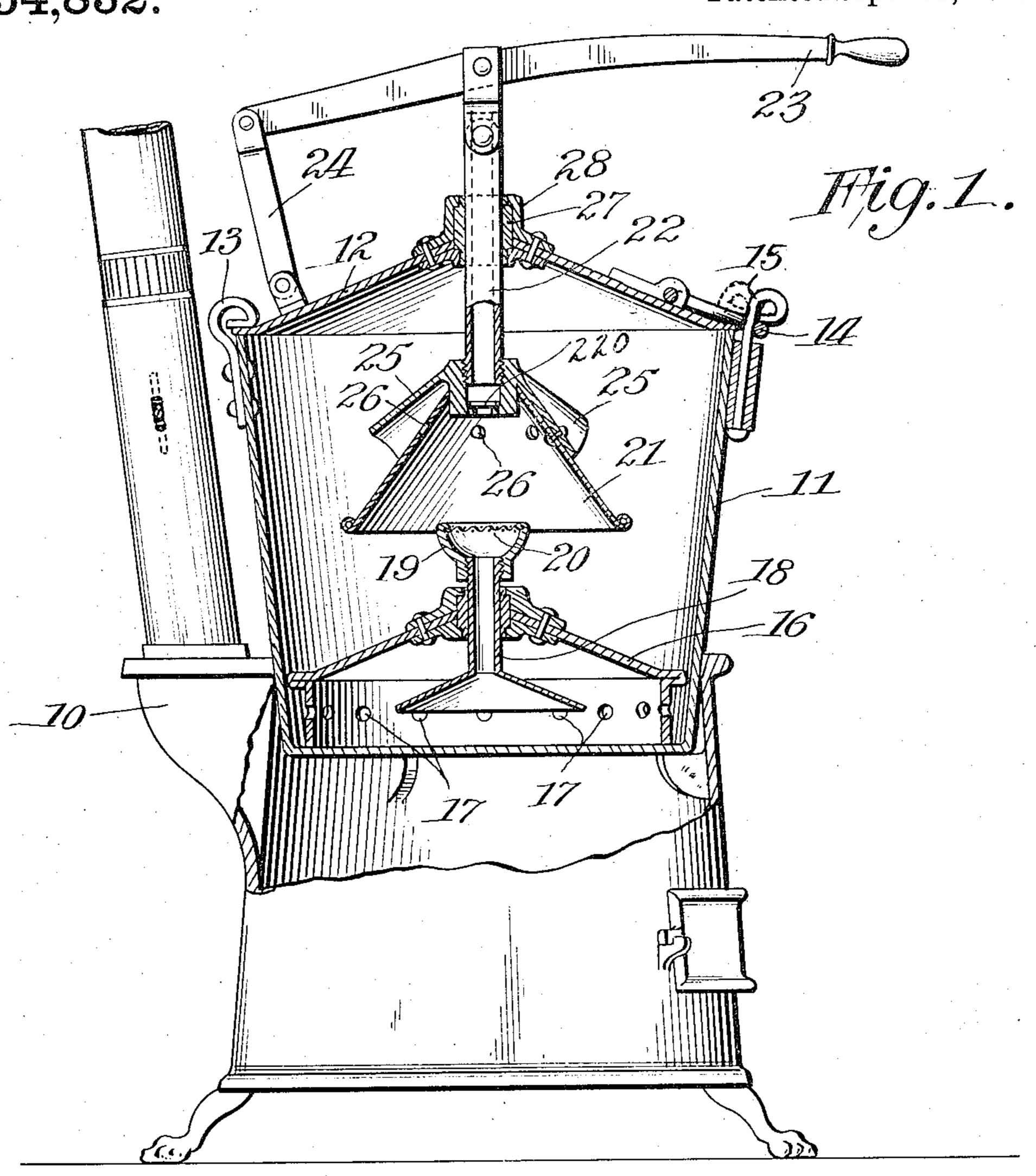
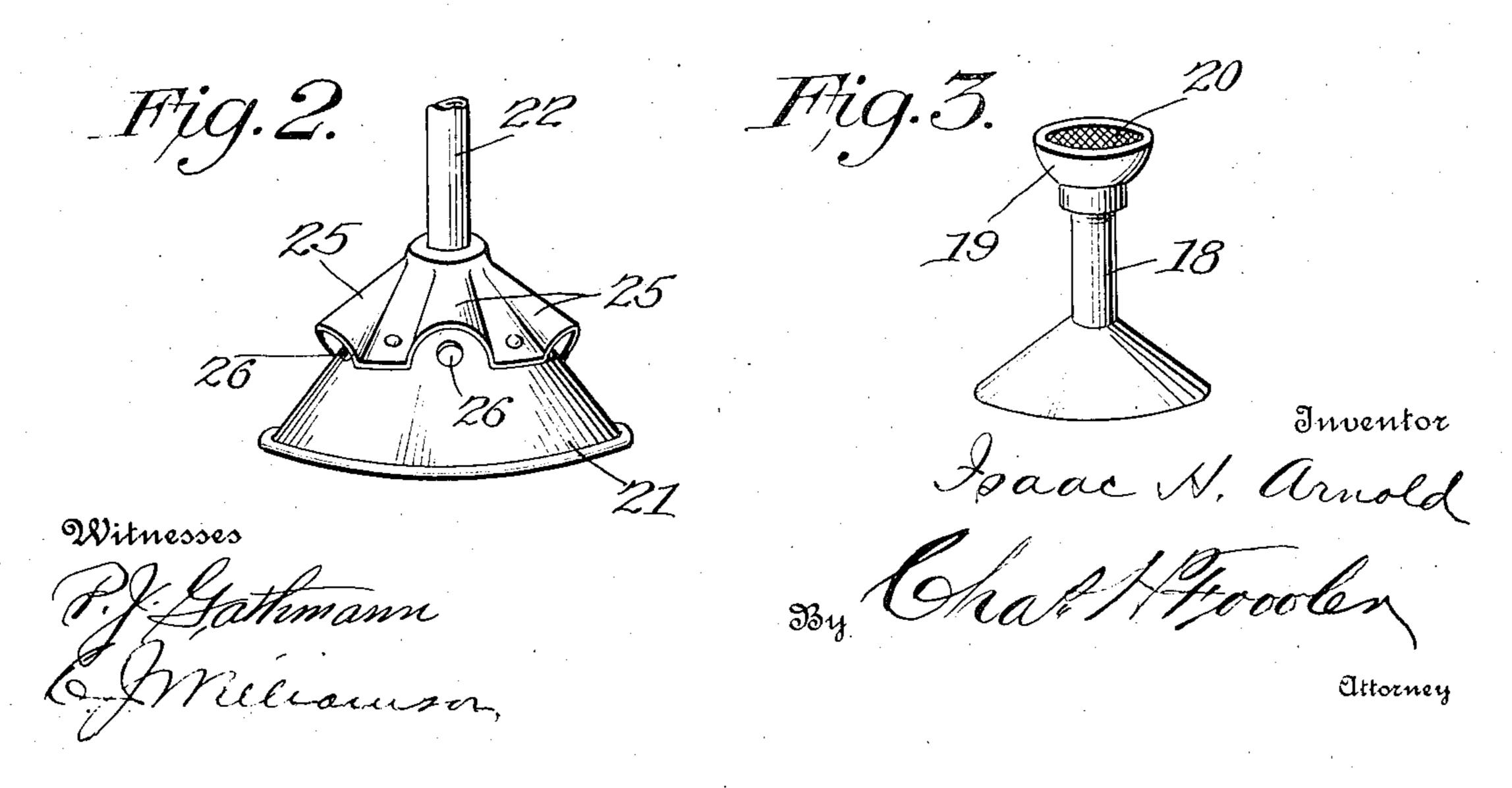
## I. H. ARNOLD. WASHING MACHINE. APPLICATION FILED SEPT. 5, 1913.

1,154,832.

Patented Sept. 28, 1915.





## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ISAAC HILL ARNOLD, OF ANIMAS, NEW MEXICO.

## WASHING-MACHINE.

1,154,832.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Sept. 28, 1915.

Application filed September 5, 1913. Serial No. 788,291.

To all whom it may concern:

5 of New Mexico, having invented certain new and useful Improvements in Washing-Machines; and do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the same, reference being had to the an-10 nexed drawings, making a part of this specification, and to the letters and figures of reference marked thereon.

My invention relates to washing machines of the type shown in the patent to myself 15 and others No. 566,885, September 1, 1896, wherein a boiler is employed that is detachably applied to a stove, the association of the boiler and the stove in this type being for the purpose of enabling the use of the 20 stove either indoors, or outdoors, for ironing, cooking or for other purposes when clothes are not to be washed, and the object of my invention is to improve the washing 25 more efficient and rapid in its work, more of suds and steam from within the false botdurable and more convenient and easier to tom to the outside thereof, or vice versa. manipulate, and to these ends my invention Reciprocable vertically above the false consists in the washing machine constructed 30 claimed.

In the accompanying drawings Figure 1 is a vertical section of the washing machine embodying my invention, the upper portion only of the stove being shown in section; 35 Fig. 2 is a detail view in perspective of a portion of the plunger or pounder; Fig. 3 40 the false bottom is secured.

In the drawings 10 designates the upper 45 the boiler supported. No description of the vided with a hole or perforation 26 so that special construction of the stove is needed steam and soap suds may pass freely into beyond explaining that it has such form and and out of the pounder, the flutes forming construction as enables it to be used in conjunction with the boiler and also used for 50 any of the uses to which a stove is ordinarily put when the boiler is removed. When the boiler is removed a cover or top suitable for heating irons may be placed thereon.

The boiler 11 has a removable top 12. 55 Said top is secured in place so as to be easily removed by having its rim at one point in-

serted beneath a curved finger or clip 13 Be it known that I, Isaac H. Arnold, a riveted to the boiler side and at a diametricitizen of the United States, residing at cally opposite point having a loop or hasp Animas, in the county of Grant and State 14 pivoted at one end to it so as to swing 60 into and out of engagement with a hookedshaped end of a pin or bolt 15 that is rotatably mounted on the side of the boiler so that by turning it through a half circle the loop may either readily swing clear of 65 the hooked-shaped end or interlock therewith. The clip 13 is made of spring steel and the free end of the curve is slightly flattened to form a good bearing for the curve.

The boiler has a removable false bottom 70 16 that has a cylindrical rim that is provided with numerous holes or perforations 17 and a conical top, and passing through the apex of the flared top is a tube or pipe section 18 which at its lower end, within the false bot- 75 tom, flares outward and downward, and its upper end outside the false bottom has an enlarged hollow head 19 across the top of which is a piece of wire cloth 20 so that it machine in particulars that will render it will be seen that there may be a circulation 80

bottom within the boiler, is a conical substantially as hereinafter specified and pounder 21, it being secured at the upper 85 end to the lower end of the stem 22 which passes through a central opening in the top, or cover, and outside the latter is connected to an operating handle 23, which by a link 24 is privotally connected to the top, or cover, 90 so that by moving the handle up and down the pounder is reciprocated vertically in the is a detail view in perspective of the device boiler. The stem 22 is tubular so that air through which a circulation of the suds and may pass down through it, and at its lower steam between the interior and exterior of end is a valve 220 that opens on the up- 95 stroke, and air enters the boiler, and closes on the downstroke of the pounder. On the portion of the stove having a removable top outside of the pounder there is a series of so that, as shown in Fig. 1, the lower end hollow projections or flutes 25, beneath each of the boiler 11 will be inserted therein and of which the wall of the pounder is pro- 100 hoods or housings to prevent the closing up of the holes. It will be seen that the verti- 105 cal reciprocation of the pounder, in conjunction with the boiling, will cause suds and steam from within the false bottom to be forced up through the pipe, or tube 18, and drawn or sucked through the clothes upon 110 the ascent of the pounder and then upon its descent the clothes will be pressed down

ward and the suds and steam forced outward through the twill and mesh of the same, they being free to pass downward to, and through the perforations in the false 5 bottom, these operations being facilitated by the air valve in the pounder. On the ascent of the pounder the clothes are loosened, and the suds and steam pass freely therethrough. Thus a thorough agitation of the clothes 10 and their permeation by the suds and steam are accomplished due to the alternate compression and suction. The closing of the top of said tube or pipe 18 by the wire cloth, or other perforated wall, prevents the forc-15 ing of the clothes into the upper part of the tube, and tends to prevent sediment resulting from the washing coming through to the clothes.

In order to provide a bearing for the 20 plunger stem which will not rust or corrode, I employ a bushing 27 of wood which is held between plates 28 on the upper and under sides of the top or cover and which are riveted thereto, and a similar expedient is em-25 ployed to provide the bearings for the tube or pipe 18 in the false bottom. As the metal parts within the boiler are plated to prevent rusting, and as the bushings are of wood, it will be seen that soiling of the clothes from rust is avoided, and the wooden bushing forms a good long bearing that guides the plunger stem or the tube 18, as the case may be, so that each freely moves up and down without lateral motion that would 35 bind and increase the friction. Moreover, the plates 28 materially strengthen the structure where the strain is great.

The pressure generated in the boiler 11 acting upon the flared lower end of the tube 40 18 presses the tube upward so that its upper end is in intimate contact with the clothes at the center of the bundle of clothes, the tube thus following up the clothes, when by

the lifting of the pounder 21 the clothes tend to rise and thus at all times steam and hot 45 suds are applied to the center of the bunch of clothes and penetrate into the same and pass radially, or laterally, outward. If the tube did not follow along with the clothes, obviously upon the lifting of the pounder 50 with the tendency therefrom to lift the clothes, the latter would separate from the top of the tube, and hence, steam and hot suds issuing from the top of the tube could not have the intimate action upon the clothes 55 which comes from the constant contact of the top of the tube with the bunch of clothes. The steam and suds will be concentrated by the tube and issue therefrom against the clothes with considerable force, due to the 60 concentrating effect of the tube.

Having thus described by invention what

I claim is—

1. In a washing machine, the combination with a boiler, a false bottom for the boiler, 65 a vertically movable tube passing through the false bottom and having enlargements, respectively above and below the same, a plunger within the boiler above the false bottom.

2. In a washing machine, the combination of a boiler, a false bottom for the boiler, a vertically movable tube passing through the false bottom and having enlargements, respectively above and below the same, a 75 wooden bushing through which said tube passes, a plunger within the boiler above the false bottom, and means for reciprocating the plunger.

In testimony whereof I affix my signa- 80

ture in presence of two witnesses.

ISAAC HILL ARNOLD.

Witnesses:

RUFUS WAMEL, JOHN C. HENDERSON.