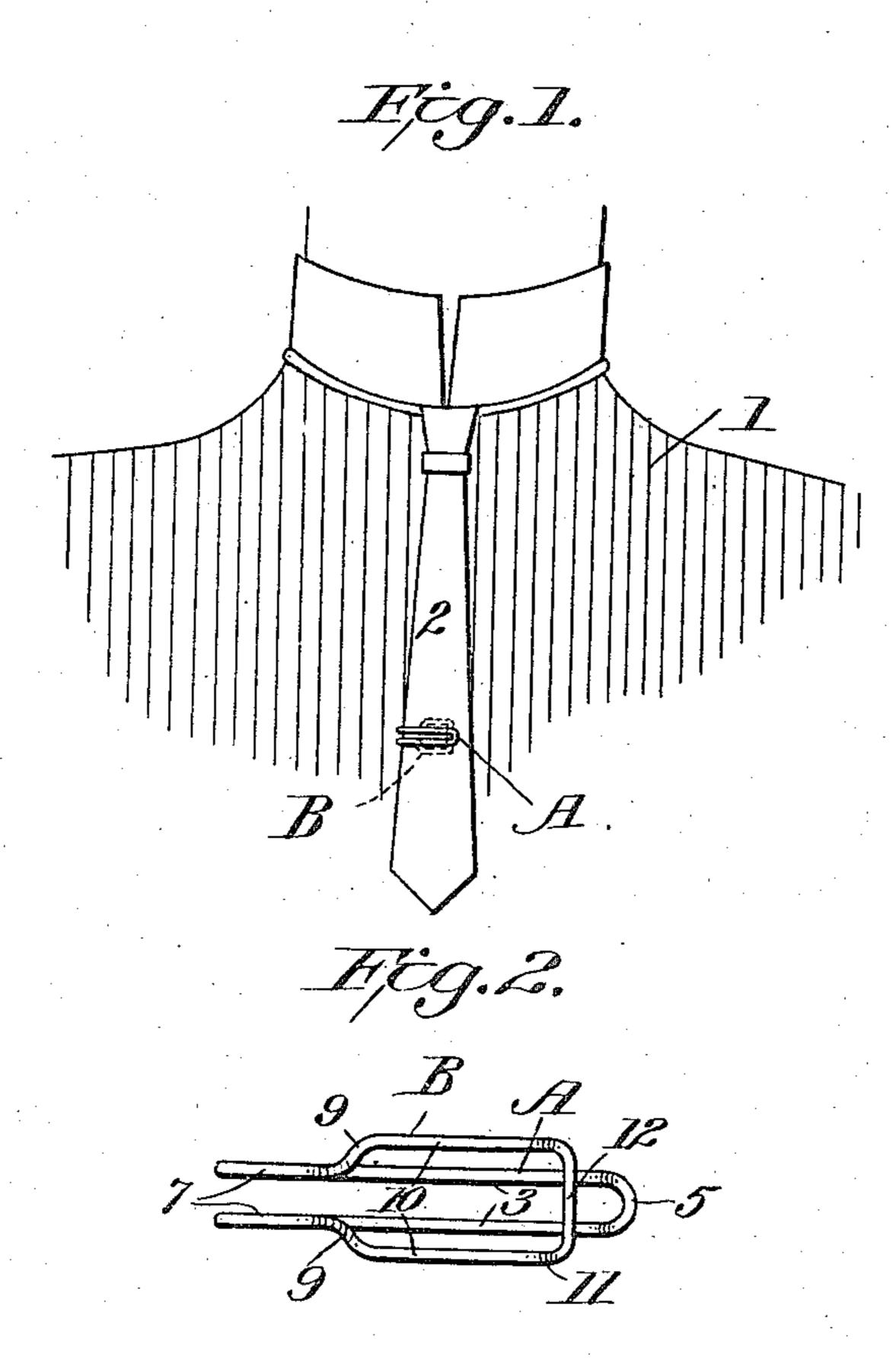
S. L. GEDNEY.
- NECKTIE HOLDER.
APPLICATION FILED NOV. 2, 1910.

1,155,228.

Patented Sept. 28, 1915.



HEG. 3.

6 B II

A

A

Witnesses Collbalkero E.E. alger. Stanley L. Sleduly

Stanley L. Sleduly

Stevenster Colemnster

Ottomers

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

STANLEY L. GEDNEY, OF MAPLEWOOD, NEW JERSEY.

NECKTIE-HOLDER.

1,155,228.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Sept. 28, 1915.

Application filed November 2, 1910. Serial No. 590,378.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, STANLEY L. GEDNEY, a citizen of the United States, residing at Maplewood, in the county of Essex and 5 State of New Jersey, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Necktie-Holders, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to necktie holders. The object is to provide a necktie retainer or clip of simple and durable construction and one which may be easily applied and disposed to firmly hold depending portions of a necktie securely in place on the shirt 15 bosom.

With the above and other objects in view the present invention consists in the form and arrangement of parts hereinafter more fully described, illustrated in the accompanying drawings, and particularly pointed out in the appended claim, it being understood that changes may be made in the form, proportion, size and minor details without departing from the spirit of the invention 25 or sacrificing any of the advantages thereof.

In the drawings: Figure 1 is a view illustrating my improved clip applied to and holding a necktie to a shirt bosom. Fig. 2 is a detailed plan view of the clip. Fig. 3 30 is a side elevation.

Referring now more particularly to the accompanying drawings the reference character 1 indicates a bosom front and 2 a scarf or necktie.

My improved holder embodies a clip comprising outer and inner clasping members A and B respectively, the member A including comparatively elongated spaced parallel members 3 curved upwardly at one end as at 40 4, with the curved portions terminating in a bight 5. The opposite ends of the parallel members 3 being directed upwardly at 6 and then forwardly to provide the clasping member B with comparatively short paral-45 lel members 7 disposed in alinement with the members 3 of the clasp A.

The parallel members 7 are directed downwardly at their inner ends as at 8 and then diverge outwardly as at 9 and then forwardly to provide the clasp B at its free end with a second set of spaced parallel members 10, the extremities of the members 10 being directed upwardly as at 11 and termi-

nating in a bight 12 which lies across the opposite parallel members 3.

In the use of my improved tie holder the clasp B engages beneath one edge of the bosom front 1 while the clasp A engages over the tie, whereby the tie is firmly held in place.

It will be understood that the holder is composed preferably of spring material and that the clasp member B, by reason of the bight 6, may be sprung away from the clasp member A to receive the shirt bosom and the 65 tie between the clasping members which clamp the shirt bosom and tie at four spaced points, thereby holding the material of the tie and shirt yieldably between the two members at four different points.

What is claimed is:

A necktie holder formed from a single strand of material, comprising inner and outer clasp members, yieldingly connected together, the outer clasp member being 75 greater in length than the inner clasp member, the inner clasp member being greater in width at its free end than the outer clasp member, and having its sides spaced outwardly for a greater part of their length, 80 from the opposite sides of the outer clasp member, so that the outer clasp member and the inner clasp member clamp the material at four spaced points, thereby holding the material of a tie and shirt yieldingly be- 85 tween the two members at four different points, the free ends of both of the clasp members being curved upwardly, the upwardly curved end of the inner member terminating short of the upwardly curved 90 end of the outer member, thereby forming a passage to permit of the ready insertion of the shirt and tie between the clasp members, the said upwardly curved portion of the outer member being designed for en- 95 gagement with the material of the tie and shirt beyond the end of the inner clasp member, thereby facilitating the forcing of the material inwardly between the clasping members.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses. STANLEY L. GEDNEY.

Witnesses:
Lulu Roescher, W. C. YENGER.