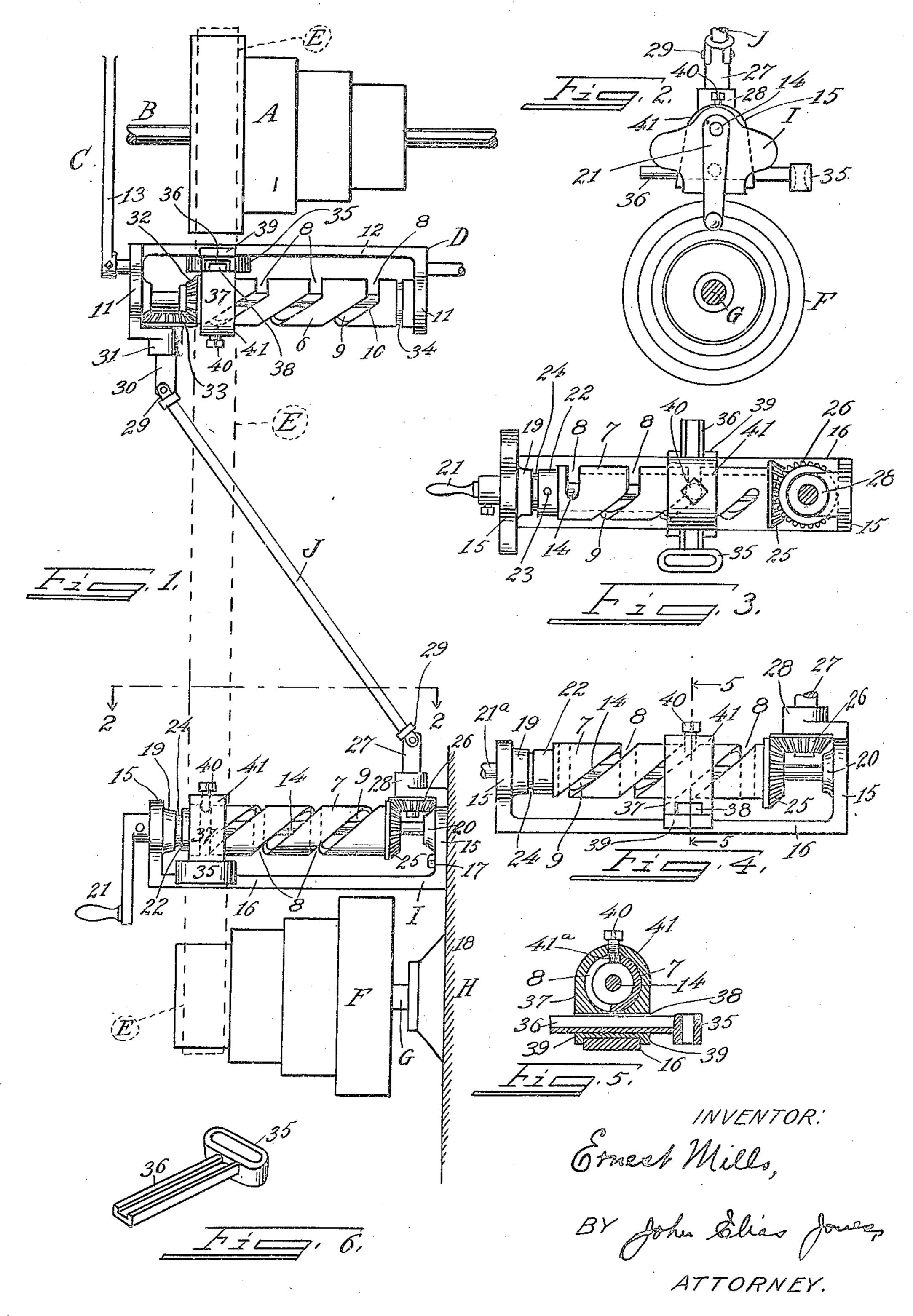
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BELT SHIFTER FOR STEPPED CONE PULLEYS.
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STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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BELT SHIFTER FOR STEPPED CONE PULLEYS.

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To all whom it may concern:

a certain new and useful Improvement in run the machine. Belt Shifters for Stepped Cone Pulleys, of F indicates the lower or driven stepped-

10 the rotary, irregularly or spirally grooved tending from the part H of the machine that 65 15 ciably cheapen the cost of the structure with- lower cam-shifter device for the lower bight 70 facilitate its operations, and to reduce, to a decided minimum, wear and noise in use.

The details of structure will be fully accompanying sheet of drawings, in which— sired changeable speeds to the machine.

Figure 1 is a front elevation showing the

25 ing-point;

Figure 2, an end elevation of the improved device, taken below the level indicated by the dotted-line 2, 2, of Fig. 1, omitting the belt, but showing the lower end of the con-30 necting-rod used between the pair of beltshifter devices of the upper and lower stepped-cones;

the latter in cross-section;

40 Fig. 3, including the belt-shifting carrier or traveler, but omitting its transverse slide-bar cam;

carrier or traveler, but, also showing the transverse slide-bar and its belt guide-eye; 50 and—

transverse slide-bar and its belt guide-eye.

In these views:—

A indicates the upper driving stepped-55 cone; B, its shaft; C, one of the hanger-

arms; and D, the mounting-bracket adapted Be it known that I, Ernest Mills, a citito carry the upper cam-shifter for the upper zen of the United States of America, and bight in the belt E (shown dotted) that is a resident of Cincinnati, in the county of to be moved transversely in the changing of 5 Hamilton and State of Ohio, have invented the various speeds at which it is desired to 60

which the following is a specification. cone, reversely-set to and in alinement with This invention relates to belt-shifters of that of the upper cone A; G, its shaft excam type for use in connection with the is to be run at changeable speeds in its changeable-speed transmissions of the re- operation on material to be suitably shaped versely-set stepped cone-pulley form, and or otherwise dressed or prepared for use; I, its object is to simplify as well as to appre- the mounting-bracket adapted to carry the out sacrificing the efficiency thereof, or its in the said belt; and J, the connecting-rod lasting and reliable qualities, to otherwise for coupling the pair of said reversely-set upper and lower cam-shifter devices so that they shall act in alined-unison in transmitting the power from the upper driving cone to 75 hereinafter described in connection with the the lower driven one for imparting the de-

Thus far the reversely-set stepped-cone belt (in dotted lines) at its highest driv- changeable-speed devices are of ordinary form and common to numerous variable- 80 speed operated machines. I will now take up my peculiar form of belt-shifter contain-

ing my invention herein.

6 and 7 respectively indicate the upper and lower cylinders or drums, the one, 6, being 85 located and alined parallel to and beneath the upper stepped-cone A, and the other, 7, Figure 3, a plan view of the lower spirally- being located and alined parallel to and grooved cam and its mounting-bracket, and axially above the lower stepped-cone F. 35 showing the miter-gear driving-connection, These drums are counterparts of each other 90 with the upright extension shaft or pin of and are set in parallel alinement, with the connecting-rod J between them, as best Figure 4, a longitudinal elevation of the shown in Fig. 1. Each drum has a camsaid lower spirally-grooved cam shown in groove made longitudinally along its periphery or circumference, such cam-groove 95 being of irregular form and having straight that has the guide-eye for the belt therein, circumferential parts 8 at regular parallel and, also, omitting the hand-crank of the intervals apart, and, also, having spirallydirected parts 9 that lead to and pass from Figure 5, a transverse section, taken on the said parallel straight parts 8 along the 100 the dotted-line 5, 5, of Fig. 4, showing the surface of the drums, as best shown in Fig. 1 spirally-grooved cam and the belt-shifting and well shown in Figs. 3 and 4. The object of these mixed or straight-and-spiral camgrooves is two-fold, the straight parts of the grooves being relative to or coincident with 105 Figure 6, a perspective view of the said the normal set or running positions of the belt when engaged over the desired respective steps in the two reversely-set cones, and the spiral parts being those relied on in the transverse shipping or shifting movements 110 of the belt when transferring it along the In both the upper and lower shifter destepped-cones from one step to the desired vices a transversely-slidable guide-eye 35 is other one to suit the desired speed at which provided at the outer end of a ribbed bar 36

axial-shaft 10 that is journaled at its oppo- the drum in each shifter device, and which site ends in the pendent end-walls or arms I will now briefly describe in detail. The 11, 11, of the horizontal suspension-frame ribbed bar 36 of each of the two shifters enbar 12, the latter, in turn, being mounted at gages a transverse slot or guideway 38 made 10 the lower ends of hanger-arms 13 (one- in the base of its traveler or mounting-car- 75 only, of those C, being shown), and the rier 37, the body-portion of the latter being a lower cam-drum 7 is mounted on an axial-cylindrical block or ring whose inner diameshaft 14 journaling at its opposite ends in the ter or orifice is very slightly larger, for end-walls or upright arms 15, 15, of the hori- clearance, than that of the outer diameter of 15 zontal base-bar 16 (of the lower bracket I) the drum, which it encircles and along which 80 that is secured by means of bolts or the like it is adapted to freely slide back and forth 20 herein.

Suitable bosses 19 and 20 are provided on the inner faces of the upright-arms 15, 15, for more extended bearings for the shaft 14, and the same structure prevails in the upper 25 shifter-member in connection with the pen-

dent end-walls 11, 11.

21 indicates a hand-crank attached to the extended outer end 21a of the lower axialshaft 14, convenient to the reach of the op-30 erator of the machine for shifting the belt when it is desired to change the speed there-

In the lower cam-shifter device the drum hand-crank 21 is turned so as to rotate the has a protuberant hub 22 at one end thereof lower drum, which is rotably-coupled with 35 that is secured by means of a pin 23 or the the upper drum by means of the connecting- 100 like to the shaft, so that the drum shall turn rod J, whereby both drums shall act in with the shaft, and a suitable washer 24 is unison, with the straight portions of their placed between the said hub 22 and the ad-cam-grooves alternately in alinement for the jacent boss 19 to provide for any undue continuous running of the belt where placed, 40 wear, end-thrust or otherwise. At the op- and with the spiral parts of the said cam- 105 posite end of the said drum of the lower grooves used to force or feed the two travelwith a driving miter-gear 26 at the lower sidewise along the respective stepped-cones 45 end of a vertical short shaft or pin 27, the A and F, to suit the desired speed at which 110 extends inwardly from the upper end of the slide-bars 36 for the belt move automatically adjacent end-wall 15 of the base-bar 16. The back and forth in their slots 38 as the belt upper end of the said short shaft 27 is shifts from step to step along the several 50 pivotally-connected at 29 to the lower end cones, the bights in the belt at top and bot- 115 29 to the lower end of a short shaft or pin for the deflection or passage sidewise of the 55 lower end of the adjacent pendent arm 11 of ation thereof. the horizontal suspension-bar 12 of the up- In operating the pair of shifters, the

60 miter-gear 32, the miter-gear 33 at the upper thereof and thence, through the connecting- 125 end of the said short shaft 30, together with rod J, imparts motion to the upper camthe washer 34, correspond to the like parts in connection with the lower shifter device and will now need no repeated description

65 thereof.

the machine is to be run. together with a traveler or mounting-carrier The upper cam-drum 6 is mounted on an 37, the latter being movable or slidable along 70

17 to the side-part 18 shown at H in frag- in the adjustment of the belt that passes mentary-section only) of the machine to be through said guide-eye 35 of each shifter. operated by the changeable-speed mechanism. The base or bottom of each traveler 37 has vertical side-extensions 39 that span the re- 85 spective upper suspension-bar 12 and the lower base-bar 16 that form track-ways

> therefor, as best shown in Fig. 5 in connection with the lower-shifter device. A vertical set-screw or switch-post 40, that has a 90 plain, tracer, inner end 41a, engages a threaded opening made in the apex of the ringportions 41 of the carriers 37, and its said

> inner, plain end 41° is adapted to engage the irregular slot or cam-groove of the drum, 95 so that when the belt is to be shifted or switched sidewise in either direction, the

shifter device is keyed a miter-gear 25 on ers 37 along their several drums and simulthe shaft 14 that is adapted to be engaged taneously transfer or switch the said belt

latter journaling in a horizontal box 28 that the machine is to be run. The guide-eye

of the coupling-rod J and the upper end of tom changing or widening and narrowing, said coupling-rod is likewise connected at as the case might be, or duly compensating

30 that journals in a horizontal box 31 at the belt, back and forth, in the shifting oper-

per cam-shifter device. hand-crank 21 is turned so as to rotate the The detail parts comprising the upper lower cam-drum, which transmits rotary drum, its cam-groove its axial-shaft, its movement to the miter-gears at one end drum through the upper pair of mitergears, whereby the upper traveler or carrier-block first starts to move along the upper cam-drum to shift the upper bight in 130

120

of the belt is effected by the upper switch- lower drum, a longitudinally-movable travpost whose inner end engages the beginning eler having a tracer-pin adapted to engage 5 upper drum, and the latter is made to turn versely-slidable bar having a belt loop or 50 spiral part of the cam-slot and the said 10 the second or next step in the upper cone spective opposite ends of the said vertical 55 has been fully effected or reached with the oblique connecting-rod and having pivotal-upper bight in the belt in full engagement connection therewith so that the upper and the said upper switch-post in the first crank for use in rotating the said lower slot-15 straight portion of the cam-slot, and, also, ted drum and thence, through the medium 60 for the entrance of the lower switchpost into the first spiral part of the cam-slot of the lower drum, after passing from the straight first part of the said lower cam-slot 20 in which the said lower switch-post has been engaged during the first half revolution of the lower drum, and then the transfer of the lower bight in the belt follows, to become taut on the second step of the lower cone, 25 and without the use of any idlers at any time.

I claim:—

parallel, vertically-alined, reversely-stepped 30 cone-pulleys, the combination of an upper hanger-and-track frame having journal having an extension bar or arm adapted to bearing-arms at its opposite ends, a drum or engage within and slide across the said slot cylinder having an irregularly-formed slot or guide-way in the base of said traveler along its periphery, an axial-shaft for said or carrier-block and thereby automatically having a tracer-pin adapted to engage said in the belt as it is slid or moved sidewise in slot in the drum, a transversely-slidable bar shifting it for different speeds desired, and having a belt loop or guide-eye at one end thereof and reciprocally-supported by the 40 said traveler, a vertical, obliquely-arranged rotatory connecting-rod, a lower hangerand-track frame having journal bearingarms at its opposite ends, a drum or cylinder having an irregularly-formed slot along 45 its periphery and corresponding to that of

the belt. The said first sidewise-movement the said upper drum, an axial-shaft for said of the first spiral part of the cam-slot in the said slot in the lower drum, a transa half revolution so as to clear the said first guide-eye at one end thereof and reciprocally-supported by the said lower traveler, upper switch-post to enter the first straight miter-gears mounted on the said upper and part in the cam-slot, and at which moment lower hanger-and-track frames at the retherewith, ready for the further turning of lower drums shall act in unison, and a handof the said connecting-rod and miter-gears, rotating the upper slotted drum, both in unison, substantially as herein shown and described.

2. In a belt-shifter device for reversely- 65 stepped cone-pulleys or variable-speed mechanism, a drum or cylinder having a longitudinal cam slot or groove constructed along its periphery or circumference, an axialshaft for the said drum, a hanger-and-track 70 frame, a traveler or carrier-block adapted to be moved or slid lengthwise along the track-1. In a belt-shifter device for a pair of portion of the said hanger-and-track frame, and having a transverse slot or guide-way in its lower portion or base, a belt guide-eye 75 35 drum, a longitudinally-movable traveler compensate for the variable widths of bights 80 a vertical coupling or tracer pin in the said traveler or carrier-block adapted to freely engage the said cam-slot in the drum for 85 moving the carrier along the track or basebar of the said hanger-frame, substantially as herein shown and described.

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