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# (12) United States Patent

# Anzures et al.

# (54) VIDEO MANAGER FOR PORTABLE MULTIFUNCTION DEVICE

(71) Applicant: Apple Inc., Cupertino, CA (US)

(72) Inventors: Freddy Allen Anzures, San Francisco, CA (US); Gregory Christie, San Jose, CA (US); Scott Forstall, Los Altos, CA (US); Charles J. Pisula, San Jose, CA

(US)

(73) Assignee: Apple Inc., Cupertino, CA (US)

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See application file for complete search history.

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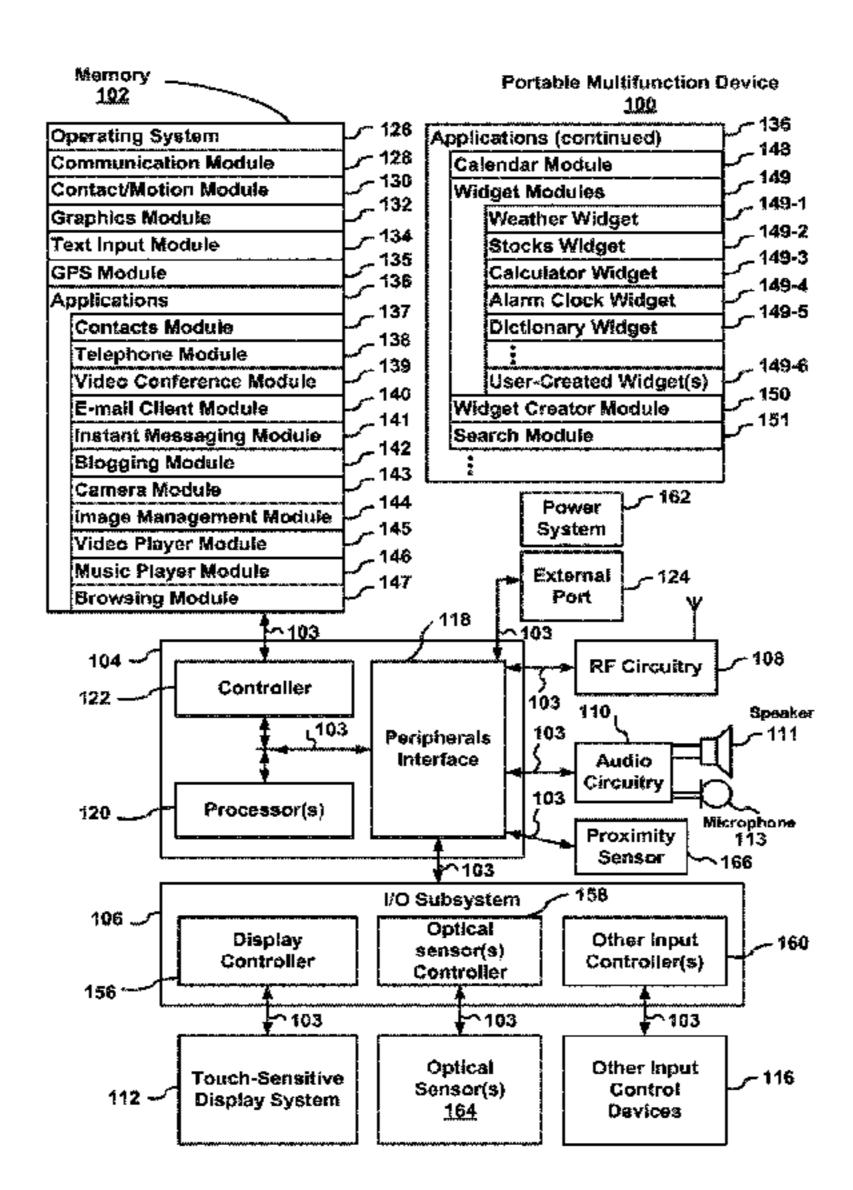
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Primary Examiner — Seth A Silverman (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Dentons US LLP

## (57) ABSTRACT

A video player for a portable multifunction device is disclosed. In some embodiments, a list of video items is displayed in a portrait orientation of a touch screen display of a portable electronic device. Upon user selection of a respective video item in the list, the user selected video item is automatically displayed in a landscape orientation of the touch screen display.

# 21 Claims, 15 Drawing Sheets



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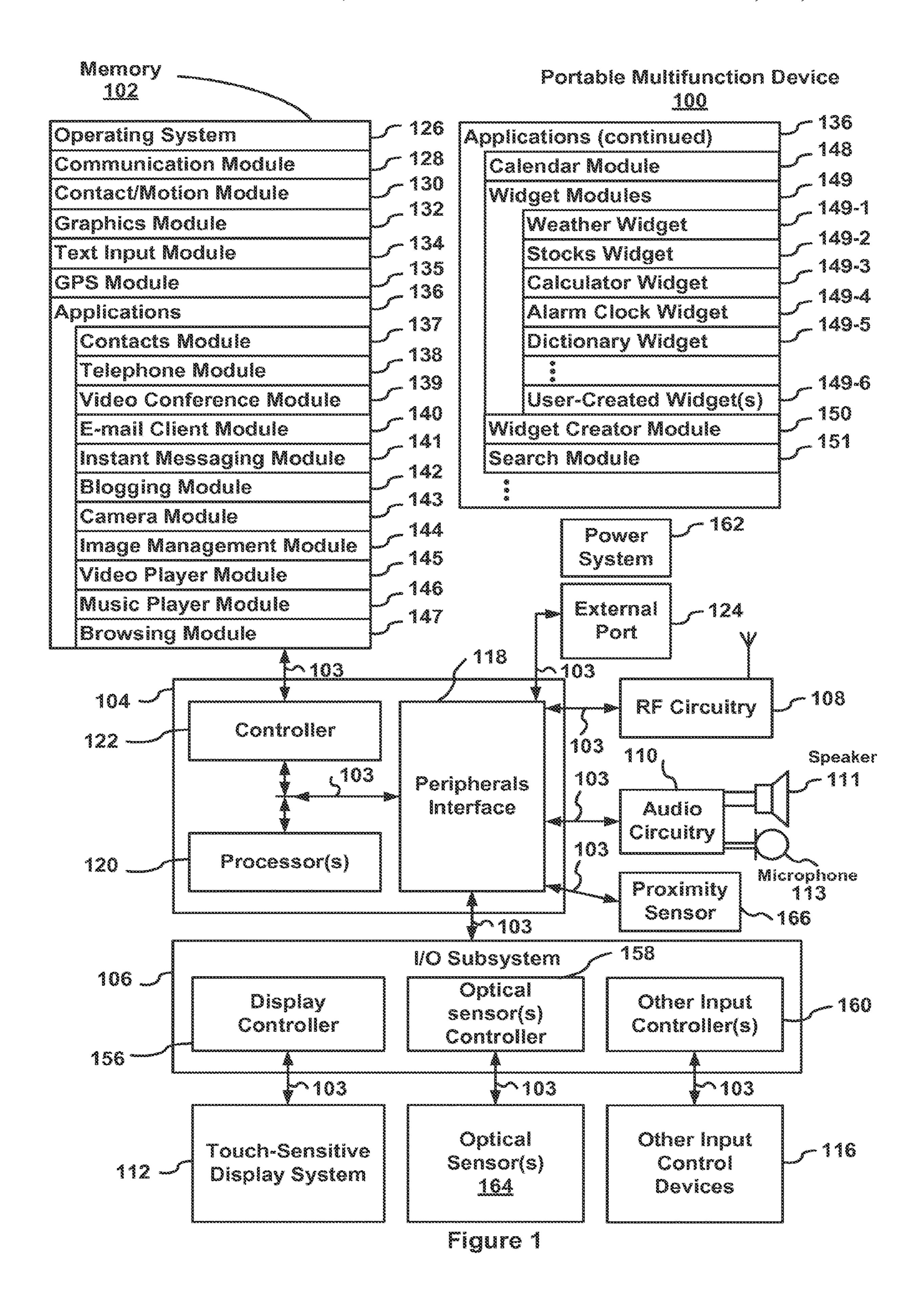
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<sup>\*</sup> cited by examiner



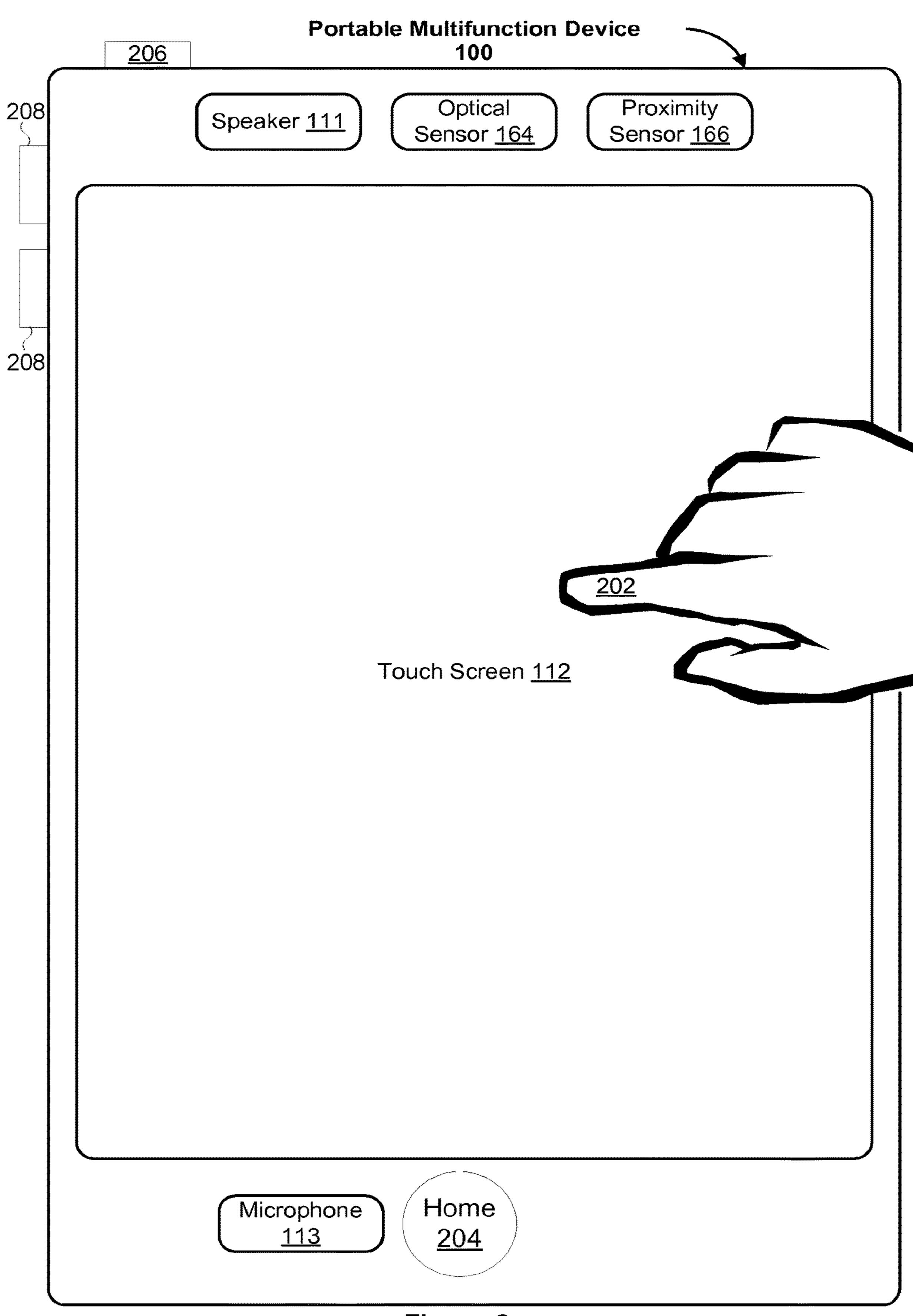


Figure 2

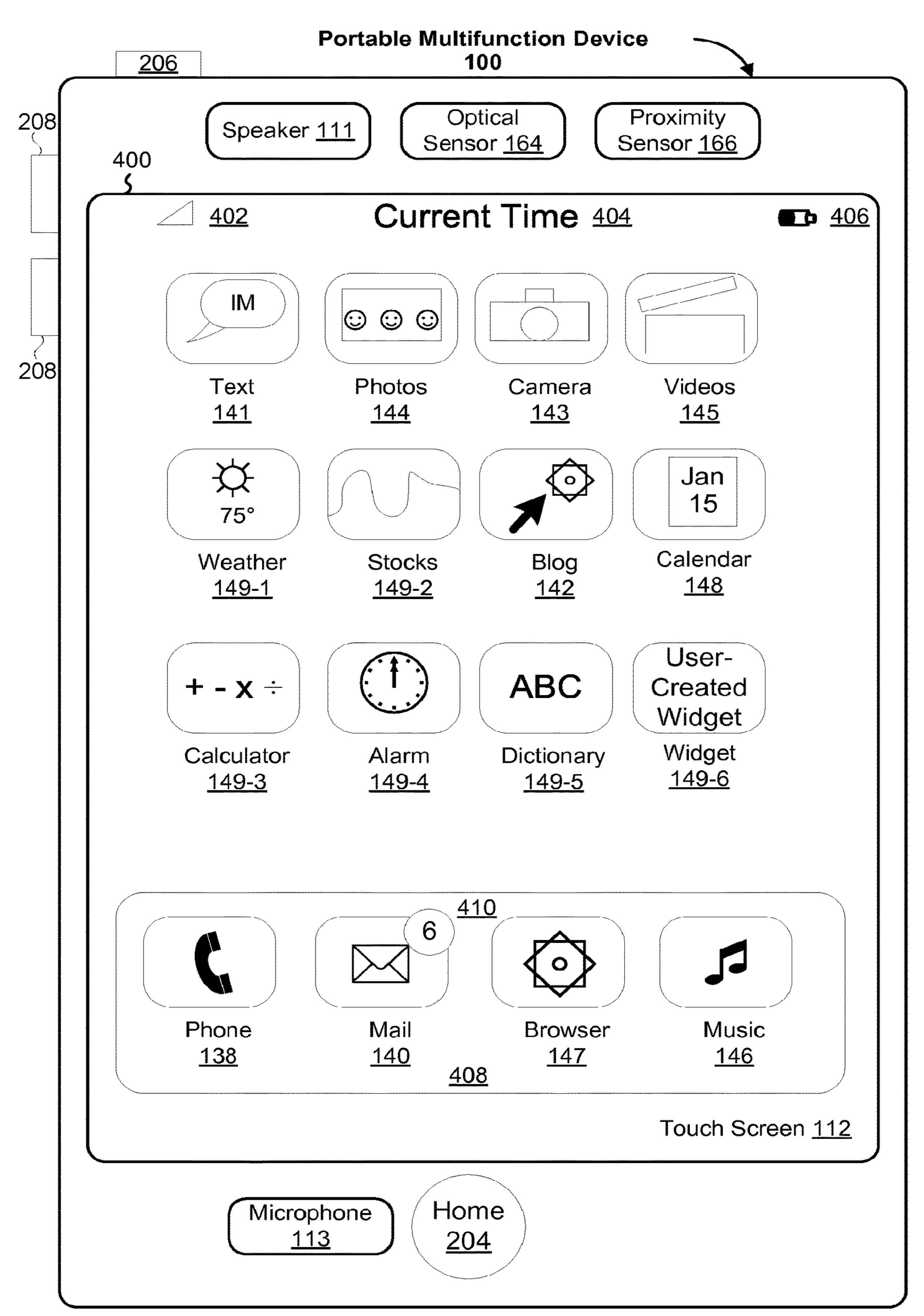


Figure 3

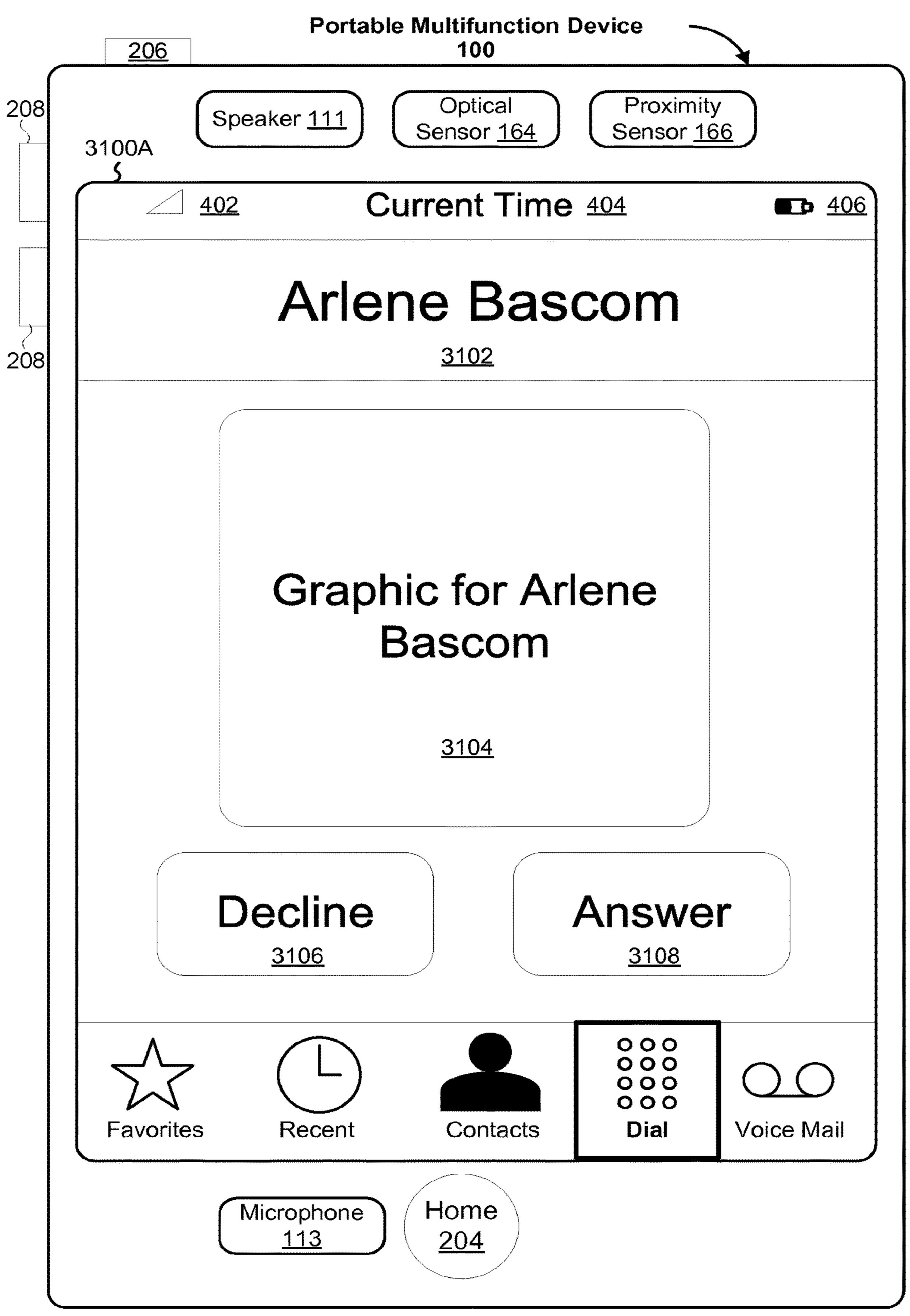


Figure 4A

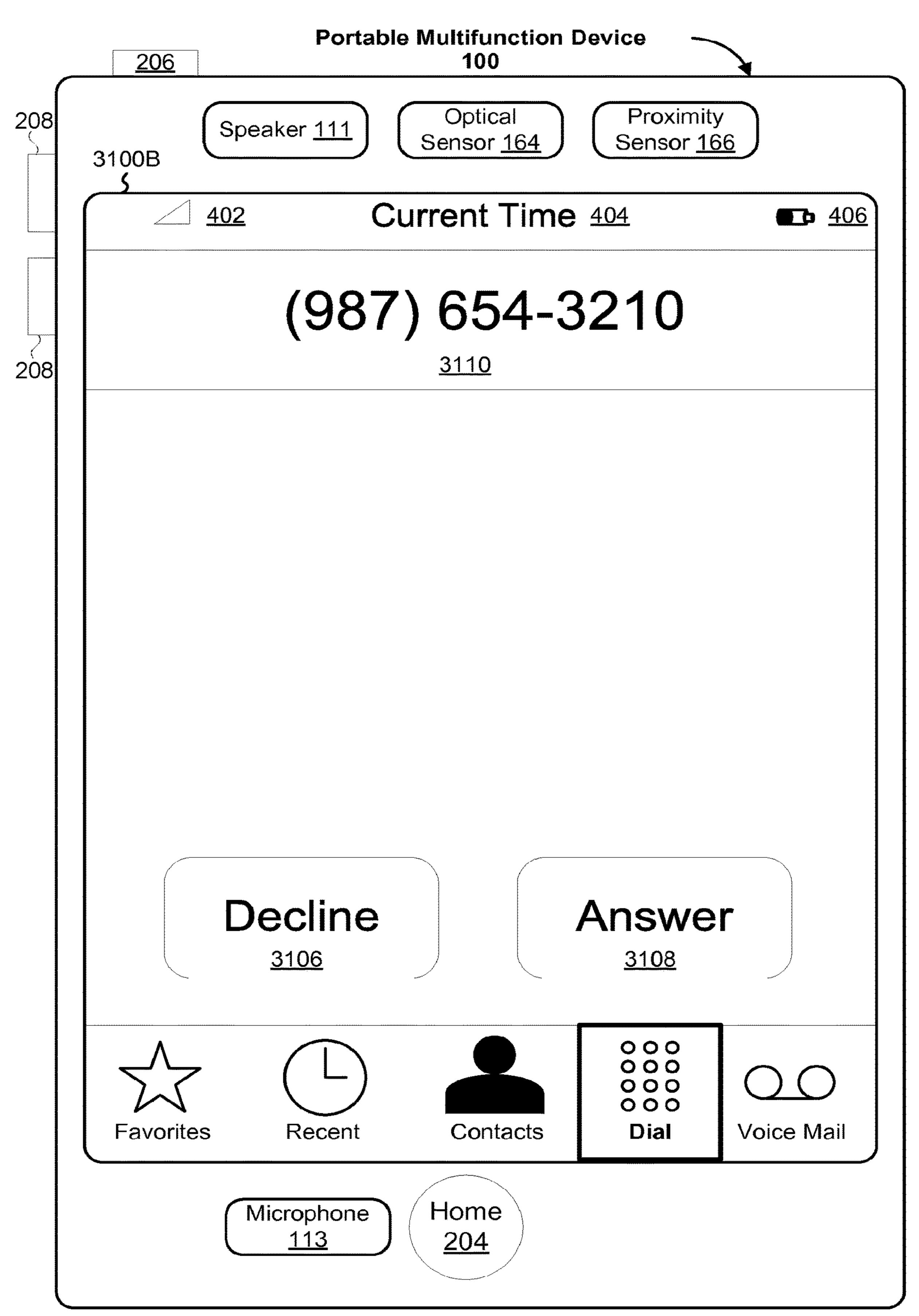


Figure 4B

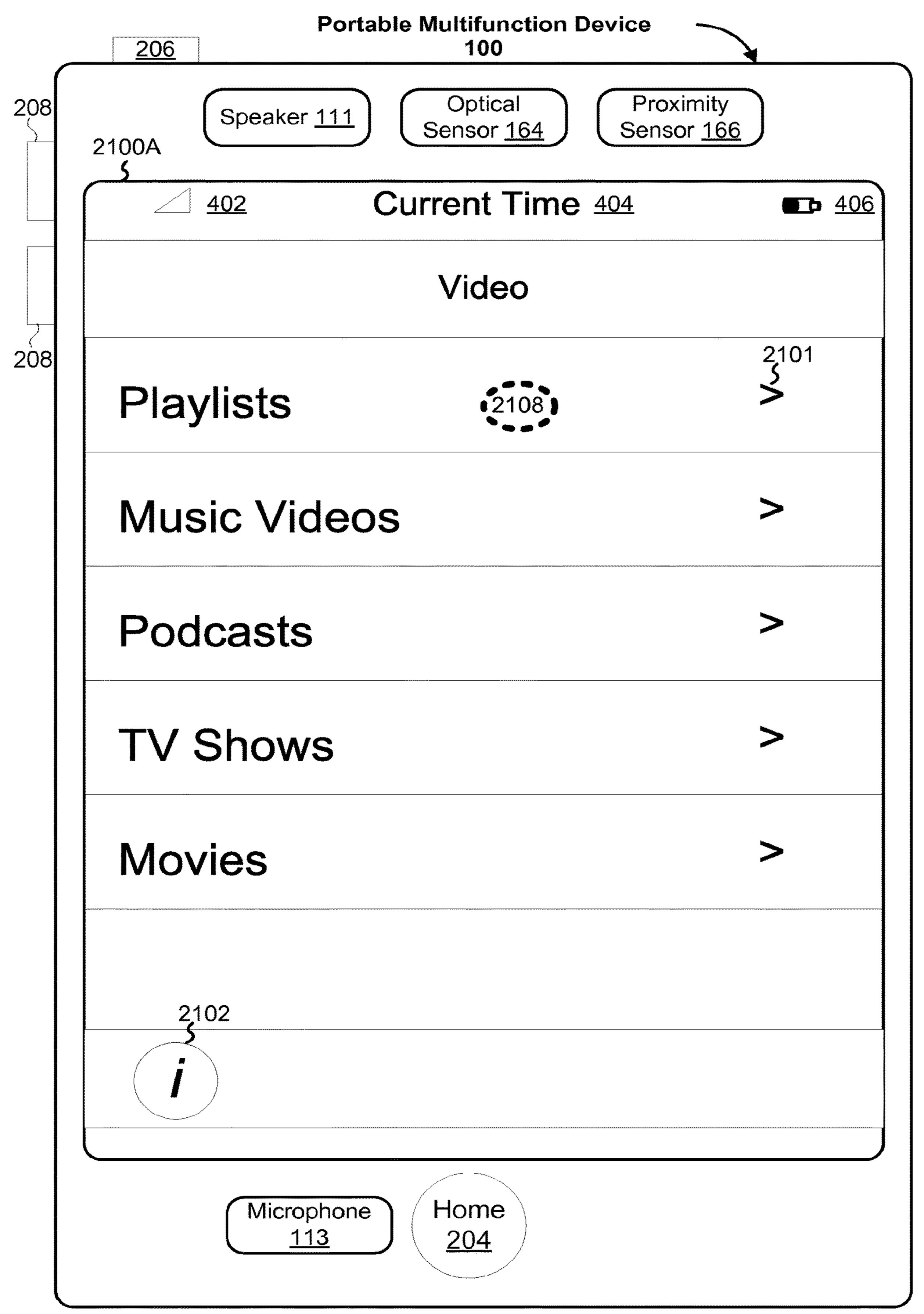


Figure 5A

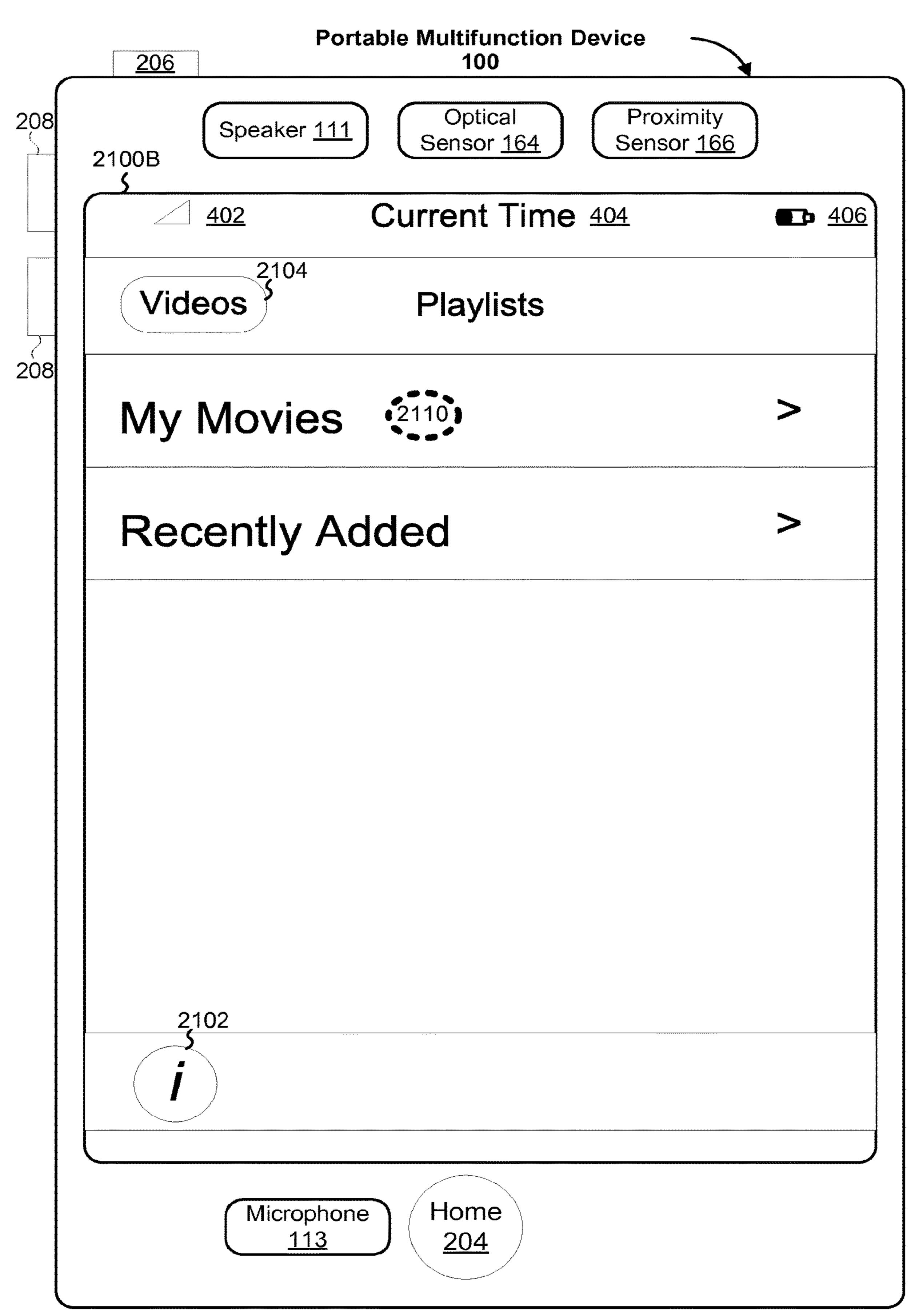


Figure 5B

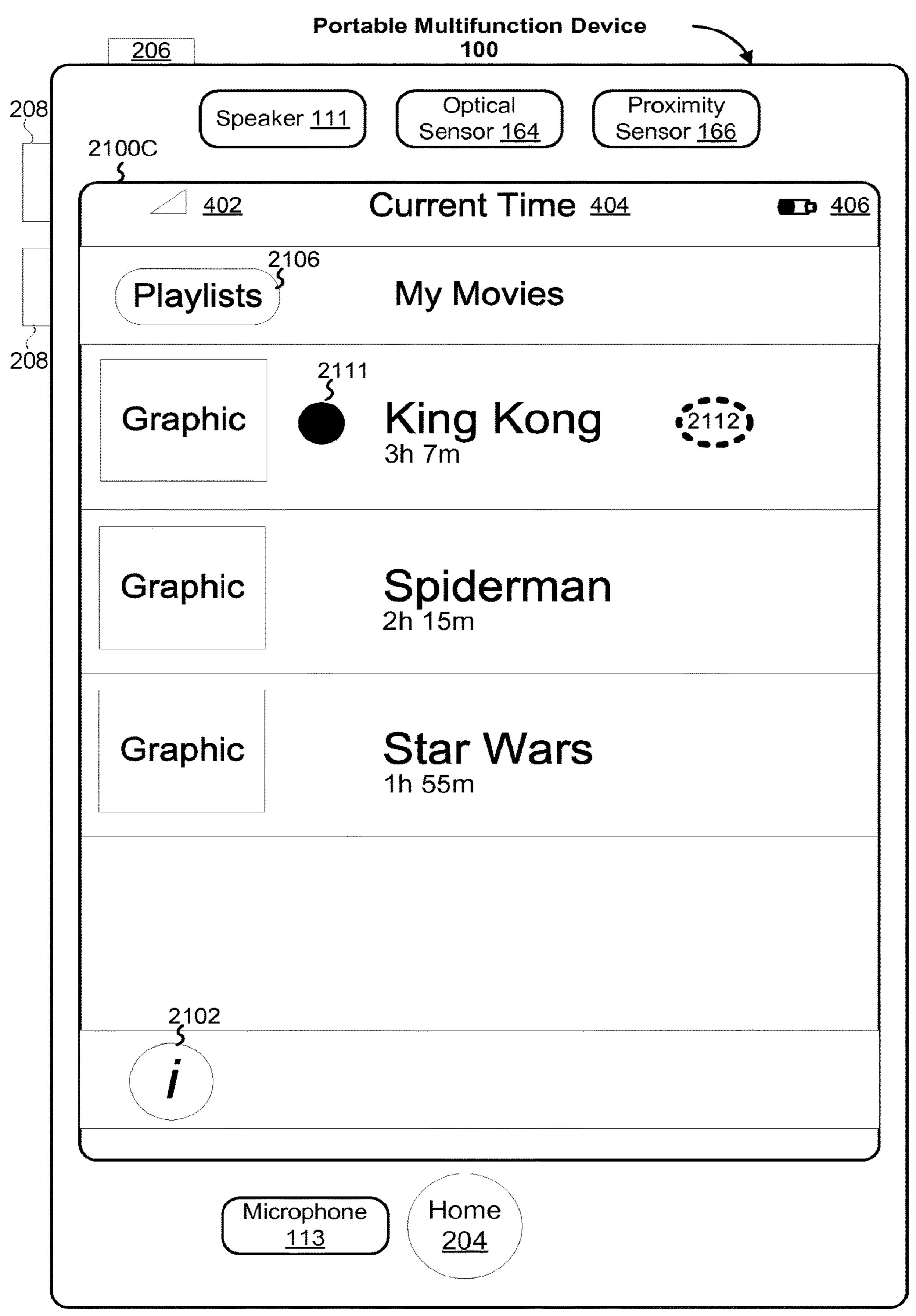


Figure 5C

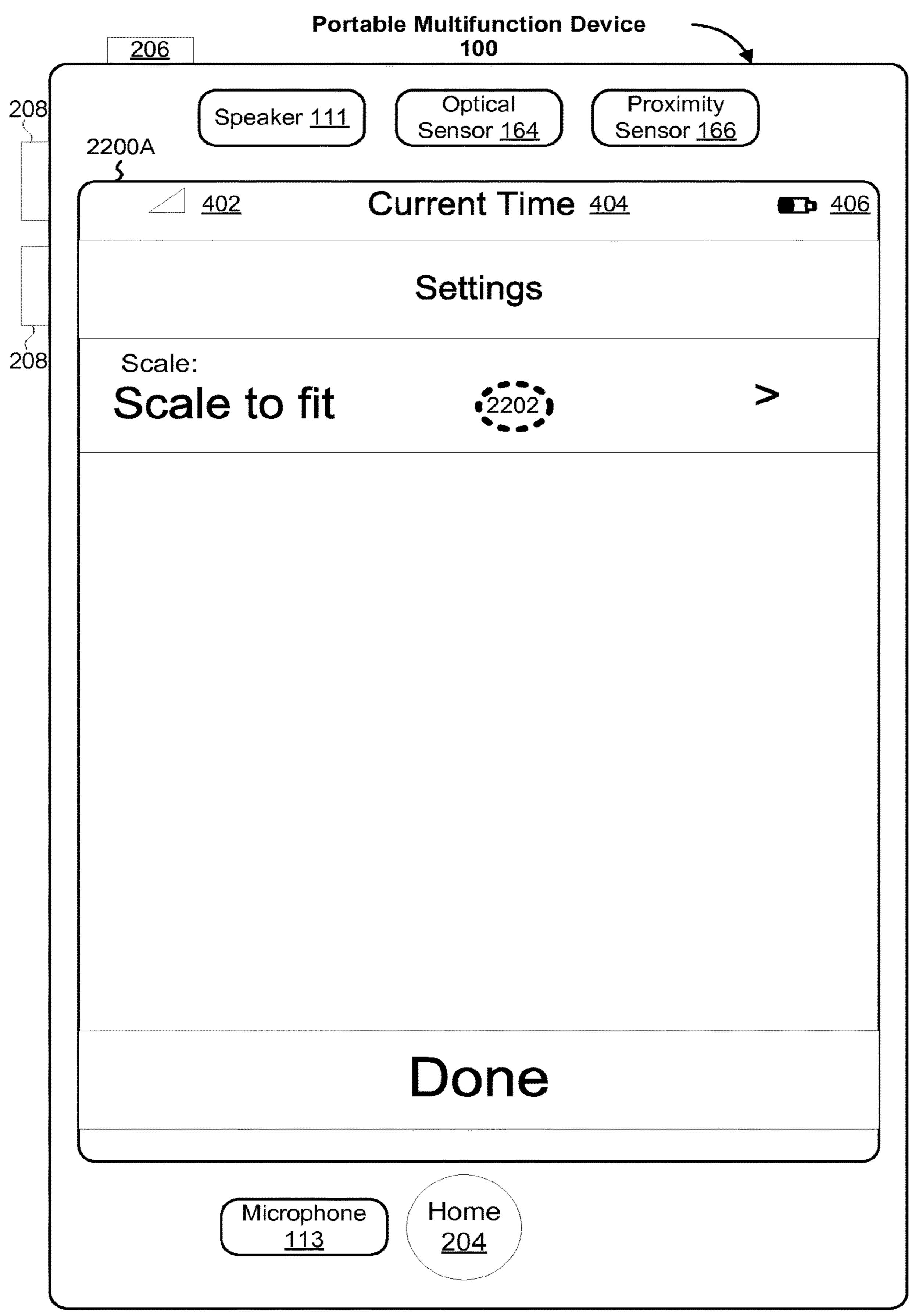


Figure 6A

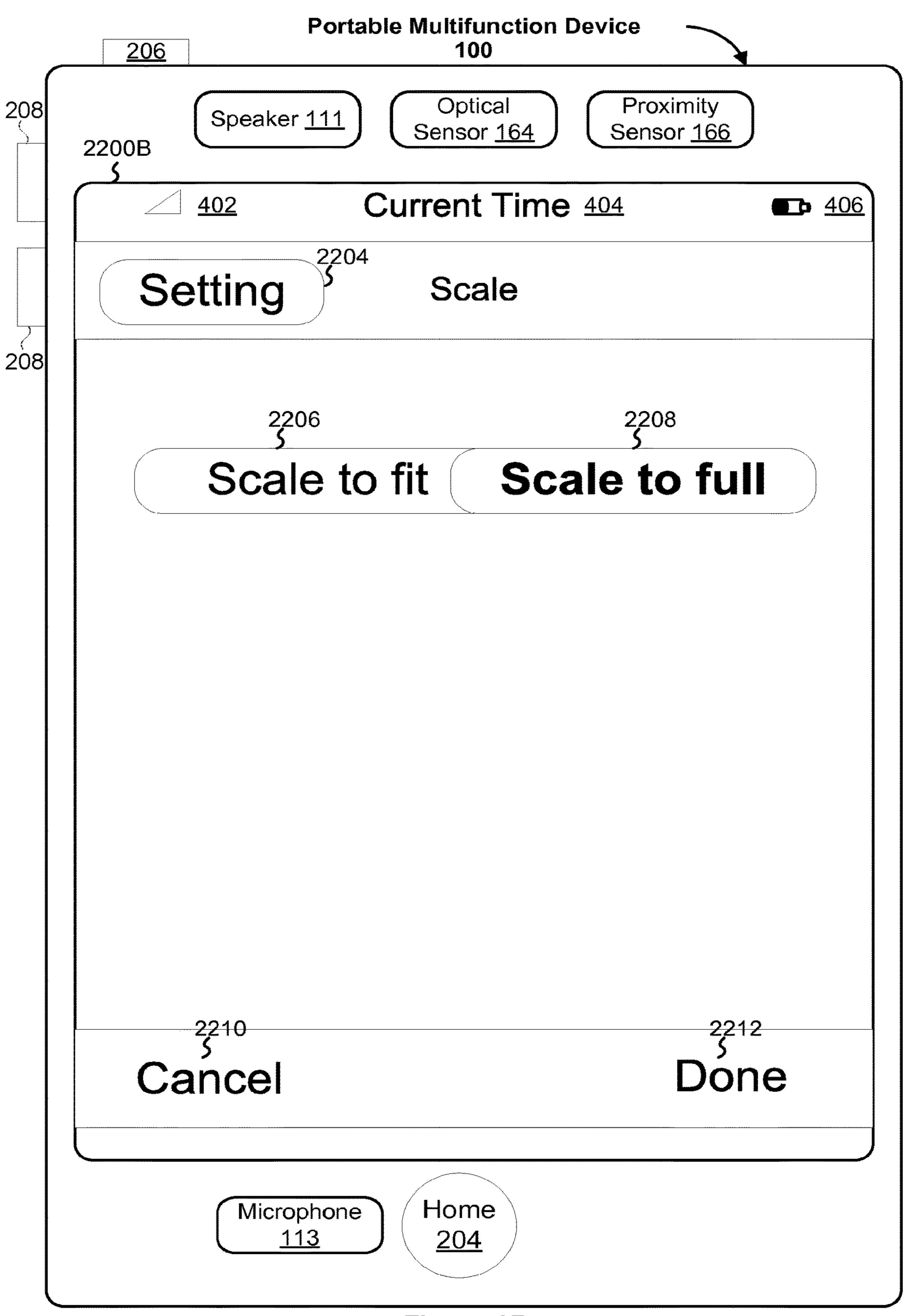


Figure 6B

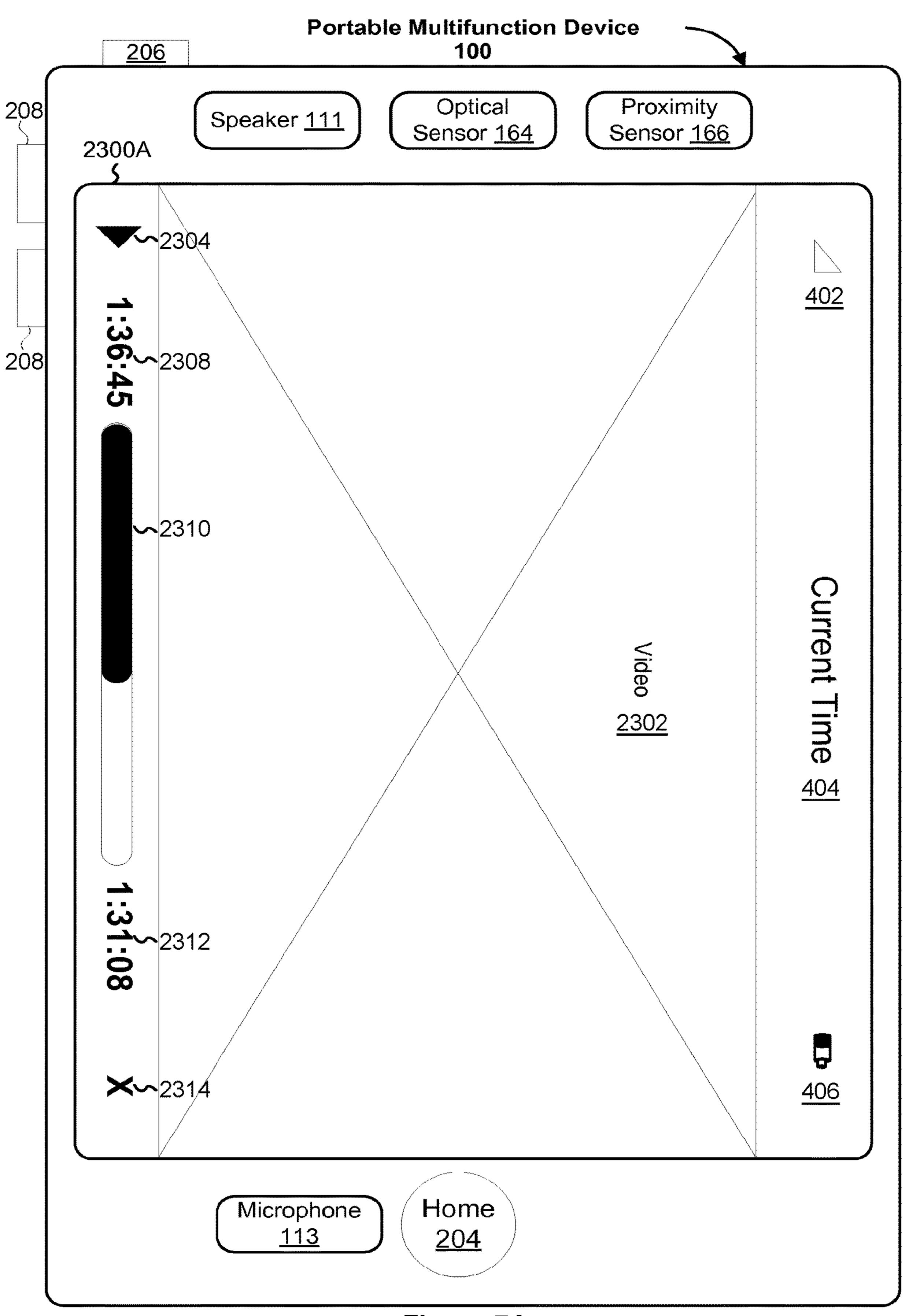


Figure 7A

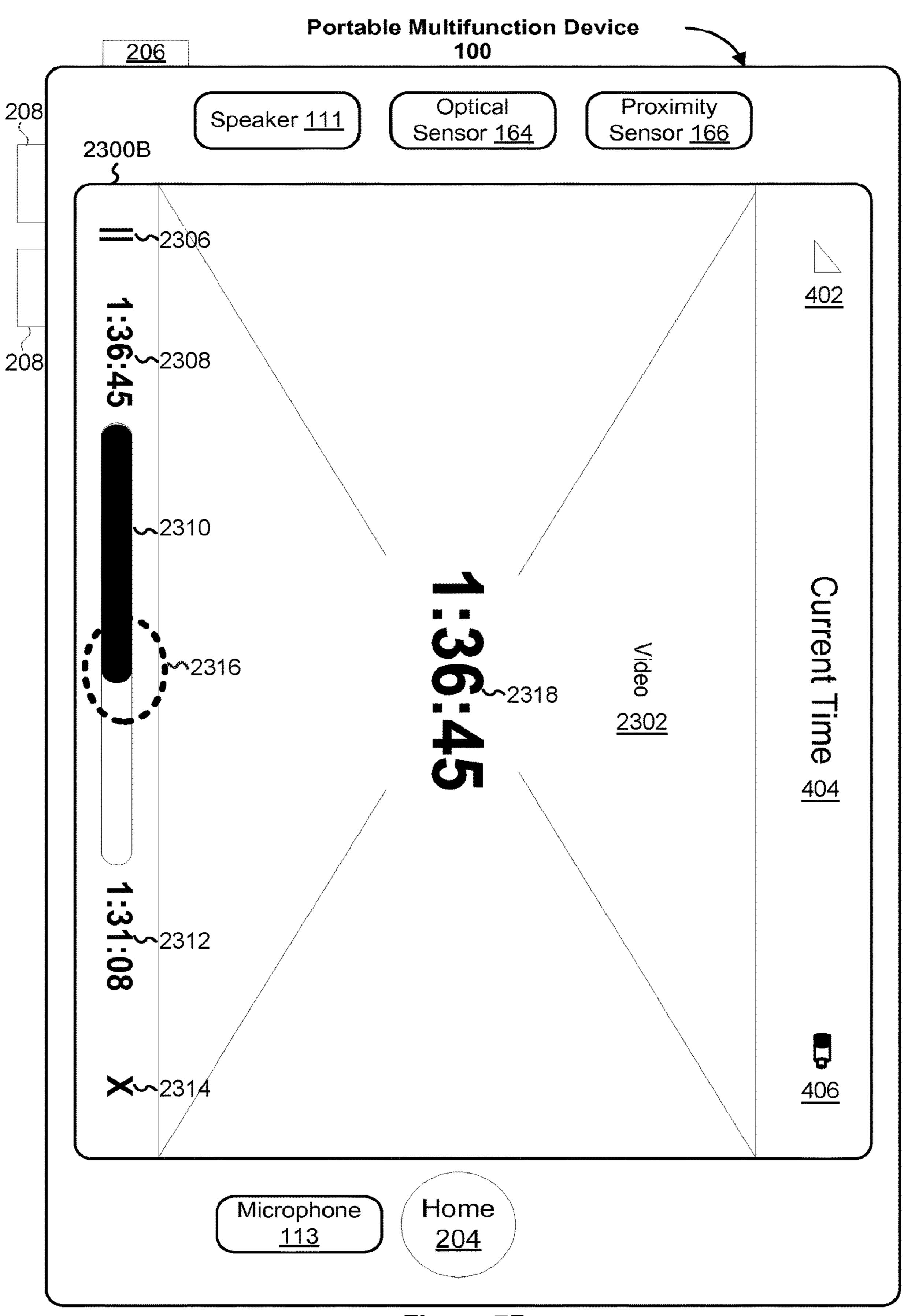


Figure 7B

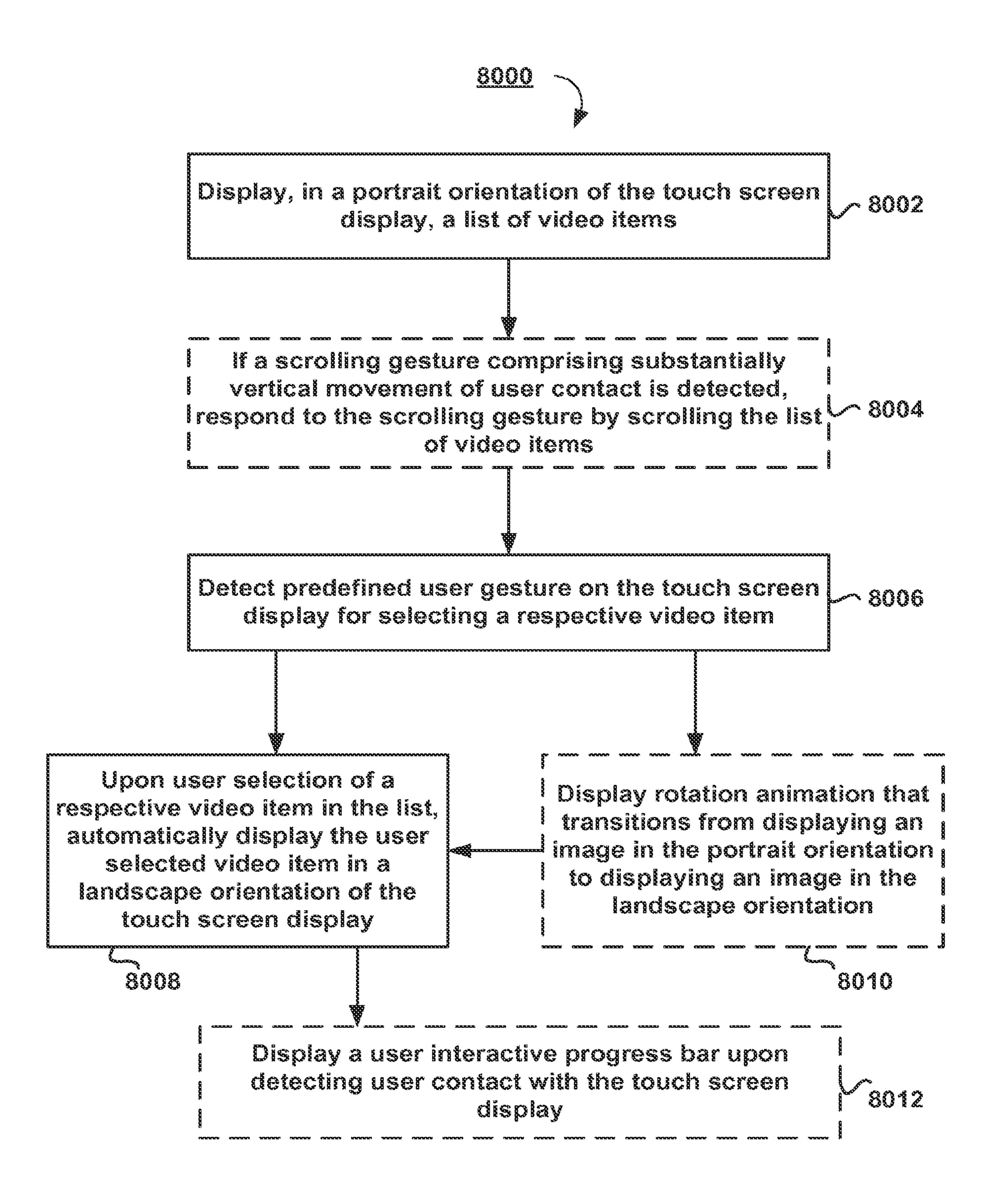


Figure 8A

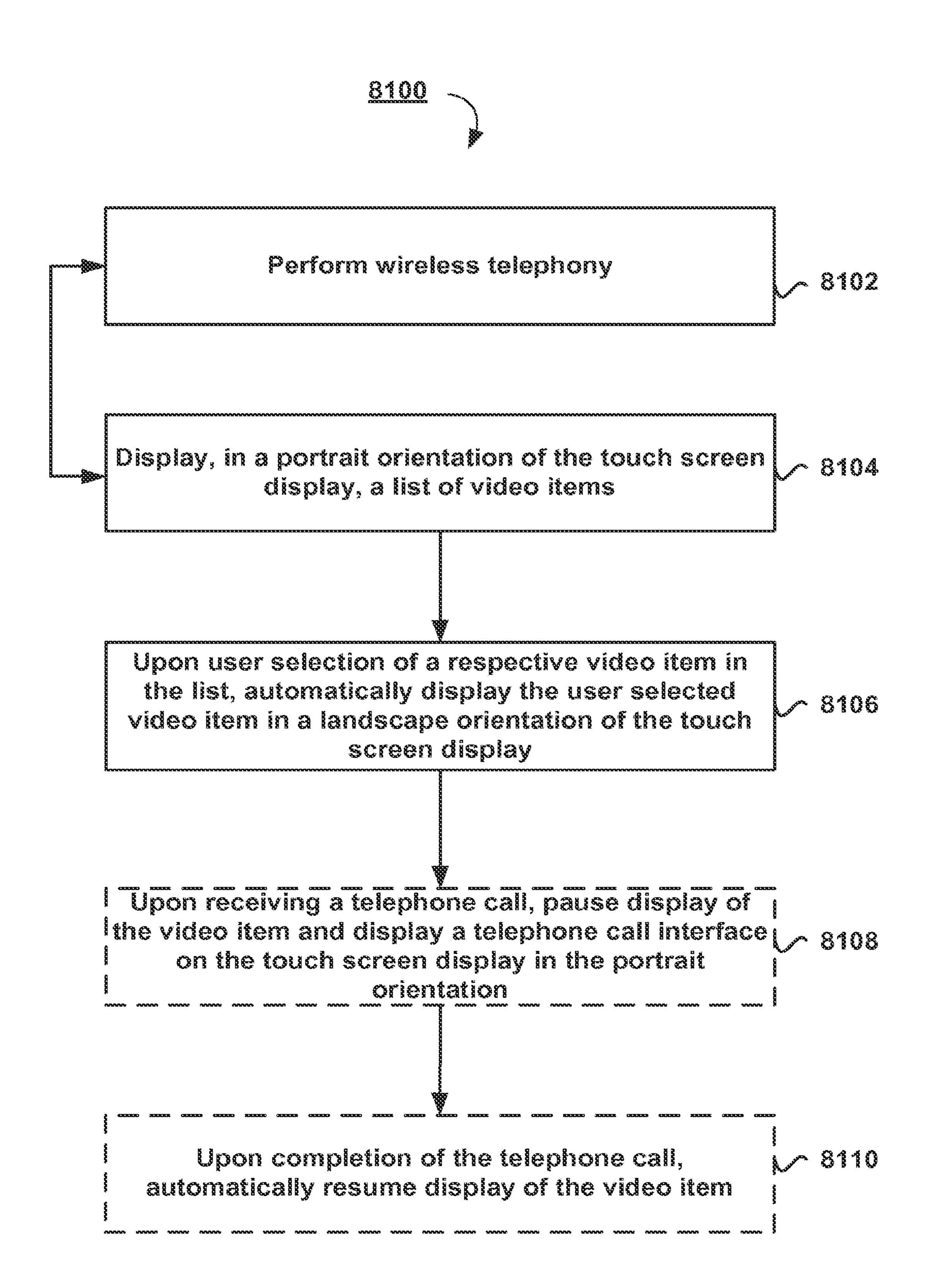


Figure 8B

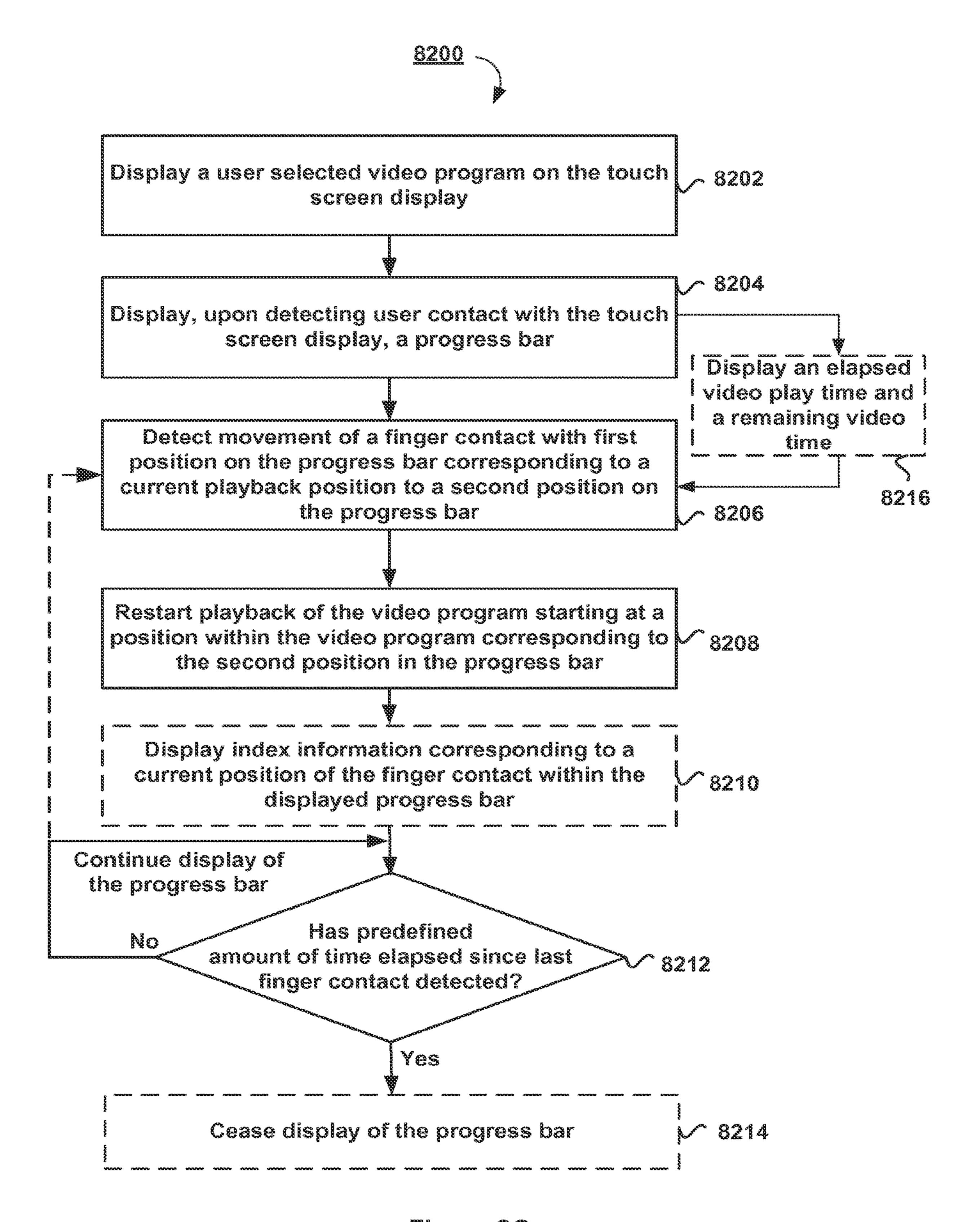


Figure 8C

# VIDEO MANAGER FOR PORTABLE MULTIFUNCTION DEVICE

# RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 14/043,788, filed Oct. 1, 2013, now U.S. Pat. No. 11,023,122, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/155,304, filed Jun. 7, 2011, now U.S. Pat. No. 8,547,355, which is a divisional of U.S. patent <sup>10</sup> application Ser. No. 11/850,008, filed Sep. 4, 2007, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,956,849, which claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application Nos. 60/937,993, "Portable Multifunction Device," filed Jun. 29, 2007; 60/946,973, "Video Manager for Portable Multifunction Device," filed 15 Jun. 28, 2007; 60/883,784, "Video Manager for Portable Multifunction Device" filed Jan. 6, 2007; 60/879,469, "Portable Multifunction Device," filed Jan. 8, 2007; 60/879,253, "Portable Multifunction Device," filed Jan. 7, 2007; and 60/824,769, "Portable Multifunction Device," filed Sep. 6, 2006. All of these applications are incorporated by referenced herein in their entirety.

This application is related to the following applications: (1) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/188,182, "Touch Pad For Handheld Device," filed on Jul. 1, 2002; (2) U.S. patent <sup>25</sup> application Ser. No. 10/722,948, "Touch Pad For Handheld" Device," filed on Nov. 25, 2003; (3) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/643,256, "Movable Touch Pad With Added Functionality," filed on Aug. 18, 2003; (4) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/654,108, "Ambidextrous Mouse," <sup>30</sup> filed on Sep. 2, 2003; (5) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/840,862, "Multipoint Touchscreen," filed on May 6, 2004; (6) U.S. patent application Ser. No: 10/903,964, "Gestures For Touch Sensitive Input Devices," filed on Jul. 30, 2004; (7) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/038,590, 35 "Mode-Based Graphical User Interfaces For Touch Sensitive Input Devices" filed on Jan. 18, 2005; (8) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/057,050, "Display Actuator," filed on Feb. 11, 2005; (9) U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/658,777, "Multi-Functional Hand-Held Device," 40 filed Mar. 4, 2005; and (10) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/367,749, "Multi-Functional Hand-Held Device," filed Mar. 3, 2006. All of these applications are incorporated by reference herein.

## TECHNICAL FIELD

The disclosed embodiments relate generally to portable electronic devices, and more particularly, to portable devices that are capable of playing digital video.

## BACKGROUND

As portable electronic devices become more compact, and the number of functions performed by a given device 55 increase, it has become a significant challenge to design a user interface that allows users to easily interact with a multifunction device. This challenge is particular significant for handheld portable devices, which have much smaller screens than desktop or laptop computers. This situation is 60 unfortunate because the user interface is the gateway through which users receive not only content but also responses to user actions or behaviors, including user attempts to access a device's features, tools, and functions. Some portable communication devices (e.g., mobile telephones, sometimes called mobile phones, cell phones, cellular telephones, and the like) have resorted to adding more

2

pushbuttons, increasing the density of push buttons, overloading the functions of pushbuttons, or using complex menu systems to allow & user to access, store and manipulate data. These conventional user interfaces often result in complicated key sequences and menu hierarchies that must be memorized by the user.

Many conventional user interfaces, such as those that include physical pushbuttons, are also inflexible. This may prevent a user interface from being configured and/or adapted by either an application running on the portable device or by users. When coupled with the time consuming requirement to memorize multiple key sequences and menu hierarchies, and the difficulty in activating a desired pushbutton, such inflexibility is frustrating to most users.

Many devices that are capable of playing and displaying digital video are the size of small laptops, and are, in fact, not handheld. This proves for more difficult portability. Other devices for playing digital video that are designed to be handheld may only be used in one orientation. The size of the screens of such devices is commonly quite small, and is therefore not conducive to watching digital videos. Moreover, having only one orientation restricts the user interface functionality because some functions (e.g., viewing a list of videos) may be more readily done in a portrait display orientation while other functions (watching a video) may be more readily done in a landscape display orientation, which more fully uses the display to show the video.

Accordingly, there is a need for portable multifunction devices with more transparent and intuitive user interfaces for video playback that are easy to use, configure, and/or adapt.

# **SUMMARY**

The above deficiencies and other problems associated with user interfaces for portable devices are reduced or eliminated by the disclosed portable multifunction device. In some embodiments, the device has a touch-sensitive display (also known as a "touch screen") with a graphical user interface (GUI), one or more processors, memory and one or more modules, programs or sets of instructions stored in the memory for performing multiple functions. In some embodiments, the user interacts with the GUI primarily through finger contacts and gestures on the touch-sensitive display. 45 In some embodiments, in addition to digital video playing, the functions may include telephoning, video conferencing, e-mailing, instant messaging, blogging, digital photographing, digital videoing, web browsing, and/or digital music playing Instructions for performing these functions may be 50 included in a computer readable storage medium or other computer program product configured for execution by one or more processors.

In accordance with some embodiments of the present invention, a computer-implemented method performed at a portable electronic device with a touch screen display includes displaying, in a portrait orientation of the touch screen display, a list of video items. The method also includes automatically displaying, upon user selection of a respective video item in the list, the user selected video item in a landscape orientation of the touch screen display.

In accordance with some embodiments of the present invention, a computer-implemented method performed at a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display includes at least two modes of operation. The first mode of operation includes performing wireless telephony. The second mode of operation includes displaying, in a portrait orientation of the touch screen display, a list of video items,

and automatically displaying, upon user selection of a respective video item in the list, the user selected video item in a landscape orientation of the touch screen display.

In accordance with some embodiments of the present invention, a computer-implemented method performed at a 5 handheld electronic device with a touch screen display includes displaying a user selected video program on the touch screen display, and displaying an interactive progress bar upon detecting user contact with the touch screen display.

In accordance with some embodiments of the present invention, a portable electronic device for displaying information includes a touch screen display; memory, one or more processors, and one or mote modules stored memory. The one or more modules are configured For 15 execution by the one or more processors and include instructions for: displaying, in a portrait orientation of the touch screen display, a list of video items; and for execution upon user selection of a respective video item in the list, automatically displaying the user selected video item in a 20 landscape orientation of the touch screen display.

In accordance with some embodiments of the present invention, a portable electronic device for displaying information includes a touch screen display; memory, one or more processors, and one or more modules stored in 25 memory. The one or more modules are configured for execution by the one or more processors and include instructions for: in a first mode of operation, performing wireless telephony. The one or more modules also includes instructions for: in a second mode of operation, displaying, in a 30 portrait orientation of the touch screen display, a list of video items; and, for execution upon user selection of a respective video item in the list, automatically displaying the user selected video item in a landscape orientation of the touch screen display.

In accordance with some embodiments of the present invention, a portable electronic device for displaying information includes a touch screen display; memory, one or more processors, and one or more modules stored in memory. The one or more modules are configured for 40 execution by the one or more processors and include instructions for: displaying a user selected video program on the touch screen display; and, for execution upon detecting user contact with the touch screen display, displaying a progress bar.

In accordance with some embodiments of the present invention, a computer program product for use in conjunction with a portable electronic device with a touch screen display includes a computer readable storage medium and a computer program mechanism (e.g., one or more computer programs) embedded therein. The computer program mechanism includes instructions for displaying, in a portrait orientation of the touch screen display, a list of video items. The computer program mechanism also includes instructions, for execution upon user selection of a respective video item in the list, for automatically displaying the user selected video item in a landscape orientation of the touch screen display.

In accordance with some embodiments of the present invention, a computer program product for use in conjunc- 60 tion with a portable electronic device with a touch screen display includes a computer readable storage medium and a computer program mechanism (e.g., one or more computer programs) embedded therein. The computer program mechanism comprises instructions for: in a first mode of 65 operation, performing wireless telephony; displaying, in a portrait orientation of the touch screen display, a list of video

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items; and, for execution upon user selection of a respective video item in the list, automatically displaying the user selected video item in a landscape orientation of the touch screen display.

In accordance with some embodiments of the present invention, a computer program product for use in conjunction with a portable electronic device with a touch screen display includes a computer readable storage medium and a computer program mechanism (e.g., one or more computer programs) embedded therein. The computer program mechanism comprises instructions for: displaying a user selected video program on the touch screen display: and, for execution upon detecting user contact with the touch screen display, displaying a progress bar.

In accordance with some embodiments of the present invention, a portable electronic device with a touch screen display includes means for displaying a list of video items in a portrait orientation of the touch screen display. The method also includes means, for execution upon user selection of a respective video item in the list, for automatically displaying the user selected video item in a landscape orientation of the touch screen display.

In accordance with some embodiments of the present invention, a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display includes: in a first mode of operation, means for performing wireless telephony. The method also includes; in a second mode of operation means for displaying, in a portrait orientation of the touch screen display, a list of video items; and means, for execution upon user selection of a respective video item in the list, for automatically displaying the user selected video item in a landscape orientation of the touch screen display.

In accordance with some embodiments of the present invention, a handheld electronic device with a touch screen display, includes means for displaying a user selected video program on the touch screen display. The method also includes means, for execution upon detecting user contact with the touch screen display, for displaying an interactive progress bar.

Thus, the invention provides an intuitive, easy-to-use interface for video playback on a portable electronic device with a touch screen display.

# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

For a better understanding of the aforementioned embodiments of the invention as well as additional embodiments thereof, reference should be made to the Description of Embodiments below, in conjunction with the following drawings in which like reference numerals refer to corresponding parts throughout the figures.

FIG. 1 is a block diagram illustrating a portable multifunction device with a touch-sensitive display in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 2 illustrates a portable multifunction device having a touch screen in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 3 illustrates an exemplary user interface for a menu of applications on a portable multifunction device in accordance with some embodiments.

FIGS. 4A and 4B illustrate an exemplary user interface displayed during an incoming call in accordance with some embodiments.

FIGS. **5**A-**5**C illustrate an exemplary user interface for organizing and managing videos in accordance with some embodiments.

FIGS. 6A and 6B illustrate an exemplary user interface for setting user preferences for a video player in accordance with some embodiments.

FIGS. 7A and 7B illustrate an exemplary user interface for a video player in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 8A is a flow diagram of a process for displaying video images in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 8B is a flow diagram of a process for displaying video images in accordance with some embodiments.

FIG. 8C is a flow diagram of a process for displaying 10 video images in accordance with some embodiments.

#### DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

Reference will now be made in detail to embodiments, 15 examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings. In the following detailed description, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. However, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that the present 20 invention may be practiced without these specific details. In other instances, well-known methods, procedures, components, circuits, and networks have not been described in detail so as not to unnecessarily obscure aspects of the embodiments.

Embodiments of a portable multifunction device, user interfaces for such devices, and associated processes for using such devices are described. In some embodiments, the device is a portable communications device such as a mobile telephone that also contains other functions, such as PDA 30 and/or music player functions.

The user interface may include a physical click wheel in addition to a touch screen or a virtual click wheel displayed on the touch screen. A click wheel is a user-interface device displacement of the wheel or a point of contact with the wheel by a user of the device. A click wheel may also be used to provide a user command corresponding to selection of one or more items, for example, when the user of the device presses down on at least a portion of the wheel or the center of the wheel. Alternatively, breaking contact with a click wheel image on a touch screen surface may indicate a user command corresponding to selection. For simplicity, in the discussion that follows, a portable multifunction device that includes a touch screen is used as an exemplary embodi- 45 ment. It should be understood, however, that some of the user interfaces and associated processes may be applied to other devices, such as personal computers and laptop computers, which may include one or more other physical user-interface devices, such as a physical click wheel, a 50 physical keyboard, a mouse and/or a joystick.

In some embodiments, in addition to the digital video player application, the device supports a variety of applications, such as one or more of the following: a telephone application, a video conferencing application, an e-mail 55 application, art instant messaging application, a blogging application, a photo management application, a digital camera application, a digital video camera application, a web browsing application, and/or a digital music player application.

The various applications that may be executed on the device may use at least one common physical user-interface device, such as the touch screen. One or more functions of the touch screen as well as corresponding information displayed on the device may be adjusted and/or varied from 65 one application to the next and/or within a respective application. In this way, a common physical architecture

(such as the touch screen) of the device may support the variety of applications with user interfaces that are intuitive and transparent.

The user interfaces may include one or more soft keyboard embodiments. The soft keyboard embodiments may include standard (QWERTY) and/or non-standard configurations of symbols on the displayed icons of the keyboard, such as those described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/459,606, "Keyboards For Portable Electronic Devices," filed Jul. 24, 2006, and Ser. No. 11/459,615, "Touch Screen Keyboards For Portable Electronic Devices," filed Jul. 24, 2006, the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference. The keyboard embodiments may include a reduced number of icons (or soft keys) relative to the number of keys in existing physical keyboards, such as that for a typewriter. This may make it easier for users to select one or more icons in the keyboard, and thus, one or more corresponding symbols. The keyboard embodiments may be adaptive. For example, displayed icons may be modified in accordance with user actions, such as selecting one or more icons and/or one or more corresponding symbols. One or more applications on the portable device may utilize common and/or different keyboard embodiments. Thus, the keyboard embodiment used may be tailored to at least some 25 of the applications. In some embodiments, one or more keyboard embodiments may be tailored to a respective user. For example, based on a word usage history (lexicography, slang, individual usage) of the respective user. Some of the keyboard embodiments may be adjusted to reduce a probability of a user error when selecting one or more icons, and thus one or more symbols, when using the soft keyboard embodiments.

Attention is now directed towards embodiments of the device. FIG. 1 is a block diagram illustrating a portable that may provide navigation commands based on an angular 35 multifunction device 100 with a touch-sensitive display 112 in accordance with some embodiments. The touch-sensitive display 112 is sometimes called a "touch screen" for convenience, and may also be known as or called a touchsensitive display system. The device 100 may include a memory 102 (which may include one or more computer readable storage mediums), a memory controller 122, one or more processing units (CPU's) 120, a peripherals interface 118, RF circuitry 108, audio circuitry 110, a speaker 111, a microphone 113, an input/output (I/O) subsystem 106, other input or control devices 116, and an external port 124. The device 100 may include one or more optical sensors 164. These components may communicate over one or more communication buses or signal lines 103.

> It should be appreciated that the device 100 is only one example of a portable multifunction device 100, and that the device 100 may have more or fewer components than shown, may combine two or more components, or a may have a different configuration or arrangement of the components. The various components shown in FIG. 1 may be implemented in hardware, software or a combination of both hardware and software, including one or more signal processing and/or application specific integrated circuits.

Memory 102 may include high-speed random access memory and may also include non-volatile memory, such as one or more magnetic disk storage devices, flash memory devices, or other non-volatile solid-state memory devices. Access to memory 102 by other components of the device 100, such as the CPU 120 and the peripherals interface 118, may be controlled by the memory controller 122.

The peripherals interface 118 couples the input and output peripherals of the device to the CPU 120 and memory 102. The one or more processors 120 run or execute various

software programs and/or sets of instructions stored in memory 102 to perform various functions for the device 100 and to process data.

In some embodiments, the peripherals interface 118, the CPU 120, and the memory controller 122 may be implemented on a single chip, such as a chip 104. In some other embodiments, they may be implemented on separate chips.

The RF (radio frequency) circuitry 108 receives and sends RF signals, also called electromagnetic signals. The RF circuitry 108 converts electrical signals to/from electromag- 10 netic signals and communicates with communications networks and other communications devices via the electromagnetic signals. The RF circuitry 108 may include wellknown circuitry for performing these functions, including but not limited to an antenna system, an RF transceiver, one 15 or more amplifiers, a tuner, one or more oscillators, a digital signal processor, a CODEC chipset, a subscriber identity module (SIM) card, memory, and so forth. The RF circuitry 108 may communicate with networks, such as the Internet, also referred to as the World Wide Web (WWW), an intranet 20 and/or a wireless network, such as a cellular telephone network, a wireless local area network (LAN) and/or a metropolitan area network (MAN), and other devices by wireless communication. The wireless communication may use any of a plurality of communications standards, proto- 25 cols and technologies, including but not limited to Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM), Enhanced Data GSM Environment (EDGE), high-speed downlink packet access (HSDPA), wideband code division multiple access (W-CDMA), code division multiple access (CDMA), time 30 division multiple access (TDMA), Bluetooth, Wireless Fidelity (Wi-Fi) (e.g., IEEE 802.11a, IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.1 Ig and/or IEEE 802.11n) voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP), Wi-MAX, a protocol for email, instant messaging, and/or Short Message Service (SMS)), or any other suitable 35 communication protocol, including communication protocols not yet developed as of the filing date of this document.

The audio circuitry 110, the speaker 111, and the microphone 113 provide an audio interface between a user and the device 100. The audio circuitry 110 receives audio data from 40 the peripherals interface 118, converts the audio data to an electrical signal, and transmits the electrical signal to the speaker 111. The speaker 111 converts the electrical signal to human-audible sound waves. The audio circuitry 110 also receives electrical signals convened by the microphone 113 45 from sound waves. The audio circuitry 110 converts the electrical signal to audio data and transmits the audio data to the peripherals interface 118 for processing. Audio data may be retrieved from and/or transmitted to memory 102 and/or the RF circuitry 108 by the peripherals interface 118. In 50 some embodiments, the audio circuitry 110 also includes a headset jack (not shown). The headset jack provides an interface between the audio circuitry 110 and removable audio input/output peripherals, such as output-only headphones or a headset with both output (e.g., a headphone for 55 one or both ears) and input (e.g., a microphone).

The I/O subsystem 106 couples input/output peripherals on the device 100, such as the touch screen 112 and other input/control devices 116, to the peripherals interface 118. The I/O subsystem 106 may include a display controller 156 and one or more input controllers I/O for other input or control devices. The one or more input controllers 160 receive/send electrical signals from/to other input or control devices 116. The other input/control devices 116 may include physical buttons (e.g., push buttons, rocker buttons, 65 etc.), dials, slider switches, joysticks, click wheels, and so forth. In some alternate embodiments, input controllers) 160

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may be coupled to any (or none) of the following: a keyboard, infrared port, USB port, and a pointer device such as a mouse. The one or more buttons (e.g., 208, FIG. 2) may include an up/down button for volume control of the speaker 111 and/or the microphone 113. The one or more buttons may include a push button (e.g., 206, FIG. 2). A quick press of the push button may disengage a lock of the touch screen 112 or begin a process that uses gestures on the touch screen to unlock the device, as described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/322,549, "Unlocking a Device by Performing Gestures on an Unlock Image," filed Dec. 23, 2005, which is hereby incorporated by reference. A longer press of the push button (e.g., 206) may turn power to the device 100 on or off. The user may be able to customize a functionality of one or more of the buttons. The touch screen 112 is used to implement virtual or soft buttons and one or more soli keyboards.

The touch screen 112 provides an input interface and an output interface between the device and a user. The display controller 156 receives and/or sends electrical signals from/ to the touch screen 112. The touch screen 112 displays visual output to the user. The visual output may include graphics, text, icons, video, and any combination thereof (collectively termed "graphics"). In some embodiments, some or all of the visual output may correspond to user-interface objects, further details of which are described below.

A touch screen 112 has a touch-sensitive surface, sensor or set of sensors that accept input from the user based on haptic and or tactile contact. The touch screen 112 and the display controller 156 (along with any associated modules and/or sets of instructions in memory 102) detect contact (and any movement or breaking of the contact) on the touch screen 112 and converts the detected contact into interaction with user-interface objects (e.g., one or more soft keys, icons, web pages or images) that are displayed on the touch screen. In an exemplary embodiment, a point of contact between a touch screen 112 and the user corresponds to a finger of the user.

The touch screen 112 may use LCD (liquid crystal display) technology, or LPD (light emitting polymer display) technology, although other display technologies may be used in other embodiments. The touch screen 112 and the display controller 156 may detect contact and any movement or breaking thereof using any of a plurality of touch sensing technologies now known or later developed, including but not limited to capacitive, resistive, infrared, and surface acoustic wave technologies, as well as other proximity sensor arrays or other elements for determining one or more points of contact with touch screen 112. A touch-sensitive display in some embodiments of the touch screen 112 may be analogous to the multi-touch sensitive tablets described in the following U.S. Pat. Nos.: 6,323,846 (Westerman et al.), 6,570,557 (Westerman et al.), and/or 6,677,932 (Westerman), and/or U.S. Patent Publication 2002/0015024A1, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference. However, a touch screen 112 displays visual output from the portable device 100, whereas touch sensitive tablets do not provide visual output. The touch screen 112 may have a resolution in excess of 100 dpi. In an exemplary embodiment, the touch screen has a resolution of approximately 168 dpi. The user may make contact with the touch screen 112 using any suitable object or appendage, such as a stylus, a finger, and so forth. In some embodiments, the user interface is designed to work primarily with finger-based contacts and gestures, which are much less precise than stylus-based input due to the larger area of contact of a finger on the touch screen. In some embodiments, the device translates the

rough finger-based input into a precise pointer/cursor position or command for performing the actions desired by the user.

A touch-sensitive display in some embodiments of the touch screen 112 may be as described in the following 5 applications: (1) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/381, 313. "Multipoint Touch Surface Controller," filed on May 2, 2006; (2) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/840,862, "Multipoint Touchscreen," filed on May 6, 2004; (3) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/903,064, "Gestures for Touch 10 Sensitive Input Devices," filed on Jul. 30, 2004; (4) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/048,264, "Gestures For Touch Sensitive Input Devices," filed on Jan. 31, 2005; (5) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11,038,590, "Mode-Based Graphical User Interfaces For Touch Sensitive input 15 Devices," filed on Jan. 18, 2005; (6) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/228,758, "Virtual Input Device Placement On A touch Screen User Interface," filed on Sep. 16, 2005; (7) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/228,700, "Operation Of A Computer With A Touch Screen Interface," filed on Sep. 20 16, 2005; (8) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/228,737, "Activating Virtual Keys Of A Touch-Screen Virtual Keyboard," filed on Sep. 16, 2005; and (9) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/367,749, "Multi-Functional Hand-Held Device," filed on Mar. 3, 2006. All of these applications are 25 incorporated by reference herein.

In some embodiments, in addition to the touch screen, the device 100 may include a touchpad (not shown) for activating or deactivating particular functions. In some embodiments, the touchpad is a touch-sensitive area of the device 30 that, unlike the touch screen, does not display visual output. The touchpad may be a touch-sensitive surface that is separate from the touch screen 112 or an extension of the touch-sensitive surface formed by the touch screen.

physical or virtual click wheel as an input control device 116. A user may navigate among and interact with one or more graphical objects (henceforth referred to as icons) displayed on touch screen 112 by rotating the click wheel or by moving a point of contact with the click wheel (e.g., 40 where the amount of movement of the point of contact is measured by its angular displacement with respect to a center point of the click wheel). The click wheel may also be used to select one or more of the displayed icons. For example, the user may press down on at least a portion of the 45 click wheel or an associated button. User commands and navigation commands provided by the user via the click wheel may be processed by an input controller 160 as well as one or more of the modules and/or sets of instructions in memory **102**. For a virtual click wheel, the click wheel and 50 click wheel controller may be part of the touch screen 112 and the display controller **156**, respectively. For a virtual click wheel, the click wheel may be either an opaque or semitransparent object that appears and disappears on the touch screen in response to user interaction with the device. 55 In some embodiments, a virtual click wheel is displayed on the touch screen of a portable multifunction device and operated by user contact with the touch screen.

The device 100 also includes a power system 162 for powering the various components. The power system 162 60 may include a power management system, one or more power sources (e.g., battery, alternating current (AC)), a recharging system, a power failure detection circuit, a power converter or inverter, a power status indicator (e.g., a lightemitting diode (LED)) and any other components associated 65 with the generation, management and distribution of power in portable devices.

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The device 100 may also include one or more optical sensors 164. FIG. 1 shows an optical sensor coupled to an optical sensor controller 158 in I/O subsystem 106. The optical sensor 164 may include charge-coupled device (CCD) or complementary metal-oxide semiconductor (CMOS) phototransistors. The optical sensor **164** receives light from the environment, projected through one or more leas, and converts the light to data representing an image. In conjunction with an imaging module 143, the optical sensor 164 may capture still images or video. In some embodiments, an optical sensor is located on the back of the device 100, opposite the touch screen 112 on the front of the device, so that the touch screen display may be used as a view finder for either still and/or video image acquisition. In some embodiments, an optical sensor is located on the front of the device so that the user's image may be obtained for videoconferencing while the user views the other video conference participants on the touch screen display. In some embodiments, the position of the optical sensor 164 can be changed by the user (e.g., by rotating the lens and the sensor in the device housing) so that a single optical sensor 164 may be used along with the touch screen display for both video conferencing and still and/or video image acquisition.

The device 100 may also include one or more proximity sensors 166. FIG. 1 shows a proximity sensor 166 coupled to the peripherals interface 118. Alternately, the proximity sensor 166 may be coupled to art input controller 160 in the I/O subsystem 106. The proximity sensor 166 may perform as described in U.S. patent application Ser. Nos. 11/241,839, "Proximity Detector In Handheld Device," filed Sep. 30, 2005, and 11/240,738 "Proximity Detector In Handheld Device," filed Sep. 30, 2005, which are hereby incorporated by reference. In some embodiments, the proximity sensor In some embodiments, the device 100 may include a 35 turns off and disables the touch screen 112 when the multifunction device is placed near the user's ear (e.g., when the user is making a phone call). In some embodiments, the proximity sensor keeps the screen off when the device is in the users pocket, purse, or other dark area to prevent unnecessary battery drainage when the device is a locked state.

> In some embodiments, the software components stored in memory 102 may include an operating system 126, a communication module (or set of instructions) 128, a contact/ motion module (or set of instructions) 130, a graphics module (or set of instructions) 132, a text input module (or set of instructions) 134, a Global Positioning System (GPS) module (or set of instructions) 135, and applications (or set of instructions) 136.

> The operating system 126 (e.g., Darwin, RTXC, LINUX, UNIX, OS X, WINDOWS, or an embedded operating system such as VxWorks) includes various software components and/or drivers for controlling and managing general system tasks (e.g., memory management, storage device control, power management, etc.) and facilitates communication between various hardware and software components.

> The communication module 128 facilitates communication with other devices over one or more external ports 124 and also includes various software components for handling data received by the RF circuitry 108 and/or the external port **124**. The external port **124** (e.g., Universal Serial Bus (USB), FIREWIRE, etc.) is adapted for coupling directly to other devices or indirectly over a network (e.g., the Internet, wireless LAN, etc.). In some embodiments, the external port is a multi-pin (e.g., 30-pin) connector that is the same as, or similar to and/or compatible with the 30-pin connector used on iPod (trademark of Apple Inc.) devices.

The contact/motion module 130 may detect contact with the touch screen 112 (in conjunction with the display controller 156) and other touch sensitive devices (e.g., a touchpad or click wheel). The contact/motion module 130 includes various software components for performing vari- 5 ous operations related to detection of contact, such as determining if contact has occurred, determining if there is movement of the contact and tracking the movement across the touch screen 112, and determining if the contact has been broken (i.e., if the contact has ceased). Determining movement of the point of contact may include determining speed (magnitude), velocity (magnitude and direction), and/or an acceleration (a change in magnitude and/or direction) of the point of contact. These operations may be applied to single contacts (e.g., one finger contacts) or to multiple simulta- 15 neous contacts (e.g., "multitouch"/multiple finger contacts). In some embodiments, the contact/motion module 130 and the display controller **156** also detects contact on a touchpad. In some embodiments, the contact/motion module 130 and the controller 160 detects contact on a click wheel.

The graphics module **132** includes various known software components for rendering and displaying graphics on the touch screen 112, including components for changing the intensity of graphics that are displayed. As used herein, the term "graphics" includes any object that can be displayed to 25 a user, including without limitation text, web pages, icons (such as user-interface objects including soft keys), digital images, videos, animations and the like.

The text input module **134**, which may be a component of graphics module **132**, provides soft keyboards for entering 30 text in various applications (e.g., contacts 137, e-mail 140, IM 141, blogging 142, browser 147, and any other application that needs text input).

The GPS module 135 determines the location of the applications (e.g., to telephone 138 for use in location-based dialing, to camera 143 and/or blogger 142 as picture/video metadata, and to applications that provide location-based services such as weather widgets, local yellow page widgets, and map/navigation widgets).

The applications **136** may include the following modules (or sets of instructions), or a subset or superset thereof:

- a contacts module 137 (sometimes called an address book or contact list);
- a telephone module 138;
- a video conferencing module 139;
- an e-mail client module 140;
- an instant messaging (IM) module **141**;
- a blogging module **142**;
- a camera module 143 for still and/or video images;
- an image management module 144;
- a video player module 145;
- a music player module **146**;
- a browser module **147**;
- a calendar module 148;

widget modules 149, which may include weather widget 149-1, stocks widget 149-2, calculator widget 149-3, alarm clock widget 149-4, dictionary widget 149-5, and other widgets obtained by the user, as well as usercreated widgets 149-6;

widget creator module 150 for making user-created widgets **149-6**; and/or

search module 151.

Examples of other applications **136** that may be stored in memory 102 include memo pad and other word processing 65 applications, JAVA-enabled applications, encryption, digital rights management, voice recognition, and voice replication.

In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, the contacts module 137 may be used to manage an address book or contact list, including; adding name(s) to the address book; deleting name(s) from the address book; associating telephone number(s), e-mail address(es), physical address(es) or other information with a name; associating an image with a name: categorizing and sorting names; providing telephone numbers or e-mail addresses to initiate and/or facilitate communications by telephone 138, video conference 139, e-mail 140, or IM 141; and so forth. Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using contacts module 137 are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, audio circuitry 110, speaker 111, microphone 113, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, the telephone module 138 may be used to enter a sequence of characters corresponding to 20 a telephone number, access one or more telephone numbers in the address book 137, modify a telephone number that has been entered, dial a respective telephone number, conduct a conversation and disconnect or hang up when the conversation is completed. As noted above, the wireless communication may use any of a plurality of communications standards, protocols and technologies. Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using telephone module **138** are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, audio circuitry 110, speaker 111, microphone 113, touch screen 112, display controller 156, optical sensor 164, optical sensor controller 158, contact module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, contacts list 137, and telephone module 138, the videoconferencing module 139 may be used to initiate, device and provides this information for use in various 35 conduct, and terminate a video conference between a user and one or more other participants. Embodiments of user interlaces and associated processes using videoconferencing module 139 are described further below.

> In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, 40 display controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, the e-mail client module 140 may be used to create, send, receive, and manage e-mail. In conjunction with image management module 144, the e-mail module 140 makes it very easy to create and send e-mails 45 with still or video images taken with camera module **143**. Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using e-mail module 140 are described further below.

> In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 50 **132**, and text input module **134**, the instant messaging module 141 may be used to enter a sequence of characters corresponding to an instant message, to modify previously entered characters, to transmit a respective instant message (for example, using a Short Message Service (SMS) or 55 Multimedia Message Service (MMS) protocol), to receive instant messages and to view received instant messages. In some embodiments, transmitted and/or received instant messages may include graphics, photos, audio files, video files and/or other attachments as are supported in a MMS and/or an Enhanced Messaging Service (EMS). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using instant messaging module **141** are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, image management module 144, and browsing module 147, the blogging module 142 may be used to send text, still images, video, and/or other graphics

to a blog (e.g., the user's blog). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using blogging module **142** are described further below.

In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, optical sensor(s) 164, optical sensor controller 158, 5 contact module 130, graphics module 132, and image management module 144, the camera module 143 may be used to capture still images or video (including a video stream) and store them into memory 102, modify characteristics of a still image or video, or delete a still image or video from memory 102. Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using camera module 143 are described further below.

In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, text input 15 module 134, and camera module 143, the image management module 144 may be used to arrange, modify or otherwise manipulate, label, delete, present (e.g., in a digital slide show or album), and store still and/or video images. Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes 20 using image management module **144** are described further below.

In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, audio circuitry 110, and speaker 111, the video player module 145 25 may be used to display, present or otherwise playback videos (e.g., on the touch screen or on an external, connected display via external port 124). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using video player module **145** are described further below.

In conjunction with touch screen 112, display system controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, audio circuitry 110, speaker 111, RF circuitry 108, and browser module 147, the music player module 146 allows other sound files stored in one or more file formats, such as MP3 or AAC files. In some embodiments, the device 100 may include the functionality of an MP3 player, such as an iPod (trademark of Apple Inc.). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using music player module 40 **146** are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display system controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, the browser module 147 may be used to browse the internet, including searching, 45 linking to, receiving, and displaying web pages or portions thereof, as well as attachments and other files linked to web pages. Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using browser module 147 are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display system controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, e-mail module 140, and browser module 147, the calendar module 148 may be used to create, display, modify, and store calendars and data 55 associated with calendars (e.g., calendar entries, to do lists, etc.). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using calendar module 148 are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, 60 display system controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, and browser module 147, the widget modules 149 are mini-applications that may be downloaded and used by a user (e.g., weather widget 149-1, stocks widget 149-2, calculator widget 149-3, alarm 65 clock widget 149-4, and dictionary widget 149-5) or created by the user (e.g., user-created widget 149-6). In some

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embodiments, a widget includes an HTML (Hypertext Markup Language) file, a CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) file, and a JavaScript file. In some embodiments, a widget includes an XML (Extensible Markup Language) file and a JavaScript file (e.g., Yahoo! Widgets). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using widget modules 149 are described further below.

In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display system controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, and browser module 147, the widget creator module 150 may be used by a user to create widgets (e.g., turning a user-specified portion of a web page into a widget). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using widget creator module 150 are described further below.

In conjunction with touch screen 112, display system controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, the search module 151 may be used to search for text, music, sound, image, video, and/or other files in memory 102 that match one or more search criteria (e.g., one or more user-specified search terms). Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using search module 151 are described further below.

Each of the above identified modules and applications correspond to a set of instructions for performing one or more functions described above. These modules (i.e., sets of instructions) need not be implemented as separate software programs, procedures or modules, and thus various subsets of these modules may be combined or otherwise re-arranged in various embodiments. For example, video player module 145 may be combined with music player module 146 into a single module (e.g., an iPod module, not shown). In some embodiments, memory 102 may store a subset of the modules and data structures identified above. Furthermore, the user to download and play back recorded music and 35 memory 102 may store additional modules and data structures not described above.

> In some embodiments, the device 100 is a device where operation of a predefined set of functions on the device is performed exclusively through a touch screen 112 and/or a touchpad. By using a vouch screen and/or a touchpad as live primary input/control device for operation of the device 100, the number of physical input/control devices (such as push buttons, dials, and the like) on the device 100 may be reduced.

The predefined set of functions that may be performed exclusively through a touch screen and/or a touchpad include navigation between user interfaces. In some embodiments, the touchpad, when touched by the user, navigates the device 100 to a main, home, or root menu from any user 50 interface that may be displayed on the device 100. In such embodiments, the touchpad may be referred to as a "menu button." In some other embodiments, the menu button may be a physical push button or other physical input/control device instead of a touchpad.

FIG. 2 illustrates a portable multifunction device 100 having a touch screen 112 in accordance with some embodiments. The touch screen may display one or more graphics. In this embodiment, as well as others described below, a user may select one or more of the graphics by making contact or touching the graphics, for example, with one or more fingers 202 (not drawn to scale in the figure). In some embodiments, selection of one or more graphics occurs when the user breaks contact with the one or more graphics. In some embodiments, the contact may include a gesture, such as one or more taps, one or more swipes (from left to right, right to left, upward and/or downward and/or a rolling of a finger (from right to left, left to right, upward and/or downward)

that has made contact with the device 100. In some embodiments, inadvertent contact with a graphic may not select the graphic. For example, a swipe gesture with that sweeps over an application icon may not select the corresponding application when the gesture corresponding to selection is a tap.

The device 100 may also include one or more physical buttons, such as "home" or menu button 204. As described previously, the menu button 204 may be used to navigate to any application 136 in a sot of applications that may be executed on the device 100. Alternatively, in some embodiments, the menu button is implemented as a soft key in a GUI in touch screen 112.

In one embodiment, the device 100 includes a touch screen 112, a menu button 204, a push button 206 for powering the device on/off anti locking the device, and volume adjustment button(s) 208. The push button 206 may be used to turn the power on/off on the device by depressing the button and holding the button in the depressed state for a predefined time interval; to lock the device by depressing the button and releasing the button before the predefined time interval has elapsed; and/or to unlock the device or initiate an unlock process. In an alternative embodiment, the device 100 also may accept verbal input for activation or deactivation of some functions through the microphone 113.

Attention is now directed towards embodiments of user interfaces ("UI") and associated processes that may be implemented on a portable multifunction device 100.

FIG. 3 illustrates an exemplary user interface for a menu of applications on a portable multifunction device in accor- 30 dance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, user interface 400 includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

Signal strength indicator **402** for wireless communication; Time **404**;

Battery status indicator 406;

Tray 408 with icons for frequently used applications, such as one or more of the following:

Phone 138;

e-mail client **140**, which may include an indicator **410** 40 of the number of unread e-mails;

Browser 147; and

Music player 146; and

Icons for other applications, such as one or more of the following:

IM 141;

Image management 144;

Camera 143;

Video player 145;

Weather 149-1; Stocks 149-2;

Blog 142;

Calendar 148;

Calculator 149-3;

Alarm clock **149-4**;

Dictionary 149-5; and

User-created widget 149-6.

In some embodiments, UI 400 displays all of the available applications 136 on one screen so that there is no need to scroll through a list of applications (e.g., via a scroll bar). In 60 some embodiments, as the number of applications increase, the icons corresponding to the applications may decrease in size so that all applications may be displayed on a single screen without scrolling. In some embodiments, having all applications on one screen and a menu button enables a user 65 to access any desired application with at most two inputs, such as activating the menu button 204 and then activating

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the desired application (e.g., by a tap or other finger gesture on the icon corresponding to the application).

In some embodiments, UI **400** provides integrated access to both widget-based applications and non-widget-based applications. In some embodiments, all of the widgets, whether user-created or not, are displayed in UI **400**. In other embodiments, activating the icon for user-created widget **149-6** may lead to another UI (not shown) that contains the user-created widgets or icons corresponding to the user-treated widgets.

In some embodiments, a user may rearrange the icons in UI 400. e.g., using processes described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/459,602, "Portable Electronic Device With Interface Reconfiguration Mode," filed Jul. 24, 2006, which is hereby incorporated by reference. For example, a user may move application icons in and out of tray 408 using finger gestures.

In some embodiments, UI **400** includes a gauge (not shown) that displays an updated account usage metric for an account associated with usage of the device (e.g., a cellular phone account), as described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/322,552, "Account Information Display For Portable Communication Device," filed Dec. 23, 2005, which is hereby incorporated by reference.

FIGS. 4A and 4B illustrate an exemplary user interface displayed during an incoming call in accordance with some embodiments.

In some embodiments, if the incoming call is from a phono number that is associated with a person or other entry in the user's contact list, then the touch screen may display; the name 3102 of the person or entry; a graphic 3304 associated with the person or entry; a Decline icon 3106 that when activated (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon) causes the phone module to decline the call and/or initiate voicemail for the call; and an answer icon 3108 that when activated (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon) causes the phone module to answer the call (e.g., UI 3100A, FIG. 4A).

In some embodiments, if the incoming call is from a phone number that is not associated with a person or other entry in the user's contact list, then the touch screen may display: the phone number of the other party 3110; a Decline icon 3106 that when activated (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon) causes the phone module to decline the call and/or initiate voicemail for the call; and an answer icon 3108 that when activated (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon) causes the phone module to answer the call (e.g., UI 3100B, FIG. 4B).

In some embodiments, the device pauses some other applications (e.g., the music player 146, video player, and/or slide show) when there is an incoming call; displays UI 3100A or UI 3100B prior to the call being answered; displays UI 3000B during the call; and terminates the pause on the other applications if the incoming call is declined or the call cuds. In some embodiments, there is a smooth transition into and out of a pause (e.g., a smooth lowering and raising of the sound volume for the music or video player).

FIGS. **5**A-**5**C illustrate an exemplary user interface for organizing and managing videos in accordance with some embodiments.

In some embodiments, in response to a series of gestures (e.g., finger taps) by the user, the device displays a series of video categories and sub-categories. For example, if the user activates selection icon 2101 (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon) or, in some embodiments, taps anywhere in the Playlist row 2108, the UI changes from a display of video categories (UI 2100A, FIG. 5A) to a display of Playlist sub-categories (UI 2100B, FIG. 5B). In turn, if the user activates the

selection icon for My Movies (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon) or, in some embodiments, taps anywhere in the My Movies row 2110, the UI changes from a display of Playlist sub-categories (UI **2100**B, FIG. **5**B) to a display of movie titles (UI **2300**C, FIG. **5**C) or movie subcategories (e.g., if <sup>5</sup> the number of movie titles exceeds a threshold value, and there is more than one movie subcategory, movie subcategories may be shown). In some embodiments, videos that have not been viewed by the user are marked (e.g., by dot **2111**, FIG. **5**C).

In some embodiments, in response to a series of gestures (e.g., finger taps) by the user, the device navigates back up through the hierarchy of video categories and sub-categories. For example, if the user activates Playlists icon 2106 15 (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon), the UI changes from a display of My Movies sub-categories (UI 2100C, FIG. 5C) to a display of Playlist sub-categories (UI **2100**B, FIG. **5**B). In turn, if the user activates the Videos icon **2104** (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon), the UI changes from a display of 20 Playlist sub-categories (UI **2100**B, FIG. **5**B) to a display of video categories (UI 2100A, FIG. 5A).

In some embodiments, the videos are displayed in a flat list when there are just a few unrelated video items in the list. But related video items are grouped into subcategories in the 25 list when the related video items exceed a predefined threshold. For example, three episodes of a television show (e.g., "The Office") are shown separately in the flat list, but four or more episodes are grouped into a single subcategory titled "The Office" that is displayed in the otherwise flat list of 30 video items. Similarly, three podcasts with a common publisher or three music videos by a common artist are shown separately in the flat list, but four or more related podcasts or four or more related music videos are grouped into a 35 single subcategory that is displayed in the otherwise flat list of video items. Additional examples of this adaptive list hierarchy are described in U.S. Provisional Patent Application Nos. 60/937,992, "Portable Multifunction Device, Method, and Graphical User interface for Displaying User 40 Interface Objects Adaptively," filed Jun. 29, 2007; 60/937, 993, "Portable Multifunction Device." filed Jun. 29, 2007; 60/879,469, "Portable Multifunction Device," filed Jan. 8, 2007; and 60/879,253, "Portable Multifunction Device," filed Jan. 7, 2007, which are hereby incorporated by refer- 45 ence in their entirety.

In some embodiments, in response to user selection of a particular video (e.g., by a tap or other predefined gesture on the graphic, title, or anywhere 2112 in the row for a particular video), the device displays the selected video 50 (e.g., King Kong) in a video player UI (e.g., UI 2300A).

A user may delete videos, as described in U.S. Provisional Patent Application Nos. 60/883,814, "Deletion Gestures On A Portable Multifunction Device," filed Jan. 7, 2007) and Ser. No. 60/936,755, "Deletion Gestures On A Portable 55 Multifunction Device," filed Jun. 22, 2007, which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

In some embodiments, in response to user selection of settings icon 2102 (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon), the video player.

FIGS. 6A and 6B illustrate an exemplary user interface for setting user preferences for a video player in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, a user may make a tap or other predefined gesture anywhere in a row for 65 a particular setting to initiate display of the corresponding setting choices. For example, in response to a tap 2202 on

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the Scale to fit setting (UI 2200A, FIG. 6A), the device displays the setting choices for scale to fit (UI 2200B, FIG. **6**B).

In some embodiments, user interface 2200B includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

**402**, **404**, and **406**, as described above;

Settings icon 2204 that when activated (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon) returns the device to the settings UI (e.g., UI **2200**A);

Scale to fit icon 2206 that when activated (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon) sets the video player to scale the video to fit into the touch screen 112, which may result in two horizontal black or blank hands at the top and bottom, of the display for wide-screen movies (or, more generally one or two bands of display space not used to display a movie or other video content);

Scale to full icon 220B that when activated (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon) sets the video player to fill the touch screen 112 with the video;

Cancel icon 2210 that when activated (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon) returns the device to the previous UI (e.g., UI 2200A) without saving any changes selected by the user; and

Done icon **2212** that when activated (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon) saves the setting selected by the user and returns the device to the previous UI (e.g., UI 2200A);

FIGS. 7A and 7B illustrate an exemplary user interface for a video player in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, user interfaces 2300A and 2300B includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

**402**, **404**, and **406**, as described above;

Video region 2302 for displaying video content;

Play icon 2304 that when activated (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon) initiates playing the video in video region 2302, either from the beginning or from where the video was paused;

Pause icon 2306 that when activated (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon) initiates pausing the video in video region 2302;

Lapsed time 2308 that shows how much of the video has been played, in units of time;

Progress bar 2310 that indicates what fraction of the video has been played and that may be used to scroll through the video (or to the jump forward or back to user selected position in the video) in response to a user gesture;

Remaining time 2312 that shows how much of the video remains to be played, in units of time;

Exit icon 2314 that when activated (e.g., by a finger tap on the icon) initiates exiting the video player UI (e.g., UI 2309A) and returning to another UI (e.g., UI 2100C, FIG. **5**C; and

Enlarged lapsed time 2318 that may appear in response to a predefined user gesture 2316 (or, alternately, any of a predefined set of user gestures) on or near the progress bar **2310**.

In some embodiments, in response to user selection of a device displays a settings UI (UI 2200A, FIG. 6A) for a 60 particular video (e.g., by a tap or other predefined gesture on the graphic, title, or anywhere 2112 in the row for a particular video in UI 2100C), the device displays the selected video (e.g., King Kong) in a video player UI (e.g., UI **2300**A). In some embodiments, the device automatically displays the video in landscape mode on the touch screen, rather than in portrait mode, to increase the size of the image on the touch screen.

In some embodiments, graphics other than the video 2302 (e.g., graphics 2304, 2306 2308, 2310, 2312, and/or 2314) may fade out if there is no contact with the touch screen 112 for a predefined time. In some embodiments, these graphics may reappear if contact is made with the touch screen, 5 thereby producing a "heads up display" effect for these graphics. In some embodiments, for wide screen movies displayed in fit-to-screen mode, graphics may be displayed in the black horizontal bands above and below the video 2302, to avoid obscuring the video.

In some embodiments, in response to a user gesture, the lapsed time in the video can be modified. For example, in response to the user's finger touching 2316 at or near the playback position, and then sliding along the progress bar 2310, the lapsed time may be altered to correspond to the position of the user's finger along the progress bar. In some embodiments, enlarged lapsed time 2318 is displayed during this user gesture to indicate where the video will resume 20 playing when the gesture ends or is completed (FIG. 7B). In some embodiments, one or more still images from the video 2302 that correspond to where the video will resume playing are displayed as the user's finger is moved along the progress bar. This user gesture on the progress bar makes it 25 easy for a user to select a particular scene in a video for viewing.

In the present document, the term "if" may be construed to mean "when," or "upon," or "in response to determining," or "in response to detecting," depending on the context. 30 Similarly, the phrase "if it is determined" or "if [a stated] condition or event] is detected" may be construed to mean "upon determining," or "in response to determining," or "upon detecting" the stated condition or event, or "in response to detecting" the stated condition or event, depending on the context.

FIG. 8A is a flow diagram of a process 8000 for displaying video images in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, the process 8000 is performed by a portable electronic device with a touch screen display. The 40 device displays a list of video items in a portrait orientation of the touch screen display (8002) (e.g., as shown in FIGS. **5A-5**C, which are discussed in detail above). If a scrolling gesture comprising substantially vertical movement of user contact is detected (e.g., by contact/motion module 130), the 45 device responds to the scrolling gesture by scrolling the list of video items (8004). The device may then detect a predefined user gesture on the touch screen for selecting a respective video item (8000). In some embodiments, the predefined user gesture is a finger tap (e.g., **2112** in FIG. **5**C). 50 In other embodiments, the predefined user gesture may be any other form of finger contact with the touch screen signifying selection of a video item.

When a user selects a respective video item in the list (with a finger tap or other predefined user gesture), the 55 device automatically displays the user selected video item in a landscape orientation of the touch screen display (8008). In some embodiments, the automatic display of the video item occurs by the device displaying a rotation animation that transitions from displaying an image in the portrait 60 orientation (e.g., FIG. 5C) to displaying an image in the landscape orientation (8010) (e.g., FIG. 7A). In other words, the display of the list of video items in a portrait orientation transitions to the display of the selected video item by displaying a rotation animation from the portrait orientation 65 to the landscape orientation. In some embodiments, while the selected video item is being displayed, a user interactive

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progress bar is displayed upon detection of user contact with the touch screen display (8012).

Thus, the portable electronic device provides a portrait display orientation for displaying a list of videos, which permits a larger portion of the list to be viewed than if a landscape display orientation were used, and a landscape display orientation is provided for displaying a video, which more fully uses the display to show the video.

FIG. 8B is a flow diagram of a process 8100 for displaying video images in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, the process 8100 is performed by a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display. The process 8100 includes two modes of operations. The position in the progress bar 2310 corresponding to a current 15 first mode of operation includes performing wireless telephony (8102) (e.g., with the telephone module 138). The second mode of operation includes displaying, in a portrait orientation of the touch screen display, a list of video items (8104). The second mode of operation also includes, upon user selection of a respective video item in the list of video items, automatically displaying the user selected video item in a landscape orientation of the touch screen display (8106). In some embodiments, the selection of a respective video item is performed by a user contact with the touch screen display. The user contact may be a predefined gesture, such as a finger tap (e.g., **2112** in FIG. **5**C).

> In some embodiments, when a telephone call is received on the device, display of the video item is paused and a telephone call interface is displayed on the touch screen display in the portrait orientation (8108). Upon completion of the telephone call, the video display returns (8110). The video may be paused (the display remains still) until play is resumed by the user (e.g., by touching or tapping the play icon 2304, FIG. 7A) or the video may automatically resume playing.

> Thus, the portable multifunction device provides an intuitive, easy-to-use interface that integrates a video player with a wireless telephone.

> FIG. 8C is a flow diagram of a process 8200 for displaying video images in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, the process 8200 is performed by a handheld electronic device with a touch screen display. The device displays a user selected video program on the touch screen display (8202). Upon detection of user contact with the touch screen display, a progress bar is displayed (8204) (e.g., 2310 in FIG. 7A. If movement of a linger contact (e.g., 2316 in FIG. 7B) from a first position in the progress bar corresponding to a current playback position to a second position in the progress bar is detected (8206), then playback of the video program is restarted at a position within the video program corresponding to the second position in the progress bar (8208). In some embodiments, index information (e.g., 2308 and/or 2318 in FIG. 7B) corresponding to a current position of the finger contact within the displayed progress bar is displayed (8210).

> A determination is made about whether a predefined amount of time (e.g., a value between 0.5 and 2.0 seconds, although larger or smaller values could also be used) has elapsed since the last finger contact with the touch screen was detected (8212). If the predefined amount of time has elapsed (8212—Yes), display of the progress bar ceases (8214). In other words, the progress bar fades out or otherwise disappears from the touch screen display. In some embodiments, if the progress bar disappears, the display size of the video program increases, but a predefined aspect ratio for displaying the video program is maintained. If the

predefined amount of time has not elapsed (8212—No), the progress bar continues to be displayed on the touch screen display.

In some embodiments, while the progress bar is being displayed, an elapsed video play time is also displayed (e.g., 5 2308 in FIG. 7A). In other embodiments, while the progress bar is being displayed, a remaining video time is also displayed (e.g., 2312 in FIG. 7A). In yet other embodiments, both an elapsed video play time and a remaining video play time are also displayed (8216).

In some embodiments, a user may temporarily pause a movie currently being played by selecting the pause icon 2306 (as shown in FIG. 7B). The device keeps track of the last played location (also called the current playback location) in the movie. If the movie is paused for more than a 15 predetermined time, the movie may be rewound in accordance to how long the movie has been paused. A predefined set or table of pause times and rewind amounts may be used to control this process. For example, if the movie is paused by more than X minutes (e.g., 5 minutes), the movie may be 20 rewound by a first amount of time (e.g., one minute), and if the movie has been paused by more than Y minutes (e.g., 30) minutes), the movie may be rewound by a second amount of time (e.g., 2 minutes). When the movie is re-started, for example, by selecting the play icon 2304 (FIG. 7A), the 25 movie continues to play at the determined rewound location in the movie. In some embodiments, if the movie has been paused for more than a predetermined time (e.g., 48 hours, or any other appropriate value), the movie may be re-played from the beginning when it is re-started. In some embodi- 30 ments, the automatic rewind feature described above, may be implemented on currently playing podcasts, or audio books as well.

Thus, the handheld portable device provides an intuitive, easy-to-use interface that uses a finger contact to find a 35 desired portion of a video.

The foregoing description, for purpose of explanation, has been described with reference to specific embodiments. However, the illustrative discussions above are not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise forms 40 disclosed. Many modifications and variations are possible in view of the above teachings. The embodiments were chosen and described in order to best explain the principles of the invention and its practical applications, to thereby enable others skilled in the art to best utilize the invention and 45 various embodiments with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated.

What is claimed is:

1. An electronic device, comprising:

a touch screen display;

one or more processors;

a memory; and

one or more programs, wherein the one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed 55 by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including instructions for:

initiating playback of media content;

during playback of the media content in a landscape orientation, detecting an incoming call;

in response to detecting the incoming call, pausing playback of the media content;

after detecting the incoming call, displaying, in a portrait orientation, a telephone call interface; and

in response to detecting termination of the incoming 65 call, returning to display of the media content in the landscape orientation.

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- 2. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein playback of the media content includes displaying video content, and pausing playback of the media content includes pausing the video content.
- 3. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein playback of the media content includes outputting audio content, and pausing playback of the media content includes pausing the audio content.
- 4. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein the one or more programs further include instructions for:
  - in response to detecting the incoming call, displaying an incoming call user interface indicative of the incoming call.
  - 5. The electronic device of claim 4, wherein displaying the incoming call user interface includes concurrently displaying:
    - a decline icon that is selectable to decline the incoming call; and
    - an answer icon that is selectable to answer the incoming call.
  - 6. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein the one or more programs further include instructions for:
    - subsequent to pausing playback of the media content, detecting a termination of the incoming call; and
    - in response to detecting the termination of the incoming call, resuming playback of the media content.
    - 7. The electronic device of claim 6, wherein:
    - playback of the media content includes outputting audio content;
    - pausing playback of the media content includes gradually decreasing a volume of the audio content; and
    - resuming playback of the media content includes gradually increasing the volume of the audio content.
  - 8. A non-transitory computer readable storage medium storing one or more programs, the one or more programs configured to be executed by one or more processors of an electronic device with a touch screen display, the one or more programs including instructions for:

initiating playback of media content;

- during playback of the media content in a landscape orientation, detecting an incoming call;
- in response to detecting the incoming call, pausing playback of the media content;
- after detecting the incoming call, displaying, in a portrait orientation, a telephone call interface; and
- in response to detecting termination of the incoming call, returning to display of the media content in the land-scape orientation.
- 9. The non-transitory computer readable storage medium of claim 8, wherein playback of the media content includes displaying video content, and pausing playback of the media content includes pausing the video content.
  - 10. The non-transitory computer readable storage medium of claim 8, wherein playback of the media content includes outputting audio content, and pausing playback of the media content includes pausing the audio content.
  - 11. The non-transitory computer readable storage medium of claim 8, wherein the one or more programs further include instructions for:
    - in response to detecting the incoming call, displaying an incoming call user interface indicative of the incoming call.
  - 12. The non-transitory computer readable storage medium of claim 11, wherein displaying the incoming call user interface includes concurrently displaying:
    - a decline icon that is selectable to decline the incoming call; and

- an answer icon that is selectable to answer the incoming call.
- 13. The non-transitory computer readable storage medium of claim 8, wherein the one or more programs further include instructions for:
  - subsequent to pausing playback of the media content, detecting a termination of the incoming call; and
  - in response to detecting the termination of the incoming call, resuming playback of the media content.
- 14. The non-transitory computer readable storage medium of claim 13, wherein:
  - playback of the media content includes outputting audio content;
  - pausing playback of the media content includes gradually decreasing a volume of the audio content; and
  - resuming playback of the media content includes gradually increasing the volume of the audio content.
  - 15. A method comprising:
  - at an electronic device with a touch screen display: initiating playback of media content;
    - during playback of the media content in a landscape orientation, detecting an incoming call;
    - in response to detecting the incoming call, pausing playback of the media content;
    - after detecting the incoming call, displaying, in a portrait orientation, a telephone call interface; and
    - in response to detecting termination of the incoming call, returning to display of the media content in the landscape orientation.

- 16. The method of claim 15, wherein playback of the media content includes displaying video content, and pausing playback of the media content includes pausing the video content.
- 17. The method of claim 15, wherein playback of the media content includes outputting audio content, and pausing playback of the media content includes pausing the audio content.
  - 18. The method of claim 15, further comprising:
  - in response to detecting the incoming call, displaying an incoming call user interface indicative of the incoming call.
- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein displaying the incoming call user interface includes concurrently displaying:
  - a decline icon that is selectable to decline the incoming call; and
  - an answer icon that is selectable to answer the incoming call.
  - 20. The method of claim 15, further comprising: subsequent to pausing playback of the media content, detecting a termination of the incoming call; and
  - in response to detecting the termination of the incoming call, resuming playback of the media content.
  - 21. The method of claim 20, wherein:
  - playback of the media content includes outputting audio content;
  - pausing playback of the media content includes gradually decreasing a volume of the audio content; and
  - resuming playback of the media content includes gradually increasing the volume of the audio content.

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