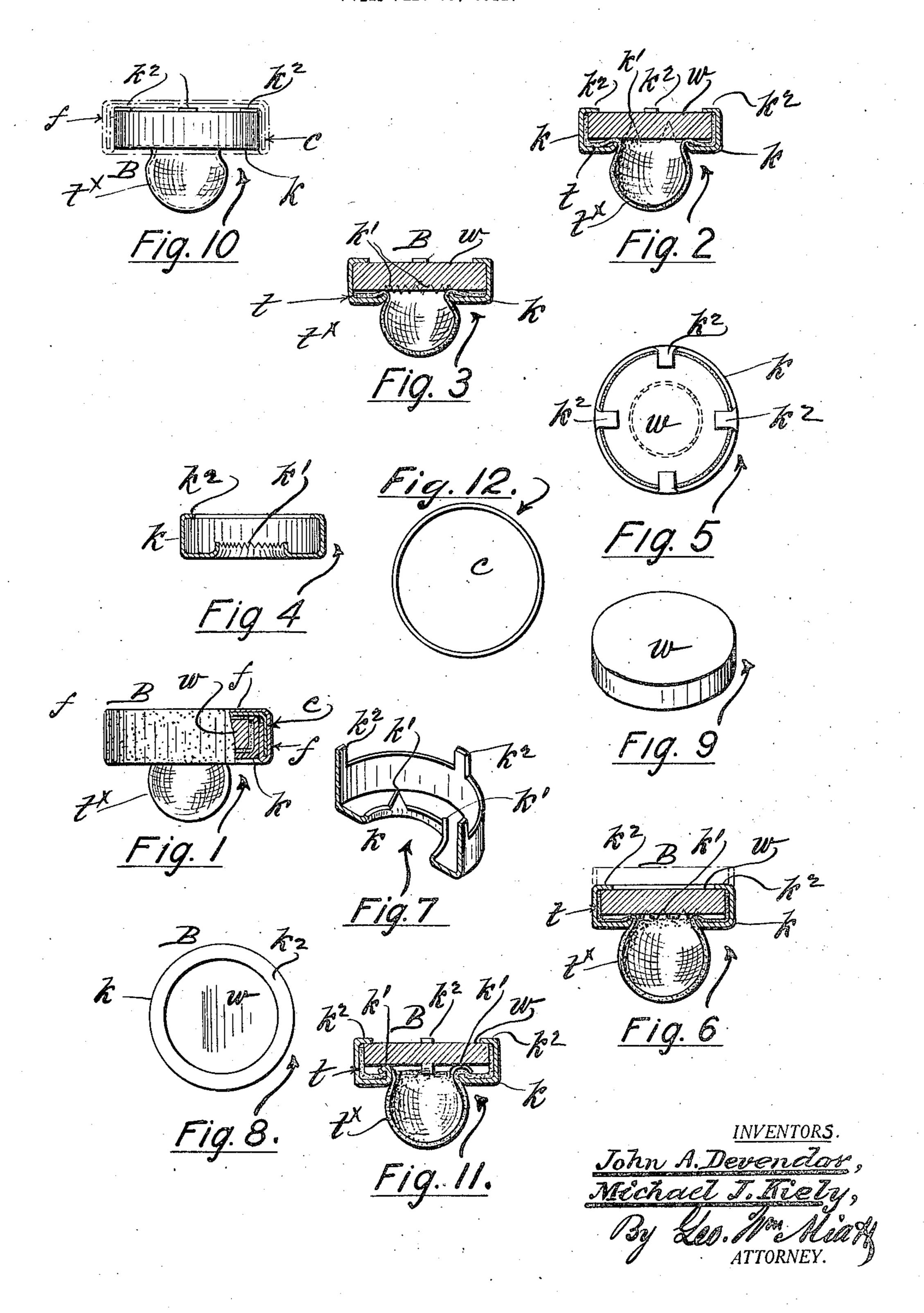
J. A. DEVENDOR ET AL.

TUFTED BACK MOLD FOR CLOTH COVERED BUTTONS.

FILED FEB. 15, 1922.



STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN A. DEVENDOR, OF NEW YORK, AND MICHAEL J. KIELY, OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

TUFTED BACK MOLD FOR CLOTH-COVERED BUTTONS.

Application filed February 15, 1922. Serial No. 536,650.

To all whom it may concern:

the borough of Manhattan, city, county, and dicated in dotted lines; 5 State of New York, and Michael J. Kier, the borough of Brooklyn, county of Kings, modification in the application of the collet; city and State of New York, have invented Tufted Back Molds for Cloth-Covered But-facing to our improved backing. tons, of which the following is a specification.

inafter fully set forth.

vention;

our improved mold or backing as used in secured to a garment or other article as the structure shown in Fig. 1, the facing heretofore.

40 a modification;

one form of collet adapted for use in our being by preference formed of sheet metal, combination;

45 parts shown in Fig. 2;

Fig. 6, is a section like unto Fig. 2, showing a modification in the construction of the rial of a shape corresponding to the concollet;

Fig. 7, is an isometrical cross section of the 50 collet shown in Figs. 2 and 5;

Fig. 8, is a top or inner face view of the construction shown in Fig. 6;

or pad used in conjunction with our im-55 proved construction of button back;

Fig. 10, is a side or edge elevation of the Be it known that we, John A. Devendor, construction shown in Figs. 1, 2 and 5, the a citizen of the United States, residing in facing or cover, and its shell cap being in-

Fig. 11, is a central transverse section of 60 a citizen of the United States, residing in our improved backing, showing still another

Fig. 12, is a view of the inner side of a certain new and useful Improvements in cap shell such as used in securing the cloth

f, is the usual cloth or flexible facing of the completed button, and c, the cap shell, Our improvements appertain to the so also of usual construction, upon which said called "molds" or backs used in the forma-flexible facing f, is mounted, and which 15 tion of buttons faced with cloth or analogous affords the means whereby the said facing 70 flexible material, said molds being each pro- is secured directly to the collet k, and hence vided with a rear-tuft constituting the to the backing B, considered in a unitary means of attachment of the button, consid- sense. We do not claim any novelty in so ered in a unitary sense, as applied to a gar- far as the facing f, and its cap shell c, are 20 ment or other article for use, all in a man-concerned, our invention relating more par-75 ner well known in the prior state of the art; ticularly to the specific construction of the our invention consisting essentially in the collet k, in conjunction with the method of specific construction, combination and ar- securing the tuft fabric t, thereto and also rangement of parts and appliances herein to the filler-wad w, in such manner as to 25 described and claimed, and, distinctive fea- attain practically an integral structure of 80 tures relating to the means for, and method mold or backing B, in which said tuft of, effectually securing the component parts member is positively incorporated, and from of the button together substantially as here- which it cannot be dislodged or separated under ordinary conditions of use.

In the accompanying drawings, What for convenience may be designated 85 Fig. 1, is an elevation, partly in central as the attachment-fabric t, consists of a suittransverse section, of a completed button able blank of fibrous or textile material embodying the essential features of our in-formed centrally, and in a manner wellknown in the art, with the bulbous tuft t^* , Fig. 2, is a central transverse section of by means of which the completed button is 90

and cap shell being omitted; It will be seen that the mold or backing Fig. 3, is a view like unto Fig. 2, showing B, consists of three parts, namely, said attachment tuft fabric t, tx, the "wad" or 95 Fig. 4, is a transverse central section of filler pad w, and the collet k,—the latter die-stamped into shape for application to Fig. 5, is a top or inner face view of the two other parts named;—the filler pad or wad w, consisting of a plate or thickness 100 of cardboard or other suitable fibrous matefiguration of the completed button. Thus, in the accompanying drawings, said fillerpad or wad w, is shown as consisting of a 105 round disc in conformity with the circular shape of the completed button, the construc-Fig. 9, is an isometrical view of the wad tion of which is shown by way of exemplification therein, it being understood in this connection that we do not limit our inven- 110

the same structure and method of formation enabled to use a minimum size of attachmentmay be employed in the formation of other tuft-cloth or fabric, particularly in the form shapes of button with like results and ad- shown in Fig. 3, in which the circumferen-5 vantages,—the gist of the invention consist-tial edge of said fabric t, is confined with-60 ing essentially in forming the inner edge of in the collet k, and between the latter and said collet k, with a plurality of serrations the filler wad w, but does not extend beor barbs k', which penetrate the attachment tween the peripheral edge of the filler w, tuft-fabric t, and secure it fixedly to the and the opposed sides of the collet as in 10 back side of the filler wad w, in conjunction the other figures of the drawings,—the ser- 65 with marginal overlaps k^2 , on the collet k, rations k^2 , being relied upon in any and all which is or are inturned over the filler wad cases to positively anchor the tuft t^{x} , to the w, and bind and clamp all three parts of backing B. the backing into a unitary structure, as As before intimated, the drawings exem-15 shown particularly in Figs. 1, 2, 3, 6 and 11, plify a practical embodiment of our im- 70 of said drawings.

20 teeth or barbs, as in Figs. 2, 6, 7 and 11, as shapes, as oval, square, triangular, hex- 75

button involved.

25 or serration k', are shown as penetrating adapting the essential features of our con-S0 through the atachment-tuft fabric t, and struction to the varying requirements of teeth or serrations k', whereas in Figs. 2, 3 30 and 6, the serrations not only penetrate What we claim as our invention and de- 85 through the cloth t, but also into the filler sire to secure by Letters Patent is, wad w. In either alternative construction 1. A button backing of the character the result is the same in that the tuft cloth designated, comprising a fibrous filler-wad, t, with its bulbous tuft t^{x} , is firmly secured an attachment-tuft-fabric, and a collect 35 to the filler w, and to the collet k, when formed with preformed serrations penetrat- 90 the peripheral overlap k^2 , of the latter is ingual attachment-tuft-fabric and also with folded over and forcibly set against the cir-marginal overlap by means of which the cumferential edge of said filler wad w. component parts of the backing are clamped

40 k, may consist of a plurality of equi-distant for the purpose described. 45 against the filler wad w, constitutes an an-attachment-tuft-fabric and protrude into 100 in Fig. 4, to facilitate the crimping opera-50 tion if desired.

When the backing B, is thus constructed it is practically impossible for the attachment-tuft-fabric (usually a suitable grade of canvas, so called) to pull out or become 55 deranged or loose under ordinary conditions

tion in this respect, and that substantially of use. By our construction, also, we are

provements as applied to a button of cir-The serrations k', may be relatively small—cular configuration, although the essential and continuous, as indicated in Figs. 3 and features of the invention may be embodied 4, or may consist of larger spaced apart in the construction of buttons of other may be found most expedient in accordance agonal, etc., so that we do not limit ourwith the character and requirements of the selves to the identical form and construction of parts shown, since various modifi-In Fig. 11, of the drawings, these barbs cations in detail may be resorted to, in then clinched thereon, with the wad, w, rest-manufacture and trade without departing ing against said clinched portions of the from the spirit and intent of our invention in this respect.

The peripheral overlap k^2 , of the collet together, substantially in the manner and

tongues or flanges, as in Figs. 2, 3, 5, 7 and 2. A button backing of the character 11, or of a continuous circumferential edge designated, comprising a fibrous filler wad, of the collet k, as in Figs. 4, 6 and 8, the an attachment-tuft-fabric, and a collet inturning and stamping down of which formed with serrations which penetrate said nular bearing shoulder as shown particu- said filler wad, said collet being also larly in Figs. 4, 6 and 8. Furthermore, this formed with marginal overlap by means of annular rim may be serrated as indicated which the component parts of the backing are clamped together, substantially in the manner and for the purpose described.

JOHN A. DEVENDOR. MICHAEL J. KIELY.

Witnesses:

GEO. WM. MIATT. DOROTHY M. CARMICHAEL,