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Gurule

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(54) **SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR A CHRONOLOGICAL-BASED SEARCH ENGINE**

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(51) **Int. Cl.**

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G06V 20/20 (2022.01)
G06F 16/9038 (2019.01)
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(Continued)

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CPC **G06V 20/20** (2022.01); **G02B 27/0093** (2013.01); **G02B 27/017** (2013.01); **G06F 16/9038** (2019.01); **G06T 19/006** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

None
See application file for complete search history.

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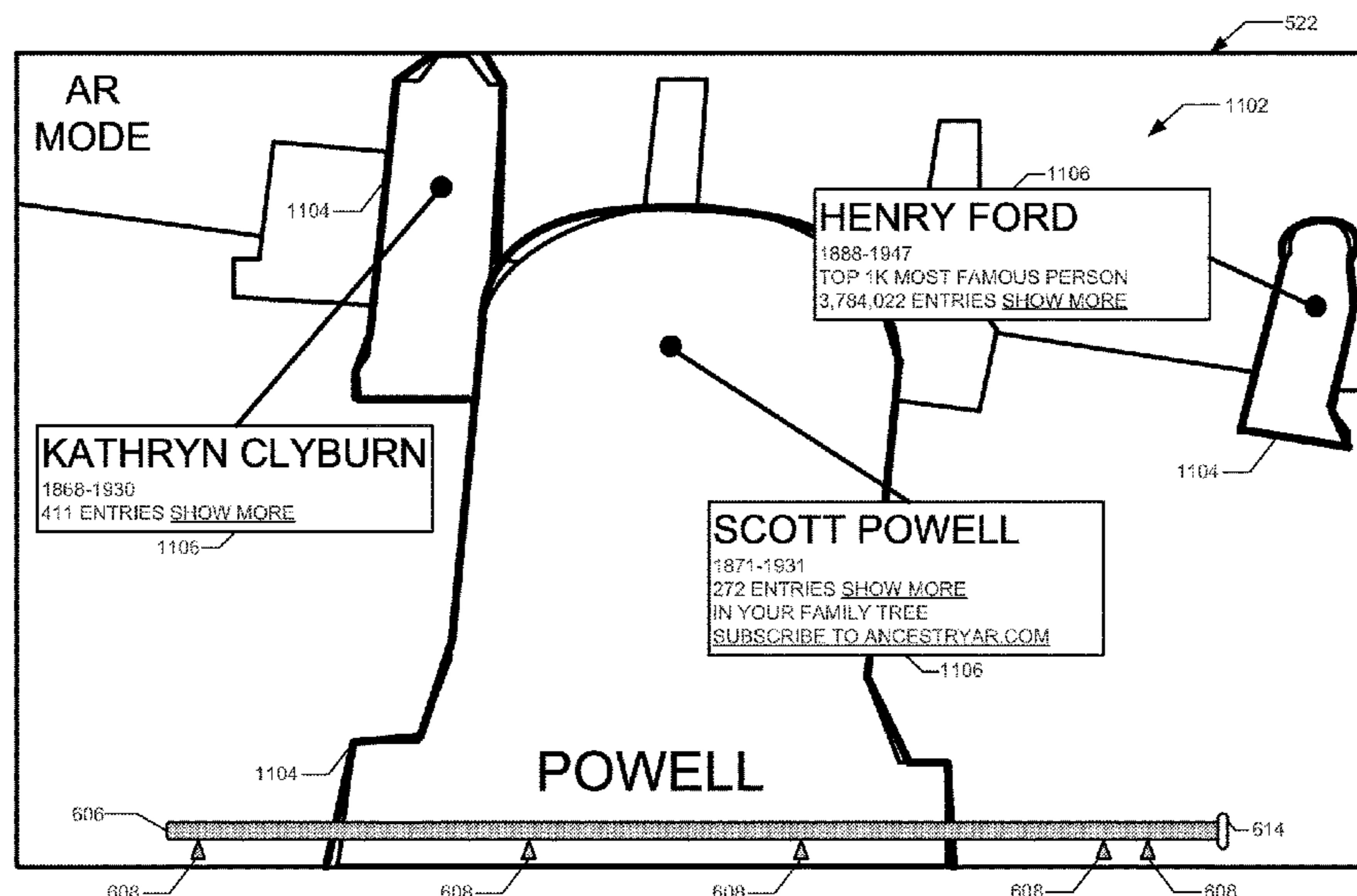
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

Methods, apparatus, and database management systems are disclosed for providing, organizing, and present database search results and, more specifically, systems and methods for a chronological-based search engine. One method includes presenting live image data being captured by a camera of the end-user device. The method also includes determining a pose of the end-user device. The pose including a location of the end-user device. Additionally, the method includes sending the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity and receiving closed captioning data from the augmented reality platform entity. The closed captioning data is based on the location of the end-user device and includes indications of first topics within the closed captioning data. The method includes superimposing the closed captioning data onto the live image data.

18 Claims, 27 Drawing Sheets



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G02B 27/01 (2006.01)
G06T 19/00 (2011.01)

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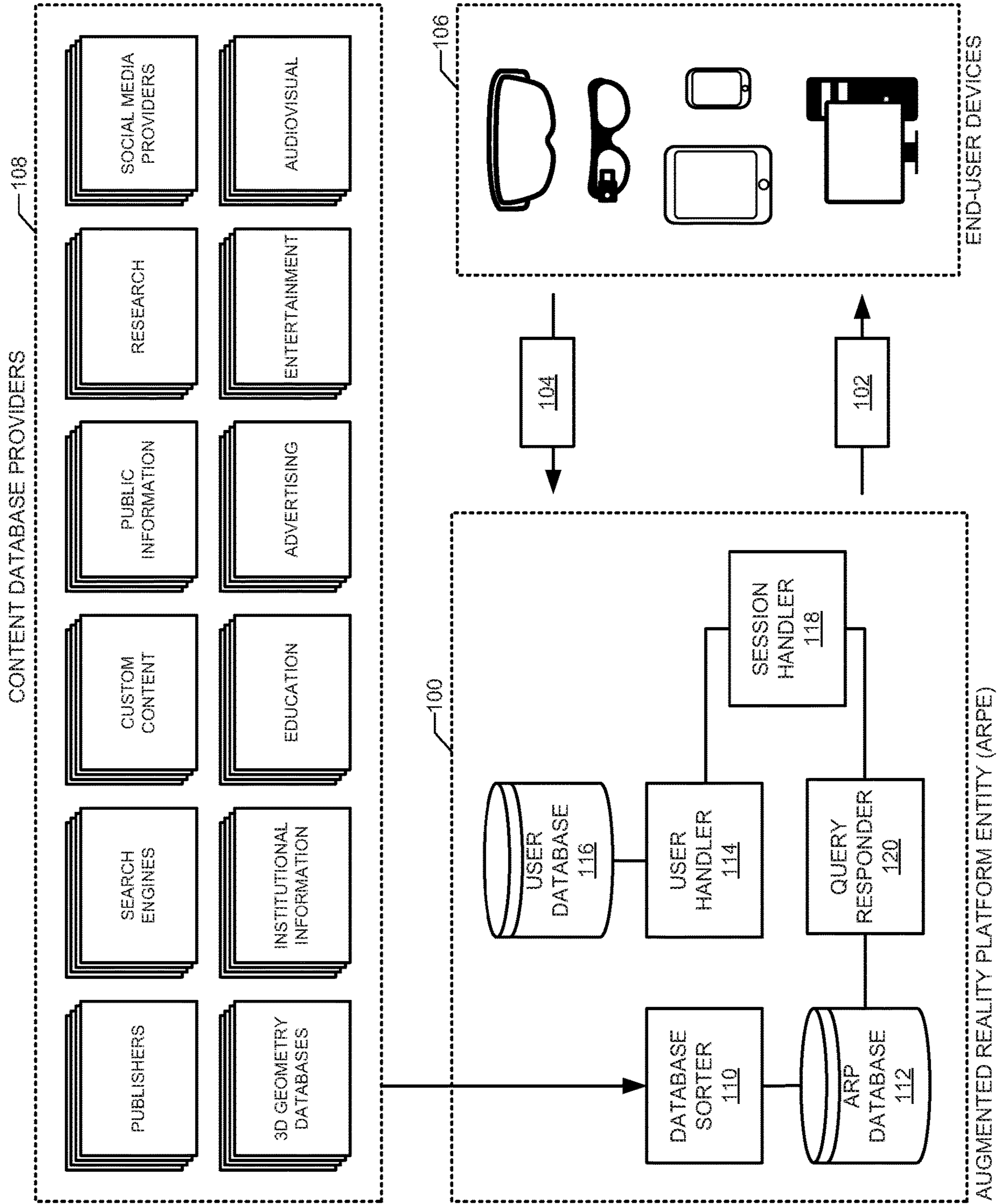


FIG. 1

RECORD ID	CDP ID	TOPIC ID(S)	TOPIC METADATA	TOPIC DATE(S)	URI
219203897	700347	349343	["ROOKERY BUILDING AUGMENTED REALITY TOUR", 2.7MB]	9/25/2014	HTTPS://ARTOURS.AFOUND.ORG/ROOKERY.PKG
284804855	172412	349343	["BLUEPRINTS", "BURNHAM & ROOT"]	1888	HTTP://WWW.COOKCOUNTY.GOV/BLUEP.HTM?3489234
356964826	700347	919716	["DANIEL BURNHAM BIOGRAPHY", "ARCHITECTURAL FOUNDATION"]	1999, 9/4/1846, 6/1/1912	HTTPS://WWW.AFOUND.ORG/DBURNHAMBIO.HTML
447791949	126477	919716	["DANIEL H. BURNHAM: VISIONARY ARCHITECT AND PLANNER", "KRISTEN SCHAFFER"]	2003	ISBN:0847825337
600928467	172412	557275	["CHICAGO MAP 1893"]	1893	HTTP://WWW.COOKCOUNTY.GOV/CHICAGO1893MAP.HTML
688051446	609776	845290	["OFFICE SPACE FOR LEASE", "ASPIRE REALTY", "S. LA SALLE ST."]	10/2016	HTTPS://WWW.ASPIREREALTY.COM/B/S-LA-SALLE-ST/

FIG. 2

SESSION ID	USER ID	QUERY DATA	DEVICE POSE DATA
Y98W2CG9Q7	114520	STRING:="ROOKERY BUILDING"	[41.879436, -87.632228, 165, 67]

FIG. 3

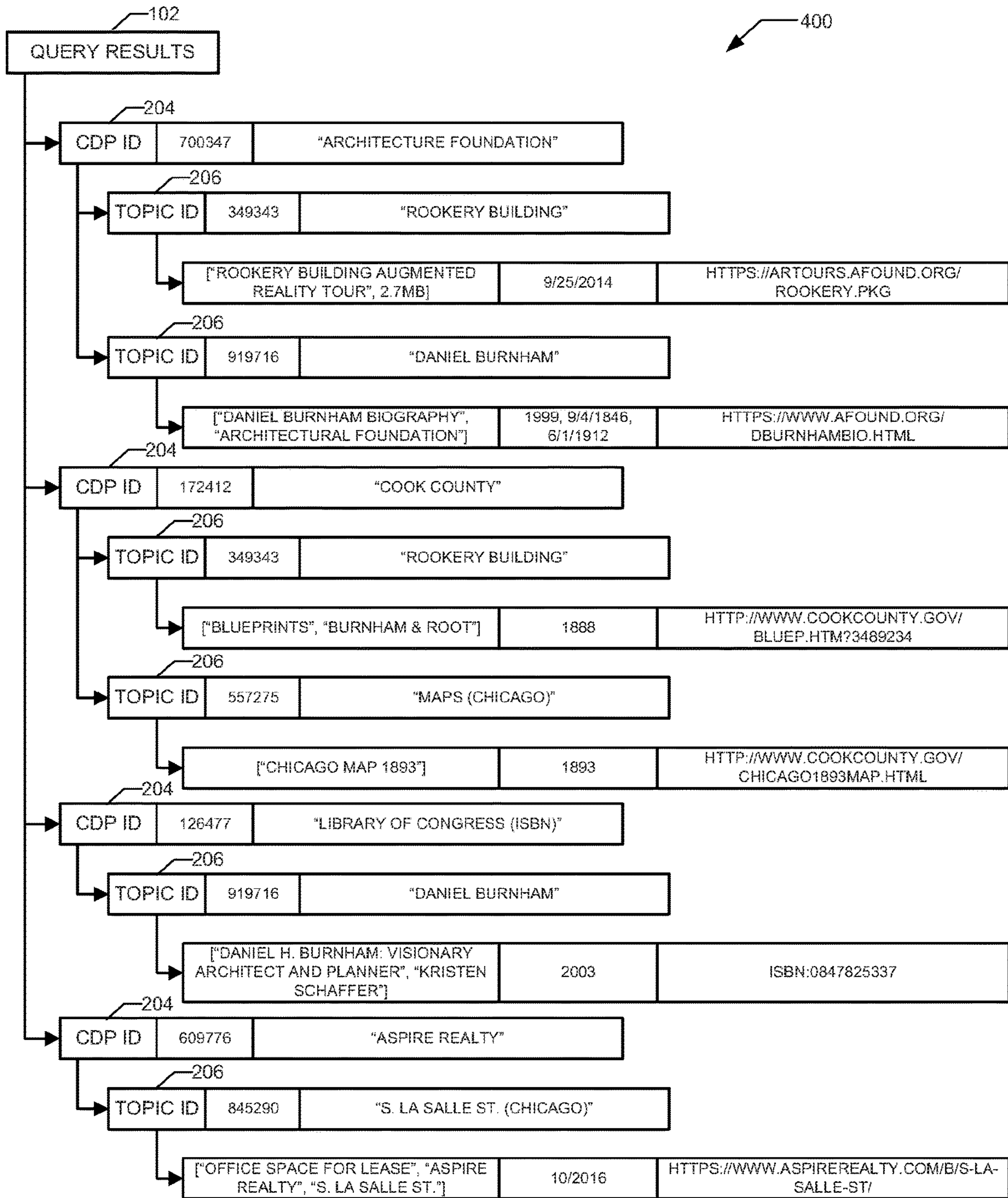


FIG. 4

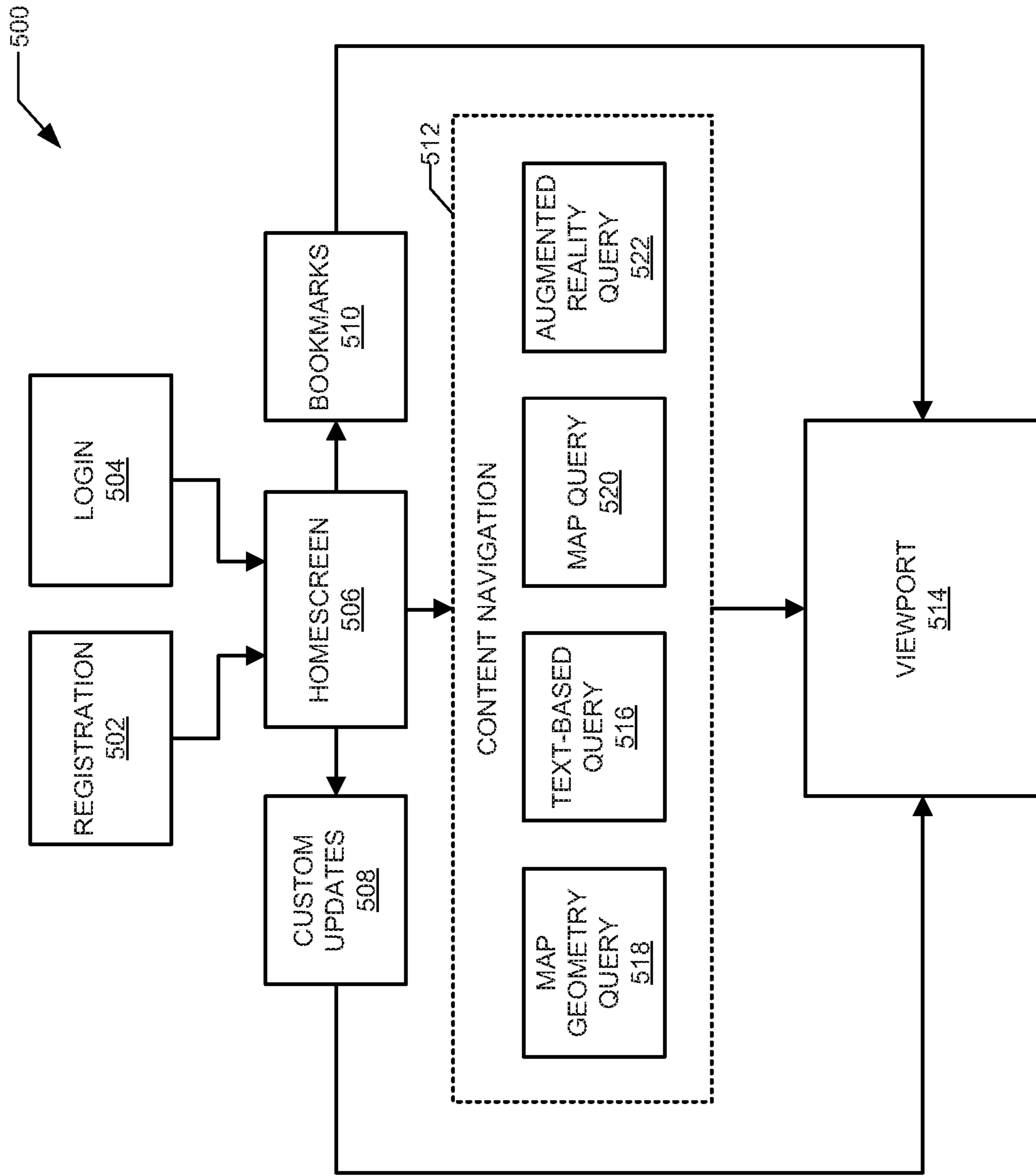


FIG. 5

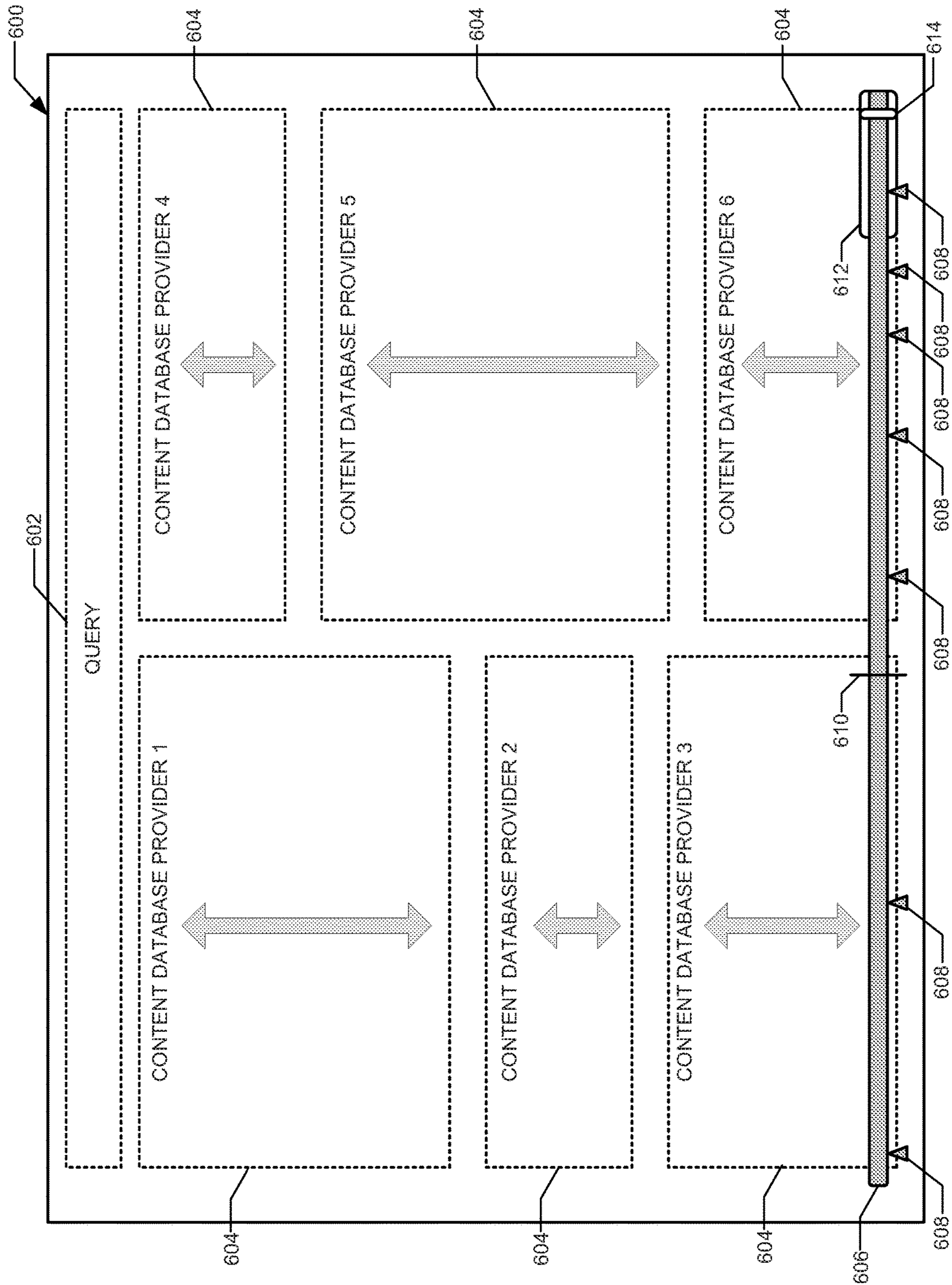


FIG. 6

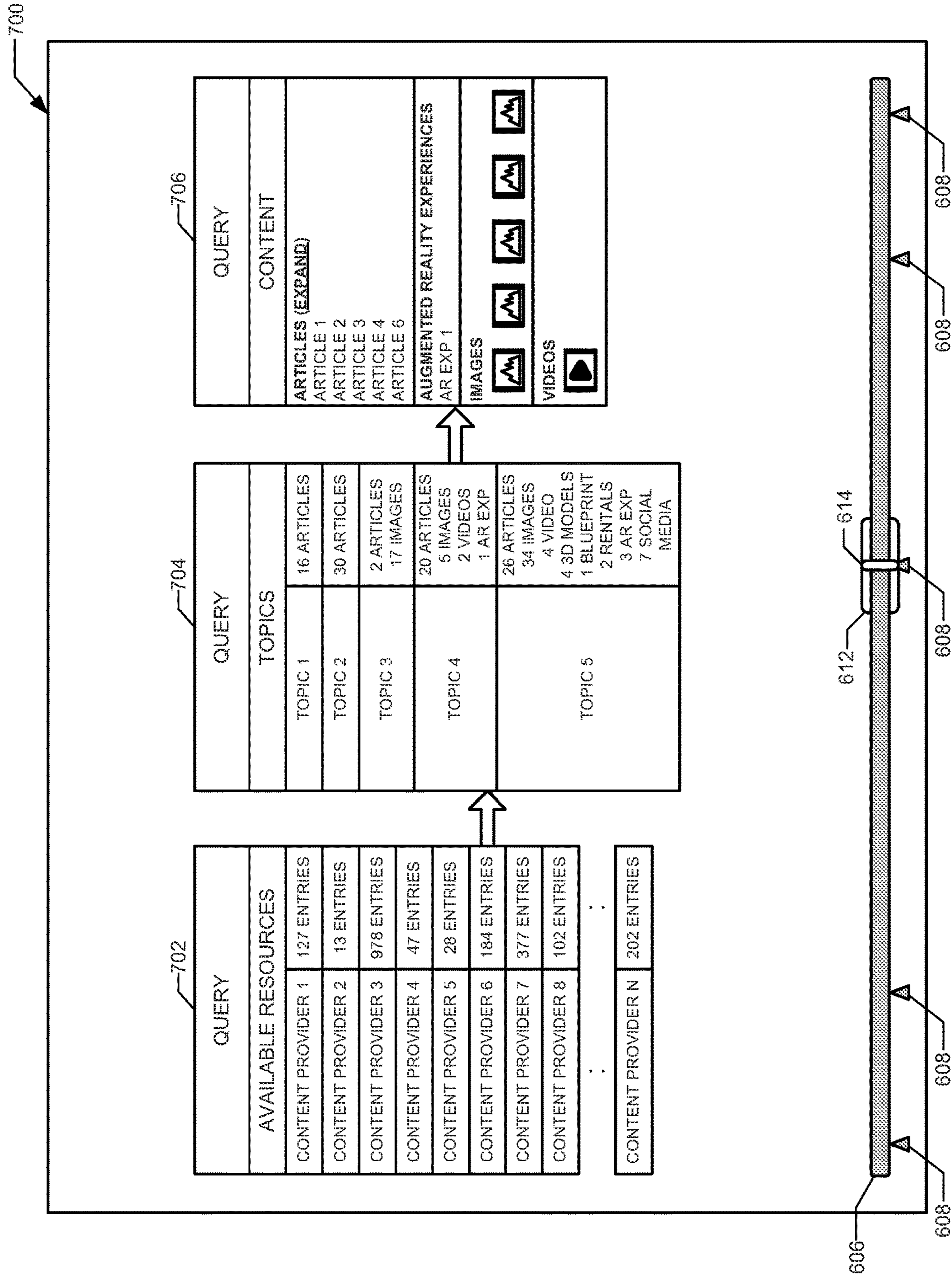


FIG. 7

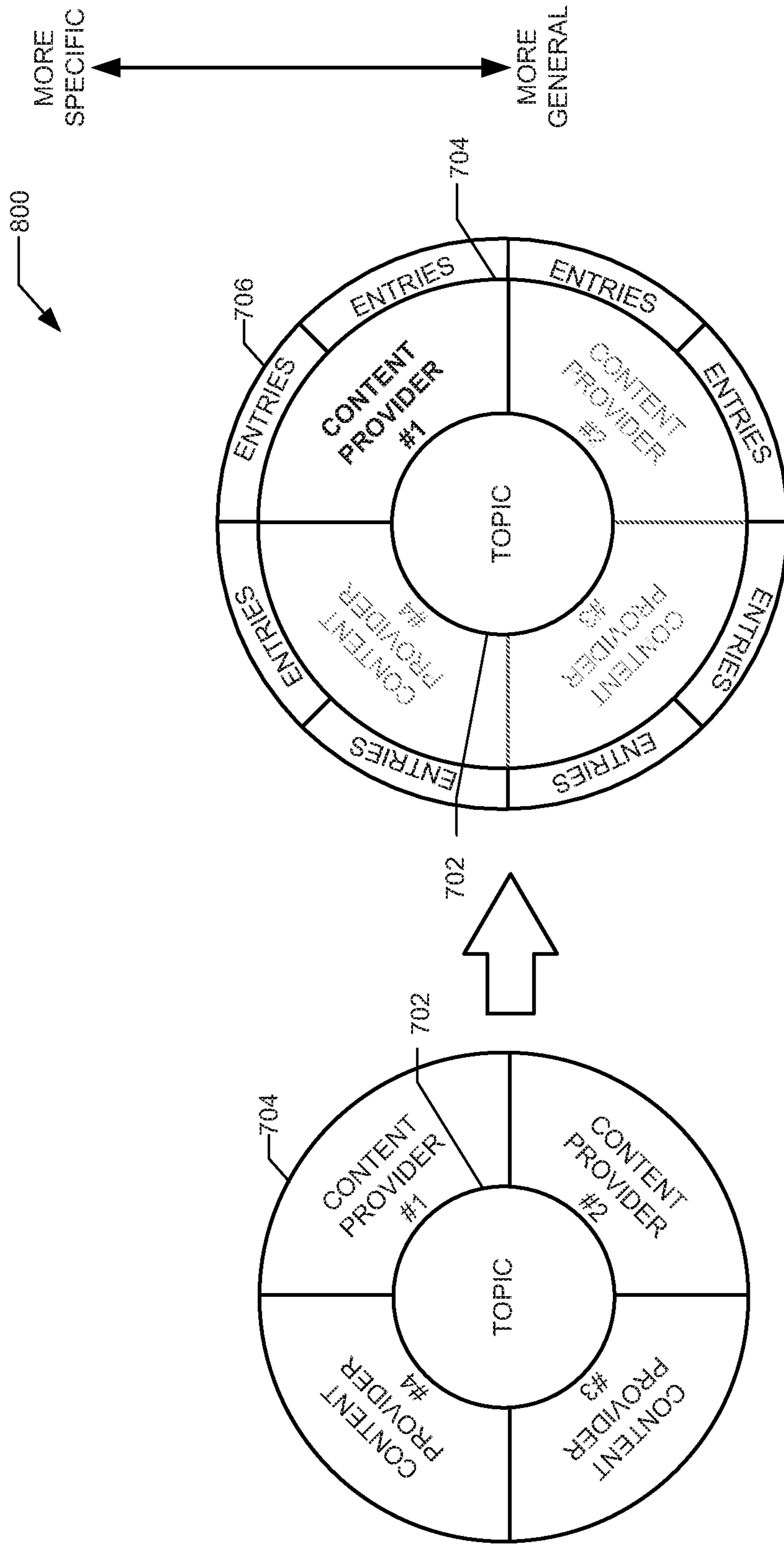


FIG. 8

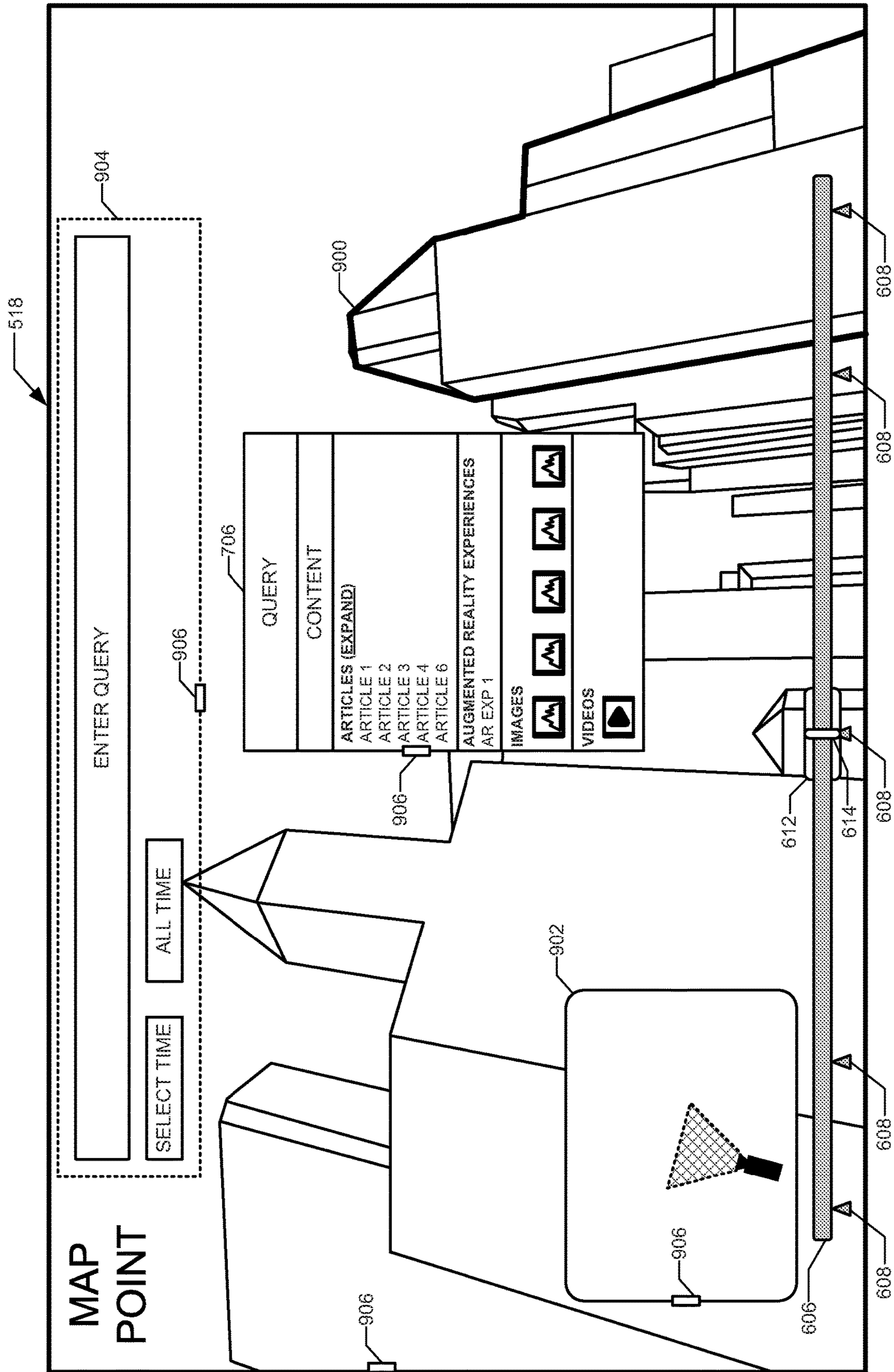


FIG. 9

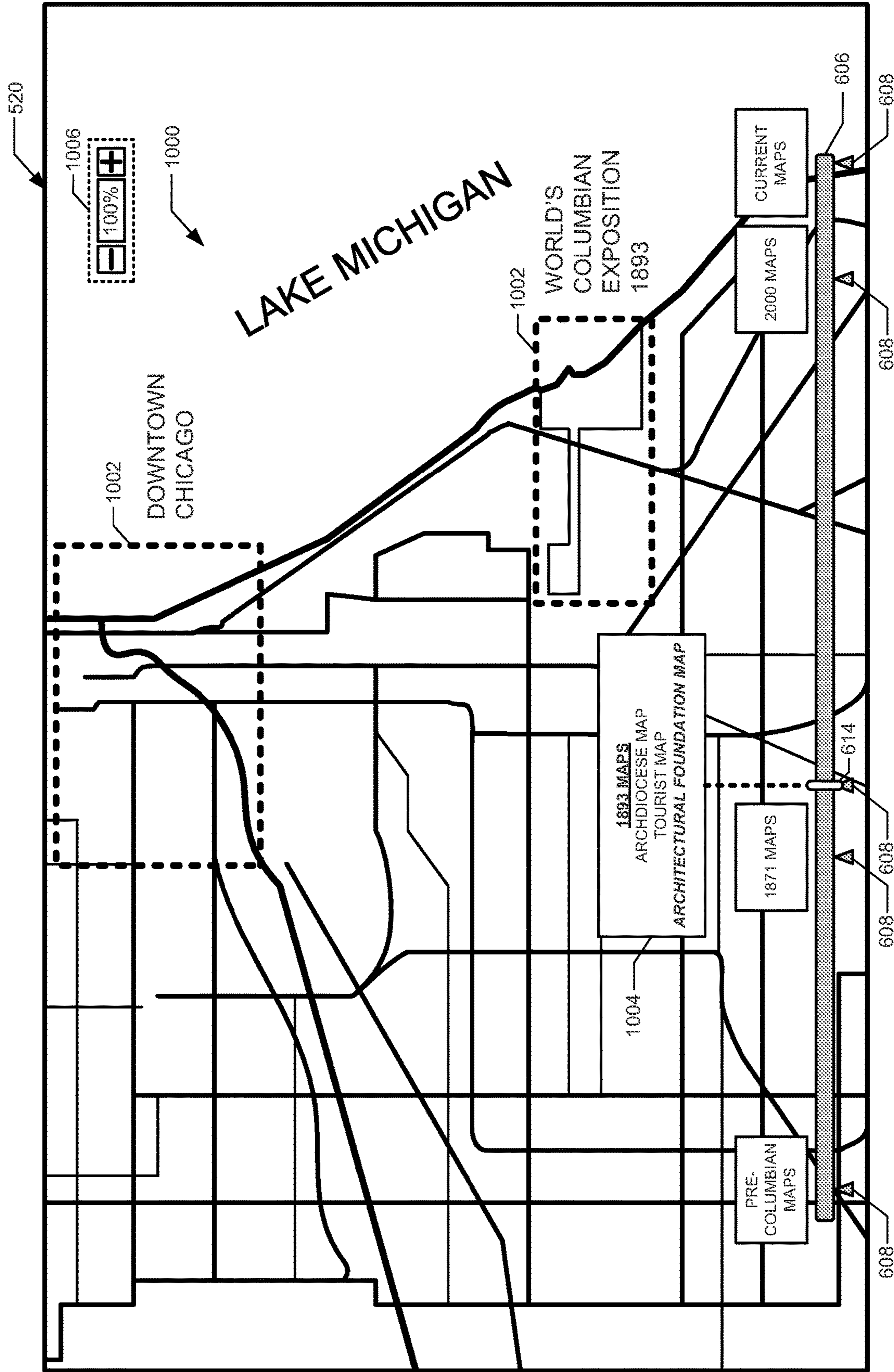


FIG. 10

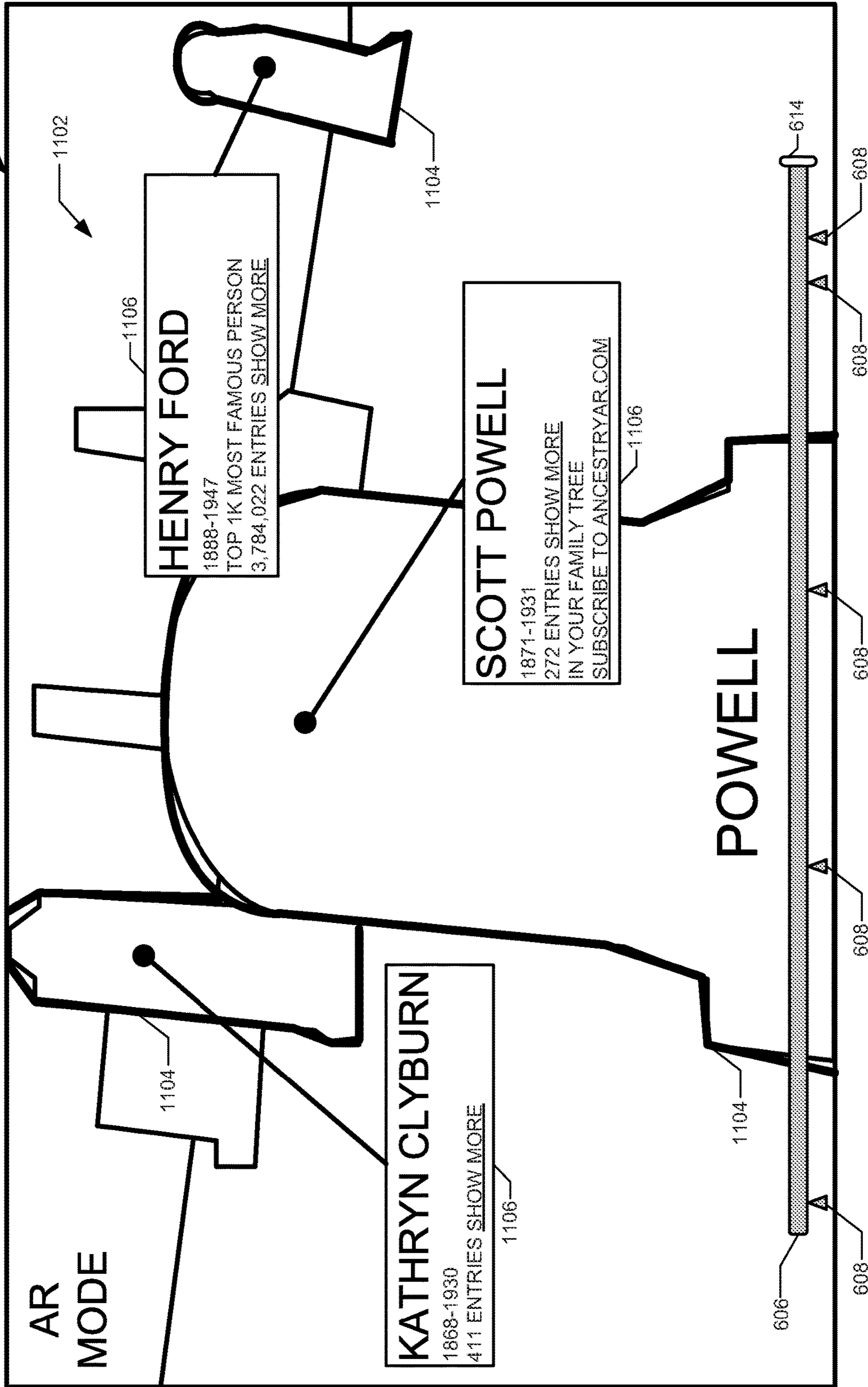


FIG. 11

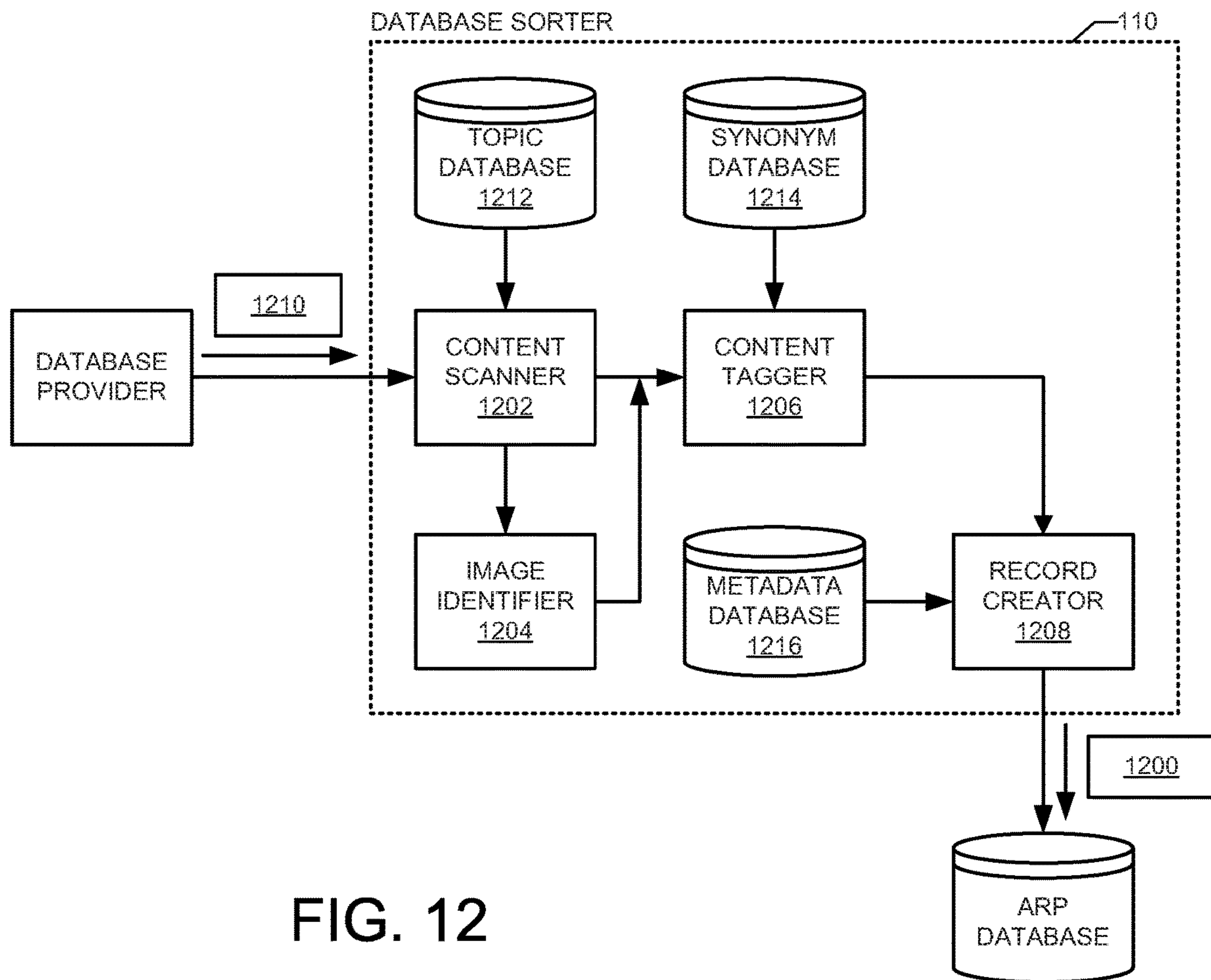


FIG. 12

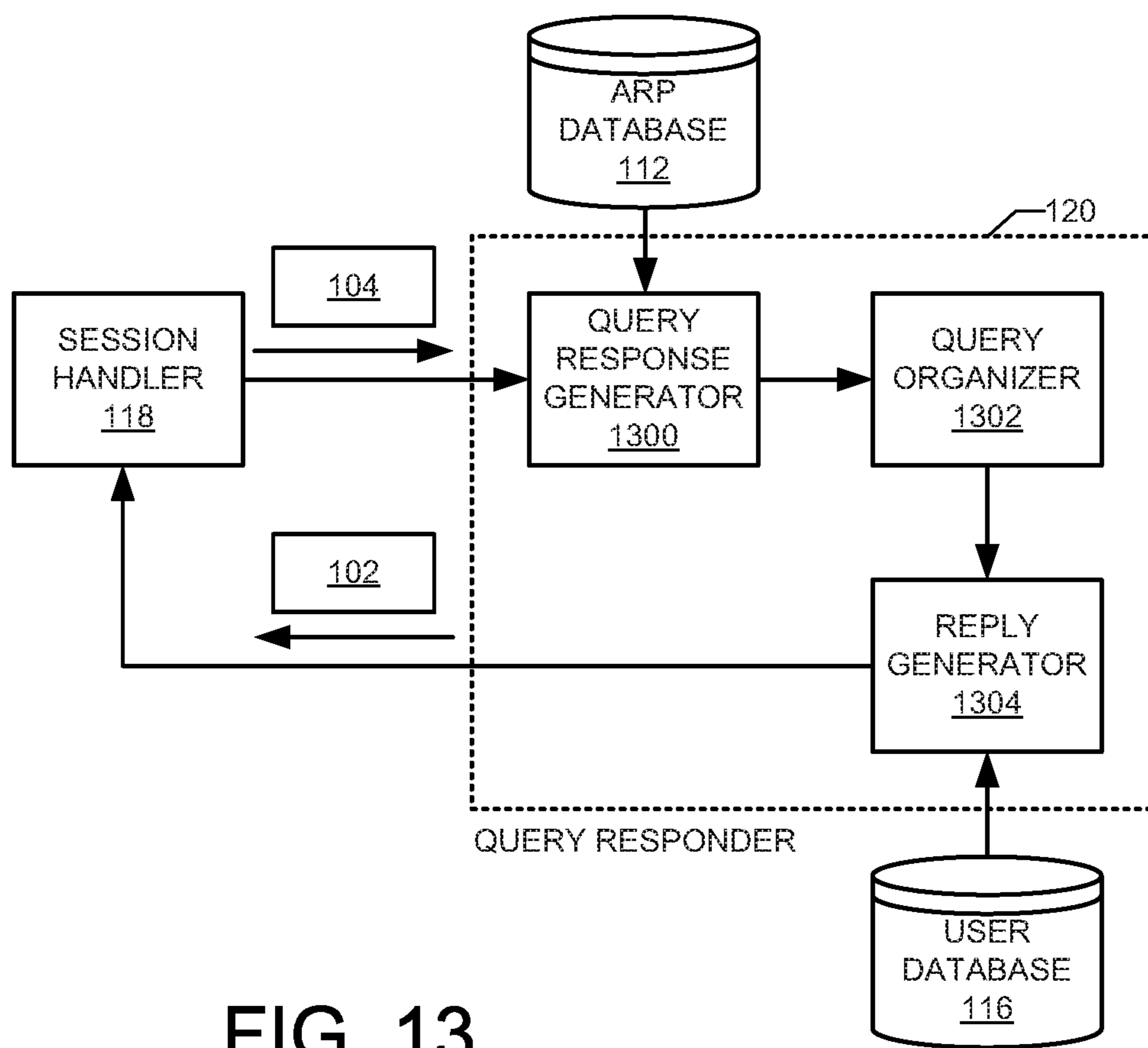


FIG. 13

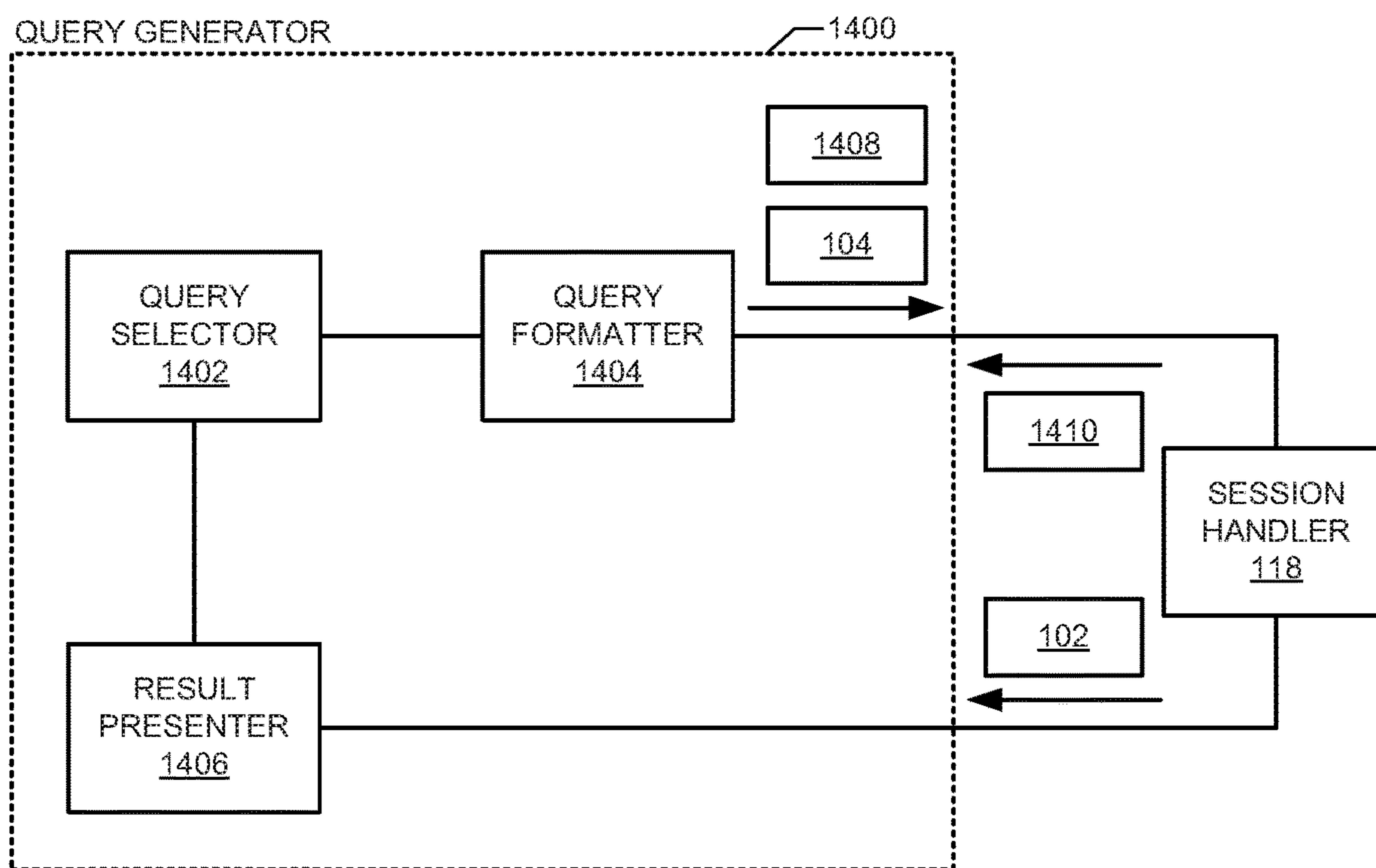


FIG. 14

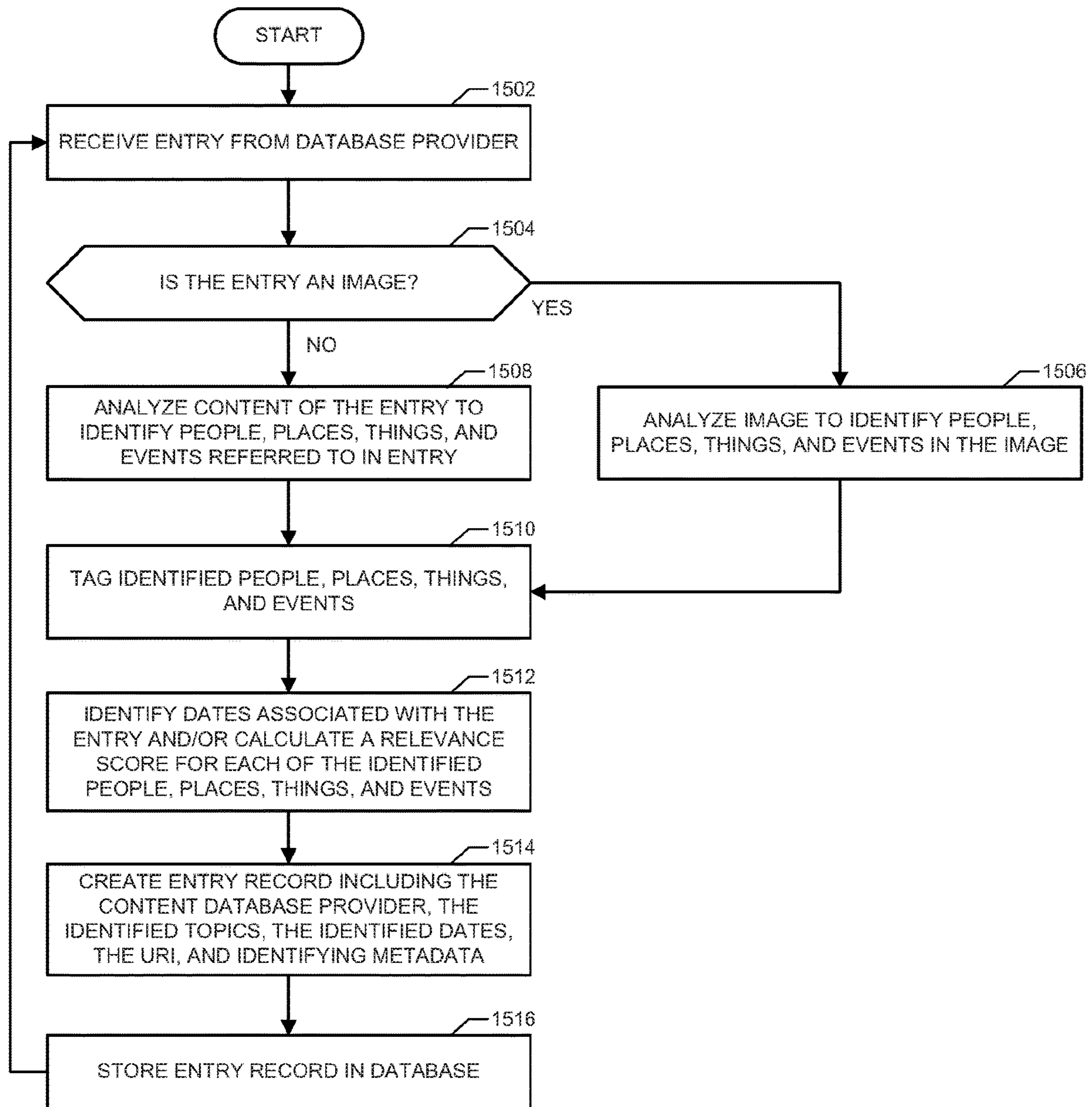


FIG. 15

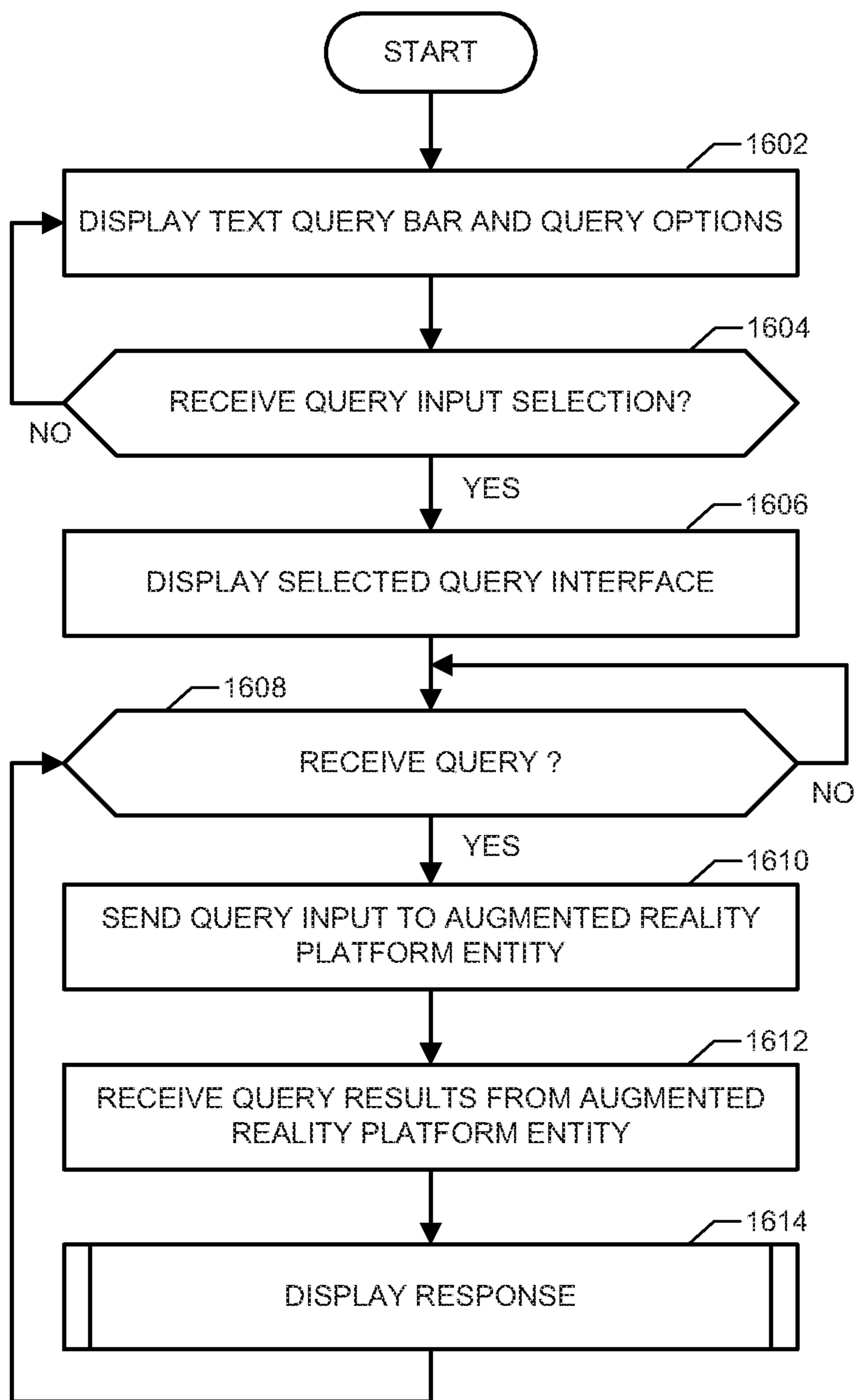


FIG. 16

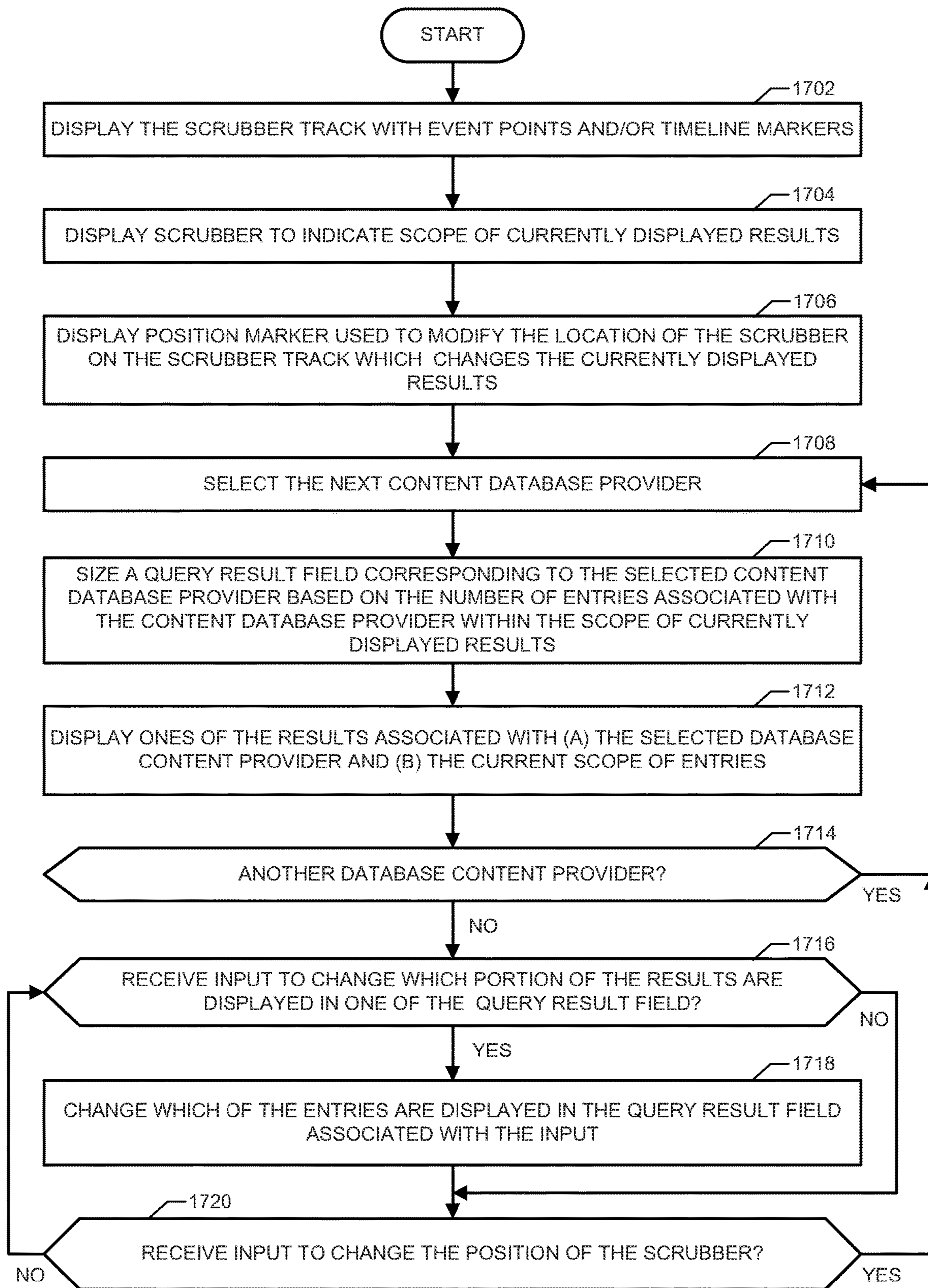


FIG. 17

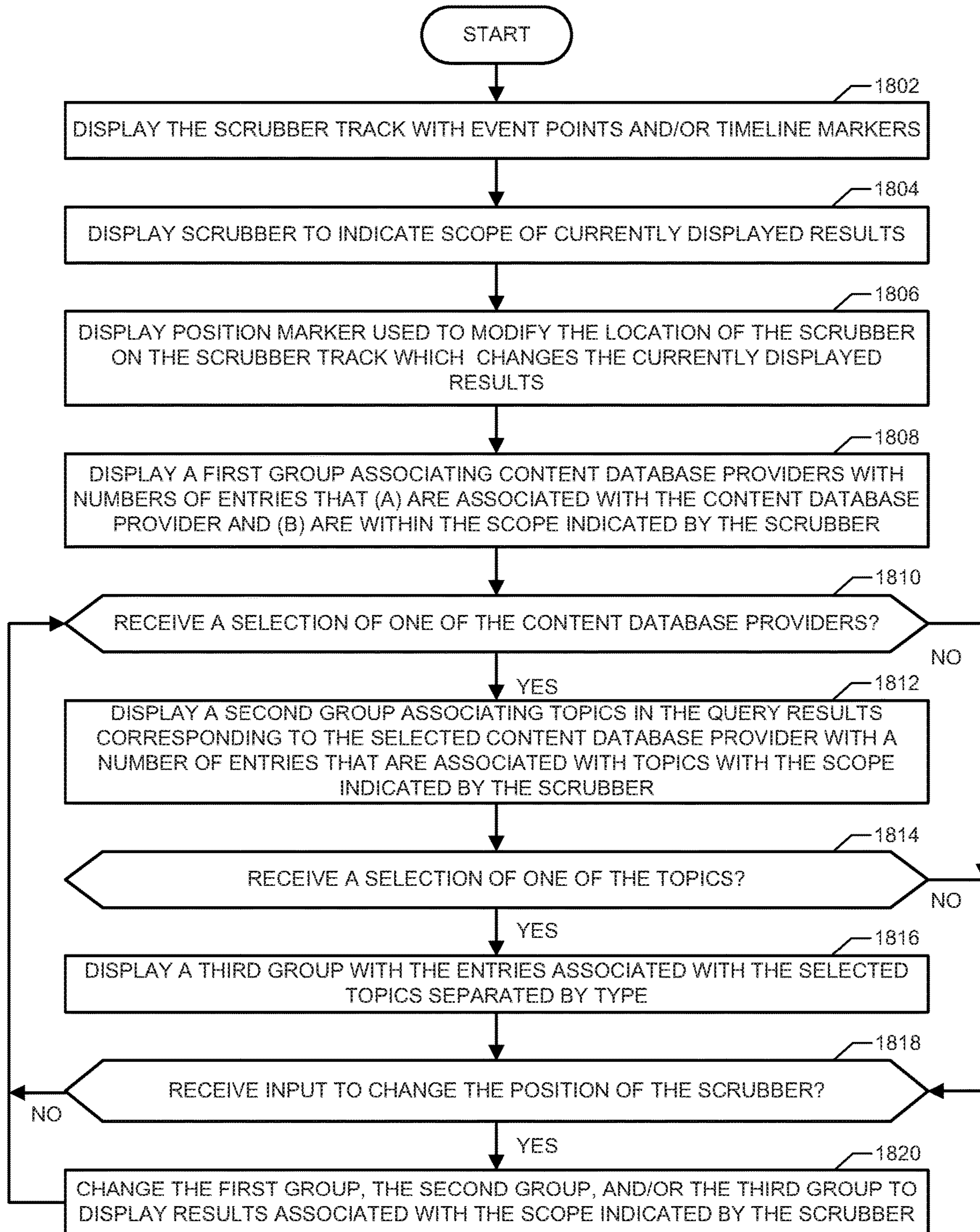


FIG. 18

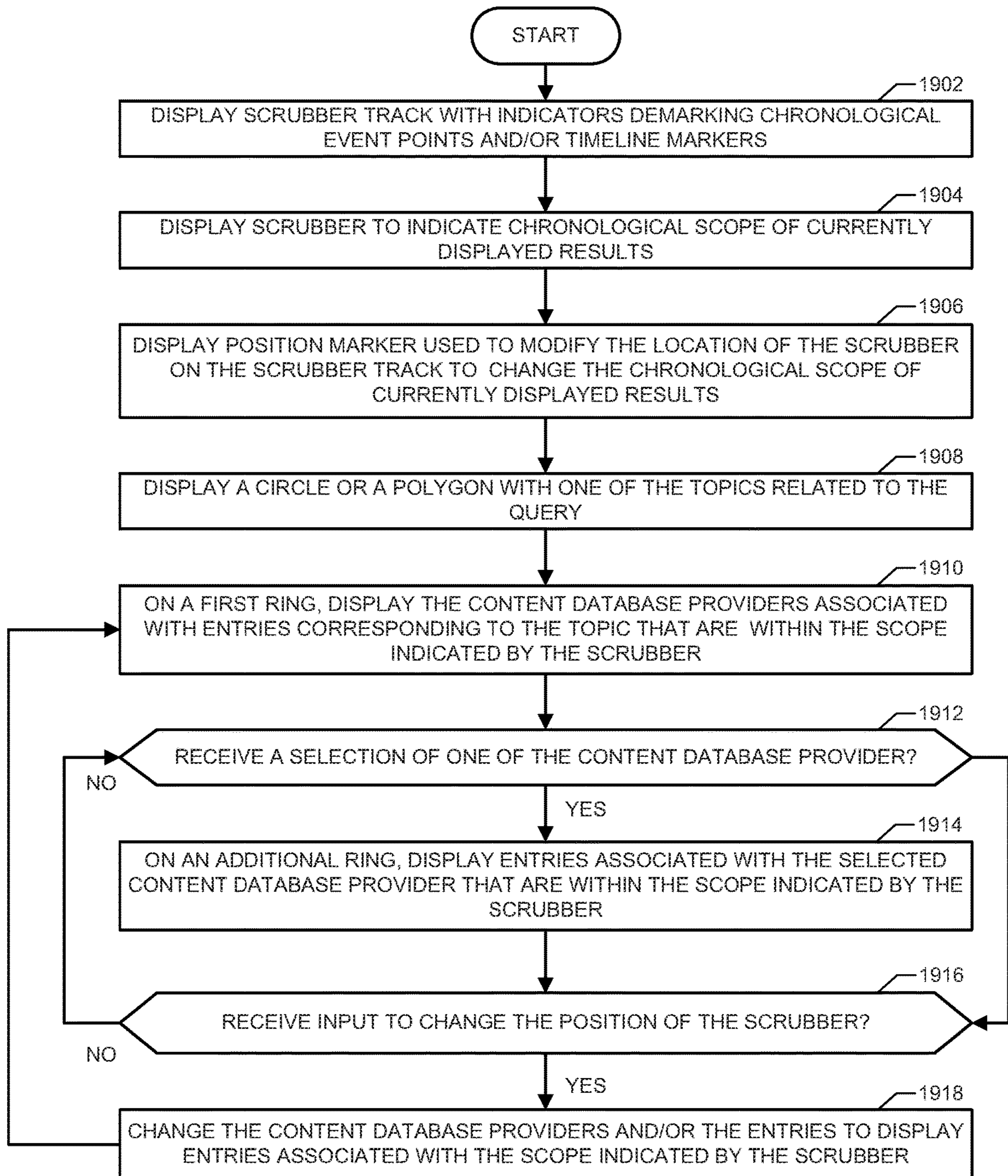


FIG. 19

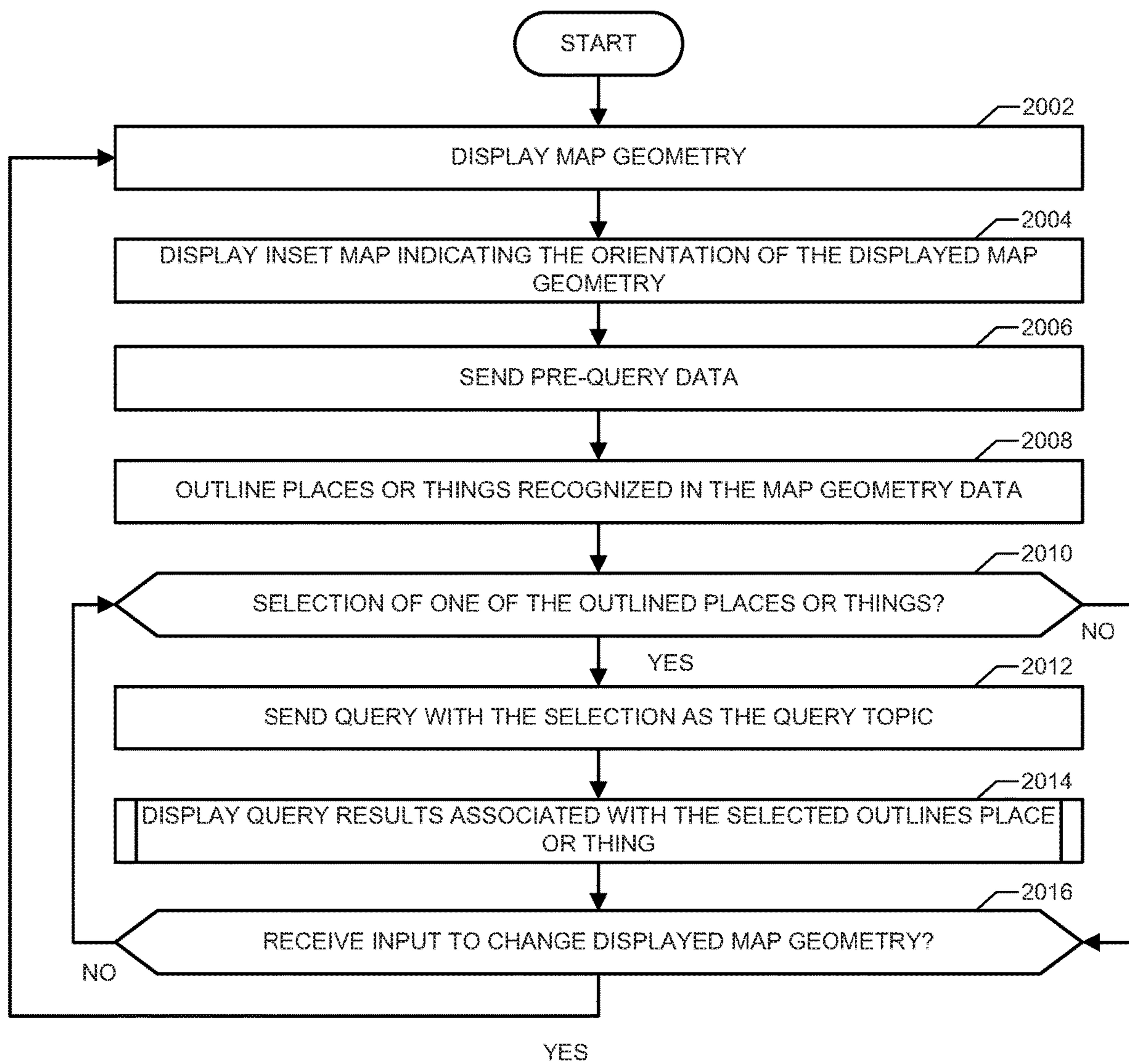


FIG. 20

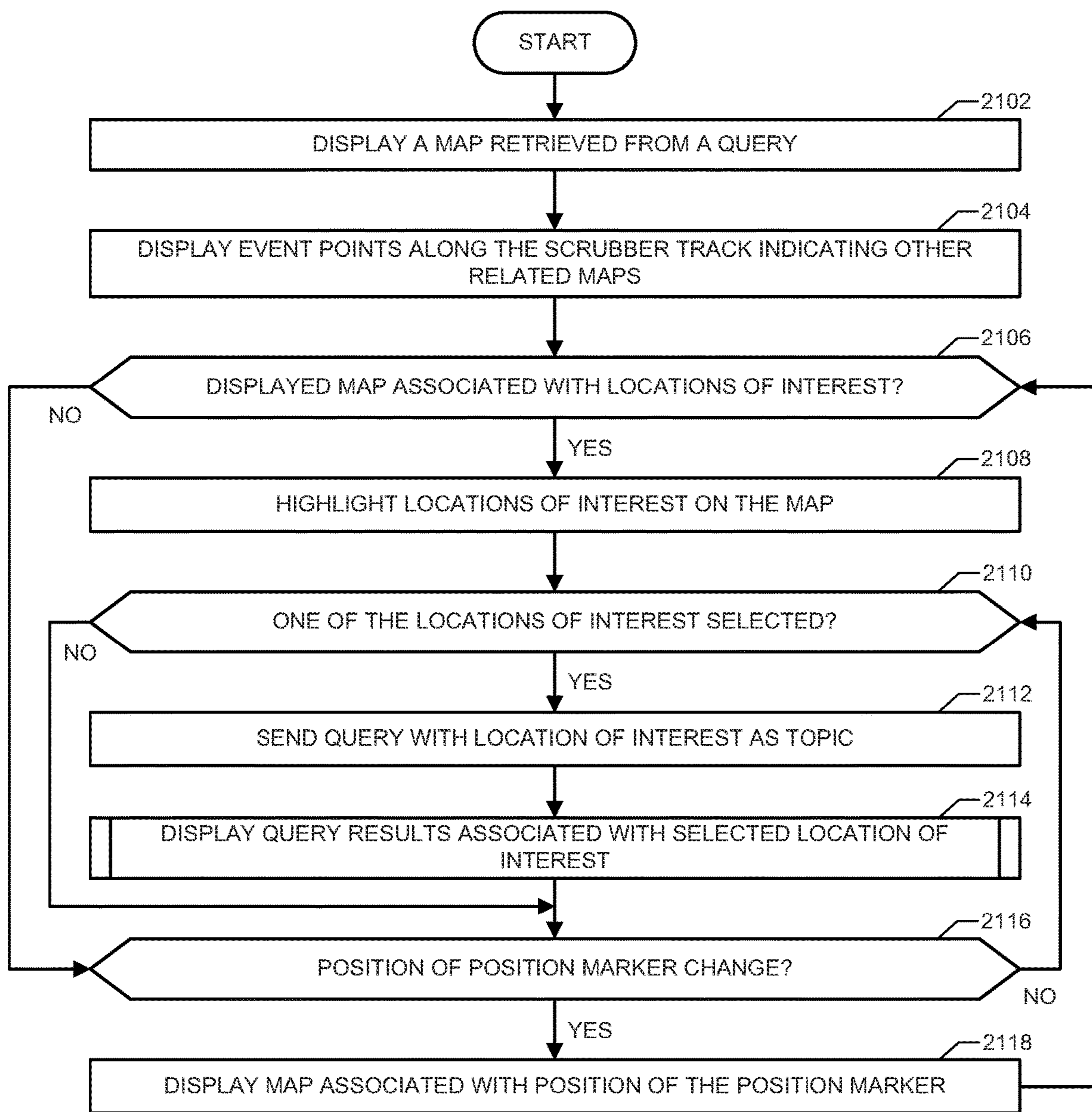


FIG. 21

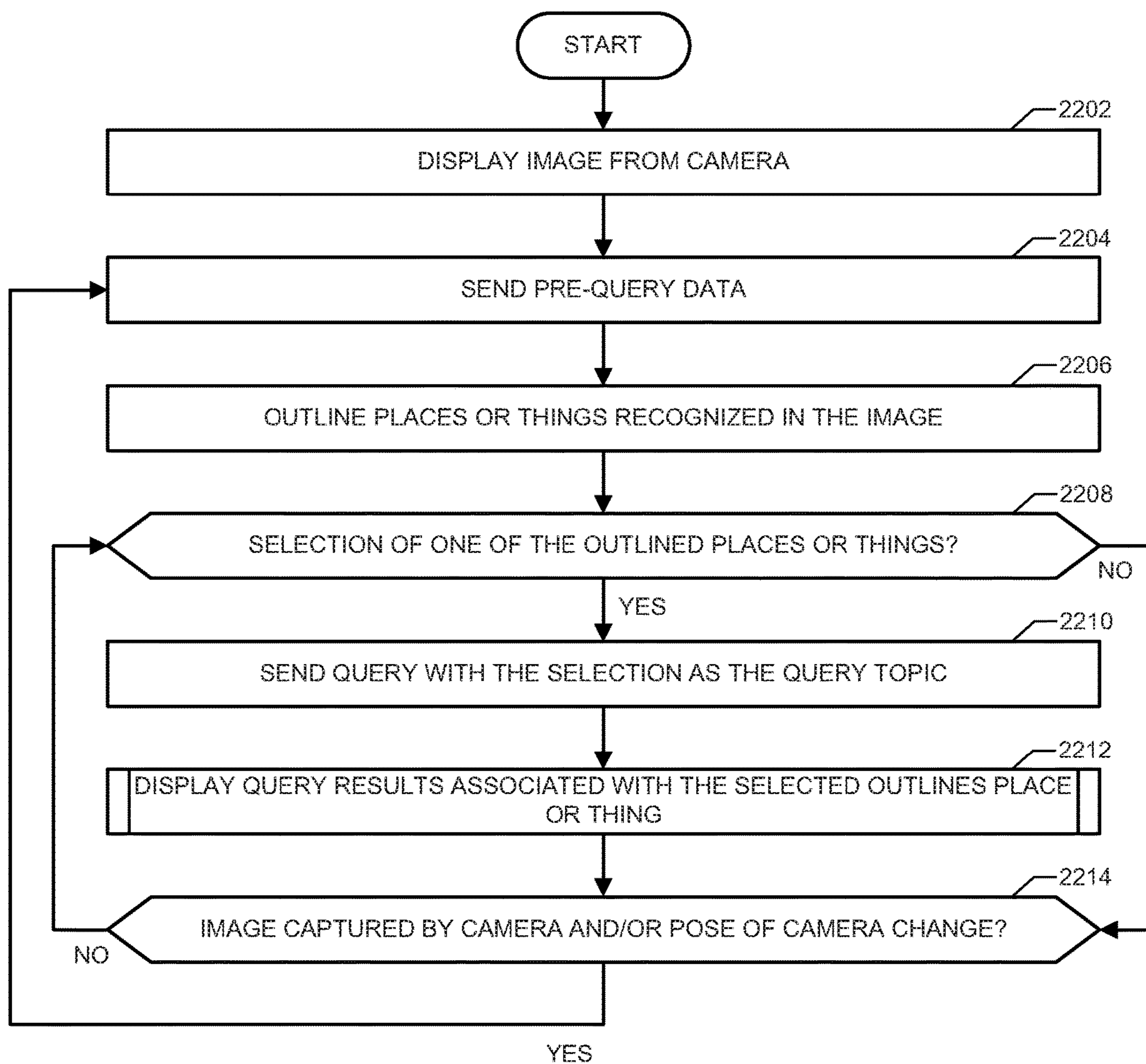


FIG. 22

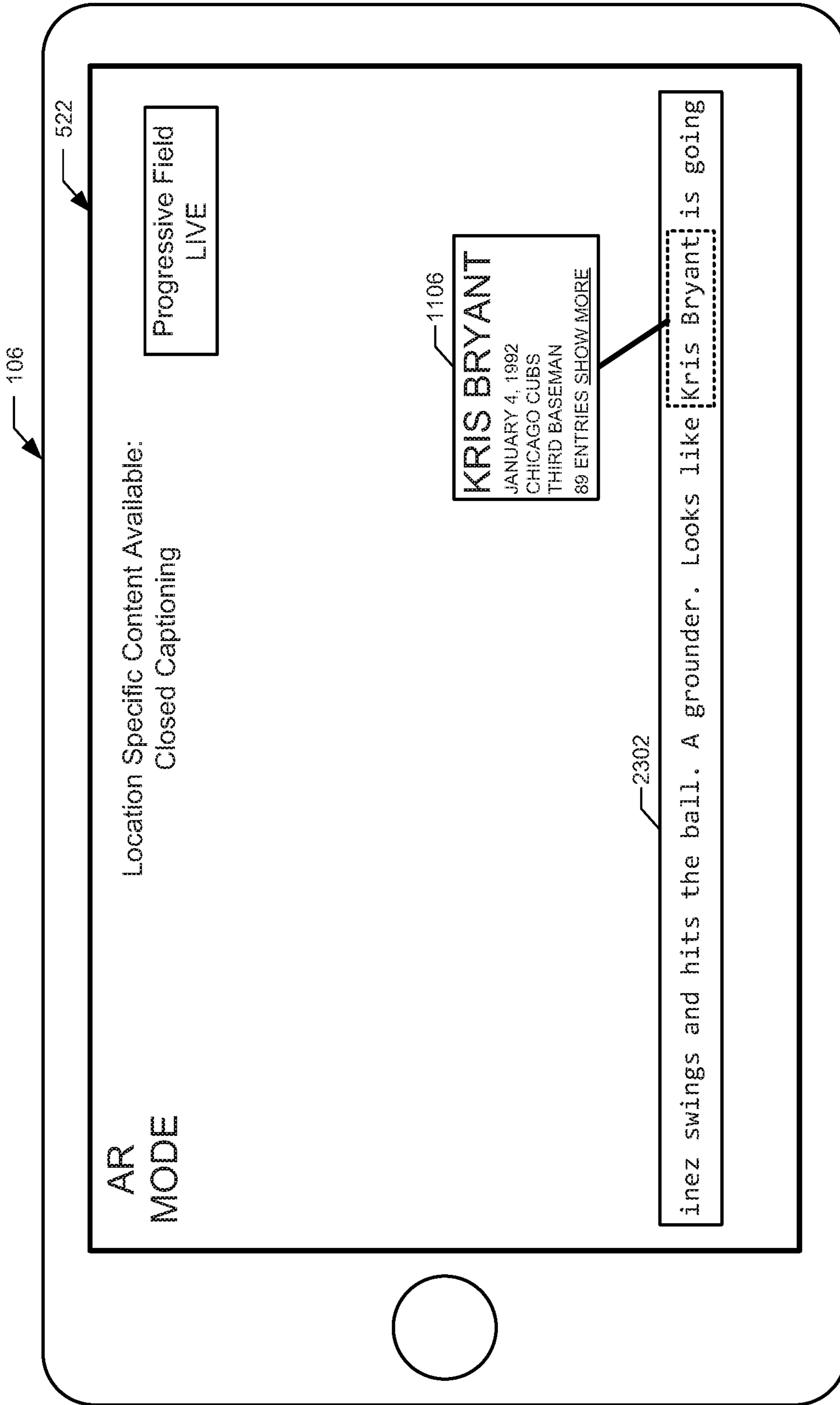


FIG. 23

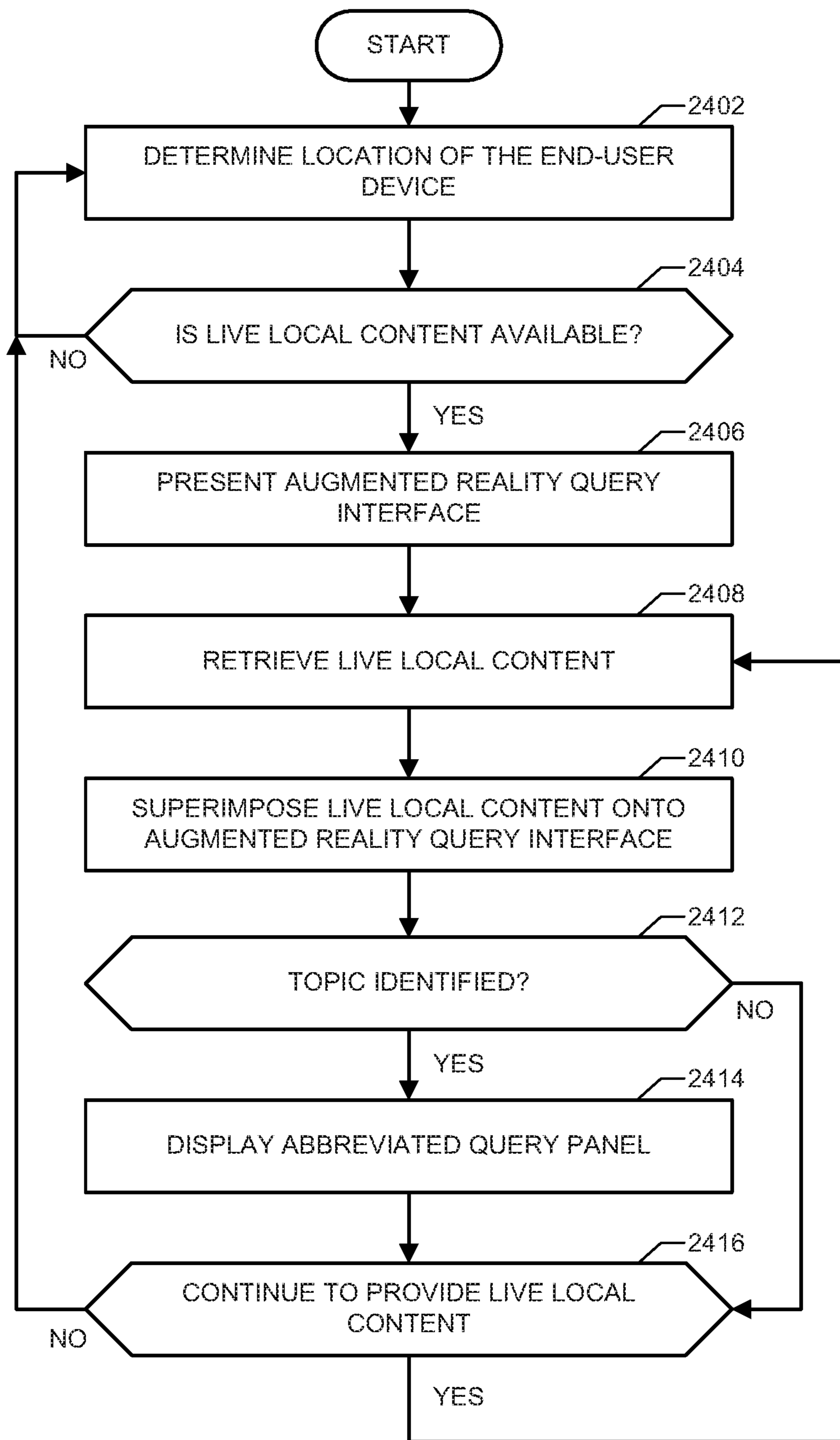


FIG. 24

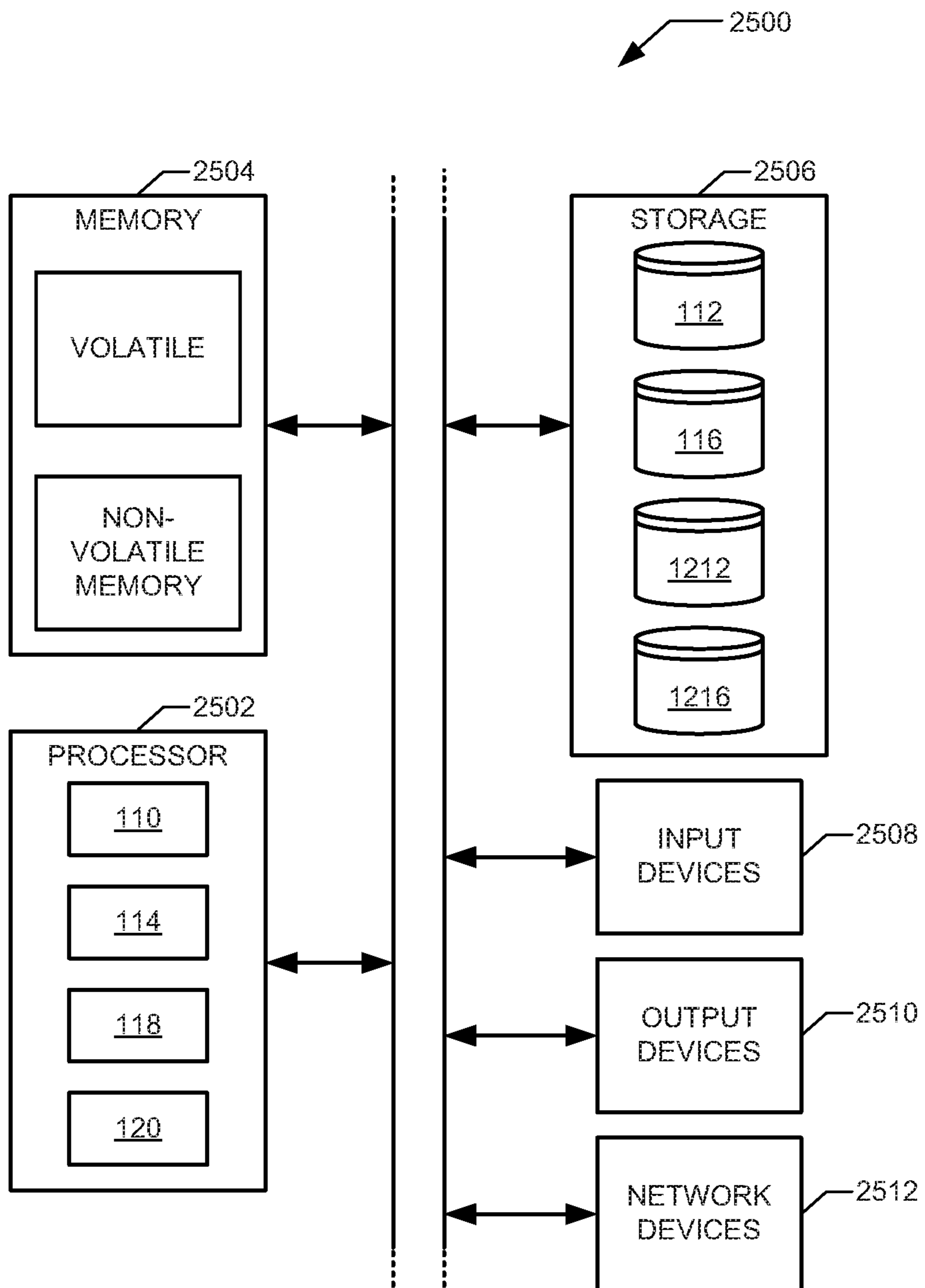


FIG. 25

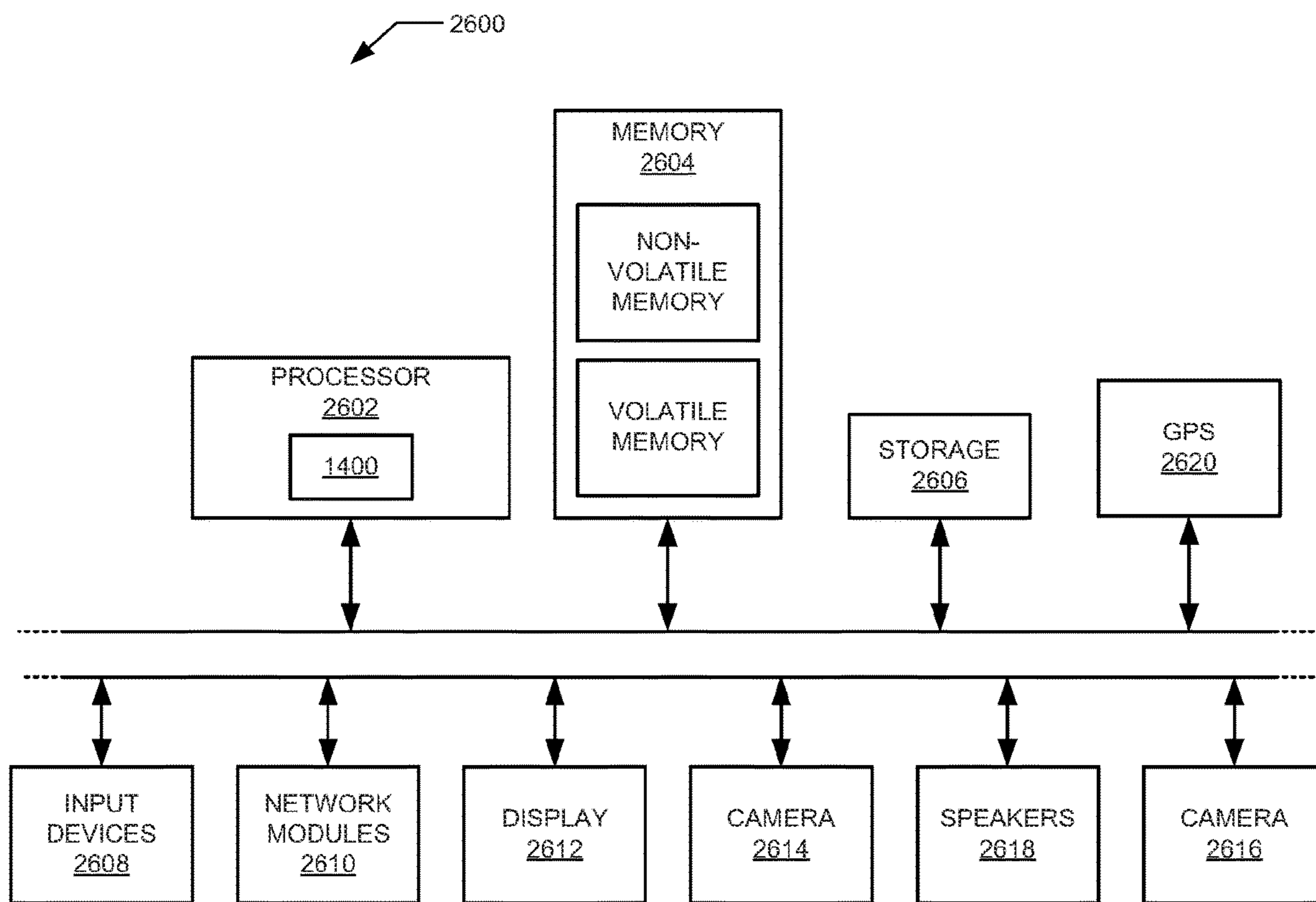


FIG. 26

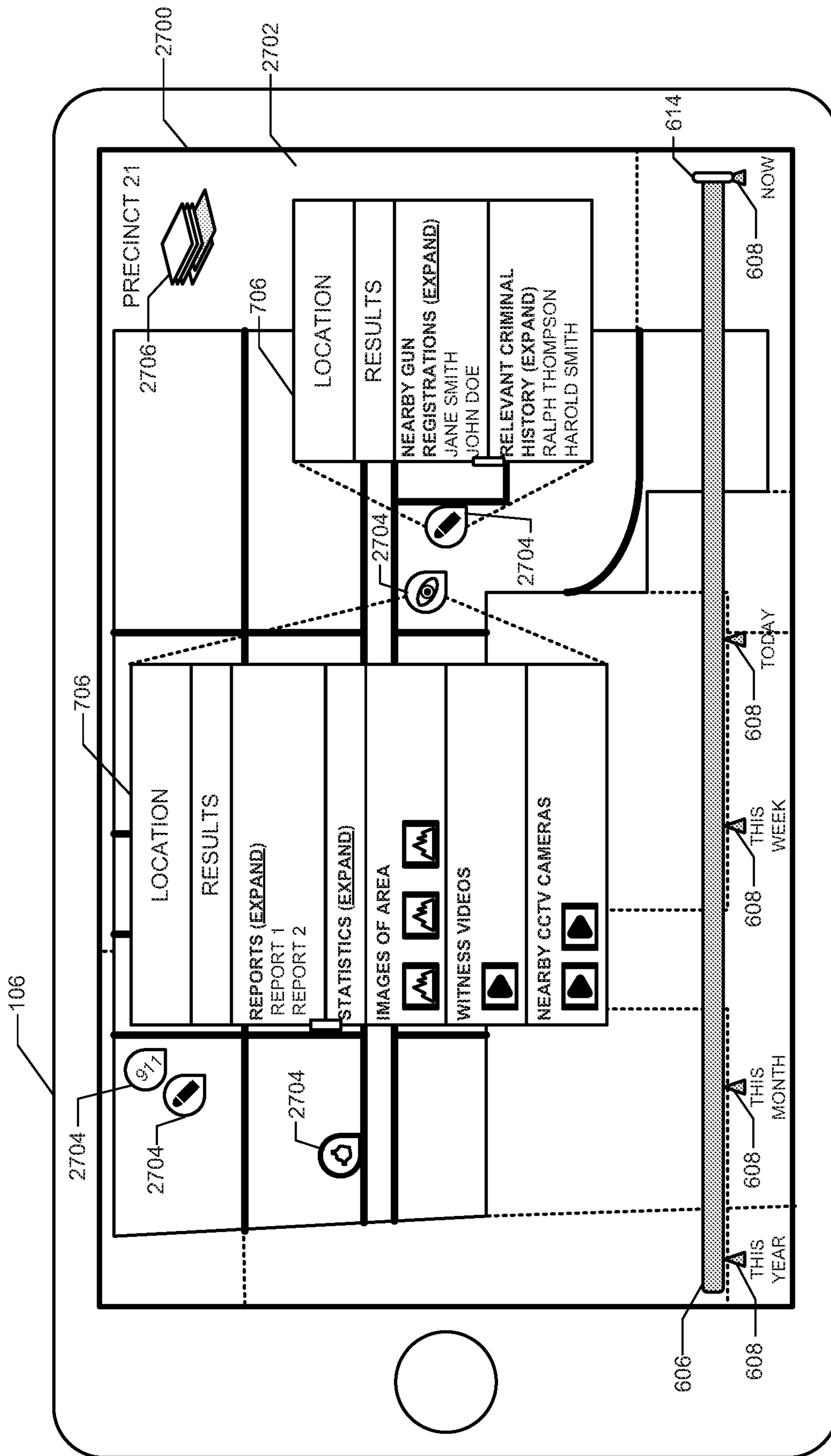


FIG. 27

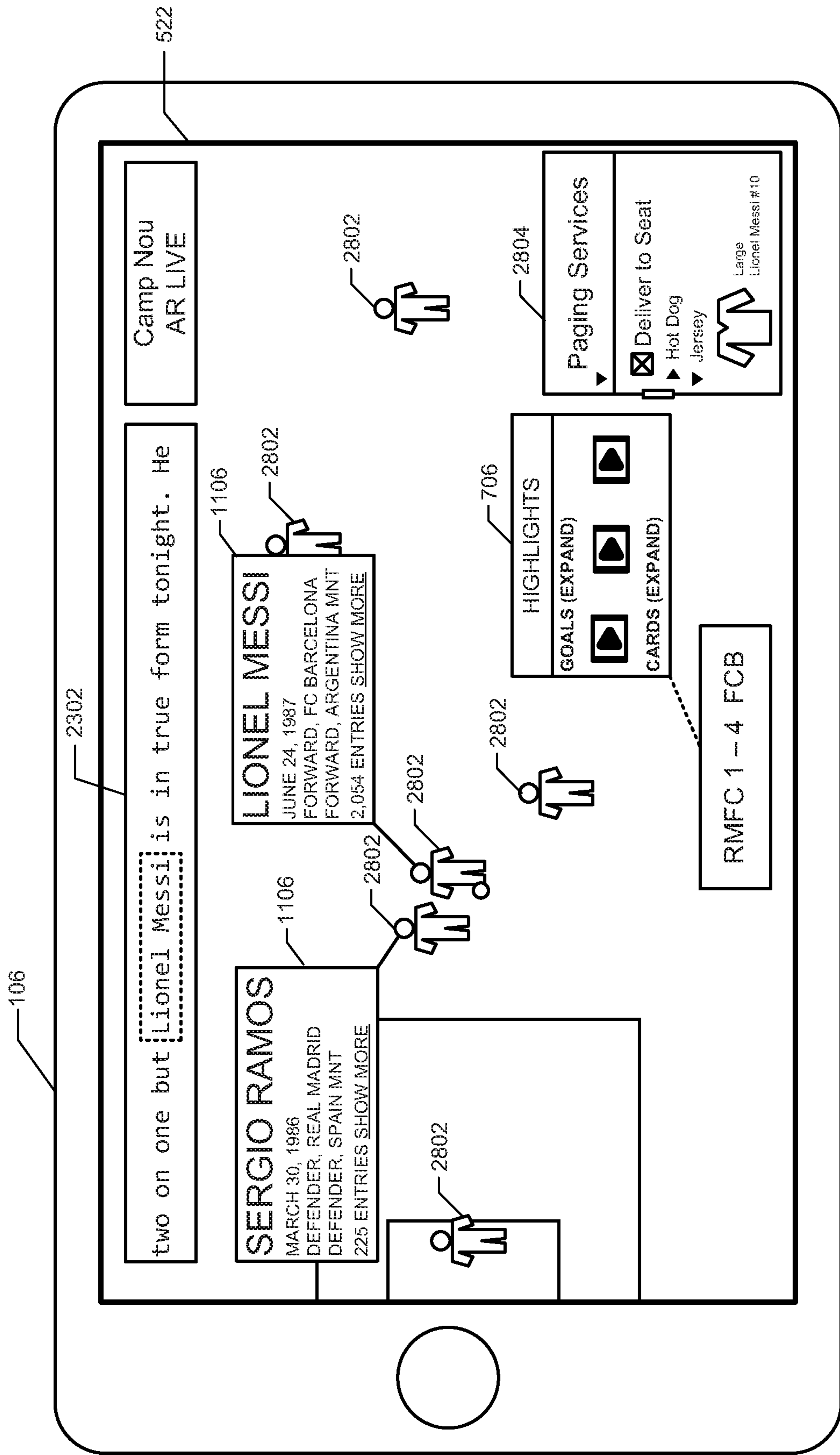


FIG. 28

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SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR A CHRONOLOGICAL-BASED SEARCH ENGINE

RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a U.S. National Stage Entry of International Application No. PCT/US2017/064749 filed Dec. 5, 2017, which claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/430,584, filed Dec. 6, 2016 and U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/556,916, filed Sep. 11, 2017, each of which are incorporated by reference in their entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present disclosure generally relates to configuring computing devices to provide, organize, and present search engine results and, more specifically, systems and methods for a chronological-based search engine.

BACKGROUND

Search engines index content (e.g., text, images, videos, etc.) stored in databases and/or at network addresses (such as websites on the World Wide Web.). The indexing process parses and stores metadata associated with the content along with a location (sometimes referred to as a Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)) at which to retrieve the content. Search engines provide an interface to facilitate users searching for content of interest by entering words or phrases into a search box. The search engine searches the metadata generated for the index content to determine which one(s) of the index content is/are relevant to the entered words or phrases. The search engine provides the user with the URI of the relevant content. Often, the URI are presented to the user based on a relevancy score generated while the search engine searches the metadata.

SUMMARY

The appended claims define this application. The present disclosure summarizes aspects of the embodiments and should not be used to limit the claims. Other implementations are contemplated in accordance with the techniques described herein, as will be apparent to one having ordinary skill in the art upon examination of the following drawings and detailed description, and these implementations are intended to be within the scope of this application.

An example method includes generating records for entries from a plurality of database content providers, the records identifying topics included in the entries and dates associated with the entries. The example method also includes analyzing the entries from the plurality of database content providers to determine affinities between the topics. In response to receiving a query that includes a search topic from an end-user device, the example method includes (a) retrieving, from a database, records identifying the search topic and related topics that have affinity with the search topic, (b) organizing the records into chronological categories based on the dates associated with the corresponding entries, each one of the chronological categories representing a different period of time, (c) for each of the chronological categories, generating a query result with the processor, the query result organizing the records into hierarchies based on attributes of the entries associated with the records, and (d) sending the query result to the end-user device.

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An example method includes presenting, on a display of an end-user device, a first map associated with a first topic included in a query sent to an augmented reality platform entity. The example method also includes highlighting areas of interest on the first map. The areas of interest associated are associated with second topics. Additionally, the example method includes presenting a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points. The event points indicate second maps related to the first topic. The second maps are associated with different dates than the first map. In response to receiving, with an input device, a selection of one of the areas of interest, the example method includes sending a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding second topic.

An example method includes presenting, on a display of an end-user device, map geometry data. The example method also includes highlighting objects of interest in the displayed map geometry data. The objects of interest are each associated with a topic. In response to receiving, with an input device, a selection of one of the objects of interest, the example method includes sending a query to an augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding topic. Additionally, in response to receiving a query result from the augmented reality platform entity, the method includes (a) presenting a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points, and (b) displaying a first hierarchy of a plurality of hierarchies associated with records included in the query result associated with one of the chronological categories selected by a position of the scrubber on the scrubber track corresponding to an associated one of the plurality of event points. The plurality of event points each indicate a chronological category associated with the query result.

An example method includes presenting, on a display of an end-user device, live image data being captured by a camera of the end-user device. The example method also includes highlighting objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera. The objects of interest are each associated with a topic. In response to receiving, with an input device, a selection of one of the objects of interest, the example method includes sending a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding topic. Additionally, in response to receiving a query result from the augmented reality platform entity, the method includes (a) presenting a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points, and (b) displaying a first hierarchy of a plurality of hierarchies associated with records included in the query result associated with one of the chronological categories selected by a position of the scrubber on the scrubber track corresponding to an associated one of the plurality of event points. The plurality of event points each indicate a chronological category associated with the query result.

An example method includes presenting, on a display of an end-user device, live image data being captured by a camera of the end-user device. The example method also includes determining a pose of the end-user device. The pose includes a location of the end-user device. Additionally, the example method includes sending the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity. The example method includes receiving closed captioning data from the augmented reality platform entity, the closed captioning data based on the location of the end-user device. The closed caption data includes indications of first topics within the closed captioning data. The method of claim 1 includes superimposing the closed captioning data onto the live image data.

In one embodiment of the present application, a method includes the steps of presenting, on a display of an end-user device, live image data being captured by a camera of the end-user device, determining a pose of the end-user device, the pose including a location of the end-user device, sending the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity, receiving closed captioning data from the augmented reality platform entity, the closed captioning data based on the location of the end-user device and including an indication of a first topic embedded within the closed captioning data, and superimposing the closed captioning data incorporating an interactive element associated with the first topic onto the live image data.

In some embodiments, the method includes the step of highlighting objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera, the objects of interest associated with a topic. In other embodiments, the step of highlighting the objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera includes the steps of sending the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity, the pose including the location and orientation of the end-user device, and receiving the objects of interest from the augmented reality platform entity based on the pose of the end-user device. In still further embodiments, superimposing the closed captioning data onto the live image data includes superimposing the closed captioning data onto one of the objects of interest. In other embodiments, the method includes the step of, in response to receiving a selection of one of the objects of interest associated with second topics, sending a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding one of the second topics.

In another embodiment, the method includes the step of, in response to receiving a selection of the interactive element within the displayed closed captioning data, sending a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding first topic. In some embodiments, the method includes the steps of, in response to receiving a query result from the augmented reality platform entity, presenting a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points, the plurality of event points indicative chronological categories associated with the query result, and displaying a first hierarchy of a plurality of hierarchies associated with records included in the query result associated with one of the chronological categories selected by a position of the scrubber on the scrubber track corresponding to an associated one of the plurality of event points.

In another embodiment of the present application, an end-user device includes memory with an application and a processor communicatively coupled to the memory. The application, when executed, causing the processor to present, on a display, live image data being captured by a camera of the end-user device, determine a pose of the end-user device, the pose including a location of the end-user device, send the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity, receive closed captioning data from the augmented reality platform entity, the closed captioning data based on the location of the end-user device and including an indication of a first topic embedded within the closed captioning data, and superimpose the closed captioning data incorporating an interactive element associated with the first topic onto the live image data.

In some embodiments, the application, when executed, causes the processor to highlight objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera, the objects of interest associated with a topic. In other embodiments, to highlight the objects of interest in the displayed

live image data being captured by the camera, the application, when executing, causes the processor to send the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity, the pose including the location and orientation of the end-user device, and receive the objects of interest from the augmented reality platform entity based on the pose of the end-user device. In still further embodiments, to superimpose the closed captioning data onto the live image data, the application, when executing, causes the processor to superimpose the closed captioning data onto one of the objects of interest. In another embodiment, the application, when executing, causes the processor to, in response to receiving a selection of one of the objects of interest associated with second topics, send a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding one of the second topics.

In yet another example, the application, when executing, causes the processor to, in response to receiving a selection of interactive element within the displayed closed captioning data, send a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding first topic. In some embodiments, the application, when executing, causes the processor to, in response to receiving a query result from the augmented reality platform entity present a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points, the plurality of event points indicative chronological categories associated with the query result, and display a first hierarchy of a plurality of hierarchies associated with records included in the query result associated with one of the chronological categories selected by a position of the scrubber on the scrubber track corresponding to an associated one of the plurality of event points.

In a further embodiment of the present application, a tangible computer readable medium includes instructions that, when executed, cause an end-user device to present, on a display of an end-user device, live image data being captured by a camera of the end-user device, determine a pose of the end-user device, the pose including a location of the end-user device, send the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity, receive closed captioning data from the augmented reality platform entity, the closed captioning data based on the location of the end-user device and including an indication of a first topic embedded within the closed captioning data, and superimpose the closed captioning data incorporating an interactive element associated with the first topic onto the live image data.

In some embodiments, the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to highlight objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera, the objects of interest associated with a topic. In other embodiments, to highlight the objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera, the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to send the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity, the pose including the location and orientation of the end-user device and receive the objects of interest from the augmented reality platform entity based on the pose of the end-user device. In still further embodiments, superimposing the closed captioning data onto the live image data includes superimposing the closed captioning data onto one of the objects of interest. In another embodiment, the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to, in response to receiving a selection of the interactive element within the closed captioning data, send a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding first topic. In another embodiment, the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to, in

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response to receiving a query result from the augmented reality platform entity present a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points, the plurality of event points indicative chronological categories associated with the query result, and display a first hierarchy of a plurality of hierarchies associated with records included in the query result associated with one of the chronological categories selected by a position of the scrubber on the scrubber track corresponding to an associated one of the plurality of event points.

In a further embodiment of the present application, a method includes the steps of: presenting, on a display of an end-user device, a first map associated with a first topic included in a query sent to an augmented reality platform entity; highlighting areas of interest on the first map, the areas of interest associated with second topics; presenting a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points along the scrubber track, the event points indicative of second maps related to the first topic associated with different dates; and in response to receiving, with an input device, a selection of one of the areas of interest, sending a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding second topic. In some embodiments, including in response to receiving, with the input device, a change in position of the scrubber along the scrubber track to one of the plurality of event points, displaying the second map associated with the corresponding one of the plurality of event points.

In other embodiments, the method includes the steps of receiving search results based on the query, the query results includes records organized into at least first hierarchies, second hierarchies, and third hierarchies, and superimposing an interface over the first map initially displaying the first hierarchies. In a further embodiment, the first hierarchies are displayed in a first window, and the method includes the steps of, in response to receiving a selection of one the first hierarchies, displaying the second hierarchies associated with the selected one the first hierarchies in a second window, and, in response to receiving a selection of one of the second hierarchies, displaying the third hierarchies associated with the selected one the second hierarchies in a third window, the third hierarchies to include selectable uniform resource locators to retrieve entries associated with the third hierarchies. In another embodiment, the first hierarchies are displayed in a circular window, and the method includes the steps of, in response to receiving a selection of one the first hierarchies, displaying the second hierarchies associated with the selected one the first hierarchies in a first concentric ring around the circular window, and, in response to receiving a selection of one of the second hierarchies, displaying the third hierarchies associated with the selected one the second hierarchies in a second concentric ring around the first concentric ring, the third hierarchies to include selectable uniform resource locators to retrieve entries associated with the third hierarchies. In a still further embodiment, the plurality of event points is a first plurality of event points, and the method includes the steps of hiding the first plurality of event points and displaying a second plurality of event points, the second plurality of event points indicative of ones of the search results associated with chronological categories. In another embodiment, the method includes the step of, in response to receiving, with the input device, a change in position of the scrubber along the scrubber track to one of the second plurality of event points, providing the ones of the search results associated with the corresponding chronological category.

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In another embodiment of the present application, an end-user device includes memory with an application and a processor communicatively coupled to the memory. The application, when executed, causing the processor to: present, on a display of the end-user device, a first map associated with a first topic included in a query sent to an augmented reality platform entity; highlight areas of interest on the first map, the areas of interest associated with second topics; present a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points along the scrubber track, the event points indicative of second maps related to the first topic associated with different dates; and, in response to receiving, with an input device, a selection of one of the areas of interest, send a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding second topic. In some embodiments, the application, when executing, causes the processor to, in response to receiving a change in position of the scrubber along the scrubber track, with the input device, to one of the plurality of event points, display the second map associated with the corresponding one of the plurality of event points. In other embodiments, the application, when executing, causes the processor to: receive search results based on the query, the query results includes records organized into at least first hierarchies, second hierarchies, and third hierarchies; and superimpose an interface over the first map initially displaying the first hierarchies.

In another embodiment, the first hierarchies are displayed in a first window, and the application, when executing, causes the processor to: in response to receiving a selection of one the first hierarchies, display the second hierarchies associated with the selected one the first hierarchies in a second window; and in response to receiving a selection of one of the second hierarchies, display the third hierarchies associated with the selected one the second hierarchies in a third window, the third hierarchies to include selectable uniform resource locators to retrieve entries associated with the third hierarchies. In a further embodiment, the first hierarchies are displayed in a circular window, and wherein the application, when executing, causes the processor to: in response to receiving a selection of one the first hierarchies, display the second hierarchies associated with the selected one the first hierarchies in a first concentric ring around the circular window; and in response to receiving a selection of one of the second hierarchies, display the third hierarchies associated with the selected one the second hierarchies in a second concentric ring around the first concentric ring, the third hierarchies to include selectable uniform resource locators to retrieve entries associated with the third hierarchies.

In a still further embodiment, the plurality of event points is a first plurality of event points, and the application, when executing, causes the processor to: hide the first plurality of event points; and display a second plurality of event points, the second plurality of event points indicative of ones of the search results associated with chronological categories.

In another embodiment, the application, when executing, causes the processor to, in response to receiving with the input device, a change in position of the scrubber along the scrubber track to one of the second plurality of event points, providing the ones of the search results associated with the corresponding chronological category.

In another embodiment of the present application, a tangible computer readable medium includes instructions that, when executed, cause an end-user device to: present, on a display, a first map associated with a first topic included in a query sent to an augmented reality platform entity; highlight areas of interest on the first map, the areas of interest

associated with second topics; present a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points along the scrubber track, the event points indicative of second maps related to the first topic associated with different dates; and in response to receiving, with an input device, a selection of one of the areas of interest, send a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding second topic. In a further embodiment, the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to, in response to receiving, with the input device, a change in position of the scrubber along the scrubber track to one of the plurality of event points, display the second map associated with the corresponding one of the plurality of event points. In another embodiment, the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to: receive search results based on the query, the query results includes records organized into at least first hierarchies, second hierarchies, and third hierarchies; and superimpose an interface over the first map initially displaying the first hierarchies. In a further embodiment, the first hierarchies are displayed in a first window, and wherein the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to: in response to receiving a selection of one the first hierarchies, display the second hierarchies associated with the selected one the first hierarchies in a second window; and in response to receiving a selection of one of the second hierarchies, display the third hierarchies associated with the selected one the second hierarchies in a third window, the third hierarchies to include selectable uniform resource locators to retrieve entries associated with the third hierarchies.

In a further embodiment, the first hierarchies are displayed in a circular window, and the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to, in response to receiving a selection of one the first hierarchies, display the second hierarchies associated with the selected one the first hierarchies in a first concentric ring around the circular window, and, in response to receiving a selection of one of the second hierarchies, display the third hierarchies associated with the selected one the second hierarchies in a second concentric ring around the first concentric ring, the third hierarchies to include selectable uniform resource locators to retrieve entries associated with the third hierarchies. In another embodiment, the plurality of event points is a first plurality of event points, and wherein the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to: hide the first plurality of event points; display a second plurality of event points, the second plurality of event points indicative of ones of the search results associated with chronological categories; and, in response to receiving, with the input device, a change in position of the scrubber along the scrubber track to one of the second plurality of event points, provide the ones of the search results associated with the corresponding chronological category.

In another embodiment of the present application, a method includes the steps of: presenting, on a display of an end-user device, map geometry data; highlighting objects of interest in the displayed map geometry data, the objects of interest associated with a topic; in response to receiving, with an input device, a selection of one of the objects of interest, sending a query to an augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding topic. The method further includes the steps of, in response to receiving a query result from the augmented reality platform entity, presenting a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points along the scrubber track, the plurality of event points indicative chronological categories associated with the query result; and displaying a first hierarchy of a plurality of hierarchies associated with records included in the query

result associated with one of the chronological categories selected by a position of the scrubber on the scrubber track corresponding to an associated one of the plurality of event points. In another embodiment, the first hierarchy is displayed in a first window, and the first hierarchy displays a list of database content providers associated with the query results with dates within one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In a further embodiment, the method includes the step of, in response to receiving a selection of one of the database content providers of the first hierarchy, displaying a second hierarchy in a second window, the second hierarchy including a list of topics associated with the query results associated with the selected database content providers and associated with within the one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In a still further embodiment, the method includes the step of, in response to receiving a selection of one of the topics of the second hierarchy, displaying a third hierarchy in a third window, the second hierarchy including a list of uniform resource locators of entries associated with the selected topic and associated with within the one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In some embodiments, the method includes the step of, based on the position of the scrubber, superimposing an image onto the map geometry data over one of the objects of interest, the image being the one of the objects of interest during the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In other embodiments, the method includes the step of, for the objects of interest, superimposing an information window that includes a portion of search results for the corresponding topic. In still further embodiments, the method includes the step of determining which portion of the map geometry data to present based on the orientation of the end-user device.

In another embodiment of the present application, an end-user device includes memory with an application and a processor communicatively coupled to the memory. The application, when executed, causing the processor to: present, on a display, map geometry data; highlight objects of interest in the displayed map geometry data, the objects of interest associated with a topic; and, in response to receiving, with an input device, a selection of one of the objects of interest, send a query to an augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding topic. The method further includes the steps of, in response to receiving a query result from the augmented reality platform entity: present a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points along the scrubber track, the plurality of event points indicative chronological categories associated with the query result; and display a first hierarchy of a plurality of hierarchies associated with records included in the query result associated with one of the chronological categories selected by a position of the scrubber on the scrubber track corresponding to an associated one of the plurality of event points.

In another embodiment, the first hierarchy is displayed in a first window, and the first hierarchy displays a list of database content providers associated with the query results with dates within one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In a further embodiment, the application, when executing, causes the processor to, in response to receiving a selection of one of the database content providers of the first hierarchy, display a second hierarchy in a second window, the second hierarchy including a list of topics associated with the query results associated with the selected database content providers and associated with within the one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In a further embodiment, the application, when

executing, causes the processor to, in response to receiving a selection of one of the topics of the second hierarchy, display a third hierarchy in a third window, the second hierarchy including a list of uniform resource locators of entries associated with the selected topic and associated with within the one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber.

In some embodiments, the application, when executing, causes the processor to, based on the position of the scrubber, superimpose an image onto the map geometry data over one of the objects of interest, the image being the one of the objects of interest during the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In other embodiments, the application, when executing, causes the processor to, for the objects of interest, superimposing an information window that includes a portion of search results for the corresponding topic. In still further embodiments, the application, when executing, causes the processor to determining which portion of the map geometry data to present based on the orientation of the end-user device.

In another embodiment of the present application, a tangible computer readable medium includes instructions that, when executed, cause an end-user device to: present, on a display, map geometry data; highlight objects of interest in the displayed map geometry data, the objects of interest associated with a topic; and, in response to receiving, with an input device, a selection of one of the objects of interest, send a query to an augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding topic. The instructions further cause the end-user device to, in response to receiving a query result from the augmented reality platform entity: present a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points along the scrubber track, the plurality of event points indicative chronological categories associated with the query result; and display a first hierarchy of a plurality of hierarchies associated with records included in the query result associated with one of the chronological categories selected by a position of the scrubber on the scrubber track corresponding to an associated one of the plurality of event points.

In some embodiments, the first hierarchy is displayed in a first window, and the first hierarchy displays a list of database content providers associated with the query results with dates within one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In other embodiments, the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to, in response to receiving a selection of one of the database content providers of the first hierarchy, display a second hierarchy in a second window, the second hierarchy including a list of topics associated with the query results associated with the selected database content providers and associated with within the one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In still further embodiments, the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to, in response to receiving a selection of one of the topics of the second hierarchy, display a third hierarchy in a third window, the second hierarchy including a list of uniform resource locators of entries associated with the selected topic and associated with within the one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In yet further embodiments, the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to, based on the position of the scrubber, superimposing an image onto the map geometry data over one of the objects of interest, the image being the one of the objects of interest during the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In yet another embodiment, the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to, for the objects of

interest, superimposing an information window that includes a portion of search results for the corresponding topic.

In a further embodiment of the present applications, a method includes the steps of: presenting, on a display of an end-user device, live image data being captured by a camera of the end-user device; highlighting objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera, the objects of interest associated with a topic; and, in response to receiving, with an input device, a selection of one of the objects of interest, sending a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding topic. The method further includes the steps of, in response to receiving a query result from the augmented reality platform entity: presenting a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points along the scrubber track, the plurality of event points indicative chronological categories associated with the query result; and displaying a first hierarchy of a plurality of hierarchies associated with records included in the query result associated with one of the chronological categories selected by a position of the scrubber on the scrubber track corresponding to an associated one of the plurality of event points.

In another embodiment, the step of highlighting the objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera includes: determining, with a processor, a pose of the end-user device, the pose including a location of the end-user device and an orientation of the camera of the end-user device; sending the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity; and receiving the objects of interest from the augmented reality platform entity based on the pose of the end-user device. In further embodiments, the method includes, for the objects of interest, superimposing an information window that includes a portion of search results for the corresponding topic. In a still further embodiment, the method includes, based on the position of the scrubber, superimposing an image onto the map geometry data over one of the objects of interest, the image being the one of the objects of interest during the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In a still further embodiment, the first hierarchy is displayed in a first window, and the first hierarchy displays a list of database content providers associated with the query results with dates within one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In another embodiment, the method includes, in response to receiving a selection of one of the database content providers of the first hierarchy, displaying a second hierarchy in a second window, the second hierarchy including a list of topics associated with the query results associated with the selected database content providers and associated with within the one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In a still further embodiment, the method includes, in response to receiving a selection of one of the topics of the second hierarchy, displaying a third hierarchy in a third window, the second hierarchy including a list of uniform resource locators of entries associated with the selected topic and associated with within the one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber.

In another embodiment of the present application, an end-user device includes memory with an application and a processor communicatively coupled to the memory. The application, when executed, causing the processor to: present, on a display, live image data being captured by a camera of the end-user device; highlight objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera, the objects of interest associated with a topic; and in response to receiving, with an input device, a selection of one of the objects of interest, send a query to the augmented reality

platform entity that includes the corresponding topic. The application further causes the processor to, in response to receiving a query result from the augmented reality platform entity: present a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points along the scrubber track, the plurality of event points indicative chronological categories associated with the query result; and display a first hierarchy of a plurality of hierarchies associated with records included in the query result associated with one of the chronological categories selected by a position of the scrubber on the scrubber track corresponding to an associated one of the plurality of event points.

In another embodiment, to highlight the objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera, the application, when executing, causes the processor to: determine, with a processor, a pose of the end-user device, the pose including a location of the end-user device and an orientation of the camera of the end-user device; send the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity; receive the objects of interest from the augmented reality platform entity based on the pose of the end-user device. In a further embodiment, the application, when executing, causes the processor to, for the objects of interest, superimpose an information window that includes a portion of search results for the corresponding topic. In another embodiment, the application, when executing, causes the processor to, based on the position of the scrubber, superimposing an image onto the map geometry data over one of the objects of interest, the image being the one of the objects of interest during the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In a still further embodiment, the first hierarchy is displayed in a first window, and the first hierarchy displays a list of database content providers associated with the query results with dates within one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In yet another embodiment, the application, when executing, causes the processor to, in response to receiving a selection of one of the database content providers of the first hierarchy, display a second hierarchy in a second window, the second hierarchy including a list of topics associated with the query results associated with the selected database content providers and associated with within the one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In another embodiment, the application, when executing, causes the processor to, in response to receiving a selection of one of the topics of the second hierarchy, displaying a third hierarchy in a third window, the second hierarchy including a list of uniform resource locators of entries associated with the selected topic and associated with within the one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber.

In another embodiment of the present application, a tangible computer readable medium comprising instructions that, when executed, cause an end-user device to: present, on a display of an end-user device, live image data being captured by a camera of the end-user device; highlight objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera, the objects of interest associated with a topic; and, in response to receiving, with an input device, a selection of one of the objects of interest, send a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding topic. The instructions further cause the end-user device to, in response to receiving a query result from the augmented reality platform entity: present a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points along the scrubber track, the plurality of event points indicative chronological categories associated with the query result;

and display a first hierarchy of a plurality of hierarchies associated with records included in the query result associated with one of the chronological categories selected by a position of the scrubber on the scrubber track corresponding to an associated one of the plurality of event points.

In another embodiment, to highlight the objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera, the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to: determine, with a processor, a pose of the end-user device, the pose including a location of the end-user device and an orientation of the camera of the end-user device; send the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity; and receive the objects of interest from the augmented reality platform entity based on the pose of the end-user device. In another embodiment, the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to, based on the position of the scrubber, superimpose an image onto the map geometry data over one of the objects of interest, the image being the one of the objects of interest during the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In a still further embodiment, the first hierarchy is displayed in a first window, and the first hierarchy displays a list of database content providers associated with the query results with dates within one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In another embodiment, the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to, in response to receiving a selection of one of the database content providers of the first hierarchy, display a second hierarchy in a second window, the second hierarchy including a list of topics associated with the query results associated with the selected database content providers and associated with within the one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber. In a still further embodiment, the instructions, when executed, cause the end-user device to, in response to receiving a selection of one of the topics of the second hierarchy, display a third hierarchy in a third window, the second hierarchy including a list of uniform resource locators of entries associated with the selected topic and associated with within the one of the chronological categories indicated by the scrubber.

In another embodiment of the present application, a method includes the steps of: generating, with a processor, records for entries from a plurality of database content providers, the records identifying topics included in the entries and dates associated with the entries; and analyzing the entries from the plurality of database content providers to determine affinities between the topics. The method further includes the steps of, in response to receiving a query that includes a search topic from an end-user device: retrieving, from a database, records identifying the search topic and related topics that have affinity with the search topic; organizing, with the processor, the records into chronological categories based on the dates associated with the corresponding entries, each one of the chronological categories representing a different period of time, the chronological categories being based on a number of the dates associated with the retrieved records and a clustering of dates associated with the retrieved records; for each of the chronological categories, generating a query result with the processor, the query result organizing the records into hierarchies based on attributes of the entries associated with the records; and sending the query result to the end-user device. In another embodiment, the hierarchies include at least first hierarchies, second hierarchies, and third hierarchies.

In a further embodiment, organizing the query result into the hierarchies includes: organizing the records into the first hierarchies based on which of the plurality of database

content providers is associated with the records; for each of the plurality of database content providers in the first hierarchies, organizing the records into the second hierarchies based on the corresponding topics; and, for each of the topics in the second hierarchies, organizing the records into the third hierarchies based on a category of the entries associated with the records. In a still further embodiment, generating the records for the entries from the plurality of database content providers includes, for each of the entries, determining whether the entry is an image; and, in response to the entry being an image, determining the topics associated with the image based on at least one of metadata included in the image, image recognition performed on the image, or articles in which the image is used. In another embodiment, each of the chronological categories are associated with an event mark when the query results are displayed on the end-user device. In another embodiment, the method includes the step of comparing words in the entries match topic records in a topic database to identify which of the topics are includes in the entries. In a further embodiment, the method includes the step of analyzing the entries from the plurality of database content providers to determine potential topics to be added to the topic database.

In a further embodiment of the present application, a system includes memory having instructions and a processor communicatively coupled to the memory. The instructions, when executed, causing the processor to: generate records for entries from a plurality of database content providers, the records identifying topics included in the entries and dates associated with the entries; and analyze the entries from the plurality of database content providers to determine affinities between the topics. The instructions further cause the processor to, in response to receiving a query that includes a search topic from an end-user device: retrieve, from a database, records identifying the search topic and related topics that have affinity with the search topic; organize the records into chronological categories based on the dates associated with the corresponding entries, each one of the chronological categories representing a different time period, the time periods associated with the chronological categories being based on a number of the dates associated with the retrieved records and a clustering of dates associated with the retrieved records; for each of the chronological categories, generate a query result with the processor, the query result organizing the records into hierarchies based on attributes of the entries associated with the records; and send the query result to the end-user device. In another embodiment, the hierarchies include at least first hierarchies, second hierarchies, and third hierarchies. In a further embodiment, to organize the query result into the hierarchies, the processor is to: organize the records into the first hierarchies based on which of the plurality of database content providers is associated with the records; for each of the plurality of database content providers in the first hierarchies, organize the records into the second hierarchies based on the corresponding topics; and for each of the topics in the second hierarchies, organize the records into the third hierarchies based on a category of the entries associated with the records. In a still further embodiment, to generate the records for the entries from the plurality of database content providers, the instructions cause the server to, for each of the entries: determine whether the entry is an image; and, in response to the entry being an image, determine the topics associated with the image based on at least one of metadata included in the image, image recognition performed on the image, or articles in which the image is used. In yet another embodiment, the chronological categories are associated with event markers when the query results are displayed on the end-user device. In a further embodiment, the instructions, when executed cause the server to: compare words in the entries match topic records in a topic database to identify which of the topics are includes in the entries; and analyze the entries from the plurality of database content providers to determine potential topics to be added to the topic database.

ated with an event marker when the query results are displayed on the end-user device. In another embodiment, the processor is to compare words in the entries match topic records in a topic database to identify which of the topics are includes in the entries. In a further embodiment, the processor is to analyze the entries from the plurality of database content providers to determine potential topics to be added to the topic database.

In another embodiment of the present application, a tangible computer readable medium includes instructions that, when executed, cause a server to: generate records for entries from a plurality of database content providers, the records identifying topics included in the entries and dates associated with the entries; and analyze the entries from the plurality of database content providers to determine affinities between the topics. The instructions further cause the server to, in response to receiving a query that includes a search topic from an end-user device: retrieve, from a database, records identifying the search topic and related topics that have affinity with the search topic; organize the records into chronological categories based on the dates associated with the corresponding entries, each one of the chronological categories representing a different time period, the time periods associated with the chronological categories being based on a number of the dates associated with the retrieved records and a clustering of dates associated with the retrieved records; for each of the chronological categories, generate a query result with the processor, the query result organizing the records into hierarchies based on attributes of the entries associated with the records; and send the query result to the end-user device. In another embodiment, the hierarchies include at least first hierarchies, second hierarchies, and third hierarchies. In yet another embodiment, the instructions, when executed, cause the server to: organize the records into the first hierarchies based on which of the plurality of database content providers is associated with the records; for each of the plurality of database content providers in the first hierarchies, organize the records into the second hierarchies based on the corresponding topics; and for each of the topics in the second hierarchies, organize the records into the third hierarchies based on a category of the entries associated with the records. In a still further embodiment, to generate the records for the entries from the plurality of database content providers, the instructions cause the server to, for each of the entries: determine whether the entry is an image; and, in response to the entry being an image, determine the topics associated with the image based on at least one of metadata included in the image, image recognition performed on the image, or articles in which the image is used. In yet another embodiment, the chronological categories are associated with event markers when the query results are displayed on the end-user device. In a further embodiment, the instructions, when executed cause the server to: compare words in the entries match topic records in a topic database to identify which of the topics are includes in the entries; and analyze the entries from the plurality of database content providers to determine potential topics to be added to the topic database.

In a still further embodiment of the present application, a method includes the steps of: presenting, on a display of an end-user device, map geometry data; presenting a scrubber track, a position marker, and a plurality of event points along the scrubber track, the plurality of event points indicative chronological categories; and displaying indicia in the displayed map geometry data when one of the chronological categories corresponding to a timestamp associated with the indicia is selected by a position of the position marker on the

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scrubber track corresponding to an associated one of the plurality of event points, the indicia being each associated with an event; in response to receiving, with an input device, a selection of one of the indicia, sending a query to an augmented reality platform entity that includes topic related the corresponding event; and displaying a first hierarchy of a plurality of hierarchies associated with records included in a query result received from the augmented reality platform entity relating to the selected indicia.

In a further embodiment of the present application, a method includes the steps of: presenting, on a display of an end-user device, live image data being captured by a camera of the end-user device; determining a pose of the end-user device, the pose including a location of the end-user device; sending the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity; receiving tracking data for athletes in the image data based on the pose of the end-user device; superimposing the tracking data on the locations of the athletes in the live image data being captured by a camera of the end-user device; in response to receiving a selection of the superimposed tracking data of one of the athletes, sending a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes an identity of the selected athlete; and displaying a first hierarchy of a plurality of hierarchies associated with records included in a query result received from the augmented reality platform entity relating to the selected athlete.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

For a better understanding of the invention, reference may be made to embodiments shown in the following drawings. The components in the drawings are not necessarily to scale and related elements may be omitted, or in some instances proportions may have been exaggerated, so as to emphasize and clearly illustrate the novel features described herein. In addition, system components can be variously arranged, as known in the art. Further, in the drawings, like reference numerals designate corresponding parts throughout the several views.

FIG. 1 illustrates a system diagram of an augmented reality platform entity providing query results in response to receiving queries from end-user devices in accordance to the teachings of this disclosure.

FIG. 2 illustrates an example data structure that may be used to store the entry records in the augmented reality platform database.

FIG. 3 illustrates an example data structure that may be used to form the query.

FIG. 4 illustrates an example data structure used to form the query results.

FIG. 5 illustrates a diagram of a navigation map for a user to search content with the end-user device of FIG. 1.

FIG. 6 depicts an interface presented by the end-user device of FIG. 1 to facilitate presenting and interacting with the query results.

FIG. 7 depicts another interface presented by the end-user device of FIG. 1 to facilitate presenting and interacting with the query results.

FIG. 8 depicts another interface presented by the end-user device of FIG. 1 to facilitate presenting and interacting with the query results.

FIG. 9 depicts a map geometry interface presented by the end-user device of FIG. 1 to facilitate generating the query and presenting and interacting with the query results.

FIG. 10 depicts a map interface presented by the end-user device of FIG. 1 to facilitate generating the query and presenting and interacting with the query results.

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FIG. 11 depicts an augmented reality interface presented by the end-user device of FIG. 1 to facilitate generating the query and presenting and interacting with the query results.

FIG. 12 is a block diagram of the database sorter of FIG. 1 that generates entry records.

FIG. 13 is a block diagram of a query responder of the augmented reality platform entity of FIG. 1.

FIG. 14 is a block diagram of a query generator of the augmented reality platform handler of FIG. 11.

FIG. 15 is a flowchart of a method to index entries from content database providers, which may be implemented by the processor platform of FIG. 25.

FIG. 16 is a flowchart of a method to generate the queries and present the query results, which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. 26.

FIG. 17 is a flowchart of a method to present the query results, which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. 26.

FIG. 18 is a flowchart of a method to present the query results, which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. 26.

FIG. 19 is a flowchart of a method to present the query results, which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. 26.

FIG. 20 is a flowchart of a method to present the query results in conjunction with map geometry data, which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. 26.

FIG. 21 a flowchart of a method to present the query results in conjunction with map data, which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. 26.

FIG. 22 a flowchart of a method to present the query results in conjunction with live image data from a camera, which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. 26.

FIG. 23 illustrates the augmented reality interface of FIG. 11 providing location specific content superimposed on live images captured by the end-user device of FIG. 1.

FIG. 24 is a flowchart of a method to detect and provide location specific content superimposed on live images captured by the end-user device of FIG. 1, which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. 26.

FIG. 25 is a block diagram of a processor platform that may implement the method of FIG. 15.

FIG. 26 is a block diagram of electronic components that may implement the methods of FIGS. 16-22, and 24.

FIG. 27 depicts a law enforcement map interface presented by the end-user device of FIG. 1 to facilitate generating the query and presenting and interacting with the query results related to law enforcement and emergency services.

FIG. 28 illustrates the augmented reality interface of FIG. 11 providing location specific sporting event content superimposed on live images captured by the end-user device of FIG. 1.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EXAMPLE EMBODIMENTS

While the invention may be embodied in various forms, there are shown in the drawings, and will hereinafter be described, some exemplary and non-limiting embodiments, with the understanding that the present disclosure is to be considered an exemplification of the invention and is not intended to limit the invention to the specific embodiments illustrated.

As end-user devices (e.g., computers, gaming consoles, smart phones, tablets, smart televisions, over-the-top devices, optical head-mounted displays, augmented reality

smart glasses, virtual reality headsets, cockpit displays, virtual cockpits, etc.) are developed to include more processing power and better input devices, users expect a more immersive experience that facilitates utilizing the environment around them for entertainment, richer content (e.g., context aware content) and more useful information. As disclosed below, an augmented reality platform entity provides an interface to facilitate a user, via an end-user device, searching for information based on contextual information in images, maps, map geometry data, and/or live video (e.g., via augmented reality, virtual reality, etc.). As used herein, “augmented reality” refers to a live video of an environment captured by a camera that includes elements superimposed on the live view including computer-generated sounds, images, and/or videos, etc. As used herein, “map geometry data” refers to spatial data on an area that facilitates (i) identifying of points of interest (e.g., buildings, infrastructure, landmarks, etc.) within an associated image and/or (b) determining the location and orientation of points of interest with reference to the location of the end-user device and orientation of a camera of the end-user device. The map geometry data provides information so that the end-user device is virtually at the location viewed on the end-user device. The map geometry data may include representations of locations that do not presently exist. For example, the map geometry data may include graphical representations of structures that do not currently exist, but may be planned for the future or existed in the past.

The augmented reality platform entity indexes entries from content database providers. Additionally, in some examples, the augmented reality platform entity facilitates creation of entries by end-users and indexes those entries. As used herein, “entries” are discrete pieces of content (e.g., articles, images, websites, videos, advertisements, records, map geometry, social media information, etc.) stored by the content database providers and/or created by end-users. The content database providers store and provide various types of entries. For example, content database providers include publishers (e.g., newspapers, magazines, electronic book depositories, blogs, media outlets, etc.), search engines (e.g., Google®, Bing®, Baidu®, etc.), public information offices (e.g., property records, criminal records, incorporation records, licensing records, etc.), research providers (e.g., LexisNexis®, Westlaw®, Bloomberg®, etc.), social media companies (e.g. Facebook®, Twitter®, Weibo®, etc.) map geometry providers (e.g., Google®, Apple®, Tencent®, etc.), institutional providers (e.g., libraries, museums, private collections, etc.) education providers (e.g., universities, community colleges, secondary schools, etc.), advertisers, entertainment (e.g., Netflix®, Hulu®, etc.), and/or audiovisual providers (e.g., Youtube®, Vimeo®, Spotify®, etc.). Some content database providers provide public access (e.g., via the World Wide Web, etc.) to the entries. Other content database providers provide access to authorized users (e.g., via login credentials, via keys, etc.) Some content providers provide access via an Application Program Interface (API). In some examples, the augmented reality platform entity searches for and indexes the databases via network and Internet protocols (e.g., HTML, FTP, etc.).

The augmented reality platform entity analyzes the entries from the content database providers to identify topics (e.g., a person, place, thing, or event) within the entries. For example, if an entry being analyzed is a real estate listing from a real estate database, the augmented reality platform entity may identify the street of the property, the municipality in which the property is located, previous owners of the property, crime statistics, and/or county recorder records,

etc. The augmented reality platform entity generates tags for the entries that uniquely identify the topics associated with the entries. The augmented reality platform entity then creates records for the entries with the tags, metadata associated with the entries (e.g., title, geographical coordinates, dates associated with the entry, etc.), and/or a Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) that identifies the location on a network at which the entry is accessible. In some examples, the URI is a Uniform Resource Location (URL) that provides a protocol identifier (e.g., http, https, ftp, etc.) and an identifier of the on a network (e.g., an intranet, the Internet, etc.). Additionally, through analyzing the entries from the various content database providers, the augmented reality platform entity determines affinities (e.g., co-occurrence relationships) between topics. For example, the topic of the “Rookery Building” may be connected to the topics of “Daniel Burnham,” “Frank Lloyd Wright,” “Roman Revival Architecture,” and “Burnham & Root,” etc.

After receiving a query from an end-user device, the augmented reality platform entity determines which records are responsive to the query based on the topic(s) contained in the query and other topics related (e.g., have affinity and are relevant, etc.) to those topics. The augmented reality platform entity generates a response that includes metadata (e.g., title, author, size, etc.) and the URI associated with the responsive records. In some examples, the augmented reality platform entity receives pre-query data from the end-user device. In such examples, the pre-query data includes map geometry data, image date, device pose data (e.g., location and orientation), and/or image depth mapping (e.g., from a LiDAR and/RADAR on the device). In such examples, the augmented reality platform entity identifies (e.g. via image recognition, via coordinate and orientation analysis, image depth mapping analysis, etc.) topics in the pre-query data that the user may select to form a query. For example, based on the pre-query data (the coordinates of a phone, orientation data regarding the camera of the phone, and field of view data of the camera of the phone, etc.) and map geometry data from one of the map geometry database providers, the augmented reality platform entity may determine that the image in the pre-query data includes the Rookery Building and the Chicago Board of Trade building.

The end-user devices display an interface to facilitate users (i) submitting queries, (ii) browsing the responses to the queries, and (iii) selecting and viewing the content associated with the responses. The end-user device includes visual, audio, and/or haptic outputs. The visual outputs may include a screen (e.g., a screen on a phone, a tablet, a virtual reality headset, a virtual cockpit, etc.) or a projection onto a transparent surface (e.g., the panels of an optical head-mounted display, augmented reality smart glasses, a heads up display, a cockpit glass display, etc.). The interface includes a scrubber track and a scrubber that controls the results that are currently display on the end-user device. In some examples, the results are listed in chronological order and the scrubber track and the scrubber facilitates scrolling through the results chronologically. In such examples, the scrubber track includes event points indicative of results corresponding to a particular periods of time (e.g., weeks, months, years, decades, etc.). When the scrubber is moved to a particular event point, the interface displays results associated with corresponding period of time. For example, if the scrubber is moved to an event point associated with the year 1893, the interface may display results associated the year 1893 (e.g., articles written in 1893, images from 1893, videos about events in 1893, articles about people alive in 1893, etc.) In some examples, the results are listed based on

relevance score and the scrubber track and the scrubber facilitates scrolling through the results based on relevance to the query.

The end-user devices include inputs to facilitate (a) manually entering a query and browsing results (e.g., a touch screen, a mouse, a controller, microphones, etc.), tracking a user (e.g., a finger, eye gaze location, etc.) to enter queries and browse results (e.g., a forward-facing camera, back-facing cameras, etc), and/or (c) gathering data for the interface to identify and/or suggest queries (e.g., back-facing cameras, global positioning system (GPS) receivers, accelerometers, etc.). In some examples, based on the inputs, the end-user device sends pre-query data to the augmented reality platform entity for the augmented reality platform entity to identify and/or suggest topics for queries. For example, the end-user device may send an image of the Cloud Gate sculpture, the coordinated of the end-user device (e.g., 41.882772 and -87.622958), and the orientation of the end-user device (e.g., 225 degrees from true north). In such an example, the augmented reality platform entity may identify the Cloud Gate sculpture as a suggested topic. In such an example, the end-user devices highlights (e.g., superimposes a semi-transparent image) the Cloud Gate sculpture as it is being captured by the camera. In such an example, the end-user device sends a query with the Cloud Gate sculpture as a topic in response to the user (e.g., via the touch screen) indicating interest in the highlighted Cloud Gate sculpture.

FIG. 1 illustrates a system diagram of an augmented reality platform entity (ARPE) **100** providing query results **102** in response to receiving queries **104** from end-user devices **106** in accordance to the teachings of this disclosure. The example ARPE **100**, the example end-user devices **106**, and example content database providers **108** are communicatively coupled via a network (e.g., an intranet, the Internet, etc.). The example end-user devices **106** include computers (e.g., Window®-based computers, iOS®-based computers, Linux-based computers, etc.), smart phones (e.g., Android™-based phones, iOS-based phones, Windows® Mobile-based phones, etc.), tablets (e.g., iPad®, Google Pixel®, etc.), smart televisions, over-the-top devices (e.g., Apple TV®, Chromecast™, Amazon Fire®, etc.) optical head-mounted displays (e.g. Google Glass, Vuzix M300, etc.), augmented reality smart glasses (e.g., Microsoft® HoloLens, etc.), virtual reality headsets (e.g., Oculus Rift, HTC Vive, etc.), vehicle center console displays, heads up displays, virtual cockpits, glass cockpits, and/or global positioning system (GPS) devices, etc. As disclosed in more detail below in FIGS. 14 and 15 below, the end-user devices **106** present the query results **102** to a user and receive input from the user to form the queries **104** and navigate the entries associated with the query results **102**.

The content database providers **108** generate and/or store content (e.g., articles, websites, images, records, maps, map geometry data, videos, etc.) that is accessible via a Uniform Resource Indicator (URI), such as a Uniform Resource Locator (URL). Some content database providers **108** provide open access (e.g., without credentials), while other content database providers **108** provide access to the corresponding content through a login. In the illustrated example, the content database providers **108** include content database providers include publishers (e.g., newspapers, magazines, electronic book depositories, blogs, media outlets, broadcasters (live and pre-taped), etc.), search engines (e.g., Google®, Bing®, Baidu®, etc.), public information offices (e.g., property records, criminal records, incorporation records, licensing records, etc.), research providers (e.g.,

LexisNexis®, Westlaw®, Bloomberg®, etc.), social media companies (e.g. Facebook®, Twitter®, Weibo®, etc.) map geometry providers (e.g., Google®, Apple®, Tencent®, etc.), institutional providers (e.g., libraries, museums, private collections, etc.) education providers (e.g., universities, community colleges, secondary schools, etc.), advertisers, entertainment (e.g., Netflix®, Hulu®, etc.), and/or audiovisual providers (e.g., Youtube®, Vimeo®, Spotify®, Twitch®, etc.).

In the illustrated example, the ARPE **100** includes a database sorter **110**, an augmented reality platform (ARP) database **112**, a user handler **114**, a user database **116**, a session handler **118**, and a query responder **120**. As disclosed in more detail in FIG. 9 below, the example database sorter **110** analyzed entries from content database providers **108**. The entries are discrete pieces of content that are associated with a URI that may be accessed by the end-user device **106** via the URI. For an entry, the database sorter **110** determines which topic(s) are relevant to the entry, and creates an entry record to store in the ARP database **112** that include the identified topic(s), metadata that identifies the entry (e.g., a title, a thumbnail, an author) and the associated content database provide **108**, and the URI to access the entry. In some examples, the database sorter **110** also assigns one or more dates to the entry record. For example, an entry about the great Chicago fire may be assigned a dates of Oct. 8, 1871, Oct. 9, 1871, and Oct. 10, 1871. Additionally, in some examples, the database sorter **110** determines affinities between the topics. An affinity is a measure of a likelihood of the co-occurrence of two or more topics in an entry. Topics with high affinity may be considered related. For example, the topic of “S. R. Crown Hall” may have a high affinity with the topic of “Ludwig Mies van der Rohe.” That is, if a query **104** includes the topic of “S. R. Crown Hall,” the user may be also interested in the topic of “Ludwig Mies van der Rohe.”

FIG. 2 illustrates an example data structure **200** that may be used to store the entry records (e.g. the entry records **1200** of FIG. 12 below) in the ARP database **112**. In the illustrated example, the data structure **200** includes a record identifier (ID) field **202**, a content database provider (CDP) ID field **204**, a topic ID field **206**, a topic metadata field **208**, topic date field **210**, and a URI field **212**. The example record ID field **202** includes a numeric or an alphanumeric value that uniquely identifies the entry record. The example CDP ID field **204** includes a numeric, an alphanumeric, or an alphabetic value that uniquely identifies the content database provider **108** from which the entry record was created. The example topic ID field **206** includes a numeric, an alphanumeric, or an alphabetic value that uniquely identifies the topic(s) assigned to the entry record. The topic metadata field **208** includes a set of values to be used to inform the user about the content at the associated URI (e.g., as identified by the URI field **212**, etc.). For example, the topic metadata field **208** may include a title, an author, a source name, and/or a download size, etc. The topic date field **210** identifies dates associated with the entry. The URI field **212** includes the URI at which the entry may be found. For example, the URI field **212** may include a URL, an international standard book number (ISBN), a universal product code (UPC), and/or a global trade item number (GTIN), etc. In such an example where the URI field **212** includes an object identifier (e.g., an ISBN, a UPC, a GTIN, etc.) instead of a URL, the end-user device **106** may use a preferred content database provider **108** (e.g., Amazon.com, the Library of Congress, etc.) when the entry associated with the object identifier is selected by the user.

Returning to FIG. 1, the user handler 114 maintains the user database 116. The when a user first registers with the ARPE 100 (e.g., via the end-user device 106), the user handler 114 manages a registration process to create user records to store the user database 116. The user handler 114 manages authentication (e.g., via login credentials, etc.) of users accessing the ARPE 100. Additionally, the user handler 114 manages and updates the user records to reflect settings and preferences of the corresponding user. Example settings and preferences may include a preferred query result interface (e.g., the interfaces disclosed in FIGS. 3, 4, and 5 below), bookmarks, preferred content database providers, and/or subscriptions and credentials to content database providers, etc.

The example session handler 118 manages connections and communication with the end-user devices 106. The end-user devices 106 communicatively couple to the session handler 118 via the network. The network may be a public network, such as the Internet; a private network, such as an intranet; or combinations thereof, and may utilize a variety of networking protocols now available or later developed including, but not limited to, TCP/IP-based networking protocols. The example session handler 118 receives the queries 104, pre-query data (e.g., information that provides context to the location and environment of the end-user device 106), registration data, login data, and/or preference data, etc. from the end-user devices 106. The session handler 118 sends session data (e.g., session identifiers, authentication data, etc.), pre-query responses, and query results 102.

FIG. 3 illustrates an example data structure 300 that may be used to form the query 104. In the illustrated example, the data structure 300 includes an example session ID field 302, an example user ID field 304, an example query data field 306, and an example device pose data field 308. The session ID field 302 includes a numeric, an alphanumeric, or an alphabetic value that uniquely identifies a session associated with the end-user device 106 that send the query 104. The example user ID field 304 includes a numeric, an alphanumeric, or an alphabetic value that uniquely identifies a user of the end-user device 106. Preferences and settings may be obtained from the user database 116 with the value in the user ID field 304. The query data field 306 includes data (e.g., string data, image data, coordinate data, etc.) to be used by the query responder 120 to generate the query results 102. The device pose data field 308 includes information regarding the pose (e.g., the location, orientation, altitude, etc.) to the end-user device 106.

As disclosed in more detail in FIG. 13 below, the example query responder 120 generates query results 102 in response to the queries 104 from the end-user devices 106. To generate a query result 102, the query responder 120 analyzes the topic(s) included in the query 104 and determines which of the query records in the ARP database 112 (a) are responsive (e.g., are about the topic(s) in the query 104 and are about topics that have a high affinity to the topic(s) in the query 104), and (b) conform to the user's preferences. For example, in response to a query 104 that include the topic of "The Rookery Building," the query responder 120 may generate the query result 102 based on entry records indexed for topics such as "The Rookery Building," "Daniel Burnham," "Brooks Brothers," and "South La Salle Street," etc., and exclude entry records associated with content database providers that require a subscription.

FIG. 4 illustrates an example data structure 400 used to form the query results 102. In the illustrated example, the query results are arranged in a hierarchy, based on the CDP ID field 204, the topic ID field 206, and then the entry record

data (e.g., the topic metadata field 208, the topic date field 210, and the URI field 212). However, the data structure 400 may be arranged in any other suitable manner (e.g., by the topic ID field 206 then the CDP ID field 204, by the topic date field 210, etc.). Alternatively, in some examples, the data structure 400 may be a flat list of entry record data structures 200 that is then organized into a hierarchy by the end-user device 106.

FIG. 5 illustrates a diagram of a navigation map 500 for a user to search content with the end-user device 106 of FIG. 1. In the illustrated example, the navigation map 500 includes a registration interface 502, a login interface 504, a home interface 506, a custom updates interface 508, a bookmarks interface 510, and content navigation interfaces 512 to be displayed on a viewport 514. The registration interface 502 facilitates a user creating an account to choose settings, set preferences, and create authentication credentials. Through the registration interface 502, the user handler 114 creates a user record to be sorted in the user database 116. The login interface 504 creates a session by facilitating a registered user entering authentication credentials. The home interface 506 facilitates selecting one of the content navigation interfaces 512, the custom update interface 508 and/or the bookmarks interface 510. In some examples, the home interface 506 includes one of the other interfaces 508-512 by default depending on preference settings of the corresponding user record. The custom update interface 508 presents entries that are updated in real-time based on preferences set in the corresponding user record. The bookmarks interface 510 presents saved previous query results 102.

In the illustrated example, the content navigation interfaces 512 includes a text-based query interface 516, a map geometry query interface 518, a map query interface 520, and an augmented reality query interface 522. The text-based query interface 516 facilitates a user generating a query 104 by entering a string into a text box. For example, a user may enter "The Thompson Center" into the text box of the text-based query interface 516. As disclosed in more detail in FIG. 9 below, the map geometry query interface 518 provides an interface to (i) generate queries based on interactive map geometry data (e.g., from a map geometry content database provider, such as Google, CycloMedia, Tencent, etc.) and/or static images, and (ii) browse results from the queries. As disclosed in more detail in FIG. 10, the map query interface 520 provides an interface to (i) generate queries based on map images, and (ii) browse results from the queries. As disclosed in more detail below in FIG. 11, the augmented reality query interface 522 provides an interface to (i) generate queries based on pointing a camera (e.g., the back-facing camera 2616 of FIG. 26 below) at objects, (ii) provide quick results based on identifying the objects, and (iii) browse results from the queries.

The viewport 514 is the visible area of the interfaces 502-512 on the end-user devices 106. Because the displays (e.g., the display 2612 of FIG. 26 below), and thus the amount of area to provide the interface to the user, of the different types of end-user devices 106 have different dimensions, the viewport 514 varies how the interfaces are displayed on the particular end-user device 106. For example, the displayed interfaces 502-512 may be smaller, oriented differently, and/or have a different aspect ratio on a portable device (e.g., a smart phone, a tablet, etc.) than on a computer screen. In the illustrated example, the viewport 514 formats the orientation, layout, and size to the interfaces 502-512 suitable for the particular display of the end-user device 106.

FIG. 6 depicts an interface 600 presented by the end-user device 106 of FIG. 1 to facilitate presenting and interacting with the query results 102. In some examples, the interface 600 is superimposed on the interface 516-522 from which the query 104 was generated. For example, if the query 104 was generated via the map geometry query interface 518, the interface 600 maybe superimposed on the image of the map geometry data of the map geometry query interface 518. In the illustrated example, the interface 600 includes a query identifier field 602, query result fields 604, a scrubber track 606, event points 608, timeline markers 610, a scrubber 612, and a position marker 614. The example query identifier field 602 displays the query 104 for which the query results 102 are being displayed. The query result fields 604 display the query results 102 segregated by topic and/or content database provider 108. In some examples, the query result fields 604 are sized according to a number of entries associated with the corresponding topic and/or content database provider 108. In some examples, when there are more entries for a topic and/or content database provider 108 than can be displayed in the corresponding query result field 604, the interface 600 accepts a swipe input (e.g., a vertical or horizontal input to the particular query result fields 604) to facilitate browsing the entries displayed in the particular query result fields 604.

The scrubber track 606 facilitates limiting results displayed in the query result fields 604 by a criterion. In some examples, the criterion is a chronological value (e.g., a date) associated with the entries in the query result 102. Alternatively, in some examples, the criterion is a relevancy score associated with the entries in the query result 102. The scrubber track 606 may be displayed vertically or horizontally. The event points 608 demark events or time periods of significance. In some examples, the events or the time periods of significance are (a) the events or time periods that are location maxima of mentions in the entries of the query results, and/or (b) a curate set of events associated with the particular query 104. For example, if the query is "Chicago," the event points 608 may mark 1803 (the founding of Fort Dearborn), 1871 (the great Chicago fire), 1893 (the Columbian Exposition World's Fair), 1933 (the Century of Progress World's Fair), and/or 1973 (Sears Tower complete), etc. The timeline markers 610 mark points in time (e.g., day, weeks, years, decades, etc.) depending on the chronological scope of the query. For example, the timeline markers 610 may mark every fifty years.

The scrubber 612 indicates which of the entries are displayed in the query result fields 604. The scrubber 612 shows a relative amount of entries that are being displayed in the query result fields 604. For example, if there are 2000 entries and 400 entries are being shown, the scrubber 612 would encompass twenty percent of the scrubber track 606. In some examples, the size of the scrubber 612 is determined by a user preference for (i) a number of the entries displayed in the query result fields 604 or (ii) a percentage of entries displayed in the query result fields 604. The position marker 614 controls the position of the scrubber 612. Changing the location of the position marker 614 along the scrubber track 606 changes at least some of the entries displayed in the query result fields 604.

FIG. 7 depicts another interface 700 presented by the end-user device 106 of FIG. 1 to facilitate presenting and interacting with the query results 102. In the illustrated example, the interface 700 presents the query results 102 in a hierarchical manner. In some examples, the interface 700 is superimposed on the interface 516-522 from which the query 104 was generated. The example interface 700 pres-

ents a first hierarchy element 702 that displays a first level of results. In some examples, the first level of results is the content database providers 108. When one of the first levels of results is selected, the interface presents a second hierarchy element 704 that displays a second level of results. In some examples, the second level of results is the topics associated with the query 104. When one of the second levels of results is selected, the interface 700 displays a third hierarchy element 706 that displays a third level of results. In some examples, the third level of results includes the entries from the selected content database provider about the selected topic. In some examples, the interface 700 may include further hierarchical levels to facilitate browsing the query results 102 in finer levels of detail. In the illustrated example, the interface 700 includes the scrubber track 606, the event points 608, the timeline markers 610, the scrubber 612, and/or the position marker 614 to facilitate navigating through the query results 102 based on the criterion (e.g., the chronological value, the relevance value, etc.).

FIG. 8 depicts another interface 800 presented by the end-user device 106 of FIG. 1 to facilitate presenting and interacting with the query results 102. In the illustrated example, the interface includes the first hierarchy element 702, the second hierarchy element 704, and the third hierarchy element 706 arranged in concentric circles. In the illustrated example, the first hierarchy element 702 is associated with the topic, the second hierarchy element 704 is associated with the content database providers 108, and the third hierarchy element 706 is associated with the entries. Initially, some of the hierarchies 704 and 706 are hidden until a selection is made on the associated lower level hierarchy (e.g., the first hierarchy element 702). In some examples, the interface 800 includes more hierarchies. In such examples, at the hierarchies closer to the center are more general and the hierarchies become more specific the further from the center they are. An example hierarchy may be: topic→content providers→entry types→specific entries. In some examples, a user scrolls through the hierarchies 702-706 by turning the hierarchy of interest about a central axis. Although not shown, the interface 800 may include the scrubber track 606, the event points 608, the timeline markers 610, the scrubber 612, and/or the position marker 614 to facilitate navigating through the query results based on the criterion (e.g., the chronological value, the relevance value, etc.).

FIG. 9 depicts the map geometry query interface 518 presented by the end-user device 106 of FIG. 1 to facilitate generating the query 104 and presenting and interacting with the query results 102. In the illustrated example, the user browses map geometry data and/or static images to generate the query 104. Based on the displayed map geometry data or the static image, the end-user device 106 sends pre-query data to the ARPE 100 to identify objects 900 (e.g., buildings, landmarks, people, etc.) in the map geometry data or the static image. In the illustrated example, the map geometry query interface 518 outlines the identified objects. When the user interacts with the highlighted object (e.g., the object 900), the map geometry query interface 518 generates a query 104 about that object.

Initially, in some examples, the map geometry query interface 518 may display a zoomed-out view of an overhead map of the area around the location of the end-user device 106. The user may set a preference for how much the initial view of the overhead map is zoomed-out. The user selects a location on the overhead map to view the map geometry data. In the illustrated example, the map geometry query interface 518 includes an inset map 902 that shows (a)

the location of the point-of-view on the overhead map and (b) the orientation of the point-of-view of currently displayed map geometry data in comparison to the overhead map. The map geometry query interface **518** may also include other windows to display information about the displayed map geometry data. When the end-user device **106** receive results from the ARPE **100**, the map geometry query interface **518** displays the results in via an interface (e.g., the interfaces **600**, **700**, and **800** of FIGS. **6**, **7**, and **8** above) super imposed on the map geometry query interface **518**. In the illustrated example, the map geometry query interface **518** includes results display via the hierarchical interface **700** of FIG. **7** above. In the illustrated example, windows (e.g., the hierarchy elements **702**, **704**, and **706**, the inset map **902**, a query text box **904**, etc.) displayed by the map geometry query interface **518** include handles **906** that facilitate hiding and expanding the windows. In some examples, to hide one of the windows, the corresponding handle **906** is dragged to an edge of the map geometry query interface **518**. In some examples, double-tapping the handles **906** causes the corresponding window (e.g., the inset map **902**) to collapse or expand. In some examples, event points **608** are added to the scrubber track **606** to indicate entries (e.g., images, videos, etc.) of the scene displayed by the map geometry query interface **518** are available that represent a different point in time.

In some examples, the end-user device **106** includes an accelerometer and a magnetometer to facilitate determining the orientation of the end-user device **106**. In some such examples, when the map geometry data is displayed, changing the orientation of the end-user device **106** changes which portion of the map geometry data is displayed. In such a manner, the user may change the map geometry data by moving the end-user device **106**. In such examples, as the displayed map geometry data changes, the end-user device **106** sends pre-query data to the ARPE **100** to identify the objects **900** in the displayed map geometry data or the static image. The map geometry query interface **518** continually identifies (via the pre-query responses) and outlines the objects **900**.

FIG. **10** depicts the map query interface **520** presented by the end-user device **106** of FIG. **1** to facilitate generating the query **104** and presenting and interacting with the query results **102**. In the illustrated example, the map query interface **520** displays a map **1000**. The map **1000** may be selected via one of the result interface (e.g., interfaces **600**, **700**, and **800** of FIGS. **6**, **7**, and **8**, above). The map query interface **520** includes the scrubber track **606**, the event points **608**, the timeline markers **610**, the scrubber **612**, and/or the position marker **614** to facilitate navigating through related maps (e.g., maps that cover the same or substantially similar geographical areas, etc.) with different chronological values. The event points **608** are indicative of maps with different chronological values. The illustrated example includes a trackhead menu **1004** to display the map(s) associated with the event point **608** at which the position marker **614** is located. In some examples, the trackhead menu **1004** presents a string list to facilitate selecting different maps associated with the event point **608**.

The map query interface **520** includes highlighted regions **1002** to indicate suggested queries **104**. For example, a map that depicts Chicago in 1893 may include a highlighted region **1002** around the area of the map of the World's Columbian Exposition. When one of the highlighted regions **1002** is selected, the map query interface **520** generates a query **104** associated with the topic of the corresponding highlighted region **1002**. The query results **102** may be

superimposed on the map query interface **520** using one of the result interfaces **600**, **700**, and **800**. In some examples, the map query interface **520** includes a view distance control panel **1006** that facilitates increasing and decreasing the magnification or zoom of the map **1000**. In some such examples, if the user set a view distance to show regions beyond the borders of the map **1000**, the map query interface **520** display (a) other maps that have a similar chronological value and/or (b) current maps (such as satellite imagery maps, roadmaps, etc.).

FIG. **11** depicts an augmented reality query interface **522** presented by the end-user device **106** of FIG. **1** to facilitate generating the query **104** and presenting and interacting with the query results **102**. In the illustrated example, the augmented reality query interface **522** displays a live image **1102** captured by one of the cameras (e.g., the cameras **2614** and **2616** of FIG. **26** below). Additionally or alternatively, in some examples, the augmented reality query interface **522** displays images from a media application (e.g., Netflix, Hulu, local broadcasts via a smart TV, etc.) as if the images were being captured by one of the cameras. In some examples, when the augmented reality query interface **522** is described below as analyzing the live images captured by one of the cameras, the augmented reality query interface **522** may instead be analyzing images from the media application. From time-to-time (e.g., periodically, aperiodically, etc.), the augmented reality query interface **522** sends pre-query data to the ARPE **100** to identify objects **1104** within the live image **1102**. The information in the pre-query data depends on the sensors of the end-user device **106**. When an object **1104** is recognized, the augmented reality query interface **522** outlines and/or highlights the object **1104**. In some examples, when an object **1104** is recognized, the ARPE **100** performs abbreviated queries with the objects **1104** as topics. In such an example, the augmented reality query interface **522** displays abbreviated query panels **1106** with basic information (e.g., identity of the object, dates associated with the object, number of entries pertaining to the object, factoids about the object, available subscriptions to content database providers **108** with information about the object, etc.). When the user interacts with the outlined and/or highlighted area or the abbreviated query panels **1106**, the augmented reality query interface **522** generates and sends the query **104** with the identity of the object as the topic to the ARPE **100**.

When the augmented reality query interface **522** receives the query results **102**, the augmented reality query interface **522** may super impose the query results based on the results interface (e.g., the interfaces **600**, **700**, and **800** of FIGS. **6**, **7**, and **8** above). Additionally, in some examples, in response to an entry from the query results **102** being selected, the augmented reality query interface **522** super imposes the selected entry onto the live image **1102**. For example, if the selected entry is an image associated with coordinates and an orientation, the augmented reality query interface **522** may transform (e.g. change size, display angle, and/or perspective, etc.) the image to display in the place of the corresponding object **1104**. In some examples, the augmented reality query interface **522** emphasizes local entries (e.g., related to topics that are geographically proximate to the location of the end-user device **106**).

Additionally, in some examples, the augmented reality query interface **522** facilitates generating entries to be associated with the outlined and/or highlighted the objects **1104**. In such an example, the user, via an input device (e.g., the input devices **2608** of FIG. **26** below) enters a message (e.g., a length limited message) to be pinned to (e.g., associated in

the ARP database 112 with) the selected outlined and/or highlighted the object 1104 and associated with a date. Additionally, the augmented reality query interface 522 may receive the message as part of the pre-query data and present (e.g., via one of the interfaces 600, 700, and 800) the pinned 5 messages when the corresponding object 1104 is outlined and/or highlighted.

FIG. 12 is a block diagram of the database sorter 110 of FIG. 1 that generates the entry records 1200 (e.g., based on the entry record data structures 200 of FIG. 2). In the 10 illustrated example, the database sorter 110 includes an example content scanner 1202, an example image identifier 1204, an example content tagger 1206, and an example record creator 1208.

The example content scanner 1202 receives entries 1210 15 from the content database providers 108. The content scanner 1202 forwards ones of the entries 1210 that are images to the example image identifier 1204. The content scanner 1202 analyzes the entries 1210 to identify topics of interest within the entries 1210. The content scanner 1202 analyzes 20 the body of the entry 1210, the title of the entry 1210, and metadata (e.g., tags, author, dates, etc.), etc. In the illustrated example, the database sorter 110 maintains an example topic database 1212 that includes topics on interest to be identified by the content scanner 1202. In some examples, the topic 25 database 1212 includes abbreviations and common misspellings of the topics of interest. In some examples, the content scanner 1202 analyzes the entries to determine potential topics that are not in the topic database 1212. The potential topics are words in sentences that may be the subject or 30 object of the sentence. In some such example, the potential topics may be flagged to determine whether the topic should be added to the topic database 1212. For example, if the entry 1210 states "The dogtor prescribed medicine to my corgi," the content scanner 1202 may (a) identify {medicine, corgi} as the topics of the entry 1210, and (b) {dogtor} as a potential topic. In some examples, when the entry 1210 does not have a text body (e.g., is a video, an augmented reality experience, etc.), the content scanner 1202 identifies topics in the metadata of the entry 1210 which may include topics 40 suggested by the corresponding content database provider 108. Additionally, the content scanner 1202 analyzes the entries 1210 to identify dates associated with the entries. For example, an entry 1210 written on Apr. 4, 2008 that discusses the battle at Gettysburg may be associated with that 45 dates of {Jul 1, 1863, Jul. 1, 1863, Jul. 1, 1863, Apr. 4, 2008}.

The image identifier 1204 identifies topics within the entries 1210 that include images. The image identifier 1204 analyzes the metadata (e.g., HTML data, the EXIF data, the 50 XMP data, etc.) associated with the image to determine tags of topics associated with the image. For example, the XMP data associated with the image may include keywords, key phrases, location markers, coordinates, or classification codes that describe the topic(s) of the image. In some example, the image identifier 1204 uses machine learning techniques (such as neural networks, etc.) to performs image recognition to identify topics in the image. Additionally, in some examples, the image identifier 1204 performs facial recognition to identify people in the image. In some 60 examples, the image identifier 1204 performs a reverse image lookup to (i) identify other entries in which the image is used and/or (ii) identify other copies of the image that may contain different metadata. In some such examples, the image identifier 1204 identifies topics within the image 65 based on the topics in the other associated entries and/or images. In some such examples, the topics are weighted

based on the source (e.g., the content database provider 108) of the other associated entries and/or images. For example, the image identifier 1204 may distinguish between professional sources (e.g., professional image providers, such as 5 Getty® Images, newspapers, etc.) and crowdsourced sources (e.g., Wikipedia, Amazon Turk, etc.).

The example content tagger 1206 associates the topics in the entries 1210 identified by the content scanner 1202 and/or the image identifier 1204 with topic identifiers for the 10 topic ID field 206. In the illustrated example, the content tagger 1206 uses a synonym database 1214. The synonym database 1214 (a) associates topics that are synonyms, and (b) associates the topic identifiers with topics identified by the content scanner 1202 and/or the image identifier 1204.

For example, the topics of {Abraham Lincoln, Honest Abe, 15 Uncle Abe, The Great Emancipator, the Illinois Rail Splitter} may be associated with the topic identifier {713589}. In some examples, the content tagger 1206 includes the identified topic identifier(s) in the topic ID field 206 for a particular entry record if a number of times the topic or one of its synonyms is identified in the entry 1210 satisfies (e.g., is greater than or equal to) a threshold. In some such 20 examples, the threshold is based on a number of topics identified in the entry 1210. For example, if thirty-five topics are identified in the entry 1210, the threshold may be five. Additionally, in some examples, the content tagger 1206 calculates relevance scores for the topics to be associated 25 with the entry 1210. The relevance score measures the importance of the topic to the entry 1210. For example, the relevance score for text-based entries 1210 may be based on (i) the frequency of the topic in entry 1210, (ii) the length of the entry 1210, and (iii) the number of entries that 1210 that contain the topic.

The example record creator 1208 creates the entry records 35 1200 based on the entry record data structures 200. The record creator 1208 generates a unique record identifier to be entered into the record ID field 202. The record creator 1208 enters an identifier associated with the corresponding content database provider 108 in the CDP ID field 204. Additionally, the record creator 1208 enters the topic identifiers 40 identified by the content tagger 1206 into the topic ID field 206. The record creator 1208 enters metadata associated with the entry 1210 (e.g., the title, coordinates, the author, the file size, etc.) into the topic metadata field 208. In some examples, the record creator 1208 maintains a metadata 45 database 1216 that includes information (e.g., coordinates associated with a topic, dates associated with a topic, etc.) about the topics that may not be included in the entry 1210. The record creator 1208 enters dates associated with the topic identified by the content scanner 1202 and/or the image identifier 1204 or included in the metadata database 1216 into the topic date field 210. The record creator 1208 enters the URI associated with the entry 1210 into the URI 50 field 212. The record creator 1208 then stores the entry record 1200 into the ARP database 112.

FIG. 13 is a block diagram of the query responder 120 of the augmented reality platform entity 100 of FIG. 1. In the illustrated example, the query responder 120 includes an example query response generator 1300, an example query 60 organizer 1302, and an example reply generator 1304.

The example query response generator 1300 receives the query 104 from the end-user device 106 via the session handler 118. The query response generator 1300 analyzes the query 104 to determine the topic(s) contained in the 65 query 104. In some examples, because some topics may not be directly contained in the query 104 (e.g., are inferential), the query response generator 1300 determines some topics

based on inferences to other topics contained in the query **104**. For example, if the query data field **306** of the query include the text string “person who designed the rookery building,” the query response generator **1300** may retrieve people-related topics from the topic database that are related to the topic of the “Rookery Building.” Based on the topics, the query response generator **1300** determines which topics in the topic database **1212** are related (e.g., have affinity with) the topics of the query **104**.

The example query organizer **1302** receives and/or otherwise retrieves the topics identified by the query response generator **1300**. Based on the topics, the query organizer **1302** retrieves the entry records **1200** related to the topics from the ARP database **112**. In some examples, the entry records **1200** are filtered based on (i) the relevance of the entry records **1200** to the identified topics, and (ii) relationship between the identified topics and the query **104**.

The example reply generator **1304** generates the query results **102** based on the entry records **1200** received and filtered by the query organizer **1302**. Based on user preferences stored in the user database **116**, the reply generator **1304** filters and orders the entry records **1200** based on the preferences. For example, a first user may prefer entries be presented by topic and then database content provider **108** or vice versa. In some examples, the reply generator **1304** assigns the records into chronological categories that are associated with periods of time. In some such examples, the chronological categories are based on a number of dates associated with the entry records **1200** in the query results **102** and clustering of the dates. Additionally, in some examples, the reply generator **1304** organizes the entry records **1200** into the chronological categories. In such examples, the reply generator **1304** organizes the entry records **1200** in each of the chronological categories into hierarchies (e.g., the hierarchies **702**, **704**, and **706** of FIG. **7** above). The reply generator **1304** formats (e.g., in HTML, in XML, etc.) the organized entry records **1200** to generate the query results **102**.

FIG. **14** is a block diagram of a query generator **1400** of the end-user device **106** of FIG. **1**. The query generator **1400** generates queries **104** based on input from the end-user device **106** (e.g. via the input devices **2608** and/or the cameras **2614** and **2616** of FIG. **26** below) and presents the query results **102** via a display (e.g., the display **2612** of FIG. **26** below). In some examples, the query generator **1400** is included in an application that is downloaded onto the end-user device **106** from an application store (e.g., the Google Play Store, the App Store, etc.). Alternatively, in some examples, the query generator **1400** is implemented in hardware and software. In the illustrated example, the query generator **1400** includes an example query selector **1402**, an example query formatter **1404**, and an example result presenter **1406**.

The query selector **1402** presents an interface (e.g., one of the interfaces **502-512**) to the user on a display (e.g., the display **2612** of FIG. **26** below). The query selector **1402** receives input (e.g., from the input devices **2608** and/or the cameras **2614** and **2616** of FIG. **26** below) to facilitate a user navigating between the interfaces **502-512** and the user selecting which one of the content navigation interfaces **512** to generate a query **104**.

The query formatter **1404** receives input to determine the query of the user based on the content navigation interfaces **512** selected via the query selector **1402**. For some interfaces (e.g., the map geometry query interface **518**, the map query interface **520**, the augmented reality query interface **522**, etc.), the query formatter **1404** generates pre-query data

1408 to be sent to the ARPE **100** to provide context to the selected interface. The pre-query data **1408** provides context to the ARPE **100** about the location and environment of the end-user device **106**. For example, the pre-query data **1408** may include GPS coordinates, direction heading, airspeed, and altitude to provide context for objects of interest around when the end-user device **106** is used on a plane. The type of information included in the pre-query data **1408** may be based on the interface **512** being used. For example, for the augmented reality query interface **522**, the query formatter **1404** may generate pre-query data **1408** that includes image (s) captured by the camera(s) of the end-user device **106**. Additionally, the query formatter **1404** based on input from a user and, in some example, a pre-query response **1410**, the query formatter **1404** generates the query **104**.

The result presenter **1406** receives the query results **102** and, in some examples, the pre-query response **1410**. The result presenter **1406** superimposes the query results **102** onto the interface selected via the query selector **1402**. In some examples, in response to receiving the pre-query response **1410**, the result presenter **1406** superimposes outlines and/or highlights of topics of interest contained in the pre-query response **1410** on the interface selected via the query selector **1402**. For example, if the pre-query response **1410** includes data for a particular tombstone from an image in the pre-query data **1408**, the result presenter **1406** superimposes an outline and/or a highlight the tombstone in the interface being displayed to the user.

FIG. **15** is a flowchart of a method to index entries **1210** from content database providers **108**, which may be implemented by the processor platform of FIG. **25**. Initially, at block **1502**, the content scanner **1202** receives an entry **1210** from one of the content database providers **108**. At block **1504**, the content scanner **1202** determines whether the entry **1210** received at block **1502** is an image. If the entry **1210** is an image, the method continues at block **1506**. Otherwise, if the entry **1210** is not an image, the method continues at block **1508**.

At block **1506**, the image identifier **1204** analyzes the image to determine the topics in the image. The image identifier **1204** evaluates the metadata of the image for tags that identify the topics depicted by the image. In some examples, the image identifier **1204** performs image recognition on the image to identify the topics depicted by the image. At block **1508**, the content scanner **1202** analyzes the text and metadata associated with the entry **1210** to determine the topics of interest in the entry **1210**. At block **1510**, the content tagger **1206** tags the identified topics identified by the content scanner **1202** and/or the image identifier **1204**. In some examples, based on the synonym database, the content tagger **1206** consolidates the topics identified by the content scanner **1202** and/or the image identifier **1204**. Additionally, at block **1512**, the content tagger **1206** identifies dates associated with the entry and/or calculates a relevance score for each of the identified topics. At block **1514**, the record creator **1208** creates an entry record **1200** for the entry **1210** including the content database provider **108**, the identified topics, the identified dates, the URI, and identifying metadata. At block **1516**, the record creator **1208** stores the entry record **1200** in the ARP database **112**.

The flowchart of FIG. **15** is representative of machine readable instructions stored in memory (such as the memory **2504** of FIG. **25** below) that comprise one or more programs that, when executed by a processor (such as the processor **2502** of FIG. **25** below), cause the ARPE **100** to implement the example query responder **120** of FIGS. **1** and **13**. Further, although the example program(s) is/are described with ref-

erence to the flowchart illustrated in FIG. 15, many other methods of implementing the example query responder 120 may alternatively be used. For example, the order of execution of the blocks may be changed, and/or some of the blocks described may be changed, eliminated, or combined.

FIG. 16 is a flowchart of a method to generate the queries 104 and present the query results 102, which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. 26. Initially, at block 1602, the query selector 1402 displays a text query bar and query options via the home interface 506. At block 1604, the query selector waits until a type of query has been selected. At block 1606, the query selector 1402 displays the selected interface (e.g., one of the interfaces 516-522). At block 1608, the query selector 1402 waits until the user enters (e.g., enters text into a text box, selects an identified object on map geometry data, selects a point of interest on a map, selects an object identified in a live image, etc.). At block 1610, the query formatter 1404 generates the query 104 and sends the query 104 to the ARPE 100. At block 1612, the result presenter 1406 receives query results 102 from the ARPE 100. At block 1614, the result presenter 1406 displays the query results 102. Example methods to display the query results are disclosed in FIGS. 18-22 below.

FIG. 17 is a flowchart of a method to present the query results 102, which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. 26. Initially, at block 1702, the result presenter 1406 displays the scrubber track 606 with event points 608 and/or timeline markers 610. The location of the event points 608 along the scrubber track 606 are based on dates associated with the query results 102. For example, the event points 608 may represent a number (e.g., five, ten, twenty, etc.) of the most reoccurring dates within the query results 102. For example, if the query results 102 are based on the topic "the battle of Gettysburg," a first event point 608 may represent Jul. 1, 1863, a second event point 608 may represent Jul. 2, 1863, a third event point 608 may represent Jul. 3, 1863, and a fourth event point 608 may represent Oct. 19, 1863. In some examples, the result presenter 1406 displays the timeline markers 610 based on the earliest date and the latest date associated with the query results 102. In some such example, the timeline markers 610 are displayed linearly. Alternatively, in some examples, the timeline markers 610 are displayed logarithmically.

At block 1704, the result presenter 1406 displays the scrubber 612 to indicate scope of currently displayed results. For example, if twenty percent of the results from the query results 102 are displayed, then the scrubber 612 may occupy twenty percent of the length of the scrubber track 606. At block 1706, the result presenter 1406 displays the position marker 614 used to modify the location of the scrubber 612 on the scrubber track 606 which changes of currently displayed results.

At block 1708, the result presenter 1406 selects the next content database provider 108 (as identified by the CDP ID filed 204) identified in the query results 102. At block 1710, the result presenter 1406 sizes the query result field 604 corresponding to the selected content database provider 108 based on the number of entries associated with the content database provider 108 within the scope of currently displayed results (as selected via the scrubber 612). At block 1712, the result presenter 1406 displays the entries within the corresponding query result field 604 associated with (a) the selected content database provider 108 and (b) the current scope as indicated by the scrubber 612. At block 1714, the result presenter 1406 determines whether there is another content database provider 108 to display within the query results 102. If there is another content database

provider 108 to display, the method returns to block 1708. Otherwise, if there is not another content database provider 108 to display, the method continues to block 1716.

At block 1716, the result presenter 1406 determines whether it received input to change which portion of the results are displayed in one of the category boxes. For example, the end-user device 106 with a touch screen may receive a vertical swiping motion within an area of one of the query result fields 604. If input is received, the method continues to block 1718. Otherwise, if the input is not received, the method continues to block 1720. At block 1718, the result presenter 1406 changes which of the entries are displayed in the query result field 604 associated with the input. At block 1720, the result presenter 1406 determines whether it received input to change the position of the scrubber 612. If the input is received, the method returns to block 1708. Otherwise, if the input is not received, the method returns to block 1716.

FIG. 18 is a flowchart of a method to present the query results 102, which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. 26. Initially, at block 1802, the result presenter 1406 displays the scrubber track 606 with event points 608 and/or timeline markers 610. The location of the event points 608 along the scrubber track 606 are based on dates associated with the query results 102. In some examples, the result presenter 1406 displays the timeline markers 610 based on the earliest date and the latest date associated with the query results 102. In some such example, the timeline markers 610 are displayed linearly. Alternatively, in some examples, the timeline markers 610 are displayed logarithmically.

At block 1804, the result presenter 1406 displays the scrubber 612 to indicate scope of currently displayed results. For example, if twenty percent of the results from the query results 102 are displayed, then the scrubber 612 may occupy twenty percent of the length of the scrubber track 606. At block 1806, the result presenter 1406 displays the position marker 614 used to modify the location of the scrubber 612 on the scrubber track 606 which changes of currently displayed results.

At block 1808, the result presenter 1406 displays, in the first hierarchy element 702, a first group associating content database providers 108 with numbers of entries that (a) are associated with the content database provider 108 and (b) are within the scope indicated by the scrubber 612. At block 1810, the result presenter 1406 determines whether it has received a selection of one of the content database provider 108. If a selection has been received, the method continues at block 1812. Otherwise, if a selection has not been received, the method continues at block 1818. At block 1812, the result presenter 1406 displays, in the second hierarchy element 704, a second group associating topics in the query results 102 corresponding to the selected content database provider 108 with a number of entries that are associated with topics with the scope indicated by the scrubber 612. At block 1814, the result presenter 1406 determines whether it has received a selection of one of the topics in the second hierarchy element 704. If a selection has been received, the method continues at block 1816. Otherwise, if a selection has not been received, the method continues at block 1818. At block 1816, the result presenter 1406, in the third hierarchy element 706, displays a third group with the entries associated with the selected topic separated by type (e.g., articles, maps, images, videos, augmented reality experiences, map geometry data, etc.).

At block 1818, the result presenter 1406 determines whether the input has been received to change the position

of the scrubber 612. If input has been received, the method continues to block 1820. Otherwise, if input has not been received, the method returns to block 1810. At block 1820, the result presenter 1406 changes the first group displaying the content database providers 108 in the first hierarchy element 702, the second group displaying the topics in the second hierarchy element 704, and/or the third group displaying the entries in the third hierarchy field 706 to display results associated with the scope indicated by the scrubber 612.

FIG. 19 is a flowchart of a method to present the query results 102, which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. 26. Initially, at block 1902, the result presenter 1406 displays the scrubber track 606 with event points 608 and/or timeline markers 610. The location of the event points 608 along the scrubber track 606 are based on dates associated with the query results 102. In some examples, the result presenter 1406 displays the timeline markers 610 based on the earliest date and the latest date associated with the query results 102. In some such example, the timeline markers 610 are displayed linearly. Alternatively, in some examples, the timeline markers 610 are displayed logarithmically.

At block 1904, the result presenter 1406 displays the scrubber 612 to indicate scope of currently displayed results. For example, if twenty percent of the results from the query results 102 are displayed, then the scrubber 612 may occupy twenty percent of the length of the scrubber track 606. At block 1906, the result presenter 1406 displays the position marker 614 used to modify the location of the scrubber 612 on the scrubber track 606 which changes of currently displayed results.

At block 1908, the result presenter 1406 displays, the first hierarchy element 702 shaped as a circle or polygon, one of the topics related to the query 104. In some examples, the result presenter 1406 displays multiple first hierarchy elements 702, which may be moveable, resizable and/or hidable, etc., for the different ones of the topics related to the query 104. For example, if the query 104 is "The Rookery Building," a first one of the first hierarchy elements 702 may be associated with "The Rookery Building" and a second one of the first hierarchy elements 702 may be associated with "Daniel Burnham."

At block 1910, the result presenter 1406 displays, on the second hierarchy element 704 shaped as a first ring around the first hierarchy element 702, the content database providers 108 associated with entries corresponding to the topic that are within the scope indicated by the scrubber 612. At block 1912, the result presenter 1406 determines whether a selection of one content database providers 108 has been received. If a selection has been received, the method continues to block 1914. Otherwise, if a selection has not been received, the method continues to block 1916.

At block 1914, the result presenter 1406 displays, on the third hierarchy element 706 shaped as a first ring around the second hierarchy element 704, display entries associated with the selected content database provider 108 that are within the scope indicated by the scrubber 612. At block 1916, the result presenter 1406 determines whether the input has been received to change the position of the scrubber 612. If input has been received, the method continues to block 1918. Otherwise, if input has not been received, the method returns to block 1912. At block 1918, the result presenter 1406 changes the content database providers 108 in the second hierarchy element 704 and/or the entries in the third hierarchy element 706 to display entries associated with the scope indicated by the scrubber 612.

FIG. 20 is a flowchart of a method to present the query results 102 in conjunction with map geometry data, which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. 26. Initially, at block 2002, the query selector 1402 displays the map geometry. The map geometry includes images that may be planned to illustrate a geographical location as if the user of the end-user device 106 was at that location. At block 2004, the query selector 1402 displays an inset map 902 indicating the orientation of the displayed map geometry. At block 2006, the query formatter 1404 sends pre-query data 1408 to the ARPE 100. In some examples, the pre-query data 1408 includes an image being displayed, coordinates from which the map geometry data was captured, and the angle at which the map geometry data is being viewed. At block 2008, the query selector 1402 outlines places or things in the displayed at block 2002 recognized in the map geometry data. At block 2010, the query selector 1402 determines whether it has received a selection of one of the places or things outlines at block 2008. If a selection has been received, the method continues at block 2012. Otherwise, if a selection has not been received, the method continues at block 2016.

At block 2012, the query formatter 1404 sends the query 104 to the ARPE 100 with the selected place or thing in the query data field 306. At block 2014, the result presenter 1406 displays the query results 102 received from the ARPE 100. Examples methods of displaying the query results 102 are disclosed in FIGS. 17, 18, and 19 above. At block 2016, the query selector 1402 determines whether it has received input to change the displayed map geometry data. If the input to change the displayed map geometry data has been received, the method returns to block 2002. Otherwise, if the input to change the displayed map geometry data has not been received, the method returns to block 2010.

FIG. 21 a flowchart of a method to present the query results 102 in conjunction with map data, which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. 26. Initially, at block 2102, the query selector 1402 displays a map retrieved via a query 104. For example, one of the entries include in query results 102 may be a map 1000. At block 2104, the query selector 1402 displays event points 608 along the scrubber track 606 indicating other related maps. For example, if the displayed map 1000 is a map of Chicago from 1893, the query selector 1402 may display event points 608 along the scrubber track 606 indicating maps of Chicago associated with other dates. At block 2106, the query selector 1402 determines whether the displayed map 1000 is associated with locations of interest. In some examples, the information (e.g., boundaries on the map, related topics, etc.) about the locations of interest is included in the map data. If there are locations of interest associated with the displayed map 1000, the method continues at block 2108. Otherwise, if there are not locations of interest associated with the displayed map 1000, the method continues to block 2116.

At block 2108, the query selector 1402 highlights locations of interest on the map 1000 (e.g., the highlighted regions 1002 of FIG. 10). At block 2110, the query selector 1402 determines whether one of the locations of interest has been selected. If one of the locations of interest has been selected, the method continues at block 2112. Otherwise, if one of the locations of interest has not been selected, the method continues at block 2116. At block 2112, the query formatter 1404 sends a query 104 to the ARPE 100 with location of interest in the query data field 306. At block 2114, the result presenter 1406 displays the query results 102 received from the ARPE 100. Examples methods of display-

ing the query results **102** are disclosed in FIGS. **17**, **18**, and **19** above. At block **2116**, the query selector **1402** determines whether the position of the position marker **614** changed. If the position of the position marker **614** changed, the method continues to block **2118**. Otherwise, if the position of the position marker **614** did not change, the method returns to block **2110**. At block **2118**, the query selector **1402** displays a map **1000** associated with position of the position marker **614**.

FIG. **22** a flowchart of a method to present the query results **102** in conjunction with live image data from a camera (e.g., the camera **2614** and **2616** of FIG. **26** below), which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. **26**. Initially, at block **2202**, the query selector **1402** displays the image captured by the camera. At block **2204**, the query formatter **1404** sends pre-query data **1408** to the ARPE **100**. In some examples, the pre-query data includes the image captured by the camera, the coordinates of the end-user device **106**, the orientation of the camera, and/or the field of view of the camera, etc. At block **2206**, the query selector **1402** outlines places or things recognized in the image based on a pre-query response **1410** received from the ARPE **100**. At block **2208**, the query selector **1402** determines whether one of the outlined places or things has been selected. If one of the outlined places or things has been selected, the method continues at block **2210**. Otherwise, if one of the outlined places or things has not been selected, the method continues at block **2214**.

At block **2210**, the query formatter **1404** sends a query **104** to the ARPE **100** with the selected place or thing in the query data field **306**. At block **2212**, the result presenter **1406** displays the query results **102** received from the ARPE **100**. Examples methods of displaying the query results **102** are disclosed in FIGS. **17**, **18**, and **19** above. At block **2214**, the query selector **1402** determines whether (a) the image captured by the camera has changed and/or (b) the pose (e.g., coordinates and orientation, etc.) of the camera has changed. If (a) the image captured by the camera has changed and/or (b) the pose of the camera has changed, the method returns to block **2204**. Otherwise, if (a) the image captured by the camera has not changed and/or (b) the pose of the camera has not changed, the method returns to block **2208**.

The flowcharts of FIGS. **16-22**, and **24** are representative of machine readable instructions stored in memory (such as the memory **2604** of FIG. **26**) that comprise one or more programs that, when executed by a processor (such as the processor **2602** of FIG. **26**), cause the end-user device **106** to implement the example query generator **1400** of FIG. **14**. Further, although the example program(s) is/are described with reference to the flowchart illustrated in FIGS. **16-22**, and **24**, many other methods of implementing the example query generator **1400** may alternatively be used. For example, the order of execution of the blocks may be changed, and/or some of the blocks described may be changed, eliminated, or combined.

FIG. **23** illustrates the augmented reality interface **522** of FIG. **11** providing location specific content **2302** superimposed on live images captured by the end-user device **106** of FIG. **1**. The end-user device **106** provides its location to the ARPE **100** (e.g., via the pre-query data **1408**). The ARPE **100** determines whether one of the content database providers **108** associated with a venue (e.g., a stadium, a theater, a museum, etc.) corresponding to the location of the end-user device **106** is providing location specific content **2302**. The location specific content **2302** is content that is being generated in near real-time (e.g., there may be a delay between the creation of the content for processing and/or

indexing, etc.) for users located at the venue. For example, the location specific content may be closed captioning of an announcer or a tour guide, etc. In some examples, the ARPE **100** provides the location specific content **2302** via the pre-query response **1410**. In some such examples, as long as enabled, the ARPE **100** continuously pushes the location specific content **2302** to the end-user device **106** via the pre-query response **1410**. In such a manner, the venue may provide services to cater to the needs of users while facilitating the users viewing the event or exhibit uninterrupted.

If enabled, the location specific content **2302** is displayed by the augmented reality interface **522** by superimposing the location specific content **2302** on the image being captured by the camera(s) (e.g., the cameras **2614** and **2616** of FIG. **26** below) of the end-user device **106**. In some examples, the location specific content **2302** is displayed on a specific highlighted and/or outlined object **1104**. For example, the location specific content **2302** may be displayed so that it is visible on a scoreboard or jumbotron of a stadium. In the illustrated example, the ARPE **100** (e.g., via the database sorter **110**) provides abbreviated query panels **1106** for topics detected within the location specific content **2302**. When the user interacts with the abbreviated query panels **1106**, the augmented reality query interface **522** generates and sends the query **104** regarding the corresponding topic to the ARPE **100**.

In some examples, the ARPE **100** provides the location specific content **2302** to the end-user device **106** when the end-user device **106** is not located at the venue, but is viewing content (e.g., via a media application) that is generated at the venue. For example, a user may be viewing a baseball game via a media application on a smart TV. In such examples, the augmented reality interface **522** uses the media application as the input (e.g., instead of the images being captured by the camera(s) etc.) and superimposes the location specific content **2302** on the media application.

FIG. **24** is a flowchart of a method to detect and provide location specific content **2302** superimposed on live images captured by the end-user device **106** of FIG. **1**, which may be implemented by the electronic components of FIG. **26**. Initially, at block **2402**, the query formatter **1404** determines the location of the end-user device **106** (e.g., via the GPS receiver **2620** of FIG. **26** below). In some examples, the query formatter **1404** sends pre-query data **1408**. At block **2404**, the query formatter **1404** determines whether the location specific content **2302** is available. In some examples, the query formatter **1404** receives an indication of whether the location specific content **2302** is available in the pre-query response **1410**. If the location specific content **2302** is available, the method continues to block **2406**. Otherwise, if the location specific content **2302** is not available, the method returns to block **2402**.

At block **2406**, the result presenter **1406** presents the augmented reality interface **522** of FIG. **5** on the end-user device **106**. At block **2408**, the query formatter **1404** retrieves or otherwise receives the location specific content **2302**. In some examples, the location specific content **2302** is included in the pre-query responses **1410**. At block **2410**, the result presenter **1406** superimposes the location specific content **2302** onto the image displayed by the end-user device **106**. At block **2412**, the result presenter **1406** determines whether a topic is identified in the location specific content **2302**. If a topic is identified, the method continues at block **2414**. Otherwise, if a topic is not identified, the method continues at block **2416**.

At block **2414**, the result presenter **1406** displays the abbreviated query panels **1106** in associated with the topic

identified in the location specific content **2302**. The information for the abbreviated query panels **1106** is included in the pre-query responses **1410**. At block **2416**, the query formatter **1404** determines whether there is more location specific content **2302**. If there is more location specific content **2302**, the method returns to block **2408**. Otherwise, if there is not more location specific content **2302**, the method returns to block **2402**.

FIG. **25** is a block diagram of an example processor platform **2500** capable of executing the instructions to implement the method of FIG. **15**. The processor platform **2500** can be, for example, a server, a personal computer, a workstation, one or more virtual machines and/or containers, or any other type of computing device. In the illustrated example, the processor platform **2500** includes a processor **2502**, memory **2504**, storage **2506**, input devices **2508**, output devices **2510**, and network devices **2512**.

The processor platform **2500** of the illustrated example includes the processor **2502**. The processor or controller **2502** may be any suitable processing device or set of processing devices such as, but not limited to: a microprocessor, a controller-based platform with multiple processing cores, a suitable integrated circuit, one or more field programmable gate arrays (FPGAs), and/or one or more application-specific integrated circuits (ASICs). In the illustrated example, the processor **2502** is structured to include the example database sorter **110**, the example user handler **114**, the example session handler **118**, and the example query responder **120**.

The memory **2504** may be volatile memory (e.g., RAM, which can include non-volatile RAM, magnetic RAM, ferroelectric RAM, and any other suitable forms); non-volatile memory (e.g., disk memory, FLASH memory, EPROMs, EEPROMs, memristor-based non-volatile solid-state memory, etc.), unalterable memory (e.g., EPROMs), and/or read-only memory. In some examples, the memory **2504** includes multiple kinds of memory, particularly volatile memory and non-volatile memory. The storage **2506** includes high-capacity storage devices, such as hard drives, tape drives, and/or solid state drives, etc. In the illustrated example, the storage **2506** includes the ARP database **112**, the user database **116**, the topic database **1212**, the synonym database **1214**, and/or the metadata database **1216**. When used by the processor **2502**, portions of the databases **112**, **116**, **1212**, **1214**, and **1216** may be moved into the memory **2504**, processed by the processor **2502**, and then re-stored in the storage **2506**.

The memory **2504** and storage are computer readable media on which one or more sets of instructions, such as the software for operating the methods of the present disclosure can be embedded. The instructions may embody one or more of the methods or logic as described herein. In a particular embodiment, the instructions may reside completely, or at least partially, within any one or more of the memory **2504**, the storage **2506**, and/or within the processor **2502** during execution of the instructions.

The terms “non-transitory computer-readable medium” and “computer-readable medium” should be understood to include a single medium or multiple media, such as a centralized or distributed database, and/or associated caches and servers that store one or more sets of instructions. The terms “non-transitory computer-readable medium” and “computer-readable medium” also include any tangible medium that is capable of storing, encoding or carrying a set of instructions for execution by a processor or that cause a system to perform any one or more of the methods or operations disclosed herein. As used herein, the term “com-

puter readable medium” is expressly defined to include any type of computer readable storage device and/or storage disk and to exclude propagating signals, to exclude transitory signals, and to exclude transmission media. As used herein, the term “non-transitory” refers to storing information on the computer readable medium for any duration (e.g., permanently, for long durations (e.g., minutes, days, etc.), for temporarily buffering and/or for caching, etc.).

The example input devices **2508** include any device that facilitates a user interacting with the processor platform **2500** to, for example, enter data and commands. The input devices **2508** include, for example, a microphone, a camera, a keyboard, a button, a mouse, a touch screen, a controller, a gesture recognition device, and/or a voice recognition system.

The example output devices **2510** include any device to facilitate communication of data and/or status to a user. Example output devices **2510** include instrument cluster outputs (e.g., dials, lighting devices), actuators, a heads-up display, a display (e.g., a liquid crystal display (“LCD”), an organic light emitting diode (“OLED”) display, a flat panel display, a solid state display, etc.), and/or speakers.

The example network devices **2512** include any suitable communication device that facilitates communication with the end-user devices **106** over an external network. The external network(s) may be a public network, such as the Internet; a private network, such as an intranet; or combinations thereof, and may utilize a variety of networking protocols now available or later developed including, but not limited to, TCP/IP-based networking protocols.

FIG. **26** is a block diagram of electronic components **2600** of the end-user devices **106** that are capable of executing instructions to implement the method methods of FIGS. **16-22**, and **24**. The end-user devices **106** may include computers, smart phones, tablets, optical head-mounted displays, augmented reality smart glasses, and/or virtual reality headsets, etc. In the illustrated example, the electronic components **2600** include a processor **2602**, memory **2604**, storage **2606**, input devices **2608**, network modules **2610**, a display **2612**, a front-facing camera **2614**, a back-facing camera **2616**, speakers **2618**, and/or a GPS receiver **2620**. The end-user devices **106** may include other sensors (e.g., altimeter, magnetometer, accelerometer, LiDAR, RADAR, etc.) depending on the type of the end-user device **106**.

The processor or controller **2602** may be any suitable processing device or set of processing devices such as, but not limited to: a microprocessor, a controller-based platform with multiple processing cores, a suitable integrated circuit, one or more field programmable gate arrays (FPGAs), and/or one or more application-specific integrated circuits (ASICs). In the illustrated example, the processor **2602** is structured to include the example query generator **1400**.

The memory **2604** may be volatile memory (e.g., RAM, which can include non-volatile RAM, magnetic RAM, ferroelectric RAM, and any other suitable forms); non-volatile memory (e.g., disk memory, FLASH memory, EPROMs, EEPROMs, memristor-based non-volatile solid-state memory, etc.), unalterable memory (e.g., EPROMs), and/or read-only memory. In some examples, the memory **2604** includes multiple kinds of memory, particularly volatile memory and non-volatile memory. The storage **2606** includes high-capacity storage devices, such as hard drives and/or solid state drives, etc. The memory **2604** and/or the storage **2606** may store information used by the ARPE **100** and the end-user device **106** to identify the user and maintain and/or establish a session.

The memory **2604** and storage are computer readable media on which one or more sets of instructions, such as the software for operating the methods of the present disclosure can be embedded. The instructions may embody one or more of the methods or logic as described herein. In a particular embodiment, the instructions may reside completely, or at least partially, within any one or more of the memory **2604**, the storage **2606**, and/or within the processor **2602** during execution of the instructions.

The input devices **2608** are any suitable devices to facilitate receiving input of queries **104**, browse query results **102**, and select of elements on the interfaces of FIGS. **6-11**. The input devices **2608** include, for example, a microphone, the cameras **2614** and **2616**, a keyboard, a button, a mouse, a touch screen, a controller, a gesture recognition device, a gaze detection device, and/or a voice recognition system.

The network modules **2610** include communication devices that facilitate wired or wireless communication to the ARPE **100** via the external network. The network modules **2610** may include communication controllers for mobile networks (e.g., Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM), Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS), Long Term Evolution (LTE), LTE Advanced, Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA), etc.), wireless networks (e.g., WiMAX (IEEE 802.16m); local area wireless network (including IEEE 802.11 a/b/g/n/ac or others) and/or Wireless Gigabit (IEEE 802.11ad), etc.), 5th generation (5G) wireless system, and/or wired networks (e.g., an Ethernet network, etc.).

The display **2612** is any suitable device to display the interfaces of FIGS. **6-11** to the user. The display **2612** may include a heads-up display, a monitor or screen display (e.g., a liquid crystal display (“LCD”), an organic light emitting diode (“OLED”) display, a flat panel display, a solid state display, etc.), a virtual reality display (e.g., a monocular head mounted display or a binocular head mounted display), a waveguide display, a liquid crystal on silicon (LCOS), etc.

The cameras **2614** and **2616** capture still images and video. In the illustrated example, the electronic components **2600** include the front-facing camera **2614** and the back-facing camera **2616**. The front-facing camera **2614** is positioned on the end-user device **106** on the same side as the display **2612** to capture images and video of, for example, the user. In some examples, the front-facing camera **2614** is used to track the location of the eyes of the user. The back-facing camera **2616** is positioned on the end-user device **106** on the opposite side as the display **2612**. In some examples, the back-facing camera **2616** is used to track gestures of the users.

The GPS receiver **2620** provides the coordinates of the end-user device **106**. In some examples, the GPS receiver **2620** includes an inertial navigation system. The GPS receiver **2620** may also include an accelerometer to determine the orientation of the end-user device **106**. For example, the GPS receiver **2620** may provide the orientation of the end-user device relative to the direction the camera(s) **2414** and **2416** are pointing.

FIG. **27** depicts a law enforcement map interface **2700** presented by the end-user device **106** of FIG. **1** to facilitate generating the search query **104** and presenting and interacting with the query results **102** related to law enforcement and emergency services (e.g., federal, state, county and municipal law enforcement, fire departments, ambulance services, etc.). Additionally, in some examples, the a law enforcement map interface **2700** facilitates generates event reports to be processed by the augmented reality platform entity (ARPE) **100** and entered into the augmented reality

platform (ARP) database **112**. In some such examples, a portion of the ARP database **112** used to populated the law enforcement map interface **2700** is segregated from the portion of the ARP database **112** used to populated other interfaces (e.g., the map interface **1000** of FIG. **10**, etc.). In the illustrated example, the map query interface **520** displays a map **2702**. The map may be selected via one of the result interfaces (e.g., interfaces **600**, **700**, and **800** of FIGS. **6**, **7**, and **8**, above). The law enforcement map interface **2700** includes interactive indicia **2704** of events relating to law enforcement and/emergency service activities. In the illustrated example, the law enforcement map interface **2700** also includes the scrubber track **606**, the event points **608**, and/or the position marker **614** to facilitate navigating though the events (e.g., as represented by the interactive indicia **2704**) with different chronological time frames. The scrubber track **606**, the event points **608**, and/or the position marker **614** facilitate sorting and browsing the information chronologically in varying degrees of granularity. For example, the information may be browsed hourly, daily, monthly, and/or yearly, etc. The interactive indicia **2704** are chronologically sorted. Using the scrubber track **606**, the event points **608**, and/or the position marker **614**, a user browses the interactive indicia **2704** chronologically. In such a manner, the user may reconstruct movements and/or visualize an order of events.

In some examples, the interactive indicia **2704** is displayed on the law enforcement map interface **2700** cumulatively by timestamp or discretely by timestamp. For example, when displayed cumulatively by timestamp, sliding the position marker **614** to a “TODAY” position may display all the interactive indicia **2704** that occurred that day and sliding the position marker **614** to a “THIS WEEK” position may display all the interactive indicia **2704** that occurred that week. As another example, when displayed discretely by timestamp, sliding the position marker **614** to a “now” position may only display the current interactive indicia **2704** and sliding the position marker **614** to a “10:00-10:00 AM” position may only display the interactive indicia **2704** that occurred from 10:00 AM to 10:10 AM.

The interactive indicia **2704** represent events of interest that become search query **104** when interacted with. For example, the interactive indicia **2704** may represent a person, place, or event relevant to law enforcement and/or emergency services activity. When a user interacts with (e.g., via a touch screen of the end-user device **106**, etc.), the law enforcement map interface **2700** submits the search query **104** related to the interactive indicia **2704** to the ARPE **100**. The law enforcement map interface **2700** provides the query results **102** in hierarchies (e.g., the hierarchies **702**, **704**, and **706** of FIG. **7** above) to facilitate the user interacting with the query results **102**.

To process the search query **104**, the ARPE **100** is communicatively coupled to content database providers **108** that are specialized in law enforcement and emergency service data. For example, the content database providers **108** may include gun registration databases, crime report databases, cell phone tracking databases, closed-circuit television (CCTV) video databases, license plate recognition (LPR) databases, vehicle registration databases, drivers license databases, shot identification databases (e.g., Shot-Spotter® etc.), governmental alert databases (e.g., managed by the National Weather Service, etc.), police, fire, military, or other types of governmental report databases, body camera image databases, law databases, evidence databases, and/or personnel databases, etc. Additionally, in some examples, the ARPE **100** is communicatively coupled to

live-updating data sources, such as real-time tip databases, emergency call databases (e.g., 911 calls, etc.), emergency alert databases (e.g., fire alerts, Amber alerts, etc.), vehicle and/or phone tracking databases, and/or police and/or emergency personnel dispatch databases, etc. Additionally, in some examples, the ARPE 100 is communicatively coupled to an emergency dispatch system to forward emergency alerts and/or eyewitness alerts when the alerts are received from the end-user devices 106.

In some examples, the interactive indicia 2704 represent moving objects, such as of police cars, cars, bicycles, individuals (e.g., via cell phone signal, etc.). This facilitates tracking objects of interest and/or knowing potential support resources before a user responds to an emergency call. Additionally or alternatively, in some examples, the interactive indicia 2704 represent crime reports. Additionally or alternatively, in some examples, the interactive indicia 2704 represent reports of gunshots. For example, using the position marker 614, an investigator may browse the history of a person, place, or event in connection with the interactive indicia 2704 representing a gunshot. As another example, by interacting with a particular interactive indicia 2704 representing a gunshot, a search query 104 is generated with a person, place and/or event connected with the gunshot as the query term(s). Additionally or alternatively, in some examples, the interactive indicia 2704 represent emergency calls (such as to 911, etc.) and emergency incidents (e.g., a fire, a traffic accident, etc.). For example, using the position marker 614, a user may chronologically browse persons, places, and/or events related to the emergency call or emergency incident related to the event represented by the interactive indicia 2704. Additionally or alternatively, in some examples, the interactive indicia 2704 represent license plate numbers of interest flagged in a database detected by a LPR reader. For example, using the position marker 614, a user may chronologically browse persons, places, and/or events related to the license plate represented by the interactive indicia 2704.

Additionally or alternatively, in some examples, the interactive indicia 2704 represent when body cameras equipped to law enforcement officers are turned off. For example, a precinct captain may use the law enforcement map interface 2700 to track the state of the body cameras equipped to police officers in the relevant precinct and navigate, using the position marker 614 to analyze, chronologically, places and events in connection with the state of the police officers' body cameras. Additionally or alternatively, in some examples, the interactive indicia 2704 represent social media posts regarding persons or events associated with a particular location. Additionally or alternatively, in some examples, the interactive indicia 2704 represent general alerts, such as road closures and protest locations, etc.

In some examples, when the ARPE 100 is communicatively coupled to a navigation and/or traffic database, the query result 102 includes directions to be displayed on the map 2702 to provide a safe and/or fast route to a destination (e.g., a location represented by the interactive indicia 2704).

In some examples, the law enforcement map interface 2700 facilitates a user generating, via the query generator 1400, report of accidents or emergencies. Additionally or alternatively, in some examples, via the law enforcement map interface 2700, the user provides crime tips (e.g., anonymously) and/or eye witness images and/or video. In some such examples, the GPS coordinates of the end-user device 106 and the current time are included in the report in order for the ARPE 100 to generate a corresponding interactive indicia 2704. In some examples, via the law enforce-

ment map interface 2700, a user reports violations of municipal code (e.g., parking violations, etc.) in order for the ARPE 100 to generate a corresponding interactive indicia 2704. In some such examples, when the query generator 1400 generates the event to send to the ARPE 100, the query generator 1400 collects data from the input devices 2608 of the end-user device 106 to include in with the event report. For example, when the end-user device 106 includes a LiDAR or plenoptic camera, geometry, direction of camera, and/or viewing angle, etc. of the camera may be included in the event report.

In some examples, the law enforcement map interface 2700 includes an emergency mode that automatically generates emergency reports that include GPS coordinates and/or images and/or video from a camera of the end-user device 106. In such examples, the law enforcement map interface 2700 provides a notification when the emergency report is acknowledged by the recipient. Additionally or alternatively, in some examples, the law enforcement map interface 2700 provides an interface to live stream video and/or audio from the end-user device 106 that may be indexed so that other users can view/listen to the stream via interacting with a corresponding interactive indicia 2704.

In some examples, via the law enforcement map interface 2700, specific interactive indicia 2704 are creatable to assign specific law enforcement personnel, vehicles, support personnel and/or equipment to a location and/or event represented by another interactive indicia 2704.

In some examples, the ARPE 100 tracks the location of the end-user device 106 and provides an alert to the end-user device 106 when the end-user device 106 leaves a defined area (such as a precinct or a patrol route, etc.).

In some examples, via the law enforcement map interface 2700, using the input devices 2608 of the end-user device 106, the user provides data (e.g., dates, locations, events, persons, etc.) regarding evidence to be uploaded to the ARPE 100 and indexed into the ARP database 112.

In some examples, the law enforcement map interface 2700 facilitates using the input devices 2608 of the end-user device 106 to scan and verify an officer's ID (such as a badge with a badge number) to verify the identity of the officer.

In some examples, the law enforcement map interface 2700 is organized into layers. Each layer is associated with different types or groups of types of the interactive indicia 2704. For example, a first layer may be associated with interactive indicia 2704 representative of gunshots and a second layer may be associated with interactive indicia 2704 representative of 911 calls. In such examples, the law enforcement map interface 2700 includes a layer navigation interface 2706 to facilitate choosing which layer, and thus which interactive indicia 2704 are displayed on the law enforcement map interface 2700. In some such examples, multiple layers are selectable to display multiple types of interactive indicia 2704 on the law enforcement map interface 2700.

FIG. 28 illustrates the augmented reality interface 1102 of FIG. 11 providing location specific sporting event content superimposed on live images captured by the end-user device 106 of FIG. 1. The end-user device 106 provides its location to the ARPE 100 (e.g., via the pre-query data 1408). The ARPE 100 determines whether one of the content database providers 108 associated with a stadium corresponding to the location of the end-user device 106 is providing location specific content 2302. The location specific content 2302 is content that is being generated in near real-time (e.g., there may be a delay between the creation of the content for processing and/or indexing, etc.) for users

located at the venue. For example, the location specific content may be closed captioning of an announcer and/or athlete tracking data used to track the position of specific athletes **2802** on the field/court/pitch. In some examples, the ARPE **100** provides the location specific content **2302** via the pre-query response **1410**. In some such examples, as long as enabled, the ARP **100** continuously pushes the location specific content **2302** to the end-user device **106** via the pre-query response **1410**.

If enabled, the location specific content **2302** is displayed by the augmented reality query interface **522** by superimposing the location specific content **2302** on the image being captured by the camera(s) (e.g., the cameras **2614** and **2616** of FIG. **26** above) of the end-user device **106**. In some examples, the location specific content **2302** is displayed on a specific highlighted and/or outlined object **1104**. In the illustrated example, the location specific content **2302** includes closed captioning of announcements and/or commentary regarding the sporting event. Additionally, in the illustrated example, the augmented reality interface **1102** provides tracking of specific athletes **2802** and, upon interaction with one of the athletes **2802** via, for example, a touch screen of the end-user device **106**, displays the abbreviated query panel **1106** for topics associated with that athlete **2802**. To facilitate aligning the athlete tracking data with the location of the athlete on the screen of the end-user device **106**, the end-user device provide camera field of view and orientation data to the ARPE **100**. When the user interacts with the abbreviated query panels **1106**, the augmented reality query interface **522** generates and sends the search query **104** regarding the corresponding topic to the ARPE **100**.

In some example, the location specific content **2302** includes videos, images, and/or audio that is accessible to the user while the end-user device **106** is with a region defined by a geofence (e.g., with a radius of the stadium, etc.). This content may be timed and/or curated to provide relevant information to the user while the sporting event is not currently active (e.g., during pre-game and/or half-time, etc.). In some examples, this content is pushed to the end-user device **106** when such a feature is enabled.

In some examples, the augmented reality interface **1102** superimposes other information, such as the score, on the images captures by the cameras. In some such examples, the superimposed information becomes a search query **104** when the user interacts with the information. In some such examples, the query results **102** are presented in hierarchies (e.g., the hierarchies **702**, **704**, and **706** of FIG. **7** above) to facilitate the user interacting with the query results **102**.

In some examples, the augmented reality interface **1102** provides directions to and from a venue superimposed on the images captures by the cameras. Additionally, in some examples, the augmented reality interface **1102** provides directions to a user's seat within the stadium and/or to various concession stands within the stadium.

In some examples, the augmented reality interface **1102** may superimpose user generated content onto the images captured by the camera based on a geotag in the content. For example, when a user in the stadium posts a public social media post that is tagged with coordinates within the stadium, the augmented reality interface **1102** displays the social media post proximate those coordinates.

In some examples, the augmented reality interface **1102** provides a catalogue **2804** of items or services available at the stadium. Using the seat assignment and/or GPS coordinates, the ARPE **100** associates orders and/or requests made via the catalogue **2804** to the location of the end-user device

106. In such a manner, the items and/or services ordered through the catalogue **2804** may be delivered to the user. Additionally or alternatively, through the augmented reality interface **1102**, the user alerts the venue to an emergency and includes GPS coordinates, seat assignment, and/or data captured by the input devices **2608** of the end-user device **106** (e.g., video, images, audio, etc.). In some such examples, the ARPE **100** transforms the alert into an interactive indicia **2704** on a law enforcement map interface **2700** used by emergency responders at the venue.

In some examples, the ARPE **100** is communicatively coupled to a content database provider **108** that provides real estate information (e.g., purchase history, county recorder's history, crime statistics, relevant news pertaining to the location, shopping opportunities, school district, etc.). In some examples, the ARPE **100** is communicatively coupled to a content database provider **108** that provides ancestry information that associates locations (e.g., immigration locations, birth locations, death locations, grave locations, marriage locations, etc.) with people and dates. Additionally, the ancestry information associates people together in family trees. In some examples, the ARPE **100** is communicatively coupled to a content database provider **108** that provides traffic data to facilitate providing traffic information in augmented reality, virtual reality and/or mixed reality. In some examples, the ARPE **100** is communicatively coupled to a content database provider **108** that provides weather data to facilitate providing weather information in augmented reality, virtual reality and/or mixed reality. In some examples, the weather data includes geometry data that provides a three dimensional construct of the weather that can be incorporated into one of the interfaces discussed above.

In some examples, the ARPE **100** is communicatively coupled to a content database provider **108** that provides survey and/or election result data. In some examples, the ARPE **100** is communicatively coupled to a content database provider **108** that provides census data. In some examples, the ARPE **100** is communicatively coupled to a content database provider **108** that provides financial data (e.g., stock market data, etc.). In some examples, the ARPE **100** is communicatively coupled to a content database provider **108** that provides flight navigation data to track, for example, aircraft and/or unmanned aerial vehicles in the law enforcement map interface **2700**. In some examples, the ARPE **100** is communicatively coupled to a content database provider **108** that provides academic data (e.g., published papers in journals, etc.), scientific data, and/or research data. In some examples, the ARPE **100** is communicatively coupled to a content database provider **108** that provides agricultural data (e.g., soil data, weather data, crop data, fertilizer use data, planting history data, etc.).

In some examples, the ARPE **100** is communicatively coupled to a content database provider **108** that provides medical data and/or hospital data (e.g., patient location and health data, patient geometry data, etc.) to facilitate patient care in a medical facility. For example, a hospital floor plan may be the map in the map interface **1000**. In such an example, the interactive indicia **2704** may be generated for patients and clinical events. As another example, medical data, such as X-rays or CAT scans can be superimposed onto images captured by the camera in the augmented reality query interface **522** using the patient geometry data to facilitate viewing the medical data on the patient.

In some examples, the map query interface **520** is used as a fleet management tool where locations and timestamps for vehicles are transformed into the interactive indicia **2704** to

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be displays and chronologically tracked. Additionally, the user may create specific events to direct vehicles to locations at certain times so that those planned events are displayed in the map query interface 520 of, for examples, drivers and/or other fleet management personnel.

In this application, the use of the disjunctive is intended to include the conjunctive. The use of definite or indefinite articles is not intended to indicate cardinality. In particular, a reference to “the” object or “a” and “an” object is intended to denote also one of a possible plurality of such objects. Further, the conjunction “or” may be used to convey features that are simultaneously present instead of mutually exclusive alternatives. In other words, the conjunction “or” should be understood to include “and/or”. The terms “includes,” “including,” and “include” are inclusive and have the same scope as “comprises,” “comprising,” and “comprise” respectively.

The above-described embodiments, and particularly any “preferred” embodiments, are possible examples of implementations and merely set forth for a clear understanding of the principles of the invention. Many variations and modifications may be made to the above-described embodiment (s) without substantially departing from the spirit and principles of the techniques described herein. All modifications are intended to be included herein within the scope of this disclosure and protected by the following claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A method comprising:
 - presenting, on a display of an end-user device, live image data being captured by a camera of the end-user device;
 - determining a pose of the end-user device, the pose including a location of the end-user device;
 - sending the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity;
 - receiving closed captioning data from the augmented reality platform entity, the closed captioning data based on the location of the end-user device and including an indication of a first topic embedded within the closed captioning data; and
 - superimposing the closed captioning data incorporating an interactive element associated with the first topic onto the live image data, wherein the first topic includes a query panel associating the first topic with the interactive element.
2. The method of claim 1, including highlighting objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera, the objects of interest associated with a topic.
3. The method of claim 2, wherein highlighting the objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera includes:
 - sending the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity, the pose including the location and orientation of the end-user device;
 - receiving the objects of interest from the augmented reality platform entity based on the pose of the end-user device.
4. The method of claim 2, wherein superimposing the closed captioning data onto the live image data includes superimposing the closed captioning data onto one of the objects of interest.
5. The method of claim 2, including in response to receiving a selection of one of the objects of interest associated with second topics, sending a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding one of the second topics.

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6. The method of claim 5, including, in response to receiving a query result from the augmented reality platform entity:

- presenting a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points, the plurality of event points indicative of chronological categories associated with the query result; and

- displaying a first hierarchy of a plurality of hierarchies associated with records included in the query result associated with one of the chronological categories selected by a position of the scrubber on the scrubber track corresponding to an associated one of the plurality of event points.

7. The method of claim 1, including in response to receiving a selection of the interactive element within the displayed closed captioning data, sending a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding first topic.

8. The method of claim 1, wherein receiving the closed captioning data from the augmented reality platform entity includes receiving the closed captioning data in response to being within an area defined by a geofence.

9. The method of claim 1, wherein content of the closed captioning data is based on the location of the end-user device and a pose of the end-user device.

10. An end-user device comprising:

- memory with an application; and
- a processor communicatively coupled to the memory, the application, when executed, causing the processor to:
 - present, on a display, live image data being captured by a camera of the end-user device;
 - determine a pose of the end-user device, the pose including a location of the end-user device;

- send the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity;
- receive closed captioning data from the augmented reality platform entity, the closed captioning data based on the location of the end-user device and including an indication of a first topic embedded within the closed captioning data; and
- superimpose the closed captioning data incorporating an interactive element associated with the first topic onto the live image data, wherein the first topic includes a query panel associating the first topic with the interactive element.

11. The end-user device of claim 10, wherein the application, when executing, causes the processor to highlight objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera, the objects of interest associated with a topic.

12. The end-user device of claim 11, wherein to highlight the objects of interest in the displayed live image data being captured by the camera, the application, when executing, causes the processor to:

- send the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity, the pose including the location and orientation of the end-user device;

- receive the objects of interest from the augmented reality platform entity based on the pose of the end-user device.

13. The end-user device of claim 11, wherein to superimpose the closed captioning data onto the live image data, the application, when executing, causes the processor to superimpose the closed captioning data onto one of the objects of interest.

14. The end-user device of claim 11, wherein the application, when executing, causes the processor to, in response

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to receiving a selection of one of the objects of interest associated with second topics, send a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding one of the second topics.

15. The end-user device of claim 10, wherein the application, when executing, causes the processor to, in response to receiving a selection of interactive element within the displayed closed captioning data, send a query to the augmented reality platform entity that includes the corresponding first topic.

16. The end-user device of claim 15, wherein the application, when executing, causes the processor to, in response to receiving a query result from the augmented reality platform entity:

present a scrubber track, a scrubber, and a plurality of event points, the plurality of event points indicative of chronological categories associated with the query result; and

display a first hierarchy of a plurality of hierarchies associated with records included in the query result associated with one of the chronological categories selected by a position of the scrubber on the scrubber track corresponding to an associated one of the plurality of event points.

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17. A tangible computer readable medium comprising instructions that, when executed, cause an end-user device to:

present, on a display of an end-user device, live image data being captured by a camera of the end-user device;

determine a pose of the end-user device, the pose including a location of the end-user device;

send the pose of the end-user device to an augmented reality platform entity;

receive closed captioning data from the augmented reality platform entity, the closed captioning data based on the location of the end-user device and including a visual indication of a first topic embedded within the closed captioning data; and

superimpose the closed captioning data incorporating an interactive element associated with the first topic onto the live image data, the visual indication linking the first topic with the interactive element.

18. The tangible computer readable medium of claim 17, wherein the visual indication includes a query panel.

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