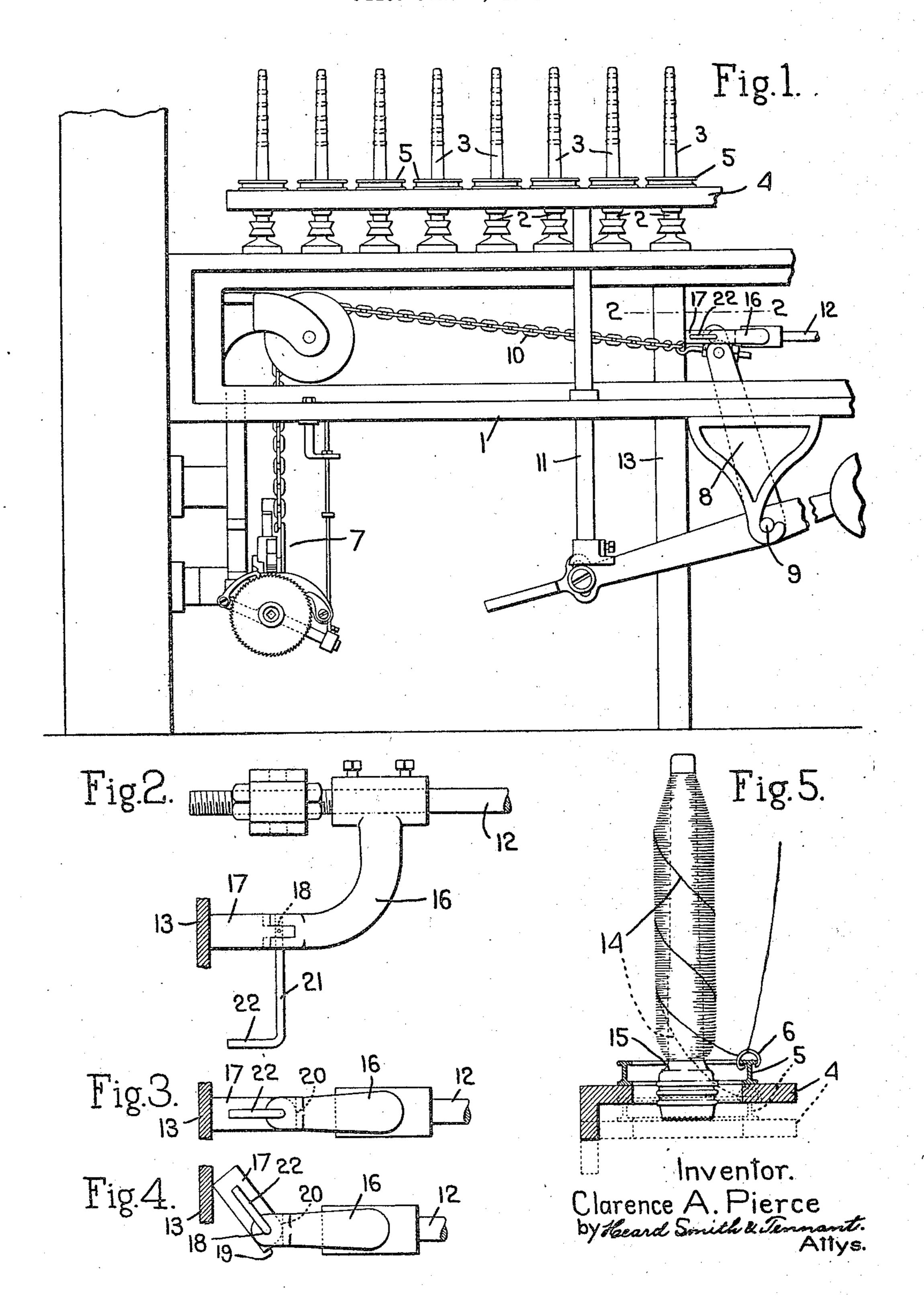
## C. A. PIERCE

SPINNING FRAME

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## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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To all whom it may concern:

5 Massachusetts, have invented an Improve-replaced on the spindle it becomes necessary ment in Spinning Frames, of which the fol- to piece up this broken end. 10 like parts.

sist the operator to doff the filled bobbins doffed thereby so relatively positioning the without danger of breaking the yarn.

In the operation of a spinning frame when it becomes necessary to doff the filled bob- that the yarn will become caught on the heel bins it is the usual practice for the operator of the bobbin thus eliminating danger of to lower the ring rail to the lower limit of broken ends. its movement which brings the traveller to 20 a point just above the heel of the bobbin, invention I have illustrated in the drawings spindle and an empty bobbin replaced 25 thereon.

During the operation of lifting a filled embodying my invention. bobbin from the spindle the last one or two Fig. 2 is an enlarged section on the line turns of yarn about the bobbin will be drawn 2-2, Fig. 1 showing my improved stop. off the heel end thereof and will be wound about the bare spindle, the yarn from the bobbin being broken at a point between the latter and the spindle after the bobbin has being filled. been entirely removed from the spindle. Fig. 4 shows the position of the stop du-This leaves the yarn which has been drawn ring the doffing of the bobbins. 35 through the traveller wound about the spindle once or twice so that when the empty bobbin is placed on the spindle the end of positions of the stop. the bobbin.

50 drawn through the traveller instead of from lever acting on a post 11 secured to the ring the bobbin. When this condition arises rail 4.

the removing of the bobbin from the spindle Be it known that I, Clarence A. Pierce. will cause the yarn to be broken at some a citizen of the United States, and resident point between the traveller and the drawing of Lowell, county of Middlesex, State of rolls and therefore when a fresh bobbin is 55

lowing description, in connection with the The object of my invention is to proaccompanying drawing, is a specification vide an improved stop device for limiting like characters on the drawing representing the downward movement of the ring rail 60 which stop device can be adjusted to allow This invention relates to spinning frames the ring rail to be carried below the heels and particularly to a device designed to as- of the bobbins when the latter are to be bobbins and ring rail that the latter can 65 be lifted from the spindles without danger

In order to give an understanding of the 70 and when the ring rail is in this position a selected embodiment thereof which will and the machine has been brought to rest now be described after which the novel feathe filled bobbin is withdrawn from the tures will be pointed out in the appended claims.

Fig. 1 is a portion of a spinning frame

Fig. 3 is a side view of the stop showing 80 it in the position it occupies during the spinning of the yarn and while the bobbin is

Fig. 5 is a view showing the two positions of the ring rail corresponding to the two

the yarn will be confined between the bob. In the drawings 1 indicates a spinning bin and spindle and will thus be held so frame of any suitable or usual construction, 90 40 that when the spinning frame is started up the latter having a plurality of spindles 2 the yarn will be automatically wound onto which carry the usual bobbins 3. 4 indicates the ring rail carrying a spinning ring It sometimes happens that when the bob- 5 for each bobbin, each spinning ring havbin is withdrawn from the spindle the yarn ing the usual traveller 6. The ring rail is 95 which is drawn off from the heel of the given its rising and falling movement by bobbin becomes caught on the shoulder at means of the usual builder motion indicated the front end of the heel in which case the generally at 7, said builder motion being length of yarn necessary to permit the bob-connected by the chain 10 to a weighted bell bin to be removed from the spindle will be crank lever 8 pivoted to the frame at 9, said 100

5 be, all as usual in spinning frames and form into such relation to the heel that the bob- 70 them.

purpose of limiting the downward move- ing any broken ends. 15 ment of the ring rail, this stop being so ad- The stop device comprises an arm 16 80 20 rail cannot be lowered below the point in-shown at 18 so that it can be swung into or 85

to be doffed the operator lowers the ring that is, the pivoted end 17 of the member is rail as far as the stop will permit which, 25 in spinning machines now commonly used, will bring the ring rail into the position shown in full lines Fig. 5. When the machine is at rest the operator then lifts the bobbin from the spindle and in doing this 30 the last turn or two of yarn indicated at 14 in Fig. 5 will be drawn off from the heel end of the bobbin and will naturally assume a position making one or two turns 35 has been entirely removed from the spin-stop is swung into the position shown in 100 which is wound about the spindle will be in the position shown in Fig. 3 and when it 105 spindle.

45 spindle the last turn or two of yarn on the Fig. 5. The bobbins are then doffed while 110 50 the length of yarn necessary to permit the fresh bobbins have been placed on the 115

traveller will cause the yarn to break at bobbins are ready for doffing again. 55 some point between the traveller and the Any suitable means for adjusting the stop 120 drawing rolls, thus producing a broken end from one position to the other may be emwhich requires to be pieced when the spin-ployed. I have herein shown the part 17

60 mally prevents the ring rail from moving arm 16 and being extended laterally toward 125 downwardly any further than the full line the front of the spinning frame as shown tions during the spinning operation as the as shown at 22 to form a handle by which ordinary stop, but which may be adjusted the part 17 may be turned about its pivot.

There are usually several of these bell the dotted line position Fig. 5 when the bobcrank levers which are connected together bins are to be doffed. The carrying of the by a connection or rod 12. ring rail into this lowered position below The parts thus far described are, or may the heel of the bobbin brings the traveller no part of my present invention and as their bin can be removed from the spindle withoperation is well known to those skilled in out danger that the portion 14 of the yarn the art it is not necessary to further describe will be caught on the shoulder 15 as it is drawn off from the bobbin. With this de-The bell crank lever 8 is usually provided vice therefore which enables the ring rail to 75 with a suitable stop adapted to engage the be depressed into the dotted line position portion 13 of the frame, (which portion is during doffing, it is possible to doff the bobusually referred to as a samson) for the bins quickly and without danger of produc-

justed as to prevent the ring rail from be- which is fast on the rod 12 and is shaped to ing lowered to a point where the yarn will engage the samson 13 when the connection be wound on the heel of the bobbin. In fact 12 moves to the left. The end 17 of this arm the stop is usually adjusted so that the ring is pivotally connected to the body thereof as dicated by full lines Fig. 5. out of operative position. The pivotal con-When the bobbins are filled and are ready nection is in the form of a kunckle joint, provided with a square face 19 which is adapted to engage the square face 20 of the 90 arm 16 when the member 17 is in line with the arm 16, said square face 19 limiting the swinging movement of the end 17 in one direction. When the part 17 is adjusted into the position shown in Fig. 3 the stop will 95 co-operate with the samson 13 to limit the downward movement of the ring rail when the latter reaches the full line position Fig. about the bare spindle. When the bobbin 5. When, however, the part 17 of the dle, then a fresh bobbin is placed on the Fig. 4, then the ring rail will be perspindle and this operation breaks the yarn mitted to be further depressed into the between the spindle and the filled bobbin, dotted line position Fig. 5. When the and at the same time the end of the yarn spinning frame is running the stop will be confined between the fresh bobbin and the is time to doff the bobbins the stop will be adjusted into the position shown in Fig. 4 As stated above it sometimes happens that so that when the ring rail is depressed it in removing the filled bobbin from the may be carried into the dotted line position bobbin indicated at 14, Fig. 5, will become the rail is in the dotted line position and as caught on the shoulder 15 of the bobbin stated above this operation can be carried heel, thus preventing the yarn from being out without danger of breaking the yarn. pulled off from the bobbin, in which case After the bobbins have been doffed and bobbin to be removed from the spindle will spindles the ring rail is raised and the stop be drawn through the traveler 6.

adjusted into the position shown in Fig. 3, This drawing of the yarn through the in which position it will remain until the

ning frame is started again.

as having a pivot pin 18 rigid therewith, I have provided herein a stop which nor-said pivot pin being loosely mounted in the position Fig. 4 and which therefore func- at 21, the end of the extension being bent

to permit the ring rail to be depressed into While I have illustrated herein one em- 120

bodiment of my invention I do not wish to be limited to the constructional features shown.

I claim:

1. In a spinning frame, the combination with spindles adapted to support bobbins, of a ring rail carrying spinning rings, a stop device having a pivoted stop arm which in one position is operative to limit the down-10 ward movement of the ring rail during the the doffing of the bobbins.

15 with spindles adapted to support bobbins, limit the downward movement of the ring 20 of the ring rail and in another position being heels of the bobbins.

inoperative for this purpose.

3. In a spinning frame, the combination name to this specification. with a frame having a samson, of spindles carried thereby, bobbins on the spindles, a

ring rail, spinning rings on the ring rail, and 25 a stop to engage the samson and limit the downward movement of the ring rail during spinning operation, said stop being adjustable to permit the ring rail to have a further downward movement during doffing 30 of the bobbin.

4. In a spinning frame, the combination with a frame having a samson, of spindles carried by the frame, bobbins on the spinning operation and in another position spindles, a ring rail, spinning rings on the 35 permits the ring rail to drop lower during ring rail, a bell crank lever associated with the ring rail, a stop arm connected to said 2. In a spinning frame, the combination lever and adapted to engage the samson to of a ring rail carrying spinning rings, a rail, the end of the stop arm being pivoted 40 stop device having an adjustable stop arm, so that it may be into or out of operative said stop arm when in one position being position and when out of operative position operative to limit the downward movement permitting the ring rail to drop below the

In testimony whereof, I have signed my

CLARENCE A. PIERCE.