PAPER CARTON

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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PAPER CARTON.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Joseph Loufek, a citizen of the United States, residing at Keokuk, forcement for the material connecting the in the county of Lee and State of Iowa, have 5 invented a new and useful Paper Carton, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to containers, and is more particularly directed to closures for containers whereby ready access to the con-

10 tents of the containers may be had.

It is old in the art to outline closures for containers by perforations or slits in order to direct or indicate certain lines for cutting the unmutilated portions of the cononly the contents of the container are ex- pressed in the appended claim. posed to the atmosphere but the contents In the drawing:—

seep through the perforations.

It has also been proposed to construct separate closures made independently of the containers and secured in place by a seal cemented on the outer surface of the container and over the opening. This construc- cut. 25 tion has its disadvantages since the weight Fig. 3 is a bottom plan view of a slip cover 30 of the contents of the container, when thrown directly against the cemented portion of the place. seal will force the closure open, if the cement is weakened by moisture or by any other 20 cause. Furthermore, the seal being cemented to the outer surface is in danger of being abrased or weakened by wear in handling or contacting with the surfaces of other containers when packed in crates.

It is an object of this invention to provide a new and improved closure or flap which is partly cut from the material of the container, and which is held in place by a seal applied to the inner surfaces of the closure and the wall of the container so that whether the seal be thoroughly cemented or not, the weight of the contents of the container will exert sufficient pressure upon the seal in cooperation with the rigidity of the closure or flap to maintain the seal fast against the inner wall of the container.

provide a new and improved closure or flap shape of the closure 5 being immaterial. for a restricted opening in some part of the The cutting of the top 4 to form the tongue container which is partially stamped out or flap provides a restricted opening 6 in 105 from the material of the container, leaving the slip cover 3, whereby the contents of an uncut portion forming a hinge for the the container 1 may be poured from the closure. The closure is maintained in closing same, the tongue or closure 5 functioning position in the opening by a seal, which func- as a spout and aiding in directing the flow

closure in place and as a supplementary closure for the opening, but provides a reinclosure to the container, and which material forms a hinge upon which the closure swings. 60

The invention will be best understood from a consideration of the following detailed description taken in connection with the accompanying drawing forming part of this specification, with the understanding, 35 however, that the invention is not confined to any strict conformity with the showing in the drawing, but may be changed and modified so long as such changes and moditainers for releasing the closures. The dis- fications mark no material departure from 70 advantage of such a construction is that not the salient features of the invention as ex-

Fig. 1 is a view in perspective of the container provided with a slip cover with the 75 closure in open position.

Fig. 2 is a plan view of a slip cover showing the closure defined by a single angular

showing a seal cementing the closure in

Figs. 4, 5 and 6 are plan views of slip. covers showing the various forms of closures that may be used.

Fig. 7 discloses a modification of the seal,

the figure being on a reduced scale.

Referring more particularly to the drawing, 1 indicates a package or carton of cylindrical shape adapted to be employed 90 as a container for granular salt or other granular material, and is provided with a bottom slip cover 2 cemented to the same, and a top slip cover 3 which is adapted to be cemented to the container after the car- 95 ton has been charged with some kind of material. The top 4 of the slip cover 3 is stamped by some cutting tool to cut out two sides of a tongue, flap or closure 5, shown in V-shape in Figs. 1, 2 and 3, but 100 gainst the inner wall of the container. which may be of any one of the designs disting a further object of this invention to closed in Figs. 4, 5 and 6, nevertheless the tions not only as a means for retaining the of the material pouring from the container. 210

upon the underneath side of the slip cover ers filled with material, that the containers 5 provided with some form of cement. The The weight of the contents being thrust 10 3 and the inner surface of the closure 5 so cemented to the inner surface of the top clothat the seal will embrace a sufficient por-sure 3, the weight of the material will be 15 within the opening 6 of the slip cover 3, so tongue 5 per se and also in the hinged porface.

The cover 3 is now in condition to be ap-breaking of the seal. 20 plied to the container 1 to retain the con- In Fig. 7, I have shown a parchment sheet to the container in the same manner as is the cover 3 and applied over the sealing disk 7,

bottom slip cover 2.

25 of the container, a sharp knife or other im-disk 7. In the latter case, the parchment plement is forced along the cut portions 8 sheet will act as a seal. and 9, defining the closure or flap whereby 30 5 may be pried upwardly by means of a for said opening cut from the material of knife and the closure bent back upon the dotted lines 10 shown in Figs. 2, 4, 5 and 6,

35 7 defined by the edges 8 and 9 of the closure inner surface of the wall of the container 5 will remain cemented to the closure 5 and for closing the opening and maintaining the thereby form a reinforcement for not only closure in the plane of the wall and forming the closure, but for that portion of the slip when cut along lines defined by the periph- 85 cover which connects the closure 5 with the ery of the closure a reinforcement for the 40 top 4 of the slip cover and defined by the closure and the hinged mounting, said seal, dotted line 10 of Figs. 2, 4, 5 and 6. The wall and closure, cooperating to maintain dotted line portion 10 provides a hinged the closure in position within the confines connection between the closure and the slip of the opening against internal pressure. cover. By this reinforcement, the lip is not In testimony that I claim the foregoing readily torn from the slip cover or the ma- as my own I have hereto affixed my signaterial broken at the dotted line or hinged ture. portion 10 of the closure.

The tongue or flap 5 is held in position It frequently happens in handling contain-3 by means of a seal 7 made of relatively may be inverted with the top cover 3 bear-50 stiff paper, one of the surfaces of which is ing the weight of the contained materials. disk or seal 7 has a greater area of surface against the top closure 3, will likewise bear than the closure. The cemented or adhe- against the closure 5, tending to force the sive surface of the seal is moistened and ap- closure to an open position and spill the conplied to the inner surface of the slip cover tents of the container, but since the seal 7 is tion of the material surrounding the open-equally borne by the seal and the closure ing 6 to maintain the seal in place. The and more firmly lock the seal in place. Fur- 60 seal is also adapted to cement the closure 5 thermore, there is some rigidity in the that the closure when locked in place forms tion 10 of the closure, and as the closure 5 with the top 4 a substantially unbroken sur- is securely fastened to the seal 7, it will also cooperate with the seal in resisting the 65

tents of the container, and is therefore sealed 12 completely covering the inside of the and this may sometimes be employed either 70 When it is desired to remove the contents as a further protection, or in lieu of the

What is claimed is:—

the seal 7 is cut through along these lines, A container having a wall, provided with a 75 when the free end or lip 11 of the closure restricted opening, a hinged closure or flap said wall and provided with an uncut portion continuous with the wall and functionwhere it serves as a spout.

ing as a hinged mounting for the closure, 80 It will be seen that a portion of the seal and a seal cemented to the closure and to the

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