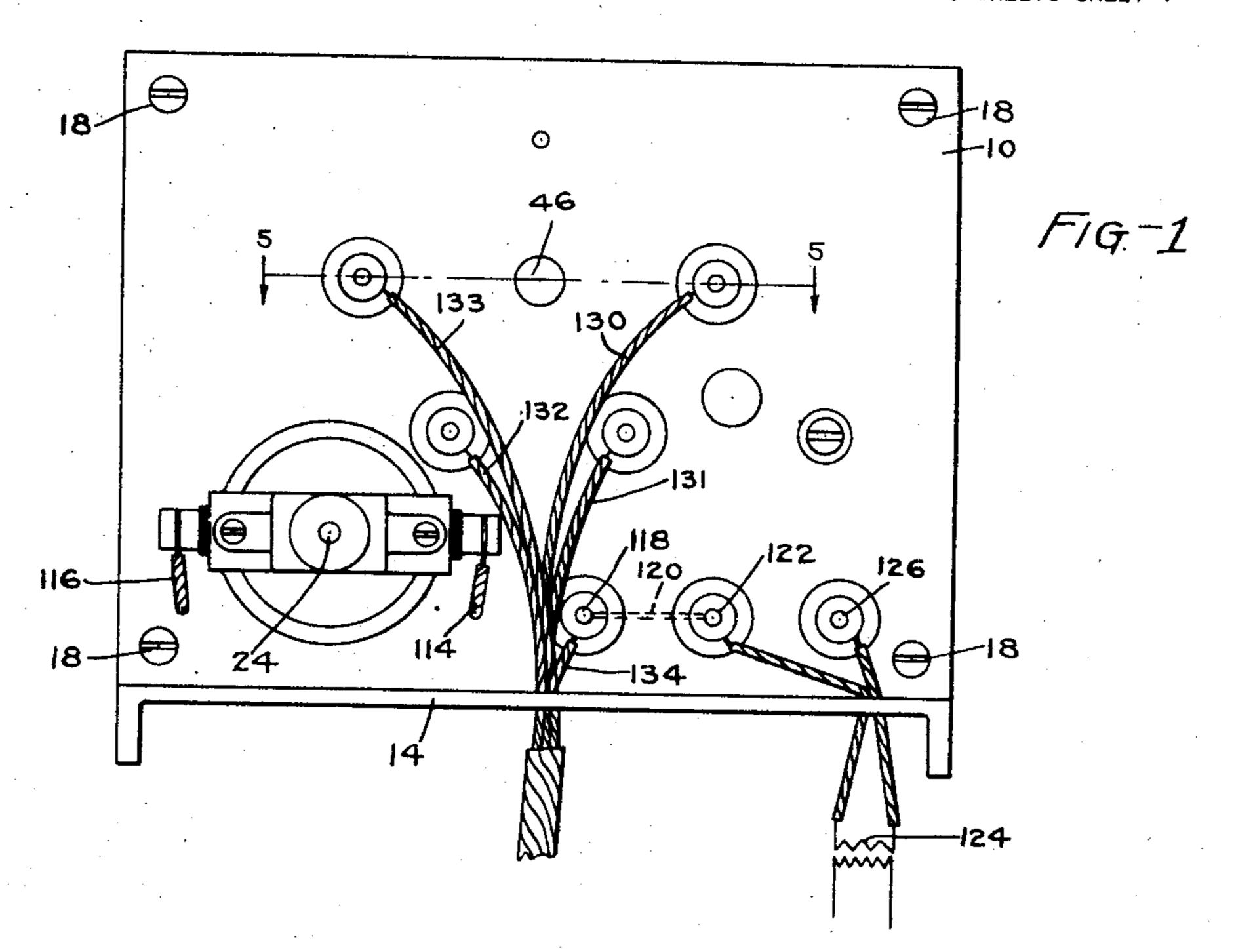
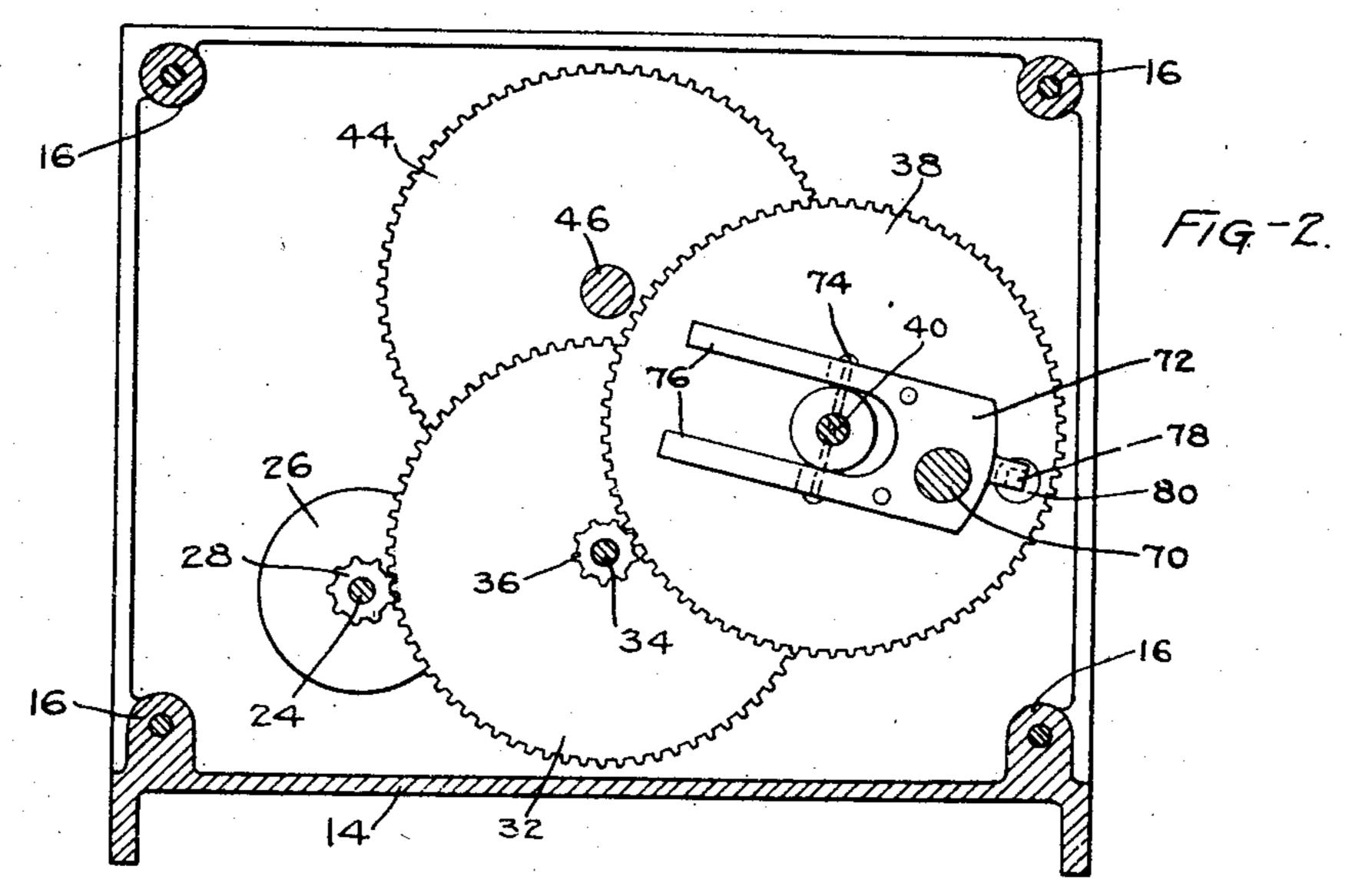
E. H. WHITE.

DAMPER OPERATING DEVICE.

FILED Nov. 8, 1920.

3 SHEETS-SHEET 1





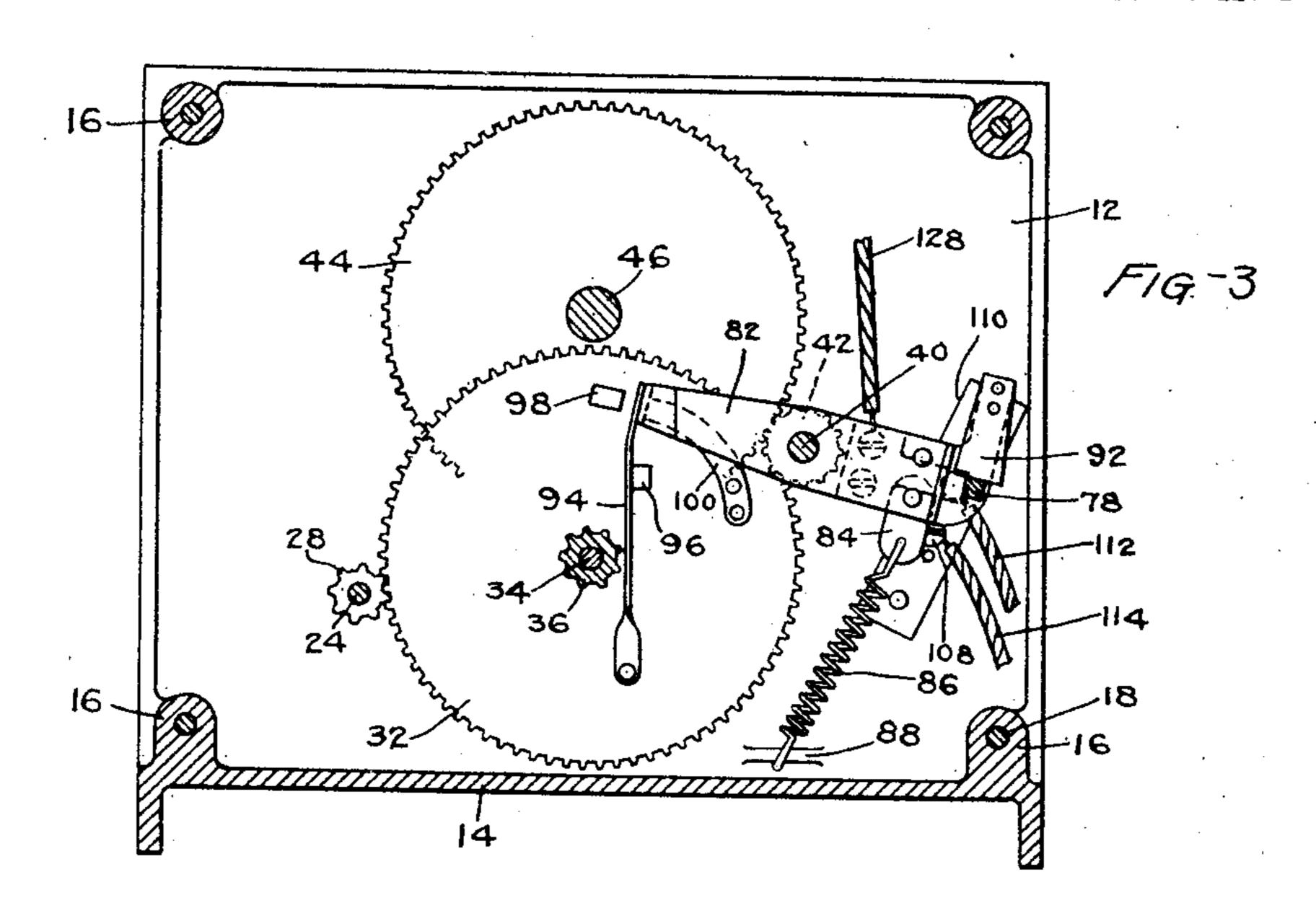
INVENTOR:
EVERETT H. WHITE.

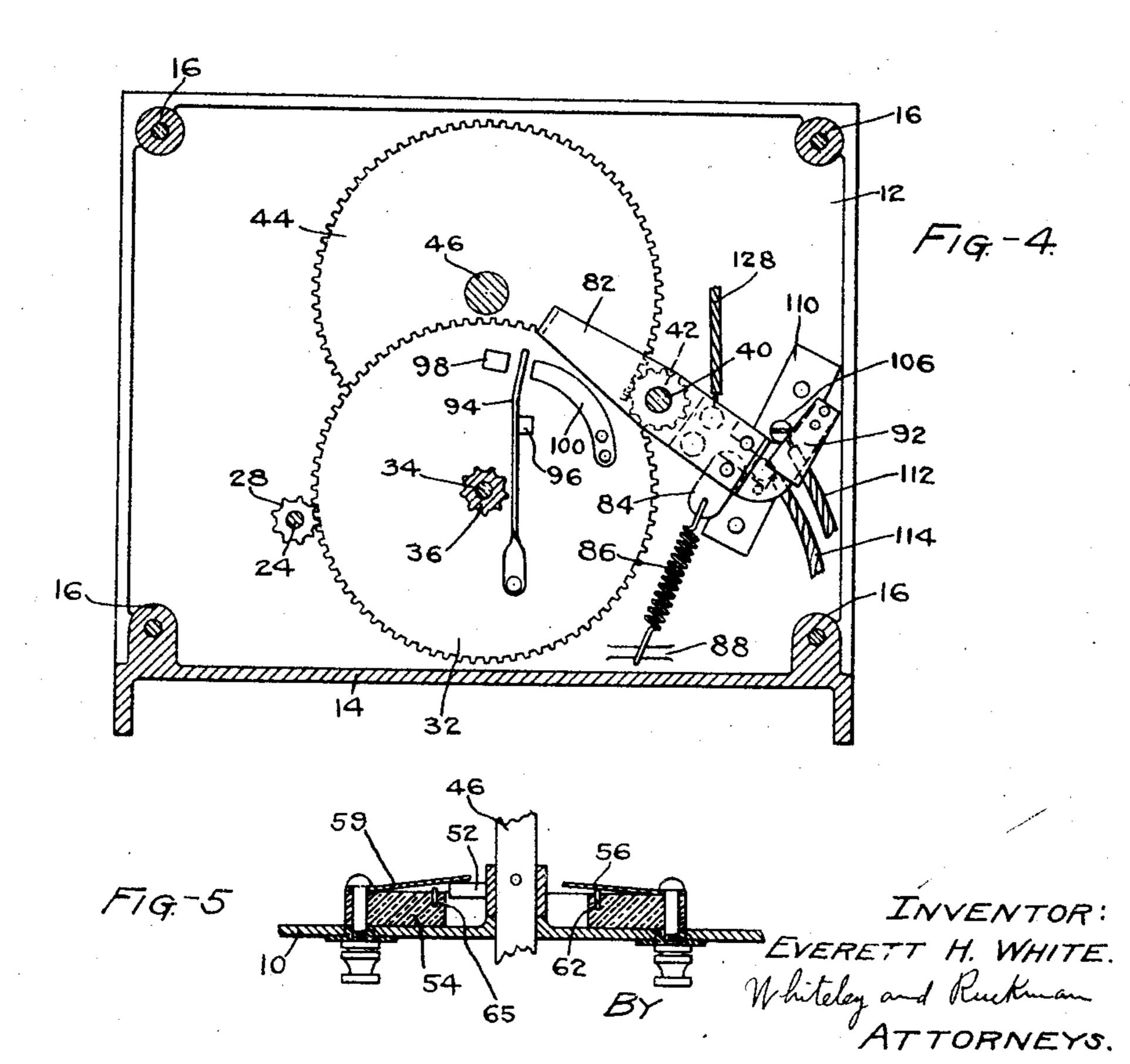
BY Whiteley and Ruckman

ATTORNEYS.

E. H. WHITE, DAMPER OPERATING DEVICE. FILED Nov. 8, 1920.

3 SHEETS-SHEET 2



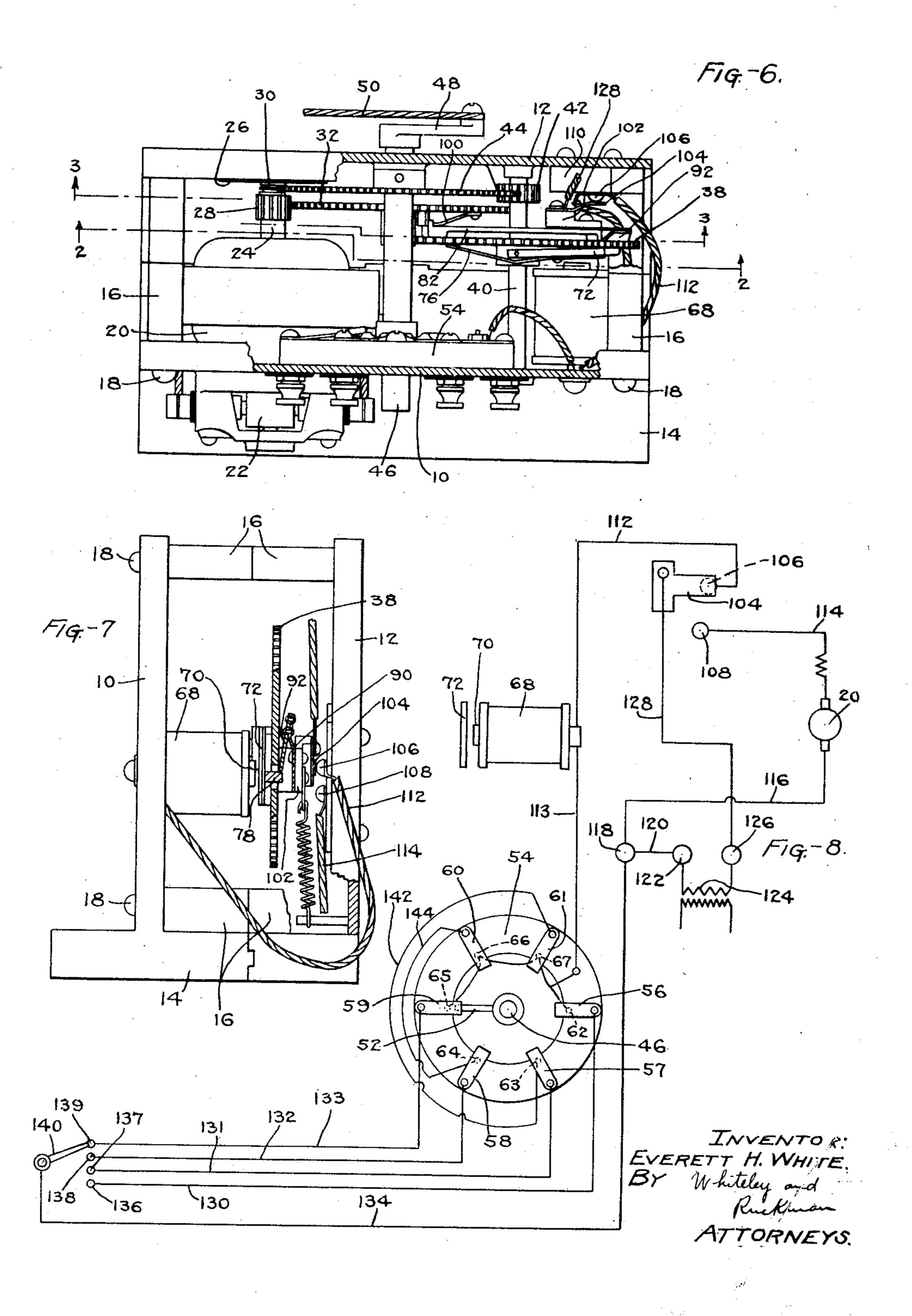


E. H. WHITE.

DAMPER OPERATING DEVICE.

FILED Nov. 8, 1920.

3 SHEETS-SHEET 3



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

EVERETT H. WHITE, OF ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

DAMPER-OPERATING DEVICE.

Application filed November 8, 1920. Serial No. 422,696.

To all whom it may concern:

citizen of the United States, residing at St. Fig. 6. The pinion 28 meshes with a gear 32 5 Minnesota, have invented certain new and a pinion 36 meshing with a gear 38 as best Devices, of which the following is a specification.

10 devices of the type in which an electric 46 extends out beyond the side plate 12 and 15 stopped when the dampers have reached best shown in Figs. 5 and 8. Secured to damper operating shaft in the exact posi-20 dampers. This invention is in the nature of an improvement on the device disclosed in my Patent Number 1,359,941 dated Nov.

23, 1920. The full objects and advantages of my 25 invention will appear in connection with the detailed description thereof, and the novel features embodied in my inventive idea will

be particularly pointed out in the claims.
In the drawings illustrating the applica-

30 tion of my invention in one form,— Fig. 1 is a side elevational view of the device. Fig. 2 is a view in vertical section on the line 2—2 of Fig. 6. Fig. 3 is a view in vertical section on the line 3—3 of Fig. 35 6. Fig. 4 is a view similar to Fig. 3 showing the electric circuits and connections.

45 These plates are preferably of die-cast metal ing may be rotated by the motor 20. As 50 ceive screws 18 which hold the plates to- against the side of the gear 38 so as to 55 loosely mounted on the shaft is a pinion 28 lifted from the position shown in Fig. 4 engaged by a spring 30 which holds the to that shown in Fig. 3 and the rear end of

pinion frictionally against an enlarged por-Be it known that I, Everett H. White, a tion of the shaft 24 as will appear from Paul, in the county of Ramsey and State of secured to a shaft 34 upon which is secured 60 useful Improvements in Damper-Operating shown in Fig. 2, and the gear 38 is secured to a shaft 40 to which is also secured a pinion 42, as shown in Fig. 6 which meshes with a My invention relates to damper operating gear 44 secured to a shaft 46. The shaft 65 motor is used to operate a shaft controlling is provided with an arm 48 which is conthe position of the dampers such as the nected to the dampers of the furnace in suitcustomary draft-door and check-draft of able manner as by a flexible member 50. Sefurnaces, which shaft will be instantly cured to the shaft 46 is a lifting arm 52 70 their proper positions. An object is to pro- the plate 10 and concentrically spaced vide improved means for stopping the around the shaft 46 is an insulating ring 54. Secured to the ring 54 are six contact tion to determine the proper setting for the fingers 56, 57, 58, 59, 60 and 61 which, when 75 not lifted by the arm 52, are in contact with fixed contact members 62, 63, 64, 65, 66 and 67, which are inserted in the ring 54. The contact members 65, 66, 67 and 62 in order as shown are connected to each other 80 by wires as shown in Fig. 8. Secured to the plate 10 is an electro-magnet 68 having a core 70. An armature 72 is pivotally attached by a pin 74 to the hub of the wheel 38, as best shown in Figs. 2 and 6 so as to 85 travel around with said wheel, and secured to this armature so as to extend beyond one end thereof are springs 76, the free ends of which rest upon the face of the wheel 38 so as to retract the armature from the core 90 70 when the electro-magnet is not energized. some of the operating parts in different posi- An outstanding lug 78 on the other end tion. Fig. 5 is a detail view in horizontal of the electro-magnet extends through section on the line 5-5 of Fig. 1. Fig. 6 is a hole 80 in the wheel 38. Oscillatingly a top plan view. Fig. 7 is a front elevational mounted on the shaft 40 is an arm 82 se- 95 40 view with some of the parts shown in sec- cured to the front portion of which is a tion. Fig. 8 is a wiring diagram showing lug 84 connected by a spring 86 to a lug 88 on the side plate 12 so that this spring tends The frame of the device comprises side to swing the arm 82 into the position shown in plates 10 and 12 and a bottom plate 14. Fig. 4. In this position, the system of gear- 100 with the bottom partly integral with the side best shown in Fig. 7. a flat spring 90 is plate 10 and partly integral with the side secured to the front end of the arm 82 and plate 12, as shown in Fig. 7. Lugs 16, pref- secured to the free end of this spring is erably cast integral with the side plates re- a strip 92, the lower end of which presses 105 gether in spaced relation. Mounted between be in position to be engaged by the lug 78 on the side plates is an electric motor 20 having the end of the armature when the wheel 38 a commutator 22 and a driving shaft 24. Se- carrying the same has made one rotation. cured to this shaft is a governor 26 and Near the end of this rotation, the arm 82 is 110

this arm then comes against a spring stop 52 from any contact finger to the next one of 5 comes into engagement with a lug 98 also contact 65 and has opened the circuit in 70 10 engagement with a projection on the end of and hence, all of the circuits at this time are 75 15 insulating block 102 which supports a con-releasing the oscillating arm 82 so that the 80 20 tact 106 is connected by a wire 112 with the through the motor 20 which is actuated and 85 25 to one terminal of the electric motor and the 92 and lifts the arm 82 in opposition to the 90 30 energy such as the secondary coil 124 of a the movement of the gearing is resiliently 95 122 and to a binding post 126, the latter being connected by a wire 128 with the oscillatory contact finger 104. Referring to 35 the diagram shown in Fig. 8, it will be seen that the contact fingers 56, 57, 58, and 59 are provided with suitable binding posts which are connected respectively by wires 130, 131, 132 and 133 with the fixed con- 1. A damper controlling device compris-40 tacts 136, 137, 138 and 139 of a suitable ing a thermostat, a motor adapted to be set 105 140 of the thermostat is connected by a wire 134 with the post 118. The fixed contact 50 137 corresponds to the two-thirds open posi- to another. tion, 138 corresponds to the one-third open 2. A damper controlling device compris-55 open position, 63 and 67 to the two-thirds motor, an electromagnet positioned adja- 120 60 to the draft door.

The operation and advantages of the device will be obvious from the foregoing description. The arrangement of gearing is such that there will be one rotation of the 65 gear 38 for each movement of the lifting arm

arm 94 secured to the gear 32. This spring the six contact fingers on the insulating ring. arm is normally in engagement with a lug As shown in Figs. 5 and 8, the arm 52 has 96 on the gear 32 and may yield until it lifted the contact finger 59 from the fixed on this gear. This serves to resiliently check which the finger 59 is located. At the same forward movement of the gearing and, at time, the member 140 has closed the same the same time, the free end of a spring 100 circuit at the thermostat, all of the remainwhich is secured to the gear 32 comes into ing circuits at the thermostat being broken, the arm 82 and prevents backward rotation open. As soon as the member 140 shifts to of the gearing so that the latter is thus another contact, one of the other circuits locked in both directions. Secured to the is closed, and the electro-magnet is enerfront portion of the oscillating arm 82 is an gized, thus attracing the armature 72 and tact finger 104 which, when the arm 82 os- spring 86 pulls this arm from the position cillates is caused to move between two con- of Fig. 3 to the position of Fig. 4, thus shifttacts 106, 108 secured to an insulating block ing the contact member 104 from the contact 110 mounted on the side plate 12. The con- 106 to the contact 108 and closing the circuit winding of the electro-magnet 68 which is causes the gear 38 to make one rotation and also connected by a wire 113 with the wires carry the armature 72 around with it. Just which join the contacts 65, 66, 67 and 62. before this gear has completed its rotation, The contact 108 is connected by a wire 114 the lug 78 on the armature engages the strip other terminal is connected by a wire 116 tension of the spring 86, thereby lifting the with a binding post 118. This binding post contact member 104 so that the circuit is connected by a wire 120 with a binding through the motor is broken. The arm 82 post 122. A suitable source of electrical comes into contact with the spring 94 so that transformer is connected to the binding post stopped and the spring 100 snaps behind the projection on the end of the arm 82 so that the gearing is locked with the armature 72 again adjacent the electro-magnet 68 and in position to repeat the operation for other 100 positions assumed by the movable member 140 of the thermostat.

I claim:

thermostat and the movable contact member into operation thereby, damper operating means including a rotatable member operable by said motor, an electromagnet posimember 63 is connected by a wire 142 with tioned adjacent said rotatable member, an the contact finger 61 and the fixed contact armature for cooperating with said electro- 110 member 64 is connected by a wire 144 with magnet and mounted for rotation with said the contact finger 60. Referring to the fixed rotatable member, and means for energizing contacts of the thermostat, 136 corresponds said electromagnet when said thermostat to the wide open position of the draft door, changes from one predetermined position

position, and 139 corresponds to the closed ing a thermostat, a motor adapted to be set position. Referring to the fixed contacts on into operation thereby, damper operating the insulator ring 54, 62 corresponds to the means including a gear operable by said open position, 64 and 66 to the one-third cent said gear, an armature cooperating open position, and 65 to the closed position with said electromagnet and mounted for of the draft door. It is understood, of rotation with said gear, means for enercourse, that the checkdraft works oppositely gizing said electromagnet when said thermostat changes from one predetermined 125 position to another, and means for stopping said gear when said armature is in functioning position relatively to said electromagnet.

3. A damper controlling device compris- 130

ing a thermostat, an electric motor adapted 7. A damper controlling device compristo be set into operation thereby, damper ing a thermostat, an electric motor adapted operating means including a gear operable to be set into operation thereby, damper opby said motor, an electromagnet positioned erating means including a gear operable by 5 adjacent said gear, an armature cooperating said motor, an electromagnet adjacent said 70 with said electromagnet and mounted for gear, an armature cooperating with said rotation with said gear and pivotally con-electromagnet and mounted for rotation nected therewith, means for normally re- with said gear, an oscillatingly mounted arm. tracting said armature from said electro- a contact finger carried by said arm, a fixed 10 magnet, means for energizing said motor contact engaged by said contact finger when 75 and said electromagnet when said thermo- said arm is in one position whereby said stat changes from one predetermined posi- electromagnet is energized when said thertion to another, and means for stopping mostat changes from one predetermined posaid gear when said armature is in func- sition to another, a second fixed contact en-

1,440,806

magnet. ing a thermostat, an electric motor adapted lug on said armature for moving and norto be set into operation thereby, damper mally holding said oscillating arm in its 20 operating means including a gear operable first named position, and means for normally 85 by said motor, an electromagnet positioned locking said gear from movement in both adjacent said gear, an armature cooperat- directions when said armature is in functioning with said electromagnet and mounted ing position relatively to said electromagnet. for rotation with said gear, means for ener- 8. A damper controlling device compris-25 gizing said motor and said electromagnet ing a thermostat, an electric motor adapted 90 when said thermostat changes from one pre- to be set into operation thereby, damper opdetermined position to another, and means erating means including a gear operable by for normally locking said gear from move- said motor, an electromagnet adjacent said ment in both directions when said armature gear, an armature cooperating with said

electromagnet.

ing a thermostat, an electric motor adapted armature from said electromagnet, an arm to be set into operation thereby, damper oscillatingly mounted on the shaft of said 35 operating means including a gear operable gear, a contact finger carried by said arm, a 100 ' by said motor, an electromagnet adjacent fixed contact engaged by said contact finger said gear, an armature cooperating with when said arm is in one position whereby said electromagnet and mounted for rotation said electromagnet is energized when said with said gear, a movable contact member, thermostat changes from one predetermined a fixed contact engaged by said movable con- position to another, a second fixed contact 105 tact member when in one position whereby engaged by said contact finger when said said electromagnet is energized when said arm moves into another position whereby thermostat changes from one predetermined said electric motor is energized, a lug on said 45 tact engaged by said movable contact mem-said arm in its first named position, a second 110 whereby said electric motor is energized.

50 to be set into operation thereby, damper are stopped with said armature in function- 115 said electromagnet and mounted for rota- backward movement of said gears. 55 tion with said gear, an oscillating contact 9. A damper controlling device compris- 120 termined position to another, a second fixed bers radially positioned around said shaft, 125 65 its first named position.

15 tioning position relatively to said electro- gaged by said contact finger when said oscil- 80 lating arm moves into another position 4. A damper controlling device compris- whereby said electric motor is energized, a

30 is in functioning position relatively to said electromagnet and mounted for rotation 95 with said gear and pivotally connected there-5. A damper controlling device compris- with, means for normally retracting said position to another, and a second fixed con- armature for moving and normally holding ber when the latter is in another position gear adapted to be rotated by said motor, a stop member on said last mentioned gear 6. A damper controlling device compris- adapted to be engaged by said arm when in ing a thermostat, an electric motor adapted its first named position whereby said gears operating means including a gear operable ing position relatively to said electromagnet by said motor, an electromagnet adjacent and a second member on said last mentioned said gear, an armature cooperating with gear for engaging said arm and preventing

finger, a fixed contact engaged by said ing a thermostat, an electric motor adapted contact finger when in one position, where to be set into operation thereby, a damper by said electromagnet is energized when operating shaft adapted to be rotated by said thermostat changes from one prede-said motor, a plurality of fixed contact memcontact engaged by said contact finger when a corresponding number of yielding contact the latter is in another position whereby members positioned over and normally in said electric motor is energized, and means contact with said fixed contact members, an for normally holding said contact finger in arm on said shaft adapted to lift said yielding contact members in succession, a gear 130

5 gear and pivotally connected therewith, to be rotated by said motor, a stop member means for normally retracting said arma- on said last mentioned gear adapted to be latingly mounted on the shaft of said gear, first named position whereby said gears are a contact finger carried by said oscillating stopped with said armature in functioning 10 arm, a fixed contact engaged by said contact position relatively to said electromagnet, finger when said oscillating arm is in one and a second member on said last mentioned gized when said thermostat changes from preventing backward movement of said one predetermined position to another, a gears. 15 second fixed contact engaged by said contact — In testimony whereof I hereunto affix my finger when said oscillating arm moves into signature. another position whereby said electric motor is energized, a spring for moving said oscil-

adapted to be rotated by said motor, an lating arm into its last named position, a lug electromagnet positioned adjacent said gear, on said armature for moving and then nor- 20 an armature cooperating with said electro- mally holding said oscillating arm in its magnet and mounted for rotation with said first named position, a second gear adapted ture from said electromagnet, an arm oscil- engaged by said oscillating arm when in its 25 position whereby said electromagnet is ener- gear for engaging said oscillating arm and 30

EVERETT H. WHITE.