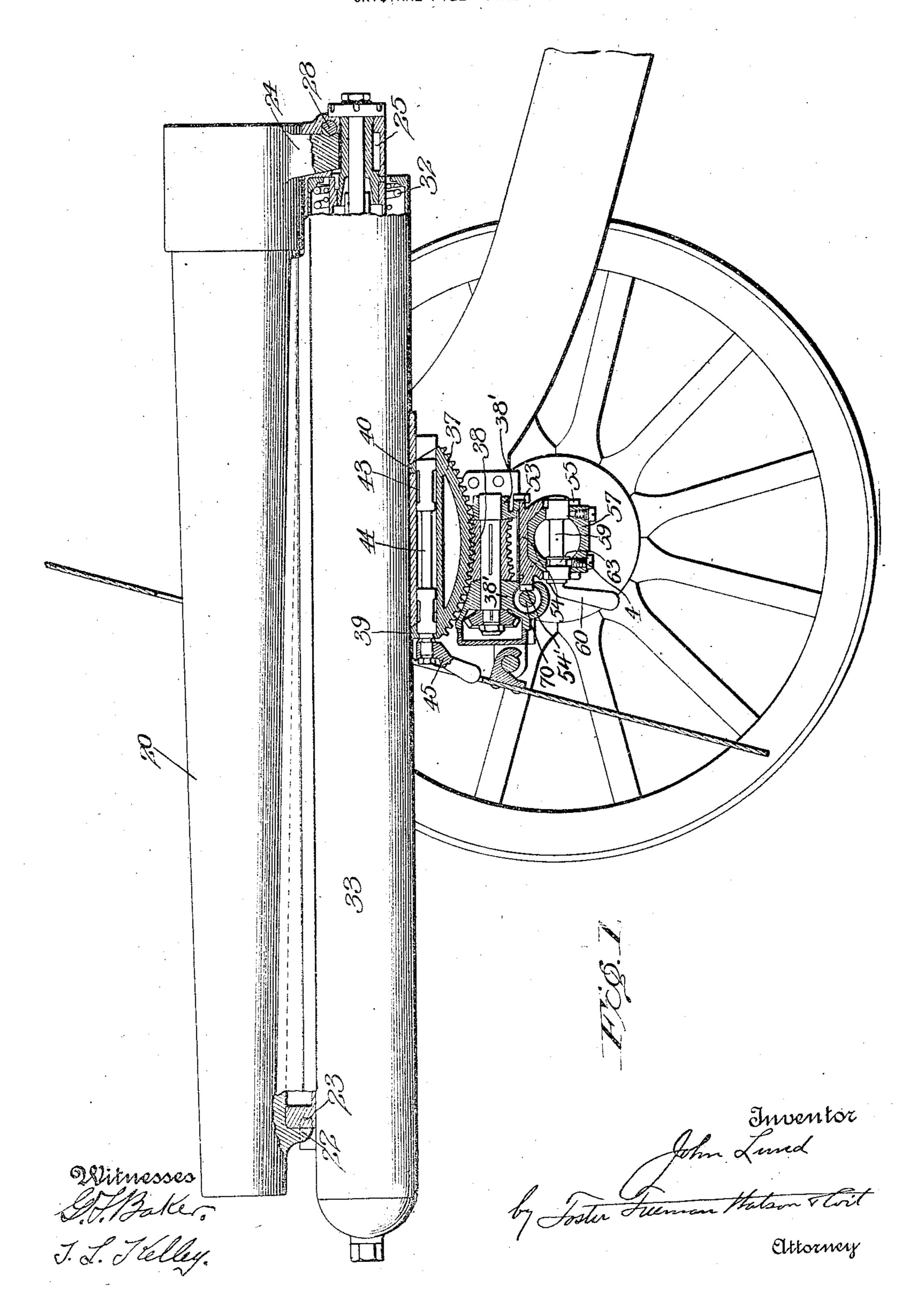
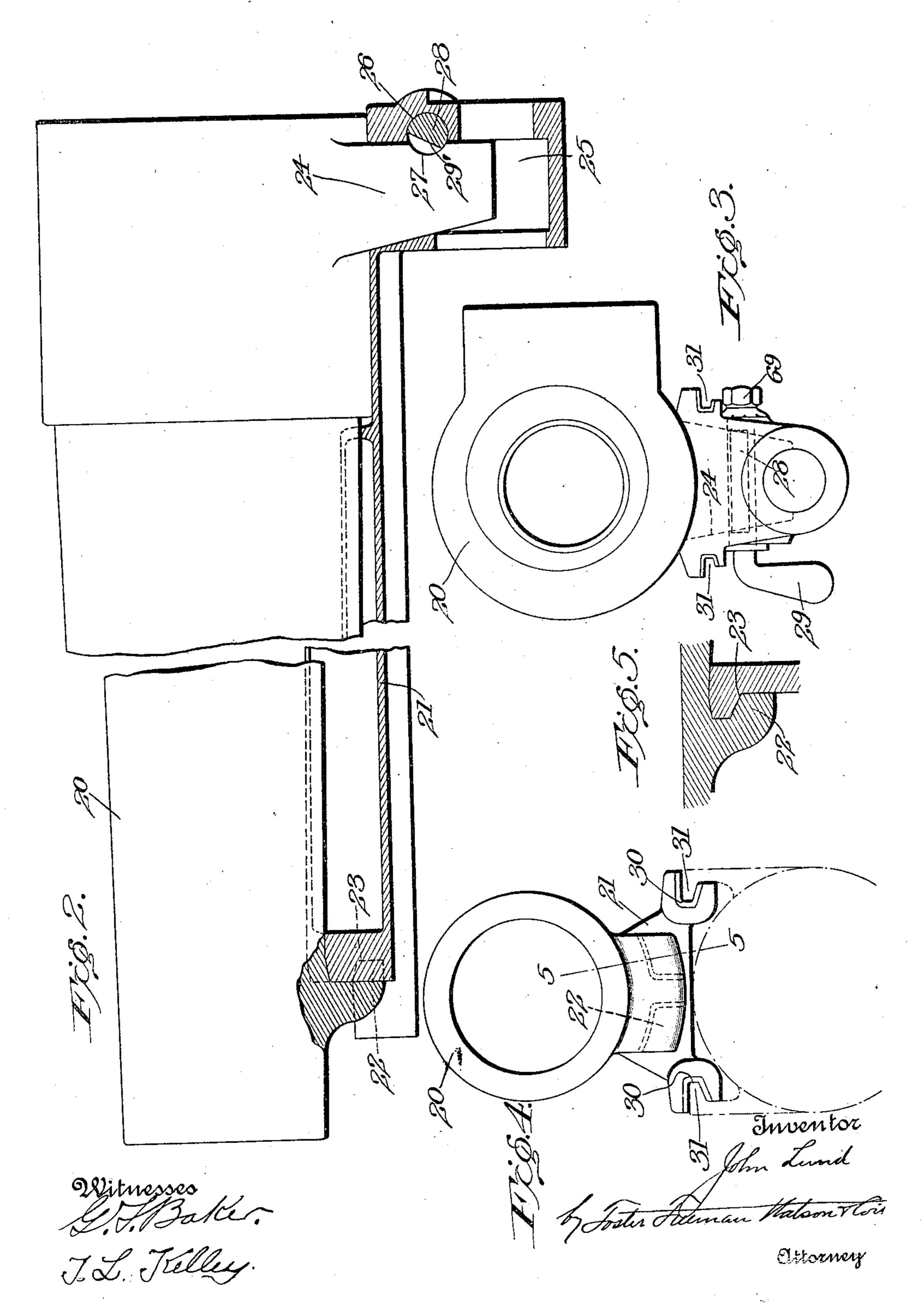
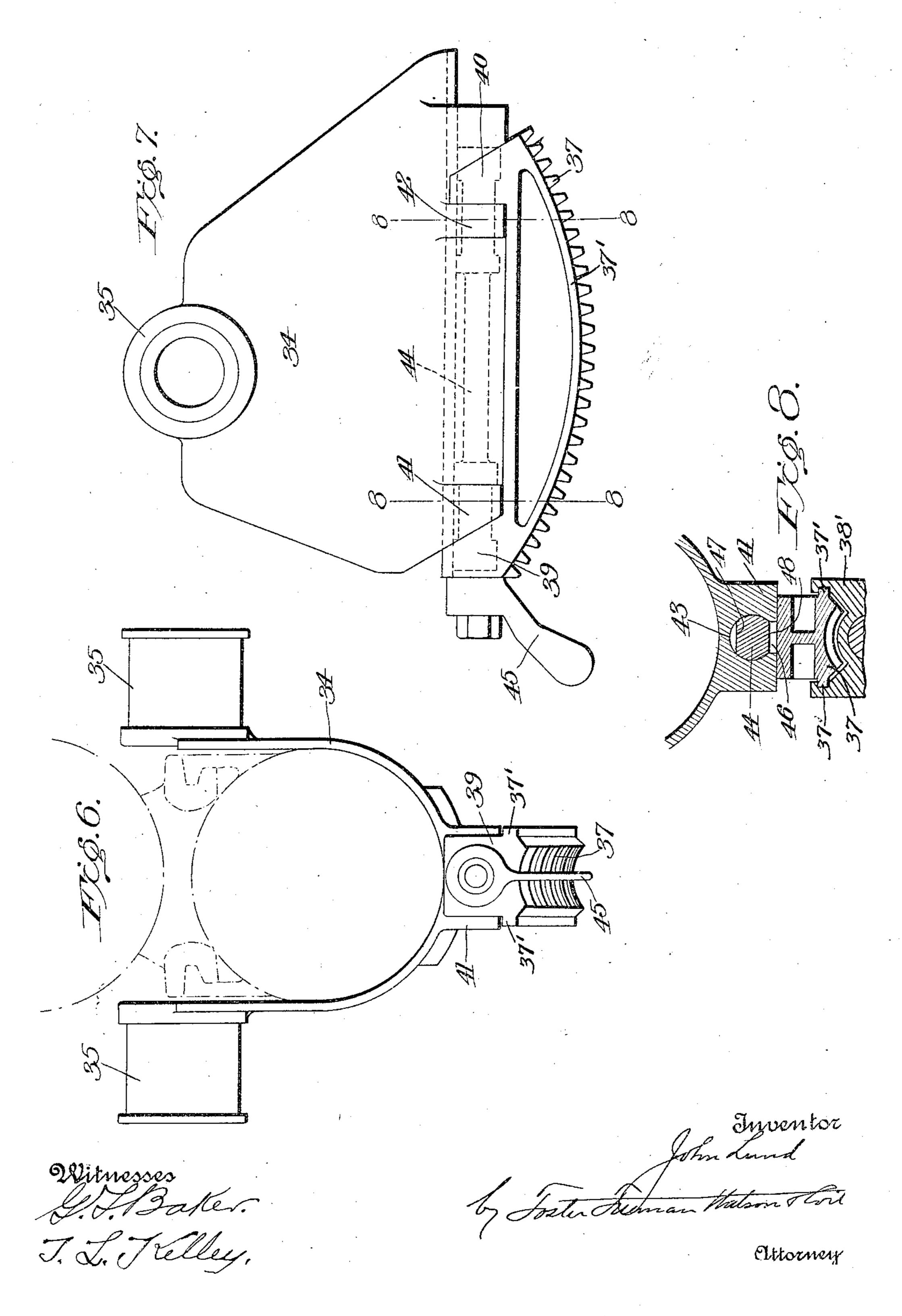
J. LUND. Gun. Original Filed June 29, 1916.



J. LUND. GUN. Original Filed June 29, 1914.



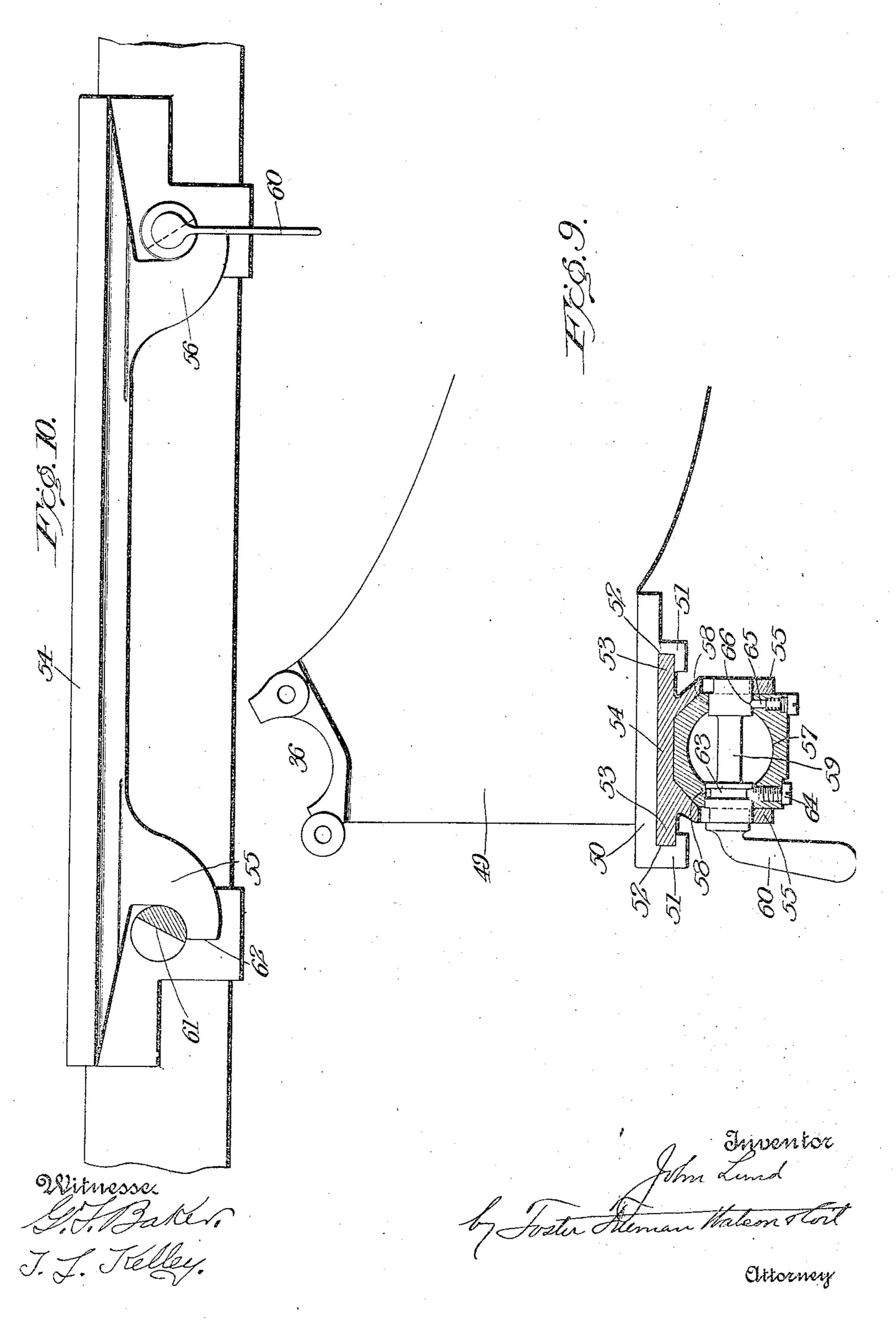
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GUN,

ORIGINAL FILED JUNE 29, 1916.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN LUND, OF BETHLEHEM, PENNSYLVANIA.

GUN.

Application filed June 29, 1916, Serial No. 106,675. Renewed November 22, 1922.

To all whom it may concern:

of the United States, residing at Bethlehem, In removing the cradle from the top car-5 vania, have invented certain new and useful are separated and exposed. Again in re-Improvements in Guns, of which the fol-moving the top carriage from the axle, the lowing is a specification.

particularly to guns and carriages which are cate members of the gun construction. separable into convenient parts, for trans- This invention overcomes the objection of

portation.

The main object of the invention is to provide a gun so constructed that it may be 15 without in any way separating the delicate rating any of the parts which move on each moving parts such as the recoil mechanism, other when firing or adjusting the gun. elevating mechanism and traversing mechanism.

These and other features of the invention 20 will be described in connection with the drawings and pointed out in the appended claims.

In the drawings, in which like reference

characters indicate the same part,

section;

30 rel and sleigh for supporting the same, the which is adapted to extend into a hollow

35 end:

5—5 of Figure 4 showing the manner of connecting the front end of the gun barrel and the sleigh;

Figure 6 is an end elevation of the cradle and part of the elevating mechanism;

Figure 7 is a side elevation of the cradle and part of the elevating mechanism;

Figure 8 is a sectional view taken on

45 either of the lines 8—8 of Figure 7;

riage, the axle and plate locked to the same being shown in section;

Figure 10 is a front elevation of the axle 50 and plate, showing the manner of locking

the latter to the axle.

in removing the gun barrel, the guides on to the breadth of the lug 24 the pin is

the cradle on which the gun barrel slides are Be it known that I, John Lund, a citizen exposed, and also the ways on the gun barrel.

Northampton County, State of Pennsyl- riage the parts of the elevating mechanism 60 division is made between parts of the trav-This invention relates to guns and more ersing mechanism, thus exposing more deli-

exposing delicate parts to damage and dirt with the consequent injury to the gun, by providing means whereby the gun may be quickly and easily knocked-down or set-up dismantled or knocked-down without sepa- 70

As shown in Figures 1 and 2, the gun barrel 20 is adapted to be attached to a sleigh 21. This sleigh reciprocates on guides 31 75 provided on the cradle. The gun barrel is connected to the sleigh 21 by means at the front and rear ends thereof. At the front end the gun barrel is provided with two prongs 22, which are adapted to fit in corre- 80 Figure 1 is a side elevation of the gun sponding recesses 23 formed near the end and carriage, certain parts being broken of the sleigh. While two prongs are shown, away to show other and hidden parts in it is obvious that a greater or less number might be used. At the breech end of the gun Figure 2 is a side elevation of the gun bar- a downwardly extending lug 24 is provided 85 latter appearing in section; or recess 25 formed in the corresponding end Figure 3 is an end elevation of the parts of the sleigh. As shown, the rear face of shown in Figure 2 as seen from the right; the lug 24 is substantially perpendicular to Figure 4 is an elevation of the opposite the axis of the barrel. The opposite face, 90 however, is inclined so that the lug has the Figure 5 is a sectional view on the line form of a wedge. The straight side of the lug is adapted to contact with a corresponding straight surface in the recess 25 and the inclined side of the lug cooperates with a 95 similarly inclined surface in the recess 25 so that when the lug is introduced into the recess it will fit tightly therein because of the inclined side. The sleigh is formed with a substantially semi-cylindrical seat 26 100 and the lug 24 is provided with a correspond-Figure 9 is a side elevation of the top car- ing seat 27 which is adapted to register with the first seat, the two seats when in register forming a complete cylindrical surface. A pin 28 is rotatively mounted and adapted to 105 fit in the seat 26 and is provided with a handle 29 whereby it may be rotated. At Mountain guns are generally knocked- the opposite end from the handle it is down for transportation, by separating the threaded and a nut 69 fitted thereon so that parts of the gun which move relative to each the pin may be held in proper position. On 110 55 other in firing or adjusting the gun. Thus, one side for a distance substantially equal

arrangement of this flat surface is such that when the pin is rotated to a proper position the said surface will lie flush with the con-5 tacting surfaces of the lug 24 and recess 25, thus permitting the lug 24 to be withdrawn from the recess 25. It will therefore be apparent that if the pin 28 is turned to the above mentioned position that the lug 24 10 may be withdrawn from the recess 25 and thereafter the prongs 22 may be disengaged from the recesses 23 by moving the barrel of the gun slightly in a forward direction. erative between the plates 50 and 54 where-15 from the sleigh 21 and without disturbing with respect to each other. As shown a 80 vided at opposite sides with ways 30 which are adapted to slide on the guides 31 car-20 ried by the cradle. As shown in Figure 1, the end of the sleigh which has the recess 25

cylinder 33. The structure whereby the cradle may be separated from the top carriage will now be described. The trunnion plate 34 is riveted the prongs 55 and 56. A pin 59 is adapted to the cradle and carries the oppositely ex- to fit in each of the bores 58 and is provided tending trunnions 35, which are adapted to with a handle 60 for rotating the same. Ad-30 seat in the trunnion bearings 36 on the top jacent the prongs 55, 56 each of the pins 95 carriage and to be held in place by hinged 59 is slabbed off as shown at 61 in Figure 10 caps (not shown). Connected to the cradle so that when the said slabbed off portion is by means presently to be described is an ele- arranged vertically the end 62 of the prongs vating segment 37, which is adapted to be may pass by the pin so that the plate 54 may engaged by worm 38, the latter being carried be disconnected from the axle. As clearly 10 by the top carriage. Guides 37' on either shown in Figure 9 the pins 59 are formed 40 from being separated except by means of two upwardly projecting lugs 39 and 40, 45 which are adapted to engage corresponding lugs 41 and 42 formed on the trunnion plate. As clearly shown in Figure 7, one of the faces of the lug 40 and a corresponding face of the lug 39 are inclined and adapted to en-50 gage correspondingly inclined surfaces on the trunnion plate. The lugs 39, 40, 41 and 42 are formed with alined bores 43 in which and the bottom of each of the lugs 41 and 42. The sleigh and cradle which includes the re- 12 surfaces substantially vertical the trunnion plate and its connected cradle may be removed from the segment, the pin 44 sliding

slabbed off to provide a flat surface 29'. The segment and worm, that is without disconnecting any parts of the elevating mecha-

nism. The structure whereby the top carriage may be disconnected from the axle will now 70 be described. To the lower side of the top carriage 49 are attached in a suitable manner two plates 50 spaced end to end which are provided with lugs 51 forming grooves 52 adapted to fit and slide on the guides 53 pro- 75 vided on a traversing plate 54. Any suitable traversing mechanism is provided and op-Thus the gun barrel will be disconnected by these plates may be moved longitudinally any parts which move on each other while worm 70 carried by plates 50 engages teeth the gun is being fired. The sleigh 21 is pro- 54' on the edge of plate 54. Attached to the plate 54 and adjacent one end is a pair of downwardly extending prongs 55 and at the other end is another pair of oppositely pro- 85 jecting prongs 56. The two prongs of the formed therein is connected to the recoil pair 55 and likewise the pair 56 are each mechanism 32, the latter being carried in a spaced apart so as to straddle the axle 57. The axle is formed with two transversely extending bores 58 which are located so as to 90 register with the inside curved surfaces of side of this elevating segment engage corre- with a groove 63 into which is adapted to sponding grooves of the elevating worm project a set screw 64, for the purpose of bearings 38', preventing these two parts holding the said pins 59 longitudinally in position. A spring pressed pin 65 may be 10 continual turning of the worm until these provided and adapted to engage recesses 66 two members are disengaged. The upper in a pin 59 to hold the said pin in either a side of the elevating segment is formed with position which locks the plate 54 to the axle or one which permits it to be removed therefrom.

In the operation of the construction which has just been described the gun barrel is removed from the sleigh by turning the pin 28 through substantially 60° from its locking position, then raising the corresponding end 11 of the gun barrel, then moving the gun barrel slightly forward to disengage the prongs is adapted to seat a pin 44 provided with a 22 at the forward end of the cradle. The handle 45. The wall between the bore 43 gun barrel is then entirely free of the sleigh. is cut away as at 46 in Figure 8. Adjacent coil mechanism may now be removed from the two lugs 41, 42 the pin 44 has its oppo- the top carriage by turning the pin 44 site sides slabbed off as at 47 and 48 so that through substantially 90° and the additional when the pin is turned with the two slabbed operation of opening the hinged trunnion caps previously referred to. The next step 12 is to turn the pins 59 each through substantially 180°. The plate 54, together with the through the openings 46. It is therefore ap- assembled traversing and elevating mechaparent that the cradle may be separated nism, or in other words the top carriage, 65 from the top carriage without disturbing the may then be removed from the axle.

been provided which permits the knocking- with a semi-cylindrical recess. down or disassembling of the same for ship- 6. A gun having an axle, a top carriage, ment without disturbing any of the parts 5 which move on each other when the gun is being fired or adjusted.

Having thus described the invention, what is claimed and desired to be secured by Let-

ters Patent is:

1. In a gun having a cradle and barrel, a sleigh slidingly mounted on the cradle, and 5 engaging it with its top and rear faces in recess in the other, said lug formed with a 70) tive means carried by the sleigh adapted to part. moval from the recess.

5 and means for detachably connecting the connecting the cradle to the elevating 80 barrel and sleigh including a hooked prong mechanism including cooperating lugs on at the muzzle end of the barrel adapted to the cradle and an element of the mechain the sleigh, a downwardly projecting lug the lugs formed to lock them together in at the other end of the barrel, adapted to one position and unlock them in another. 85 seat in a recess in the sleigh and engage the 9. A separable mountain gun comprising cooperating with said lug to lock it against on said axle having parts straddling the

removal from the recess.

a sleigh slidingly mounted on the cradle, the axle and in another to unlock the same, a a recess in the sleigh, a lug at the rear end riage and above the axle, elevating mechaof the barrel adapted to engage a recess in nism operative between said saddle and carthe sleigh, said lug and recess having co-riage being secured together and supported operating inclined or wedge surfaces opera- by the carriage, rotative locking means cartive to hold the said hook in its recess, and ried by the saddle removably securing the 100 means to lock the said lug in its recess. saddle to an element of said elevating

4. As an article of manufacture, a barrel for a gun having a radial hooked prong at the front end and a radial lug at the other end having its surface facing the prong inclined from the tip to the base thereof so that the lug is thicker at its base than tip.

5. As an article of manufacture, a barrel for a gun having a hooked prong at one end and a radially projecting lug at the other

It is obvious that a gun construction has end having one of its radial faces formed.

a cradle removably trunnioned in said carriage, elevating mechanism carried by said 60 carriage independently of said cradle arranged directly above the axle, and means for detachably connecting the cradle and mechanism.

7. In a gun having a cradle and top car- 65 riage, elevating mechanism interposed bemeans for detachably connecting the barrel tween said parts, and means for detachably and sleigh including a hooked prong at one connecting the cradle and mechanism inend of the barrel adapted to fit in a recess cluding a lug on one part engaging in a the corresponding end of the sleigh, a down-bore having a portion of the wall between wardly projecting lug at the other end of the bore and bottom of the lug cut away, the barrel adapted to seat in a recess at the and a rotatable pin having diametrically corresponding end of the sleigh and rota- opposite flat faces carried by the said other

engage said lug to lock the lug against re- 8. In a gun having a top carriage, a cradle removably pivoted thereon, elevating 2. In a gun having a cradle and barrel, mechanism carried by the carriage, means a sleigh slidingly mounted on the cradle, independent of the cradle pivots detachably engage with its rearward surface a recess nism, and rotative means associated with

same with its rearward surface, and means in combination, and axle, a member resting same, a pin rotatively carried by the axle 3. In a gun having a cradle and barrel, formed in one position to lock the parts to 90 and means for detachably connecting the top carriage adjustably secured on top of barrel and sleigh including a prong at the said member, traversing mechanism operafront end of the barrel having a rearwardly tive between said carriage and member, a extending hook portion adapted to engage saddle removably supported on said car- 95 mechanism, a sleigh on the cradle, and a barrel removably locked to the sleigh, whereby the whole gun is constructed and arranged to be separated into units for 105 transportation without disturbing any parts which move relative to each other when firing or adjusting the gun.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature. JOHN LUND.