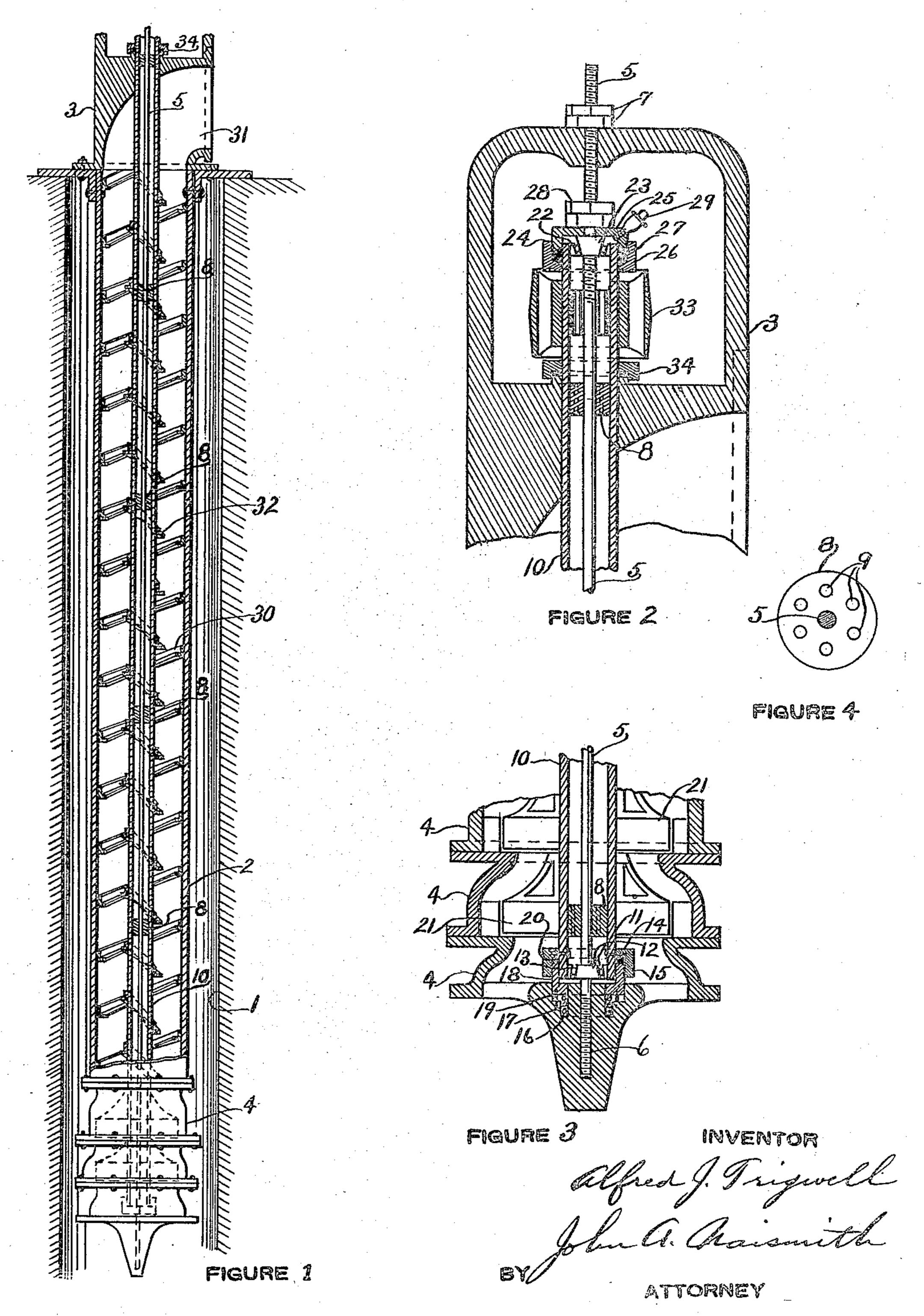
A. J. TRIGWELL

PUMP

Filed July 5, 1921



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ALFRED J. TRIGWELL, OF SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA.

PUMP.

Application filed July 5, 1921. Serial No. 482,424.

To all whom it may concern:

5 Santa Clara and State of California, have and carrying a downwardly extending flange

a specification.

well centrifugal pumps, and it is the object secured against rotating by dowel pins 19 teriorly arranged guides as to be maintained and on shaft 10 is mounted a runner as at 21. 15 in true vertical alignment and perfectly At 22 is shown a thrust bearing, the inner 25 nism for raising the water out of the well; and in which the pump shaft itself is utilized to assist in propelling the water in addition to operating the centrifugal pump.

In the drawing,

Figure 1 is a vertical section through a portion of a pump structure embodying my invention.

Figure 2 is an enlarged section through

the pump head.

the pump bowl.

Figure 4 is an enlarged plan view of one

guide.

Referring more particularly to the draw-40 ing, 1 indicates a well bore, 2 a discharge casing suspended therein below a pump head 3 and carrying pump bowls 4. At 5 is shown a center supporting rod extending from the In operation the hollow shaft 10 is propbottom bowl 4, into which it is screwed as erly adjusted on bearings 11 and 22 by means at 6, to the head 3, in which it is securely of lock nuts 28, and the shaft filled with fastened by lock-nuts 7. At 8 are shown a grease through cup 29. The guides 8 are 100 plurality of guide members arranged in preferably made to fit loosely in shaft 10 so spaced relation along and secured to rod 5 that the grease will readily work down past and slidably engaging shaft 10, and in the the same to the bottom of the shaft. These present case having conduits 9 formed guides 8 may be made in any form as with therein.

Concentrically arranged about rod 5 is a tube or shaft 10 mounted in lower bowl 4 by means of a thrust bearing at 11 the inner of shaft 10 is thoroughly oiled at all times.

ring 12 of the bearing being carried by rod 55 Be it known that I, Alfred J. Trigwell, 5 and the outer ring 13 by the shaft 10. At a subject of the King of Great Britain, and 14 is an annular member mounted on the a resident of San Jose, in the county of outer surface of the shaft 10 at its lower end invented certain new and useful Improve- 15. At 16 is shown a recess formed in the 60 ments in Pumps, of which the following is bottom of the lower bearing 4 concentric to rod 5 and having a spring 17 arranged there-My invention relates particularly to deep in operating against an annular sleeve 18 of my invention to provide a pump of the and extending upwardly into the space be- 65 nature indicated in which the drive shaft tween shaft 10 and flange 15 to engage a itself is revolved and so supported upon in- packing 20 placed therein. In each bowl 4

lubricated throughout its full length. Fur-ring 23 of which is mounted on rod 5, and 70 ther objects are to provide a pump of the the outer ring 24 of which is mounted on the character indicated, in which the water in upper end of shaft 10. At 25 is a cap mountthe well is completely closed off from the ed on inner ring 23 and extending down-20 friction surfaces of the pump; in which wardly over the upper edge of hollow shaft novel construction is employed to prevent 10 and threaded externally to engage a nut 75 the entrance of water to the interior of the 26, packing 27 being inserted between nut shaft; in which novel means is provided to 26 and cap 25. The inner ring 23 is adjusted cooperate with the centrifugal pump mecha- with relation to outer ring 24 by means of lock nuts 28 on rod 5. Oil or grease of desired consistency is fed into the interior of 80 shaft 10 by means of cup 29.

At 30 is shown an angle iron formed into a spiral of substantially the same diameter as the interior of casing 2 and inserted therein to extend from the upper bowl 4 to dis- 85 charge pipe 31. At 32 is shown another angle iron formed into a spiral of substantially the same diameter as the exterior of Figure 3 is an enlarged section through hollow shaft 10 and inserted thereon to extend from the upper bowl 4 to the discharge 90 pipe 31, this spiral being directed oppositely to spiral 30 in casing 2. A pulley 33 is shown mounted on hollow shaft 10, and a packing gland 34 is arranged between shaft 10 and head 3 where the former emerges 95

> conduits 9 therein to permit the grease to 105 more readily work through to the bottom.

from the latter.

By means of this construction the interior

and water is effectually prevented from en-normally holding the same in close engagetering the same by means of packing glands ment with said first element. 27 and 20. The spring supported element 18 permits the free rotation of shaft 10, pre-5 vents the ingress of water to shaft 10 and permits the egress of oil from said shaft if sufficient pressure is exerted thereon to cause the retraction of element 18 a sufficient distance to open a passage by packing 20. 10 This feature is important because it permits grease to appear on the water when the shaft discontinued.

When the water is discharged from the uppermost bowl 4 it normally assumes a spiral motion. In this construction this motion is not immediately changed to a vertical motion as is commonly done, but the spiral motion is continued by spiral 32 on shaft 10 and spiral 30 in casing 2, the former applying a lifting force to the water throughout its travel through the discharge casing 2.

It may now readily be seen that in the structure disclosed the enlarged hollow shaft permits the use of additional water raising devices, and, the enlarged hollow shaft can be maintained in vertical alignment without undue friction and without the tendency to whipping that is common with a solid shaft.

In addition to the advantages above-set forth with regard to the construction dis-35 closed, attention is particularly called to the fact that the hollow shaft extends clear to the bottom of the several bowls and the runners fixedly mounted thereon so that no runner bearings are exposed to the action of 40 the water as in those constructions now in use.

It is to be understood, of course, that while I have herein shown and described one particular embodiment of my invention, 45 changes in form, construction and method of operation may be made within the scope of the appended claims.

I claim:—

1. In combination, a pump bowl, a shaft 50 supporting rod mounted therein, a tubular driving shaft encompassing said rod, a thrust bearing inserted between said rod and shaft, a packing gland element fixedly mounted on said shaft, packing gland element slidably mounted in said bowl to engage said first named element, and a resilient support for the second named element

2. In a pump, a discharge casing, a rotary 60 pump operatively connected thereto, a shaft supporting rod concentrically arranged therein, a tubular driving shaft for the pump enclosing said rod and spaced a distance therefrom and spaced perforated 65 guide members for said shaft mounted upon said rod and slidably engaging said shaft.

3. In a pump, a discharge casing, a rois filled at which time the filling operation is tary pump operatively mounted therein, a shaft supporting rod concentrically arranged 70 therein, a tubular driving shaft for the pump enclosing said rod and spaced a distance therefrom and guide members for said shaft mounted upon said rod, and slidably en-

gaging said shaft.

4. In a pump, a discharge casing, a rotary pump operatively mounted therein, a shaft supporting rod concentrically arranged therein, a tubular driving shaft for the pump enclosing said rod and spaced a dis- 80 tance therefrom and guide members for said shaft mounted upon said rod and loosely engaging the interior of said shaft to permit

the passage of a lubricant thereby.

5. In a pump, a pump head, a discharge \$5 casing suspended therebelow, a bowl carried by said casing, a runner arranged in said bowl, a shaft supporting rod mounted in said bowl and head, a tubular driving shaft for said runner enclosing said rod and 90 spaced a distance therefrom, a support for said shaft, a thrust bearing inserted between the lower end of said shaft and said support, a thrust bearing inserted between the upper end of said shaft and said supporting rod, 95 and means for adjusting said upper bearing, said bearings being oppositely directed with relation to each other, and permitting the passage of lubricant therethrough.

6. In a pump, a pump head, a discharge 100 casing suspended therebelow, a bowl carried by said casing, a runner arranged in said bowl, a shaft supporting rod mounted in said bowl and head, and a tubular driving shaft operatively mounted with relation 105 to said head and runner and concentrically arranged with relation to said rod and spaced a distance therefrom, and a packing gland arranged at the lower end of said shaft, one element of said gland being re- 110 siliently mounted to open under pressure

from within said shaft.

ALFRED J. TRIGWELL.