Jan. 2, 1923.

.

J. R. ROLLMAN. Automatic Vehicle Operated Gate. Filed Aug. 9, 1921. 1,441,116

2 SHEETS-SHEET 1



Witness Millagner.

J.R. Rollman

By .// 0

Attorney

Afforney

:

Jan. 2, 1923.

J. R. ROLLMAN. Automatic Vehicle Operated Gate. Filed Aug. 9, 1921.

1,441,116

2 SHEETS-SHEET 2



ALCOR

Witness: Utblagner,

٠

4 4 A A

•

٧ \$3 J.R.Rollman

MARIE By

Attorneyo

1,441,116 Patented Jan. 2, 1923. UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOSIAH R. ROLLMAN, OF ENCAMPMENT, WYOMING.

AUTOMATIC VEHICLE-OPERATED GATE.

Application filed August 9, 1921. Serial No. 490,970.

To all whom it may concern:

'o all whom it may concern: Be it known that I, JOSIAH'R. ROLLMAN, across a roadway at each side of which is a a citizen of the United States, residing at supporting post 1. The gates may be of Encampment, in the county of Carbon and any desired construction, but as herein illus- 60 5 State of Wyoming, have invented certain trated comprise metallic frame members, the new and useful Improvements in Automatic end bar member of each gate being piv-Vehicle-Operated Gates, of which the fol- otally mounted in the brackets 2 on the inner face of the gate post and having the said The present invention relates to improve- end bar extended a suitable distance at its 65 10 ments in automatic vehicle operated gates lower end to receive a gear member 3. At the inner or meeting end of the gate the frame is bent as indicated at 4 so as to accommodate the operating means for the gate hereinafter described. Attached to the top 70 of each gate and adjacent the pivot end thereof is a longitudinally extending arm 5 which projects over the gate post 1 and has suspended therefrom by means of a rope in use, and to maintain the cost of manufac- 6 a heavy weight 7. As shown most clearly 75 swiveled eye or guide 8 mounted upon a These and such other objects as may here-bracket 9 attached to the outer face of the

lowing is a specification.

and has for its object to provide a simple structure of this type having novel means for retaining the gates normally closed and for automatically returning them to such 15 position following the operation thereof. The invention is designed with as few a number of parts as practicable to insure against the mechanism becoming disordered 20 turing at a minimum for this type of con- in Figure 4 the rope 6 passes through the

struction. inafter appear are attained by the novel con- gate post. Thus when the gate is swung struction, combination and arrangement of around upon its pivot the arm tends to 80 25 parts to be hereinafter specifically described carry the weight out of its vertical position,

and claimed. Reference will now be had to the accompanying drawings forming a part of this specification, wherein:

gate construction of the type comprehended its lower position and this action automatiby this invention.

Figure 2 is a transverse sectional view 35 of the gate and the operated position of the of which are suitably inclined or beveled vehicle operating bar and a spring means for so that when a vehicle approaches the roadactuating the bar to automatically close the

gate. Figure 3 is a sectional view longitudinally 40 of the gate construction and showing in detail the operative connections between the vehicle operative bar and the gate members. Figure 4 is a detail view of the means for automatically closing the gate of the pre-45 ferred construction.

but being restrained from such movement by the guide eye 8, the weight is drawn upwardly and places the gate under tension so that when the gate-actuating means is re- 85 30 Figure 1 is a perspective view showing a leased the weight will tend to gravitate to cally closes the gate.

Centrally of the roadway is arranged a showing in dotted lines the open position vehicle operated bar 9, the opposite ends 10 90 way this bar will ride under the axles of the vehicle. The bar is supported a suitable distance from the surface of the roadway 95 by means of the arms 11 which are pivoted at their lower ends to the bearing members 12 secured in the base of a depression 13 and which are at their upper ends mounted in bearing plates or ears 14. The upper 100 bearing members 14 are somewhat deeper Figure 5 is a sectional view on the line than the corresponding lower bearing members in order to take care of the variations in depression of the bar by vehicles having varying clearance beneath the axle. 105 The bar is provided with a third supporting arm 15 arranged centrally and connected in the same manner to suitable bearings. At each side of this central arm, however, is disposed an arcuate shaped guide rod 16 hav- 110 ing a base plate 17 by means of which said rod is secured to the base of the depression

5-5 of Figure 4. Figure 6 is a detail view partly in section of the auxiliary spring means, designed to 50 be used in this construction assisting in clos-

ing the gates. Throughout the following detailed description and on the several figures of the drawing, similar parts are referred to by 55 like reference characters. Referring to the drawings, A and B des-

1,441,116 13, the two rods 16 when in operative rela- opposite directions according to the direc-The arm 15 is provided with a guide open-

ing to receive the rods 16 and this guide 5 means greatly strengthens the operating bar 9 against lateral stresses incident to its operation by vehicles. The guide members 16 in addition to their guiding function may have disposed thereupon coil spring 18, one 10 arranged at each side of the arm 15, which

2

tion forming substantially a semi-circle. tion in which the bar 9 is shifted by the vehicle.

55A simple and sturdy construction of gate or gates is provided by an arrangement such as hereinbefore described, and owing to the few parts which are employed the mechanism will be more or less free from becoming 60 accidentally disordered. Whenever it is necessary to replace any of the parts they are springs will place the bar 19 under tension easily accessible. For example, in replacing when the arm is moved in either direction, the springs 18 it is only necessary to loosen tending to restore it to its normal elevated up the bolts 17' sufficiently to enable one of 65

position, and it should be understood that the arcuate members 16 to be shifted slightly 15 this spring arrangement may be employed away from the arm, whereupon the spring in conjunction with the weight device 7, one may be replaced. acting auxiliary to the other, or I contem- Having thus described my invention, what without the spring arrangement just re- ters Patent is: 20 ferred to.

The central arm 15^h is fixed to a shaft 19 gear member 20, said gears meshing with the respective gears 3 upon the end gate bars of 25 the gates A and B thus operatively connectwith the gate members.

The operation of the gate will be clear from the foregoing but may be briefly summarized as follows: Upon approaching the gateway the forward vehicle axle will come into contact with the inclined face 10 of the bar 9 and will ride upon the upper surface of guide means and cooperating with the bar 85 said bar causing it to be depressed into a 35 dotted line position shown in Figure 2, which actuation will cause the shaft 19 to be rotated and in turn the gates swung upon their pivots to open position also as shown in Figure 2. This movement of the gates, as 40 hereinbefore described, will tend to shift the weight members 7 from the vertical plane occupied thereby as shown in Figure 1, and will place the gates under tension. Or such depression will compress one of the springs the gates for automatically closing the same, 45 18 and place the arm 15 under tension. The operative connections between the gates and bar 9 is sufficiently long to remain depressed the vehicle operated bar, and means by co-action with the forward and rear axles of the vehicle until such vehicle has entered within the gates and cleared the same, where-50 upon the bar 9 will resume its elevated position accompanied by the automatic closing of the gates. Obviously the gates open in

plate that the weight device may be used I claim as new and desire to secure by Let- 70

1. In an automatic gate opening means, the combination with a gate, a vehicle opwhich at its opposite ends carries a bevel erated bar arranged in the roadway and extending transversely of the position assumed 75 by the gate when in a closed position, pivotally mounted arms for normally supporting ing the vehicle operated member or bar 9 the bar in an elevated position, the ends of the bar being beveled for engagement with the axle of an approaching vehicle, an opera- 80 tive connection between the bar and the gate for automatically opening the gate when the bar is swung downwardly, guide means for the bar, and a spring mounted upon the

for automatically closing the gate after operation thereof by the bar.

2. In a gate device of the class described, a pair of swinging gates, a vehicle operated bar arranged in the roadway centrally of the 90 gates and transversely thereto, pivotally mounted arms for supporting the bar elevated from the surface of the roadway, arcuate guide means co-acting with one of said arms, actuating means connected with 95 auxiliary to the actuating means and coacting with the guide means for the bar 100 tending to automatically close the said gates after operation by the bar. In testimony whereof I affix my signature. JOSIAH R. ROLLMAN.