1,166,424.

C. A. BACKSTROM.

WATER HEATER.

APPLICATION FILED JUNE 19, 1914.

Patented Jan. 4, 1916.





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WATER HEATER COMPANY, OF PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA, A CORPORATION OF NEW JERSEY.

WATER-HEATER.

1,166,424.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Application filed June 19, 1914. Serial No. 846,003.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES A. BACK-STROM, a citizen of the United States, residing at Crafton, in the county of Allegheny 5 and State of Pennsylvania, have invented new and useful Improvements in Water-Heaters, of which the following is a specification.

The invention relates to water heaters, 10 and particularly to that type having a vertical coil. The invention has for its primary objects (1) the provision of an improvement involving the use of a baffle of novel construction whereby the efficiency of 15 the heater is materially increased, (2) the provision of a baffle of cheap and simple construction adapted to retard the upward movement of the body of heated gas at the center of the coil and to direct such body of 20 gas laterally across the water carrying coils whereby a maximum heating effect is secured.

would otherwise be the case, and second, to the fact that the curves of the plate tend to distribute the gases laterally across the 55 water coils. A maximum reduction in the temperature of the heated gases is secured and consequently a maximum heating effect upon the water in the coils. The pitch of the helical baffle plate is preferably made 60 relatively steep, as illustrated, so that the gases will not be too greatly retarded in their upward movement, and so that only a portion of the gases will be deflected across the lower turns of the coil; the re- 65 maining portion following the baffle plate upward and being deflected across the upper turns of the coil. The baffle plate can be very easily and cheaply made and applied without difficulty to substantially all types 70 of vertical coil water heaters. The foregoing and other advantages will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art. It will be understood that by the term

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One embodiment of the invention is illustrated in the accompanying drawing where-25 in:

The figure is a longitudinal section through a heater built in accordance with my invention.

In the drawings 1 is the casing of the 30 heater and 2 and 3 are concentric vertical sets of coils connected to the inlet header 4 and the outlet header 5. Two sets of coils are illustrated but any number of coils might be employed. Beneath the coils is a 35 gas burner 6 which may be of any improved type. The heated gases escape from the heater through the outlet flue or passage 7. Located inside of the inner coil of the heater is a baffle plate 8 bent into the form 40 of a spiral and preferably extending substantially from one end of the coils to the other. The plate is held suspended in place by means of a wire 9 passing around the coil and through the plate. The use of this 45 helical baffle plate I have found to increase

"vertical coil" is meant an upright coil in 75 which the turns of the coil are arranged so as to provide a substantially vertical or upright passageway inside the turns of the coil for the passage of a current of heated gas, the upright baffle plate in the passage- 80 way under this condition being effective to accomplish the function of distributing the ascending heated gas laterally across the turns of the coil.

What I claim is:

In combination in a water heater, a vertical casing, a burner at the lower end thereof, a vertical helical coil in the casing above the burner with its coils spaced apart to permit the passage of gases laterally 90 therebetween, and a helical baffle plate having a relatively steep pitch extending upward through the coil and adapted to retard the upward movement of the gases and deflect a portion thereof laterally across the 95 turns of the coil.

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In testimony whereof I have hereunto signed my name in the presence of the two

the efficiency of the heater about 5 per cent. as compared with heaters provided with subscribed witnesses. other baffles of the most approved type as heretofore used in the art. This increase in 50 efficiency is due, first, to the fact that the helix forces the heated gases at the center of the heater to follow a longer path than

CHARLES A. BACKSTROM. [L. S.]

Witnesses: JOHN BOURKE, CATHERINE T. BOURKE.