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(54) HANDHELD VACUUM CLEANER

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CPC A47L 5/24; A47L 5/36; A47L 9/16; A47L 9/1683

See application file for complete search history.

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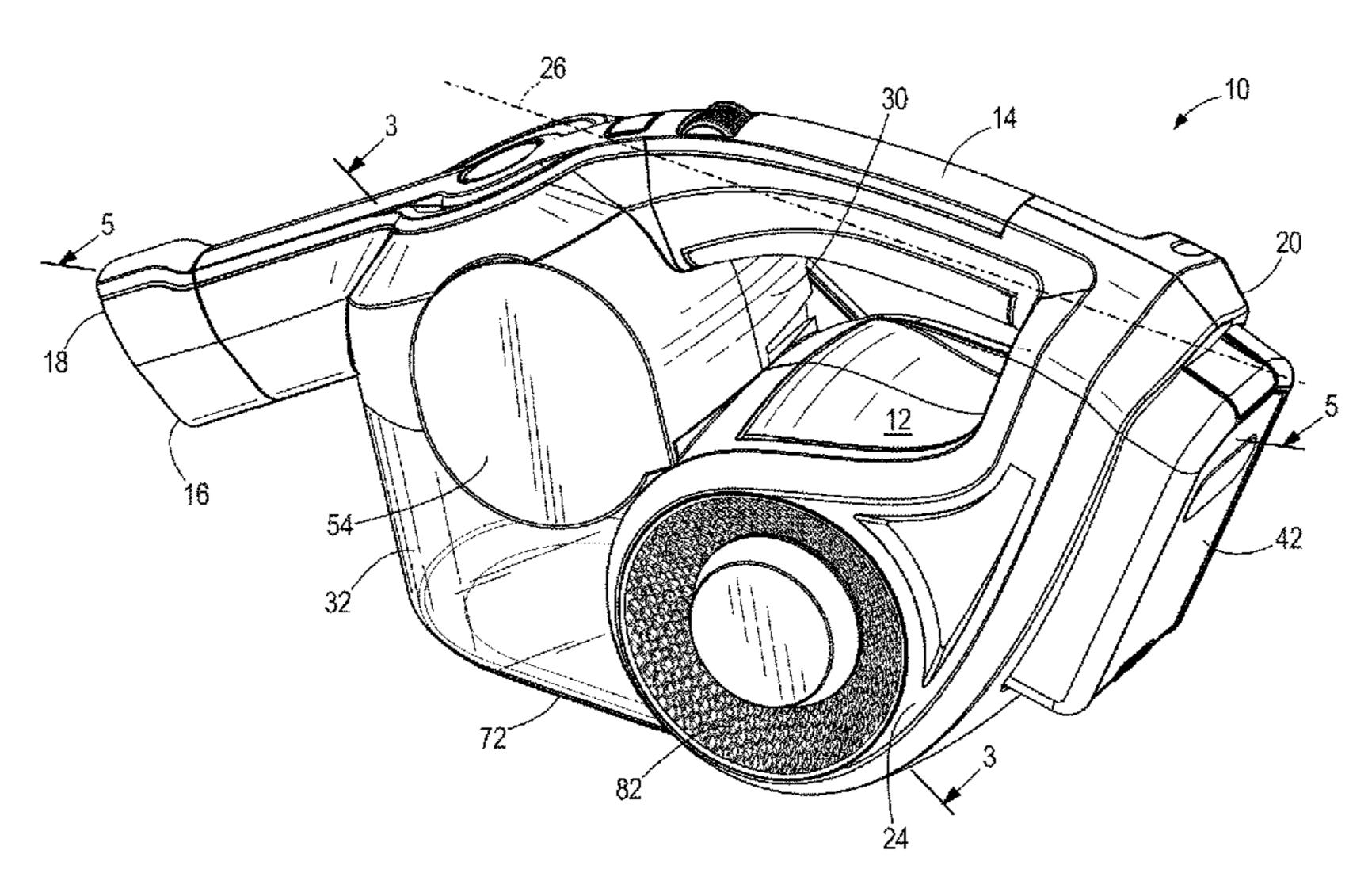
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(57) ABSTRACT

A handheld vacuum cleaner including a housing having a front end, a back end, a first side, and a second side, the housing further including a handle along a handle axis. A suction nozzle is along a suction nozzle axis that extends in a direction from the front end toward the back end. The handheld vacuum further includes a suction source operable to generate an airflow through the vacuum cleaner from the suction nozzle through a cyclonic separator to a clean air exhaust. A battery that supplies power to the suction source and the battery is coupled to the housing adjacent an end of the handle. The handle extends between the battery and the cyclonic separator.

23 Claims, 5 Drawing Sheets



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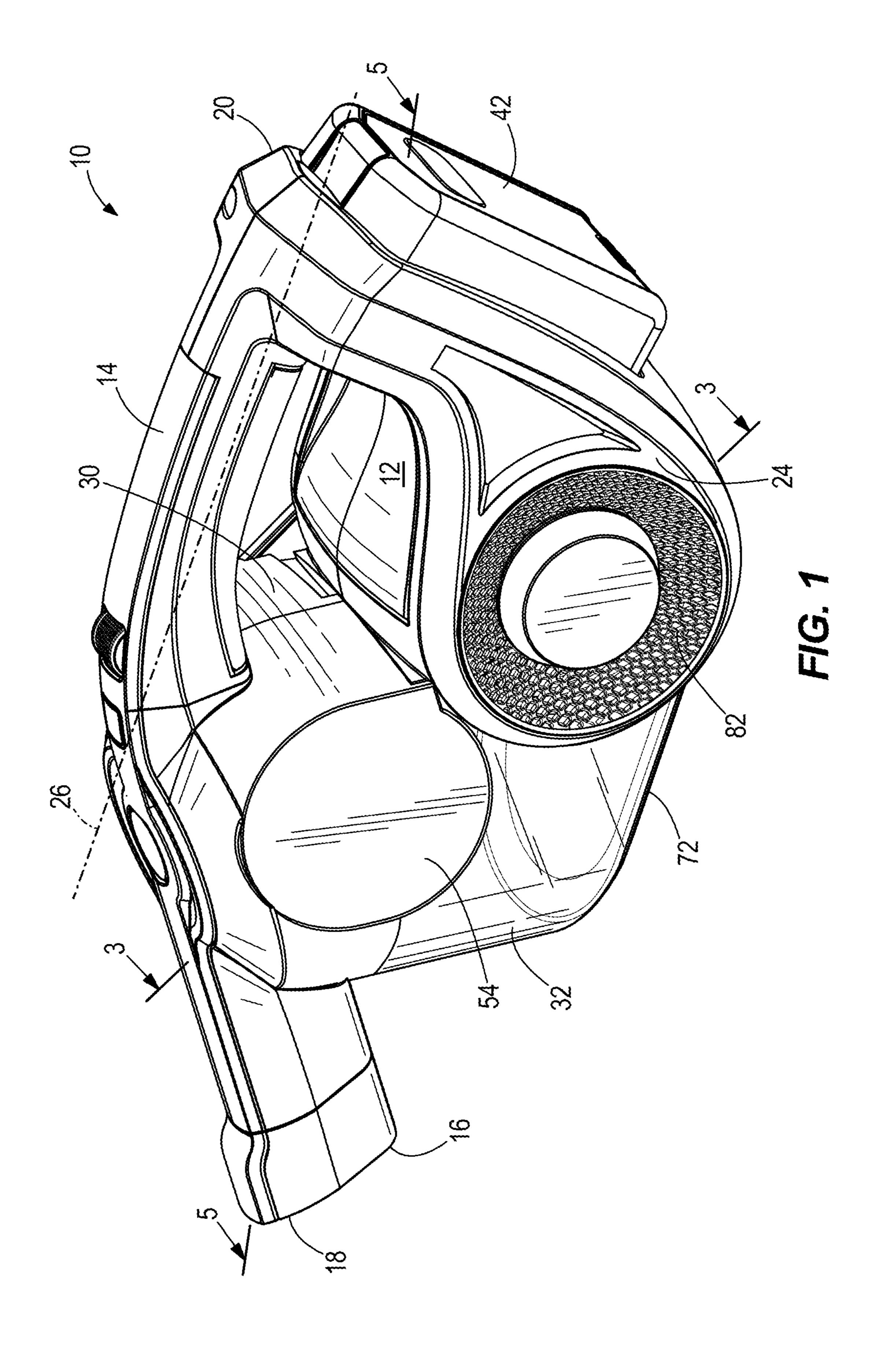
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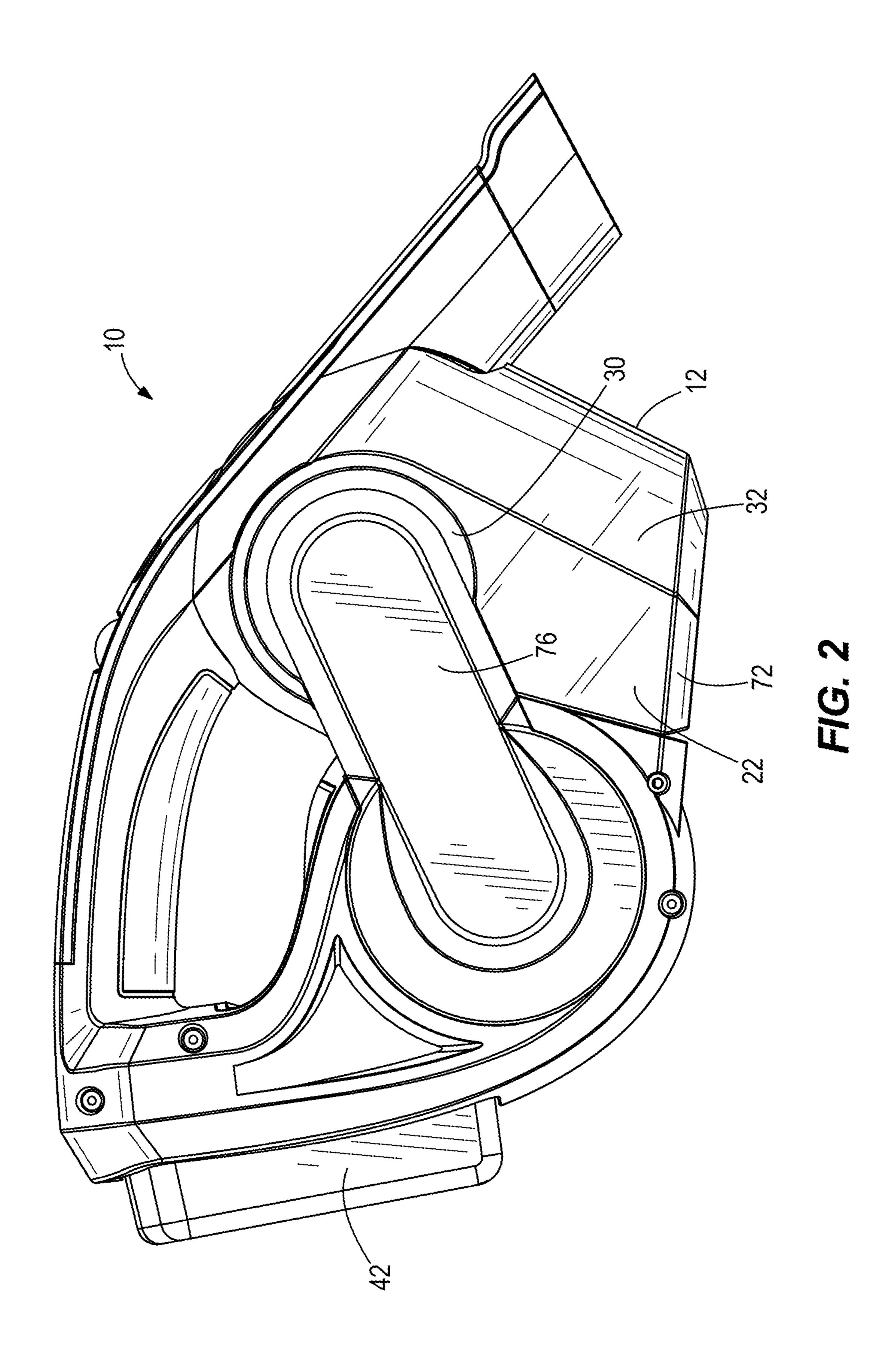
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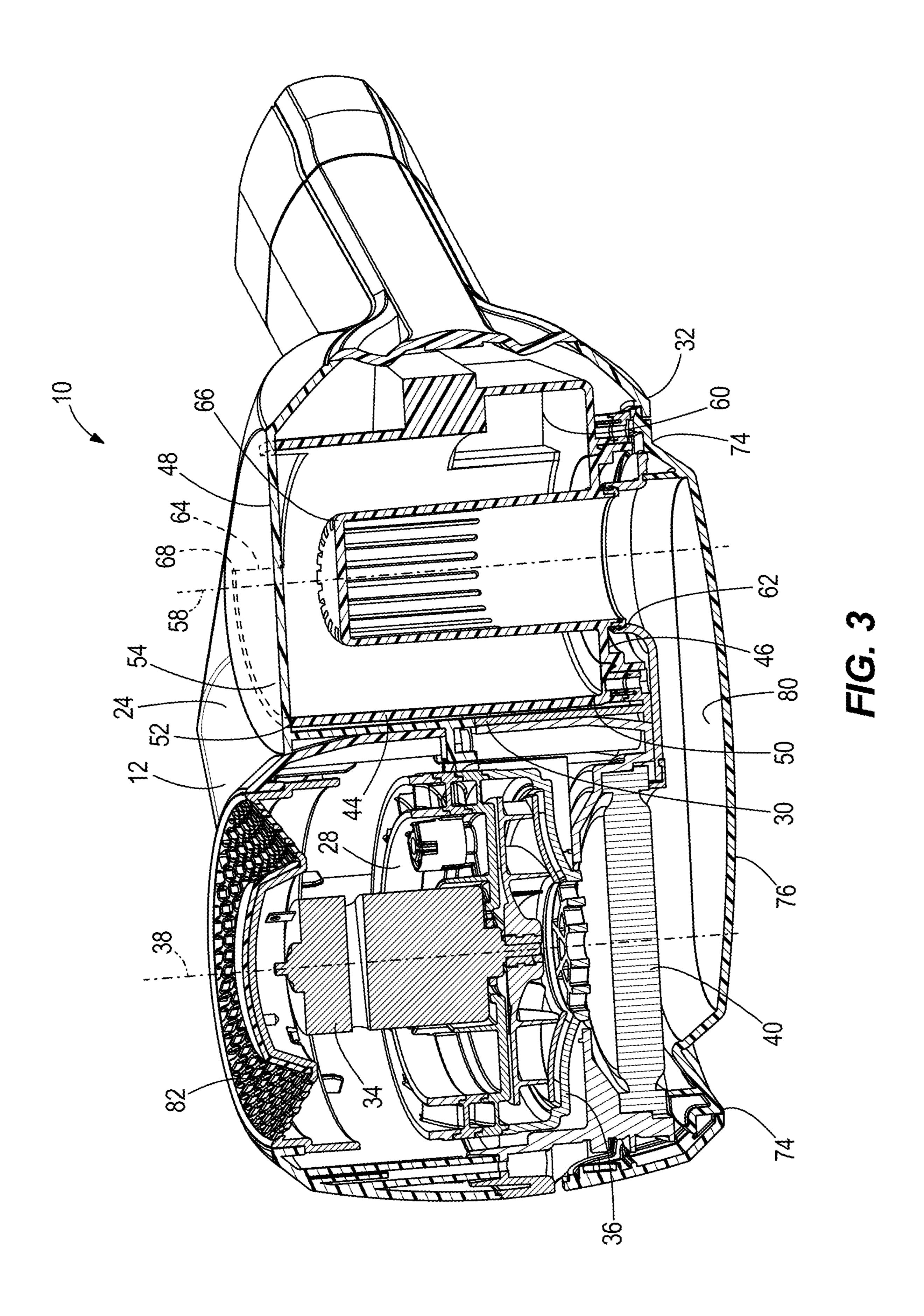
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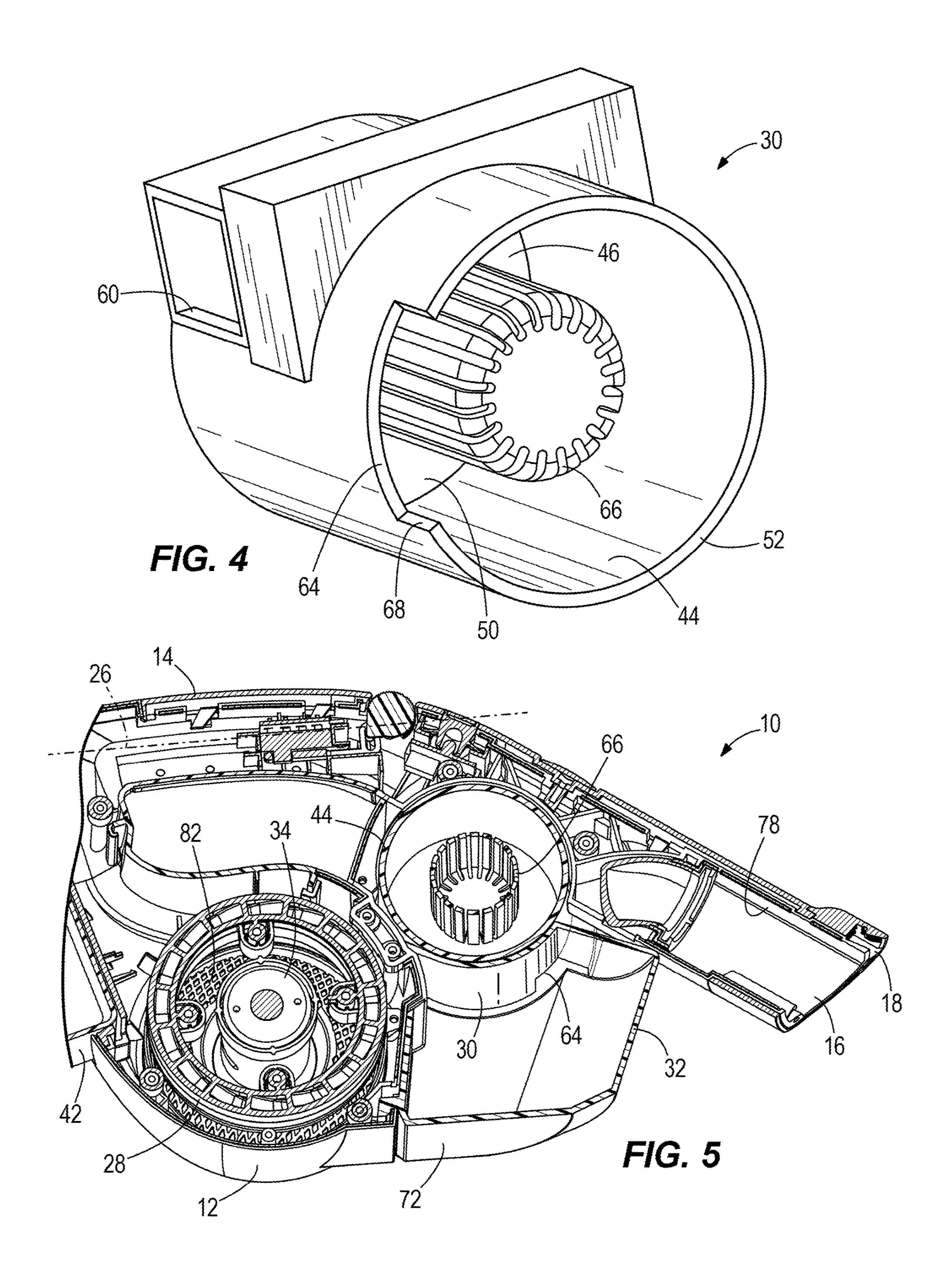
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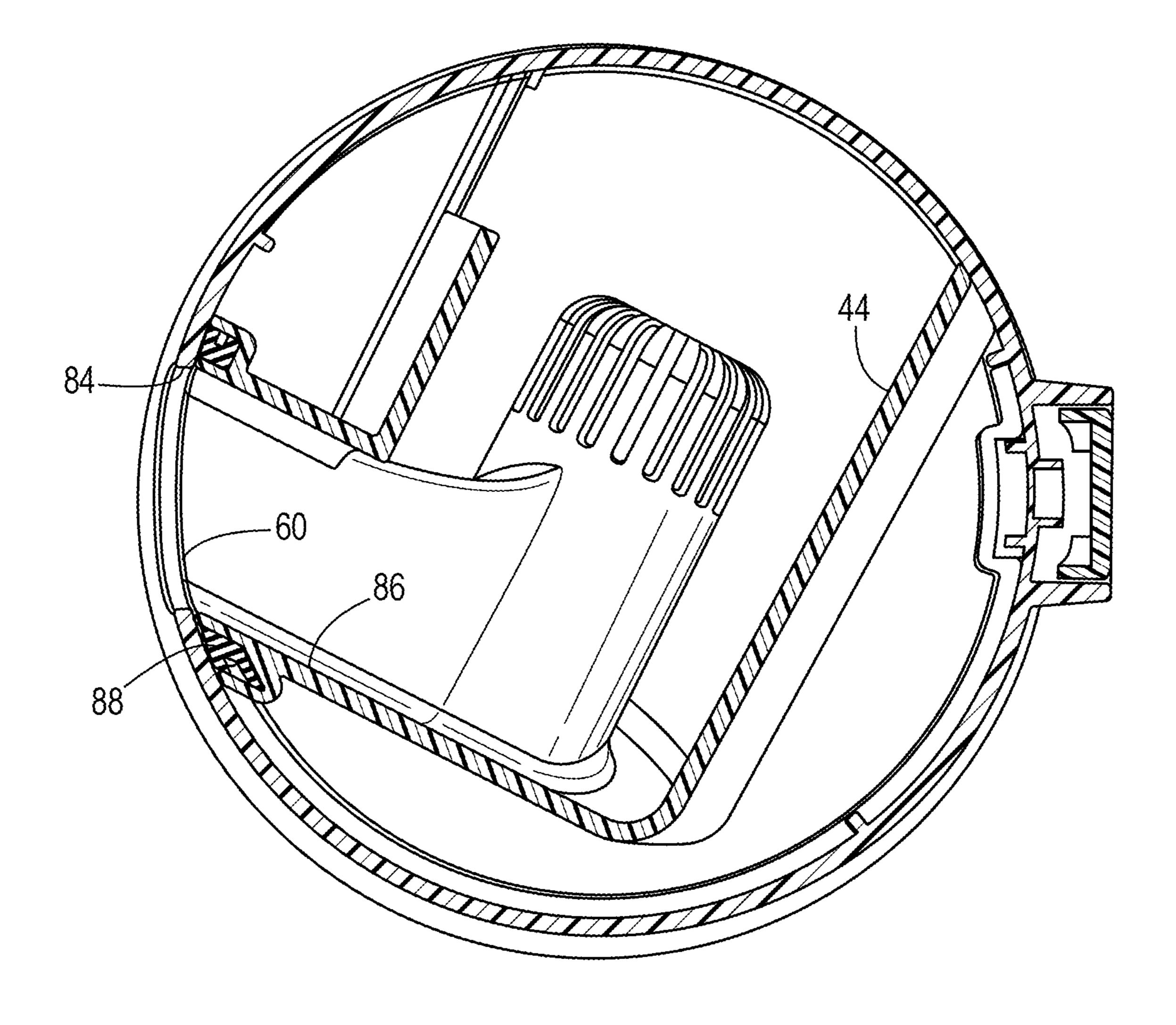


FIG. 6

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HANDHELD VACUUM CLEANER

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 16/177,739, filed Nov. 1, 2018, which issued as U.S. Pat. No. 10,980,379 on Apr. 20, 2021, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 14/920,170, filed Oct. 22, 2015, which issued as U.S. Pat. No. 10,117,551 on Nov. 6, 2018, which claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 62/067,308, filed on Oct. 22, 2014, the entire contents all of which are hereby incorporated by reference.

BACKGROUND

The present invention relates to handheld vacuum cleaners, and more particularly, to cyclonic handheld vacuum cleaners.

SUMMARY

In one embodiment, the invention provides a handheld vacuum cleaner including a housing having a front end, a 25 back end, a first side, and a second side, a suction nozzle, and a suction source operable to generate an airflow through vacuum cleaner from the suction nozzle through a cyclonic separator to a clean air exhaust. The cyclonic separator is operable to separate debris from the airflow. The cyclonic 30 separator is located within the housing. The cyclonic separator includes a cylindrical wall having a first end and a second end, a first end wall located at the first end of the cylindrical wall, a dirty air inlet, a clean air outlet, a debris outlet adjacent the second end of the cylindrical wall, and a longitudinal axis along the cylindrical wall and the longitudinal axis of the cyclonic separator extends in a direction toward the first and second sides of the housing. The vacuum further includes a debris collection chamber located within the housing and in fluid communication with the debris 40 outlet of the cyclonic separator. The housing further includes an aperture that extends through the first side. The first end wall of the cyclonic separator is removable through the aperture of the first side of the housing.

In another embodiment, the invention provides a handheld vacuum cleaner including a housing with a handle and a suction source operable to generate an airflow through the handheld vacuum cleaner from a suction nozzle through a cyclonic separator to a clean air exhaust. The cyclonic separator includes a cylindrical wall having a first end and 50 a second end, a first end wall located at the first end of the cylindrical wall, a dirty air inlet, and a clean air outlet in the first end wall. The cyclonic separator is in a horizontal orientation, and the first end wall of the cyclonic separator is openable.

Other aspects of the invention will become apparent by consideration of the detailed description and accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a handheld vacuum cleaner according to an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 2 is an alternative perspective view of the vacuum cleaner of FIG. 1.

FIG. 3 is a cross-sectional view of the vacuum cleaner of FIG. 1 taken along lines 3-3 shown in FIG. 1.

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FIG. 4 is a perspective view of a cyclonic separator of the vacuum cleaner of FIG. 1.

FIG. **5** is an alternative cross-sectional view of the vacuum cleaner of FIG. **1** taken along lines **5-5** shown in FIG. **1**.

FIG. **6** is a cross-sectional view of a cyclonic separator of the vacuum cleaner.

Before any embodiments of the invention are explained in detail, it is to be understood that the invention is not limited in its application to the details of construction and the arrangement of components set forth in the following description or illustrated in the following drawings. The invention is capable of other embodiments and of being practiced or of being carried out in various ways.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

FIGS. 1 and 2 illustrate a handheld vacuum cleaner 10. The vacuum cleaner 10 includes a housing 12, a handle 14, and a suction nozzle 16. The housing 12 includes a front end 18, a back end 20, a first side 22, and a second side 24. The suction nozzle 16 is located at the front end 18 of the housing 12. The handle 14 may be located at the top of the housing 12, and in some embodiments, the handle 14 defines a longitudinal axis 26 that extends generally in a front-to-back direction along the housing 12. Other handle arrangements may be configured as desired for the application.

Referring to FIGS. 3-5, the vacuum cleaner 10 further includes a suction source 28, a cyclonic separator 30, and a dirt collection chamber 32. The suction source 28 is located in the housing 12 and includes a motor 34 and a fan 36 operable to generate a suction airflow through the vacuum cleaner that is drawn from the suction nozzle 16 through the cyclonic separator 30 to a clean air exhaust 82. The motor 34 includes a motor axis 38 (FIG. 3) and the motor 34 is operable to rotate the fan 36 about the motor axis 38. In the illustrated embodiment, the motor 34 and the fan 36 are orientated such that the motor axis 38 extends in a direction toward the first and second sides 22, 24 of the housing 12 and therefore, the motor axis 38 is generally horizontal when the vacuum 10 is in use. Alternatively, the motor axis may extend in a generally front-to-back direction along the housing. A premotor filter 40 is also located in the housing 12 in a filter chamber on or adjacent the first side of the housing and the filter 40 filters the airflow before traveling through the motor **34** and fan **36**. The illustrated vacuum **10** includes a battery 42 that supplies power to the suction source 28 to operate the motor 34. Alternatively or additionally, the vacuum may include a power cord for supplying power from a household electrical outlet (not shown).

The cyclonic separator 30 includes a cylindrical wall 44, a first end wall 46, and a second end wall 48. The cylindrical wall 44 includes a first end 50 and a second end 52. The first end wall 46 is located at the first end 50 of the cylindrical 55 wall 44. In one embodiment, the first end wall 46 is removably coupled to the cylindrical wall 44 so that the cyclonic separator 30 can be cleaned, which will be discussed in more detail below. The second end wall 48 is located at the second end 52 of the cylindrical wall 44. As shown in the illustrated embodiment, the second end wall 48 is formed by a portion 54 of the second side 24 of the housing 12. Optionally, an access door may be provided on the second side 24 of the housing for access to the inside of the cyclone. The cyclonic separator 30 includes a longitu-65 dinal axis 58 (FIG. 3) that is along or surrounded by the cylindrical wall 44. The axis 58 extends in a direction toward the first and second sides 22, 24 of the housing 12. In the

illustrated embodiment, the longitudinal axis 58 of the cyclonic separator 30 is approximately parallel to the motor axis 38 and therefore, the cyclonic separator 50 is also in a generally horizontal orientation.

As used in the present description and claims, a generally 5 horizontal orientation means an orientation that is tilted over such that it is not vertical or upright. The generally horizontal orientation includes in various embodiments that are approximately parallel to the ground or floor, as well as orientations that are not parallel to the ground or floor but 10 being generally more laying over than upright, i.e. being tilted more than about 45 degrees. In the illustrated embodiment, the suction source is adjacent the cyclonic separator in generally a side-by-side arrangement. In other embodiments (not shown), the motor axis may extend in a generally 15 front-to-back direction along the housing such that the motor axis is generally perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the cyclonic separator.

The cyclonic separator 30 further includes a dirty air inlet **60**, a clean air outlet **62**, and a debris outlet **64**. The dirty air 20 inlet 60 is adjacent the first end 50 of the cylindrical wall 44 and extends through the cylindrical wall 44. The clean air outlet **62** is also adjacent the first end **50** of the cylindrical wall 44. More specifically, in the illustrated embodiment, the clean air outlet **62** is formed in the first end wall **46**. The 25 illustrated cyclonic separator 30 includes a perforated tube 66 located within the cylindrical wall 44 that forms the clean air outlet **62**. The perforated tube **66** extends from the first end wall 46. The perforated tube 70 may be perforated using holes, slots, screen, mesh, or other perforation. In the 30 illustrated embodiment, an airflow passageway 80 (i.e., duct) (FIG. 3) is positioned along the first side 22 of the housing 12 from the clean air outlet 62 to the filter chamber. In other words, the passageway 80 fluidly communicates the clean air outlet **62** with the premotor filter **40**. The debris 35 outlet **64** is adjacent the second end **52** of the cylindrical wall 44 between the second end 52 of the wall 44 and the second end wall 48. In the illustrated embodiment, the wall 44 includes a notch 68 that partially defines the debris outlet 64.

The vacuum cleaner 10 further includes the dirt collection 40 chamber 32 located within the housing 12 and in fluid communication with the debris outlet 64 of the cyclonic separator 30. The dirt collection chamber 32 is generally located adjacent the cyclonic separator 30 and may be in front of the suction source **28**. In the illustrated embodiment, 45 the dirt collection chamber 32 is adjacent the suction source, and may be positioned so that the dirt collection chamber 32 does not extend between the first end wall 46 and the first side 22. Additionally, in the embodiment shown in FIG. 5, the cyclone separator is positioned in the housing such that 50 the debris collection chamber is bounded by the separator so that air does not circulate around the outside diameter of the cyclone. A dirt collector door 72 is removably coupled to the housing to facilitate emptying the debris collection chamber **32**.

Referring to the embodiment in FIGS. 2 and 3, the housing 12 may further include an aperture 74 located on the first side 22 of the housing 12. A door 76 is coupled to the first side 22 of the housing 12 to cover the aperture 74. The door 76 can be opened by the user to permit access to the 60 suction source 28 and premotor filter 40. Optionally, the door 76 can be opened to permit access the cyclonic separator 30. In other embodiments, a first door may be provided to access the premotor filter 40 and a second door may be provided to permit access to the cyclonic separator 30 and 65 the aperture 74. In the illustrated embodiment, at least a portion of the door 76 defines the duct 80 that provides fluid

communication between the cyclonic separator 30 and the filter chamber and the suction source 28.

In one embodiment, referring to FIGS. 4-6, the housing 12 includes an inlet aperture **84** through the housing wall and the dirty air inlet 60 includes a passageway 86 between the inlet aperture 84 and the cylindrical wall 44 (FIG. 6). The cyclonic separator 30 has a seal 88 positioned between the passageway 86 and the housing 12 around the inlet aperture 84 on an inside surface of the housing 12. The seal 88 may be attached to the cyclonic separator 30 or the seal 88 may be attached to the wall of the housing 12. In another embodiment, the seal 88 seals the interface between the passageway 86 and an inlet duct 78 that is between the suction nozzle 16 and the passageway 86.

In operation, the power cord or battery 42 provides power to the motor **34** to rotate the fan **36** to generate a suction airflow that is drawn through the suction nozzle 16 along with debris. The airflow, entrained with debris, travels along the inlet duct 78 to the dirty air inlet 60 of the cyclonic separator 30. The airflow and debris travel into the cylindrical wall 44 where the airflow and debris rotate about the longitudinal axis 58. Rotation of the airflow and debris causes the debris to separate from the airflow and the debris is discharged over the cylindrical wall 44 through debris outlet **64**. The separated debris falls into the debris collection chamber 32. The clean air travels through the perforated tube 66 forming the clean air outlet 62 of the cyclonic separator 30. The clean airflow then travels through the duct 80 formed by the door 76 to the suction source 28. The airflow travels through the premotor filter 40 before traveling through the suction source 28. After traveling through the suction source 28, the airflow is exhausted from the vacuum cleaner 10 through exhaust openings 82 in the second side 24 of the housing 12.

After using the vacuum 10, the user can open the dirt collector door 72 to empty the debris collection chamber 32. After several uses, debris may collect on the perforated tube 66 and within the cylindrical wall 44. If so, the user can open the door 76 and remove the first end wall 46 and perforated tube 66 from the cylindrical wall 44 through the aperture 74. This allows the user to clean the perforated tube 66 and inside the wall 44. Opening the door 76 also provides the user access to the premotor filter 40 and the passageway 80, such that the user can clean or replace the premotor filter 40.

Various features and advantages of the invention are set forth in the following claims.

What is claimed is:

- 1. A handheld vacuum cleaner comprising:
- a housing having a front end, a back end, a top side, a bottom side, a first side, and a second side;
- a handle, the handle including an end and a longitudinal axis that extends through the end of the handle;
- a suction nozzle located at the front end of the housing, the suction nozzle extends in a direction from the front end toward the back end;
- a cyclonic separator having a longitudinal axis;
- a clean air exhaust;

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a suction source located in the housing, the suction source including a motor and a fan, the motor operable to rotate the fan about a motor axis that extends in a direction from the first side toward the second side, the suction source operable to generate an airflow through the vacuum cleaner from the suction nozzle through the cyclonic separator to rotate the airflow about the longitudinal axis of the cyclonic separator and to the clean air exhaust; and

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- a battery that supplies power to the suction source, the battery located adjacent the end of the handle; and wherein the battery extends between the end of the handle and the suction source.
- 2. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 1, wherein the 5 handle extends between the battery and the cyclonic separator.
- 3. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 1, further comprising a handle aperture at least partially defined by the handle and the housing.
- 4. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 3, wherein the handle aperture is between the handle and the suction source.
- 5. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 3, wherein the suction source is between the aperture and the bottom side 15 of the housing.
- 6. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 1, wherein the cyclonic separator is between the suction nozzle at the front end and the suction source.
- 7. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 1, wherein the 20 battery is removably coupled to the housing.
- **8**. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim **1**, wherein the cyclonic separator is adjacent to the motor in a generally side-by-side arrangement.
- 9. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 1, wherein the 25 cyclonic separator includes a longitudinal axis that extends in a direction from the first side toward the second side.
- 10. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 1, wherein the handle extends from the battery to the cyclonic separator around the suction source to define a handle aperture 30 between the handle and the suction source.
- 11. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 1, wherein the suction nozzle extends in a direction from the front end toward the back end that intersects the longitudinal axis of the handle.
 - 12. A handheld vacuum cleaner comprising:
 - a housing having a front end, a back end, a top side, a bottom side, a first side, and a second side;
 - a handle, the handle including an end and a longitudinal axis that extends through the end of the handle;
 - a suction nozzle located at the front end of the housing, the suction nozzle extends in a direction from the front end toward the back end;
 - a cyclonic separator having a longitudinal axis;
 - a clean air exhaust;
 - a suction source located in the housing, the suction source including a motor and a fan, the motor operable to rotate the fan about a motor axis that extends in a

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- direction from the first side toward the second side, the suction source operable to generate an airflow through the vacuum cleaner from the suction nozzle through the cyclonic separator to rotate the airflow about the longitudinal axis of the cyclonic separator and to the clean air exhaust;
- a battery that supplies power to the suction source, the battery located adjacent the end of the handle; and
- a handle aperture at least partially defined by the handle and the housing including the suction source.
- 13. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 12, wherein the handle aperture is between the cyclonic separator and the battery.
- 14. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 13, wherein the handle extends from the battery to the cyclonic separator around the suction source to define a handle aperture between the handle and the suction source.
- 15. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 13, wherein the suction nozzle extends in a direction from the front end toward the back end that intersects the longitudinal axis of the handle.
- 16. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 13, wherein the battery is removably coupled to the housing.
- 17. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 12, wherein the handle aperture is between the handle and the suction source.
- 18. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 12, wherein the suction source is between the handle aperture and the bottom side of the housing.
- 19. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 12, wherein the cyclonic separator is between the suction nozzle at the front end and the suction source.
- 20. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 12, wherein the suction source is between the handle aperture and the bottom side of the housing and adjacent the cyclonic separator and the battery.
- 21. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 12, wherein the cyclonic separator is adjacent to the motor in a generally side-by-side arrangement.
- 22. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 12, wherein the cyclonic separator includes a longitudinal axis that extends in a direction from the first side toward the second side.
- 23. The handheld vacuum cleaner of claim 12, wherein the handle extends between the battery and the cyclonic separator.

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