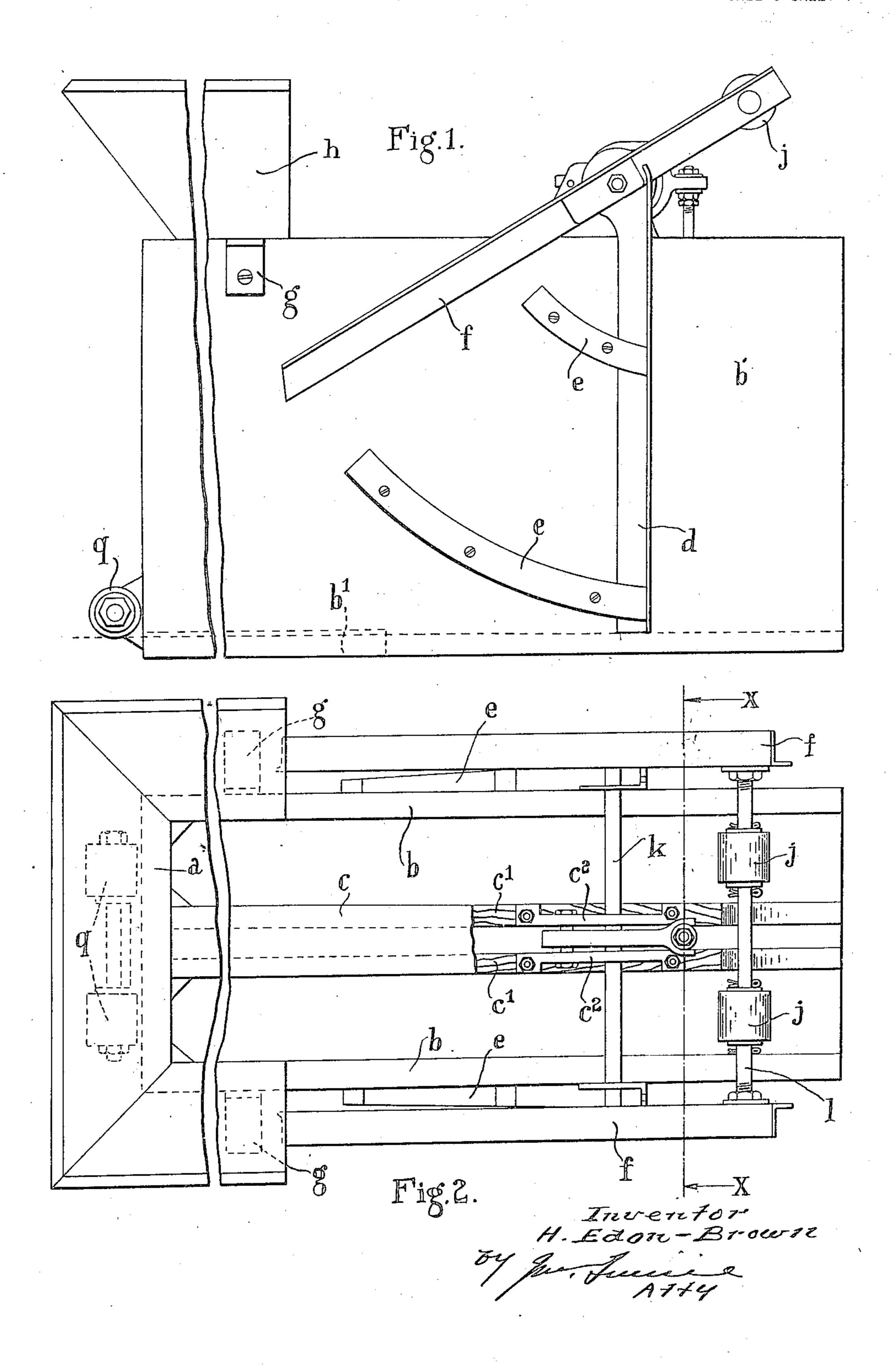
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2 SHEETS-SHEET 1

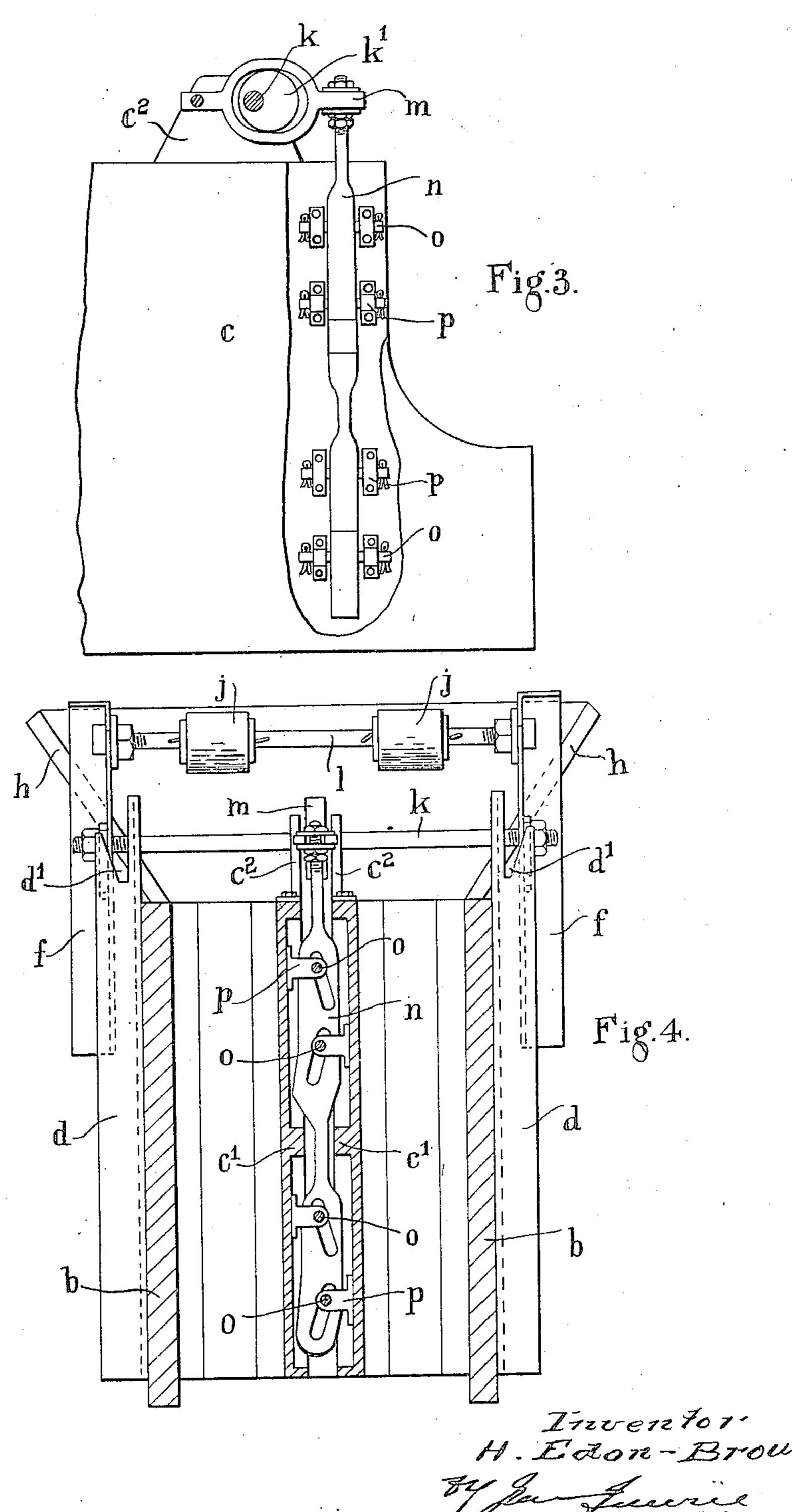


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2 SHEETS-SHEET 2



Tizverzior H. Edon-Browit

UNITED STATES PATENT

HERBERT EDON-BROWN, OF WESTMINSTER, LONDON, ENGLAND.

MOLD FOR CASTING HOLLOW CONCRETE STRUCTURES.

Application filed January 6, 1921. Serial No. 435.536.

To all whom it may concern:

is a specification.

This invention relates to molds employed the mold. for casting hollow concrete and like struc- The free end of the core is provided with ed for use in casting hollow concrete walls

in situ.

The usual practice employed in casting walls in situ necessitates the use of a large amount of formwork or shuttering, between which the concrete is poured in a comparatively semi-liquid condition, the 20 said shuttering having to be maintained in position until the concrete has set sufficiently to maintain its form. This method is open to the objection that the cost of drawal of these overlapping portions, a por-

25 is comparatively long. ed in accordance with this invention the concrete is placed in the molds in a comparatively dry condition and is tamped; the 30 mold is immediately then stripped in a horizontal direction and the next length of wall is then cast. When each horizontal course is completed, the mold is raised and placed upon the course previously cast, and the 35 next course is then cast in successive lengths, the joints in successive courses be-

ing preferably staggered.

The molds constructed in accordance with this invention are of the type adapted to be 40 stripped horizontally and comprise a core which is attached to an end member carrying side members which yield sufficiently when the mold is unclamped to facilitate their withdrawal from the cast length of 50 parallel, but when the clamping means are like covers adapted to slide over each other released its sides become slightly inclined are preferably provided. with reference to each other to facilitate. The clamping arms f consist conveniently

plates attached to the side members of the nism. These angle bars cooperate with ta-

mold and which are connected near their Be it known that I, Herbert Edon- centres by a cross shaft which carries the Brown, a subject of the King of Great Brit-core-expanding mechanism. Between these ain and Ireland, residing at 1 Carteret arms at their other ends is mounted a shaft 60 5 Street, Westminster, London, England, carrying one or more rollers adapted to ride have invented certain new and useful Im- over the top surface of the work previously provements in Molds for Casting Hollow cast and to facilitate the horizontal move-Concrete Structures, of which the following ment of the mold to its next position. Similar rollers are attached to the fixed end of 65

tures such as walls, and is primarily intend- a cut-away portion or portions to enable concrete cross-ties to be cast between the two walls. To facilitate the formation of 70 these cross-ties, a false-core, preferably collapsible, is inserted in the cavity at the end of the length of wall previously cast.

As is usual in molds of this type, the side members are placed so as slightly to over- 75 lap at their inner surfaces the lower surface on to which the concrete is being cast, and in order to facilitate the horizontal withformwork is high and the time of erection tion of the outside members of the mold to- 80 wards the fixed ends may be hinged to the In casting walls with the molds construct- main portion in accordance with our invention and the opening and closing of these hinged portions may be effected from the clamping arms.

In the accompanying drawings, which illustrate the preferred form of mold constructed in accordance with our invention,

Fig. 1 represents an elevation of the mold with the parts shown in the inoperative or 90 unclamped position.

Fig. 2 represents a plan with a portion of the core-sheathing removed.

Fig. 3 represents an elevation of the front portion of the core, partly in section to ex- 95 pose the core-collapsing mechanism.

Fig. 4 represents an end view, partly in

section upon the line xx of Fig. 2.

The end member a consisting of a board or plate has attached thereto side members 100 wall. The core is of the collapsible type b and the core c; the latter consists of boards and according to this invention is so con- or plates c' held when in operative or structed by hinging or by elasticity of the clamped position parallel to each other. parts that when the sides of the mold are. To prevent concrete or the like from getclamped together for casting, its sides are ting between these plates c' sheet metal or 105

stripping from the work.

of bars of angle section and are secured The clamping is effected by means of a against rotation relatively to a cross-shaft 110 pair of arms which engage at one end cam- k which operates the core-expanding mechaside members b and serve to force the latter position.

port the arms f when in fully raised posi-members, supporting ears carried by said tion; the stops are turned about their pivots side members and projecting above them, to allow the arms f to pass beyond them and clamping arms pivoted to said ears and co-10 Rollers j are carried by a shaft l carried for releasing the side members after casting 75 between the front ends of the arms; when and means for moving the mold horizontally back ends of the latter are raised, the rollers to its next casting position. rest upon the surface of the concrete previously cast and assist the movement of the 15 mold to the next operative position. Other rollers q may be mounted on the back of the end member a to assist the movement of the mold along the bed surface. The back por tions b' of the lower parts of the side mem-20 bers indicated in dotted lines may be hinged at their upper edges so that they may be folded upwards to prevent friction with the side surfaces of the lower layer of concrete or other surface upon which the concrete is 25 being cast.

Cam plates e are mounted upon the side members b and coact with the arms f to clamp the mold in operative position.

The core-expanding mechanism consists 30 of a cam plate n provided with slots in which engage pins o carried between brackets p mounted in recesses in the inner sides of the plates c'. The cam plate n is operated by a sheave-arm m pivoted between 35 brackets c^2 , the sheave engaging an eccentric k' carried by the shaft k.

It will be seen that downward movement of the clamping arms f in the counter-clockwise direction in Fig. 1 will clamp the side 40 members b and will lift the cam plate n thus expanding the core. It will, of course, be understood that the relative angular movement of the side members and core plates required to enable the mold to be means to collapse the core and for project-

45 stripped is quite small.

upper surface thereof.

Although the mold is primarily intended the wall. for casting walls in situ thus giving a mono- 5. A mold for casting concrete structures, 115 case end plates may be placed in the closed the side members, a lever pivoted above the 55 ends of the mold to keep separate blocks side members carrying rollers at the outer 120 line.

What I claim is:—

60 like, a vertical end member, vertical side into one position will lock the side members 125 65 the cast concrete to facilitate horizontal ment with another cam member, at the same 130

pered notches d' in angle bars d fixed to the movement of the mold to the next casting

slightly outwards when the mold is in the 2. In a mold for casting concrete and the unclamped position. like, a vertical end member, vertical side Pivoted angle stops g are provided to sup-members, cam-plates carried by said side 70 are then turned back to support the arms. acting with said cam-plates, positive means

3. In a mold for casting concrete and the like a vertical end member, vertical side members, cam plates carried by said side 80 members, supporting ears carried by said side members and projecting above them, clamping arms pivoted to said ears and coacting with said cam-plates, lowerback hinged portions on said members, positive 85 means for releasing the side members after casting, and means for moving the mold horizontally to its next casting position.

4. A mold for casting concrete structures, comprising an end member, side members 90 secured thereto, a collapsible core carried by the end member, means for collapsing the core, rollers mounted on the end member, angle bars secured to the side members extending above said members and formed 95 at the upper ends with cam slots, cam plates secured to the side members, a lever pivoted above the side members having clamping arms extending beyond said members and adapted to engage the cam plates for holding 100 the side members in mold forming position in one position thereof, the arms having their free upper ends connected by a bar carrying rollers, the movement of the lever and arms to another position operating to release the 105 side members by the engagement of the arms in the cam slots of the angle bars, said movement also operating the core collapsing ing the rollers carried by the bar into en- 110 In order to facilitate the filling of the gagement with a wall surface, so that said mold a hopper h may be fixed to the back rollers and the rollers on the end member will facilitate the movement of the mold on

lithic or jointless construction, it may be comprising an end member, side members employed if desired for casting successively secured thereto, a collapsible core carried by separate blocks open at one end. In this the end member, cam members secured to formed by successive casting in a horizontal free end thereof, the lever being formed to engage the cam members on the side members, and rollers carried by the end 1. In a mold for casting concrete and the member, whereby the movement of the lever members, clamping arms therefor, rollers together in mold forming position by encarried on a transverse shaft mounted be- gagement with one cam member and when tween the upper ends of said arms and moved to another position will release the means for causing said rollers to bear upon side members and separate them by engage-

5 prising an end member, side members, pairs clamp the side members and core member movement of the mold on the formed wall formed wall. 10 controlled by said lever, the lever being 8. In a mold for casting hollow concrete 15 the other direction to spring said side mem- members to assume a position slightly inment with the other pair of cam members, means is released, and means for moving the the lever at the same time operating said mold horizontally from one casting posimeans for projecting it into operative po- tion to the next. 20 sition.

7. A mold for concrete structures, com-

time positioning said rollers to engage the prising an end member, side members seupper face of the wall formed, for facili- cured thereto, a collapsible core carried by tating the movement of the mold.

the end member, and a lever pivotally 6. A mold for concrete structures, com- mounted for movement in one direction to 25 of cam members carried by the side in mold forming position and on movement members, a lever mounted for pivotal in the other direction to collapse the core movement, and means for facilitating the and disengage the side members from the

adapted in movement in one direction to and like structures, vertical side members, a lock the side members together in mold vertical end member, a collapsible core proforming position by engagement with one jecting from the vertical end member, pair of cam members and in movement in clamping means, means for causing the side 35 bers away from the formed wall by engage- clined to each other when the clamping

In testimony whereof I affix my signature. HËRBERT EDON-BRÖWN.