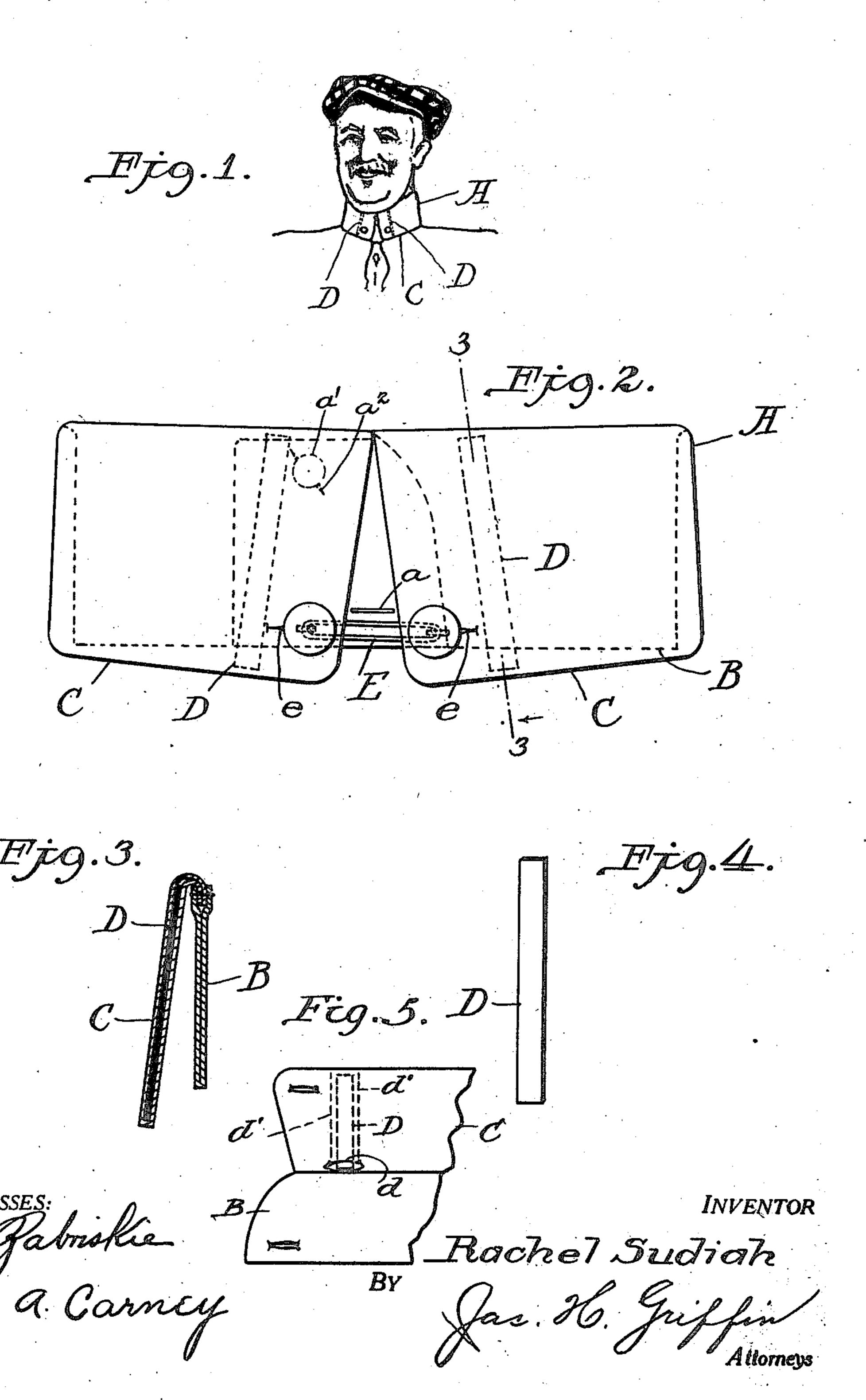
## R. SUDIAH. SOFT FOLD-OVER COLLAR. APPLICATION FILED FEB. 2, 1914.

1,154,943.

Patented Sept. 28, 1915.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

## RACHEL SUDIAH, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## SOFT FOLD-OVER COLLAR.

1,154,943.

Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Sept. 28, 1915.

Application filed February 2, 1914. Serial No. 815,877.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, RACHEL SUDIAH, a g of Bronx, and State of New York, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Soft Fold-Over Collars, of which the following is a specification.

This invention is an improvement in soft 10 fold-over collars, and the object of the invention is a collar of the character specified which, while embodying all the advantages of the ordinary soft collar, overcomes the disadvantages, now inherent in these col-15 lars, of sagging in front, and thus becoming

unsightly.

The present invention overcomes the sagging of soft collars at the front and their failure to retain their shape, in a simple, economical and efficient manner, and, speaking generally, embodies a member positioned near each of the ends of the turned over portion of the collar, whereby said ends are precluded from rolling, sagging or other-25 wise losing their shape. Moreover, what is particularly important, is the fact that the positioning of these members, as specified, enables them to form a support for the front portion of the band of the collar, adjacent 30 the button-holes therein, whereby said band is also effectively supported against sagging.

In the specific and preferred form of practising my invention, a supporting member is positioned near the ends of the folded 35 over portion of the collar, in a substantially upright manner, and between the plies of said folded over portion, whereby said supporting member is concealed from view when the collar is worn, yet serves to effec-40 tively retain the folded over portion of the collar and neckband thereof, particularly at the open, front portion of the collar, in a smooth, unsagging and tidy manner.

In the accompanying drawings I have invention, but the construction shown thereand not as defining the limits of the inven-

tion.

Figure 1 illustrates the application of the present invention in practical use. Fig. 2 is an enlarged front elevation of the collar embodying the present invention, the same being shown detached from the shirt. Fig. 3 55 is a transverse section on line 3—3 of Fig. 2, and, Fig. 4 is a perspective view of a

single supporting and sustaining member detached. Fig. 5 is a fragmental view of citizen of the United States, residing in the one end of the collar, the folded or normally city of New York, borough of Bronx, county turned over portion being turned up to 60 show the under-side. In this form of the invention, the supporting members are detachable.

> Referring to the drawings, A indicates a soft folded over collar of the type commonly 65 worn by men during the summer season. The collar is secured to the neckband of the shirt by means of the usual buttons coöperating with the button-holes at the front

and back of the collar.

The collar overlaps at the front, and button-holes a, coöperate with the front collar button to hold the lower portion of the neckband B of the collar tightly around the neck of the shirt, while the upper edge of said 75 neckband B is held tight by a coöperating button a' and button-hole  $a^2$  situated on one free end of the collar band and on the other free end thereof, respectively.

The folded over portion C is provided 80 with extending members D positioned substantially upright near the open front of the collar, and between the plies of the material forming the turned over portion thereof. These members D are preferably inserted 85 and sewed in place during the manufacture of the collar, and are so secured by stitching, or the like, that they are concealed from view when the collar is worn. These members may, however, be made detachable as 90 shown in Fig. 5, so that they may be taken out when the collar is laundered.

The function of the members D is twofold, viz., to maintain the turned over portion C of the collar in an extended position, 95 and to form a support for the neckband B, and these features are embodied in the col-

lar illustrated.

When the collar A is in place about the neck of the wearer, its neckband B is held 100 45 illustrated one practical embodiment of the tight circumferentially by means of the usual collar buttons coöperating with the in is to be understood as illustrative, only, button-holes, a, at the lower portion of the neckband, and the coöperating button and button-hole, a' and  $a^2$ , at the upper edge 105 thereof, as is usual. At the front and near the free points of the turned over portion, are button-holes, e, with which coöperates the usual link, E, commonly used to hold the free ends of the turned over portion in 110 proper form. The turned-over portion, C, of the collar is preferably a little wider than

the neckband thereof, so that, when positioned on the wearer, the lower edge of the turned over portion will rest on the shirt bosom, or in the case of a soft shirt, on the 5 collar bone of the wearer. Thus, the members, D, sewed in the turned-over portion of the collar, will serve to maintain said folded over portion in an extended position, while their lower ends lightly rest on the shirt 10 bosom or on the collar bone of the wearer, and support the neckband of the collar against such sagging, as is usually the case

in collars of this type.

It has heretofore been common to apply 15 stays and stiffening members in collars, particularly in those worn by women. Applicant has, however, conceived novel means for supporting a soft turn over collar of the men's style, which means is extremely sim-20 ple, yet highly efficient, and is not visible when incorporated in the collar. Moreover, when the straight, rigid supporting members are stitched in place between the plies of material from which the turned-over por-25 tion of the collar is formed, the extending points of said turned-over portion are held extended, and at the same time the collar band is supported by virtue of the fact that the lower ends of the rigid members rest or 30 the collar bone or shirt bosom of the wearer. When the extending members, D, are resting on the collar bone of the wearer, and supporting the neckband, B, at the front of the collar, the coöperating button, a', and 35 button-hole a2, hold the top portion of the collar together at the front, and thereby maintain the entire circumference of the collar in an upstanding position.

It is desirable, in order to obtain the best 40 results, to make the extension members, D in length, equal to or greater than the breadth of the neckband of the collar, whereby the lower edge of the members D will, at all times, rest upon the shirt bosom or collar 45 bone of the wearer, thus insuring the proper extension of the turned over portion of the collar and the supporting of the neckband

thereof.

In Fig. 5 of the drawings, I have illus-50 trated one method by which the supporting

members D, may be detachably retained between the plies of the turned-over portion C, of the collar. According to this embodiment of the invention, a little slit d, is made along the line of junction between the turned-over 55 portion of the collar and the neckband, which slit extends through one of the inside plies but does not extend all the way through the collar, and lines of stitching, d', are provided to form a channel intermediate the 60 plies. Thus, the supporting member D may. be slipped into the position shown in Fig. 5, when the turned-over portion of the collar is turned up, and, when the collar is turned down to its normal position, the slit d, will 65 be closed, and the member D cannot inadvertently work out of place.

Having thus fully described the invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by

Letters Patent is:-

As a new article of manufacture, a turnedover soft collar embodying a substantially up-standing neck-band and a turned-over portion, said collar being provided at each end of the turned-over portion with a sub- 75 stantially upright strip of substantially rigid material, of different material from that composing the body of the collar, said strips being entirely separate and distinct from each other, and approximately of the same 80 length as the height of the turned-over portion of the collar and positioned in pockets located between the plies of said collar, the turned-over portion being in height substantially the same as the height of the neck-85 band of the collar, whereby the lower ends of the supporting strips are adapted to rest upon the shirt bosom or collarbone of the wearer for the purpose of maintaining said turned-over portion in extended position and 90 simultaneously supporting the neck-band against sagging.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of

two subscribing witnesses.

RACHEL SUDIAH.

Witnesses:

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C. ZABRISKIE, F. S. Fitzsimons.

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