eaves, the gins, said flanges being spaced apart and comprising an upstanding flange portion sedisposed under said carline members, said cured to the vertical portion of a carline carline members engaging the adjacent up- member on the inner face thereof and an standing seam flanges of successive sheets upwardly and outwardly flanged portion seseams of substantially inverted channel- carline member on the lower face thereof. shaped section that decrease in depth from 10. A car roof comprising carline memridge to eaves. middle toward its ends and has a middle shaped section that are provided with lateral 50portion of substantially Z-shaped section base flanges, and roof sheets below said carand end portions of inverted channel-shaped lines and having their adjacent marginal section, and roof sheets having upstanding portions flanged upwardly and secured to gins, said carline members covering the ad- therewith hollow seams of substantially injacent upstanding seam flanges of successive verted channel-shaped section, the flanges of sheets and being rigidly secured thereto to adjacent sheets comprising vertical portions form seams of substantially inverted chan- that are spaced apart. nel-shaped section that decrease in depth from ridge to eaves, the adjacent seam day of January, 1923. flanges of successive sheets being secured one CHARLES DAVID BONSALL.

tion, and roof sheets having seam flanges of substantially inverted channel-shaped sec- 45

9. A car roof comprising carline members middle toward its ends and has a middle seam flanges of successive sheets to form in portion of substantially Z-shaped section and 50 flanges along their adjacent side margins, 7. A car roof comprising carline members said carline members engaging the adjacent each of which diminishes in depth from its upstanding seam flanges of successive sheets 55 seam flanges along their adjacent side mar- adjacent seam flanges of successive sheets 60 and being rigidly secured thereto to form cured to the upper horizontal portion of said 65 bers each of which has a middle portion of 8. A car roof comprising carline members substantially Z-shaped section and end poreach of which diminishes in depth from its tions of substantially inverted channel- 70 seam flanges along their adjacent side mar- said carline members to form in connection 75

Signed at New Kensington, Pa., this 4th 80