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Fife et al.

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(54) **SUCTION APPARATUS**

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(51) **Int. Cl.**

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A47L 7/00	(2006.01)
A61G 10/00	(2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC ***A61G 13/102*** (2013.01); ***A47G 27/0206*** (2013.01); ***A47L 7/0004*** (2013.01); ***A61G 10/00*** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

None

See application file for complete search history.

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Primary Examiner — Alexander S Thomas

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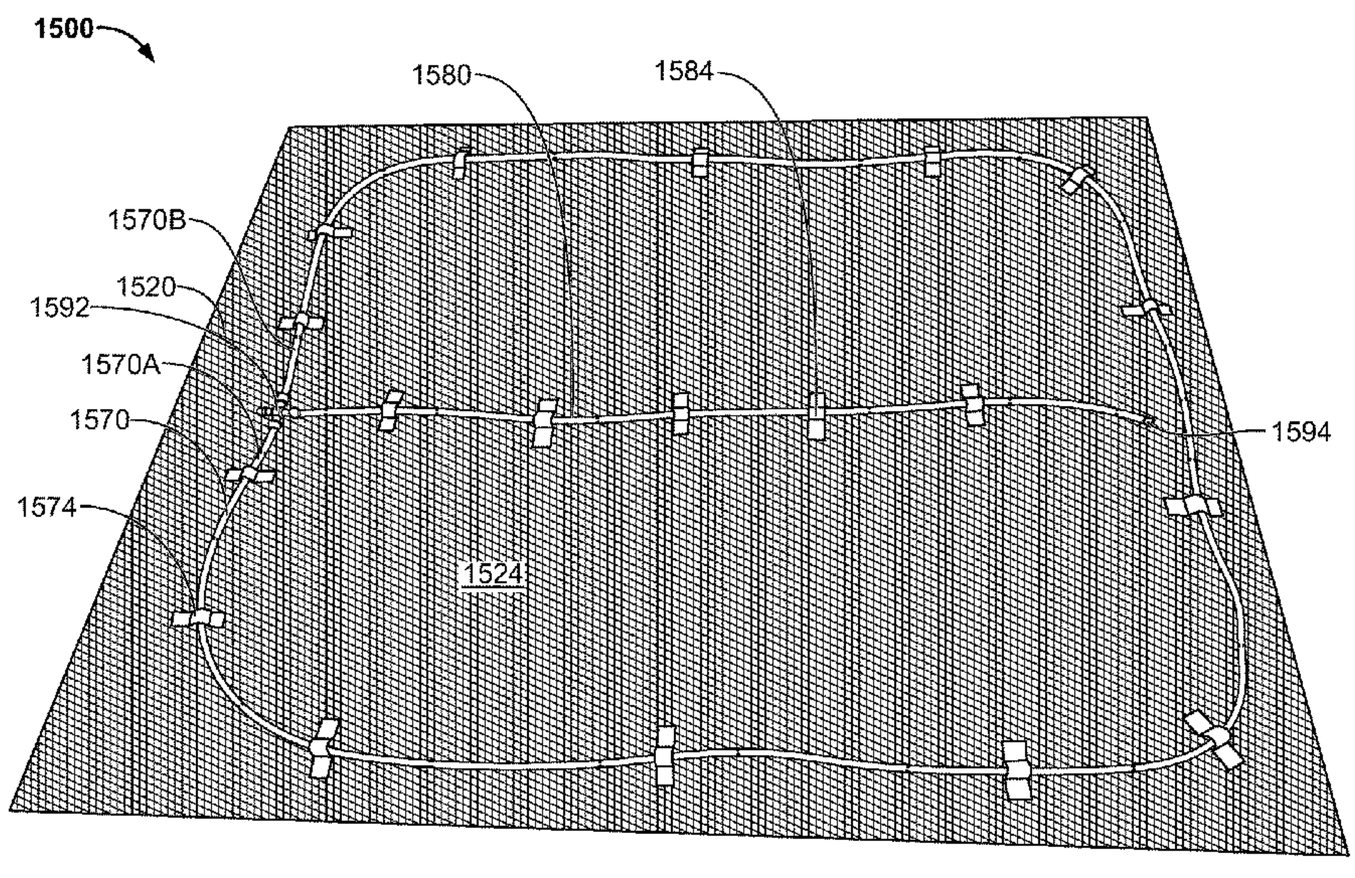
(57) **ABSTRACT**

An apparatus may include a first layer that includes a plurality of inlets and a surface feature; a second layer, where the surface feature opposes the second layer; an outlet, and a pattern defined on at least one of the first layer and the second layer, where the pattern defines a suction path from each inlet of the plurality of inlets to the outlet.

20 Claims, 12 Drawing Sheets



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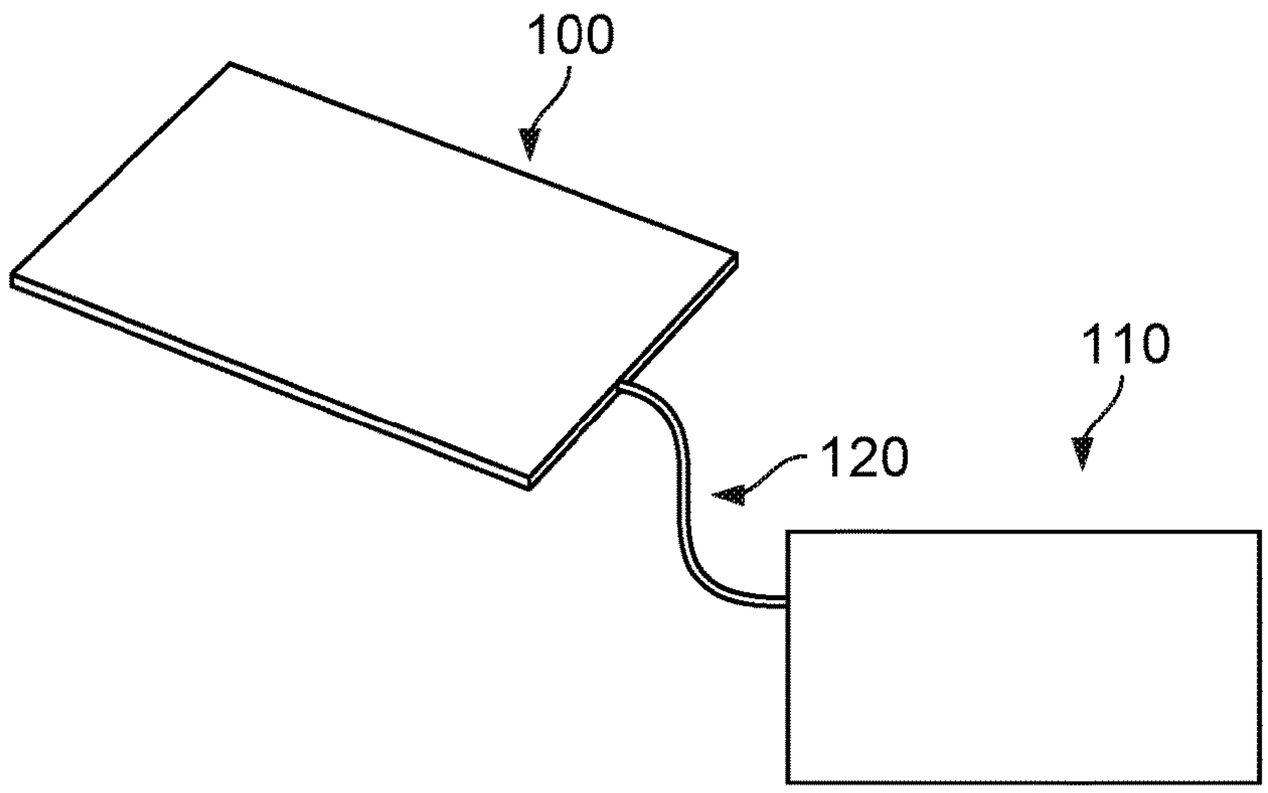


FIG. 1

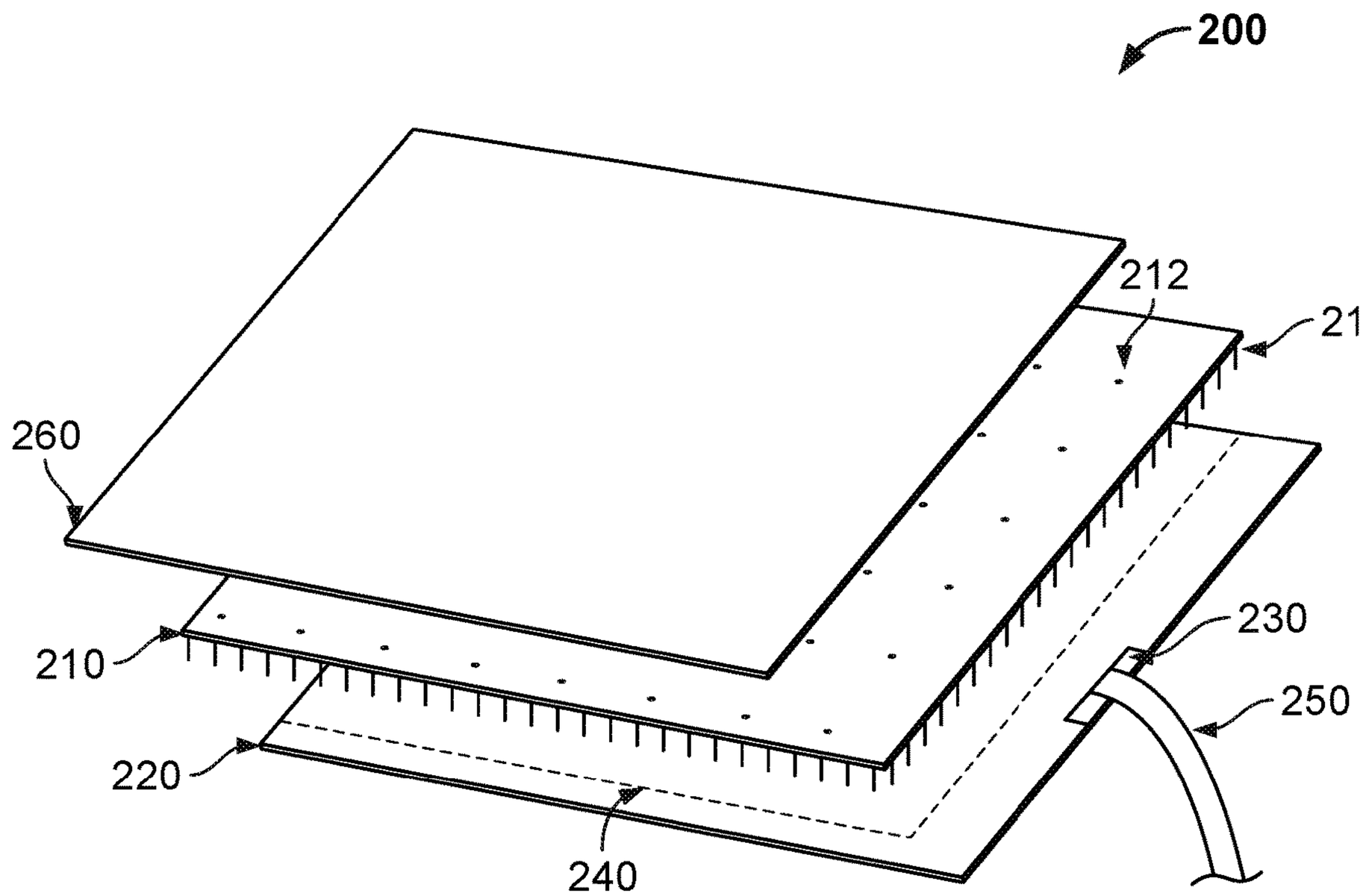


FIG. 2

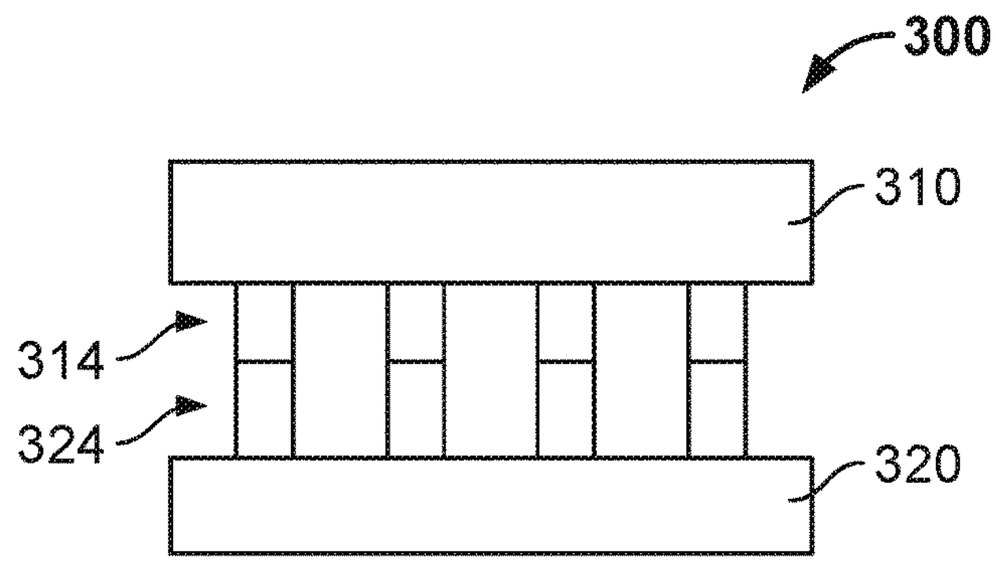


FIG. 3A

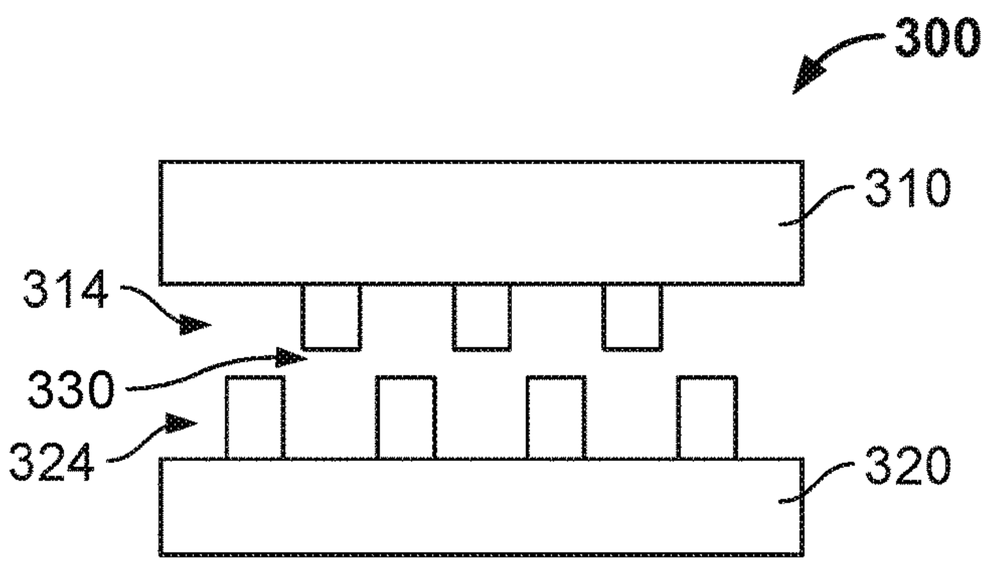


FIG. 3B

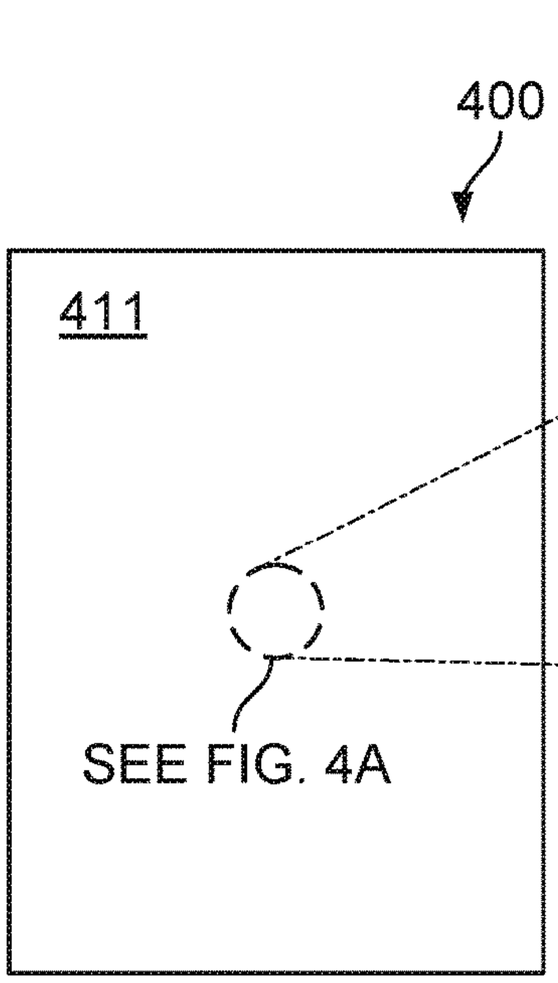


FIG. 4

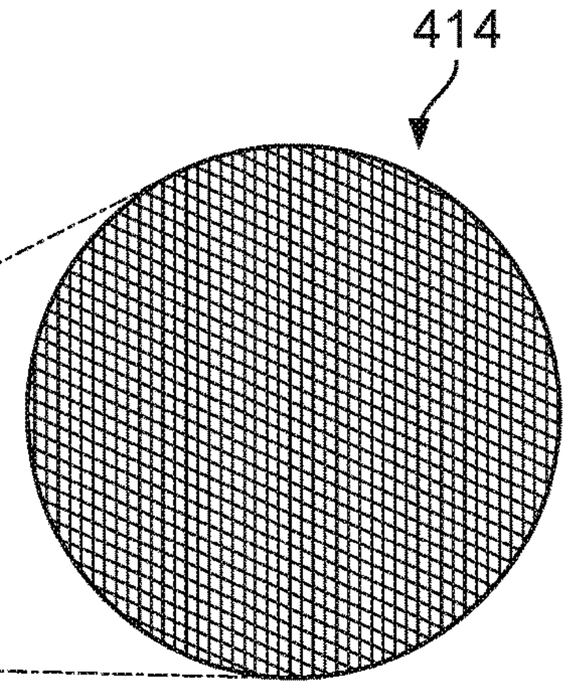


FIG. 4A

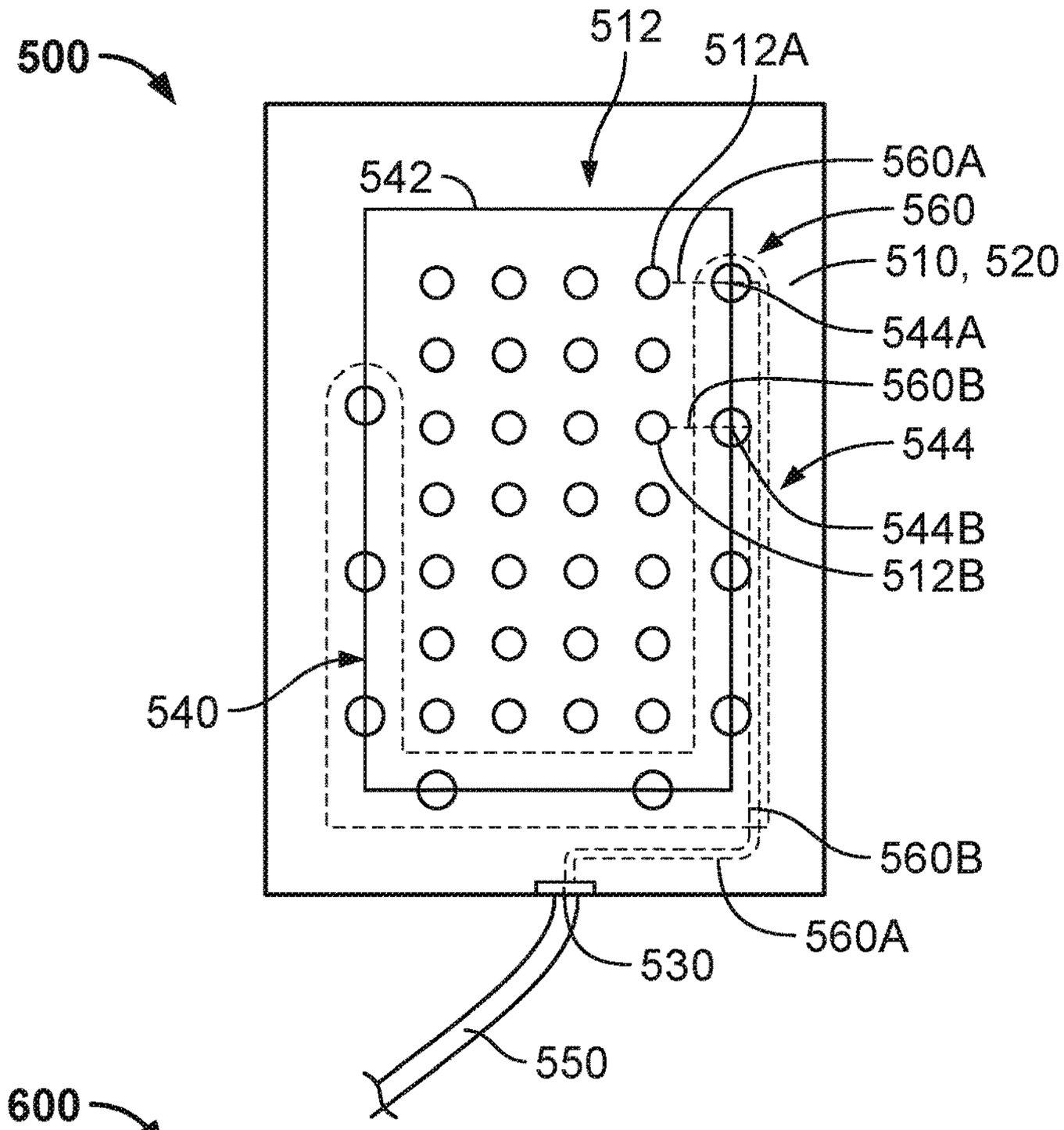
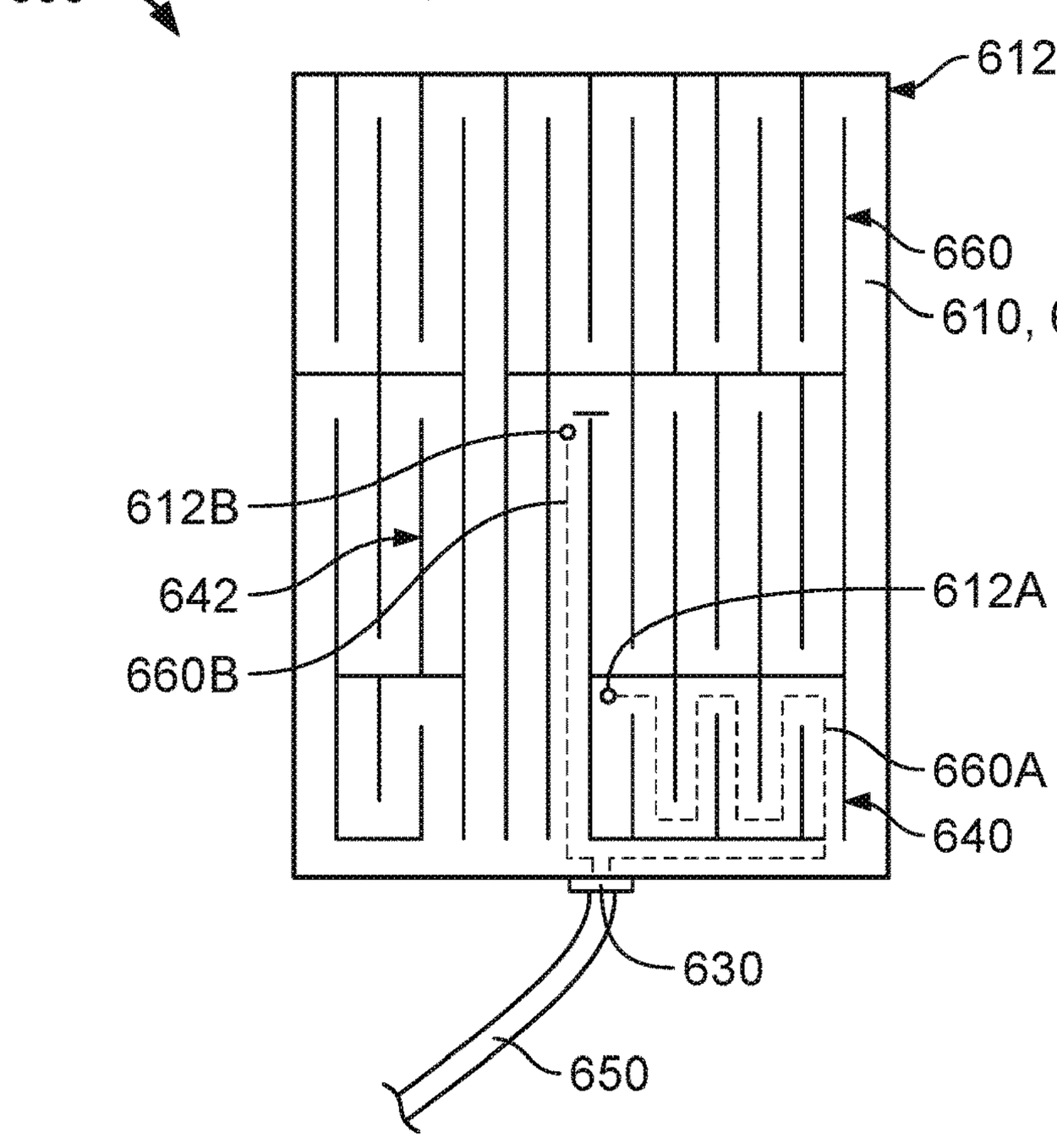

500
512
512A
542
560A
560
510, 520
544A
560B
544
544B
512B
540
560B
560A
530
550

FIG. 5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612
660
610, 620
612B
642
660B
612A
660A
640
630
650

FIG. 6

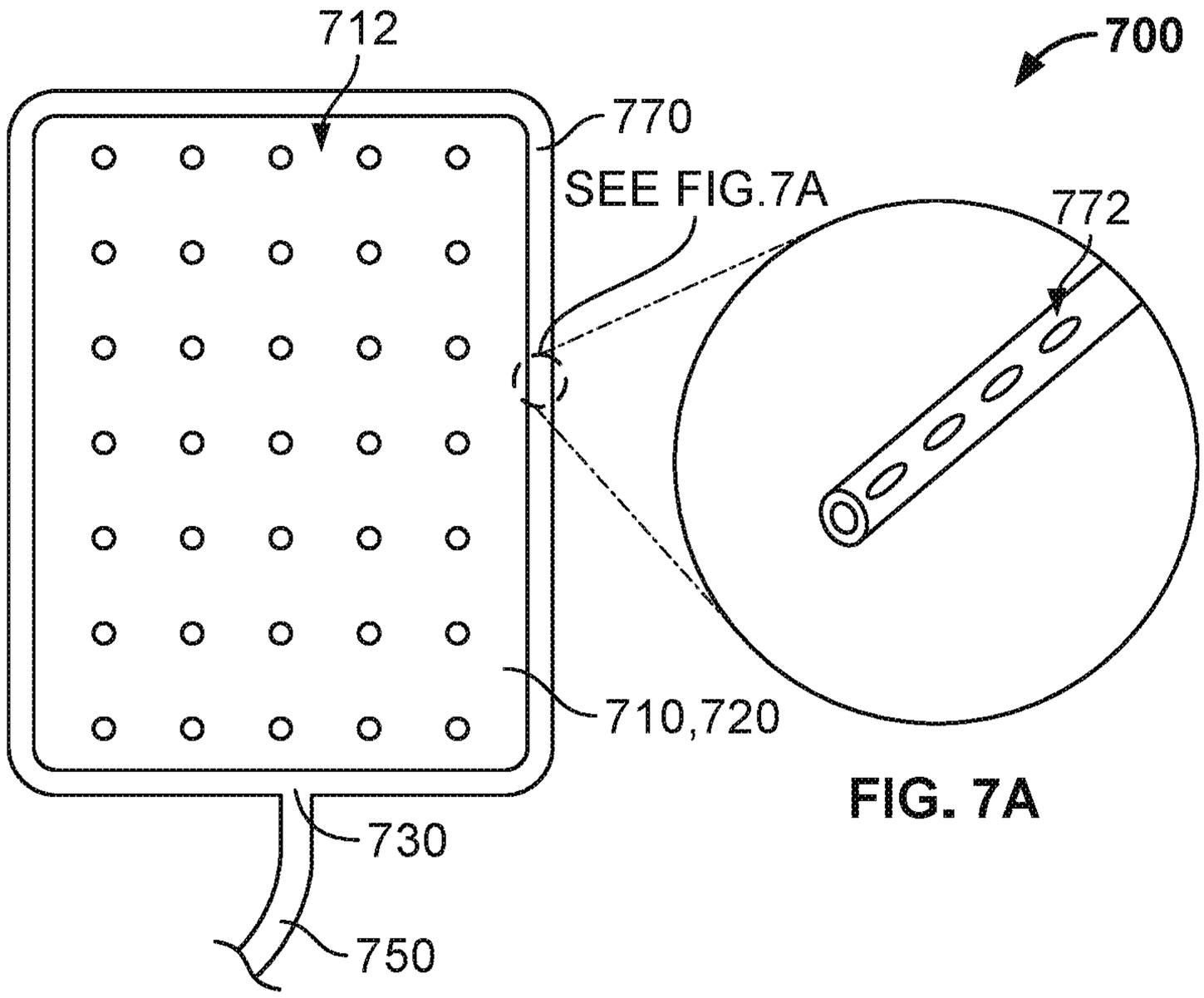


FIG. 7

FIG. 7A

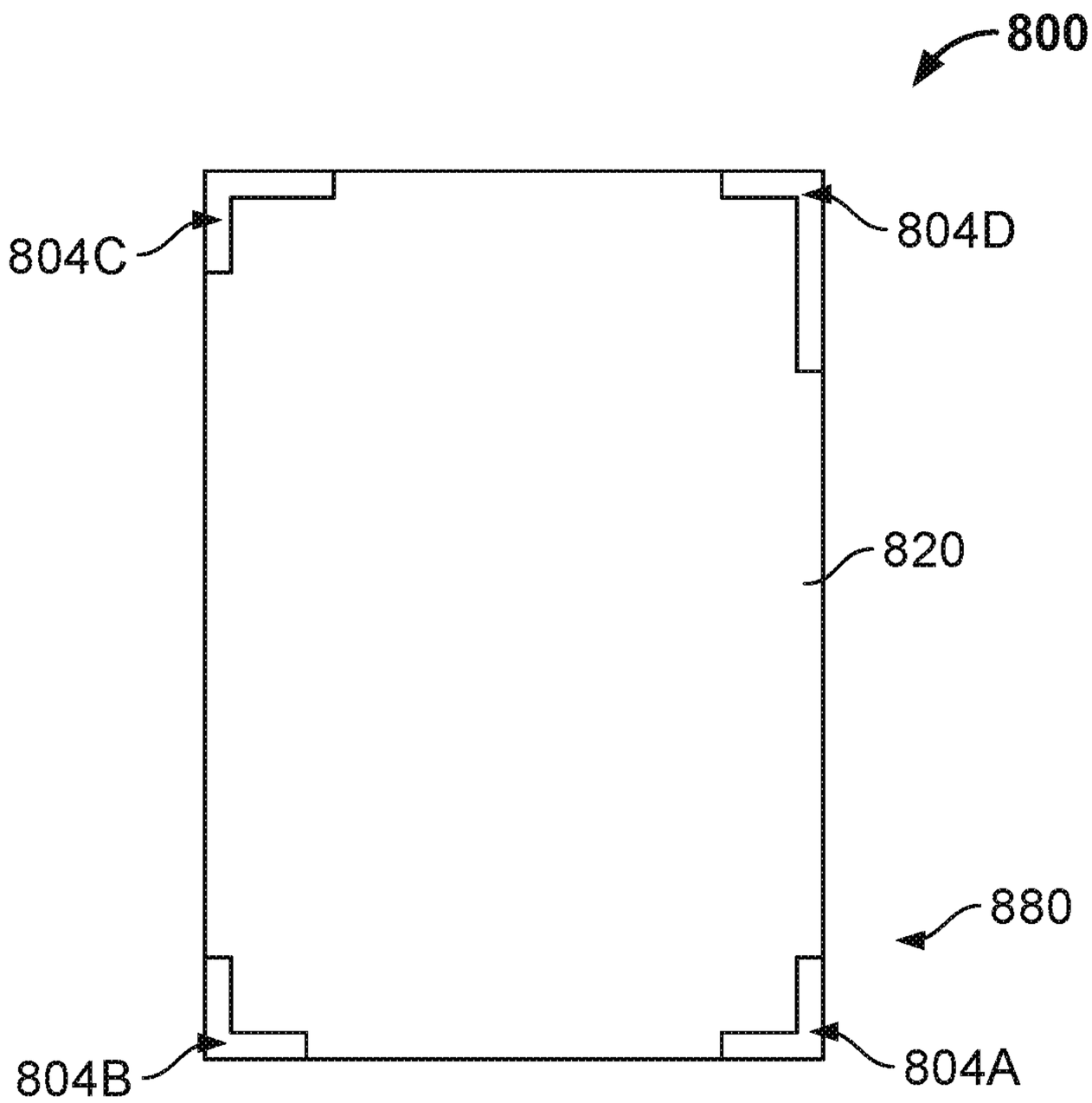


FIG. 8

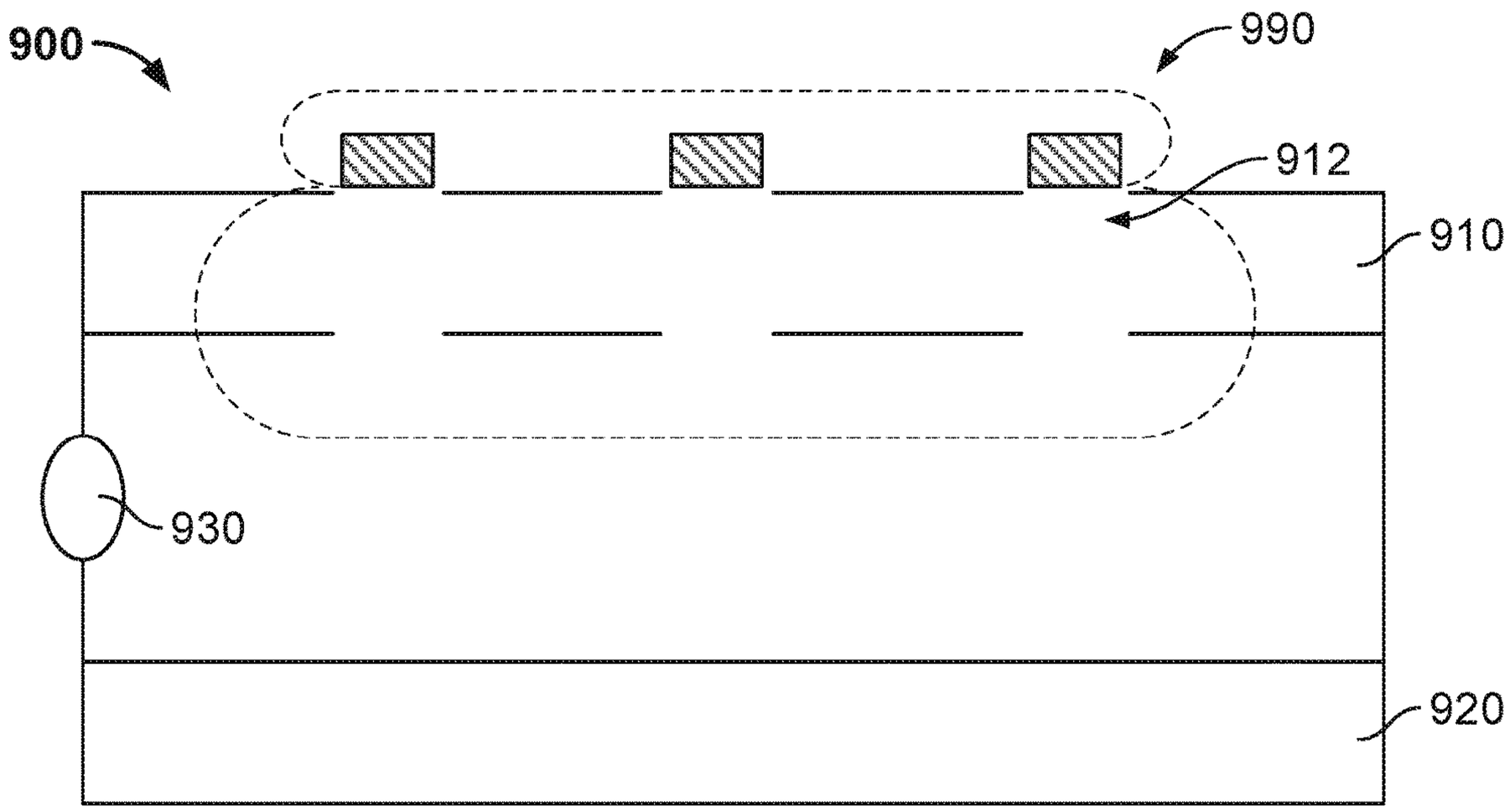


FIG. 9

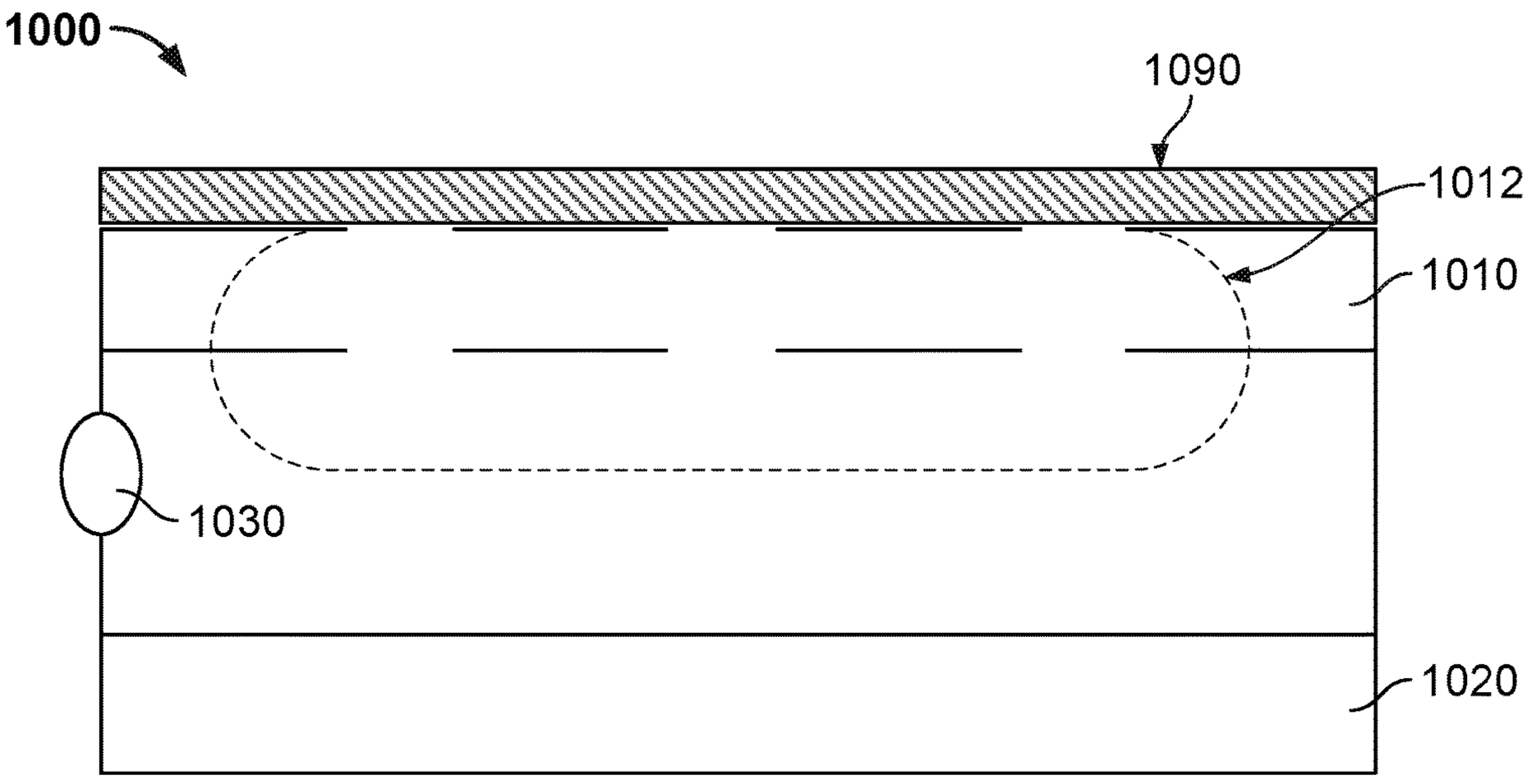


FIG. 10

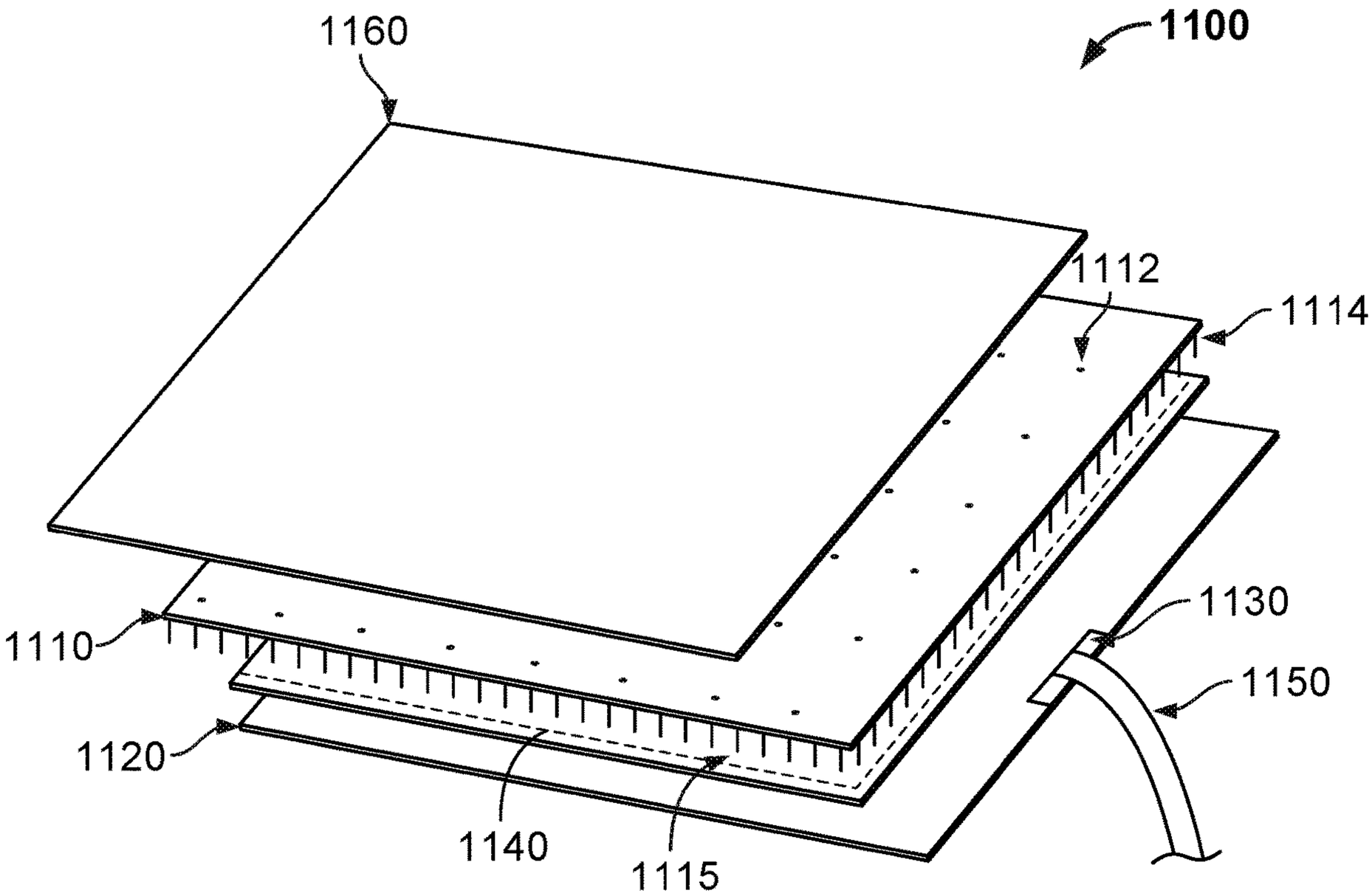


FIG. 11

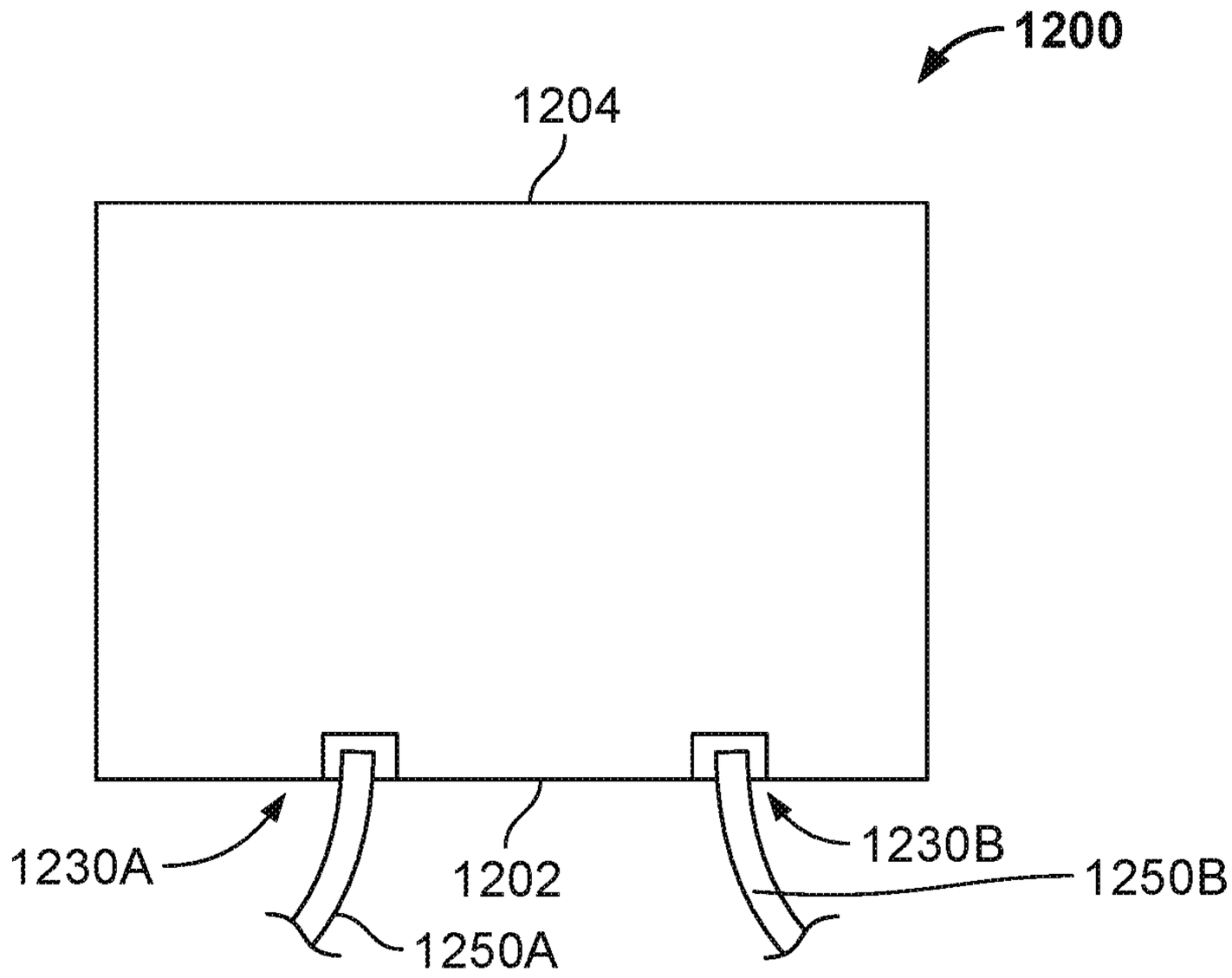
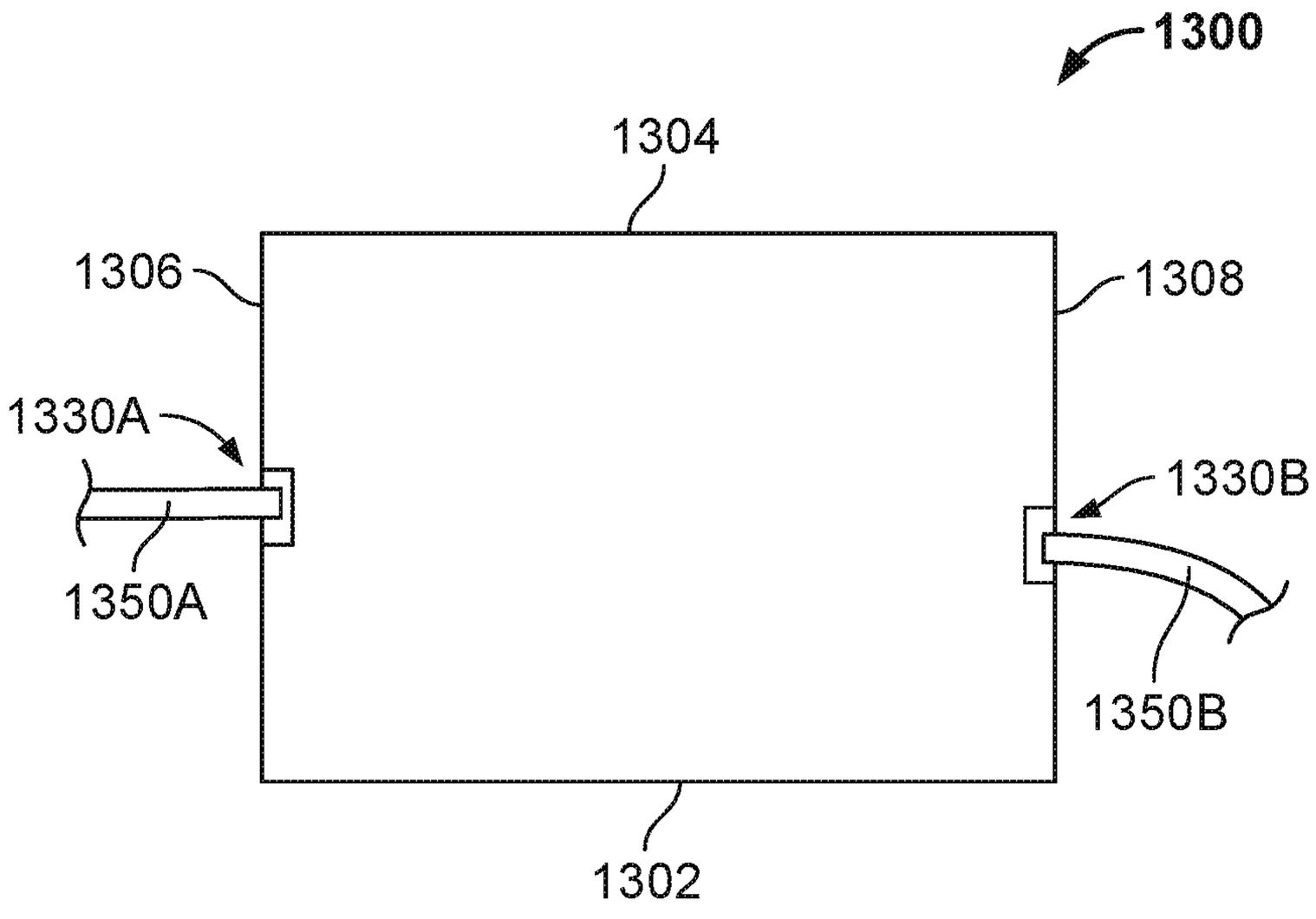

1200
1204
1230A
1202
1230B
1250B
1250A

FIG. 12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1304
1306
1308
1330A
1330B
1350A
1350B
1302

FIG. 13

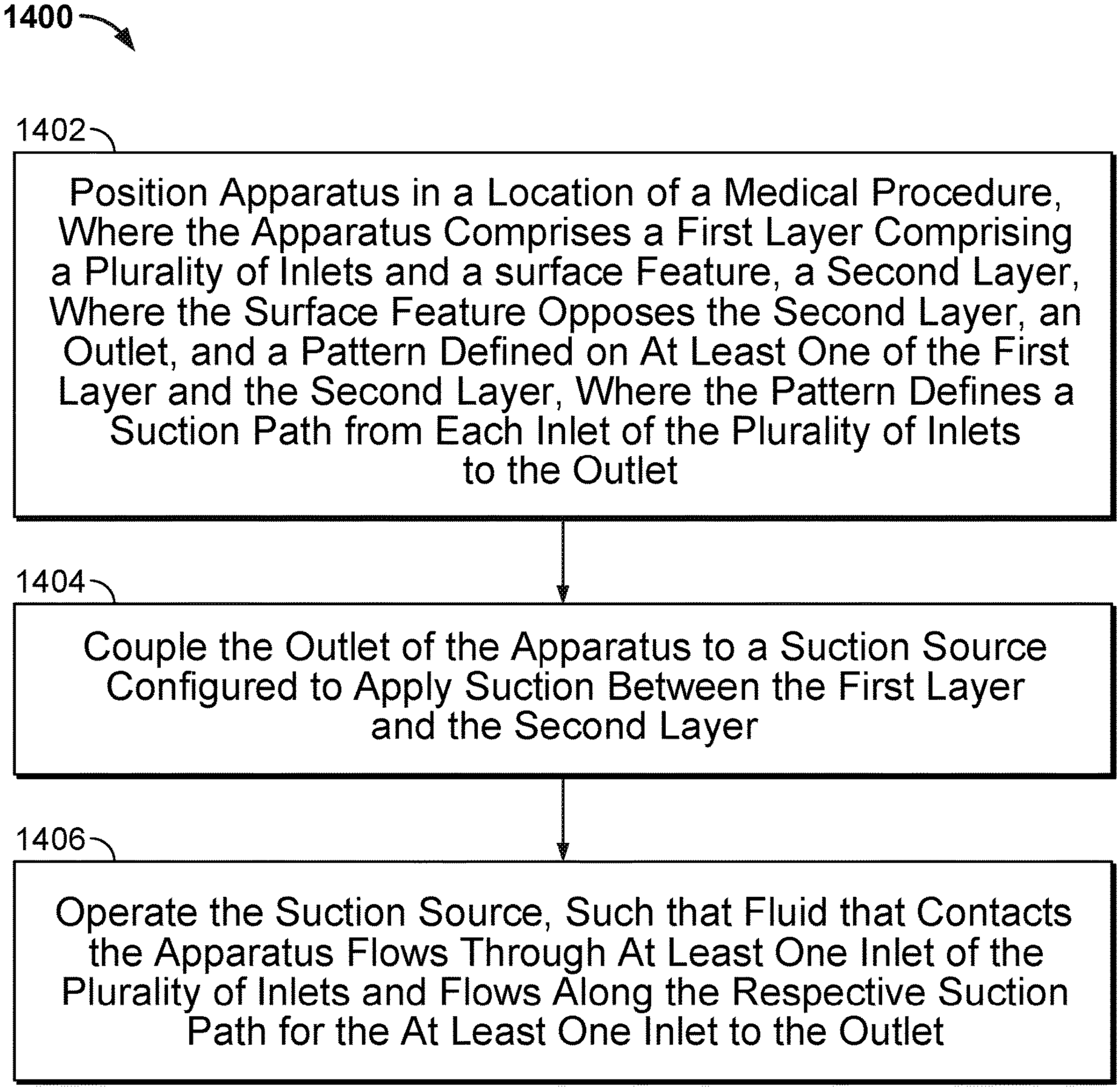

1400
1402
Position Apparatus in a Location of a Medical Procedure, Where the Apparatus Comprises a First Layer Comprising a Plurality of Inlets and a surface Feature, a Second Layer, Where the Surface Feature Opposes the Second Layer, an Outlet, and a Pattern Defined on At Least One of the First Layer and the Second Layer, Where the Pattern Defines a Suction Path from Each Inlet of the Plurality of Inlets to the Outlet
1404
Couple the Outlet of the Apparatus to a Suction Source Configured to Apply Suction Between the First Layer and the Second Layer
1406
Operate the Suction Source, Such that Fluid that Contacts the Apparatus Flows Through At Least One Inlet of the Plurality of Inlets and Flows Along the Respective Suction Path for the At Least One Inlet to the Outlet

FIG. 14

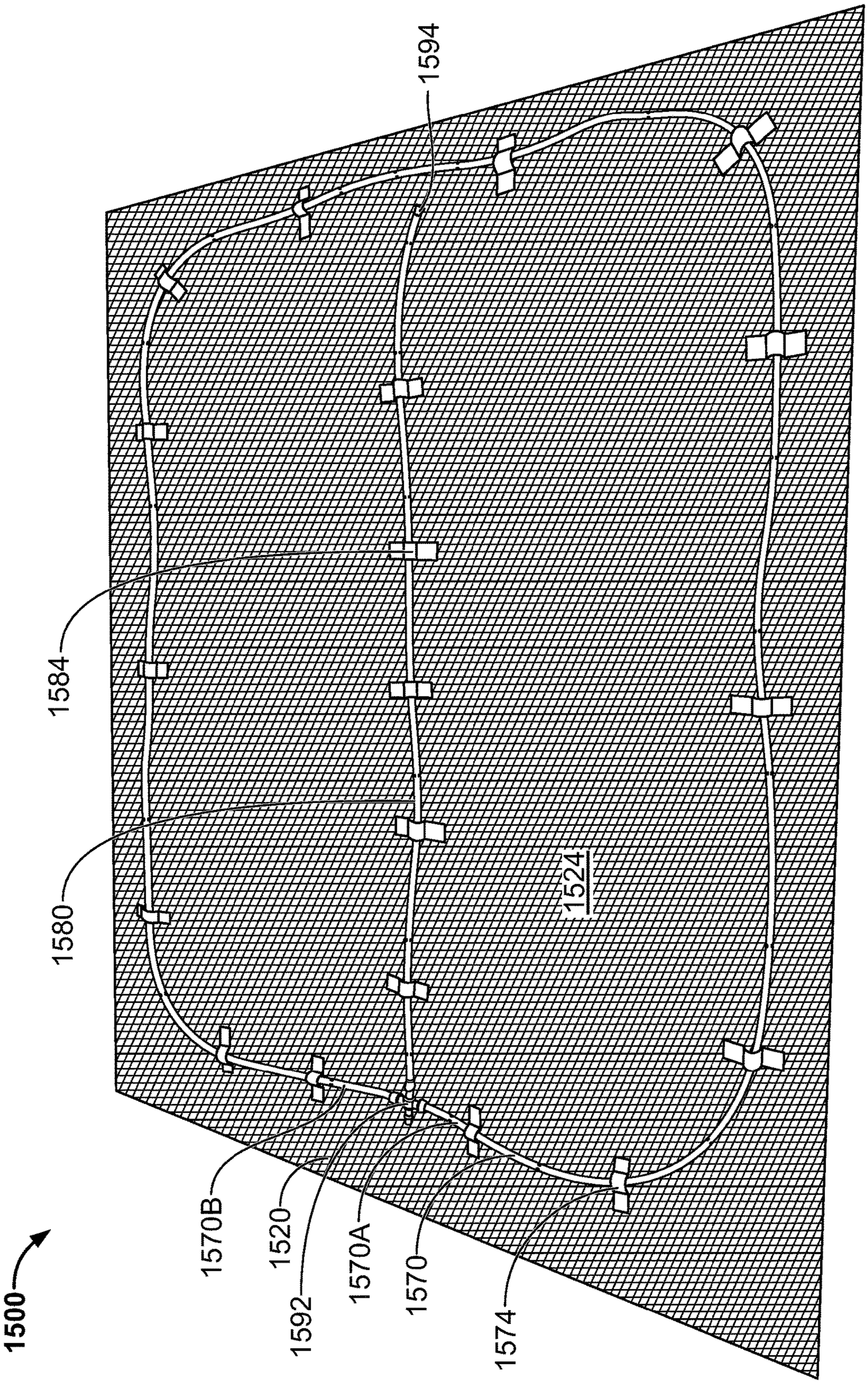
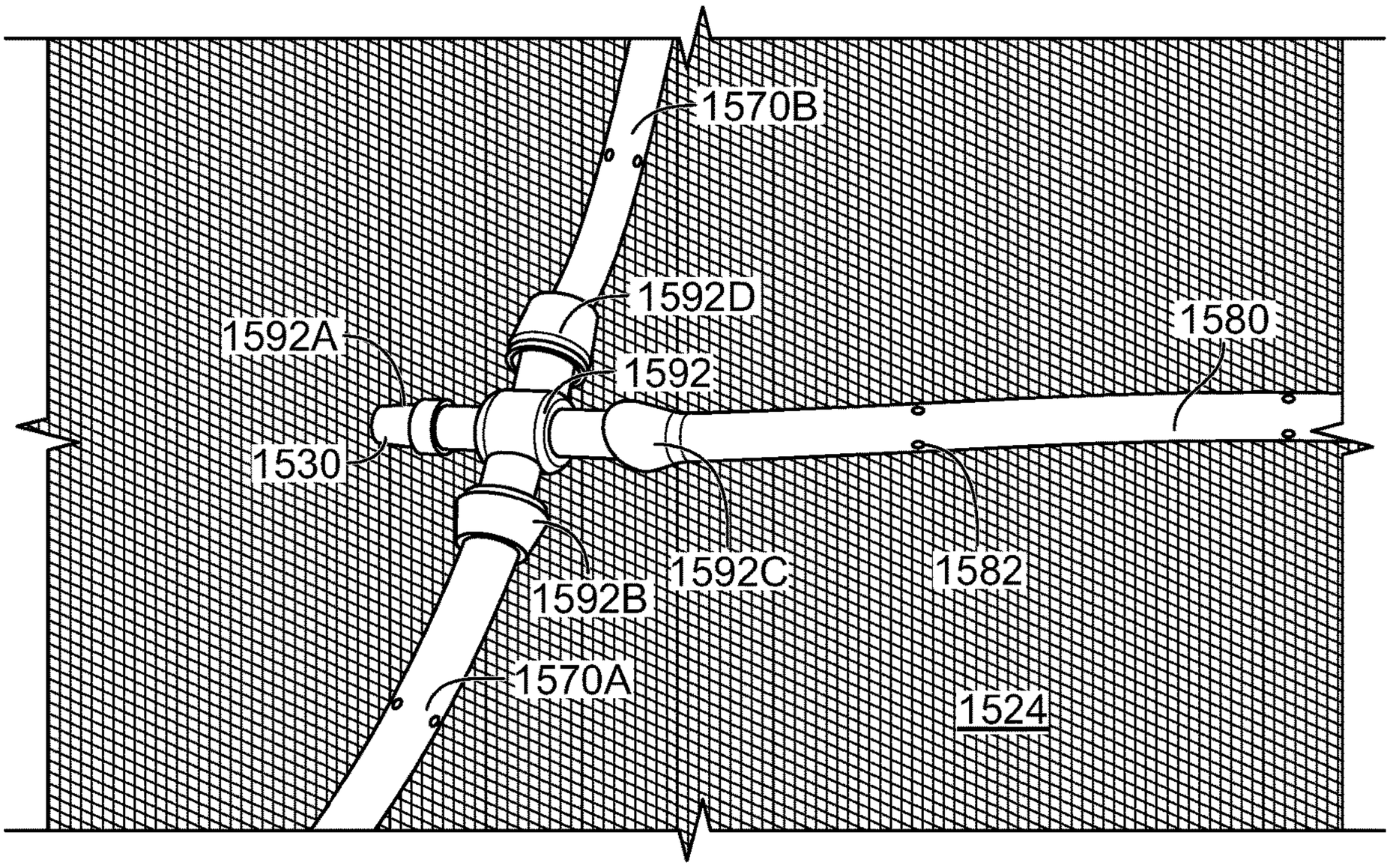


FIG. 15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1592D
1592A
1592
1580
1530
1592C
1582
1592B
1570A
1524

FIG. 16

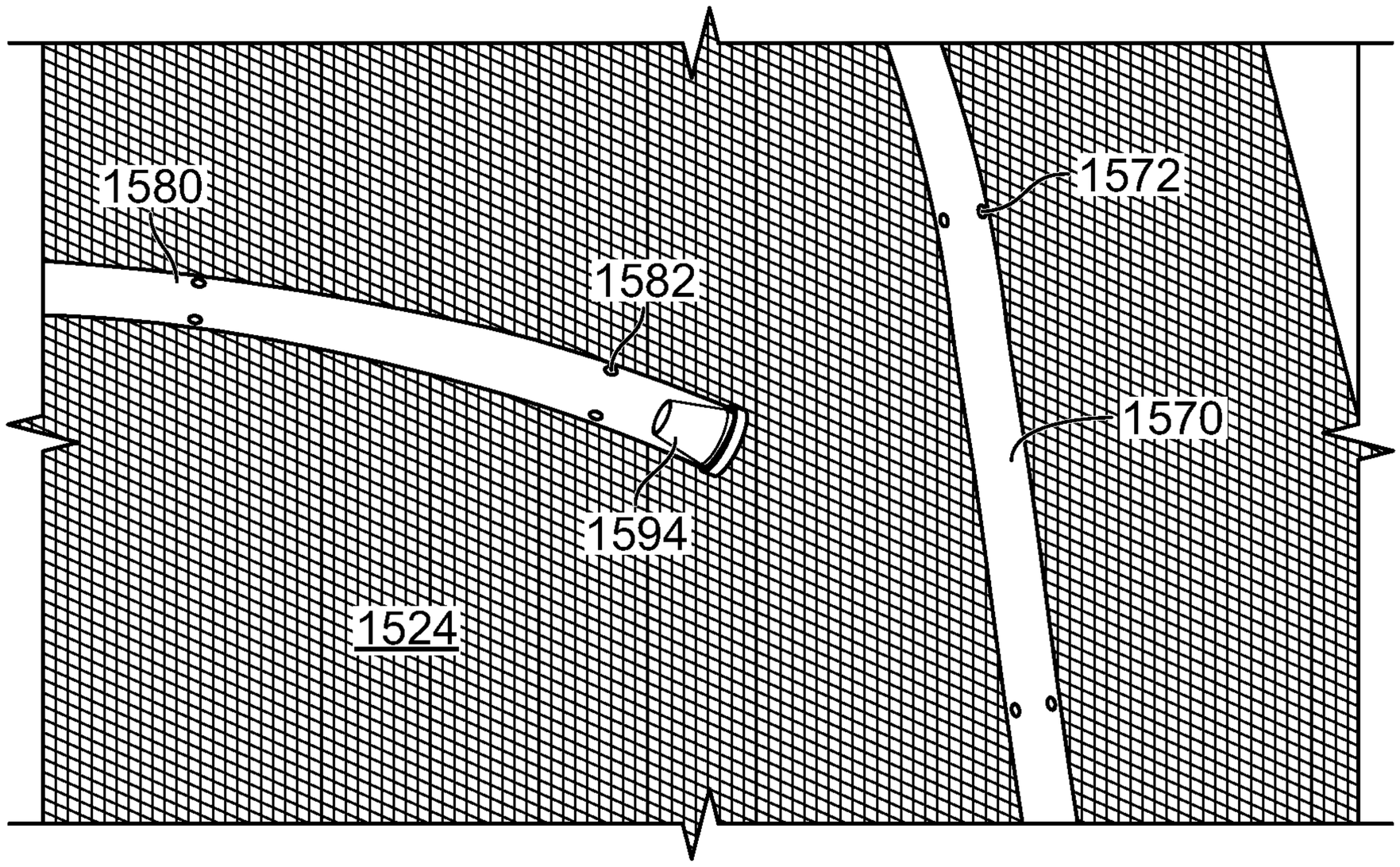

FIG. 17

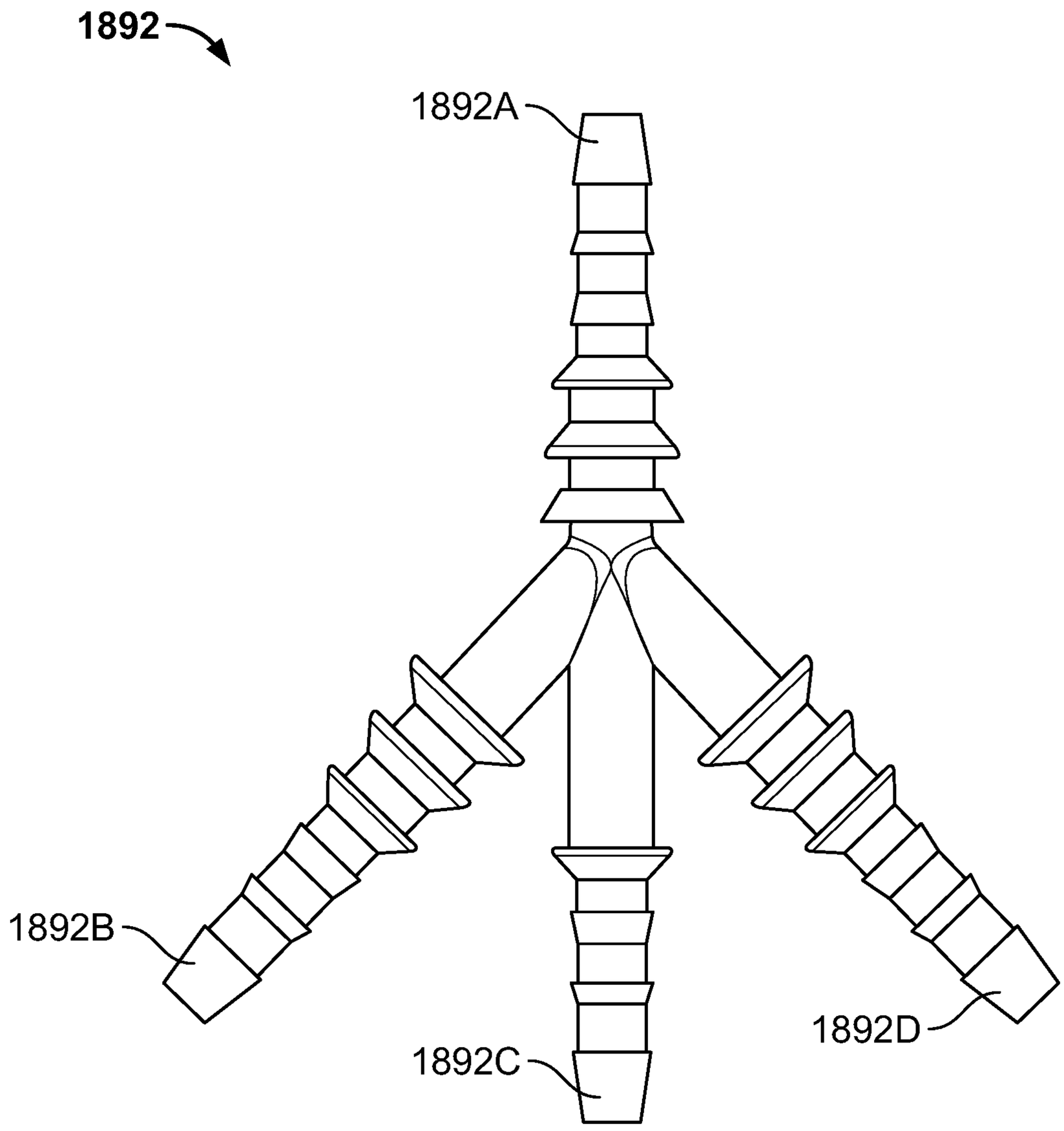

FIG. 18

SUCTION APPARATUS

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

The present application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 16/479,552, filed Jul. 19, 2019, now U.S. Pat. No. 11,224,552, which claims priority to International Application No. PCT/US2018/014515, filed Jan. 19, 2018, which claims priority to U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/448,955, filed Jan. 20, 2017, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

BACKGROUND

During medical procedures, fluid may come into contact with a floor of an operating room. Excess fluid may be removed from the floor during or after the medical procedure.

SUMMARY

In one aspect, an apparatus is disclosed. Example apparatus may include a first layer including a plurality of inlets and a surface feature; a second layer, where the surface feature opposes the second layer; an outlet, and a pattern defined on at least one of the first layer and the second layer, where the pattern defines a suction path from each inlet of the plurality of inlets to the outlet.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed, where the pattern comprises a grid, and where the grid defines the suction path from each inlet of the plurality of inlets to the outlet.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed, where the suction paths from each inlet of the plurality of inlets to the outlet have substantially equal lengths.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed, where the pattern comprises a perimeter disposed around the plurality of inlets, where the perimeter has one or more openings, and where the perimeter and one or more openings define the suction path from each inlet of the plurality of inlets to the outlet.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed, where the surface feature is molded on the first layer.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed, where the second layer includes a second surface feature, and where the second surface feature contacts the first surface feature.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed, where the second surface feature is molded on the second layer.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed, where the pattern is defined on the first layer and the second layer by sealing the first layer and the second layer.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed, where the pattern is defined on the first layer and the second layer by pressing the pattern on the first layer and the second layer.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed, where at least one of the first layer and the second layer includes a surfactant that reduces surface tension of fluid.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed that further includes a cover layer disposed over the first layer, where the cover layer is configured to distribute fluid to two or more inlets of the plurality of inlets.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed, where at least one inlet of the plurality of inlets includes a perforation in the first surface.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed, where the plurality of inlets has an area that is greater than an area of the outlet.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed that further includes a tube coupled to the outlet, where the tube is disposed around the plurality of inlets, and where the tube comprises a plurality of perforations through a surface of the tube.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed, where the outlet is configured to be coupled to a suction source for applying suction between the first and second layers.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed that further includes a plurality of dissolvable barriers disposed over the plurality of inlets.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed, where at least one dissolvable barrier of the plurality of dissolvable barriers includes a gas-impervious film.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed, where each dissolvable barrier of the plurality of dissolvable barriers is configured to dissolve when contacted by liquid.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed that further includes a dissolvable barrier layer disposed over the plurality of inlets and the first layer, where the dissolvable barrier layer includes a plurality of portions, where each portion of the plurality of portions is disposed over a respective inlet of the plurality of inlets.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed. Example apparatus may include a first layer including a plurality of inlets; a second layer, where the second layer opposes the first layer; a perimeter outlet disposed between the first and second layer, where the outlet is configured to be coupled to a suction source configured to apply suction between the first layer and the second layer; and a third layer disposed between the first layer and the second layer, where the third layer defines a suction path from each inlet of the plurality of inlets to the outlet.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed. Example apparatus may include a first layer including a plurality of inlets; a second layer, where the second layer opposes the first layer; one or more outlets; and a plurality of dissolvable barriers disposed over the plurality of inlets.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed. Example apparatus may include a first layer including a plurality of inlets; a second layer, where the second layer opposes the first layer; one or more outlets; and a dissolvable barrier layer disposed over the plurality of inlets and the first layer.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed. Example apparatus may include a first layer including a plurality of inlets and a surface feature; a second layer, where the surface feature opposes the second layer; two or more outlets; and a pattern defined on at least one of the first layer and the second layer, where the pattern defines a suction path from each inlet of the plurality of inlets to at least one outlet of the two or more outlets.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed that further includes a first side and a second side, where the second side opposes the first side, and where each outlet of the two or more outlets is disposed on the first side of the apparatus.

In another aspect, an apparatus is disclosed that further includes a first side and a second side, where the second side opposes the first side, where a first outlet of the two or more outlets is disposed on the first side of the apparatus, and where a second outlet of the two or more outlets is disposed on the second side of the apparatus.

In another aspect, a method is disclosed. Example methods may include positioning an apparatus in a location of a medical procedure, where the apparatus includes a first layer

including a plurality of inlets and a surface feature, a second layer, where the surface feature opposes the second layer, an outlet, and a pattern defined on at least one of the first layer and the second layer, where the pattern defines a suction path from each inlet of the plurality of inlets to the outlet; coupling the outlet of the apparatus to a suction source configured to apply suction between the first layer and the second layer; and operating the suction source, such that fluid that contacts the apparatus flows through at least one inlet of the plurality of inlets and flows along the respective suction path for the at least one inlet to the outlet.

In another aspect, a method is disclosed. Example methods may include positioning an apparatus in a location of a medical procedure, where the apparatus includes a first layer comprising a plurality of inlets and a surface feature, a second layer, wherein the surface feature opposes the second layer, two or more outlets, and a pattern defined on at least one of the first layer and the second layer, where the pattern defines a suction path from each inlet of the plurality of inlets to at least one outlet of the two or more outlets; coupling the one or more outlets of the apparatus to one or more suction sources configured to apply suction between the first layer and the second layer; and operating the one or more suction sources, such that fluid that contacts the apparatus flows through at least one inlet of the plurality of inlets and flows along the respective suction path for the at least one inlet to the at least one outlet.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying drawings, which are included to provide a further understanding of the disclosure, are incorporated in and constitute a part of this specification, illustrate embodiments of the disclosure, and together with the detailed description serve to explain the principles of the invention. No attempt is made to show structural details of the invention in more detail than may be necessary for a fundamental understanding of the invention and various ways in which it may be practiced.

FIG. **1** shows an apparatus coupled to a suction source, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **2** shows an exploded view of an apparatus, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **3**A shows aspects of an apparatus, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **3**B shows aspects of an apparatus, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **4** shows a layer, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **4**A shows aspects of the layer depicted in FIG. **4**, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **5** shows aspects of an apparatus, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **6** shows aspects of an apparatus, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **7** shows aspects of an apparatus, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **7**A shows aspects of a tube depicted in FIG. **7**, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **8** shows aspects of an apparatus, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **9** shows aspects of an apparatus, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **10** shows aspects of an apparatus, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **11** shows an exploded view of an apparatus, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **12** shows aspects of an apparatus, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **13** shows aspects of an apparatus, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **14** shows a method, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **15** shows aspects of an apparatus, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **16** shows aspects of the apparatus depicted in FIG. **15**, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **17** shows aspects of the apparatus depicted in FIG. **15**, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. **18** shows aspects of a connector, according to an example embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

I. Introduction

Disclosed herein are apparatus and methods for removing fluid associated with a medical procedure. For example, during a medical procedure in a room (e.g., operating room in a hospital, clinic, or the like) excess fluid may contact the floor of the room. Exemplary apparatus may be configured to be coupled to one or more suction sources that pull fluid through the apparatus. Beneficially, embodiments described herein may improve flow of fluid through the apparatus. For example, embodiments described herein may reduce closing of layers of the apparatus, which may improve flow of fluid through the apparatus. As another example, embodiments described herein may improve distribution of suction across the apparatus, which may improve flow of fluid through the apparatus.

II. Example Apparatus

FIGS. **1-13** show apparatus and aspects of apparatus, according to example embodiments. FIGS. **1-13** are provided for purposes of illustration only and components of apparatus depicted in the Figures are not to scale. Further, components of apparatus depicted in the Figures with the same or similar reference numerals in different Figures may take the same or similar form and operate in the same or similar manner unless otherwise noted.

FIG. **1** shows an apparatus **100** coupled to a suction source **110**, according to an example embodiment. The apparatus **100** may take the form of a planar structure having multiple layers. In some embodiments, the apparatus **100** may be referred to as a mat. The apparatus **100** may be coupled to the suction source **110** by a conduit **120**.

The suction source **110** may be configured to apply suction to the apparatus **100**. In some embodiments, the suction source **110** may be configured to pull a vacuum in the apparatus **100**. By applying suction to the apparatus **100**, the suction source **110** may pull fluid that contacts the apparatus **100** through the apparatus **100** and to the suction source **110**. In some embodiments, the suction source **110** may pull air, water, and/or other fluids associated with medical procedures through the apparatus **100**. Further, in some embodiments, the suction source **110** may be any suitable hospital wall suction device.

The conduit **120** may be configured to convey suction from the suction source **110** to the apparatus **100**. Further, the conduit **120** may be configured to convey fluid from the apparatus **100** to the suction source **110**. In some embodiments, the conduit **120** may include a tube or piping.

FIG. **2** shows an exploded view of an apparatus **200**, according to an example embodiment. The apparatus **100** may take the form of or be similar in form to the apparatus **200**. The apparatus **200** may include a top (first) layer **210**,

a bottom (second) layer **220**, an outlet **230**, and a pattern **240**. The top layer **210** and the bottom layer **220** may be sealed (joined) together. In some embodiments, the top layer **210** and the bottom layer **220** may be sealed together by sealing one or more edges of the top layer **210** to corresponding edge(s) of the bottom layer **220**. Further, the outlet **230** may be disposed between the top layer **210** and the bottom layer **220**. Alternatively, in some embodiments, the outlet **230** may be disposed on the bottom layer **220** or disposed on the top layer **210**. In some embodiments, the outlet **230** may include a port. The outlet **230** may be coupled to a tube **250**. The tube **250** in turn may be coupled to a suction source (not shown), such as the suction source **110**.

The top layer **210** may include a plurality of inlets **212** and a surface feature **214**. The plurality of inlets **212** may be through the top layer **210**. In some embodiments, at least one inlet of the plurality of inlets **212** may be a perforation through the top layer **210**. Fluid that contacts the top layer **210** may flow through some or all inlets of the plurality of inlets **212**. In some embodiments, the plurality of inlets **212** may cover some or all of the top layer **210**. Moreover, in some embodiments, the plurality of inlets **212** may include between 20 to 40 inlets, such as 20 inlets, 30 inlets, 35 inlets, and 40 inlets. Further, in some embodiments, at least one inlet of the plurality of inlets **212** may have a size between 0.75 to 1.5 millimeters, such as 0.75 millimeters, 1.09 millimeters, and 1.5 millimeters. Further still, in some embodiments, a size of at least one inlet of the plurality of inlets **212** may depend on the number of inlets in the plurality of inlets **212**. However, in some embodiments, the plurality of inlets **212** may include more than 40 inlets or less than 20 inlets. Further, in some embodiments, at least one inlet may have a size greater than 1.5 millimeters or less than 0.75 millimeters.

Moreover, in some embodiments, the plurality of inlets **212** may have an area greater than an area of the outlet **230**. For example, the plurality of inlets **212** may have an area (e.g., sum of the cross-sectional area of each inlet of the plurality of inlets **212**) that is between 5% to 10% greater than an area (e.g., cross-sectional area) of the outlet **230**, such as 5% greater than the area of the outlet **230** or 10% greater than the area of the outlet **230**. Flow of fluid through the apparatus **200** may be improved (e.g., greater volumetric flow rate) when the area of the plurality of inlets **212** is greater than the area of the outlet **230**.

The surface feature **214** may oppose the bottom layer **220**. Further, the surface feature **214** may be configured to maintain space (void) between the top layer **210** and the bottom layer **220**. When the suction source applies suction to the apparatus **200**, by maintaining space between the top layer **210** and the bottom layer **220**, the surface feature **214** may reduce the top layer **210** and the bottom layer **220** from closing on each other, which may improve flow of fluid through the apparatus **200**.

In the apparatus **200**, fluid might not flow through the shortest path to the suction source. Instead, in the apparatus **200**, fluid may flow through a least-resistance path. It may be desirable to improve distribution of suction across the apparatus **200**, which may improve flow of fluid through the apparatus **200**. In some embodiments, the pattern **240** may improve distribution of suction across the apparatus **200**. In the illustrated example, the pattern **240** is defined on the bottom layer **220**. The pattern **240** may define a suction path from each inlet of the plurality of inlets **212** to the outlet **230**. Via the pattern **240**, the suction source may apply the substantially same amount of suction to each inlet of the plurality of inlets **212**. The term "substantially same," as used in this disclosure, refers to exactly the same or one or more deviations from exactly the same that do not significantly change flow of fluid through apparatus described herein (e.g., less than or equal to a 25% change in volumetric flow rate of fluid).

The apparatus may further include a cover layer **260**. The cover layer **260** may be disposed over the top layer **210**. In some embodiments, the cover layer **260** may be attached to the top layer **210** by lamination, bonding, and/or adhesive. The cover layer **260** may be configured to distribute (e.g., wick) fluid to two or more inlets of the plurality of inlets **212**. In some embodiments, the cover layer **260** may absorb and/or hold fluid across some or all of the top layer **210**. Further, in some embodiments, the cover layer **260** may reduce pooling of fluid in one portion of the top layer **210**. The cover layer **260** may include various materials and have various sizes. In some embodiments, the cover layer **260** may include melt blown polypropylene. Moreover, in some embodiments, the cover layer **260** may have a density between 200 to 300 grams per square meter ("GSM"), such as 200 GSM or 300 GSM. It may be desirable to reduce the thicknesses of the cover layer **260**, which may improve flow of fluid through the apparatus **200** and/or reduce a saturated weight of the apparatus **200**.

Further, in some embodiments, the top layer **210** and the bottom layer **220** may include the same materials and have the same sizes. However, in other embodiments, the top layer **210** and the bottom layer **220** may include different materials and/or have different sizes.

Although in the example described above the top layer **210** includes the surface feature **214**, in other embodiments, the bottom layer **220** may include the surface feature **214**. In such embodiments, the surface feature **214** may oppose the top layer **210**. Moreover, in some embodiments, the top layer **210** and the bottom layer **220** may each include a surface feature.

Further, although in the example described above the pattern **240** is defined on the bottom layer **220**, in other embodiments, the pattern **240** may be defined on the top layer **210**. Moreover, in some embodiments, the pattern **240** may be defined on the top layer **210** and the bottom layer **220**.

FIG. **3**A shows aspects of an apparatus **300**, according to an example embodiment. The apparatus **300** may include a top layer **310** and a bottom layer **320**. The top layer **310** may include a surface feature **314** and the bottom layer **320** may include a second surface feature **324**. The apparatus **300** may include other components as well, including a plurality of inlets and a pattern as described above with respect to apparatus **200**.

In some embodiments, the surface feature **314** may contact the second surface feature **324**. When a suction source applies suction to the apparatus **300**, the surface feature **314** and the second surface feature **324** may reduce the top layer **310** and the bottom layer **320** closing on each other. In some embodiments, the surface feature **314** and the second surface feature **324** may reduce the top layer **310** and the bottom layer **320** closing on each other more than the surface feature **214** may reduce the top layer **210** and the bottom layer **220** closing on each other.

In some embodiments, the surface feature **314** may be molded on the top layer **310**. Further, in some embodiments, the second surface feature **324** may be molded on the bottom layer **320**. Moreover, in some embodiments, the surface feature **314** and the second surface feature **324** may have the same size and shape. However, in other embodiments, the

surface feature **314** and the second surface feature **324** may have different shapes and/or sizes.

In some embodiments, the surface feature **314** may be offset from the second surface feature **324**. FIG. **3**B shows aspects of the apparatus **300**, according to an example embodiment. As shown in FIG. **3**B, the surface feature **314** may be offset from the second surface feature **324**. With this arrangement, one or more gaps between the surface feature **314** and the second surface feature **324** may define a channel **330**. When a suction source applies suction to the apparatus **300**, fluid may flow through the channel **330**.

FIG. **4** shows a layer **400**, according to an example embodiment. The top layers, bottom layers, and intermediate layers described herein may take the form of or be similar in form to the layer **400**. The layer **400** may include various materials and have various sizes. In some embodiments, the layer **400** may include a polyethylene film. Further, in some embodiments, the layer **400** may have a thickness of around 0.0016 inches. Other materials and thicknesses of the layer **400** are possible as well. Moreover, in some embodiments, the layer **400** may include a surfactant to reduce surface tension of fluid. Flow of fluid through apparatus described herein may be improved when the layer **400** includes a surfactant. In some embodiments, the surfactant may include a coating, such as a stearate coating.

The layer **400** may include a surface feature **414** on at least one surface **411** of the layer **400**. The surface feature **414** may include various shapes and have various sizes. As shown in FIG. **4**A, the surface feature **414** may include a diamond embossed pattern. In some embodiments, each diamond in the diamond embossed pattern may be around 0.12 inches by around 0.07 inches. Other shapes and sizes of the surface feature **414** are possible.

The pattern of apparatus described herein may take various forms. For example, the pattern may include a perimeter with one or more openings. FIG. **5** shows aspects of an apparatus **500**, according to an example embodiment. The apparatus **500** may include a pattern **540** defined on a top layer **510** and a bottom layer **520**. The top layer **510** may include a plurality of inlets **512**. Further, the apparatus **500** may include an outlet **530** disposed between the top layer **510** and the bottom layer **520**. The outlet **530** may be coupled to a tube **550**. The tube **550** in turn may be coupled to a suction source (not shown). The apparatus **500** may include other components as well, including one or more surface features as described above with respect to apparatus **200** and **300**.

The pattern **540** may include a perimeter **542** disposed around the plurality of inlets **512** and one or more openings **544**. The perimeter **542** and the one or more openings **544** may define a plurality of suction paths **560** for the plurality of inlets **512** to the outlet **530**. In some embodiments, the perimeter **542** and one opening of the one or more openings **544** may define a suction path for each inlet of the plurality of inlets. In the illustrated example, the perimeter **542** and opening **544**A may define suction path **560**A for inlet **512**A. Further, the perimeter **542** and opening **544**B may define suction path **560**B for inlet **512**B. When the suction source applies suction to the apparatus **500**, fluid may flow from inlet **512**A along suction path **560**A to outlet **530**, and fluid may flow from inlet **512**B along suction path **560**B to outlet **530**. The plurality of suction paths **560** may improve control (or predictability) of flow of fluid through the apparatus **500**.

In some embodiments, the pattern **540** may be defined on the top layer **510** and the bottom layer **520** by sealing the top layer **510** and the bottom layer **520**. For example, the pattern **540** may be defined on the top layer **510** and the bottom layer **520** by sealing one or more portions of the top layer **510** and one or more corresponding portions of the bottom layer **520** together. Further, in some embodiments, the pattern **540** may be defined on the top layer **510** and the bottom layer **520** by pressing the pattern **540** on the top layer **510** and the bottom layer **520**. For example, the pattern **540** may be defined on the top layer **510** and the bottom layer **520** by pressing one or more portions of the top layer **510** and one or more corresponding portions of the bottom layer **520** together. The pattern **540** may be defined on the top layer **510** and the bottom layer **520** before, after, or during the sealing of one or more edges of the top layer **510** to one or more corresponding edges of the bottom layer **520**.

As another example, the pattern may include a grid. FIG. **6** shows aspects of an apparatus **600**, according to an example embodiment. The apparatus **600** may include a pattern **640** defined on a top layer **610** and a bottom layer **620**. The top layer **610** may include a plurality of inlets **612**. In the illustrated example, the plurality of inlets **612** may include two inlets, inlet **612**A and inlet **612**B. Further, the apparatus **600** may include an outlet **630** disposed between the top layer **610** and the bottom layer **620**. The outlet **630** may be coupled to a tube **650**. The tube **650** in turn may be coupled to a suction source (not shown). The apparatus **600** may include other components as well, including one or more surface features as described above with respect to apparatus **200** and **300**.

The pattern **640** may include a grid **642** and the grid **642** may define a plurality of suction paths **660** for the plurality of inlets **612**. In some embodiments, the grid **642** may define a suction path for each inlet of the plurality of inlets **612** to the outlet **630**. In the illustrated example, the grid **642** may define a suction path **660**A for inlet **612**A. Further, the grid **642** may define a suction path **660**B for inlet **612**B. When the suction source applies suction to the apparatus **600**, fluid may flow from inlet **612**A along suction path **660**A to outlet **630**, and fluid may flow from inlet **612**B along suction path **660**B to outlet **630**. The plurality of suction paths **660** may improve control flow of fluid through the apparatus **600**.

As shown in FIG. **6**, the inlet **612**A may be located closer to the outlet **630** than the inlet **612**B, and the suction path **660**A may be longer than the suction **660**B. In some embodiments, the suction paths of the plurality of suction paths **660** may have substantially equal lengths. Flow of fluid through the apparatus **600** may be improved when the suction paths from each inlet of the plurality of inlets **612** to the outlet **630** have substantially equal lengths. The term "substantially equal," as used in this disclosure, refers to exactly equal or one or more deviation from exactly equal that do not significantly change flow of fluid through apparatus described herein (e.g., less than or equal to a 25% change in volumetric flow rate of fluid). In some embodiments, the pattern **640** may be defined on the top layer **610** and the bottom layer **620** in the same or similar way as the pattern **540** is defined on the top layer **510** and the bottom layer **520**.

Further, example apparatus may include a tube coupled to the outlet and disposed around the plurality of inlets. The tube may improve distribution suction across the apparatus. FIG. **7** shows aspects of an apparatus **700**, according to an example embodiment. The apparatus **700** may include a top layer **710**, a bottom layer **720**, and an outlet **730**. The top layer **710** may be disposed over the bottom layer. Further, the top layer **710** may include a plurality of inlets **712**. The outlet **730** may be coupled to a tube **750**. The tube **750** in turn may be coupled to a suction source (not shown). The apparatus **700** may include other components as well,

including one or more surface features and a pattern as described above with respect to apparatus **200**, **300**, **500**, and **600**.

The apparatus **700** may include a second tube **770** coupled to the outlet **730**. The second tube **770** may be disposed around the plurality of inlets **712**. Additionally or alternatively, the second tube **770** may be disposed around a pattern. As shown in FIG. **7**A, the second tube **770** may include a plurality of perforations **772**. The plurality of perforations **772** may distribute suction across the apparatus **700**, which may improve flow of fluid in the apparatus **700**.

In the illustrated example, the second tube **770** may extend around the plurality of inlets **712**. In such embodiments, the second tube **770** may have a length of around 20 feet. Other lengths of the second tube **770** are possible as well. However, in other embodiments, the second tube **770** may only extend around some of the plurality of inlets **712**. Further, in some embodiments, edges of the top layer **710** may be sealed to corresponding edges of the bottom layer **720**, and the second tube **770** may be disposed between the top layer **710** and the bottom layer **720**.

Moreover, example apparatus may include a support. The support may hold the apparatus in place during operation. FIG. **8** shows aspects of an apparatus **800**, according to an example embodiment. The apparatus **800** may include a bottom layer **820** and a support **880** attached to the bottom layer **820**. In the illustrated example, the support **880** may include two-way adhesive tape **804**A-D attached to the corners of the bottom layer **820**. Other supports for apparatus **800** are possible as well.

In addition, example apparatus may include dissolvable barriers disposed over the plurality of inlets. FIG. **9** shows aspects of an apparatus **900**, according to an example embodiment. The apparatus **900** may include a top layer **910**, a bottom layer **920**, and an outlet **930** disposed between the top layer **910** and the bottom layer **920**. The top layer **910** may include a plurality of inlets **912**. The outlet **930** may be coupled to a suction source (not shown). The apparatus **900** may include other components as well, including one or more surface features and a pattern as described above with respect to apparatus **200**, **300**, **500**, and **600**.

Further, the apparatus **900** may include a plurality of dissolvable barriers **990** disposed over the plurality of inlets **912** and the top layer **910**. Each dissolvable barrier of the plurality of dissolvable barriers **990** may be disposed over a respective inlet of the plurality of inlets **912**. Each dissolvable barrier may be configured to reduce (or block) flow of gas (e.g., air) through the respective inlet that it is disposed over. Further, each dissolvable barrier of the plurality of dissolvable barriers **990** may be configured to dissolve when contacted by liquid (e.g., water and other fluids associated with medical procedures). When the suction source applies suction to the apparatus **900**, dissolvable barriers of the plurality of dissolvable barriers **912** that have not dissolved may assist with maintaining suction (e.g., a vacuum) between the top layer **910** and the bottom layer **920**. In some embodiments, at least one dissolvable barrier of the plurality of dissolvable barriers **990** may include a gas-impervious film.

Although apparatus **900** includes a plurality of dissolvable barriers **990**, in other examples an apparatus may include a dissolvable barrier layer disposed over the plurality of inlets. FIG. **10** shows aspects of an apparatus **1000**, according to an example embodiment. The apparatus **1000** may include a top layer **1010**, a bottom layer **1020**, and an outlet **1030** disposed between the top layer **1010** and the bottom layer **1020**. The top layer **1010** may include a plurality of inlets **1012**. The outlet **1030** may be coupled to a suction source (not shown). The apparatus **1000** may include other components as well, including one or more surface features and a pattern as described above with respect to apparatus **200**, **300**, **500**, and **600**.

Further, the apparatus **1000** may include a dissolvable barrier layer **1090** disposed over the plurality of inlets **1012** and the top layer **1010**. The dissolvable barrier layer **1090** may include a plurality of portions and each portion (or some of the portions) may be disposed over a respective inlet of the plurality of inlets **1012**. Each portion of the dissolvable barrier layer **1090** may be configured to reduce (or block) flow of gas. Further, each portion of the dissolvable barrier layer **1090** may be configured to dissolve when contacted by liquid. When the suction source applies suction to the apparatus **1000**, portions of the dissolvable barrier layer that have not dissolved may assist with maintaining suction between the top layer **1010** and the bottom layer **1020**. In some embodiments, the dissolvable barrier layer **1090** may include a gas-impervious film.

Although example apparatus described above may include a pattern defined on at least one of the top layer and bottom layer, in other examples an apparatus may include an intermediate (third) layer disposed between the top layer and the bottom layer and the pattern may be defined on the intermediate layer. FIG. **11** shows an exploded view of an apparatus **1100**, according to an example embodiment. The apparatus **100** may take the form of or be similar in form to the apparatus **1100**. The apparatus **1100** may include a top layer **1110**, a bottom layer **1120**, an outlet **1130**, and a cover layer **1160**. The top layer **1110** may include a plurality of inlets **1112** and a surface feature **1114**. The outlet **1130** may be disposed between the top layer **1110** and the bottom layer **1120**, or alternatively disposed on the bottom layer **1120** or disposed on the top layer **1110**. Further, the outlet **1130** may be coupled to a tube **1150**, and the tube **1150** in turn may be coupled to a suction source (not shown).

The apparatus **1100** may be similar to apparatus **200**, except that the apparatus **1100** may include an intermediate layer **1115** disposed between the top layer **1110** and the bottom layer **1120**. In some embodiments, the intermediate layer **1115** may include a surface feature that opposes the top layer **1110** and/or a surface feature that opposes the bottom layer **1120**. With this arrangement, the top layer **1110** might not include the surface feature **1114**. Further, a pattern **1140** may be defined on the intermediate layer **1115**. Similar to the pattern **240**, the pattern **1140** may improve the distribution of suction across the apparatus **200**. Further, similar to the pattern **240**, the pattern **1140** may define a suction path from each inlet of the plurality of inlets **212** to the outlet **230**. Via the pattern **1140**, the suction source may apply the substantially same amount of suction to each inlet of the plurality of inlets **1112**. The pattern **1140** may take the form of or be similar in form to the pattern **540** or the pattern **640**.

Although example apparatus described above may include one outlet, in other examples, apparatus may include two or more outlets. The two or more outlets may improve flow of fluid through the apparatus. FIG. **12** shows aspects of an apparatus **1200**, according to an example embodiment. The apparatus **1200** may include a first side **1202**, a second side **1204**, a first outlet **1230**A, and a second outlet **1230**B. The apparatus **1200** may include other components as well, including a top layer, a bottom layer, a plurality of inlets, one or more surface features, and a pattern as described above with respect to apparatus **200**, **300**, **500**, and **600**.

In the illustrated example, the first outlet **1230**A and the second outlet **1230**B may each be disposed on the first side

1202. Alternatively, the first outlet 1230A and the second outlet 1230B may each be disposed on the second side 1204. Further, the first outlet 1230A may be coupled to tube 1250A and the second outlet 1230B may be coupled to tube 1250B. In some embodiments, the tube 1250A and the tube 1250B may each be coupled to a suction source (not shown). Moreover, in some embodiments, the tube 1250A may be coupled to the suction source and the tube 1250B may be coupled to a second suction source (not shown). The second suction source may take the form of or be similar in form to the suction source.

Further, in some embodiments, the tube 1250A and the tube 1250B may each be coupled to a fitting (e.g., valve) disposed between the suction source and the apparatus 1200. Further still, in some embodiments, the first outlet 1230A and the second outlet 1230B may each be coupled to a fitting or a tube (e.g., the tube 770) disposed within the apparatus 1200. Moreover, in some embodiments, the first outlet 1230A may be coupled to the tube and the second outlet 1230B may be coupled to a second tube disposed within the apparatus 1200. The second tube may take the form of or be similar in form to the tube. Further, in some embodiments, the tube and the second tube may span different directions within the apparatus 1200.

In some embodiments, the apparatus 1200 may include a plurality of inlets similar in form to the plurality of inlets 212 and a pattern that is similar in form to the pattern 540 or the pattern 640. Further, in some embodiments, the pattern may define a suction path from each inlet to the plurality of inlets to the first outlet 1230A or the second outlet 1230B.

In other examples, two or more outlets may be disposed on opposing sides of an apparatus. FIG. 13 shows aspects of an apparatus 1300, according to an example embodiment. The apparatus 1300 may include a first side 1302, a second side 1304, a third side 1306, and a fourth side 1308, a first outlet 1330A, and a second outlet 1330B. The apparatus 1300 may include other components as well, including a top layer, a bottom layer, a plurality of inlets, one or more surface features, and a pattern as described above with respect to apparatus 200, 300, 500, and 600.

In the illustrated example, the first outlet 1330A may be disposed on the third side 1306 and the second outlet 1330B may be disposed on the fourth side 1308. Alternatively, the first outlet 1330A may be disposed on the first side 1302 and the second outlet 1330B may be disposed to the second side 1304. Other arrangements of the first outlet 1330A and the second outlet 1330B on opposing sides of the apparatus 1300 are possible as well.

The first outlet 1330A may be coupled to tube 1350A. Further, the second outlet 1230B may be coupled to tube 1350B. The tubes 1350A and 1350B may be arranged in a similar way as the tubes 1250A and 1250B may be arranged. In some embodiments, the tube 1350A and the tube 1350B may each be coupled to a suction source (not shown). Moreover, in some embodiments, the tube 1350A may be coupled to the suction source and the tube 1350B may be coupled to a second suction source (not shown).

Further, in some embodiments, the tube 1350A and the tube 1350B may each be coupled to a fitting disposed between the suction source and the apparatus 1300. Further still, in some embodiments, the first outlet 1330A and the second outlet 1330B may each be coupled to a fitting or a tube disposed within the apparatus 1300. Moreover, in some embodiments, the first outlet 1330A may be coupled to the tube and the second outlet 1330B may be coupled to a second tube disposed within the apparatus 1300. Further, in some embodiments, the tube and the second tube may span different directions within the apparatus 1300.

In some embodiments, the apparatus 1300 may include a plurality of inlets similar in form to the plurality of inlets 212 and a pattern that is similar in form to the pattern 540 or the pattern 640. Further, in some embodiments, the pattern may define a suction path from each inlet to the plurality of inlets to the first outlet 1330A or the second outlet 1330B.

Although apparatus 1200 and 1300 include two outlets, in other examples apparatus may include more than two outlets, including three outlets or four outlets.

Further, example apparatus may include multiple tubes for distributing suction across the apparatus. FIGS. 15-17 shows aspects of an apparatus 1500, according to an example embodiment. The apparatus 1500 may be similar to the apparatus 700, except that the apparatus 1500 may include a first tube 1570 and a second tube 1580.

FIGS. 15-17 illustrate a bottom layer 1520 of the apparatus 1500 as well as the first tube 1570 and the second tube 1580. The apparatus 1500 may also include a top layer (not shown) disposed over the bottom layer 1520. The top layer may take the form of or be similar in form to top layer 710, and the top layer of apparatus 1500 may be disposed over the bottom layer 1520 in the same way or similar way as the top layer 710 is disposed over the bottom layer 720. Further, the apparatus 1500 may include a cover layer (not shown) disposed over the top layer. The cover layer may take the form of or be similar in form to cover layer 260 and 1160, and the cover layer may be disposed over the top layer in the same or similar way as the cover layer 260 is disposed over the top layer 210. The apparatus 1500 may include other components of apparatus 200, 300, 500, 600, and 700 as well.

The bottom layer 1520 may include a surface feature 1524. The surface feature 1524 may oppose the top layer. The bottom layer 1520 may take the form of or be similar in form to bottom layer 720, and the surface feature 1524 may take the form of or be similar in form to surface feature 214, 324, and 414. In some embodiments, the top layer may include a surface feature. The surface feature of the top layer may oppose the bottom layer 1520. The surface feature of the top layer may take the form of or be similar in form to the surface feature 214, 314, and 414.

The first tube 1570 may be disposed over the bottom layer 1520 and form a loop. The first tube 1570 may be disposed between the top layer and the bottom layer 1520. The top layer may have a plurality inlets, and the first tube 1570 may extend around some inlets of the plurality of inlets, including all of the inlets. The plurality of inlets may take the form of or be similar in form to plurality of inlets 712. In some embodiments, the first tube 1570 may be affixed to the bottom layer 1520 via a plurality of adhesive strips 1574.

The first tube 1570 may include a first plurality of perforations 1572 through a surface of the first tube 1570, as shown in FIG. 17. The plurality of perforations 1572 may distribute suction across the apparatus 1500, which may improve flow of fluid in the apparatus 1500. The first tube 1570 may take the form of or be similar in form to the second tube 770, and the first plurality of perforations 1572 may take the form of or be similar in form to the plurality of perforations 772. The top layer and the bottom layer 1520 may define suction paths from the plurality of inlets to the first tube 1570. In some embodiments, one or more gaps between surface features may define channels, and fluid may flow through the channels from the plurality of inlets to the first plurality of perforations 1572.

The second tube **1580** may be disposed over the bottom layer **1520** and inside the loop formed by the first tube **1570**. The second tube **1580** may be disposed between the top layer and bottom layer **1570**. In some embodiments, the second tube **1580** may be affixed to the bottom layer **1520** via a plurality of adhesive strips **1584**.

The second tube **1580** may include a second plurality of perforations **1582** through a surface of the second tube **1580**, as shown in FIG. **16**. The second plurality of perforations **1582** may distribute suction across the apparatus **1500**, which may improve flow of fluid in the apparatus **1500**. The second plurality of perforations **1582** may take the form of or be similar in form to the plurality of perforations **772**. In some embodiments, the first plurality of perforations **1572** may have an area that is greater than an area of the second plurality of perforations **1582**. Moreover, in some embodiments, the first plurality of perforations **1572** may have an area that is equal to or less than an area of the second plurality of perforations **1582**. The top layer and the bottom layer **1520** may define suction paths from the plurality of inlets to the second tube **1580**. In some embodiments, one or more gaps between surface features may define channels, and fluid may flow through the channels from the plurality of inlets to the second plurality of perforations **1572**.

The first tube **1570** and the second tube **1580** may be coupled to an outlet **1530**. The outlet **1530** may take the form of or be similar in form to the outlet **730**. The outlet **1530** in turn may be coupled to a third tube (not shown). The third tube may take the form of or be similar in form to the tube **750**. For example, the third tube may be coupled to a suction source.

The second tube **1580** may be arranged in the apparatus **1500** in a variety of ways. In some embodiments, the second tube **1580** may extend away from the outlet **1530**. Further, in some embodiments, the second tube **1580** may extend in a straight direction from the first tube **1570**. Moreover, in some embodiments, the second tube **1580** may extend at an angle from the first tube **1570**. In some embodiments, the second tube **1580** may be parallel to a portion of the loop formed by the first tube **1570**. Further, in some embodiments, the second tube **1580** may extend along a centerline of the apparatus **1500** proximal to a first end of the apparatus **1500** to a location proximal to a second end of the apparatus **1500**. Moreover, in some embodiments, the second tube **1580** may extend along the centerline of the apparatus **1500** from the first end of the apparatus **1500** to the second end of the apparatus **1500**.

In some embodiments, the apparatus **1500** may include a connector **1592**. The connector **1592** may be disposed over the bottom layer **1520**. The connector **1592** may be disposed between the top layer and the bottom layer **1520**. In some embodiments, the connector **1592** may be coupled to each of the outlet **1530**, a first end **1570**A of the first tube **1570**, a second end **1570**B of the first tube **1570**, and the second tube **1580**. In some embodiments, the first tube **1570** may be coupled to the second tube **1580** via the connector **1592**. Alternatively, in some embodiments, the first tube **1570** may be directly coupled to the second tube **1580**.

The connector **1592** may include four ports **1592**A, **1592**B, **1592**C, and **1592**D. Further, in some embodiments, the first port **1592**A may be coupled to the outlet **1530**, the second port **1592**B may be coupled to the first end **1570**A of the first tube **1570**, the third port **1592**C may be coupled to the second tube **1580**, and fourth port **1592**D may be coupled to the second end **1570**B of the first tube **1570**. Moreover, in some embodiments, the first port **1592**A may be opposite of the third port **1592**C, and the second port **1592**B may be opposite of the fourth port **1592**D. In some embodiments, the first port **1592**A may be perpendicular to the second port **1592**B, and the first port **1592**A may be perpendicular to the fourth port **1592**D.

The second tube **1580** may include a first end and a second end. In some embodiments, the first end of the second tube **1580** may be coupled to the first tube **1570**, and a cap **1594** may be disposed at the second end of the second tube **1580**. In some embodiments, the first end of the second tube **1580** may be coupled to the connector **1592**. Further, in some embodiments, the first end of the second tube **1580** may be coupled to the third port **1592**C.

Although the first port **1592**A is described above as coupled to the outlet **1530**, in other embodiments, the outlet may be the first port **1592**A. With this arrangement, the third tube may be coupled to the first port **1592**A.

Beneficially, the first tube **1570** and the second tube **1580** may improve the distribution of flow through the apparatus **1550** compared to an apparatus including a first tube but not a second tube. The first tube **1570** and the second tube **1580** may improve suction performance of the apparatus **1500** without pulling flow away from each other. In some embodiments when fluid contacts a center portion of the apparatus and the suction source applies suction to the apparatus, an apparatus with a second tube, such as in apparatus **1500**, may suction fluid more quickly than an apparatus without the second tube.

FIG. **18** shows aspects of a connector **1892**, according to an example embodiment. The apparatus **1500** may include the connector **1892** instead of the connector **1592**. The connector **1892** is similar to the connector **1592**, except that ports of the connector **1892** are oriented at an acute or obtuse angle to other ports of the connector **1892**.

In some embodiments, the connector **1892** may be coupled to each of the outlet **1530**, the first end **1570**A of the first tube **1570**, the second end **1570**B of the first tube **1570**, and the second tube **1580**. In some embodiments, the first tube **1570** may be coupled to the second tube **1580** via the connector **1892**.

The connector **1892** may include four ports **1892**A, **1892**B, **1892**C, and **1892**D. Further, in some embodiments, the first port **1892**A may be coupled to the outlet **1530**, the second port **1892**B may be coupled to the first end **1570**A of the first tube **1570**, the third port **1892**C may be coupled to the second tube **1580**, and fourth port **1892**D may be coupled to the second end **1570**B of the first tube **1570**. Moreover, in some embodiments, the first port **1892**A may be opposite of the third port **1892**C. In some embodiments, the first port **1892**A may be oriented at an obtuse angle to the second port **1892**B and an obtuse angle to the fourth port **1892**D. Each of the ports (**1892**A-**1892**D) may be oriented at angle to another port. For example, the third port **1892**C may be oriented at an acute angle to the second port **1892**B and an acute angle to the fourth port **1892**D.

Although the first port **1892**A is described above as coupled to the outlet **1530**, in other embodiments, the outlet may be the first port **1892**A. With this arrangement, the third tube may be coupled to the first port **1892**A.

III. Example Methods

FIG. **14** depicts a method **1400**, according to an example embodiment. Method **1400** begins at block **1402** with positioning an apparatus in a location of a medical procedure. In some embodiments, the location of a medical procedure may include a floor of an operating room where the medical procedure is or will be performed. The apparatus may include a first layer that includes a plurality of inlets and a surface feature, a second layer, wherein the surface feature

opposes the second layer, an outlet, and a pattern defined on at least one of the first layer and the second layer, wherein the pattern defines a suction path from each inlet of the plurality of inlets to the outlet. The apparatus may take the form of or be similar in form to example apparatus described above with respect to FIGS. **1-13** and FIGS. **15-18**.

Method **1400** continues at block **1404** with coupling the outlet of the apparatus to a suction source configured to apply suction between the first layer and the second layer. In some embodiments, the suction source may be configured to pull a vacuum between the first layer and the second layer. The suction source may take the form of or be similar in form to example suction sources described above with respect to FIGS. **1-13** and FIGS. **15-18**.

Method **1400** continues at block **1406** with operating the suction source, such that fluid that contacts the apparatus flows through at least one inlet of the plurality of inlets and flows along the respective suction path for the at least one inlet to the outlet.

IV. Conclusion

Examples given above are merely illustrative and are not meant to be an exhaustive list of all possible embodiments, applications or modifications of the invention. Thus, various modifications and variations of the described methods and systems of the invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention. Although the invention has been described in connection with specific embodiments, it should be understood that the invention as claimed should not be unduly limited to such specific embodiments. Indeed, various modifications of the described modes for carrying out the invention which are obvious to the skilled artisan.

It is understood that the invention is not limited to the particular methodology, protocols, etc., described herein, as these may vary as the skilled artisan will recognize. It is also to be understood that the terminology used herein is used for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only, and is not intended to limit the scope of the invention. It also is to be noted that, as used herein and in the appended claims, the singular forms "a," "an," and "the" include the plural reference unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. Thus, for example, a reference to "a structure" is a reference to one or more structures and equivalents thereof known to those skilled in the art.

Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meanings as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains. The embodiments of the invention and the various features and advantageous details thereof are explained more fully with reference to the non-limiting embodiments and/or illustrated in the accompanying drawings and detailed in the following description. It should be noted that the features illustrated in the drawings are not necessarily drawn to scale, and features of one embodiment may be employed with other embodiments as the skilled artisan would recognize, even if not explicitly stated herein.

Any numerical values recited herein include all values from the lower value to the upper value in increments of one unit provided that there is a separation of at least two units between any lower value and any higher value. As an example, if it is stated that the concentration of a component or value of a process variable such as, for example, size and the like, is, for example, from 1 to 90, specifically from 20 to 80, more specifically from 30 to 70, it is intended that values such as 15 to 85, 22 to 68, 43 to 51, 30 to 32, etc. are expressly enumerated in this specification. For values which are less than one, one unit is considered to be 0.0001, 0.001, 0.01 or 0.1 as appropriate. These are only examples of what is specifically intended and all possible combinations of numerical values between the lowest value and the highest value enumerated are to be considered to be expressly stated in this application in a similar manner.

Particular methods, devices, and materials are described, although any methods and materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can be used in the practice or testing of the invention.

What is claimed is:

1. An apparatus comprising:

a first layer comprising a plurality of inlets and a surface feature;

a second layer, wherein the surface feature opposes the second layer;

a first tube disposed between the first layer and the second layer, wherein the first tube forms a loop, wherein the first tube comprises a first plurality of perforations through a surface of the first tube, and wherein the first layer and the second layer define suction paths from the plurality of inlets to the first tube;

a second tube disposed between the first layer and the second layer and inside of the loop, wherein the second tube comprises a second plurality of perforations through a surface of the second tube, and wherein the first layer and the second layer define suction paths from the plurality of inlets to the second tube; and

an outlet coupled to the first tube and to the second tube.

2. The apparatus of claim **1**, wherein the second tube extends away from the outlet.

3. The apparatus of claim **1**, wherein the second tube extends in a straight direction from the first tube.

4. The apparatus of claim **1**, wherein the second tube is parallel to a portion of the loop.

5. The apparatus of claim **1**, wherein the second tube extends along a centerline of the apparatus proximal to a first end of the apparatus to a location proximal to a second end of the apparatus.

6. The apparatus of claim **1**, further comprising a connector disposed between the first layer and the second layer and coupled to each of the outlet, a first end of the first tube, a second end of the first tube, and the second tube.

7. The apparatus of claim **6**, wherein a first port of the connector is coupled to the outlet, wherein a second port of the connector is coupled to the first end of the first tube, wherein a third port of the connector is coupled to the second tube, and wherein a fourth port of the connector is coupled to the second end of the first tube.

8. The apparatus of claim **7**, wherein the first port is opposite of the third port, and wherein the second port is opposite of the fourth port.

9. The apparatus of claim **7**, wherein the first port is perpendicular to the second port, and wherein the first port is perpendicular to the fourth port.

10. The apparatus of claim **1**, wherein the second tube includes a first end and a second end, wherein the first end of the second tube is coupled to the first tube, and wherein a cap is disposed at the second end of the second tube.

11. The apparatus of claim **1**, wherein the surface feature is configured to maintain a void between the first layer and the second layer.

12. The apparatus of claim **1**, wherein the second layer includes a surface feature, wherein the surface feature of the second layer opposes the first layer, and wherein the surface feature of the second layer and the surface feature of the first layer are configured to maintain a void between the first layer and the second layer.

13. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the surface feature is molded on the first layer.

14. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein at least one inlet of the plurality of inlets comprises a perforation in the first layer.

15. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the first plurality of perforations has an area greater than an area of the second plurality of perforations.

16. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the first tube is disposed around some inlets of the plurality of inlets.

17. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein edges of the first layer are sealed to corresponding edges of the second layer.

18. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising a cover layer disposed over the first layer, wherein the cover layer is configured to distribute fluid to two or more inlets of the plurality of inlets.

19. A method comprising:

positioning an apparatus in a location of a medical procedure, wherein the apparatus comprises:

a first layer comprising a plurality of inlets and a surface feature,

a second layer, wherein the surface feature opposes the second layer,

a first tube disposed between the first layer and the second layer and around the plurality of inlets, wherein the first tube forms a loop, wherein the first tube comprises a first plurality of perforations through a surface of the first tube, and wherein the first layer and the second layer define suction paths from the plurality of inlets to the first tube,

a second tube disposed between the first layer and the second layer and coupled to the first tube, wherein the second tube is disposed inside of the loop, wherein the second tube comprises a second plurality of perforations through a surface of the second tube, and wherein the first layer and the second layer define suction paths from the plurality of inlets to the second tube, and

an outlet coupled to the first tube;

coupling the outlet of the apparatus to a suction source configured to apply suction between the first layer and the second layer; and

operating the suction source, such that fluid that contacts the apparatus flows through at least one inlet of the plurality of inlets and flows along the respective suction path for the at least one inlet to the outlet.

20. The method of claim 19, wherein the second tube extends along a centerline of the apparatus proximal to a first end of the apparatus to a location proximal to a second end of the apparatus.

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