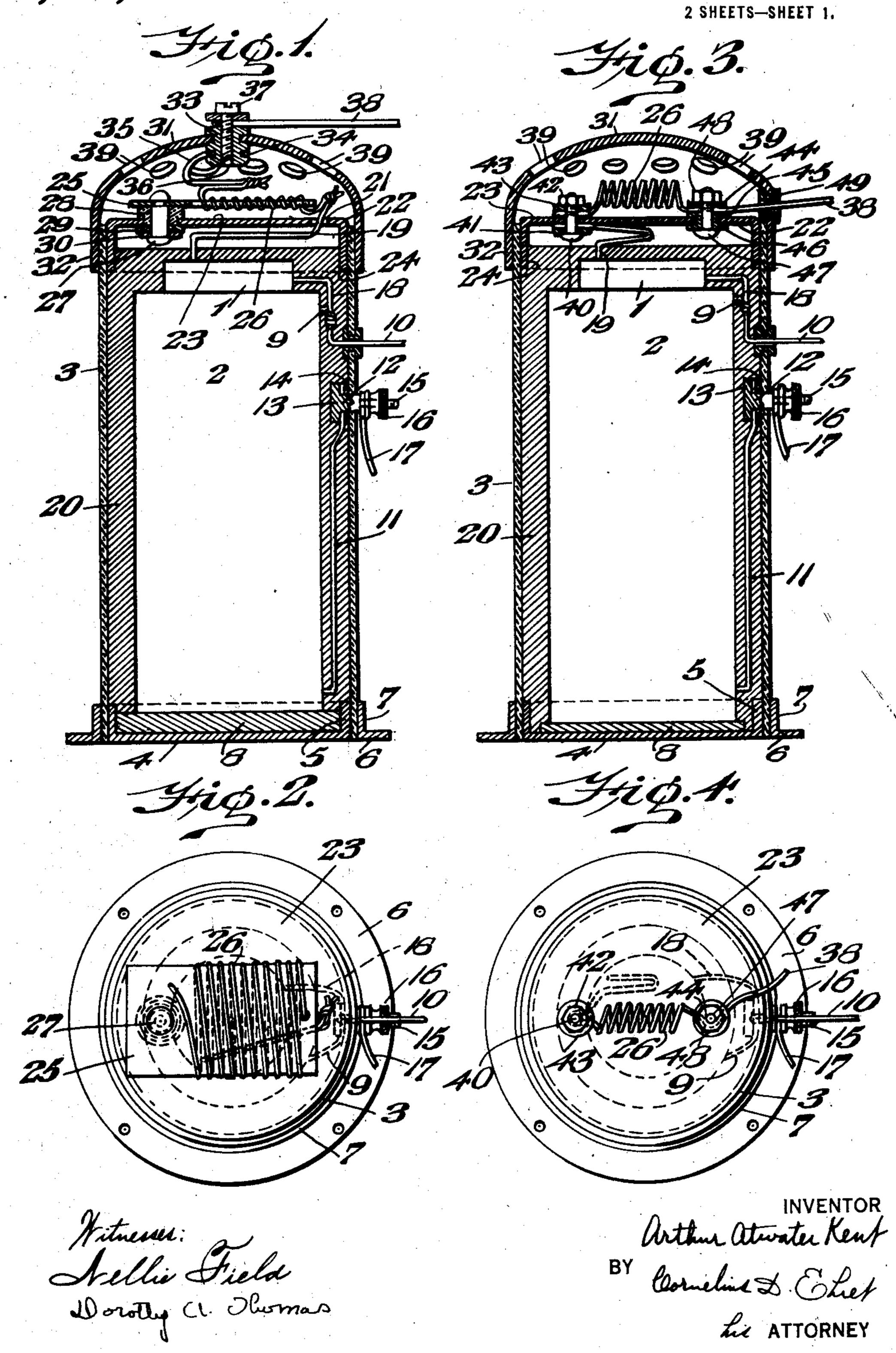
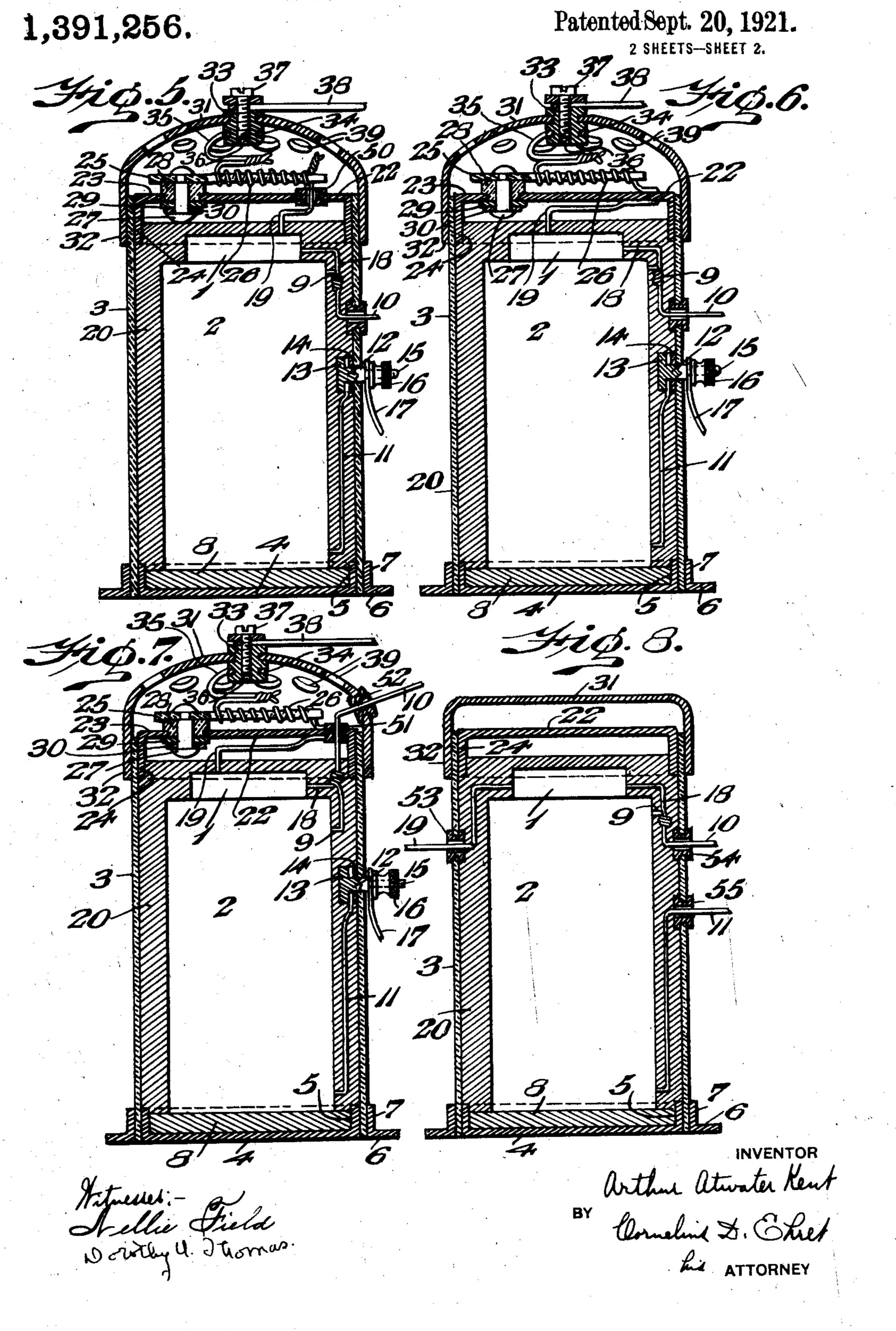
A. A. KENT.
INDUCTION COIL STRUCTURE.
APPLICATION FILED JULY 9, 1921.

1,391,256.

Patented Sept. 20, 1921.



A. A. KENT.
INDUCTION COIL STRUCTURE.
APPLICATION FILED JULY 9, 1921.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ARTHUR ATWATER KENT, OF ARDMORE, PENNSYLVANIA, ASSIGNOR TO ATWATER KENT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA, A COR-PORATION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

INDUCTION-COIL STRUCTURE.

1,391,256.

Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Sept. 20, 1921.

Continuation of application Serial No. 131,749, filed November 16, 1916. This application filed July 9, 1921. Serial No. 483,423.

5 State of Pennsylvania, have invented cer- the disk 4 substantially flush with the end of tain new and useful Improvements in In- the tube 3.

10 and particularly to those coils that are pressure, said ring 6 being provided with adapted for use in the sparking systems of an integral cylindrical flange 7 of the same

15 closed and protected, and is also easily and end of the tube 3. In this manner the cylin-20 ance to prevent heating of the coil when the and tube 3. primary circuit is closed for relatively long. A disk 8 of cardboard, fiber or other maand simple in appearance.

30 the same parts throughout the views, Figure which it may be grounded or otherwise suit-1 is a vertical section of an induction coil ably connected in circuit. 35 shown in Fig. 1, with the upper outer cap or through the tube 3. The binding post may cover removed.

40 moved.

45 coil 1 and a secondary winding or coil 2, One terminal 18 of the primary coil is board, fiber, or other thick paper. Into one the primary coil 1. 50 end of said tube 3 a disk 4, preferably of The tube 3 with the induction coil therein sheet metal, having an integral peripheral is then preferably filled with melted wax.

To all whom it may concern: cylindrical flange 5, slightly larger than the Be it known that I, ARTHUR ATWATER diameter of the interior of the tube 3, is Kent, a citizen of the United States, resid- forced under considerable pressure with a ing in Ardmore, county of Montgomery and flange extending tightly into the tube 3, and 55

duction-Coil Structures, of which the fol- Over that end of the tube 3 into which lowing is a specification. the flanged disk 4 has been so inserted, a My invention relates to induction coils sheet metal ring 6 is next forced, under 60 internal combustion engines.

diameter as, or slightly smaller than the The objects of this invention, are to pro-outside diameter of the tube 3, and which vide an induction coil that is entirely in- tightly fits over the exterior surface of the 65 cheaply constructed and assembled; to pro-drical flanges 5 and 7 of the disk 4 and ring vide a casing therefor, which is strong, stiff, 6, respectively, tightly clamp and hold the durable and light in weight; to provide the tube 3 between them and the said flanges induction coil proper with a suitable resist- also greatly stiffen the said disk 4, ring 6 70

periods, to provide a housing for the resist-terial, which is preferably non-magnetic and ance; and to make a coil which is attractive, a non-conductor of electricity, is then placed within the tube 3 resting on the disk 4 and 75 Other objects of my invention will appear the induction coil, comprising the primary in the specification and claims below. coil 1 and secondary coil 2, is placed cen-Referring to the drawing forming a part trally in the tube 3 resting on the disk 8 and of this specification and in which the same with a terminal 9 of the secondary coil 2 reference characters are used to designate connected to the primary lead 10, through 80

emobdying my invention, the primary and The other terminal 11 of the secondary secondary windings not being shown in sec-coil is attached to a binding post 12 passing tion; and Fig. 2 is a plan view of the device through and tightly fitting into a hole 85 be provided with a flanged head 13 and Fig. 3 is a view, similar to Fig. 1, show-between said head 13 and a metal washer ing a modified construction, and Fig. 4 is a 14, the said terminal 11 may be held in good plan view of the same with the outer cap re- electrical contact. The outer end of said 90 binding stud 12 may be provided with screw Figs. 5, 6, 7 and 8 show further modified threads 15 over which the knurled nut 16 forms of the invention. may be threaded for the purpose of at-The induction coil proper consists of two taching thereto a lead wire 17 of the secwindings, as usual, a primary winding or ondary circuit.

surrounding the primary coil. The casing preferably connected to the lead 10 and therefor preferably consists of insulating may be thus grounded. The other lead 19 material in the form of a tube 3 of card- is preferably left extending upwardly from

paraffin, or some similar insulating material 20 to nearly the top of the tube 3 so that the induction coil is completely inclosed and covered thereby and the wax is allowed to 5 cool and solidify, the terminal 19 of the primary coil extending above the top surface

of the wax or paraffin.

The terminal 19 of the primary coil is now passed through an opening 21 in an 10 inner diaphragm, cover or cap 22, preferably of sheet metal, and comprising a disk-like top 23, and a cylindrical flange 24, the outer diameter of which flange is of the same or slightly larger diameter than the inner 15 diameter of the end of the top of the tube 3. The flange disk 22 is then forced under pressure tightly into the tube 3 until the top end of the tube and the top 23 of the inner cover 22 are substantially flush.

On the top of the inner cover 23 is secured a preferably rectangular sheet or plate of mica 25 around which is wrapped in spiral between a metal washer 43 and the top of separated coils a length of preferably nickel the cover 22. The other end of the coil 26 25 plate 25 may be secured to the top 23 of the inner cover 22 by a rivet 27 passing an insulating bushing 46 passing through through said mica plate 25, through a bush- the cover 22 and through which a bolt 47 ing 28, which may be of insulating material, passes. A nut 48 on the end of the bolt 47 and through an insulating washer 29 and a holds the end of the resistance coil firmly metal washer 30 on the other or inner side on but insulated from the inner cap 22. In 95 of the inner cover 22. One end of said re- this case the lead 38 may extend through a sistance coil 26 is secured in any suitable bushing 49 of insulating material through manner to the end of the lead 19 passing the outer cap 31 and is held clamped in

closing the resistance coil mounted on the In Fig. 5 is shown a still further modified indrical flange 32, the inner diameter of 40 which is slightly less than the outer diam-31 is preferably provided at its center with the induction coil and is also insulated from a brass stud 33, the top end of which is the resistance coil 26. passed through a suitable opening in the In Fig. 6 is a further modified form. The 45 top of the outer cap or cover 31 and is lead 19 is in this instance soldered directly 110 50 34 into which one end of the piece of copper conductor of the primary circuit and the 115 35 is wrapped around the said stud or bush- cap 22 is obviated. ing 33 when the bushing is inserted through Sometimes it is desirable to lead the the cap 31 and then the said stud 33 is com-ground wire 10 through the outer cap 31 55 pressed between dies under high pressure to and this arrangement is shown in Fig. 7 in 120

60 ing 33. The stud or bushing 33 is preferably provided with a tapped hole 36 for the reception of a binding screw 37 to which a lead 38, adapted to be attached to the interrupt- ner cap 22, as in Fig. 6.

The other end of the resistance coil 26 is connected to the copper wire 35 and then the outer cap or cover 31 is forced under pressure over the outer surface of the upper end of the tube or cylinder 3. In this manner 70 the tube 3 is made stiff and rigid by being clamped tightly between the flange of the inner cap or cover 22 and the flange of the outer cap or cover 31.

The cap or cover 31 is preferably pro- 75 vided with a plurality of holes 39 to permit of the free circulation of air over the resistance coil 26, thus inclosed within a chamber between the inner and outer caps

or covers 22 and 31, respectively.

In Fig. 3 is shown a modified form of induction coil in which the lead 19 is attached directly to the metal cap 22 by a bolt 40 and metal washer 41, and the adjacent end of a spiral resistance coil 26, preferably of nickel 85 wire, is clamped by a nut 42 on said bolt 40, wire to form a resistance coil 26. This mica is, however, clamped between insulating washers 44 and 45 surrounding the ends of 90 through the opening 21 of the inner cap 22. electrical engagement with the end of the Over the upper end of the tube 3, and in-resistance coil 26 by the bolt 47.

top of the inner cover or cap 22 is an outer form of the device. In it the inner cap 22 metal cover or cap 31, provided with a cyl- is provided with an insulating washer or bushing 50 through which the lead 19 passes. In this manner the inner cap 22 is 105 eter of the tube 3. This outer cap or cover completely insulated from the lead 19, from

headed over by pressure and thus firmly to the under side of the inner cap 22 and one substantially riveted thereto. This brass end of the resistance coil 26 is soldered to stud or bushing 33 is preferably provided the top of the cap or cover 22. In this inside of the cap or cover 31 with a groove manner the inner cap is made a part of the wire 35 is wrapped. Preferably this wire passing of the lead 19 through the inner

head over the top of the stud or bushing 33 which the inner cover 22 is provided with and secure it thus to the cover, and to close an insulating bushing 51 and the outer cap the groove 34 upon the wire 35 to firmly 31 is provided with an insulating bushing unite the said wire 35 to the stud or bush- 52 through which the lead 10 is conducted to the outside of the casing. In this modi- 125 fied form of the invention the resistance coil 26 and the lead 19 are shown as soldered, respectively, to the opposite sides of the in-

65 ing mechanism may be attached. When it is desired so to do the resistance 130

26 may be omitted, as shown in Fig. 8, and induction coil disposed between said cap the inner and outer caps 22 and 31, respec- and said induction coil, and a primary tertively, are made without openings or out- minal carried by said cap. lets, but they are similarly forced into and 5 outside of the tube 3, respectively, and serve the purpose of stiffening the tube 3. The lead 19 of the primary coil 1 may be taken out through a bushing 53 in the side of the tube 3. In the same manner the leads 10 10 and 11 may be taken out through the side of the tube 3 through bushings 54 and 55, respectively.

The induction coils above described are particularly adapted for use in normally 15 closed sparking circuits of internal combustion engines, that is to say, in systems in which the primary circuit is held normally closed, and the spark is caused by a current induced in the secondary coil by breaking 20 the primary circuit. Resistance 26 serves to control or limit the current in the primary

winding of the induction coil.

By tightly forcing the flanged disk 4 within the ring 6 over the outside of the tube 3, 25 and the flanged disk 23 within and the outer cover or cap 31 over the outside of the tube 3, the whole tube or casing 3 is made very stiff and rigid. The parts are permanently united together without cement, screws, or 30 any other fastening devices, for the friction between the tube and the said parts serves to hold the parts rigidly and permanently together, making other fastening means unnecessary.

coil is embedded and covered, any other suit- ance element. able insulating material may be substituted 7. Induction coil structure comprising an

45 der considerable pressure.

continuation of application Ser. No. 131,749, inclosing casing of insulating material, an

filed November 16, 1916.

What I claim is:

inclosing casing, an induction coil therein, ing, a resistance element in the space bea cap on one end of said casing, and a re- tween said caps, and a terminal carried by sistance element connected in series with the the external cap and connected with the priprimary of said induction coil disposed be- mary of said induction coil through said re-55 tween said cap and said induction coil. sistance element.

2. Induction coil structure comprising an inclosing casing, an induction coil therein, inclosing casing, an induction coil therein, a perforated cap on one end of said casing, a cap on said casing, a metallic member beand a resistance element connected with the tween said cap and said induction coil form-60 primary of said induction coil disposed be- ing an end closure for said casing, a support 125

inclosing casing, an induction coil therein, cap, and a resistance element disposed upon 65 element in series with the primary of said the primary of said induction coil.

4. Induction coil structure comprising an inclosing casing, an induction coil therein, 70 a cap on one end of said casing, a resistance element connected with the primary of said induction coil disposed between said cap and said induction coil, and a primary terminal carried by said cap and connected to 75 said resistance element.

5. Induction coil structure comprising an inclosing casing, an induction coil therein, a lead common to the primary and secondary coils of said induction coil extend- 80

ing through the side of said casing, a connection to the other terminal of said secondary extending through the side of said casing, a cap on said casing, a resistance element disposed between said cap and said 85 induction coil, a terminal carried by said

cap, and a connection from the other terminal of said primary coil to said terminal on said cap through said resistance element.

6. Induction coil structure comprising an 90 inclosing casing, an induction coil therein, a lead connected with one terminal of the primary coil extending through the side of said casing, a connection to a terminal of the secondary coil extending through the 95 side of said casing, a cap on said casing, a resistance element disposed between said cap and said induction coil, a terminal carried by said cap, and a connection from the While I have referred to the use of so- other terminal of said primary coil to said 100 lidified or congealed paraffin in which the terminal on said cap through said resist-

therefor as occasion might make expedient. inclosing casing of insulating material, an The inner heads 4 and 22, the ring 6 and induction coil therein, metallic caps engag- 105 the outer cap 31 are preferably stamped ing said casing internally and externally and from sheet metal and their flanges snugly insulated from each other by said casing, fit the adjacent surfaces of said tube 3 into and a resistance element in the space beengagement with which they are forced un- tween said caps and connected with the pri-

mary of said induction coil. This application is a substitute for or 8. Induction coil structure comprising an induction coil therein, metallic caps engaging said casing internally and externally 1. Induction coil structure comprising an and insulated from each other by said cas- 115

tween said cap and said induction coil. of insulating material carried by said metal-3. Induction coil structure comprising an lic member and disposed between it and said a cap on one end of said casing, a resistance said insulating support and connected with

in, a cap on said casing, a metallic member of said tube, and outer sheet metal end mem-5 forming an end closure for said casing, a over the ends, respectively, of said tubes 70 said metallic member and disposed between tight frictional engagement with the exit and said cap, a resistance element disposed terior surface of the ends of said tube, an upon said insulating support, a terminal induction coil within said casing, and insu-10 carried by said cap, and a connection from lating material filling the space between said 75 said terminal to the primary of said induc- coil and said casing and inclosing said coil. tion coil through said resistance element.

15 in, a cap on said casing, a metallic member a cylindrical flange forced into one end of 80 20 sulating material held by said conducting forced over said end of said tube with the 85 member and disposed between said cap and inner surface of said flange in tight fricsaid metallic member, and a resistance ele-tional engagement with the outer surface of ment carried by said supporting member said tube, a member of insulating material and connected with the primary of said in- within said tube and positioned on the inner 25 duction coil.

an inclosing casing, an induction coil there- 18. An induction coil unit comprising the 40 ment.

14. Induction coil structure, for use in an and said tube. ignition system of a motor vehicle, compris19. An induction coil unit comprising the ing an inclosing casing having two cham- combination of a cylindrical tube, a head duction coil, and the other of said chambers outer surface flush with the end of said tube containing a resistance element for limiting and a ring member forced over the outer the flow of current to said induction coil.

one of said chambers containing an induc- the other end of said tube with its outer surtion coil, and the other of said chambers face substantially flush with the other end containing means for limiting the flow of of said tube and a cap forced over the said

sheet metal heads each having a cylindrical stiff and rigid.

10. Induction coil structure comprising of said flanges in tight frictional engagean inclosing casing, an induction coil there- ment with the interior surface of the ends between said cap and said induction coil bers each having a cylindrical flange forced support of insulating material carried by with the interior surface of said flanges in

17. An induction coil unit comprising the 11. Induction coil structure comprising combination of a cylindrical tube of insulatan inclosing casing, an induction coil there- ing material, a disk of sheet metal having between said cap and said induction coil said tube with the outer surface of said forming an end closure for said casing, a flange in tight frictional engagement with conducting member carried by and insulated the inner surface of the end of said tube, an from said metallic member, a support of in- outer member having a cylindrical flange surface of said flanged disk, and an induc- 90 12. Induction coil structure comprising tion coil in said tube resting on said sheet.

in, a cap on said casing, a metallic member combination of a cylindrical tube of insulatbetween said cap and said induction coil ing material, a sheet metal disk having a cy-30 forming an end closure for said casing, a lindrical flange tightly forced into one end 95 conducting member carried by and insulated of said tube, an outer member having a cyfrom said metallic member, a support of in- lindrical flange tightly forced over said end sulating material held by said conducting of said tube, said disk and said outer memmember and disposed between said cap and ber being fixedly retained in position by the 35 said metallic member, a resistance element friction between them and said tube, an in- 100 carried by said supporting member, a termi-duction coil in said tube embedded in connal carried by said cap, and a connection gealed insulating material, poured in a fluid from said terminal to the primary of said condition into the space between said coil induction coil through said resistance ele- and said tube, a metal disk having a cylindrical flange tightly forced into the other 105 13. Induction coil structure comprising end of said tube, and an outer cap of sheet an inclosing casing having two chambers, metal having a cylindrical flange forced over one of said chambers containing an induc- said last mentioned end of said tube, said tion coil, and the other of said chambers last mentioned metal disk and said outer cap 45 containing a resistance element for limiting being permanently retained on said tube by 110 the flow of current to said induction coil. the frictional engagement between them

50 bers, one of said chambers containing an in- forced into one end of said tube having its 115 surface of said end of said tube, an induc-15. Induction coil structure comprising tion coil within said tube and surrounded 55 an inclosing casing having two chambers, by insulating material, a head forced into 120 current to said induction coil.

last mentioned end of said tube, said heads, cap and ring being retained permanently to 125 combination of a casing comprising a cylin- said tube by friction between them and said drical tube of insulating material, inner tube, and serving to make said paper tube

flange forced into opposite ends, respec-65 tively, of said tube, with the outer surface combination of an insulating tube, flanged 130

1,391,256

5 of sheet metal provided with a cylindrical tionally secured together, and a resistance of said tube, an induction coil contained said flanged cap. 10 within said tube, a binding post secured to 24. A unitary sparking device for ignition 15 ing of said induction coil passing through bedded coil, circular flanged members tightly said tube.

21. An induction coil unit comprising the 20 mounted therein, a flanged metal cap exsaid tube and providing a chamber between bers. said cap and said induction coil, and a resistance mounted in said chamber and con-25 nected in series with the primary winding of

said induction coil.

30 said tube, a diaphragm in the end of said in and over the ends of said tube for perma-35 said chamber in series with the primary to said resistance element. winding of said coil, said cap being prothrough said chamber.

23. In an ignition sparking means for an 40 ignition system for use in a motor vehicle, end of said induction coil, a cap on said casthe combination of an induction coil hermetically embedded in insulating material, chamber, and a resistance disposed in said 90 a cylindrical tube of insulating material surrounding said embedded coil, flanged metal 45 disks with the flanges thereof tightly forced

within the opposite ends of said tube, a flanged ring with the flange thereof tightly forced over one end of said tube, a flanged

heads of sheet metal tightly forced into op- cap with the flange thereof tightly forced posite ends of said tube, a flanged ring of over the other end of said tube, whereby said 50 rigid material tightly forced over the ex- tube and said flanged disks, said ring and terior surface of one end of said tube, a cap said cap are permanently and rigidly fricflange tightly forced over the other end of coil connected in the primary circuit of said said tube and providing a chamber between induction coil and mounted upon one of said 55 said cap and the head forced into that end flanged disks between said flanged disk and

said tube intermediate the ends thereof, a systems used in motor vehicles, comprising terminal of the secondary winding of the an induction coil hermetically embedded in 60 said coil being attached to said binding congealed insulating material, a rigid tube post, and a terminal of the primary wind- of insulating material surrounding said emsaid cap and the head in the same end of forced within and over the ends of said tube for frictionally, permanently and rigidly se- 65 curing said members to said tube, and a recombination of a tube, an induction coil sistance connected in the primary circuit of said induction coil inclosed in a space tending over the outer surface of said end of formed between two of said flanged mem-

25. A unitary ignition sparking device for use in an ignition system of a motor vehicle. comprising an induction coil hermetically embedded in congealed insulating material, 22. An induction coil unit comprising the a tube of insulating material surrounding 75 combination of a tube of insulating material said coil, spaced end heads respectively inclosed at one end, an induction coil within ternally and externally telescopically forced tube, a cap extending over the outer surface nent and rigid connection thereto, a resistof said end of said tube and providing a ance element mounted upon one of said 80 chamber between said cap and said dia- heads in the space formed between said phragm, and a resistance mounted within heads, and a primary circuit lead connected

26. An ignition induction coil unit comvided with openings for circulation of air prising the combination of a tubular casing, 85 an induction coil therein, a diaphragm within and extending across said casing at one ing spaced from said diaphragm to form a chamber and connected with the primary winding of said induction coil.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto affixed my signature this 30th day of June, 1921.

ARTHUR ATWATER KENT.