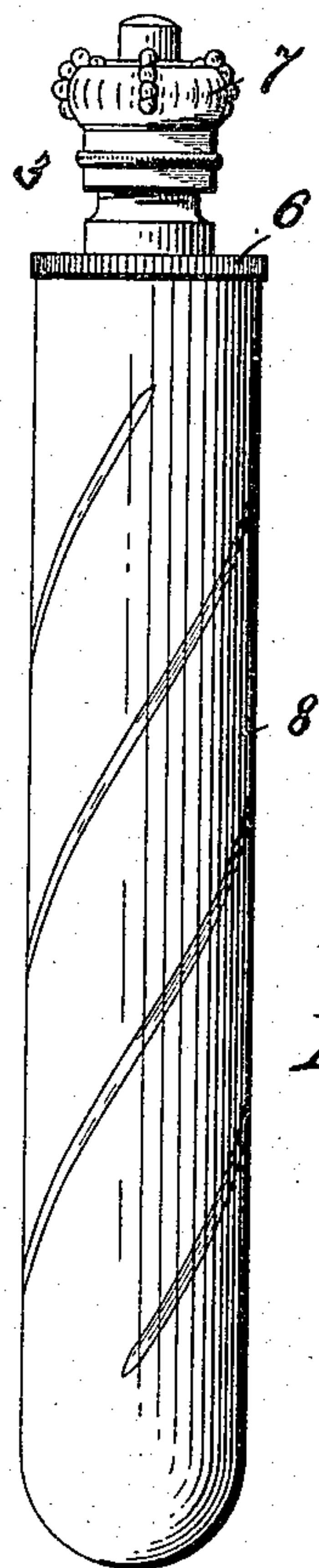


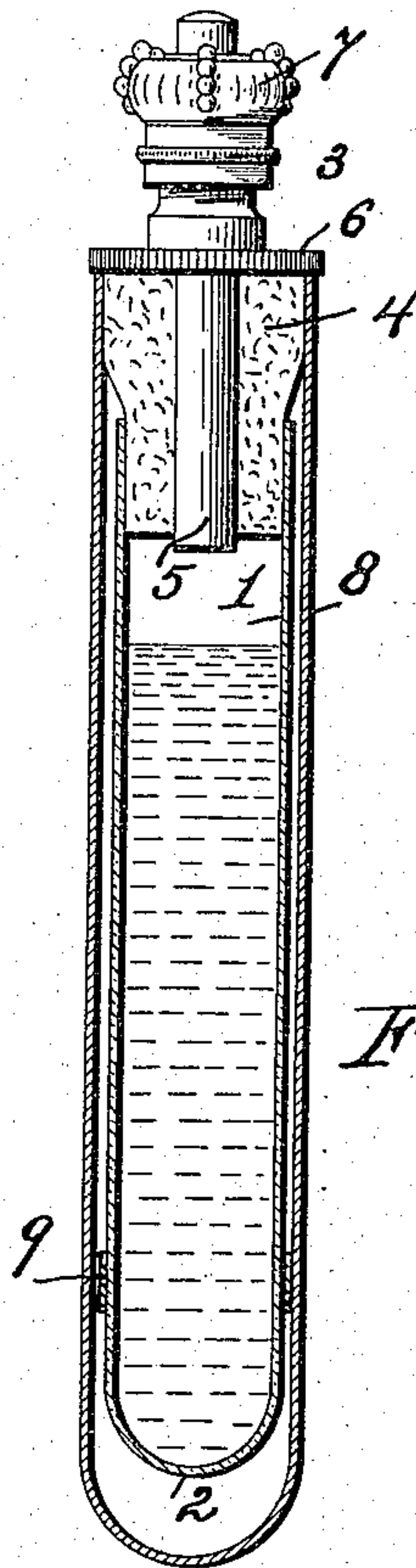
L. V. ARONSON.  
CONTAINER FOR PERFUME AND THE LIKE.  
APPLICATION FILED OCT. 20, 1913.

1,166,806.

Patented Jan. 4, 1916.



*Fig. 1.*



*Fig. 2.*

WITNESSES

Clifford A. Alliston.  
Dorothy K. Richman

INVENTOR

Louis V. Aronson  
BY  
H. C. Fischer  
ATTORNEYS



# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

LOUIS V. ARONSON, OF NEWARK, NEW JERSEY.

CONTAINER FOR PERFUME AND THE LIKE.

1,166,806.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Jan. 4, 1916.

Application filed October 20, 1913. Serial No. 796,102.

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, LOUIS V. ARONSON, a citizen of the United States, residing in the city of Newark, in the county of Essex and State of New Jersey, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Containers for Perfume and the like, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it pertains to make, construct, and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to numerals of reference marked thereon, forming a part of this specification.

This invention relates to perfume containers and dispensers, and relates more particularly to a device used for carrying and applying perfume.

The object of the invention is to provide novel and improved means, whereby the bottle proper is better protected from blows or pressure, which would tend to crush or otherwise damage the bottle, and at the same time, to permit the perfume to be readily and instantly applied, when desired, from time to time, it being well known that perfume loses its properties if contained in a metallic case.

The foregoing and other objects of this invention will hereafter be more fully described and claimed, and illustrated in the drawings, in which like characters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all of the views, and in which—

Figure 1 represents a vertical section of one form of a device made in accordance with this invention; and Fig. 2 represents a side elevation of the same.

Referring to the drawings, 1 represents a bottle of tubular form, and having a closed bottom 2. The upper end or mouth of the bottle is normally open, but adapted to be closed by the closure 3. The closure 3 comprises a stopper 4 of cork or the like, and adapted to fit into the aforesaid mouth. A tube 5 is passed through the stopper 4, and is provided with an outwardly-turned flange 6, substantially in the form of a disk, the upper end of the tube 5 being screw-threaded to receive a screw-threaded perforated cap 7, so as to construct such closure as a sprinkler, either of the form illustrated in the drawings, or of any other well-known form, having the same function.

8 represents a metallic casing of tubular form of a diameter just sufficiently large

enough to receive the bottle 1, said casing having a closed bottom, and in which the bottle 1 is frictionally held by means of the cork 4 as clearly indicated in the drawings. The stopper 4 is of such dimensions as to serve two purposes, namely, as a closure for the bottle 1 and as a means for frictionally holding in position the bottle in the tube 8. The outwardly turned flange 6 of the closure 3 is preferably made of the same dimensions as the outside diameter of the metallic casing 8, and designed to form a closure for the open end of the metallic tube, so as to give the article a finished and neat appearance.

9 represents a rubber gasket or band fitted over the outside of the bottle 1, the object of which is to serve as a further means of protecting the bottle from damage, and preventing the same from coming in contact with the metal casing 8 should the device be subjected to rough usage or careless handling.

By simply giving the cap 7 of the closure 3 a partial turn, a portion of the contents of the bottle 1 may be sprinkled therefrom through the perforated cap 7.

The stopper 4 is of such dimensions as to project sufficiently from the neck of the bottle 1 so that the peripheral surface thereof provides means, whereby the bottle containing perfume or the like, is frictionally held in position in the metallic tube 8, thereby better protecting the bottle from damage.

I wish it to be understood that the purposes of the bottle is not to be limited in any way, and also it should be understood that the size and relative proportions of the parts may be varied to a large extent without departing from the spirit of the invention.

I claim:

1. In a device of the character described, the combination of a protector casing, a bottle within said casing located in close proximity thereto, an apertured cork secured to the open end of the bottle, whereby said bottle is held circumferentially free within said casing, and a tubular, headed sprinkling device secured to said cork, said sprinkling device being provided with an annular flange adapted to form a closure for the open end of said casing.

2. In a device of the character described, the combination of a protector casing, a bottle within said casing located in close proximity thereto, a rubber band fitted over



said bottle and acting as a buffer between said bottle and said casing, an apertured cork secured to the open end of the bottle, whereby said bottle is held circumferentially free within said casing, and a tubular, headed sprinkling device secured to said cork, said sprinkling device being provided with an annular flange adapted to form a closure for the open end of said casing. 10

This specification signed and witnessed this 18th day of October, 1913.

LOUIS V. ARONSON.

Witnesses:

FREDK. C. FISCHER,  
CLIFFORD A. ALLISTON.

Copies of this patent may be obtained for five cents each, by addressing the "Commissioner of Patents, Washington, D. C."