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W. H. HART, J_R. MAILING ENVELOP. APPLICATION FILED APR. 14, 1915.

Patented Jan. 4, 1916.

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WITNESSES iterich

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COLUMBIA PLANOGRAPH CO., WASHINGTON, D. C.

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM H. HART, JR., OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

MAILING-ENVELOP.

1,166,905.

Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Jan. 4, 1916.

Application filed April 14, 1915. Serial No. 21,354.

To all whom it may concern:

material of said tongue the shape of said

Be it known that I, WILLIAM H. HART, Jr., a citizen of the United States, residing in the city and county of Philadelphia, State of 5 Pennsylvania, have invented a new and useful Mailing-Envelop, of which the following is a specification.

My invention consists of a mailing envelop or package which is composed of a o body, a closing flap, a tongue on said flap, and a lip-member on said tongue, the rear wall of said body having thereon a cross bar, the front and rear walls of said body being of differential lengths, so that when the lower 15 portion of said tongue has been applied to said cross bar, and said lip member passed below said cross bar, said member may spring back with said flap, causing said lip member to overlap said cross bar and inter-20 lock therewith, thus closing the envelop and permitting subsequent opening of the same to inspect the contents thereof, without fracturing or injuring the lip member, tongue

lip, leaving it, however, connected integrally with the latter at one end thereof somewhat as a hinge so that the lip is movable in its nature for a purpose to be hereinafter ex- 60 plained.

It will be seen that when merchandise or goods are placed in the envelop, the flap is closed and the tongue passed through the slits 6-6 to full extent and consequently 65 under the cross bar. When the lip 8 is manipulated so as to be drawn outwardly then it is let go when it rides backwardly over the bottom edge of the cross bar and overlaps the latter, and so interlocks the tongue with 70 said cross bar and holds the flap and consequently the envelop in closed condition.

Should a postal official desire to examine the contents of the envelop the lip is manipulated so as to disengage it from the cross 75 bar when the flap may be opened, the tongue then slipping freely through the slits and under the cross bar, the envelop being in no wise fractured or injured. Then the envelop may be closed again and the tongue inserted ⁸⁰ in position and locked with the cross bar as before. In order to prevent the tongue from entering the body of the envelop or be obstructed by the walls of the cross bar I em- 85 ploy the piece 9 which is formed of suitable material and passed through the slits 6-6 and under the cross bar 7, and its ends passed through slits 10-10 additionally formed in the back 5 respectively above and 90 below the slits 6-6, thus retaining the piece in position and forming a surface on which the end of the tongue 4 may ride especially in introducing the latter into the slits 6, the edges of the slits then presenting no 95 obstacles to the movement of the end of the tongue thereagainst, said end then being guided freely past said edges. While I denominate the device as a mail-Similar numerals of reference indicate ing envelop it may be used for general busi-10 ness purposes as a package or folder to contain merchandise or goods, and carry or transmit the same in closed condition to its place of destination. It will be noticed that the rear wall of the 1(body is of less height than the front wall so that when the flap 3 is turned down upon said rear wall, and the tongue 4 inserted in the slit 6, said flap 3 may be pulled down to an extent limited by the cross bar 7, abut-1

- and flap.
- 25 The invention is satisfactorily illustrated in the accompanying drawing, but the important instrumentalities thereof may be varied, as long as they are included in the scope of the claim.
- Figure 1 represents a rear elevation of an 30 envelop embodying my invention, the same being in closed condition. Fig. 2 represents a longitudinal section on the line x - x, Fig. 1. Fig. 3 represents a rear elevation of 35 a portion of the envelop in open condition. Fig. 4 represents a rear elevation of the envelop in open condition showing another embodiment of the invention. Fig. 5 represents a longitudinal section thereof on the line y = y = y, Fig. 4, but in closed condition. Fig. 6 represents a view of a member shown in Fig. 4 detached and on an enlarged scale. Fig. 7 represents a rear view of another embodiment of the invention.
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corresponding parts in the figures.

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Referring to the drawings, 1 designates an envelop composed of a body 2 and a closing flap 3 thereon. Depending from said ⁵⁰ flap 3 is the tongue 4, and in the back 5 are the transversely-extending parallel slits 6-6 which leaves between them on said back the cross bar 7. On said tongue near the lower terminal thereof is the lip 8 which is ⁵⁵ formed by cutting or punching out of the

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ting the top of said rear wall after which I claim as new and desire to secure by Letsaid flap may spring back causing the lip 8 to overlap the back of the cross bar and so interlock therewith, while it is presented 5 to view so that it may be removed from the lower edge of the cross bar when the tongue is pulled down which is permitted by the increased length or height of the front wall of the body, whereby the top of said wall 10 gives downwardly.

The flap turns on the body by means of

ters Patent, is:---

In an envelop composed of a body, a closing flap, a tongue on the latter, the rear wall of said body having therein a plurality 30 of slits forming a cross bar, and a lip on said tongue, the latter being adapted to pass through the upper slit behind said cross bar, and through the lower slit, and present said lip on the exterior of said cross bar and over- 35 lap the lower edge thereof on said exterior, the front wall of said body being of greater length than the rear wall of said body, whereby said lip, after being passed fully through said cross bar, will spring back 43 into engagement with the latter on the exterior thereof, and the top portion of said front wall may be turned downwardly over the top portion of said rear wall and overlap the same preparatory to the disengage- 45 ment of said lip from said cross bar. WILLIAM H. HART, JR. Witnesses: JOHN A. WIEDERSHEIM, N. BUSSINGER.

the fold line 11 between said body and flap as usual in envelops.

In Fig. 7 the lip 8 is shown on the back 15 wall of the body of the envelop, it being adapted to be inserted through the opening 12 in the closing flap 3 and overlapping the wall of said opening, the same as the lip of the other figures engage the cross bar $\overline{7}$, at the bottom thereof, thus interlocking the flap with the body, and permitting opening of the former without destroying the same by cutting through the fold line 11 or tearing said flap.

Having thus described my invention what 25

Copies of this patent may be obtained for five cents each, by addressing the "Commissioner of Patents, Washington, D. C."

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