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Sanji

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(54) **COMPONENT MOUNTING SYSTEM**

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H05K 13/02 (2006.01)

H05K 13/08 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC **H05K 13/021** (2013.01); **H05K 13/0417** (2013.01); **H05K 13/0452** (2013.01); **H05K 13/086** (2018.08)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

CPC **H05K 13/021**; **H05K 13/0452**; **H05K 13/0417**; **H05K 13/086**

See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A component mounting system that includes a unit exchange device configured to automatically exchange the component supply unit and a processing section configured to determine whether the attachment and detachment of the component supply unit is performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction based on the attachment and detachment record acquired by an acquisition section and the instruction list, and when it is determined that the attachment and detachment is performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, to perform an update process to update the instruction list by deleting the corresponding attachment and detachment instruction.

4 Claims, 9 Drawing Sheets

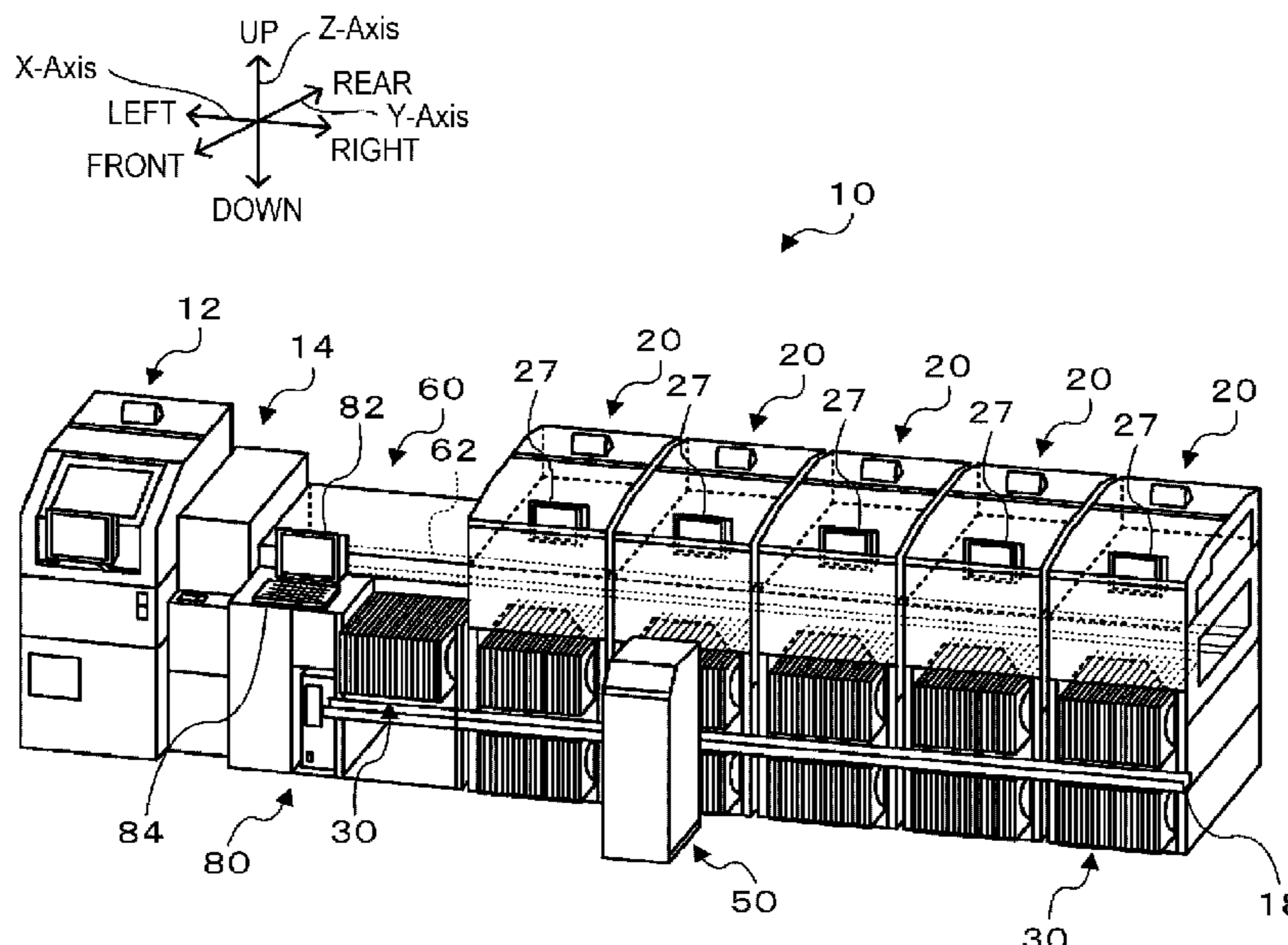


Fig. 2

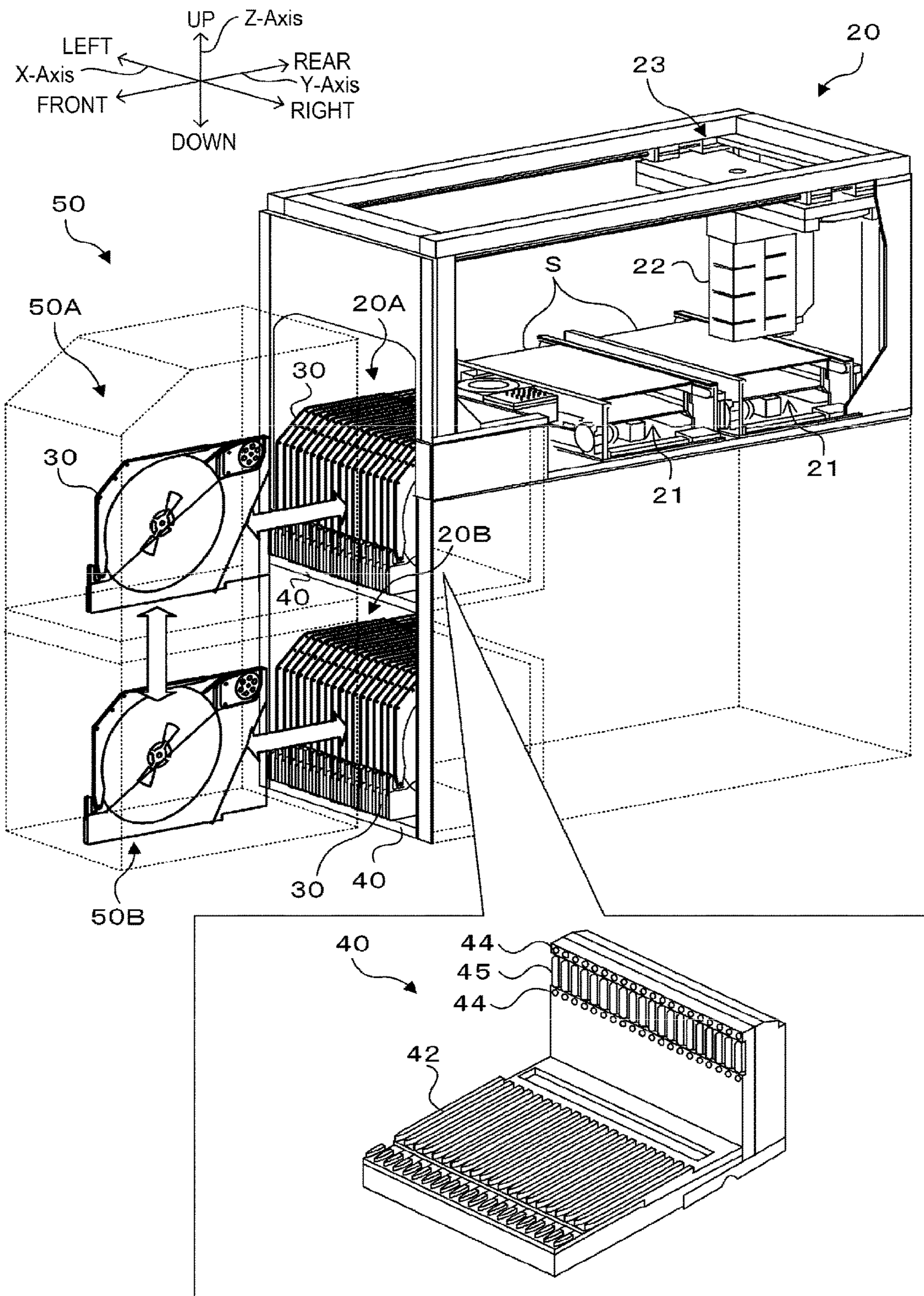


Fig. 3

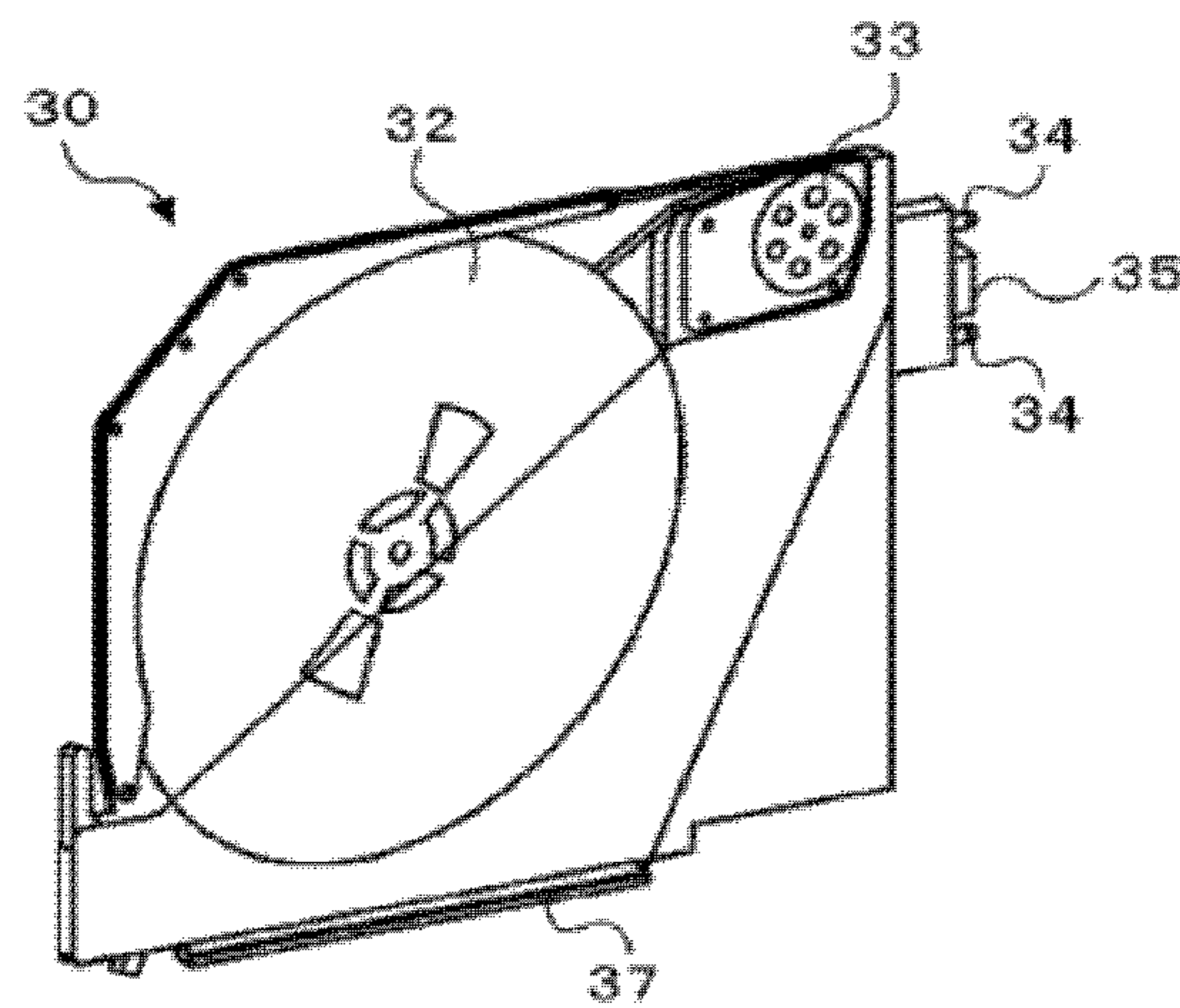


Fig. 4

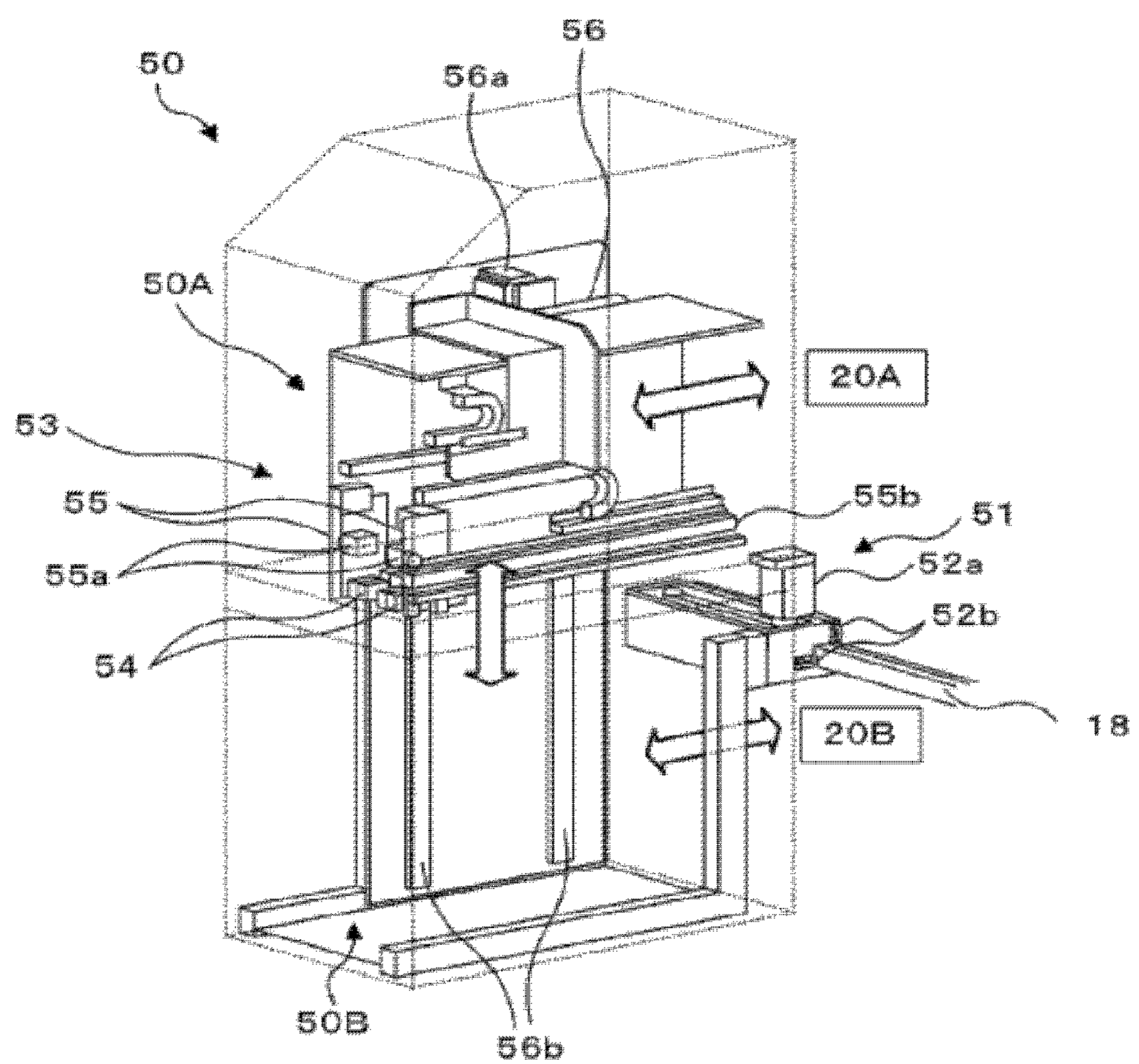


Fig. 5

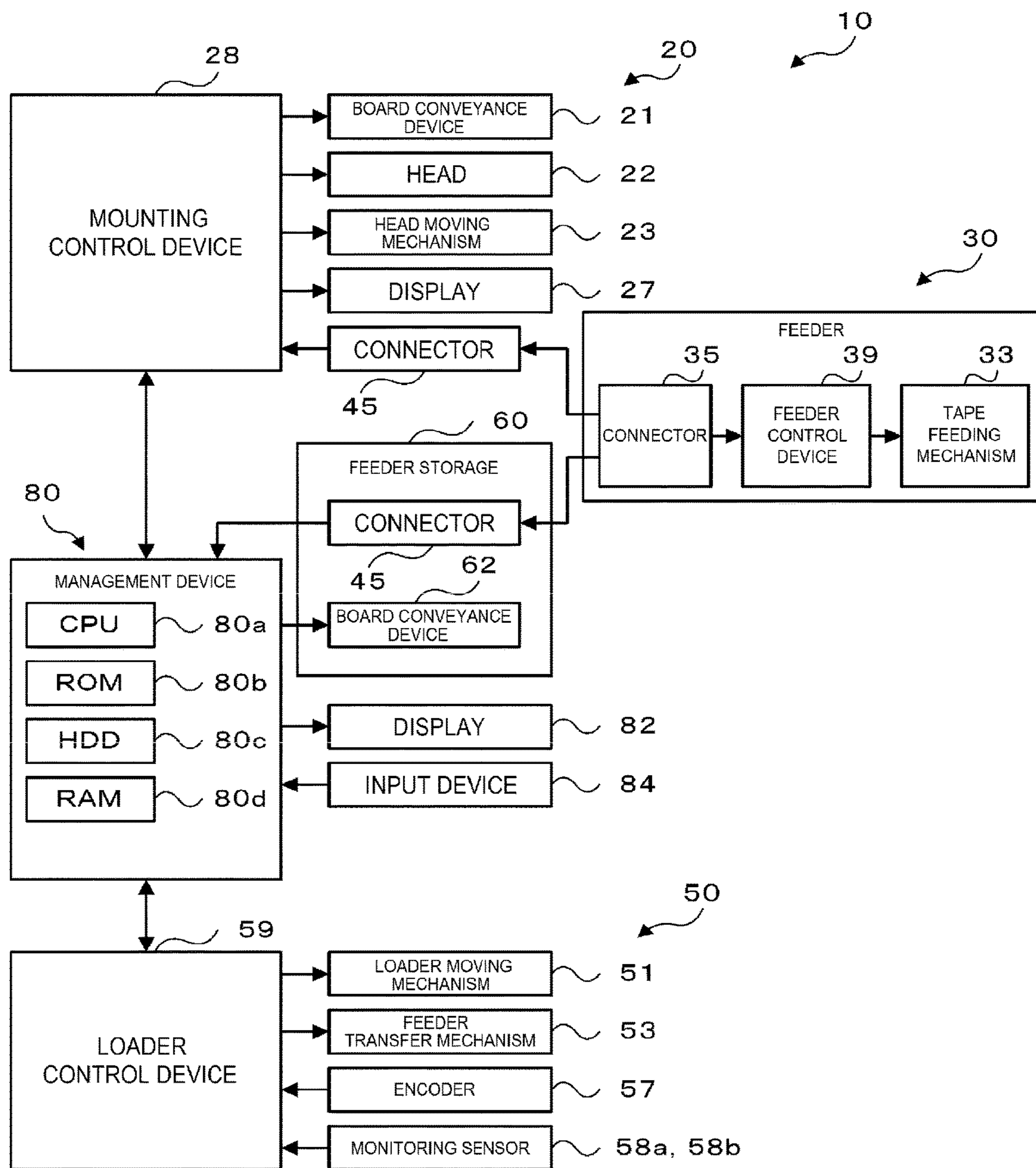


Fig. 6

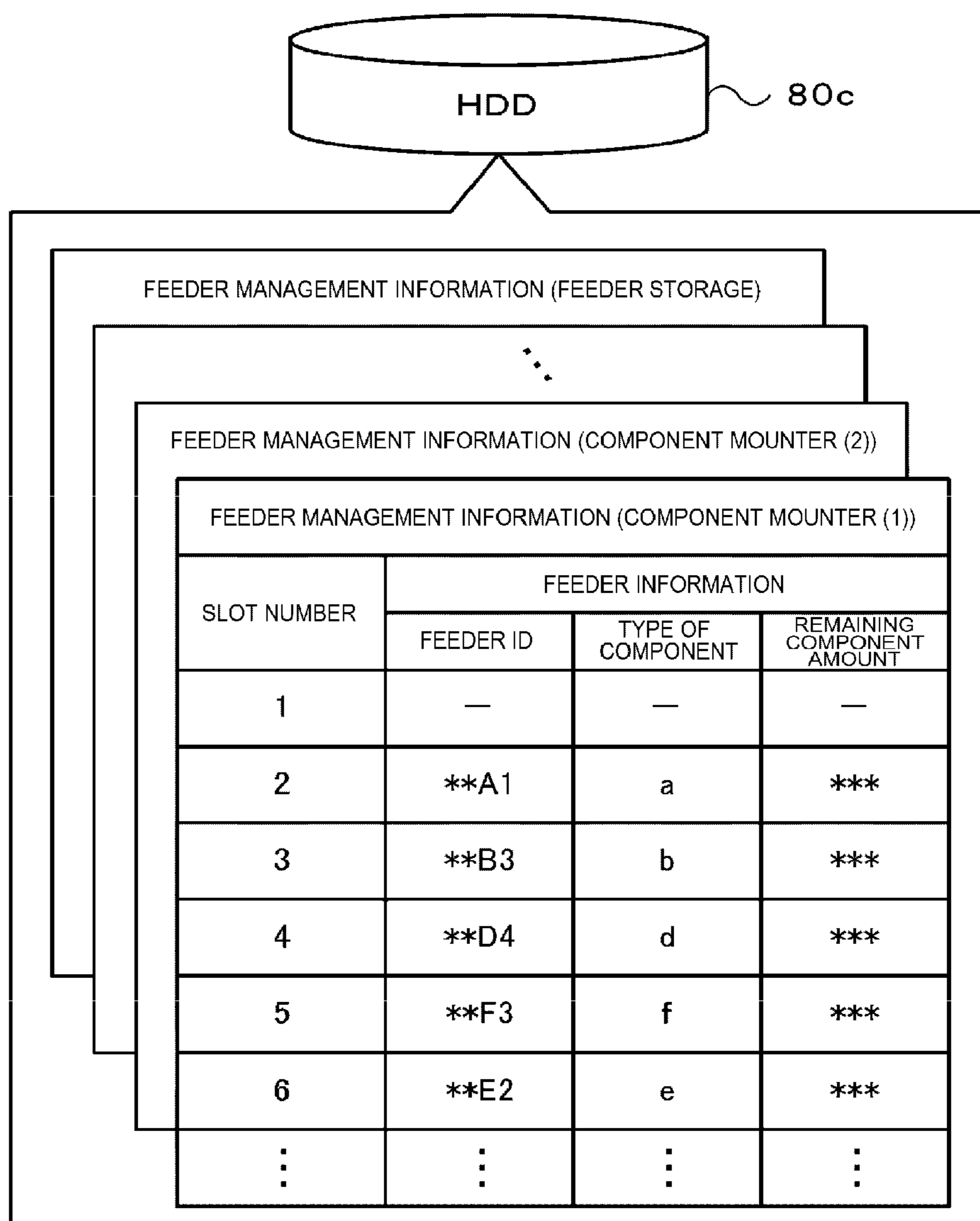


Fig. 7

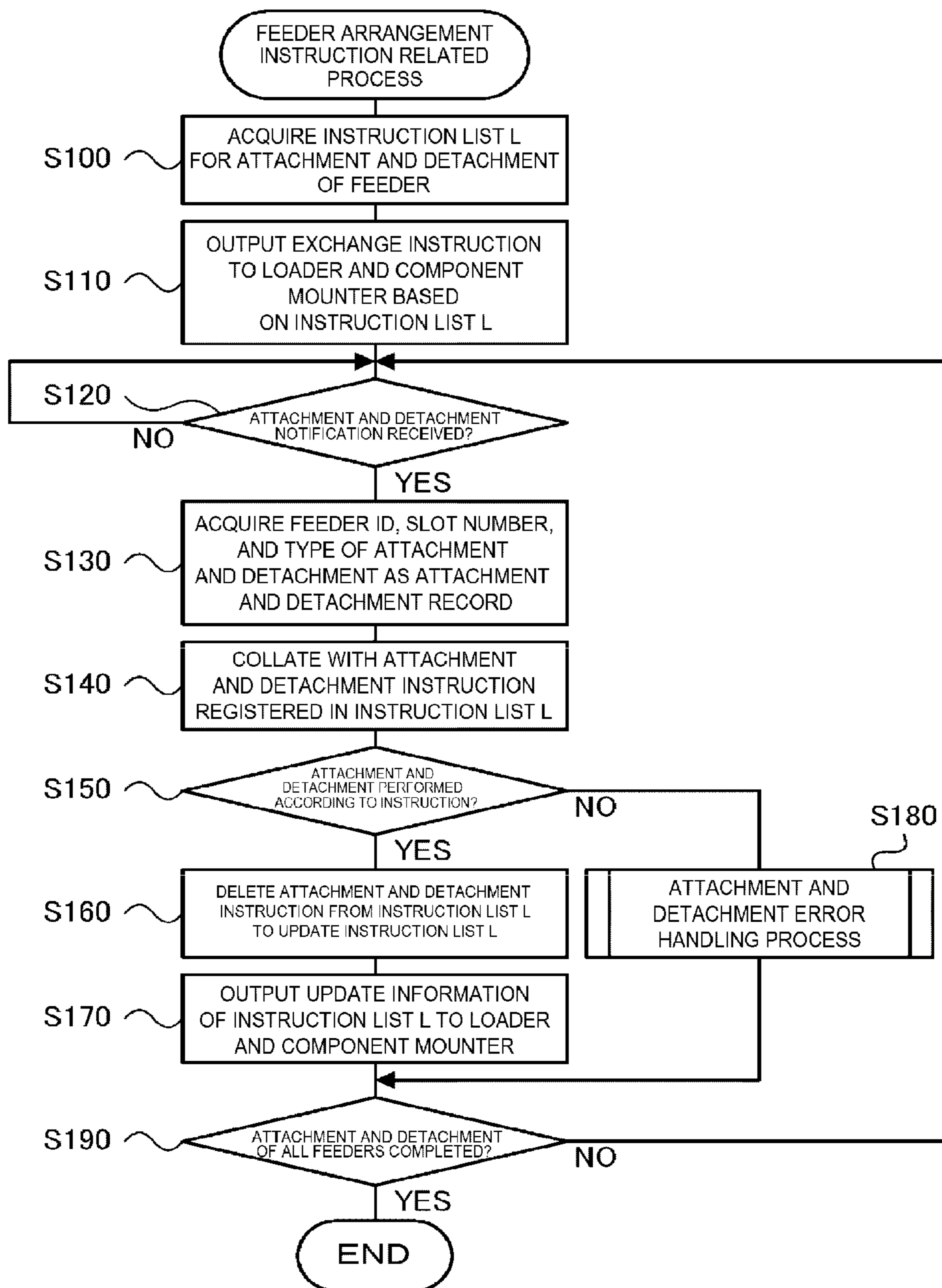


Fig. 8

INSTRUCTION NUMBER	ATTACHMENT AND DETACHMENT INSTRUCTION				
	FEEDER ID	TYPE OF COMPONENT	TARGET	SLOT NUMBER	TYPE OF ATTACHMENT AND DETACHMENT
1	**A1	a	IN-LINE STORAGE	2	DETACHMENT
2	**B5	b	IN-LINE STORAGE	5	DETACHMENT
3	**G1	g	IN-LINE STORAGE	13	DETACHMENT
4	**I3	i	IN-LINE STORAGE	19	DETACHMENT
5	**A1	a	MOUNTER(1)	4	ATTACHMENT
6	**B5	b	MOUNTER(1)	5	ATTACHMENT
7	**D3	d	MOUNTER(1)	7	ATTACHMENT
8	**H4	h	MOUNTER(1)	9	ATTACHMENT
9	**G1	g	MOUNTER(2)	1	ATTACHMENT
10	**I3	i	MOUNTER(2)	2	ATTACHMENT
11	**D3	d	IN-LINE STORAGE	2	ATTACHMENT
12	**H4	h	IN-LINE STORAGE	5	ATTACHMENT
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮

Fig. 9

FEEDER ID	TYPE OF COMPONENT	SLOT NUMBER	TYPE OF ATTACHMENT AND DETACHMENT
**A1	a	4	ATTACHMENT
**B5	b	5	ATTACHMENT
**D3	d	7	DETACHMENT
**H4	h	9	DETACHMENT
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮

TARGET	SLOT NUMBER	TYPE OF ATTACHMENT AND DETACHMENT
IN-LINE STORAGE	2	DETACHMENT
IN-LINE STORAGE	5	DETACHMENT
IN-LINE STORAGE	2	ATTACHMENT
IN-LINE STORAGE	5	ATTACHMENT
⋮	⋮	⋮

Fig. 10

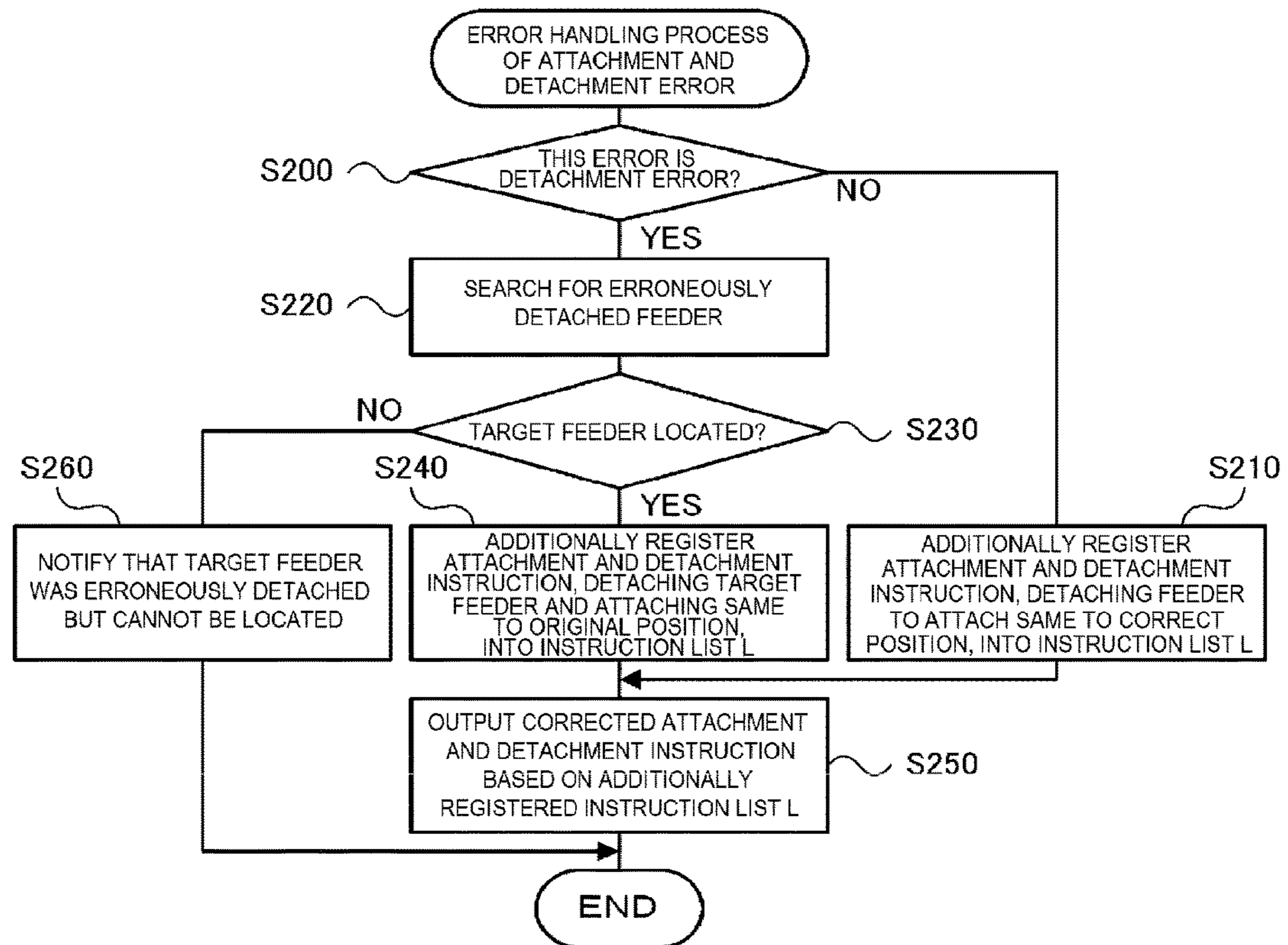


Fig. 11

INSTRUCTION NUMBER	ATTACHMENT AND DETACHMENT INSTRUCTION				
	FEEDER ID	TYPE OF COMPONENT	TARGET	SLOT NUMBER	TYPE OF ATTACHMENT AND DETACHMENT
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
* 1	**B5	b	MOUNTER(1)	6	DETACHMENT
6	**B5	b	MOUNTER(1)	5	ATTACHMENT
7	**D3	d	MOUNTER(1)	7	DETACHMENT
8	**H4	h	MOUNTER(1)	9	DETACHMENT
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮

ADDITIONAL REGISTRATION →

Fig. 12

INSTRUCTION NUMBER	ATTACHMENT AND DETACHMENT INSTRUCTION				
	FEEDER ID	TYPE OF COMPONENT	TARGET	SLOT NUMBER	TYPE OF ATTACHMENT AND DETACHMENT
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
* 2	**F2	f	IN-LINE STORAGE	2	DETACHMENT
* 3	**F2	f	MOUNTER(1)	6	ATTACHMENT
7	**D3	d	MOUNTER(1)	7	DETACHMENT
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮

ADDITIONAL REGISTRATION →

ADDITIONAL REGISTRATION →

~ L

1**COMPONENT MOUNTING SYSTEM**

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present specification discloses a component mounting system.

BACKGROUND ART

Conventionally, in a component mounting system including a component moun-
 5 ter on which a cassette-type component supply unit (feeder) for supplying components is detachably mounted, a system including an exchange device for automatically exchanging the component supply unit has been proposed (for example, refer to Patent Literature 1). In this system, an exchange timing of each component supply unit is set based on a production plan of boards and a remaining amount of components in each component supply unit, and the exchange device is controlled so that the component supply unit can be attached and detached to be automatically exchanged at that exchange timing.

PATENT LITERATURE

PTL 1: WO2017/33268A1

BRIEF SUMMARY

Technical Problem

Incidentally, in the component mounting system described above, not only the exchange device but also an operator may attach and detach the component supply unit to the component moun-
 5 ter. For example, when it takes a long time to exchange the component supply unit by only the exchange device alone, in some cases, the operator may cooperate to exchange the component supply unit. In such a case, if information on the component supply unit attached or detached by the operator is not transferred to the exchange device, or the information on the component supply unit attached or detached by the exchange device is not transferred to the operator, it becomes difficult to appropriately exchange the component supply unit.

The main object of the present disclosure is to appropriately perform a cooperative operation between the exchange by the operator and the exchange by the unit exchange device in a case of automatically exchanging the component supply unit.

Solution to Problem

The present disclosure has taken following means to achieve the main object described above.

A component mounting system that includes a component moun-
 5 ter in which multiple component supply units that supply components are detachably arranged, the system including: a unit exchange device configured to automatically exchange the component supply unit between the unit exchange device and the component moun-
 60 ter; an instruction output section configured to output an exchange instruction of the component supply units, including an automatic exchange instruction to the unit exchange device, so as to be recognizable by an operator, based on an instruction list in which multiple attachment and detachment instructions are registered, in which a type of attachment and detachment, indicating the attachment or the detachment, are associated with identification information identifying the component

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supply unit targeted to be attached and detached, and positional information for the attachment and detachment in the component moun-
 5 ter; an acquisition section configured to acquire an attachment and detachment record that includes the identification information on the component supply unit, the positional information on the attachment and detachment, and the type of attachment and detachment when the component supply unit is attached and detached on the component moun-
 10 ter; and a processing section configured to determine whether the attachment and detachment of the component supply unit is performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction based on the attachment and detachment record acquired by the acquisition section and the instruction list, and when it is determined that the attachment and detachment is performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, perform an update process to update the instruction list by deleting the corresponding attachment and detachment instruction.

The component mounting system in the present disclosure outputs the exchange instruction of the component supply units including the automatic exchange instruction to the unit exchange device so as to be recognizable by the operator based on the instruction list in which multiple attachment and detachment instructions are registered.
 25 Therefore, the attachment and detachment of component supply unit can be performed not only by the unit exchange device but also by the operator. In addition, in the component moun-
 30 ter, if the attachment and detachment of the component supply unit is performed, whether the attachment and detachment of the component supply unit is performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction is determined based on the attachment and detachment record and the instruction list, and when it is determined that the attachment and detachment is performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, the update process to update the instruction list is performed by deleting the corresponding attachment and detachment instruction.
 40 Therefore, it is possible to appropriately prevent the attachment and detachment of the component supply unit already performed by any one of the unit exchange device and the operator from being performed by the other. Therefore, in the system where the component supply unit can be automatically exchanged, it is possible to appropriately perform the cooperative operation between the exchange by the operator and the exchange by the unit exchange device.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a configuration view illustrating an outline of a configuration of component mounting system 10.

FIG. 2 is a configuration view illustrating an outline of a configuration of component moun-
 20 ter 20.

FIG. 3 is a configuration view illustrating an outline of a configuration of feeder 30.

FIG. 4 is a configuration view illustrating an outline of a configuration of loader 50.

FIG. 5 is a configuration view relating to a control by component mounting system 10.

FIG. 6 is an explanatory diagram illustrating an example of feeder management information.

FIG. 7 is a flowchart illustrating an example of a feeder arrangement instruction related process.

FIG. 8 is an explanatory diagram illustrating an example of attachment and detachment instructions registered in instruction list L.

FIG. 9 is an explanatory diagram illustrating an example of the attachment and detachment instruction displayed on display 27.

FIG. 10 is a flowchart illustrating an example of an attachment and detachment error handling process.

FIG. 11 is an explanatory diagram illustrating how the attachment and detachment instruction is additionally registered in instruction list L.

FIG. 12 is an explanatory diagram illustrating how the attachment and detachment instruction is additionally registered in instruction list L.

DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

Next, an embodiment for the present disclosure will be described with reference to the drawings.

FIG. 1 is a configuration view illustrating an outline of a configuration of component mounting system 10 in the present embodiment, FIG. 2 is a configuration view illustrating an outline of a configuration of component mounter 20, and FIG. 3 is a configuration view illustrating an outline of a configuration of feeder 30. In addition, FIG. 4 is a configuration view illustrating an outline of a configuration of loader 50, and FIG. 5 is a configuration view relating to a control by component mounting system 10. The lateral direction in FIG. 1 is the X-direction, the longitudinal direction is the Y-direction, and the vertical direction is the Z direction.

As illustrated in FIG. 1, component mounting system 10 includes printer 12, printing inspector 14, multiple component mounters 20, a mounting inspector (not illustrated), loader 50, in-line storage 60, and management device 80. Printer 12 prints solder on board S. Printing inspector 14 inspects a state of the solder printed by printer 12. Multiple component mounters 20 are installed side by side along the conveyance direction (X-direction) of board S, and mount the components supplied from feeder 30 on board S. The mounting inspector inspects a mounting state of the components mounted by component mounter 20. Loader 50 can automatically exchange feeder 30 between multiple component mounters 20, and attaches a necessary feeder 30 or detaches used feeder 30. In-line storage 60 stores feeder 30 scheduled to be used by component mounters 20 and used feeders 30. Management device 80 manages the entire system. Printer 12, printing inspector 14, multiple component mounters 20, and the mounting inspector are arranged side by side in the conveyance direction of board S in this order and form a production line. In-line storage 60 is incorporated in the production line in component mounting system 10, and is installed between the most upstream component mounter 20 in the conveyance direction of board S among multiple component mounters 20 and printing inspector 14. In the present embodiment, the operator transports feeder 30 stored in a storage warehouse (not illustrated) and replenish to in-line storage 60, or the operator collects feeder 30 from in-line storage 60 and transports to the storage warehouse to store in the storage warehouse. In addition, the operator also attaches or detaches feeder 30 to component mounter 20 in order to support the automatic exchange by loader 50. In addition to these devices, component mounting system 10 may include a reflow device that performs a reflow process of board S on which the components are mounted.

As illustrated in FIG. 2, component mounter 20 includes board conveyance device 21 that conveys board S in the X-direction, head 22 that includes suction nozzle for picking up the components supplied by feeder 30, and head moving

mechanism 23 that moves head 22 in the XY-direction, and display 27 such as an LCD (refer to FIG. 1). In addition, component mounter 20 includes mounting control device 28 (refer to FIG. 5) which is configured with well-known CPU, ROM, RAM, and the like, to control the entire device. Mounting control device 28 outputs a control signal to board conveyance device 21, head 22, head moving mechanism 23, display 27, and the like. In addition, component mounter 20 has two upper and lower areas to which feeder 30 can be attached in the front. The upper area is supply area 20A to which feeder 30 can supply the components, and the lower area is stock area 20B in which feeder 30 can be stocked. Supply area 20A and stock area 20B are provided with feeder base 40 having an L-shaped side view and to which multiple feeders 30 are attached. Component mounter 20 need not have stock area 20B.

As illustrated in FIG. 3, feeder 30 is configured as a tape feeder that sends out a tape that accommodates the components at a predetermined pitch. Feeder 30 includes tape reel 32 in which the tape is wound, tape feeding mechanism 33 that sends out the tape from tape reel 32, connector 35 having two positioning pins 34, rail member 37 provided at the lower end, and feeder control device 39 (refer to FIG. 5). As illustrated in FIG. 2, feeder base 40 includes multiple slots 42 that are arrayed in the X-direction at an interval in which rail member 37 of feeder 30 can be inserted, two positioning holes 44, and connector 45 provided between two positioning holes 44. When rail member 37 of feeder 30 is inserted into slot 42 of feeder base 40, two positioning pins 34 of feeder 30 are inserted into two positioning holes 44, connector 35 and connector 45 are connected to each other. Feeder control device 39 is configured with well-known CPU, ROM, RAM, and the like, and outputs a drive signal to tape feeding mechanism 33. In addition, feeder control device 39 can communicate with the control unit (mounting control device 28, management device 80, or the like.) to which feeder 30 is attached via the connections of connectors 35 and 45.

As illustrated in FIG. 1, loader 50 can move along X-axis rail 18 provided parallel to the conveyance direction (X-direction) of the board on the front of multiple component mounters 20 and the front of in-line storage 60. In FIG. 2, the illustration of X-axis rail 18 is omitted. As illustrated in FIGS. 4 and 5, loader 50 includes loader moving mechanism 51, feeder transfer mechanism 53, encoder 57, left and right monitoring sensors 58a and 58b, and loader control device 59.

Loader moving mechanism 51 moves loader 50 along X-axis rail 18, and includes X-axis motor 52a such as a servomotor that drives a driving belt and guide roller 52b that guides the movement of loader 50 along X-axis rail 18. Feeder transfer mechanism 53 transfers feeder 30 to component mounter 20 or to in-line storage 60. Feeder transfer mechanism 53 includes clamp section 54 that clamps feeder 30 and Y-axis slider 55 in which two clamp sections 54 are arranged, and two clamp sections 54 are integrally moved along Y-axis guide rail 55b in the longitudinal direction (Y-direction) by driving Y-axis motor 55a. Feeder transfer mechanism 53 includes two Y-axis sliders 55, and total four clamp sections 54 are moved in the Y-direction in pairs by arranging two clamp sections 54 in each of two Y-axis sliders 55. In addition, feeder transfer mechanism 53 includes Z-axis motor 56a that moves slide base 56 to which clamp section 54 and Y-axis slider 55 are slidably attached, in the vertical direction (Z direction) along Z-axis guide rail 56b.

Encoder **57** detects a movement position of loader **50** in the X-direction. Monitoring sensors **58a** and **58b** monitor the presence or absence of obstacles (including the operator), and are configured with, for example, infrared sensors. Monitoring sensor **58a** is attached to the left side of loader **50** (opposite to the conveyance direction of board S), and mainly detects the obstacles in the monitoring area on the left side of loader **50**. Monitoring sensor **58b** is attached to the right side of loader **50** (on the same side as the conveyance direction of board S), and mainly detects the obstacles in the monitoring area on the right side of loader **50**. Loader control device **59** is configured with a well-known CPU, ROM, RAM, and the like. Loader control device **59** inputs a detection signal from encoder **57** and monitoring sensors **58a** and **58b**, and outputs a drive signal to loader moving mechanism **51** (X-axis motor **52a**) and feeder transfer mechanism **53** (clamp section **54**, Y-axis motor **55a**, and Z-axis motor **56a**).

When performing the automatic exchange of feeder **30**, first, loader control device **59** controls X-axis motor **52a** to move loader **50** to slot **42** of component mounter **20** that performs the automatic exchange up to a position of facing Y-axis slider **55** of loader **50**. In addition, when performing the automatic exchange between supply area **20A** of component mounter **20**, loader control device **59** controls Z-axis motor **56a** to move slide base **56** (Y-axis slider **55**) to upper transfer area **50A** facing supply area **20A**. On the other hand, when performing the automatic exchange between stock area **20B** of component mounter **20**, loader control device **59** controls Z-axis motor **56a** to move slide base **56** to lower transfer area **50B** facing stock area **20B**. When attaching feeder **30** in loader **50** to component mounter **20**, loader control device **59** controls Y-axis motor **55a** in a state where feeder **30** is clamped in clamp section **54** to move Y-axis slider **55** to component mounter **20** side (rearward). In this way, rail member **37** of feeder **30** is inserted into slot **42** of feeder base **40**. Subsequently, loader control device **59** attaches feeder **30** to feeder base **40** of component mounter **20** by releasing the clamp of feeder **30** by clamp section **54**. In addition, when detaching feeder **30** from component mounter **20** and collecting feeder **30** in loader **50**, loader control device **59** controls Y-axis motor **55a** to move Y-axis slider **55** to component mounter **20** side (rearward). Subsequently, loader control device **59** clamps feeder **30** attached to feeder base **40** to clamp section **54**, and then, controls Y-axis motor **55a** to move Y-axis slider **55** forward. In this way, feeder **30** is removed from feeder base **40** and is collected in loader **50**.

In order to accommodate multiple feeders **30**, in-line storage **60** is provided with feeder base **40** having the same configuration as feeder base **40** provided in component mounter **20**. Loader **50** can attach and detach feeder **30** to and from feeder base **40** in in-line storage **60** by the same operation as attaching and detaching feeder **30** to feeder base **40** of component mounter **20**. In addition, behind in-line storage **60**, board conveyance device **62** for conveying board S in the X-direction is provided. Board conveyance device **62** can convey board S received from the board conveyance device of printing inspector **14** and deliver board S to board conveyance device **21** of adjacent component mounter **20**.

As illustrated in FIG. 5, management device **80** is configured with well-known CPU **80a**, ROM **80b**, HDD **80c**, RAM **80d**, and the like, and includes display **82** such as an LCD and input device **84** such as a keyboard and a mouse. Management device **80** stores jobs indicating production information of board S, feeder management information, and the like. In the jobs, which type of component will be

mounted on board S in what order in each component mounter machine **20**, and how many boards S mounted in this manner will be produced, are defined. In addition, in the job, arrangement information is defined, which indicates the arrangement of feeders **30** suitable for the mounting process when multiple feeders **30** corresponding to the types of component to be mounted in each component mounter **20** are mounted on feeder base **40** of supply area **20A**. The feeder management information is information relating to feeder **30** held by each component mounter **20** and in-line storage **60**. FIG. 6 is an explanatory diagram illustrating an example of the feeder management information. As illustrated in FIG. 6, the feeder management information includes a slot number of feeder base **40** to which each feeder **30** is mounted, a feeder ID (identification information) of feeder **30** attached to each slot **42**, and the type of component possessed by each feeder **30**, a remaining amount of the component, and the like. Each mounting control device **28** similarly manages its own feeder management information.

In addition, management device **80** is communicably connected to mounting control device **28** by wire and communicably connected to loader control device **59** wirelessly, and is also communicably connected to each control device such as printer **12**, printing inspector **14**, and mounting inspector. Management device **80** receives information relating to a mounting status of component mounter **20** and information relating to attached and detached feeder **30** (attachment and detachment record) from mounting control device **28**, and receives information relating to a driving situation of loader **50** from loader control device **59**. When the information relating to feeder **30** attached to feeder base **40** of component mounter **20** and feeder **30** removed from feeder base **40** is received from mounting control device **28**, management device **80** updates the feeder management information of component mounter **20**. In addition, if the attached and detached feeder **30** is based on instruction list L to attach and detach to and from component mounter **20**, an update process for instruction list L is performed as described later. In addition, management device **80** outputs a drive signal to board conveyance device **62** of in-line storage **60** and causes board conveyance device **62** to convey board S. In addition, management device **80** is communicably connected to feeder control device **39** of feeder **30** attached to feeder base **40** of in-line storage **60** via connectors **35** and **45**, and can acquire the information on feeder **30**. When the information relating to feeder **30** attached to feeder base **40** of in-line storage **60** and feeder **30** removed from feeder base **40** is acquired, management device **80** updates the feeder management information in in-line storage **60**.

The operation of component mounting system **10** configured in this manner, particularly the operation when instructing the arrangement of feeder **30** will be described. In the present embodiment, the instruction for arranging feeder **30** is not only output as an automatic exchange instruction to loader **50**, but is also output such that the operator can recognize. FIG. 7 is a flowchart illustrating an example of the feeder arrangement instruction related process. This process is executed by CPU **80a** of management device **80**. In the feeder arrangement instruction related process, first, CPU **80a** first acquires instruction list L for the attachment and detachment of feeder **30** (S100), and outputs the exchange instruction of feeder **30** to loader **50** and component mounter **20** based on instruction list L (S110).

FIG. 8 is an explanatory diagram illustrating an example of attachment and detachment instructions registered in

instruction list L. In the attachment and detachment instructions registered in instruction list L, a feeder ID of feeder 30 to be attached and detached, a component type, and whether the target to be attached and detached is in-line storage 60 or multiple component mounters 20, a slot number (attachment and detachment position) in that target, and a type of attachment and detachment indicating whether it is attached or detached, are associated with each other. The component type may be omitted. Multiple component mounters 20 are, for example, component mounters 20 (1), (2), . . . in an order from the upstream. In addition, instruction list L is basically a list for causing loader 50 to perform the automatic exchange of feeder 30, and the instruction number indicates the order of automatic exchange by loader 50. Therefore, loader control device 59 performs the automatic exchange of feeder 30 by controlling loader 50 so that the attachment and detachment of feeder 30 are performed according to an order of the instruction number of each attachment and detachment instruction in instruction list L. However, the operator may perform the exchange of feeder 30, and in that case, the operator does not need to perform according to the instruction number, and can selectively exchange any of the feeders. In FIG. 8, for example, the instruction numbers 1 to 4 indicate the instruction to remove feeder 30 corresponding to its feeder ID from the slot numbers 2, 5, 13, and 19 in in-line storage 60. In addition, for feeder 30 removed by the instruction numbers 1 and 2, the instruction numbers 5 and 6 indicate the instruction to attach component mounter 20 (1) to slot numbers 4 and 5, and for feeder 30 removed by the instruction numbers 3 and 4, the instruction numbers 9 and 10 indicate the instruction to attach component mounter 20 (2) to slot numbers 1 and 2. As described above, in instruction list L, multiple attachment and detachment instructions of feeder 30 performed by in-line storage 60 and multiple component mounters 20 are registered. In FIG. 8, for convenience of explanation, the movement destination of each feeder 30 is indicated by an arrow, but instruction list L need not have the arrow indicating the movement destination as long as the attachment and detachment instruction is provided. Instruction list L may be created by management device 80, may be created by a higher-level management device that collectively manages multiple production lines, or may be registered in HDD 80c.

In addition, FIG. 9 is an explanatory diagram illustrating an example of the attachment and detachment instruction displayed on display 27. This is an example in which mounting control device 28 of each component mounter 20 displays the attachment and detachment instruction regarding its own device on display 27 based on the attachment and detachment instruction output to component mounter 20 in S110. FIG. 9 illustrates what is displayed on display 27 by mounting control device 28 of component mounter 20 (1). Therefore, among the instructions in instruction list L in FIG. 8, the instructions (instruction numbers 5 and 6 in FIG. 8) to attach feeder 30 detached from in-line storage 60 (instruction numbers 1 and 2 in FIG. 8) to the slot numbers 4 and 5 of component mounter 20 (1) which is its own device, are displayed. In addition, the instructions (instruction numbers 11 and 12 in FIG. 8) to attach feeder 30 detached from the slot numbers 7 and 9 of component mounter 20 (1) which is its own device (instruction numbers 7 and 8 in FIG. 8) to in-line storage 60 are displayed. Although not illustrated, the attachment and detachment instructions are similarly displayed on display 27 of other component mounters 20. Therefore, the operator can recognize the attachment and detachment instruction from display 27 of each component mounter 20 and can perform the

exchange work of feeder 30. The management device 80 may cause the operator to recognize the attachment and detachment instruction by displaying instruction list L on display 82 in S110, or by printing instruction list L on a paper medium such as paper. In addition, if the operator has a mobile terminal and the like for work, the operator may be caused to recognize the attachment and detachment instruction by outputting instruction list L from management device 80 to the mobile terminal via wireless communication and displaying instruction list L on the screen of the mobile terminal.

When the exchange instruction is output in S110, CPU 80a waits for receiving an attachment and detachment notification indicating that the attachment and detachment of feeder 30 is performed from mounting control device 28 of each component mounter 20 (S120). When the attachment and detachment of feeder 30 to feeder base 40 is performed, mounting control device 28 transmits the attachment and detachment notification that includes an attachment and detachment record in which a feeder ID of attached and detached feeder 30, a slot number (attachment and detachment position), and a type of attachment and detachment for indicating whether it is the attachment or the detachment are associated with each other, to the management device 80. In the attachment and detachment record, the component type may be associated. Even when the attachment and detachment of feeder 30 is performed by any one of loader 50 or the operator, mounting control device 28 transmit the attachment and detachment notification to management device 80. When it is determined that the attachment and detachment notification is received in S120, CPU 80a acquires the feeder ID, the slot number, and the type of attachment and detachment as the attachment and detachment record included in the attachment and detachment notification, (S130).

Next, CPU 80a collates the acquired attachment and detachment record with the attachment and detachment instruction registered in instruction list L (S140), and determines whether the attachment and detachment of feeder 30 is performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction in instruction list L (S150). If the attachment and detachment instruction in which any of the feeder ID, the slot number, and the type of attachment and detachment match with those included in the attachment and detachment record is registered in instruction list L, CPU 80a determines that the attachment and detachment is performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction. When it is determined in S150 that the attachment and detachment is performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, CPU 80a deletes the corresponding attachment and detachment instruction from instruction list L to update instruction list L (S160). Then, update information of instruction list L is output to loader 50 and component mounter 20 (S170). As the update information, because the attachment and detachment of feeder 30 based on the attachment and detachment instruction is already performed, information to delete the attachment and detachment instruction is output. Loader control device 59 that received the update information deletes the attachment and detachment instruction from the already received attachment and detachment instruction. Therefore, it is possible to prevent loader 50 from performing the automatic exchange of feeder 30 based on the attachment and detachment instruction in duplicate. In addition, in S170, CPU 80a may output update information to component mounter 20 targeted by the deleted attachment and detachment instruction. Mounting control device 28 of component mounter 20 that received the update information performs a process of deleting the

attachment and detachment instruction from the display on display 27. Therefore, it is possible to prevent the operator from performing the exchange of feeder 30 based on the attachment and detachment instruction in duplicate. Therefore, it is possible to appropriately prevent the exchange of feeder 30 already performed by any one of loader 50 and the operator from being performed by the other.

On the other hand, when it is determined in S150 that the attachment and detachment is not performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, CPU 80a determines that the operator performed the attachment and detachment work that is different from the attachment and detachment instruction, and then, executes an attachment and detachment error handling process (S180). When the processes of S170 or S180 is executed, CPU 80a determines whether the attachment and detachment of all feeders 30 are completed (S190), if it is determined not to be completed, performs a return process to S120, and if it is determined to be completed, ends the feeder arrangement instruction related process. Hereinafter, the attachment and detachment error handling process in S180 will be described.

FIG. 10 is a flowchart illustrating an example of the attachment and detachment error handling process. In the attachment and detachment error handling process, CPU 80a determines whether the current attachment and detachment error is a detachment error for feeder 30 (S200). CPU 80a determines that it is a detachment error or the like when feeder 30 which is not in the attachment and detachment instruction is detached, and determines that it is an attachment error or the like when feeder 30 which is not in the attachment and detachment instruction is attached, or when feeder 30 is attached to slot 42 that is different from the slot number designated in the attachment and detachment instruction. When it determined in S200 that it is the attachment error rather than the detachment error, CPU 80a additionally registers the attachment and detachment instruction into instruction list L, instruction of which detaching feeder 30 corresponding to the attachment error and attaching the same to the correct position (S210). Then, CPU 80a outputs a correction attachment and detachment instruction for correcting the current attachment error based on the additionally registered instruction list L (S250), and ends the attachment and detachment error handling process. CPU 80a output the attachment and detachment instruction in S250 to loader 50 and component mounter 20. Therefore, the attachment error by the operator can be corrected by loader 50. In addition, by mounting control device 28 of component mounter 20 displaying the correction attachment and detachment instruction on display 27, the operator can also correct the error based on the attachment and detachment instruction.

Here, FIG. 11 is an explanatory diagram illustrating how the attachment and detachment instruction is additionally registered in instruction list L. FIG. 11 illustrates an example in which the attachment and detachment instruction for correcting the attachment error is additionally registered. In this example, a case is assumed, in which feeder 30 with the feeder ID “*B5” has to be attached to the slot number 5 of component mounter 20 (1) (instruction number 6), but the operator erroneously attaches the feeder to the slot number 6. In this case, CPU 80a additionally registers an attachment and detachment instruction (*1) so as to detach the feeder 30 from the slot number 6 and attach the feeder to the slot number 5. In FIG. 11, the instruction number of the attachment and detachment instruction additionally registered is set to be *1 for the convenience of explanation, but CPU 80a may reassign the instruction number including the addition-

ally registered attachment and detachment instruction. In addition, FIG. 11 illustrates a state in which the attachment and detachment instruction to detach the feeder from the slot number 6 is additionally registered while leaving the attachment and detachment instruction in the instruction number 6, but CPU 80a may delete the attachment and detachment instruction (instruction number 6) to attach the feeder to the slot number 5 at the time when the attachment error is detected, and then, may additionally register the attachment and detachment instruction to attach the feeder to the slot number 5. When feeder 30 is attached and detached based on the additionally registered attachment and detachment instruction, CPU 80a determines that the instruction is performed according to instruction in S150 described above, and performs the process.

In addition, when it is determined in S200 that the current attachment and detachment error is a detachment error, CPU 80a searches for feeder 30 erroneously detached by the operator (S220), and determines whether the target feeder 30 can be located (S230). In this case, since feeder 30 that is erroneously detached may be attached to in-line storage 60 by the operator, CPU 80a searches the in-line storage 60. CPU 80a may perform the search in S220 for a predetermined time and then may perform the determination in S230 while taking the time for the operator to move to in-line storage 60 into consideration. If the erroneously detached feeder 30 is attached to another component mounter 20, CPU 80a determines that the attachment and detachment is not performed according to the instruction in S150 described above, and performs this attachment and detachment error handling process. In this case, CPU 80a can determine in S200 that it is the attachment error, and executes S210 and S250, and makes the correction as described above.

When it is determined that feeder 30, being erroneously detached, can be located, CPU 80a additionally registers the attachment and detachment instruction into instruction list L, instruction of which attaching the target feeder 30 to the original position by detaching the same from the located place (S240). Then, CPU 80a outputs the correction attachment and detachment instruction for correcting the current detachment error based on additionally registered instruction list L (S250), and ends the attachment and detachment error handling process. In this case also, the detachment error of the operator can be corrected by loader 50. In addition, it is also possible for the operator to make correction based on the correction attachment and detachment instruction displayed on display 27.

Here, FIG. 12 is an explanatory diagram illustrating how the attachment and detachment instruction is additionally registered in instruction list L. FIG. 12 illustrates an example in which the attachment and detachment instructions for correcting the detachment errors are additionally registered. In this example, a case is assumed, in which the operator erroneously detaches feeder 30 having the feeder ID “*F2” and is attached to the slot number 6 of component mounter 20 (1) by an error as the instruction number 7, and attaches the feeder to the slot number 2 of in-line storage 60. In this case, CPU 80a determines that feeder 30 can be located from in-line storage 60, and additionally register the attachment and detachment instructions (*2 and *3) so as to detach feeder 30 from the slot number 2 of in-line storage 60 and to attach the feeder to the slot number 6 of component mounter 20(1) that is the original position. In this case also, CPU 80a may reassign the instruction number including the additionally registered attachment and detachment instruction. In addition, when feeder 30 is attached and detached based on the additionally registered attachment and detach-

ment instruction, CPU **80a** determines that the instruction is performed according to the instruction in **S150** described above and performs the process.

In addition, as a result of the search in **S220**, if it is determined in **S230** that erroneously detached feeder **30** cannot be located, CPU **80a** notifies a fact that target feeder **30** is erroneously detached and cannot be located (**S260**), and ends the attachment and detachment error handling process. In this case, CPU **80a** determines that feeder **30** of the detachment error is transported to another location different from in-line storage **60**, for example, the storage warehouse, and performs the process in **S260**. In addition, CPU **80a** can send the notification in **S260** to component mounter **20** from which feeder **30** is erroneously detached. If mounting control device **28** of component mounter **20** that has received the notification displays the notification content on display **27**, it becomes possible for the operator to take an action. Further, the notification in **S260** may be performed by outputting a voice from a speaker (not illustrated), turning on or blinking a warning lamp, or the like. Since it is desirable that such notification is performed as soon as possible after the operator erroneously detach feeder **30**, the notification in **S260** may be performed while searching in **S220** is performed. In addition, if multiple production lines are arranged adjacently, CPU **80a** may perform the notification in **S260** to management device **80** that manages another production line or a higher-level management device that centrally manages multiple production lines.

Here, the correspondence relationship between the configuration elements in the present embodiment and the configuration elements in the present disclosure will be clarified. Feeder **30** in the present embodiment corresponds to a component supply unit, component mounter **20** corresponds to a component mounter, and loader **50** corresponds to a unit exchange device, management device **80** that executes the feeder arrangement instruction related process in **S110** in FIG. 7 corresponds to an instruction output section, management device **80** that executes the feeder arrangement instruction related process in **S130** corresponds to an acquisition section, and management device **80** that executes the feeder arrangement instruction related process in **S140** to **S180** corresponds to a processing section.

Since the exchange instruction of feeder **30** is output based on instruction list L so as to be recognizable by the operator, component mounting system **10** described above can cause not only loader **50** but also the operator to exchange feeder **30**. In addition, if feeder **30** is attached and detached, component mounting system **10** determines whether the attachment and detachment are performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction in instruction list L, and if the attachment and detachment are performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, deletes the corresponding attachment and detachment instruction and updates the instruction list L. Therefore, since it is possible to prevent the attachment and detachment of feeder **30** already performed by any one of loader **50** and the operator from being performed by the other in duplicate, and thus, the cooperative operation by loader **50** and the operator can be appropriately performed.

In addition, in component mounting system **10**, since the attachment and detachment error handling process is performed when the attachment and detachment of feeder **30** is not performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, it is possible for the operator to appropriately handle the attachment and detachment error.

In addition, in component mounting system **10**, if the attachment of feeder **30** is not performed according to the

attachment and detachment instruction, an attachment and detachment instruction for detaching feeder **30** and attaching the feeder to an appropriate position is additionally registered in instruction list L, and a new exchange instruction is output. Therefore, when the attachment of feeder **30** is not performed according to the instruction, the feeder can be appropriately reattached by loader **50**.

In addition, in component mounting system **10**, if the detachment of feeder **30** is not performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, that feeder **30** is searched, and if feeder **30** is located, the attachment and detachment instruction for detaching feeder **30** and for attaching the feeder to the original position is additionally registered in instruction list L, and then, a new exchange instruction is output. Therefore, even when the detachment of feeder **30** is not performed according to the instruction, the feeder can be appropriately reattached by loader **50**. In addition, if feeder **30** is not located, since that effect is notified, it is possible for the operator or the like to make a correction handling.

It goes without saying that the present disclosure is not limited to the embodiment described above, and can be implemented in various aspects as long as it belongs to the technical scope of the present disclosure.

For example, in the embodiment described above, when the attachment of feeder **30** is not performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, the attachment and detachment instruction for detaching feeder **30** and attaching the feeder to the appropriate position is additionally registered in instruction list L, but the present disclosure is not limited to this. For example, when the attachment of feeder **30** is not performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, the attachment error may be immediately notified to the operator. For example, this notification of error can be displayed on display **27** of component mounter **20**.

In the embodiment described above, if the detachment of feeder **30** is not performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, a different handling is performed depending on whether feeder **30** is located, but the present disclosure is not limited to this. For example, if the detachment of feeder **30** is not performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, a process of notifying the operator of the detachment error may be uniformly performed.

In the embodiment described above, in any case where the attachment of feeder **30** is not performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction and where the detachment of feeder **30** is not performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, a new attachment and detachment instruction is recognizably output to the operator, but the present disclosure is not limited to this. For example, the new attachment and detachment instruction may be output only to loader **50** without making it recognizable by the operator.

In the embodiment described above, the deletion or the additional registration of the attachment and detachment instruction to or from the instruction list L is performed by management device **80**, but the present disclosure is not limited to this. For example, loader control device **59** that received the necessary information from management device **80** may perform the deletion or additional registration of the attachment and detachment instruction to or from instruction list L.

In the embodiment described above, component mounter **20** includes stock area **20B**, but this may not be included. In

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this case, loader **50** may not include lower transfer area **50B**, or lower transfer area **50B** may be used as the stock area of feeder **30** in loader **50**.

In the component mounting system in the present disclosure, when it is determined that the attachment and detachment of the component supply unit is performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, the processing section may perform the handling process such that the component supply unit is reattached and detached. In this way, since it becomes possible to handle the case where the attachment and detachment of the component supply unit is erroneously performed by the operator instead of being performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, the cooperative operation can be performed more appropriately.

In the component mounting system in the present disclosure, when it is determined that the attachment of the component supply unit is not performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, as the handling process, the processing section may perform an update process of the instruction list by additionally registering the attachment and detachment instruction for detaching the component supply unit and attaching to an appropriate position, and when the instruction list is updated by the additional registration of the attachment and detachment instruction, the instruction output section may output a new exchange instruction. In this way, even if the attachment of the component supply unit is not performed according to the instruction, the unit exchange device can appropriately perform the reattachment.

In the component mounting system in the present disclosure, when it is determined that the detachment of the component supply unit is not performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, as the handling process, the processing section may search for the detached component supply unit, and if the component supply unit is located, perform the update process of the instruction list by additionally registering the attachment and detachment instruction for attaching the component supply unit to the original position, and if the component supply unit is not located, may perform the notification process to notify that fact, and when the update process of the instruction list is performed with the additional registration of the attachment and detachment instruction, the instruction output section may output a new exchange instruction. In this way, even if the detachment of the component supply unit is not performed according to the instruction, if the component supply unit is located, the component supply unit can be appropriately returned by the unit exchange device. In addition, if the component supply unit is not located, it is possible to handle the error by an operator by notifying this fact.

INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

The present disclosure can be used in the manufacturing industry of component mounting systems and the like.

REFERENCE SIGNS LIST

10 component mounting system, **12** printer, **14** printing inspector, **18** X-axis rail, **20** component mounter, **20A** supply area, **20B** stock area, **21** board conveyance device, **22** head, **23** head moving mechanism, **27** display, **28** mounting control device, **30** feeder, **32** tape reel, **33** tape feeding mechanism, **34** positioning pin, **35** connector, **37** rail member, **39** feeder control device, **40** feeder base, **42** slot, **44** positioning hole, **45** connector, **50** loader, **50A** upper transfer

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area, **50B** lower transfer area, **51** loader moving mechanism, **52a** X-axis motor, **52b** guide roller, **53** feeder transfer mechanism, **54** clamp section, **55** Y-axis slider, **55a** Y-axis motor, **55b** Y-axis guide rail, **56** slide base, **56a** Z-axis motor, **56b** Z-axis guide rail, **57** encoder, **58a**, **58b** monitoring sensor, **59** loader control device, **60** in-line storage, **62** board conveyance device, **80** management device, **80a** CPU, **80b** ROM, **80c** HDD, **80d** RAM, **82** display, **84** input device, L instruction list, S board.

The invention claimed is:

1. A component mounting system that includes a component mounter in which multiple component supply units that supply components are detachably arranged, the system comprising:

a loader configured to automatically exchange one component supply unit of the multiple component supply units between the loader and the component mounter; an instruction output section configured to output an exchange instruction of the component supply units, including an automatic exchange instruction to the loader, so as to be recognizable by an operator, based on an instruction list in which multiple attachment and detachment instructions are registered,

in which a type of attachment and detachment, indicating the attachment or the detachment, are associated with identification information identifying the component supply unit targeted to be attached and detached, and positional information for the attachment and detachment in the component mounter;

an acquisition section configured to acquire an attachment and detachment record that includes the identification information on the component supply unit, the positional information on the attachment and detachment, and the type of attachment and detachment when the component supply unit is attached and detached on the component mounter; and

a processing section configured to determine whether the attachment and detachment of the component supply unit is performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction based on the attachment and detachment record acquired by the acquisition section and the instruction list, and when it is determined that the attachment and detachment is performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, perform an update process to update the instruction list by deleting the corresponding attachment and detachment instruction.

2. The component mounting system according to claim **1**, wherein the processing section is configured to perform an handling process such that the component supply unit is reattached and redetached when it is determined that the attachment and detachment of the component supply unit is not performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction.

3. The component mounting system according to claim **2**, wherein the processing section is configured to perform an update process of the instruction list by additionally registering the attachment and detachment instruction for detaching the component supply unit and attaching the component supply unit to an appropriate position as the handling process when it is determined that the attachment of the component supply unit is not performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, and

the instruction output section is configured to output a new exchange instruction when the instruction list is

updated by the additional registration of the attachment and detachment instruction.

4. The component mounting system according to claim 2, wherein the processing section is configured to search for the detached component supply unit as the handling process when it is determined that the detachment of the component supply unit is not performed according to the attachment and detachment instruction, and perform the update process of the instruction list by additionally registering the attachment and detachment instruction for detaching the component supply unit and attaching the component supply unit to an original position if the component supply unit is located, and perform a notification process to notify that fact if the component supply unit is not located, and the instruction output section is configured to output a new exchange instruction when the update process of the instruction list is performed with the additional registration of the attachment and detachment instruction.

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