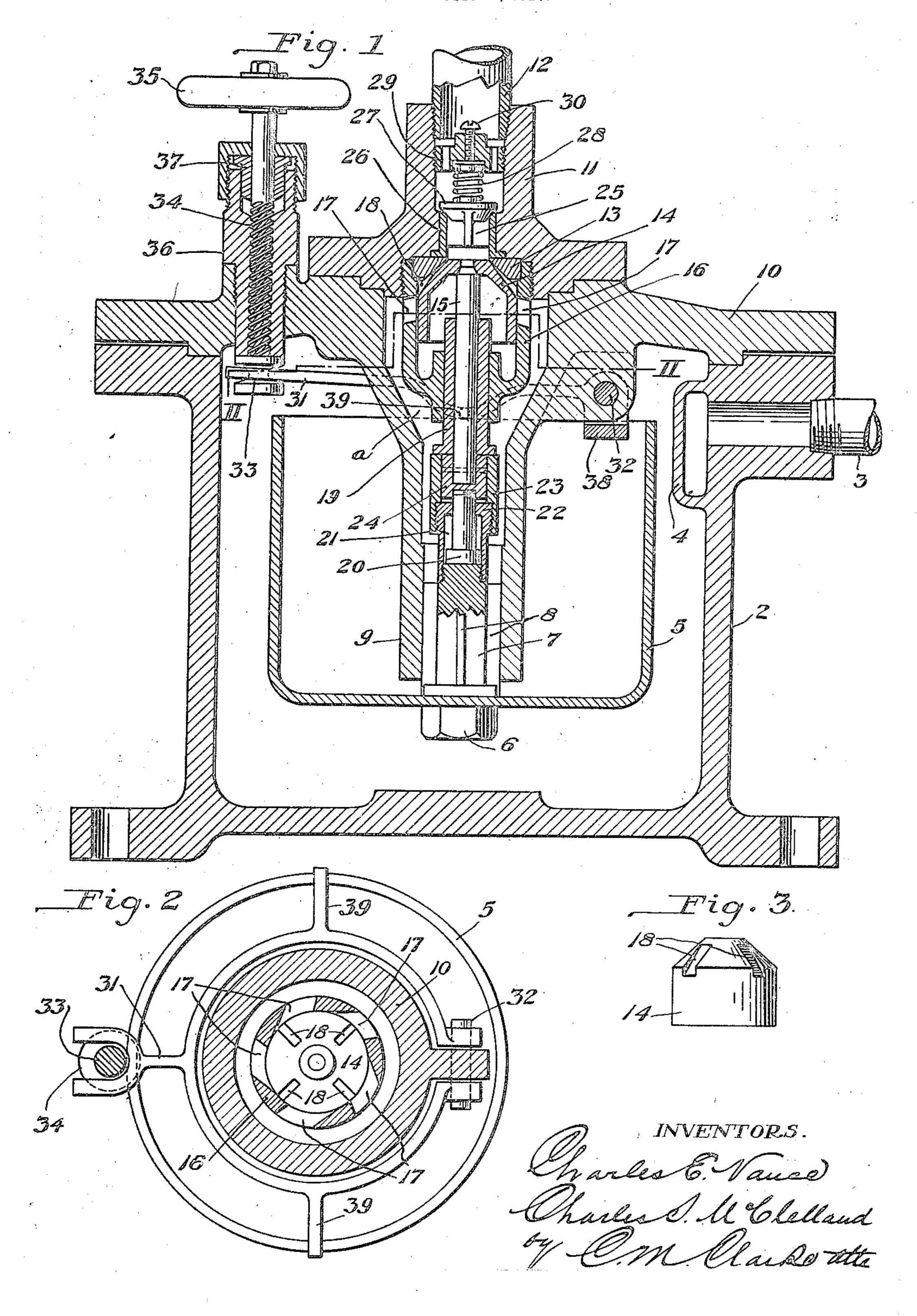
C. E. VANCE ET AL.
STEAM TRAP.
FILED JULY 20, 1921.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES E. VANCE AND CHARLES S. McCLELLAND, OF PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA.

STEAM TRAP.

Application filed July 20, 1921. Serial No. 486,050.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, CHARLES E. VANCE 5 county of Allegheny and State of Pennsyl- of the tangential slot currents. By this 60 vania, have invented certain new and useful means, a partial rotation of valve 14 is effollowing is a specification.

Our invention relates to improvements in 10 steam traps for the purpose of collecting water of condensation in a steam line and blowing it out from time to time. It has in view to provide improved means for effectually unseating the outlet valve, means 15 for maintaining the valve stem and its parts in alinement, means for intermittently rotating the outlet valve, and other features of improvement, as shall be more fully hereinafter described.

The present invention is an improvement in the steam trap of prior Patent No. 847,-131, of March 12, 1907, to C. E. Vance, to which it is generally similar in the main

construction.

In the drawings: Fig. 1 is a central vertical section through the trap, showing it empty;

Fig. 2 is a cross section on the line II—II

of Fig. 1; Fig. 3 is a detail view of the outlet seal-

ing valve.

In the drawings, 2 is the main casing having connection at 3 with a steam line deliv- within a steam tight bushing 36 extending ery water of condensation into the interior downwardly through cover 10 and having 35 of casing 2, and against and around a baffle an upper stuffing box 37. A cross bar or 90 4. A bucket 5 is fixedly secured by nut 6 to arm 38 extends beyond pivot 32 across the the lower end of a stem 7 having guiding top of the bucket 5 and is provided with wings 8 engaging the interior of a tubular depressing pins 39 adapted to be adjusted extension 9 of the casing top 10. A supple- by manipulation of the screw 34 to engage 40 mental top 11 is provided with a central downwardly against the bucket edge to fix- 95 hollow outlet opening connected with a dis- edly hold the bucket in partly lowered posicharge pipe 12, and within top 11 is an in-tion against return movement, when empserted valve seat 13 for making sealing en- tied. By this means, the valve 14 is regagement with a valve 14 having a central lieved from sealing pressure against its seat 45 stem 15. Valve 14 is freely rotatable, either for as long a period as may be desired for 100 upon stem 15, or with the stem, by suitable any purpose, as for blowing out the line, etc. mounting thereof, but so arranged that the The construction and operation of the invalve will be thrust upwardly by upward vention will be readily understood and apmovement of the stem, or when the stem is 50 retracted, the valve may recede for outward passage of water or steam.

braces valve 14 for longitudinal movement of the bucket under its weight of water efthereof, and cage 16 is secured by threads fects a jarring engagement between the 55 in the cap 11. It is provided with a series shouldered abutments 20-22, thereby posi-110

of tangential openings 17 through which the outgoing water and steam pass, and valve 14 and CHARLES S. McClelland, citizens of the has a series of radial slots or wing faces 18 United States, residing at Pittsburgh, in the across its outer seat portion and in the path Improvements in Steam Traps, of which the fected at each operation, thereby keeping the valve and seat clean and unobstructed, and giving it a slight grinding action.

A guiding tube or bushing 19 for stem 65 15 is held in the lower part of cage 16 within which the stem has a limited rising and falling movement, and the lower end of the stem has a head 20 which in turn has a limited range of movement in cavity 21 of 70 bucket stem 7 and against a limiting shoulder 22 thereof. A guiding sleeve 23 extends upwardly from stem 7 and slidably embraces an enlarged shoulder 24 of stem 15 so as to keep the top stems in alinement with a 75 limited relative abutment-terminated movement. Above valve seat 13 is a central outlet opening 25 preferably within a bushing 26 and closed by a check valve 27. Said check valve is seated by action of a spring 80 28 bearing against a central apertured bearing 29 having a temper screw 30 for controlling the pressure of the spring.

A lever 31 is pivoted at 32 and its free end is slotted and engaged by the shoul- 85 dered neck 33 of a temper screw 34. Screw 34 has a terminal handle 35 and is threaded

preciated from the foregoing description. Due to the shouldered slip joint between the 105 upper section of the valve stem and the A surrounding cage 16 cylindrically em- lower portion secured to the bucket, the fall

tively unseating the valve and overcoming connecting the valve with the bucket proany tendency to stick. The current of wa- viding a limited lost motion movement. ter or steam or water and steam, passing 2. A steam trap having a vertically mov- 30 all times.

15 understood as within the scope of the fol-valve stem. lowing claims.

What we claim is:

able bucket and an outlet port having a sur-bucket immovably within the casing consist-20 rounding depending shell provided with ing of a pivoted lever having a bucket entangential openings therethrough, an outer gaging abutment and an adjusting screw surrounding circulation coping extending therefor extending through to the exterior below the depending shell into the bucket, a of the casing. rotatable valve within the depending shell. In testimony whereof we hereunto affix adapted to open and close the outlet port our signatures. provided with radial abutments registering with the tangential openings, and means

outwardly through the tangential ports 17 able bucket and an outlet port having a surand across the vaned passages 18, will im- rounding depending shell provided with part rotary movement to the valve and tangential openings therethrough, an outer maintain it in clear contacting condition at surrounding circulation coping extending below the depending shell into the bucket, a 35 The construction of the trap as a whole rotatable valve within the depending shell 10 is very compact, comparatively simple and adapted to open and close the outlet port economical, and provides for continuous and provided with radial abutments registering economical operation. It may be changed with the tangential openings, a stem thereor varied in design, or in different details of for, and a stem connected with the bucket 40 construction, but all such changes are to be having loose shouldered connection with the

3. In a steam trap of the class described, a main casing, a vertically movable bucket 1. A steam trap having a vertically mov- therein, and a locking device for holding the 45

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