

US011198730B2

(12) **United States Patent**  
**Konnai et al.**

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 11,198,730 B2**  
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Dec. 14, 2021**

(54) **ANTI-LAG-3 ANTIBODY**  
(71) Applicants: **National University Corporation Hokkaido University**, Hokkaido (JP); **Fuso Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd.**, Osaka (JP)

(72) Inventors: **Satoru Konnai**, Hokkaido (JP); **Kazuhiko Ohashi**, Hokkaido (JP); **Shiro Murata**, Hokkaido (JP); **Tomohiro Okagawa**, Hokkaido (JP); **Asami Nishimori**, Hokkaido (JP); **Naoya Maekawa**, Hokkaido (JP); **Yasuhiko Suzuki**, Hokkaido (JP); **Chie Nakajima**, Hokkaido (JP)

(73) Assignees: **Fuso Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd.**, Osaka (JP); **National University Corporation Hokkaido University**, Hokkaido (JP)

(\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 332 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **16/325,150**

(22) PCT Filed: **Aug. 10, 2017**

(86) PCT No.: **PCT/JP2017/029057**

§ 371 (c)(1),  
(2) Date: **Feb. 12, 2019**

(87) PCT Pub. No.: **WO2018/034227**

PCT Pub. Date: **Feb. 22, 2018**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2019/0169294 A1 Jun. 6, 2019

(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

Aug. 15, 2016 (JP) ..... JP2016-159091

(51) **Int. Cl.**

**C07K 16/28** (2006.01)  
**C07K 16/46** (2006.01)  
**A61P 31/10** (2006.01)  
**A61P 31/06** (2006.01)  
**A61P 15/14** (2006.01)  
**A61P 35/02** (2006.01)  
**A61P 33/02** (2006.01)  
**C12N 15/09** (2006.01)  
**A61P 31/00** (2006.01)  
**A61K 39/395** (2006.01)  
**C12N 5/10** (2006.01)  
**A61P 31/04** (2006.01)  
**A61P 35/00** (2006.01)  
**C12N 15/85** (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC ..... **C07K 16/2803** (2013.01); **A61K 39/395** (2013.01); **A61P 15/14** (2018.01); **A61P 31/00** (2018.01); **A61P 31/04** (2018.01); **A61P 31/06** (2018.01); **A61P 31/10** (2018.01); **A61P 33/02**

(2018.01); **A61P 35/00** (2018.01); **A61P 35/02** (2018.01); **C07K 16/28** (2013.01); **C07K 16/46** (2013.01); **C12N 5/10** (2013.01); **C12N 15/09** (2013.01); **C12N 15/85** (2013.01); **C12N 2015/8518** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

None  
See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

6,180,370 B1 \* 1/2001 Queen ..... C07K 16/2866  
435/69.6  
6,737,056 B1 \* 5/2004 Presta ..... C07K 16/4291  
424/133.1  
2010/0233183 A1 9/2010 Triebel et al.

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

CA 2957275 A1 \* 2/2016 ..... C07K 16/2803  
EA 23032 B1 4/2016

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Vafa, Omid, et al. "An engineered Fc variant of an IgG eliminates all immune effector functions via structural perturbations." *Methods* 65.1 (2014): 114-126. (Year: 2014).\*

(Continued)

*Primary Examiner* — Michael Szperka

*Assistant Examiner* — Lia E Taylor

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Schwegman Lundberg & Woessner, P.A.

(57) **ABSTRACT**

The present invention provides an anti-LAG-3 antibody capable of repeated administration even to animals other than rat. An anti-LAG-3 antibody comprising (a) a light chain comprising a light chain variable region containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of QSLLDSDGNTY (SEQ ID NO: 16), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of SVS and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of MQATHVPFT (SEQ ID NO: 17) and the light chain constant region of an antibody of an animal other than rat; and (b) a heavy chain comprising a heavy chain variable region containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of GFDFDTYP (SEQ ID NO: 18), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of ITIKTHNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 19) and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of NREDFDY (SEQ ID NO: 20) and the heavy chain constant region of an antibody of an animal other than rat. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the above anti-LAG-3 antibody as an active ingredient. A method for preparing the above anti-LAG-3 antibody is also provided.

**12 Claims, 8 Drawing Sheets**

**Specification includes a Sequence Listing.**

(56)

## References Cited

## OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Jha, Vibha et al. "Lymphocyte Activation Gene-3 (LAG-3) negatively regulates environmentally-induced autoimmunity." *PloS one* vol. 9,8 e104484. Aug. 14, 2014, doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0104484 (Year: 2014).\*

Lubert Stryer, *Biochemistry*, 4th, WH Freeman, New York (1995) ISBN: 0-7167-2009-4 (Year: 1995).\*

Farady, Christopher J et al. "Improving the species cross-reactivity of an antibody using computational design." *Bioorganic & medicinal chemistry letters* vol. 19,14 (2009): 3744-7. doi:10.1016/j.bmcl.2009.05.005 (Year: 2009).\*

Okagawa, Tomohiro et al. "Cooperation of PD-1 and LAG-3 Contributes to T-Cell Exhaustion in *Anaplasma marginale*-Infected Cattle." *Infection and immunity* vol. 84,10 2779-90. Sep. 19, 2016, doi:10.1128/IAI.00278-16 (Year: 2016).\*

Shapiro, Mika et al. "Lymphocyte activation gene 3: a novel therapeutic target in chronic lymphocytic leukemia." *Haematologica* vol. 102,5 (2017): 874-882. doi:10.3324/haematol.2016.148965 (Year: 2017).\*

Bergeron, Lisa M., et al. "Comparative functional characterization of canine IgG subclasses." *Veterinary immunology and immunopathology* 157.1-2 (2014): 31-41. (Year: 2014).\*

Bruce, Catriona J., et al. "Depletion of bovine CD8+ T cells with chCC63, a chimaeric mouse-bovine antibody." *Veterinary immunology and immunopathology* 71.3-4 (1999): 215-231. (Year: 1999).\*

Okagawa, Tomohiro et al. "Anti-Bovine Programmed Death-1 Rat-Bovine Chimeric Antibody for Immunotherapy of Bovine Leukemia Virus Infection in Cattle." *Frontiers in immunology* vol. 8 650. Jun. 7, 2017, doi:10.3389/fimmu.2017.00650 (Year: 2017).\*

Usman, Tahir, et al. "Novel polymorphisms in bovine CD4 and LAG-3 genes associated with somatic cell counts of clinical mastitis cows." *Genetics and Molecular Research* 17.1 (2018). (Year: 2018).\*

Gebauer, Florian et al. "Lymphocyte activation gene-3 (LAG3) mRNA and protein expression on tumour infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs) in oesophageal adenocarcinoma." *Journal of cancer research and clinical oncology* vol. 146,9 (2020): 2319-2327. doi:10.1007/S00432-020-03295-7 (Year: 2020).\*

Janeway, A. C., et al. "Immunobiology: the immune system in health and disease. London." *Current Biology* (1997): 3:1-3:11. (Year: 1997).\*

Kipriyanov, Sergey M., and Fabrice Le Gall. "Generation and production of engineered antibodies." *Molecular biotechnology* 26.1 (2004): 39-60. (Year: 2004).\*

"Russian Application No. 2019105702, Office Action dated Jul. 27, 2020", w/ English Translation, (Jul. 27, 2020), 10 pgs.

"Russian Application No. 2019105702, Search Report dated Jul. 27, 2020", w/ English Translation, (Jul. 27, 2020), 4 pgs.

"2014 Fiscal Year Annual Research Report Ushi no Men'eki Yokusei Juyotai no Kino Kaiseki Oyobi Nanjisei Shippei no Shinki Seigyoho eno Oyo Kenkyu", [Online]. Retrieved from the Internet: <URL: <https://kaken.nii.ac.jp/ja/report/KAKENHI-PROJECT-13J01442/13J014422014jisseki/>>, (Jun. 1, 2016), 3 pgs.

"International Application Serial No. PCT/JP2017/029057, International Search Report dated Oct. 31, 2017", (dated Oct. 31, 2017), 3 pgs.

"International Application Serial No. PCT/JP2017/029057, Written Opinion dated Oct. 31, 2017", (dated Oct. 31, 2017), 5 pgs.

Ikebuchi, Ryoyo, et al., "Influence of PD-L 1 cross-linking on cell death in PD-L 1-expressing cell lines and bovine lymphocytes", *Immunology* 142.4, (2014), 551-561.

Okagawa, Tomohiro, et al., "Bovine immunoinhibitory receptors contribute to suppression of *Mycobacterium avium* subsp. *paratuberculosis*-specific T-cell responses", *Infection and immunity* 84.1, (2016), 77-89.

"International Application Serial No. PCT/JP2017/029057, International Preliminary Report on Patentability dated Feb. 28, 2019", 8 pgs.

Blackburn, Shawn D, et al., "Coregulation of CD8+ T cell exhaustion by multiple inhibitory receptors during chronic viral infection", *Nature immunology* 10.1, (2009), 29-37.

Konnai, Satoru, et al., "Enhanced expression of LAG-3 on lymphocyte subpopulations from persistently lymphocytotic cattle infected with bovine leukemia virus", *Comparative immunology, microbiology and infectious diseases* 36.1, (2013), 63-69.

Shirai, Tatsuya, et al., "Molecular cloning of bovine lymphocyte activation gene-3 and its expression characteristics in bovine leukemia virus-infected cattle", *Veterinary immunology and immunopathology* 144.3-4, (2011), 462-467.

Triebel, Frederic, et al., "LAG-3, a novel lymphocyte activation gene closely related to CD4", *Journal of Experimental Medicine* 171.5, (1990), 1393-1405.

Woo, Seng-Ryong, et al., "Immune inhibitory molecules LAG-3 and PD-1 synergistically regulate T-cell function to promote tumoral immune escape", *Cancer research* 72.4, (2012), 917-927.

"European Application Serial No. 17841450.4, Extended Search Report dated Apr. 8, 2020", (dated Apr. 8, 2020), 16 pgs.

Workman, Creg J., et al., "Phenotypic analysis of the murine CD-4 related glycoprotein, CD223 (LAG-3)", *European journal of immunology* 32.8, (Aug. 1, 2002), 2255-2263.

Rivera, Shanemae M., et al., "Molecular characterization of the lymphocyte activation gene-3 (LAG-3, CD223) of swamp-and riverine-type water buffaloes (*Bubalus bubalis*)", *Japanese Journal of Veterinary Research* 65.2, (May 2017), pp. 65-74.

\* cited by examiner

## Fig. 1

**Light Chain**

*Italicized: Variable region sequence (Underlined boldface: CDR1, CDR2, CDR3 in this order from the NH2 terminus)*

Non-italicized: Constant region sequence (bovine IgG lambda, GenBank: X62917)

*MMSPVQSLLELLWILGTFNCDVVLITQPTLSATIGQSVSISCHSSQSLLDSDGNTYL*  
*NWLLQRPGQSPQLLYSYSNLESQVFNRESGSEFDFTLKISGVEAEDLGVYYCYCMQ*  
*ATHVPTFCGSGTKLEIKQPKSPPSVTLEFPSTEELNGNKATLVCLISDFYPCSVTVVW*  
 KADGSTITRNVEITRASKQSNKYAASSYLSLTSSDWKSKGYSCEVTHEGSTVTKI  
 VKPSECS\*

**Heavy Chain**

*Italicized: Variable region sequence (Underlined boldface: CDR1, CDR2, CDR3 in this order from the NH2 terminus)*

Non-italicized: Constant region sequence (bovine IgG1, modified from GenBank: X62916)

Doubly underlined: mutated amino acids in bovine IgG1 (CH2 domain)

(Amino acid numbers and mutations: 247 E→P, 248 L→V, 249 P→A, 250 G→deletion, 344 A→S, 345 P→S)

*MVLLKSVIALQGVHCEVQLVESGGGLVQPKGSLKLSCAASGFEDEITYPMSSWVR*  
*QAPCGKGLDWVVASITIKTHNYATLYIASVKERFTISRDDSQSMVYLQMNNLKTEDTAL*  
*YYCNREDFYWGQGMVYVTSASFTAPKVVYPLSSCCGDKSSSTVTLGCLVSSYMPE*  
 PYTYTWNSSGALKSGVHTFPAYLQSSGLYSLSSMVTVPGSTSGQFTCNVAHPASSTK  
 VDKAVDPTCKPSPDCPCPPPEYAGPSVFIFPPKPKDFTISGTPEVTCVVVDVGHDDP  
 EVKFSWFDVDDVEVNTATKPREEEQFNSTYRVVSALRIQHQQDWTPGGKEFKCKVHNE  
 GLPSSIVRTISRTKGPAREPQVYVLAAPPQEELSKSTVSLTFCMVTSTFYDDYIAVEWQRN  
 GQPESEDKYGTTPPQLDADSSYFLYSKLRVDRNSWQEGDITYTCVVMHEALHNHYT  
 QKSTSKSACK\*

Fig. 2

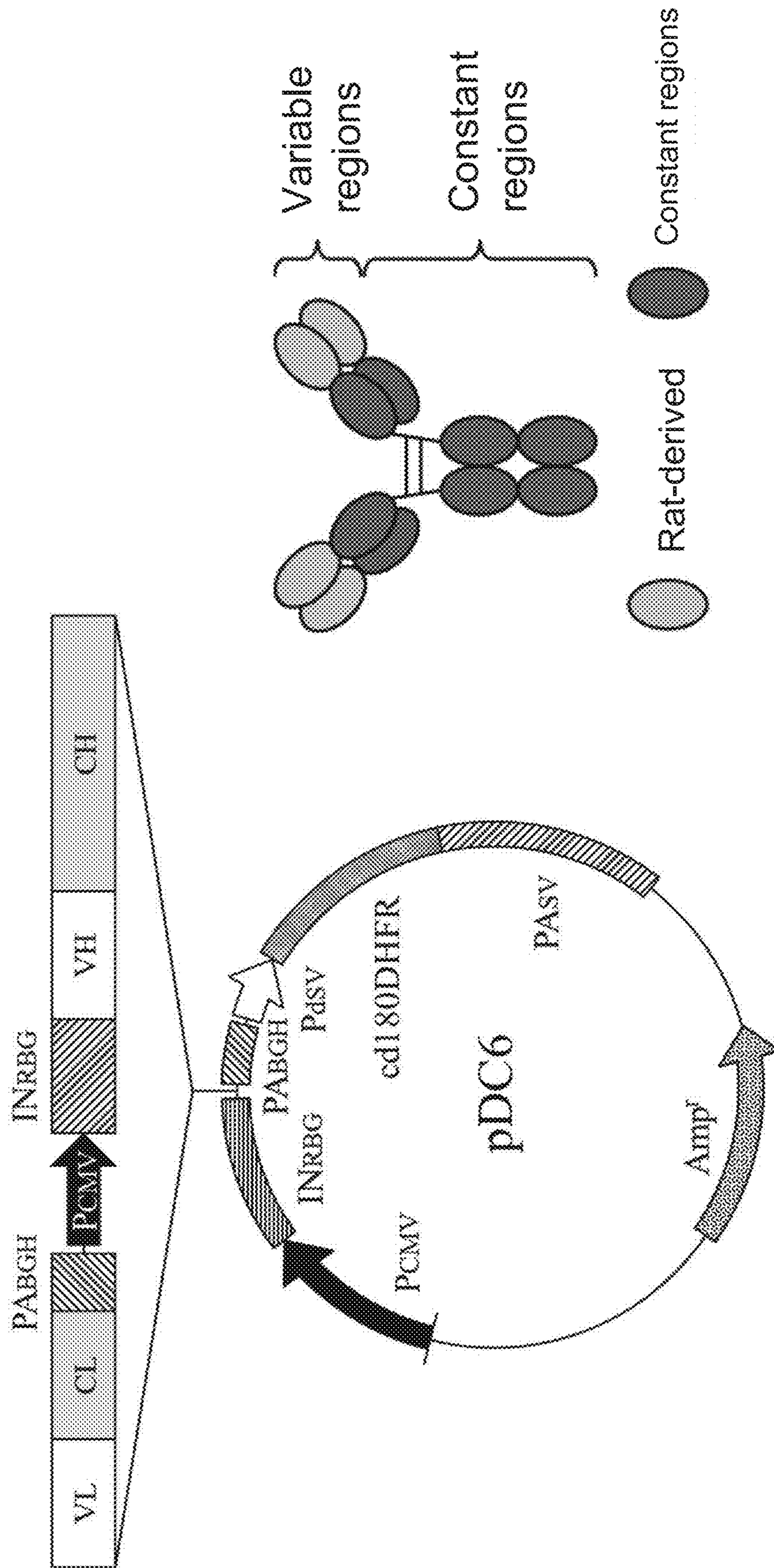


Fig. 3

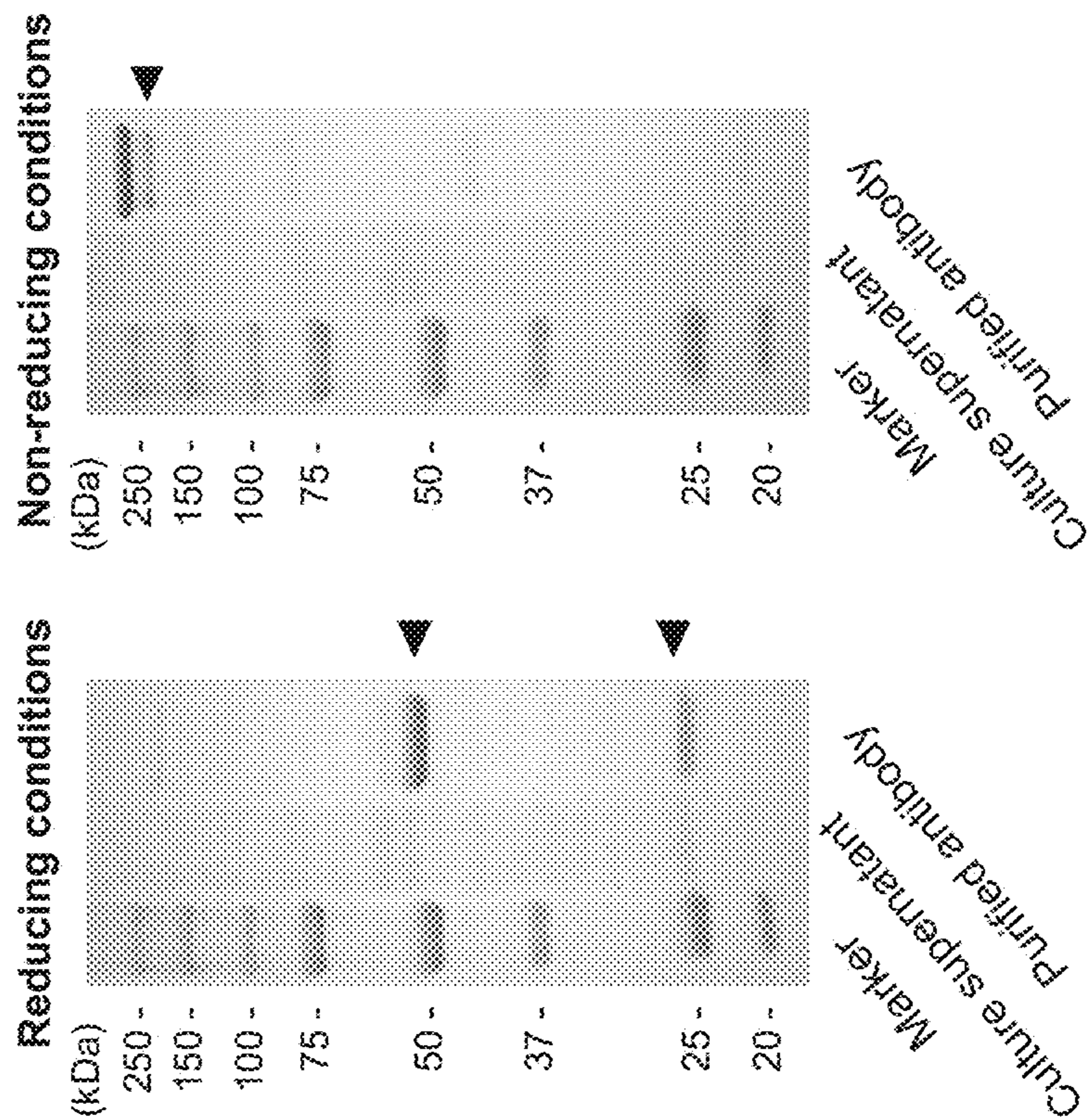


Fig. 4

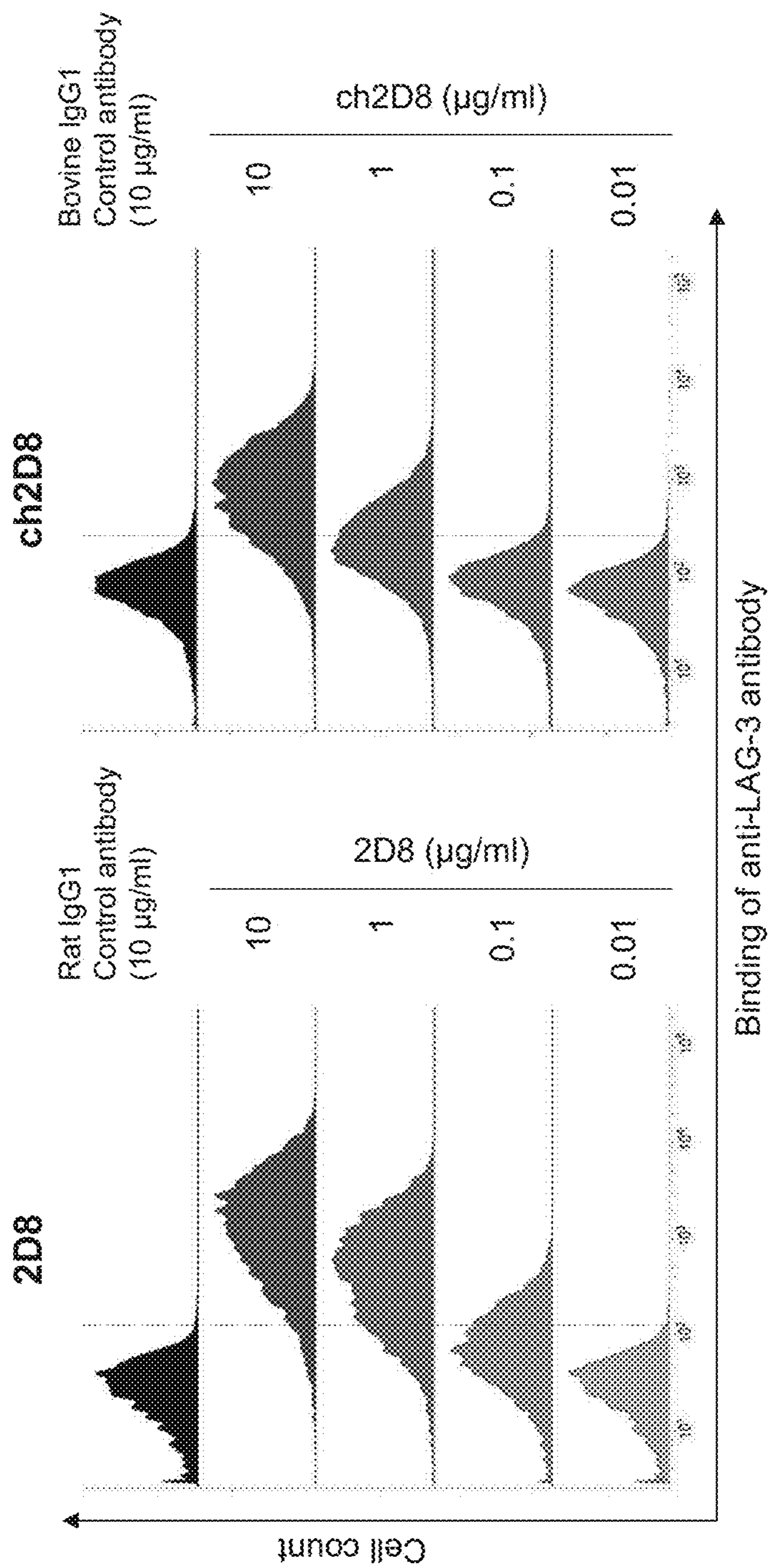
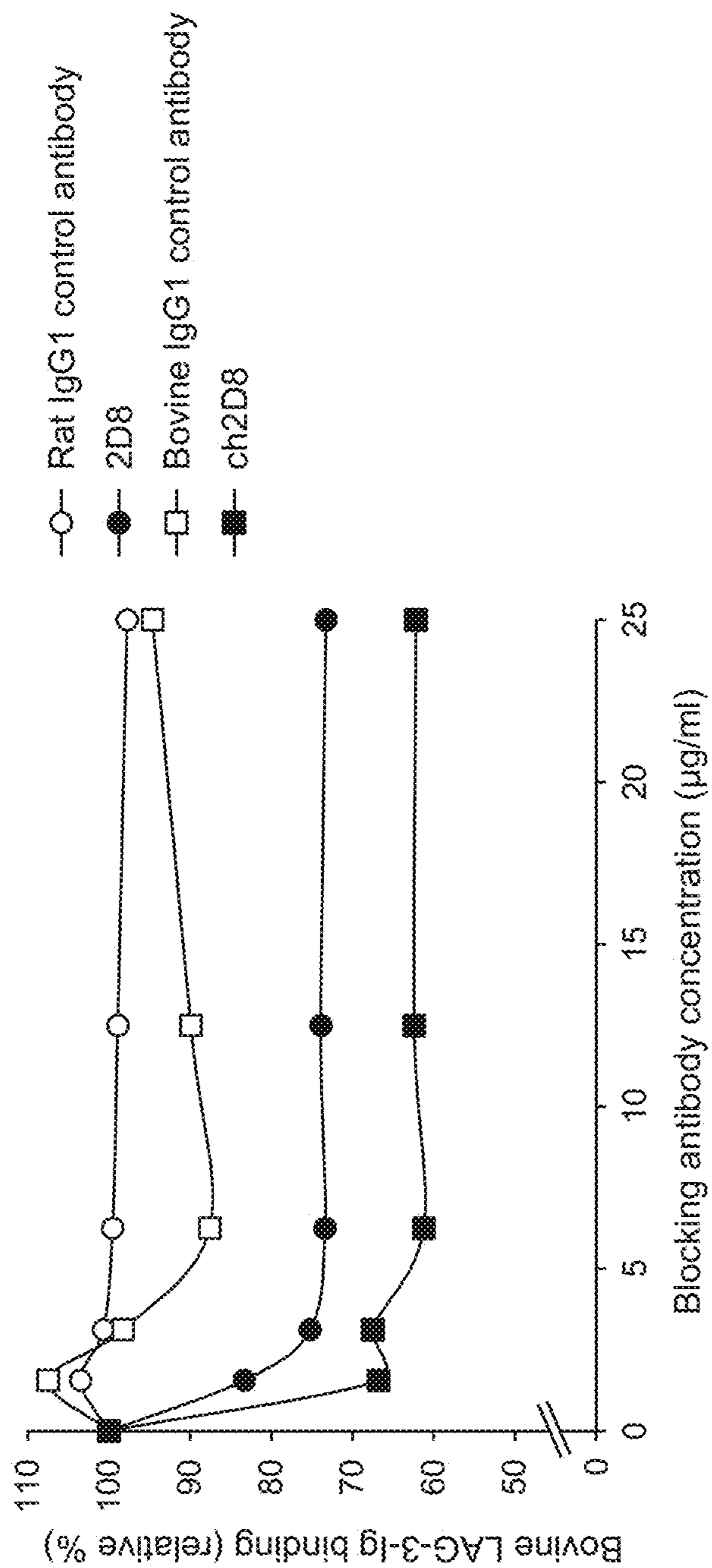


Fig. 5



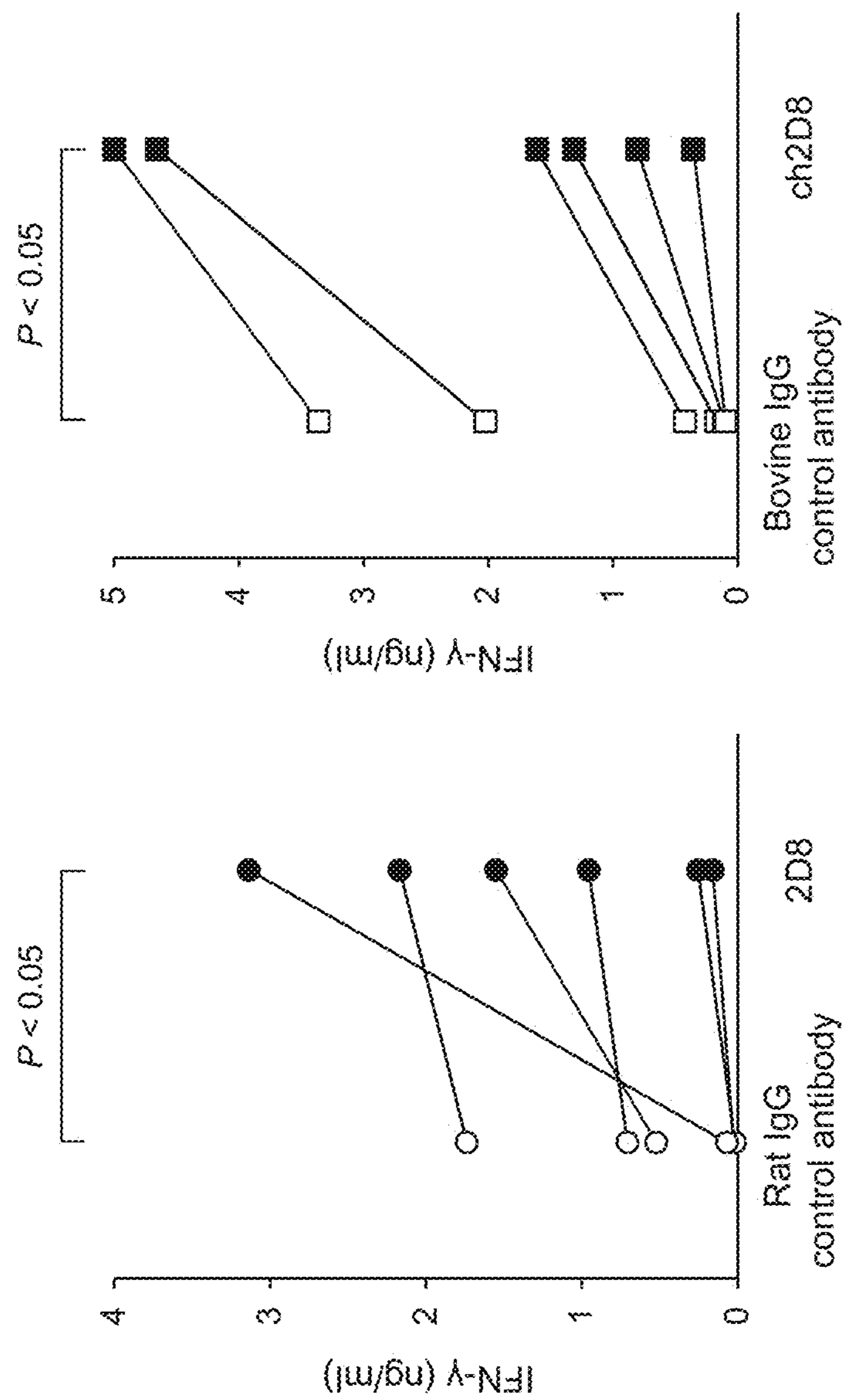


Fig. 6



Fig. 7

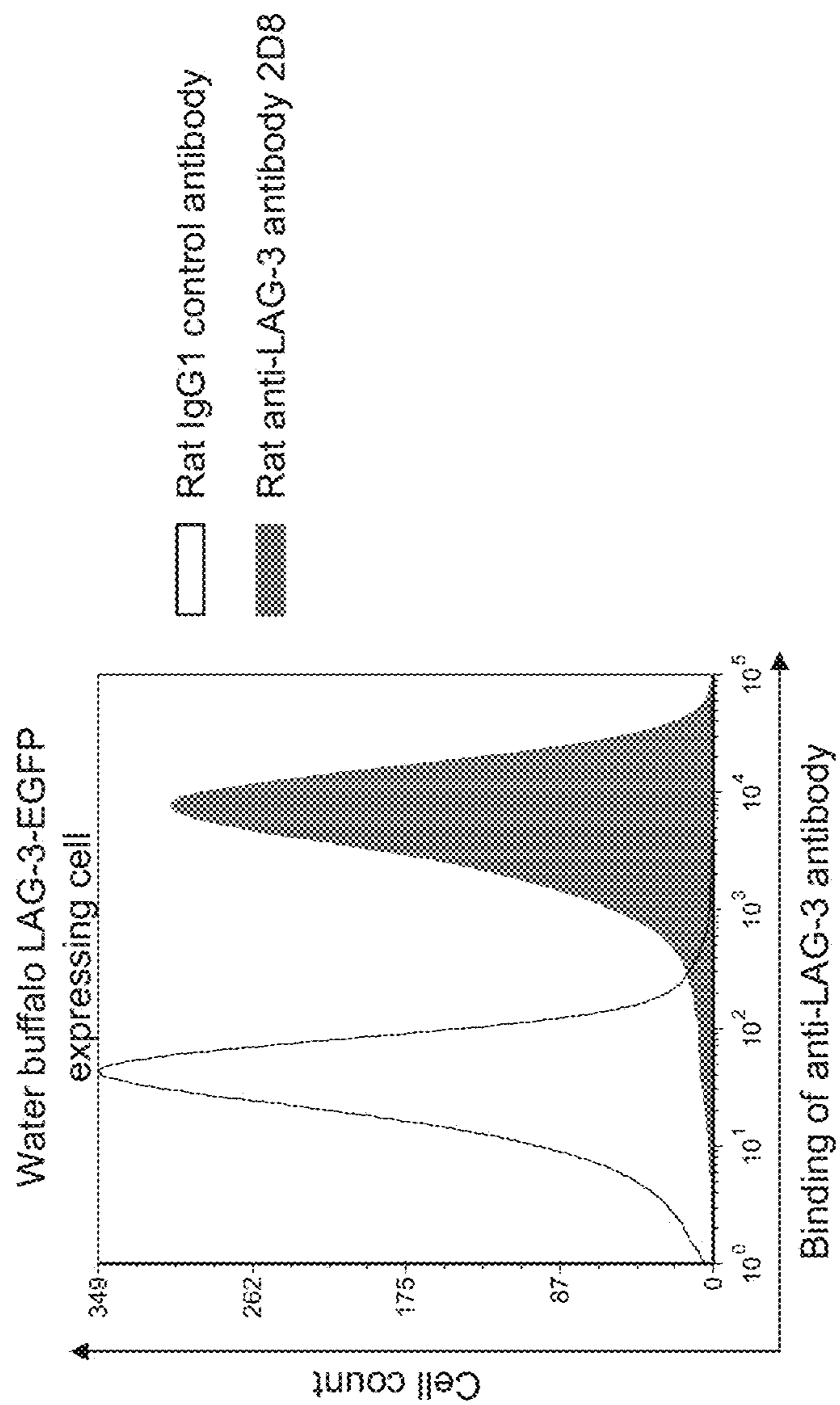
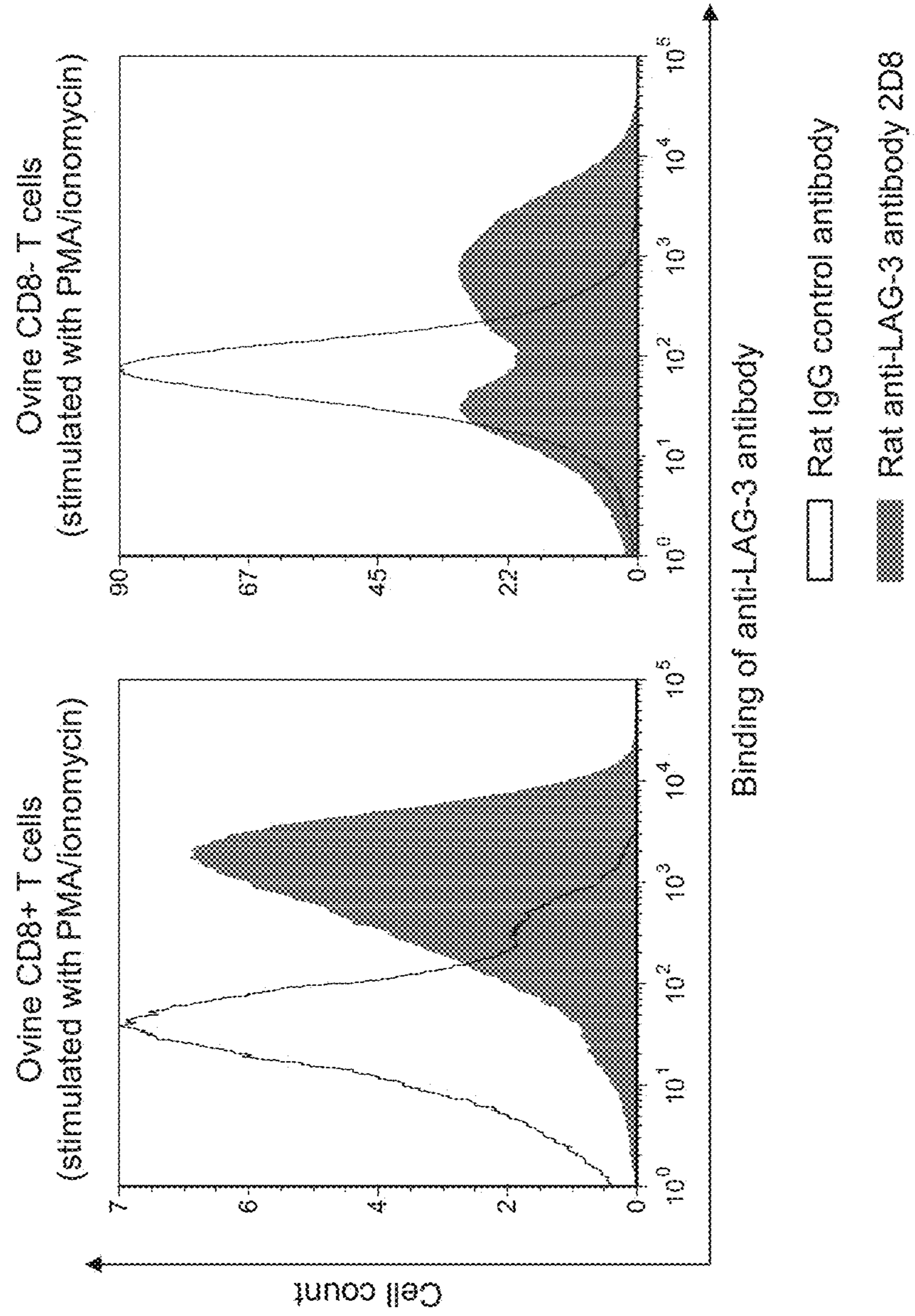


Fig. 8



## ANTI-LAG-3 ANTIBODY

## PRIORITY APPLICATIONS

This application is a U.S. National Stage Filing under 35 U.S.C. 371 from International Application No. PCT/JP2017/029057, filed on Aug. 10, 2017, and published as WO2018/034227 on Feb. 22, 2018, which claims the benefit of priority to Japanese Application No. 2016-159091, filed on Aug. 15, 2016; the benefit of priority of each of which is hereby claimed herein, and which applications and publication are hereby incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

## TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to an anti-LAG-3 antibody. More specifically, the present invention relates to an anti-LAG-3 antibody comprising a variable region containing complementarity-determining regions (CDR) of a rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody and a constant region of an antibody of an animal other than rat.

## BACKGROUND ART

Lymphocyte activation gene 3 (LAG-3), an immunoinhibitory receptor, was identified as a molecule closely related to CD4 (Non-Patent Document No. 1: Triebel F, Jitsukawa S, Baixeras E, Roman-Roman S, Genevee C, Viegas-Pequignot E, Hercend T. *J. Exp. Med.*, 171(5):1393-1405; May 1, 1990). Recently, it has been elucidated that this molecule is involved in immunosuppression in chronic infections and tumors (Non-Patent Document No. 2: Blackburn S D, Shin H, Haining W N, Zou T, Workman C J, Polley A, Betts M R, Freeman G J, Vignali D A, Wherry E J. *Nat. Immunol.*, 10(1):29-37; Nov. 30, 2008; Non-Patent Document No. 3 Woo S-R, Turnis M E, Goldberg M V., Bankoti J, Selby M, Nirschl C J, Bettini M L, Gravano D M, Vogel P, Liu C L, Tansombatvisit S, Grosso J F, Netto G, Smeltzer M P, Chaux A, Utz P J, Workman C J, Pardoll D M, Korman A J. *Drake C G, Vignali D A A. Cancer Res.*, 72(4):917-927; Feb. 15, 2012). In the field of human medical care, an antibody drug that inhibits the effect of LAG-3 has been developed as an immunotherapeutic drug for tumors and its phase I clinical trial is under progress (name of the antibody: BMS-986016; Bristol-Myers Squibb and Ono Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.)

To date, the present inventors have been developing an immunotherapy for animal refractory diseases targeting LAG-3, and have revealed that this novel immunotherapy is applicable to multiple-diseases and multiple-animals. (Non-Patent Document No. 4: Shirai T, Konnai S. Ikebuchi R, Okagawa T, Suzuki S, Sunden Y. Onuma M, Murata S, Ohashi K. *Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol.*, 144(3-4):462-467; Dec. 15, 2011; Non-Patent Document No. 5: Konnai S, Suzuki S, Shirai T, Ikebuchi R, Okagawa T, Sunden Y, Mingala C N, Onuma M. Murata S, Ohashi K. *Comp. Immunol. Microbiol. Infect. Dis.*, 36(1):63-69; January 2013; Non-Patent Document No. 6: Okagawa T, Konnai S, Nishimori A. Ikebuchi R. Mizorogi S, Nagata R, Kawaji S, Tanaka S, Kagawa Y. Murata S, Mori Y, Ohashi K. *Infect. Immun.* 84(1):77-89; Oct. 19, 2015.)

However, the antibodies which the present inventors have prepared to date are rat antibodies, and therefore it is impossible to administer those antibodies repeatedly to animals other than rat.

## PRIOR ART LITERATURE

## Non-Patent Documents

- 5 Non-Patent Document No. 1: Triebel F, Jitsukawa S, Baixeras E, Roman-Roman S, Genevee C, Viegas-Pequignot E. *Hercend T. J. Exp. Med.*, 171(5):1393-1405; May 1, 1990.
- Non-Patent Document No. 2: Blackburn S D, Shin H. Haining W N, Zou T. Workman C J, Polley A, Betts M R, Freeman G J, Vignali D A, Wherry E J. *Nat. Immunol.*, 10(1):29-37; Nov. 30, 2008.
- 10 Non-Patent Document No. 3: Woo S-R, Turnis M E, Goldberg M V., Bankoti J. Selby M, Nirschl C J, Bettini M L, Gravano D M, Vogel P. Liu C L, Tansombatvisit S, Grosso J F, Netto G, Smeltzer M P, Chaux A. Utz P J, Workman C J, Pardoll D M, Korman A J, Drake C G, Vignali D A A. *Cancer Res.*, 72(4):917-927; Feb. 15, 2012.
- 15 Non-Patent Document No. 4: Shirai T, Konnai S. Ikebuchi R. Okagawa T, Suzuki S. Sunden Y, Onuma M, Murata S, Ohashi K. *Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol.*, 144(3-4):462-467; Dec. 15, 2011.
- Non-Patent Document No. 5: Konnai S. Suzuki S, Shirai T. Ikebuchi R, Okagawa T, Sunden Y. Mingala C N, Onuma M. Murata S, Ohashi K. *Comp. Immunol. Microbiol. Infect. Dis.*, 36(1):63-69; January 2013.
- 20 Non-Patent Document No. 6: Okagawa T, Konnai S, Nishimori A. Ikebuchi R, Mizorogi S, Nagata R, Kawaji S, Tanaka S. Kagawa Y. Murata S, Mori Y, Ohashi K. *Infect. Immun.* 84(1):77-89; Oct. 19, 2015.

## DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

## Problem for Solution by the Invention

It is an object of the present invention to provide an anti-LAG-3 antibody capable of repeated administration even to animals other than rat.

## Means to Solve the Problem

The present inventors have determined the variable regions of a rat anti-bovine LAG-3 monoclonal antibody (2D8) binding to bovine LAG-3 expressing Cos-7 cells, and then combined genes encoding the resultant variable regions with genes encoding the constant regions of a bovine immunoglobulin (bovine IgG1, with mutations having been introduced into the putative binding sites of Fcγ receptors in CH2 domain in order to inhibit ADCC activity; see FIG. 1 for amino acid numbers and mutations: 247 E→P, 248 L→V, 249 P→A, 250 G→deletion, 344 A→S, 345 P→S; Ikebuchi R, Konnai S, Okagawa T, Yokoyama K, Nakajima C, Suzuki Y, Murata S, Ohashi K. *Immunology* 2014 August; 142(4): 551-561) to thereby obtain a chimeric antibody gene. This gene was introduced into Chinese hamster ovary cells (CHO cells). By culturing/proliferating the resultant cells, the present inventors have succeeded in preparing a rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody. Further, the present inventors have determined the CDRs of the variable regions of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 monoclonal antibody (2D8). The present invention has been achieved based on these findings.

A summary of the present invention is as described below. (1) An anti-LAG-3 antibody comprising (a) a light chain comprising a light chain variable region containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of QSLLDSDGNTY (SEQ ID NO: 16), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence

- of SVS and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of MQATHVPFT (SEQ ID NO: 17) and the light chain constant region of an antibody of an animal other than rat; and (b) a heavy chain comprising a heavy chain variable region containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of GFDFDTYP (SEQ ID NO: 18), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of ITIKTHNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 19) and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of NREDFDY (SEQ ID NO: 20) and the heavy chain constant region of an antibody of an animal other than rat.
- (2) The antibody of (1) above, wherein the light chain variable region and the heavy chain variable region are derived from rat.
- (3) The antibody of (2) above, wherein the light chain variable region is the light chain variable region of a rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody and the heavy chain variable region is the heavy chain variable region of a rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody.
- (4) The antibody of (3) above, wherein the light chain variable region has the amino acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO. 1 and the heavy chain variable region has the amino acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 2.
- (5) The antibody of any one of (1) to (4) above, wherein the light chain constant region of an antibody of an animal other than rat has the amino acid sequence of the constant region of lambda chain or kappa chain.
- (6) The antibody of any one of (1) to (5) above, wherein the heavy chain constant region of an antibody of an animal other than rat has the amino acid sequence of the constant region of an immunoglobulin equivalent to human IgG4 or said amino acid sequence having mutations introduced thereto that reduce ADCC activity and/or CDC activity.
- (7) The antibody of (6) above, wherein the animal other than rat is bovine; the light chain constant region of the bovine antibody has the amino acid sequence of the constant region of lambda chain; and the heavy chain constant region of the bovine antibody has mutations introduced thereto that reduce ADCC activity and/or CDC activity.
- (8) The antibody of (7) above, wherein the light chain constant region of the bovine antibody has the amino acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 3 and the heavy chain constant region of the bovine antibody has the amino acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 4.
- (9) The antibody of any one of (1) to (8) above which has a four-chain structure comprising two light chains and two heavy chains.
- (10) A pharmaceutical composition comprising the antibody of any one of (1) to (9) above as an active ingredient.
- (11) The composition of (10) above for prevention and/or treatment of cancers and/or infections.
- (12) The composition of (11) above, wherein the cancers and/or infections are selected from the group consisting of neoplastic diseases, leukemia, Johne's disease, anaplasmosis, bacterial mastitis, mycotic mastitis, mycoplasma infections (such as mycoplasma mastitis, mycoplasma pneumonia or the like), tuberculosis, *Theileria orientalis* infection, cryptosporidiosis, coccidiosis, trypanosomiasis and leishmaniasis.
- (13) An artificial genetic DNA comprising (a') a DNA encoding a light chain comprising a light chain variable region containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of QSLDSDGNTY (SEQ ID NO: 16), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of SVS and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of MQATHVPFT (SEQ ID NO: 17) and the light chain constant region of an antibody of an animal other than rat; and (b') a DNA encoding a heavy chain comprising a heavy chain variable region containing

- CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of GFDFDTYP (SEQ ID NO: 18), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of ITIKTHNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 19) and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of NREDFDY (SEQ ID NO: 20) and the heavy chain constant region of an antibody of an animal other than rat.
- (14) A vector comprising the artificial genetic DNA of (13) above.
- (15) A host cell transformed with the vector of (14) above.
- (16) A method of preparing an antibody, comprising culturing the host cell of (15) above and collecting an anti-LAG-3 antibody from the resultant culture.
- (17) A DNA encoding a light chain comprising a light chain variable region containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of QSLDSDGNTY (SEQ ID NO: 16), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of SVS and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of MQATHVPFT (SEQ ID NO: 17) and the light chain constant region of an antibody of an animal other than rat.
- (18) A DNA encoding a heavy chain comprising a heavy chain variable region containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of GFDFDTYP (SEQ ID NO: 18), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of ITIKTHNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 19) and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of NREDFDY (SEQ ID NO: 20) and the heavy chain constant region of an antibody of an animal other than rat.
- The present specification encompasses the contents disclosed in the specifications and/or drawings of Japanese Patent Application No. 2016-159091 based on which the present patent application claims priority.

#### Effect of the Invention

According to the present invention, a novel anti-LAG-3 antibody has been obtained. This antibody is applicable even to those animals other than rat.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 The amino acid sequence of rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody ch2D8. CDR1, CDR2 and CDR3 regions in the light chain variable region and the heavy chain variable region of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8 are shown. Further, amino acids introduced as mutations to bovine IgG1 (CH2 domain) are also shown (amino acid numbers and mutations: 247 E→P, 248 L→V, 249 P→A, 250 G→deletion, 344 A→S, 345 P→S).

FIG. 2 Schematic drawings of pDC6 vector and rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody ch2D8.

FIG. 3 The purity of purified rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody ch2D8.

FIG. 4 Binding specificity of rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody ch2D8.

FIG. 5 Inhibitory activity of rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody ch2D8 against bovine LAG-3/MHC II binding

FIG. 6 Changes in IFN- $\gamma$  response due to rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody ch2D8.

FIG. 7 Cross-reactivity of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8 with water buffalo LAG-3

FIG. 8 Cross-reactivity of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8 with ovine T cells

#### BEST MODES FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

Hereinbelow, the present invention will be described in detail.

The present invention provides an anti-LAG-3 antibody comprising (a) a light chain comprising a light chain variable region containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of QSLLDSDGNTY (SEQ ID NO: 16), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of SVS and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of MQATHVPFT (SEQ ID NO: 17) and the light chain constant region of an antibody of an animal other than rat; and (b) a heavy chain comprising a heavy chain variable region containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of GFDFDTYP (SEQ ID NO: 18), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of ITIKTHNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 19) and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of NREDFDY (SEQ ID NO: 20) and the heavy chain constant region of an antibody of an animal other than rat.

CDR1, CDR2 and CDR3 in the light chain variable region (VL) of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8 are a region consisting of the amino acid sequence of QSLLDSDGNTY (SEQ ID NO: 16), a region consisting of the amino acid sequence of SVS and a region consisting of the amino acid sequence of MQATHVPFT (SEQ ID NO: 17), respectively (see FIG. 1).

Further, CDR1, CDR2 and CDR3 in the heavy chain variable region (VH) of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8 are a region consisting of the amino acid sequence of GFDFDTYP (SEQ ID NO: 18), a region consisting of the amino acid sequence of ITIKTHNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 19) and a region consisting of the amino acid sequence of NREDFDY (SEQ ID NO: 20), respectively (see FIG. 1).

In the amino acid sequences of QSLLDSDGNTY (SEQ ID NO: 16), SVS and MQATHVPFT (SEQ ID NO: 17), as well as the amino acid sequences of GFDFDTYP (SEQ ID NO: 18), ITIKTHNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 19) and NREDFDY (SEQ ID NO: 20), one, two, three, four or five amino acids may be deleted, substituted or added. Even when such mutations have been introduced, the resulting amino acid sequences are capable of having the function as a CDR of VL or a CDR of VH of the LAG-3 antibody.

As used herein, the term "antibody" is a concept encompassing not only full-length antibodies but also antibodies of smaller molecular sizes such as Fab, F(ab)<sub>2</sub>, ScFv, Diabody, V<sub>H</sub>, V<sub>L</sub>, Sc(Fv)<sub>2</sub>, Bispecific sc(Fv)<sub>2</sub>, Minibody, scFv-Fc monomer and scFv-Fc dimer.

In the anti-LAG-3 antibody of the present invention, VL and VH thereof may be derived from rat. For example, VL thereof may be the VL of a rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody, and VH thereof may be the VH of the rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody.

The amino acid sequence of the VL and the amino acid sequence of the VH of the rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody are shown in SEQ ID NOS: 1 and 2, respectively. The amino acid sequences as shown in SEQ ID NOS: 1 and 2 may have deletion(s), substitution(s) or addition(s) of one or several (e.g., up to five, about 10 at the most) amino acids. Even when such mutations have been introduced, the resulting amino acid sequences are capable of having the function as VL or VH of the LAG-3 antibody.

There are two types of immunoglobulin light chain, which are called Kappa chain (K) and Lambda chain (λ). In the anti-LAG-3 antibody of the present invention, the light chain constant region (CL) of an antibody of an animal other than rat may have the amino acid sequence of the constant region of either Kappa chain or Lambda chain. However, the relative abundance of Lambda chain is higher in bovine, ovine, feline, canine and equine, and that of Kappa chain is higher in mouse, rat, human and porcine. Since a chain with a higher relative abundance is considered to be preferable, a

bovine, ovine, feline, canine or equine antibody preferably has the amino acid sequence of the constant region of Lambda chain whereas a mouse, rat, human or porcine antibody preferably has the amino acid sequence of the constant region of Kappa chain (κ).

The heavy chain constant region (CH) of an antibody of an animal other than rat may have the amino acid sequence of the constant region of an immunoglobulin equivalent to human IgG4. Immunoglobulin heavy chain is classified into γ chain, μ chain, α chain, δ chain and ε chain depending on the difference in constant region. According to the type of heavy chain present, five classes (isotypes) of immunoglobulin are formed; they are IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD and IgE.

Immunoglobulin G (IgG) accounts for 70-75% of human immunoglobulins and is the most abundantly found monomeric antibody in plasma. IgG has a four-chain structure consisting of two light chains and two heavy chains. Human IgG1, IgG2 and IgG4 have molecular weights of about 146,000, whereas human IgG3 has a long hinge region that connects Fab region and Fc region and has a larger molecular weight of 170,000. Human IgG1 accounts for about 65%, human IgG2 about 25%, human IgG3 about 7%, and human IgG4 about 3% of human IgG. They are uniformly distributed inside and outside of blood vessels. Having a strong affinity for Fc receptors and complement factors on effector cell surfaces, human IgG1 induces antibody-dependent cell cytotoxicity (ADCC) and also activates complements to induce complement-dependent cell cytotoxicity (CDC). Human IgG2 and IgG4 are low at ADCC and CDC activities because their affinity for Fc receptors and complement factors is low.

Immunoglobulin M (IgM), which accounts for about 10% of human immunoglobulins, is a pentameric antibody consisting of five basic four-chain structures joined together. It has a molecular weight of 970,000. Usually occurring only in blood, IgM is produced against infectious microorganisms and takes charge of early stage immunity.

Immunoglobulin A (IgA) accounts for 10-15% of human immunoglobulins. It has a molecular weight of 160,000. Secreted IgA is a dimeric antibody consisting of two IgA molecules joined together. IgA1 is found in serum, nasal discharge, saliva and breast milk. In intestinal juice, IgA2 is found abundantly.

Immunoglobulin D (IgD) is a monomeric antibody accounting for no more than 1% of human immunoglobulins. IgD is found on B cell surfaces and involved in induction of antibody production.

Immunoglobulin E (IgE) is a monomeric antibody that occurs in an extremely small amount, accounting for only 0.001% or less of human immunoglobulins. Immunoglobulin E is considered to be involved in immune response to parasites but in advanced countries where parasites are rare, IgE is largely involved in bronchial asthma and allergy among other things.

With respect to canine, sequences of IgG-A (equivalent to human IgG2), IgG-B (equivalent to human IgG1), IgG-C (equivalent to human IgG3) and IgG-D (equivalent to human IgG4) have been identified as the heavy chain of IgG. In the antibody of the present invention, an IgG's heavy chain constant region with neither ADCC activity nor CDC activity is preferable (IgG4 in human). In the case where the constant region of an immunoglobulin equivalent to human IgG4 has not been identified, one may use a constant region that has lost both ADCC activity and CDC activity as a result of introducing mutations into the relevant region of an immunoglobulin equivalent to human IgG4.

With respect to bovine, sequences of IgG1, IgG2 and IgG3 have been identified as the heavy chain of IgG. In the antibody of the present invention, an IgG's heavy chain constant region with neither ADCC activity nor CDC activity is preferable (IgG4 in human). Although the constant region of wild-type human IgG1 has ADCC activity and CDC activity, it is known that these activities can be reduced by introducing amino acid substitutions or deletions into specific sites. In bovine, the constant region of an immunoglobulin equivalent to human IgG4 has not been identified, so mutations may be added at the relevant region of an immunoglobulin equivalent to human IgG1 and the resultant constant region then used. As one example, the amino acid sequence of the CH of a bovine antibody (IgG1 chain, GenBank: X62916) having mutations introduced into CH2 domain and a nucleotide sequence for such amino acid sequence (after codon optimization) are shown in SEQ ID NOS: 4 and 8, respectively.

When an animal other than rat is canine, an anti-LAG-3 antibody is more preferable in which (i) the CL of a canine antibody has the amino acid sequence of the constant region of Lambda chain and (ii) the CH of the canine antibody has the amino acid sequence of the constant region of an immunoglobulin equivalent to human IgG4.

When an animal other than rat is bovine, an anti-LAG-3 antibody is more preferable in which (i) the CL of a bovine antibody has the amino acid sequence of the constant region of Lambda chain and (ii) the CH of the bovine antibody has mutations introduced thereto that reduce ADCC activity and/or CDC activity.

The anti-LAG-3 antibody of the present invention encompasses rat-bovine chimeric antibodies, bovinized antibodies and complete bovine-type antibodies. However, animals are not limited to bovine and may be exemplified by human, canine, porcine, simian, mouse, feline, equine, goat, sheep, water buffalo, rabbit, hamster, guinea pig and the like.

For example, the anti-LAG-3 antibody of the present invention may be an anti-LAG-3 antibody in which the CL of a bovine antibody has the amino acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 3 and the CH of the bovine antibody has the amino acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 4.

The amino acid sequences as shown in SEQ ID NOS: 3 and 4 may have deletion(s), substitution(s) or addition(s) of one or several (e.g., up to five, about 10 at the most) amino acids. Even when such mutations have been introduced, the resulting amino acid sequences are capable of having the function as CL or CH of the LAG-3 antibody.

The anti-LAG-3 antibody of the present invention may have a four-chain structure comprising two light chains and two heavy chains.

The anti-LAG-3 antibody of the present invention may be prepared as described below. Briefly, an artificial gene is

synthesized which comprises (i) the identified variable region sequences of a rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody and (ii) the constant region sequences of an antibody of an animal other than rat (e.g., bovine) (preferably, an immunoglobulin equivalent to human IgG1, in which mutations have been introduced into the relevant region to reduce ADCC activity and/or CDC activity). The resultant gene is inserted into a vector (e.g., plasmid), which is then introduced into a host cell (e.g., mammal cell such as CHO cell). The host cell is cultured, and the antibody of interest is collected from the resultant culture.

The amino acid sequence and the nucleotide sequence of the VL of the rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody identified by the present inventors are shown in SEQ ID NOS: 1 and 5, respectively. Further, the nucleotide sequence after codon optimization is shown in SEQ ID NO: 11.

The amino acid sequence and the nucleotide sequence of the VH of the rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody identified by the present inventors are shown in SEQ ID NOS: 2 and 6, respectively. Further, the nucleotide sequence after codon optimization is shown in SEQ ID NO: 12.

The amino acid sequence and the nucleotide sequence of the CL (Lambda chain, GenBank: X62917) of a bovine antibody are shown in SEQ ID NOS: 3 and 7, respectively. Further, the nucleotide sequence after codon optimization is shown in SEQ ID NO: 13.

The amino acid sequence and the nucleotide sequence (after codon optimization) of the CH (IgG1 chain, modified from GenBank: X62916) of the bovine antibody are shown in SEQ ID NOS: 4 and 8, respectively.

Further, SEQ ID NO: 9 shows the amino acid sequence of a chimeric light chain consisting of the VL of the rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody and the CL (Lambda chain, GenBank: X62917) of the bovine antibody. The nucleotide sequence (after codon optimization) of the chimeric light chain consisting of the VL of the rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody and the CL (Lambda chain, GenBank: X62917) of the bovine antibody is shown in SEQ ID NO: 14.

SEQ ID NO: 10 shows the amino acid sequence of a chimeric heavy chain consisting of the VH of the rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody and the CH (IgG1 chain, modified from GenBank: X62916) of the bovine antibody. The nucleotide sequence (after codon optimization) of the chimeric heavy chain consisting of the VH of the rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody and the CH (IgG1 chain, modified from GenBank: X62916) of the bovine antibody is shown in SEQ ID NO: 15.

Amino acid sequences and nucleotide sequences of CLs and CHs for various animals other than rat may be obtained from known databases for use in the present invention.

Amino acid sequences and nucleotide sequences of bovine CLs and CHs are summarized in the table below. Table.

TABLE

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database	Reference
Bovine (Scientific Name <i>Bos taurus</i> )	Bovine Ig heavy chain constant region CH1-CH3	<p>GCCTCCACACAGCCCGAAGTCTACCCCTCAGTTC</p> <p>TTGGTGGGGACAAGTCCAGTCCACCCGTGACCTGG</p> <p>GCTGCTGGTCTCCAGCTACATGCCCGAGCCGCTGACC</p> <p>GTGACCTGGAACCTCGGCTGCCCTGAAGAGCGCGCTGCA</p> <p>CACCTCCCGGCTGCTCCTCAGTCTCCCGGCTGTA</p> <p>CTCTCAGCAGCATGGTACCGTGCCTCCGCGACACTCA</p> <p>GGACAGACCTTCACTGCAAGCTGTTGATCCCAATGCA</p> <p>CAGCACCAAGGTGGACAAGCTGTTGATCCCAATGCA</p> <p>AACCATCACCTGTGACTGTTGCCACCCCTGAGTC</p> <p>CCCGAGGACCTCTGTCTTCTATCTTCCCAACCAACC</p> <p>CAGGACACCTCACAACTGGGGAACGCCGAGGTCA</p> <p>CGTGTGGTGGTGGACGTGGGCCACGATGACCCCGAG</p> <p>GTGAAGTCTCTCTGGTTCGTGGACGACGTGGAGTAA</p> <p>CACAGCCACGAGGAAGCCGAGAGAGGAGGAGTCAACA</p> <p>GCACCTACCGGTGGTACGCGCCCTGCGCATCCAGCAC</p> <p>CAGGACTGGAATGGAGGAAGAGGTTCAAGTCAAGGT</p> <p>CCACAAGGAGGCTCCCGGCCCTTCCGTCAGGACCA</p> <p>TCTCCAGGACCAAGGGCCGCGGAGCCGCGAGGT</p> <p>GTAATGCTGGCCCAACCCAGGAAGAGCTCAGCAAAA</p> <p>GCAGGTGAGCTTCACTGATGGTCAAGTCTTCTAC</p> <p>CCAGACTACATCGCGTGGAGTGGCAGAGAAAGGGCA</p> <p>GCCTGAGTCGGAGGACAGTACGGCACCCCGCC</p> <p>CAGCTGACCGCCAGCAGCTCTTCTTCTGTACAGCAA</p> <p>GCCTCAGGTTGGACAGGACAGCTGGCAGGAGGAGAC</p> <p>ACCTACAGCTGTGGTGTGATGACAGGAGGCTGACAAA</p> <p>TCACTACAGCAGAAAGTCCACCTCTAAGTCTGCGGTA</p> <p>AATGA</p> <p>(SEQ ID NO: 29)</p>	<p>ASTTAPKYVPLSGGDKSSVTLGC</p> <p>LVSSYMPBPVTVTWSGALKSGVHTFP</p> <p>AVLQSSGLYSLSMVTPVPGSTSGQTFT</p> <p>CNVAHPASSTKVDKAVDPTCKPSPCD</p> <p>CCPPELPGGSPVFIFFPKDPTLTIISG</p> <p>TPEVTCVVVDVGHDDDEVEKFSWVFD</p> <p>VEVNTATKPREEQFNSTYRVVVALRI</p> <p>QHQDWTGGKEFKKVNHEGLPAPIVRT</p> <p>ISRITKGPAREPQVYVLAAPPQELSKST</p> <p>VSLTCMVTSFYPDYIAVEWQRNGQPES</p> <p>EDKYGTPPQLDADSSYFLYSKLRVDR</p> <p>NSWQEGDITYTCVVMHEALHNHYTQKS</p> <p>TSKSAGK*</p> <p>(SEQ ID NO: 21)</p>	X62916	<p>http://www.imgt.org/IMGTrepertoire/index.php?section=LocusGenes&amp;repertoire=genetable&amp;species=bovine&amp;group=IGHC</p>	Symons DB: et al., J. Immunogenet, 14, 273-283 (1987) PMID: 3141517 Symons DB et al., Mol. Immunol., 841-850 (1989). PMID: 2513487 Kacsokovica L. and Butler JE., Mol. Immunol., 33, 189-195 (1996). PMID: 3649440 Rabbani H. et al., Immunogenetics, 46, 326-331 (1997). PMID: 9218535 Saini S.S. et al., Scand J. Immunol. 65, 32-8 (2007). PMID: 17212764
IgG1 variant 1		<p>GCCTCCACACAGCCCGAAGTCTACCCCTCAGTTC</p> <p>TTGGTGGGGACAAGTCCAGTCCACCCGTGACCTGG</p> <p>GCTGCTGGTCTCCAGCTACATGCCCGAGCCGCTGACC</p> <p>GTGACCTGGAACCTCGGCTGCCCTGAAGAGCGCGCTGCA</p> <p>CACCTCCCGGCTGCTCCTCAGTCTCCCGGCTGTA</p> <p>CTCTCAGCAGCATGGTACCGTGCCTCCGCGACACTCA</p> <p>GGACAGACCTTCACTGCAAGCTGTTGATCCCAATGCA</p> <p>CAGCACCAAGGTGGACAAGCTGTTGATCCCAATGCA</p> <p>AACCATCACCTGTGACTGTTGCCACCCCTGAGTC</p> <p>CCCGAGGACCTCTGTCTTCTATCTTCCCAACCAACC</p> <p>CAGGACACCTCACAACTGGGGAACGCCGAGGTCA</p> <p>CGTGTGGTGGTGGACGTGGGCCACGATGACCCCGAG</p> <p>GTGAAGTCTCTCTGGTTCGTGGACGACGTGGAGTAA</p> <p>CACAGCCACGAGGAAGCCGAGAGAGGAGGAGTCAACA</p> <p>GCACCTACCGGTGGTACGCGCCCTGCGCATCCAGCAC</p> <p>CAGGACTGGAATGGAGGAAGAGGTTCAAGTCAAGGT</p> <p>CCACAAGGAGGCTCCCGGCCCTTCCGTCAGGACCA</p> <p>TCTCCAGGACCAAGGGCCGCGGAGCCGCGAGGT</p> <p>GTAATGCTGGCCCAACCCAGGAAGAGCTCAGCAAAA</p> <p>GCAGGTGAGCTTCACTGATGGTCAAGTCTTCTAC</p> <p>CCAGACTACATCGCGTGGAGTGGCAGAGAAAGGGCA</p> <p>GCCTGAGTCGGAGGACAGTACGGCACCCCGCC</p> <p>CAGCTGACCGCCAGCAGCTCTTCTTCTGTACAGCAA</p> <p>GCCTCAGGTTGGACAGGACAGCTGGCAGGAGGAGAC</p> <p>ACCTACAGCTGTGGTGTGATGACAGGAGGCTGACAAA</p> <p>TCACTACAGCAGAAAGTCCACCTCTAAGTCTGCGGTA</p> <p>AATGA</p> <p>(SEQ ID NO: 29)</p>	<p>ASTTAPKYVPLSGGDKSSVTLGC</p> <p>LVSSYMPBPVTVTWSGALKSGVHTFP</p> <p>AVLQSSGLYSLSMVTPVPGSTSGQTFT</p> <p>CNVAHPASSTKVDKAVDPTCKPSPCD</p> <p>CCPPELPGGSPVFIFFPKDPTLTIISG</p> <p>TPEVTCVVVDVGHDDDEVEKFSWVFD</p> <p>VEVNTATKPREEQFNSTYRVVVALRI</p> <p>QHQDWTGGKEFKKVNHEGLPAPIVRT</p> <p>ISRITKGPAREPQVYVLAAPPQELSKST</p> <p>VSLTCMVTSFYPDYIAVEWQRNGQPES</p> <p>EDKYGTPPQLDADSSYFLYSKLRVDR</p> <p>NSWQEGDITYTCVVMHEALHNHYTQKS</p> <p>TSKSAGK*</p> <p>(SEQ ID NO: 22)</p>	X16701 (M25278)	<p>http://www.imgt.org/IMGTrepertoire/index.php?section=LocusGenes&amp;repertoire=genetable&amp;species=bovine&amp;group=IGHC</p>	Symons DB: et al., J. Immunogenet, 14, 273-283 (1987) PMID: 3141517 Symons DB et al., Mol. Immunol., 841-850 (1989). PMID: 2513487 Kacsokovica L. and Butler JE., Mol. Immunol., 33, 189-195 (1996). PMID: 3649440 Rabbani H. et al., Immunogenetics, 46, 326-331 (1997). PMID: 9218535 Saini S.S. et al., Scand J. Immunol. 65, 32-8 (2007). PMID: 17212764
IgG1 variant 2		<p>GCCTCCACACAGCCCGAAGTCTACCCCTCAGTTC</p> <p>TTGGTGGGGACAAGTCCAGTCCACCCGTGACCTGG</p> <p>GCTGCTGGTCTCCAGCTACATGCCCGAGCCGCTGACC</p> <p>GTGACCTGGAACCTCGGCTGCCCTGAAGAGCGCGCTGCA</p> <p>CACCTCCCGGCTGCTCCTCAGTCTCCCGGCTGTA</p> <p>CTCTCAGCAGCATGGTACCGTGCCTCCGCGACACTCA</p> <p>GGACAGACCTTCACTGCAAGCTGTTGATCCCAATGCA</p> <p>CAGCACCAAGGTGGACAAGCTGTTGATCCCAATGCA</p> <p>CCCGAGGACCTCTGTCTTCTATCTTCCCAACCAACC</p> <p>CAGGACACCTCACAACTGGGGAACGCCGAGGTCA</p> <p>CGTGTGGTGGTGGACGTGGGCCACGATGACCCCGAG</p> <p>GTGAAGTCTCTCTGGTTCGTGGACGACGTGGAGTAA</p> <p>CACAGCCACGAGGAAGCCGAGAGAGGAGGAGTCAACA</p> <p>GCACCTACCGGTGGTACGCGCCCTGCGCATCCAGCAC</p> <p>CAGGACTGGAATGGAGGAAGAGGTTCAAGTCAAGGT</p> <p>CCACAAGGAGGCTCCCGGCCCTTCCGTCAGGACCA</p> <p>TCTCCAGGACCAAGGGCCGCGGAGCCGCGAGGT</p> <p>GTAATGCTGGCCCAACCCAGGAAGAGCTCAGCAAAA</p> <p>GCAGGTGAGCTTCACTGATGGTCAAGTCTTCTAC</p> <p>CCAGACTACATCGCGTGGAGTGGCAGAGAAAGGGCA</p> <p>GCCTGAGTCGGAGGACAGTACGGCACCCCGCC</p> <p>CAGCTGACCGCCAGCAGCTCTTCTTCTGTACAGCAA</p> <p>GCCTCAGGTTGGACAGGACAGCTGGCAGGAGGAGAC</p> <p>ACCTACAGCTGTGGTGTGATGACAGGAGGCTGACAAA</p> <p>TCACTACAGCAGAAAGTCCACCTCTAAGTCTGCGGTA</p> <p>AATGA</p> <p>(SEQ ID NO: 29)</p>	<p>ASTTAPKYVPLSGGDKSSVTLGC</p> <p>LVSSYMPBPVTVTWSGALKSGVHTFP</p> <p>AVLQSSGLYSLSMVTPVPGSTSGQTFT</p> <p>CNVAHPASSTKVDKAVDPTCKPSPCD</p> <p>CCPPELPGGSPVFIFFPKDPTLTIISG</p> <p>TPEVTCVVVDVGHDDDEVEKFSWVFD</p> <p>VEVNTATKPREEQFNSTYRVVVALRI</p> <p>QHQDWTGGKEFKKVNHEGLPAPIVRT</p> <p>ISRITKGPAREPQVYVLAAPPQELSKST</p> <p>VSLTCMVTSFYPDYIAVEWQRNGQPES</p> <p>EDKYGTPPQLDADSSYFLYSKLRVDR</p> <p>NSWQEGDITYTCVVMHEALHNHYTQKS</p> <p>TSKSAGK*</p> <p>(SEQ ID NO: 22)</p>	X16701 (M25278)	<p>http://www.imgt.org/IMGTrepertoire/index.php?section=LocusGenes&amp;repertoire=genetable&amp;species=bovine&amp;group=IGHC</p>	Symons DB: et al., J. Immunogenet, 14, 273-283 (1987) PMID: 3141517 Symons DB et al., Mol. Immunol., 841-850 (1989). PMID: 2513487 Kacsokovica L. and Butler JE., Mol. Immunol., 33, 189-195 (1996). PMID: 3649440 Rabbani H. et al., Immunogenetics, 46, 326-331 (1997). PMID: 9218535 Saini S.S. et al., Scand J. Immunol. 65, 32-8 (2007). PMID: 17212764

TABLE - continued

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database Reference
		GCACGGTCAGCCTCACCTGCATGGTACCAGCTTCTAC CCAGACTACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGCAGAGAAACGGGCA GCCTGAGTCGGAGACAGTACGGCACGACCCCGCCC CAGCTGGAAGCCGACAGCTCCTACTTCTGTACAGCAA GCTCAGGGTGGACAGGACAGCTGGCAGGAGGAGAC ACCTACAGTGTGTGGTGTGATGACAGGCCCCTGCACAA TCACTACAGCAGAAAGTCCACCTCTAAGTCTGCGGTA AATGA (SEQ ID NO: 30)	ASTTAPKYPLSSCCGDKSSSTVTLGC LVSSYMEPEVTVTWSGALKSGVHTFP AVLQSSGLYSLSMVTVPGSTSGTQTF TCNVAHPASTKVDKAVDPRCKTCD CCPPELPGGPSVFIPPPDKDPLTISG TPEVTCVVVDVGHDDPEVDFSWFVDD VEVNTATTKPREEQFNSTYRVVSALRI QHQDWTGKFEFKKVNHEGLPAPIVRT ISRTRKGPAREPQVYVVLAPPQELSKST VSLTCMVTSFYFDYIAVEWQRNGQPES EDKYGITPPQLDADGSGYFLYSLRVRDR NSWQEGDYYTCVVMHEALHNHYTQKS TSKSAGK* (SEQ ID NO: 23)	582409	
IgG1 variant 3		GCCTCCACACAGCCCGGAAAGTCTACCTCTGAGTTC TTGCTGCGGGACAAGTCCAGTCCACCGTGACCTGG GCTGCTGGTCTCCAGCTACATGCCGAGCCGCTGACC GTGACCTGGAACCTCGGTGCCCTGAAGAGCGCGTGA CACCTCCCGCCGCTCTTCACTCCTCCGGGCTACT CTCTCAGCAGCATGGTACCGTCCCGCAGCACCTCA GGAACCCAGACCTTCACTGCAACGTAGCCACCCCGC CAGCAGCACCAAGTGGACAAGGCTGTTGATCCAGAT GCATAAACAACCTGTGACTGTTGCCACCGCTGAGCTC CCTGGAGACCTCTGTCTCATCTTCCACCGAAACC CAAGCACACCTCACAACTCGGGAACGCCGAGGTCA CGTGTGGTGGTGGACGTGGCCACGATGACCCCGAG GTGAAGTCTCCTGTTCTGGACGACGTGGAGTAAA CAGCCACGACGAAGCCGAGAGAGGAGTCAACA GCACCTACCGGTGGTACGGCCCTGCGCATCCAGCAC CAGGACTGGACTGGAGGAAGGAGTCAAGTGAAGGT CCACAACGAAGCCCTCCAGCCCTCATCGTGGAGCCA TCTCCAGGACCAAGGCGGCCCGGAGCCGCGAGGT GTATGTCCTGGCCACCAGGAAGAGTCAACA GCACGGTCAGCTCACTGCATGGTCAACGCTTCTAC CCAGACTACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGCAGAAATGGCA GCCTGAGTCAGAGACAAGTACGGCACGACCCCTCCC AGCTGGACCGGACGGCTCCTACTTCTGTACAGCAGG CTCAGGGTGGACAGGAACAGCTGGCAGGAGGAGACA CCTACAGTGTGTGGTGTGATGACAGGCCCCTGCACAA CACTACAGCAGAAAGTCCACCTCTAAGTCTGCGGTA ATGA (SEQ ID NO: 31)	ASTTAPKYPLSSCCGDKSSSTVTLGC LVSSYMEPEVTVTWSGALKSGVHTFP AVLQSSGLYSLSMVTVPASSSQTF CNVAHPASTKVDKAVGVSIDCSKCHN OPCVREPSVFIPPPDKDPLMILTGTPEV TCVVNVGHNDPEVQFSWFVDDVEVH TARSKPREEQFNSTYRVVSALPIQHQD WTGKFEFKKVNKGLSAPIVIRSRK GPAREQVYVLDPPKEELSKSTLSVTC MVTGFYEDVAVEWQRNGQESKDY RTTTPQLDTRSYFLYSLRVRDRNSWQ EGDAYTCVVMHEALHNHYMQKSTSKS	582407	
IgG2 variant 1		GCCTCCACACAGCCCGGAAAGTCTACCTCTGGCATC CAGCTGCGGAGACACATCCAGTCCACCGTGACCTGG GCTGCTGGTGTCCAGCTACATGCCGAGCCGCTGACC GTGACCTGGAACCTCGGTGCCCTGAAGAGCGCGTGA CACCTCCCGCCGCTCTTCACTCCTCCGGGCTACT CTCTCAGCAGCATGGTACCGTCCCGCAGCACCTCA GGACAGACCTTCACTGCAACGTAGCCACCCCGCCAG CAGCACCAAGTGGACAAGGCTGTTGGGCTCTCATG ACTGCTCAAGTGTCAATAACAGCCTTGGCTGAGGAA CCATCTGTCTTCACTTCCACCGAAACCCAAAGACAC CCTGATGATCACAGGAACGCGGAGGTACGCTGTGG TGGTGAACGTGGGCCACGATAACCCCGAGGTGAGTTC	ASTTAPKYPLSSCCGDKSSSTVTLGC LVSSYMEPEVTVTWSGALKSGVHTFP AVLQSSGLYSLSMVTVPASSSQTF CNVAHPASTKVDKAVGVSIDCSKCHN OPCVREPSVFIPPPDKDPLMILTGTPEV TCVVNVGHNDPEVQFSWFVDDVEVH TARSKPREEQFNSTYRVVSALPIQHQD WTGKFEFKKVNKGLSAPIVIRSRK GPAREQVYVLDPPKEELSKSTLSVTC MVTGFYEDVAVEWQRNGQESKDY RTTTPQLDTRSYFLYSLRVRDRNSWQ EGDAYTCVVMHEALHNHYMQKSTSKS	582407	



TABLE - continued

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database Reference
Igg2 variant 3		TCCTGGTTCGTGGATGACGCTGGAGGTGCACACGCCAG GTCGAAGCCAAAGAGAGGACAGTCAACAGCACGTACC GCGTGGTCAGCGCCCTGCCATCCAGCACCCAGGACTGG ACTGGAGGAAAGGAGTTCAAGTGAAGGTCACAAACAA AGCCCTCTGGCCCCCTCTGAGGATCATCTCCAGGA GCAAGGGCCCGCCCGGAGCCGAGGTGTATGTCCT GGACCCACCAAGGAAGACTCAGCAAAAGCACGCTCA GCGTCACTGATGTCACCGCTTCTACCCAGAAGAT GTAGCCGTGGAGTGGCAGAGAAAACCGCAGACTGAGTC GGAGACAAGTACCGACGACCCCGCCAGCTGGAC ACCGACCGTCTTACTTCCGTACAGCAAGCTCAGGT GGACAGGAACAGCTGGCAGGAAGGAGCCCTACACG TGTGTGGTATGACAGGCGCTGCACAATCACTACAT GCAGAACTCCACTCTAAGTCTGCGGGTAAATGA (SEQ ID NO: 32)	AGK* (SEQ ID NO: 24)	X16702 (M25279)	
		GCCTCCACCACAGCCCCGAAAGTCTACCTCTGAGTTC TTGCTCGGGGACAAAGTCCAGCTCGGGGTGACCCCTGG GCTGCTGGTCTCCAGCTACATGCCAGCCGCTGACC GTGACTGGAACCTGGGTGCCCTGAAGAGCGCGTGCA CACCTTCCCGGCTCTTCACTCTCCGGCTTACT CTCTCAGCAGCATGGTGCCTGCCCCCAGCAGCTCA GGAAACCAGACCTTACCTGCAACGTAGCCACCCGGC CAGCAGCACCAAGGTGGACAAAGCTGTGGGTCTCCA GTGACTGCTCAAGCTAAACACAGCATTTGCTGAGG GAACCATGTCTTCACTTCCACCCGAAACCAAGA CACCTGATGATCACAGGAACGCCGAGTCACTGTG TGTTGGTGAACGTGGCCACGATAACCCGAGTGCAG TTCTCTGGTTCGTGGACGACGTGGAGTGCACACGGC CAGGACGAAGCCGAGAGGAGCAGTCAACAGCACGT ACCGCTGGTCAAGCCCTGCCCCATCCAGCACCCAGGAC TGGAATGGAGAAAGGATCAAGTCAAGTCAACAT CAAAGGCTCTCGGCTCCATCGTGGATCACTCCA GGACAAAGGCGCGCCCGGAGCCGACGGTGTATGT CTTGGACCCACCCAGGAGAGCTCAGCAAAAGCACGG TCAGCTCACCTGCATGGTCACTGGCTTCTACCCAGAA GATGTAGACGTGGAGTGGCAGAGAGACCCGCGACTGA GTCGAGGACAAAGTACCGCACGACCCCGCCAGCTG GACCGGACCGCTCTTCTTCTGTACAGCAAGTCAAG GGTGGACAGGAACAGCTGGCAGAGAGGACACCTAC ACGTGTGGTGTGATGCACGAGGCCCTGCACAATCACTA CATGCAAGTCCACCTCTAAGTCTGCGGGTAAATGA (SEQ ID NO: 34)	ASTTAPKYPLSSCCGDKSSSGVTLGC LVSSYPPEVTVTWSGALKSGVHTFP AVLQSSGLYSLSMVTVPASSSTQTF TCNVHAPASSTKVDKAVGVSDCSKP NNQHCVPESVFIFFPKPKDILMITGTP EVTCVVNVGHDNPEVQFSWFVDDVE VHTARTKPREEQFNSTYRVVSALPIQH QDWTGGKFKCKVNIKGLSASIVRIISRS KGPAREQVYVLDPPKEELSKSTVSLT CMVIGFYPEDVDVEWQRDRQTESEDKY RTTTPQLDADRSYFLYKLRVDRNSWQ RGDTYTCVVMHEALHNHYMQKSTSKS AGK* (SEQ ID NO: 26)		
Igg3 variant 1		GCCTCCACCACAGCCCCGAAAGTCTACCTCTGGCATC CAGCTCGGAGACACATCCAGTCCACCGTACCCTGG GCTGCTGGTCTCCAGCTACATGCCAGGGGTGACC GTGACTGGAACCTGGGTGCCCTGAAGAGCGCGTGCA CACCTTCCCGGCTCTTCACTCTCCGGCTTACT CTCTCAGCAGCATGGTGCCTGCCCCCAGCAGCTCA GGAAACCAGACCTTACCTGCAACGTAGCCACCCGGC CAGCAGCACCAAGGTGGACAAAGCTGTGGGTCTCCA GTGACTGCTCAAGCTAAACACAGCATTTGCTGAGG GAACCATGTCTTCACTTCCACCCGAAACCAAGA CACCTGATGATCACAGGAACGCCGAGTCACTGTG TGTTGGTGAACGTGGCCACGATAACCCGAGTGCAG TTCTCTGGTTCGTGGACGACGTGGAGTGCACACGGC CAGGACGAAGCCGAGAGGAGCAGTCAACAGCACGT ACCGCTGGTCAAGCCCTGCCCCATCCAGCACCCAGGAC TGGAATGGAGAAAGGATCAAGTCAAGTCAACAT CAAAGGCTCTCGGCTCCATCGTGGATCACTCCA GGACAAAGGCGCGCCCGGAGCCGACGGTGTATGT CTTGGACCCACCCAGGAGAGCTCAGCAAAAGCACGG TCAGCTCACCTGCATGGTCACTGGCTTCTACCCAGAA GATGTAGACGTGGAGTGGCAGAGAGACCCGCGACTGA GTCGAGGACAAAGTACCGCACGACCCCGCCAGCTG GACCGGACCGCTCTTCTTCTGTACAGCAAGTCAAG GGTGGACAGGAACAGCTGGCAGAGAGGACACCTAC ACGTGTGGTGTGATGCACGAGGCCCTGCACAATCACTA CATGCAAGTCCACCTCTAAGTCTGCGGGTAAATGA (SEQ ID NO: 34)	ASTTAPKYPLASSCGDTSSTVTLGC LVSSYMPPEVTVTWSGALKSGVHTFP AVRQSSGLYSLSMVTVPASSSTQTF TCNVHAPASSTKVDKAVTARRPVPTTP KTTIIPGKPTPKSEVEKTPCQCSKCP EPLGLSVFIFFPKPKDILITSGTPEVT CVVVDVGDDEPEVQFSWFVDDVEVHT	U63638	

TABLE - continued

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database Reference
		CAGCAGCACCAAGTGGACAAGGCTGTCACTGCAAGGC GTCCAGTCCCGACGACGCAAAAGACAACATATCCCTCCT GGAAAACCCACAACCCAAAGTCTGAAGTTGAAAAGAC ACCTGCCAGTGTCCAAAATGCCAGAACCTCTGGGAG GACTGTCTGTCTTCACTTCCACCCGAAAACCCAAAGGAC ACCTCACAAATCTCGGGAACGCCCGAGGTCAAGTGTGT GGTGTGGACGTGGCCAGGATGACCCCGAGGTGCAG TTCTCTGGTTCTGGACGACGTGGAGGTGCACACGGC CAGACGAAAGCCGAGAGAGAGAGAGTCAACAGCACCT ACCGGTGGTCAAGCCCTGGCCATCCAGCACAGGA CTGGTGCAGGAAAGGAGTTCAAGTCAAGGTCAACA ACAAAGCCCTCCCGGCCCAATGTGAGGACCATCTCC AGGACCAAGGGCAGGCCCGGAGCCGAGGTGTATG TCTGGCCCCACCCGGGAAGAGCTCAGCAAAGCACG CTCAGCCTCACCTGCCTGATCACCGGTTCTTACCAG AGAGATAGACGTGGAGTGGCAGAGAAATGGGCAGCCTG AGTCGGAGGACAAGTACACACAGCCGACCCAGCTG GATGCTGACGGTCTCTACTTCTGTACAGCAAGCTCAG GGTAAACAAGAGAGCTGGCAGGAAAGAGACCACTACA CGTGTGAGTGTGACGAGGAGTTCAGGAATCACTAC AAAGAGAAGTCCATCTCGAGGTCCTCCGGGTAATGA (SEQ ID NO: 35)	ARTKPREQFNSTYRVVVSALRIQHQDW LQKKEFKCKVNMKGLPAPIVIRIISRTKG QAREPQVYVLAPPREELSKSLSLTCLLI TGFYPEIDVWQRNGQPESEDKYHITT APQLDADGSYFLYSRLRVNKSSWQEG DHYTCAVMHEALRNHYKEKSIISRSPGK* (SEQ ID NO: 27)		
IgG3 variant 2		GCCTCCACACAGCCCCGAAAAGTCTACCCCTTGGCATT CCGCTGGGAGACACATCCAGTCCACCGTGACCCTGG GCTGCCGTGCTCCAGCTACATGCCAGCCGGTGACC GTGACCTGGAACCTCGGCTGCTGAGAGTGGCGTGA CACCTCCCGGCGTCTTCACTCCTCCCGGCTGTACT CTTCAGCAGCATGGTACCGTCCCGCCAGCACCTCA GAAACCCAGACCTTCACTGCAACGTAGCCACCCGGC CAGCAGCACCAAGTGGACAAGGCTGTCACTGCAAGGC GTCCAGTCCCGACGACGCAAAAGACACCATCCCTCT GGAAAACCCACAACCCAGGAGTGAAGTTGAAAAGAC ACCTGCCAGTGTCCAAAATGCCAGAACCTCTGGGAG GACTGTCTGTCTTGAATCTCCACCCGAAAACCCAAAGGAC ACCTCACAAATCTCGGGAACGCCCGAGGTCAAGTGTGT GGTGTGGACGTGGCCAGGATGACCCCGAGGTGCAG TTCTCTGGTTCTGGACGACGTGGAGGTGCACACGGC CAGACGAAAGCCGAGAGAGAGAGTCAACAGCACCT ACCGGTGGTCAAGCCCTGGCCATCCAGCACAGGA CTGGTGCAGGAAAGGAGTTCAAGTCAAGGTCAACA ACAAAGCCCTCCCGGCCCAATGTGAGGACCATCTCC AGGACCAAGGGCAGGCCCGGAGCCGAGGTGTATG TCTGGCCCCACCCGGGAAGAGCTCAGCAAAGCACG CTCAGCCTCACCTGCCTGATCACCGGTTCTTACCAG AGAGATAGACGTGGAGTGGCAGAGAAATGGGCAGCCTG AGTCGGAGGACAAGTACACACAGCCGACCCAGCTG GATGCTGACGGTCTCTACTTCTGTACAGCAAGCTCAG GGTAAACAAGAGAGCTGGCAGGAAAGAGACCACTACA CGTGTGAGTGTGACGAGGAGTTCAGGAATCACTAC AAAGAGAAGTCCATCTCGAGGTCCTCCGGGTAATGA (SEQ ID NO: 35)	ASTTAPKVVYPLASRCGDTSSSTVTLGC LVSYMPBPVTVTWSGALKSGVHTFP AVLQSSGLYSLSMVTVPASTSETQTF TCNVAHPASTKVDKAVTARRPVPTTP KTTIIPGKPTQESEVEKTPCQCKCP EPLGGLSVFIFPPKPKDITLISGTPVET CVVVDVQDDPEVQFVFWFVDDVEVHT ARTKPREQFNSTYRVVVSALRIQHQDW LQKKEFKCKVNMKGLPAPIVIRIISRTKG QAREPQVYVLAPPREELSKSLSLTCLLI TGFYPEIDVWQRNGQPESEDKYHITT APQLDADGSYFLYSRLRVNKSSWQEG DHYTCAVMHEALRNHYKEKSIISRSPGK* (SEQ ID NO: 28)	U63639	

TABLE - continued

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database	Reference
		AAAGAGAAGTCCATCTCGAGGTCCTCCGGGTAATGA (SEQ ID NO: 36)				
Bovine Ig light chain constant region (CL)	Ig lambda	CAGCCCAAGTCCCCACCCTCGGTCAACCCTGTTCCCGCC CTCCACGGAGGAGCTCAACGGCAACAAGGCCACCCTG GTGTCTCATCAGCGACTTACCCGGGTAGCGTGAC CGTGGTCTGGAAGGCAGCGGACCCATCACCAGCA ACGTGGAGACACCCCGGCTCCAAACAGAGCAACAG CAAGTACGGCGCCAGCAGCTACCTGAGCCTGACGAGCA GCGACTGGAAATCGAAAGGCAGTTACAGCTGGCAGGTC ACGCACGAGGGGAGCACCGTGACGAAGACAGTGAAGC CCTCAGAGTGTCTTAG (SEQ ID NO: 7)	QPKPPSVTLFPPSTEELNGNKATLVC LISDFYPGSVTVVWKADGSTIIRNVETT RASKQNSKYAASSYLSLTSSDWKSKG SYSCEVTHEGSTVTKTKPSECS* (SEQ ID NO: 3)	X62917	Not registered	Chen L. et al., Vet, Immunol. Immunopathol. 124, 284-294 (2008). PMID: 18538861

TABLE

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database	Reference
Ovine (Scientific Name: <i>Ovis aries</i> )	Ovine Ig heavy chain constant region (CH1~CH3)	GCCTCAACAACACCCC CGAAAGTCTACCCCTCT GACTTCTTGCTGCGGG GACACGTCCAGCTCCA TCGTGACCCTGGGCTG CCTGGTCTCCAGCTATA TGCCCGAGCCGGTGAC CGTGACCTGGAACCTCT GGTGCCCTGACCAGCG GCGTGACACCTTCCC GGCCATCCTGCAGTCC TCCGGGCTCTACTCTC TCAGCAGCGTGGTGAC CGTGCCGCGCCAGCACC TCAGGAGCCCAGACCT TCATCTGCAACGTAGC CCACCCGGCCAGCAGC ACCAAGGTGGACAAG CGTGTGAGCCCGGAT GCCCGGACCCATGCAA ACATTGCCGATGCCCA CCCCCTGAGCTCCCG GAGGACCGTCTGTCTT CATCTCCCACCGAAA CCCAAGGACACCCTTA CAATCTCTGGAACGCC CGAGGTCACGTGTGTG GTGGTGGACGTGGGCC AGGATGACCCCGAGGT GCAGTTCTCCTGGTTC GTGGACAACGTGGAG GTGCGCACGGCCAGG ACAAAGCCGAGAGAG GAGCAGTTCAACAGC ACCTTCCGCGTGGTCA GCGCCCTGCCCATCCA GCACCAAGACTGGACT GGAGGAAAGGAGTTC AAGTGCAAGGTCCAC AACGAAGCCCTCCCGG CCCCCATCGTGAGGAC CATCTCCAGGACAAA GGGCAGGCCCGGGAG CCGCAGGTGTACGTCC TGGCCCCACCCAGGA AGAGCTCAGCAAAAG CACGCTCAGCGTCACC TGCCTGGTACCCGGCT TCTACCAGACTACAT CGCCGTGGAGTGGCA GAAAAATGGGCAGCCT GAGTCGGAGGACAAG TACGGCACGACCACAT CCCAGCTGGACGCCGA CGGCTCCTACTTCTGT ACAGCAGGCTCAGGG TGGACAAGAACAGCT GGCAAGAAGGAGACA CCTACGCGTGTGTGGT GATGCACGAGGCTCTG CACAACCACTACACAC AGAAGTCGATCTCTAA GCCTCCGGTAAATGA (SEQ ID NO: 37)	ASTTPPKVYPLTSCC GDTSSSIVTLGCLVSS YMPEPVTVTWNSGA LTSGVHTFPAILQSSG LYSLSVVTVPASTSG AQTFCINVAHPASST KVDKRVGCPDPC KHCRCPPPELPGGPS VFIFPPKPKDILTISGT PEVTCVVVDVGQDD PEVQFSWFVDNVEV RTARTKPREEQFNSTF RVVSALPIQHQDWT GGKEFKCKVHNEAL PAPIVRTISRTRKQAR EPQVYVLAPPQEELS KSTLSVTCLVTGFYP DYIAVEWQKNGQPE SEDKYGTTTSQLDAD GSYFLYSRLRVDKNS WQEGDTYACVVMH EALHNHYTQKSISKP PGK* (SEQ ID NO: 37)	X69797	<a href="http://www.imgt.org/IMGTreper-toire/index.php?section=LocusGenes&amp;repertoire=genetable&amp;species=sheep&amp;group=IGHC">http://www.imgt.org/IMGTreper-toire/index.php?section=LocusGenes&amp;repertoire=genetable&amp;species=sheep&amp;group=IGHC</a>	Dufour V. et al., J. Immunol., 156, 2163-2170 (1996). PMID: 8690905
	IgG2	GCCTCCACCACAGCCC CGAAAGTCTACCCCTCT GACTTCTTGCTGCGGG GACACGTCCAGCTCCA GCTCCATCGTGACCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCTCC AGCTATATGCCCGAGC CGGTGACCGTGACCTG GAACTCTGGTGCCCTG ACCAGCGCGTGCCAC ACCTTCCCGCCATCC TGCAGTCTCCGGGCT	ASTTAPKVYPLTSCC GDTSSSSIVTLGCLV SSYMPEPVTVTWNS GALTSGVHTFPAILQS SGLYLSVVTVPAST SGAQTFICNVAHPASS AKVDKRVGISSDYSK CSKPPCVSRPSVFIFP PKPKDSLMITGTPEV TCVVVDVGQGDPEV QFSWFVDNVEVRTA RTKPREEQFNSTFRV	X70983		Clarkson C. A. et al., Mol. Immunol., 30, 1195-1204 (1993). PMID: 8413324

TABLE-continued

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database	Reference	
		CTACTCTCTCAGCAGC GTGGTGACCGTGCCGG CCAGCACCTCAGGAGC CCAGACCTTCATCTGC AACGTAGCCCACCCGG CCAGCAGCGCCAAGG TGGACAAGCGTGTGG GATCTCCAGTGACTAC TCCAAGTGTCTAAAC CGCCTTGCGTGAGCCG ACCGTCTGTCTTCATCT TCCCCCGAAACCCAA GGACAGCCTCATGATC ACAGGAACGCCCGAG GTCACGTGTGTGGTGG TGGACGTGGGCCAGG GTGACCCCGAGGTGCA GTTCTCCTGGTTCGTG GACAACGTGGAGGTG CGCACGGCCAGGACA AAGCCGAGAGAGGAG CAGTTCAACAGCACCT TCCGCGTGGTCAGCGC CCTGCCCATCCAGCAC GACCACTGGACTGGA GGAAAGGAGTTCAG TGCAAGGTCCACAGCA AAGGCCCTCCCGGCCCC CATCGTGAGGACCATC TCCAGGGCCAAAGGG CAGGCCCGGAGCCG CAGGTGTACGTCTGG CCCCACCCAGGAAG AGCTCAGCAAAGCA CGCTCAGCGTCACCTG CCTGGTCACCGGCTTC TACCCAGACTACATCG CCGTGGAGTGGCAGA GAGCGCGGACGCTG AGTCGGAGGACAAGT ACGGCACGACCACATC CCAGCTGGACGCCGAC GGCTCCTACTTCTGT ACAGCAGGCTCAGGG TGGACAAGAGCAGCT GGCAAAGAGGAGACA CCTACGCGTGTGTGGT GATGCACGAGGCTCTG CACAACCACTACACAC AGAAGTCGATCTCTAA GCCTCCGGGTAAATGA (SEQ ID NO: 40)	VSALPIQHDHWTGG KEFKCKVHSGKLPAP IVRTISRAGQAREP QVYVLAPPQEELSKS TLSVTCLVTGFYPDYI AVEWQRARQPESED KYGTTTSQLDADGS YFLYSRLRVDKSSWQ RGDTYACVVMHEAL HNHYTQKSIKPPGK* (SEQ ID NO: 39)				
	Ovine Ig light chain constant region	Ig kappa (CK)	CCATCCGTCTTCTCTT CAAACCATCTGAGGAA CAGCTGAGGACCGGA ACTGTCTCTGTGCTGT GCTTGGTGAATGATTT CTACCCCAAAGATATC AATGTCAAGGTGAAAG TGGATGGGGTTACCCA GAACAGCAACTTCCAG AACAGCTTACAGACC AGGACAGCAAGAAAA GCACCTACAGCCTCAG CAGCACCTGACACTG TCCAGCTCAGAGTACC AGAGCCATAACGCCTA TGCGTGTGAGGTCAGC CACAAGAGCCTGCCCA CCGCCCTCGTCAAGAG CTTCAATAAGAATGAA TGTTAG (SEQ ID NO: 42)	PSVFLFKPSEEQLRTG TVSVVCLVNDFYPKD INVKVKVDGVTQNS NFQNSFTDQDSKKST YLSSTLTLSSSEYQS HNAYACEVSHKSLPT ALVKSFNKNEC* (SEQ ID NO: 41)	X54110	Not registered	Jenne C. N. et al., Dev. Comp. Immunol. 30(1-2), 165-174 (2006). PMID: 16083958
	Ig lambda (CL)	GGTCAGCCCAAGTCCG CACCTCGGTCACCCT GTTCCCGCCTTCCACG	GQPKSAPSVTLFPPST EELSTNKATVVCLIN DFYPGSVNVVWKAD	AY734681			

TABLE-continued

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database	Reference
		GAGGAGCTCAGTACCA ACAAGGCCACCGTGGT GTGTCTCATCAACGAC TTCTACCCGGGTAGCG TGAACGTGGTCTGGAA GGCAGATGGCAGCACC ATCAATCAGAACGTGA AGACCACCCAGGCCTC CAAACAGAGCAACAG CAAGTACGCGGCCAGC AGCTACCTGACCCTGA CGGGCAGCGAGTGGA AGTCTAAGAGCAGTTA CACCTGCGAGGTCACG CACGAGGGGAGCACC GTGACGAAGACAGTG AAGCCCTCAGAGTGTT CTTAG (SEQ ID NO: 44)	GSTINQNVKTTQASK QSNKYAASSYLTLT GSEWKS KSSYTCEVT HEGSTVTKTVKPSEC S* (SEQ ID NO: 43)			

TABLE

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database	Reference
Ovine (Scientific Name: <i>Ovis aries</i> )	Ovine Ig heavy chain constant region (CH1-CH3)	IgG1 GCCTCAACAACACCCC CGAAAGTCTACCTCT GACTTCTTGCTGCGGG GACACGTCCAGCTCCA TCGTGACCCTGGGCTG CCTGGTCTCCAGCTATA TGCCCGAGCCGGTGAC CGTGACCTGGAACCTC GGTGCCCTGACCAGCG GCGTGACACCTTCCC GGCCATCCTGCAGTCC TCCGGGCTCTACTCTC TCAGCAGCGTGGTGAC CGTGCCGGCCAGCACC TCAGGAGCCCAGACCT TCATCTGCAACGTAGC CCACCCGGCCAGCAGC ACCAAGGTGGACAAG CGTGTTGAGCCCGGAT GCCCCGACCCATGCAA ACATTGCCGATGCCCA CCCCCTGAGCTCCCCG GAGGACCGTCTGTCTT CATCTTCCCACCGAAA CCCAAGGACACCCTTA CAATCTCTGGAACGCC CGAGGTCACGTGTGTG GTGGTGGACGTGGGCC AGGATGACCCCGAGGT GCAGTTCTCCTGGTTC GTGGACAACGTGGAG GTGCGCACGGCCAGG ACAAAGCCGAGAGAG GAGCAGTTCAACAGC ACCTTCCGCGTGGTCA GCGCCCTGCCCATCCA GCACCAAGACTGGACT GGAGGAAAGGAGTTC AAGTGCAAGGTCCAC AACGAAGCCCTCCCCG CCCCCATCGTGAGGAC CATCTCCAGGACCAAA GGGCAGGCCCGGGAG CCGCAGGTGTACGTCC TGGCCCCACCCAGGA AGAGCTCAGCAAAAG CACGCTCAGCGTCACC	ASTTPPKVYPLTSCC GDTSSSIVTLGCLVSS YMPEPVTVTWNSGA LTSGVHTFPAILQSSG LYSLSSVVTVPASTSG AQTFICNVAHPASST KVDKRVEPGCPDPC KHCRCPPELPGGPS VFIFPPKPKDTLTISGT PEVTCVVVDVGQDD PEVQFSWFVDNVEV RTARTKPREEQFNSTF RVVSALPIQHQDWT GGKEFKCKVHNEAL PAPIVRTISRKQAR EPQVYVLAPPQEELS KSTLSVTCLVTGFYP DYIAVEWQKNGQPE SEDKYGTTSQLDAD GSYFLYSRLRVDKNS WQEGDYACVVMH EALHNHYTQKSISKP PGK* (SEQ ID NO: 37)	X69797	<a href="http://www.imgt.org/IMGTreper-toire/index.php?section=LocusGenes&amp;repertoire=genetable&amp;species=sheep&amp;group=IGHC">http://www.imgt.org/IMGTreper-toire/index.php?section=LocusGenes&amp;repertoire=genetable&amp;species=sheep&amp;group=IGHC</a>	Dufour V. et al., J. Immunol., 156, 2163-2170 (1996). PMID: 8690905

TABLE-continued

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database	Reference
		TGCCTGGTCACCGGCT TCTACCCAGACTACAT CGCCGTGGAGTGGCA GAAAAATGGGCAGCCT GAGTCGGAGGACAAG TACGGCACGACCACAT CCCAGCTGGACGCCGA CGGCTCCTACTTCCTGT ACAGCAGGCTCAGGG TGGACAAGAACAGCT GGCAAGAAGGAGACA CCTACGCGTGTGTGGT GATGCACGAGGCTCTG CACAACCACTACACAC AGAAGTCGATCTCTAA GCCTCCGGGTAAATGA (SEQ ID NO: 38)				
	IgG2	GCCTCCACCACAGCCC CGAAAGTCTACCCCTCT GACTTCTTGCTGCGGG GACACGTCCAGCTCCA GCTCCATCGTGACCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCTCC AGCTATATGCCCGAGC CGGTGACCGTGACCTG GAACTCTGGTGCCCTG ACCAGCGGCGTGACAC ACCTTCCCAGCCATCC TGCAAGTCTCCGGGCT CTACTCTCTCAGCAGC GTGGTGACCGTGCCGG CCAGCACCTCAGGAGC CCAGACCTTCATCTGC AACGTAGCCCACCCGG CCAGCAGCGCCAAGG TGGACAAGCGTGTGG GATCTCCAGTGACTAC TCCAAGTGTCTAAAC CGCCTTGCGTGAGCCG ACCGTCTGTCTTCATCT TCCCCCGAAACCCAA GGACAGCCTCATGATC ACAGGAACGCCCGAG GTCACGTGTGTGGTGG TGGACGTGGGCCAGG GTGACCCCGAGGTGCA GTTCTCCTGGTTCGTG GACAACGTGGAGGTG CGCACGCCAGGACA AAGCCGAGAGAGGAG CAGTTCAACAGCACCT TCCGCGTGGTCAGCGC CCTGCCCATCCAGCAC GACCACTGGACTGGA GGAAAGGAGTTCAG TGCAAGGTCCACAGCA AAGGCCCTCCCGCCCC CATCGTGAGGACCATC TCCAGGGCCAAAGGG CAGGCCCGGAGCCG CAGGTGTACGTCTTGG CCCCACCCAGGAAG AGCTCAGCAAAAGCA CGCTCAGCGTCACCTG CCTGGTCACCGGCTTC TACCCAGACTACATCG CCGTGGAGTGGCAGA GAGCGCGGCAGCCTG AGTCGGAGGACAAGT ACGGCACGACCACATC CCAGCTGGACGCCGAC GGCTCCTACTTCCTGT ACAGCAGGCTCAGGG TGGACAAGAGCAGCT GGCAAAGAGGAGACA CCTACGCGTGTGTGGT	ASTTAPKVYPLTSCC GDTSSSSSIVTLGCLV SSYMPEPVTVTWNS GALTSVHTFPAILQS SGLYSLSSVTVTPAST SGAQTFCNVVHPASS AKVDKRVGISSDYSK CSKPPCVSRPSVFIFP PKPKDSLMITGTPEV TCVVVDVGQGDPEV QFSWFVDNVEVRTA RTKPREEQFNSTFRV VSALPIQHDHWTGG KEFKCKVHSHKGLPAP IVRTISRAGQAREP QVYVLAPPQEELSKS TLSVTCLVTGFYDPDI AVEWQRRARQPESED KYGTTTSQLDADGS YFLYSRLRVDKSSWQ RGDTYACVVMHEAL HNHYTQKSISKPPGK* (SEQ ID NO: 39)	X70983		Clarkson C. A. et al., Mol. Immunol., 30, 1195-1204 (1993). PMID: 8413324

TABLE-continued

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database	Reference
		GATGCACGAGGCTCTG CACAACCACTACACAC AGAAGTCGATCTCTAA GCCTCCGGGTAAATGA (SEQ ID NO: 40)				
Ovine Ig light chain constant region	Ig kappa (CK)	CCATCCGTCTTCTCTT CAAACCATCTGAGGAA CAGCTGAGGACCGGA ACTGTCTCTGTCTGT GCTTGGTGAATGATTT CTACCCCAAAGATATC AATGTCAAGGTGAAAG TGGATGGGGTTACCCA GAACAGCAACTTCCAG AACAGCTTACAGACC AGGACAGCAAGAAA GCACCTACAGCCTCAG CAGCACCTGACACTG TCCAGCTCAGAGTACC AGAGCCATAACGCCTA TGCGTGTGAGGTCAGC CACAAGAGCCTGCCCA CCGCCCTCGTCAAGAG CTTCAATAAGAATGAA TGTTAG (SEQ ID NO: 42)	PSVFLFKPSEEQLRGT TVSVVCLVNDFYPKD INVVKVDGVTQNS NFQNSFTDQDSKKST YLSSTLTLSSSEYQS HNAYACEVSHKSLPT ALVKSFNKNEC* (SEQ ID NO: 41)	X54110	Not registered	Jenne C. N. et al., Dev. Comp. Immunol. 30 (1-2), 165-174 (2006). PMID: 16083958
	Ig lambda (CL)	GGTCAGCCCAAGTCCG CACCTCGGTCACCCT GTTCCCGCCTTCCACG GAGGAGCTCAGTACCA ACAAGGCCACCGTGGT GTGTCTCATCAACGAC TTCTACCCGGGTAGCG TGAACGTGGTCTGGAA GGCAGATGGCAGCACC ATCAATCAGAACGTGA AGACCACCCAGGCCTC CAAACAGAGCAACAG CAAGTACGCGGCCAGC AGCTACCTGACCTGA CGGGCAGCGAGTGGA AGTCTAAGAGCAGTTA CACCTGCGAGGTCACG CACGAGGGGAGCACC GTGACGAAGACAGTG AAGCCCTCAGAGTGT CTTAG (SEQ ID NO: 44)	GQPKSAPSVTLFPPST EELSTNKATVVCLIN DFYPGSVNVVWKAD GSTINQNVKTTQASK QSNKYAASSYLTLT GSEWKS KSYTCEVT HEGSTVTKTKPSEC S* (SEQ ID NO: 43)	AY734681		

TABLE

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database	Reference
Ovine (Scientific Name: <i>Ovis aries</i> )	Ovine Ig heavy chain constant region (CH1~CH3)	IgG1 GCCTCAACAACACCC CGAAAGTCTACCTCT GACTTCTTGCTGCGGG GACACGTCCAGCTCCA TCGTGACCCTGGGCTG CCTGGTCTCCAGCTATA TGCCCGAGCCGGTGAC CGTGACCTGGAACCT GGTGCCCTGACCAGCG GCGTGACACCTTCCC GGCCATCCTGCAGTCC TCCGGGCTCTACTCTC TCAGCAGCGTGGTGAC CGTGCCGCCAGCACC TCAGGAGCCCAGACCT TCATCTGCAACGTAGC CCACCCGGCCAGCAGC ACCAAGGTGGACAAG	ASTTTPKVYPLTSCC GDTSSSIVTLGCLVSS YMPEPVTVTWNSGA LTSGVHTFPAILQSSG LYSLSSVVTVPASTSG AQTFICNVAHPASST KVDKRVEPGCPDPC KHCRCPPELPGGPS VFIFPPKPKDTLTISGT PEVTCVVVDVGQDD PEVQFSWFVDNVEV RTARTKPREEQFNSTF RVVSALPIQHQDWT GGKEFKCKVHNEAL PAPIVRTISRKQAR EPQVYVLAPPQEELS KSTLSVTCLVTGFYP DYIAVEWQKNGQPE	X69797	<a href="http://www.imgt.org/IMGTreper-toire/index.php?section=LocusGenes&amp;repertoire=genetable&amp;species=sheep&amp;group=IGHC">http://www.imgt.org/IMGTreper-toire/index.php?section=LocusGenes&amp;repertoire=genetable&amp;species=sheep&amp;group=IGHC</a>	Dufour V. et al., J. Immunol., 156, 2163-2170 (1996). PMID: 8690905



TABLE-continued

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database	Reference
		CGTGTTGAGCCCGGAT GCCCCGACCCATGCAA ACATTGCCGATGCCCA CCCCCTGAGCTCCCCG GAGGACCGTCTGTCTT CATCTTCCCACCGAAA CCCAGGACACCCCTTA CAATCTCTGGAACGCC CGAGGTCACGTGTGTG GTGGTGGACGTGGGCC AGGATGACCCCGAGGT GCAGTTCTCCTGGTTC GTGGACAACGTGGAG GTGCGCACGGCCAGG ACAAAGCCGAGAGAG GAGCAGTTCAACAGC GAGCAGTTCAACAGC ACCTTCCGCGTGGTCA GCGCCCTGCCCATCCA GCACCAAGACTGGACT GGAGGAAAGGAGTTC AAGTGCAAGGTCCAC AACGAAGCCCTCCCGG CCCCCATCGTGAGGAC CATCTCCAGGACCAAA GGGCAGGCCCGGGAG CCGCAGGTGTACGTCC TGGCCCCACCCAGGA AGAGCTCAGCAAAAG CACGCTCAGCGTCACC TGCCCTGGTCACCGGCT TCTACCCAGACTACAT CGCCGTGGAGTGGCA GAAAAATGGGCAGCCT GAGTCGGAGGACAAG TACGGCACGACCACAT CCCAGCTGGACGCCGA CGGCTCCTACTTCCTGT ACAGCAGGCTCAGGG TGGACAAGAACAGCT GGCAAGAAGGAGACA CCTACGCGTGTGTGGT GATGCACGAGGCTCTG CACAACCACTACACAC AGAAGTCGATCTCTAA GCCTCCGGTAATGA (SEQ ID NO: 38)	SEDKYGTTSQLDAD GSYFLYSRLRVDKNS WQEGDTYACVVMH EALHNHYTQKSISKP PGK* (SEQ ID NO: 37)			
	IgG2	GCCTCCACCACAGCCC CGAAAGTCTACCCTCT GACTTCTTGCTGCGGG GACACGTCCAGCTCCA GCTCCATCGTGACCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCTCC AGCTATATGCCCGAGC CGGTGACCGTGACCCTG GAACTCTGGTGCCCTG ACCAGCGCGTGCAC ACCTTCCCGGCCATCC TGCACTCCTCCGGGCT CTACTCTCTCAGCAGC GTGGTGACCGTGCCGG CCAGCACCTCAGGAGC CCAGACCTTCATCTGC AACGTAGCCCACCCGG CCAGCAGCGCCAAGG TGGACAAGCGTGTGG GATCTCCAGTACTACT TCCAAGTGTCTAAAC CGCCTTGCGTGAGCCG ACCGTCTGTCTTCATCT TCCCCCGAAACCCAA GGACAGCCTCATGATC ACAGGAACGCCCGAG GTCACGTGTGTGGTGG TGGACGTGGGCCAGG GTGACCCCGAGGTGCA	ASTTAPKVYPLTSCC GDTSSSSSIVTLGCLV SSYMPEPVTVTWNS GALTSVHTFPAILQS SGLYSLSSVTVTPAST SGAQTFCNVVHPASS AKVDKRVGISSDYSK CSKPPCVSRPSVFIFP PKPKDSLMITGTPEV TCVVVDVGQGDPEV QFSWFVDNVEVRTA RTPREEQFNSTFRV VSALPIQHDHWTGG KEFKCKVHSGKLPAP IVRTISRAGQAREP QVYVLAPPQEELSKS TLSVTCLVTGFYDPDI AVEWQARQPESED KYGTTTSQLDADGS YFLYSRLRVDKSSWQ RGDTYACVVMHEAL HNHYTQKSISKPPGK* (SEQ ID NO: 39)	X70983		Clarkson C. A. et al., Mol. Immunol., 30, 1195-1204 (1993). PMID: 8413324

TABLE-continued

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database	Reference
		GTTCTCCTGTTTCGTG GACAACGTGGAGGTG CGCACGGCCAGGACA AAGCCGAGAGAGGAG CAGTTCAACAGCACCT TCCGCGTGGTCAGCGC CCTGCCCATCCAGCAC GACCACTGGACTGGA GGAAAGGAGTTCAAG TGCAAGGTCCACAGCA AAGGCCTCCCGGCCCC CATCGTGAGGACCATC TCCAGGGCCAAAGGG CAGGCCCGGAGCCG CAGGTGTACGTCTTGG CCCCACCCAGGAAG AGCTCAGCAAAAGCA CGCTCAGCGTCACCTG CCTGGTCACCGGCTTC TACCCAGACTACATCG CCGTGGAGTGGCAGA GAGCGCGGCAGCCTG AGTCGGAGGACAAGT ACGGCACGACCACATC CCAGCTGGACGCCGAC GGCTCCTACTTCCTGT ACAGCAGGCTCAGGG TGGACAAGAGCAGCT GGCAAAGAGGAGACA CCTACGCGTGTGTGGT GATGCACGAGGCTCTG CACAACCACTACACAC AGAAGTCGATCTCTAA GCCTCCGGTAAATGA (SEQ ID NO: 40)				
Ovine	Ig light chain constant region	CCATCCGTCTTCTCTT CAAACCATCTGAGGAA CAGCTGAGGACCGGA ACTGTCTCTGTCTGT GCTTGGTGAATGATTT CTACCCAAAGATATC AATGTCAAGGTGAAAG TGGATGGGGTTACCCA GAACAGCAACTTCCAG AACAGCTTCACAGACC AGGACAGCAAGAAA GCACCTACAGCCTCAG CAGCACCTGACACTG TCCAGCTCAGAGTACC AGAGCCATAACGCCTA TGCGTGTGAGGTCAGC CACAAGAGCCTGCCCA CCGCCCTCGTCAAGAG CTTCAATAAGAATGAA TGTTAG (SEQ ID NO: 42)	PSVFLFKPSEELRRTG TVSVVCLVNDFYPKD INVKVKVDGVTQNS NFQNSFTDQDSKKST YSLSSLTLSSSEYQS HNAYACEVSHKSLPT ALVKSFNKNEC* (SEQ ID NO: 41)	X54110	Not registered	Jenne C. N. et al., Immunol. 30 (1-2), 165-174 (2006). PMID: 16083958
	Ig lambda (CL)	GGTCAGCCCAAGTCCG CACCTCGGTCACCCCT GTTCCCGCCTTCCACG GAGGAGCTCAGTACCA ACAAGGCCACCGTGGT GTGTCTCATCAACGAC TTCTACCCGGGTAGCG TGAACGTGGTCTGGAA GGCAGATGGCAGCACC ATCAATCAGAACGTGA AGACCACCCAGGCCTC CAAACAGAGCAACAG CAAGTACGCGGCCAGC AGCTACCTGACCCCTGA CGGCAGCGAGTGGA AGTCTAAGAGCAGTTA	GQPKSAPSVTLFPPST EELSTNKATVVCLIN DFYPGSVNVVWKAD GSTINQNVKTTQASK QSNKYAASSYLTLT GSEWKS KSSYTCEVT HEGSTVTKTVKPS S* (SEQ ID NO: 43)	AY734681		

TABLE-continued

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database	Reference
		CACCTGCGAGGTCACG CACGAGGGGAGCACC GTGACGAAGACAGTG AAGCCCTCAGAGTGTT CTTAG (SEQ ID NO: 44)				

TABLE

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database	Reference
Human (Scientific Name: <i>Homo sapiens</i> )	Human Ig heavy chain constant region (CH1-CH3)	IgG4 variant 1 GAGTCCAAATATGGTC CCCCATGCCATCATG CCCAGCACCTGAGTTC CTGGGGGGACCATCAG TCTTCTGTTCCTCC AAAACCCAAGGACAC TCTCATGATCTCCCGG ACCCCTGAGGTCACGT GCGTGGTGGTGGACGT GAGCCAGGAAGACCC CGAGGTCCAGTTCAAC TGGTACGTGGATGGCG TGGAGGTGCATAATGC CAAGACAAAGCCGCG GGAGGAGCAGTTCAA CAGCACGTACCGTGTG GTCAGCGTCTCACC TCCTGCACCAGGACTG GCTGAACGGCAAGGA GTACAAGTGCAAGGTC TCCAACAAAGGCCTCC CGTCTCCATCGAGAA AACCATCTCAAAGCC AAAGGGCAGCCCGA GAGCCACAGGTGTACA CCCTGCCCCATCCCA GGAGGAGATGACCAA GAACCAGGTCAGCCTG ACCTGCCTGGTCAAAG GCTTCTACCCAGCGA CATCGCCGTGGAGTGG GAGAGCAATGGGCAG CCGGAGAACAACACTACA AGACCACGCCTCCCGT GCTGGACTCCGACGGC TCCTTCTTCTCTACAG CAGGCTAACCGTGGAC AAGAGCAGGTGGCAG GAGGGGAATGTCTTCT CATGCTCCGTGATGCA TGAGGCTCTGCACAAC CACTACACACAGAAGA GCCTCTCCCTGTCTCT GGTAAATGA (SEQ ID NO: 54)	ESKYGPPCPSCPAPEF LGGPSVFLFPPKPKD TLMISRTPEVTCVVV DVSQEDPEVQFNWY VDGVEVHNAKTKPR EEQFNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVS NKGLPSSIEKTIS KAKGQPREPQVYTL PSQEEMTKNQVSLT LVKGFYPSDIAVEWE SNGQPENNYKTTPPV LDS DGSFFLYSRLTV DKSRWQEGNVFSCS VMHEALHNHYTQKS LSLSLGK* (SEQ ID NO: 53)	K01316	http:// www.imgt.org/ IMGTreper- toire/ index.php? section= LocusGenes& repertoire= genetable& species= human&group= IGHC	Ellison J. et al., DNA, 1, 11-18 (1981). PMID: 6299662
	IgG4 variant 2	GAGTCCAAATATGGTC CCCCGTGCCATCATG CCCAGCACCTGAGTTC CTGGGGGGACCATCAG TCTTCTGTTCCTCC AAAACCCAAGGACAC TCTCATGATCTCCCGG ACCCCTGAGGTCACGT GCGTGGTGGTGGACGT GAGCCAGGAAGACCC CGAGGTCCAGTTCAAC TGGTACGTGGATGGCG TGGAGGTGCATAATGC CAAGACAAAGCCGCG	ESKYGPPCPSCPAPEF LGGPSVFLFPPKPKD TLMISRTPEVTCVVV DVSQEDPEVQFNWY VDGVEVHNAKTKPR EEQFNSTYRVVSVLT VHQDWLNGKEYK CKVSNKGLPSSIEKTI SKAKGQPREPQVYTL PPSQEEMTKNQVSLT CLVKGFYPSDIAVEW ESNGQPENNYKTTPP VLDS DGSFFLYSRLT VDKSRWQEGNVFSC	AJ001563		Brusco A. et al., Eur. J. Immunogenet., 25, 349-355 (1998). PMID: 9805657

TABLE-continued

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database	Reference
		GGAGGAGCAGTTCAA CAGCACGTACCGTGTG GTCAGCGTCCTCACCG TCGTGCACCAGGACTG GCTGAACGGCAAGGA GTACAAGTGCAAGGTC TCCAACAAAGGCCCTC CGTCCTCCATCGAGAA AACCATCTCAAAGCC AAAGGGCAGCCCCGA GAGCCACAGGTGTACA CCCTGCCCCCATCCCA GGAGGAGATGACCAA GAACCAGGTCAGCCTG ACCTGCCTGGTCAAAG GCTTCTACCCAGCGA CATCGCCGTGGAGTGG GAGAGCAATGGGCAG CCGGAGAACAACCTACA AGACCACGCCTCCCGT GCTGGACTCCGACGGC TCCTTCTTCTCTACAG CAGGCTAACCGTGGAC AAGAGCAGGTGGCAG GAGGGGAATGTCTTCT CATGCTCCGTGATGCA TGAGGCTCTGCACAA CACTACACGCAGAAGA GCCTCTCCCTGTCTCT GGGTAATGA (SEQ ID NO: 56)	SVMHEALHNHYTQK SLSLSLGK* (SEQ ID NO: 55)			
	IgG4 variant 3	GCACCTGAGTTCCTGG GGGGACCATCAGTCTT CCTGTTCCCCCAAAA CCCAAGGACACTCTCA TGATCTCCCGACCCC TGAGGTACAGTGCCTG GTGGTGGACGTGAGCC AGGAAGACCCCGAGG TCCAGTTCAACTGGTA CGTGGATGGCGTGGAG GTGCATAATGCCAAGA CAAAGCCGCGGGAGG AGCAGTTCAACAGCAC GTACCGTGTGGTCAGC GTCCTCACCGTCTCTG ACCAGGACTGGCTGA ACGGCAAGGAGTACA AGTGCAAGGTCTCCAA CAAAGGCCTCCCGTCC TCCATCGAGAAAACCA TCTCAAAGCCAAAGG GCAGCCCCGAGAGCC ACAGGTGTACACCCCTG CCCCATCCCAGGAGG AGATGACCAAGAACC AGGTCAGCCTGACCTG CCTGGTCAAAGGCTTC TACCCAGCGACATCG CCGTGGAGTGGGAGA GCAATGGGCAGCCGG AGAACAACATAAGA CCACGCCTCCCGTGCT GGACTCCGACGGCTCC TTCTTCTCTACAGCA AGCTCACCGTGGACAA GAGCAGGTGGCAGGA GGGAACGTCTTCTCA TGCTCCGTGATGCATG AGGCTCTGCACAACCA CTACACGCAGAAGAGC CTCTCCCTGTCTCTGG GTAAATGA (SEQ ID NO: 58)	APEFLGGPSVFLFPPK PKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSQEDPEVQF NWYVDGVEVHNAK TKPREEQFNSTYRVV SVLTVLHQDWLNGK EYKCKVSNKGLPSSI EKTISKAKGQPREPQ VYTLPPSQEEMTKNQ VSLTCLVKGFYPSDIA VEWESNGQPENNYK TTPPVLDSDGSFFLYS KLTVDKSRWQEGNV FSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSLGK* (SEQ ID NO: 57)	AJ001564		

TABLE-continued

Species	Ig Domain	Nucleotide Sequence	Amino Acid Sequence	GenBank Accession No.	IMGT Database	Reference
Human Ig light chain constant region	Ig kappa (CK)	ACTGTGGCTGCACCAT CTGTCTTCATCTTCCCG CCATCTGATGAGCAGT TGAAATCTGGAAGTGC CTCTGTTGTGTGCCTG CTGAATAACTTCTATCC CAGAGAGGCCAAAGT ACAGTGGAAGGTGGAT AACGCCCTCCAATCGG GTAAGTCCCAGGAGAG TGTCACAGAGCAGGA CAGCAAGGACAGCAC CTACAGCCTCAGCAGC ACCCTGACGCTGAGCA AAGCAGACTACGAGA AACACAAAGTCTACGC CTGCGAAGTCACCCAT CAGGGCCTGAGCTCGC CCGTCACAAAGAGCTT CAACAGGGGAGAGTG TTAG (SEQ ID NO: 60)	TVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQ LKSGTASVVCLLNMF YPREAKVQWKVDN ALQSGNSQESVTEQD SKDSTYLSSTLTLSK ADYEKHKVYACEVT HQLSSPVTKSFNRG EC* (SEQ ID NO: 59)	X96754	http://www.imgt.org/IMGTreper-toire/index.php?section=LocusGenes&repertoire=genetable&species=human&group=IGKC	None

The amino acid sequences as shown in SEQ ID NOS: 3, 21-28, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57 and 59 may have deletion(s), substitution(s) or addition(s) of one or several (e.g., up to five, about 10 at the most) amino acids. Even when such mutations have been introduced, the resulting amino acid sequences are capable of having the function as the constant region of Ig heavy chain or light chain.

Although the constant region of wild-type human IgG1 has ADCC activity and CDC activity, it is known that these activities can be reduced by introducing amino acid substitutions and deletions into specific sites. In the case of animals other than human where the constant region of an immunoglobulin equivalent to human IgG4 has not been identified, mutations may be introduced into the relevant region of an immunoglobulin equivalent to human IgG1 so that the resultant constant region with reduced ADCC activity and CDC activity can be used.

The present invention provides an artificial genetic DNA comprising (a') a DNA encoding a light chain comprising a light chain variable region (VL) containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of QSLDSDGNTY (SEQ ID NO: 16), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of SVS and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of MQATHVPFT (SEQ ID NO: 17) and the light chain constant region (CL) of an antibody of an animal other than rat; and (b') a DNA encoding a heavy chain comprising a heavy chain variable region (VH) containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of GFDFDTYP (SEQ ID NO: 18), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of ITIKTHNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 19) and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of NREDFDY (SEQ ID NO: 20) and the heavy chain constant region (CH) of an antibody of an animal other than rat. The present invention also provides a DNA encoding a light chain comprising a VL containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of QSLDSDGNTY (SEQ ID NO: 16), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of SVS and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of MQATHVPFT (SEQ ID NO: 17) and the CL of an antibody of an animal other than rat. Further, the present invention also provides a DNA encoding a heavy chain comprising a VH containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of GFDFDTYP (SEQ ID NO: 18), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of ITIKTHNYAT

25

(SEQ ID NO: 19) and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of NREDFDY (SEQ ID NO: 20) and the CH of an antibody of an animal other than rat.

For (a) a light chain comprising a light chain variable region containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of QSLDSDGNTY (SEQ ID NO: 16), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of SVS and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of MQATHVPFT (SEQ ID NO: 17) and the light chain constant region of an antibody of an animal other than rat; and (b) a heavy chain comprising a heavy chain variable region containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of GFDFDTYP (SEQ ID NO: 18), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of ITIKTHNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 19) and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of NREDFDY (SEQ ID NO: 20) and the heavy chain constant region of an antibody of an animal other than rat, reference should be had to the foregoing description. The DNA of (a') is a DNA (gene) encoding the light chain of (a); and the DNA of (b') is a DNA (gene) encoding the heavy chain of (b). An artificial genetic DNA comprising the DNA of (a') and the DNA of (b) may be synthesized on commercial synthesizer. Restriction enzyme recognition sites, KOZAK sequences, poly-A addition signal sequences, promoter sequences, intron sequences or the like may be added to the artificial genetic DNA.

The present invention also provides a vector comprising the above-mentioned artificial genetic DNA.

As the vector, *Escherichia coli*-derived plasmids (e.g., pBR322, pBR325, pUC12 or pUC13); *Bacillus subtilis*-derived plasmids (e.g., pUB110, pTP5 or pC194), yeast-derived plasmids (e.g., pSH19 or pSH15); bacteriophages such as  $\lambda$  phage; animal viruses such as retrovirus or vaccinia virus, or insect pathogen viruses such as baculovirus may be used. In the Examples described later, pDC6 (Japanese Patent No. 5704753, U.S. Pat. No. 9,096,878, EU Patent 2385115, Hong Kong (China) patent HK1163739 and Australia Patent 2009331326) was used.

The vector may also comprise promoters, enhancers, splicing signals, poly-A addition signals, intron sequences, selection markers, SV40 replication origins, and so forth.

The present invention also provides a host cell transformed by the above vector. It is possible to prepare the

anti-LAG-3 antibody of the invention by culturing the host cell and collecting the antibody of interest from the resultant culture. Therefore, the present invention also provides a method of preparing an antibody, comprising culturing the above-described host cell and collecting the anti-LAG-3 antibody of the invention from the culture. In the method of the present invention for preparing an antibody, a vector incorporating an artificial genetic DNA comprising a DNA encoding the light chain and a DNA encoding the heavy chain may be transfected into a host cell. Alternatively, a vector incorporating a DNA encoding the light chain and a vector incorporating a DNA encoding the heavy chain may be co-transfected into a host cell.

Examples of the host cell include, but are not limited to, bacterial cells (such as *Escherichia* bacteria, *Bacillus* bacteria or *Bacillus subtilis*), fungal cells (such as yeast or *Aspergillus*), insect cells (such as S2 cells or Sf cells), animal cells (such as CHO cells, COS cells, HeLa cells, C127 cells, 3T3 cells, BHK cells or HEK 293 cells) and plant cells. Among these, CHO-DG44 cell (CHO-DG44 (dfhr<sup>-/-</sup>)) which is a dihydrofolate reductase deficient cell is preferable.

Introduction of a recombinant vector into a host cell may be performed by the methods disclosed in Molecular Cloning 2nd Edition, J. Sambrook et al., Cold Spring Harbor Lab. Press, 1989 (e.g., the calcium phosphate method, the DEAE-dextran method, transfection, microinjection, lipofection, electroporation, transduction, scrape loading, the shotgun method, etc.) or by infection.

The resultant transformant may be cultured in a medium, followed by collection of the anti-LAG-3 antibody of the present invention from the culture. When the antibody is secreted into the medium, the medium may be recovered, followed by isolation and purification of the antibody from the medium. When the antibody is produced within the transformed cells, the cells may be lysed, followed by isolation and purification of the antibody from the cell lysate.

Examples of the medium include, but are not limited to, OptiCHO medium, Dynamis medium, CD CHO medium, ActiCHO medium, FortiCHO medium, Ex-Cell CD CHO medium, BalanCD CHO medium, ProCHO 5 medium and Cellvento CHO-100 medium.

The pH of the medium varies depending on the cell to be cultured. Generally, a pH range from 6.8 to 7.6 is used; mostly, a pH range from 7.0 to 7.4 is appropriate.

When the cell to be cultured is CHO cells, culture may be performed by methods known to those skilled in the art. For example, it is usually possible to perform culturing in a gas-phase atmosphere having a CO<sub>2</sub> concentration of 0-40%, preferably 2-10%, at 30-39° C., preferably around 37° C.

The appropriate period of culture is usually from one day to three months, preferably from one day to three weeks.

Isolation and purification of the antibody may be performed by known methods. Known isolation/purification methods which may be used in the present invention include, but are not limited to, methods using difference in solubility (such as salting-out or solvent precipitation); methods using difference in molecular weight (such as dialysis, ultrafiltration, gel filtration or SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis); methods using difference in electric charge (such as ion exchange chromatography); methods using specific affinity (such as affinity chromatography); methods using difference in hydrophobicity (such as reversed phase high performance liquid chromatography); and methods using difference in isoelectric point (such as isoelectric focusing).

The anti-LAG-3 antibody of the present invention may be used as an antibody drug for animals or human. Therefore, the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising the above-described anti-LAG-3 antibody as an active ingredient.

The pharmaceutical composition of the present invention may be used for prevention and/or treatment of cancers and/or infections. Examples of cancers and/or infections include, but are not limited to, neoplastic diseases (e.g., malignant melanoma, lung cancer, gastric cancer, renal cancer, breast cancer, bladder cancer, esophageal cancer, ovarian cancer and the like), leukemia, John's disease, anaplasmosis, bacterial mastitis, mycotic mastitis, mycoplasma infections (such as mycoplasma mastitis, mycoplasma pneumonia or the like), tuberculosis, *Theileria orientalis* infection, cryptosporidiosis, coccidiosis, trypanosomiasis and leishmaniasis.

The anti-LAG-3 antibody of the present invention may be dissolved in buffers such as PBS, physiological saline or sterile water, optionally filter-sterilized with a filter or the like, and then administered to animal subjects (including human) by injection. To the solution of this antibody, additives (such as coloring agents, emulsifiers, suspending agents, surfactants, solubilizers, stabilizers, preservatives, antioxidants, buffers, isotonicizing agents, pH adjusters and the like) may be added. As routes of administration, intravenous, intramuscular, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intradermal administration and the like may be selected. Transnasal or oral administration may also be used.

The dose and the number of times and frequency of administration of the anti-LAG-3 antibody of the present invention may vary depending on the symptoms, age and body weight of the animal subject, the method of administration, the dosage form and so on. For example, 0.1-100 mg/kg body weight, preferably 1-10 mg/kg body weight, per adult animal may usually be administered at least once at such a frequency that enables confirmation of the desired effect.

While the pharmaceutical composition of the present invention may be used alone, it may be used in combination with surgical operations, radiation therapies, other immunotherapies such as cancer vaccine, or molecular target drugs. Synergistic effect can be expected from such combinations.

## EXAMPLES

Hereinbelow, the present invention will be described in more detail with reference to the following Examples. However, the present invention is not limited to these Examples.

### [Example 1] Establishment of Rat-Bovine Chimeric Anti-Bovine LAG-3 Antibody

#### 1. Introduction

Lymphocyte activation gene 3 (LAG-3), an immunoinhibitory receptor, was identified as a molecule closely related to CD4. Recently, it has been elucidated that LAG-3 is involved in immunosuppression in chronic infections and tumors. In the subject Example, for the purpose of establishing a novel therapy for bovine infections, the present inventors have prepared a chimeric antibody gene by linking the variable region genes of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 monoclonal antibody 2D8 capable of inhibiting the binding of bovine LAG-3 and MHC class II to the constant region genes of bovine immunoglobulins (bovine IgG1 and Igλ; however, mutations have been introduced into the putative

binding sites for Fcγ receptors in CH2 domain of bovine IgG1 to inhibit ADCC activity; see FIG. 1 for amino acid numbers and mutations: 247 E→P, 248 L→V, 249 P→A, 250 G→deletion, 344 A→S, 345 P→S; Ikebuchi R, Konnai S, Okagawa T, Yokoyama K, Nakajima C, Suzuki Y, Murata S, Ohashi K. *Immunology*, 142(4):551-561; August 2014). This chimeric antibody gene was introduced into Chinese hamster ovary cells (CHO cells). By culturing/proliferating the resultant cells, the present inventors have obtained a rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody ch2D8 and confirmed its binding inhibitory activity and biological activities.

## 2. Materials, Methods and Experimental Results

### 2.1. Construction of Bovine LAG-3 Expressing Cells

The nucleotide sequence of the full length cDNA molecule of bovine LAG-3 gene (GenBank accession number AB608099; Shirai T, Konnai S, Ikebuchi R, Okagawa T, Sunden Y, Onuma M, Murata S, Ohashi K. *Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol*, 144(3-4):462-467, Dec. 15, 2011) was determined. Based on the resultant genetic information, bovine LAG-3 expressing cells were prepared. First, for preparing a bovine LAG-3 expressing plasmid, PCR was performed using a synthesized bovine peripheral blood mononuclear cell (PBMC)-derived cDNA as a template and designed primers having BglII and EcoRI recognition sites on the 5' side (boLAG-3-EGFP F and R). The PCR products were digested with BglII (Takara) and EcoRI (Takara), purified with FastGene Gel/PCR Extraction Kit (NIPPON Genetics) and cloned into pEGFP-N2 vector (Clontech) treated with restriction enzymes in the same manner. The resultant expression plasmid of interest was extracted with QIAGEN Plasmid Midi kit (Qiagen) and stored at -30° C. until use in experiments. Hereinafter, the thus prepared expression plasmid is designated as pEGFP-N2-boLAG-3.

Primer (boLAG-3-EGFP F):  
(SEQ ID NO: 61)  
GAAAGATCTATGCTGTGGGAGGCTTGGTT

Primer (boLAG-3-EGFP R):  
(SEQ ID NO: 62)  
CCGGAATTCCGGTTGCTCTGGCTGCAGCT

Bovine LAG-3 expressing cells were prepared by the procedures described below. First, COS-7 cells at a density of  $5 \times 10^4$  cells/cm<sup>2</sup> were subcultured in 6-well plates, and then cultured overnight in RPMI 1640 medium (Sigma-Aldrich) containing 10% inactivated fetal bovine serum (Cell Culture Technologies), penicillin 200 U/ml, streptomycin 200 μg/ml and 0.01% L-glutamine (Life Technologies) at 37° C. in the presence of 5% CO<sub>2</sub>. Subsequently, the pEGFP-N2-boLAG-3 or pEGFP-N2 (negative control) was introduced into COS-7 cells at 0.4 μg/cm<sup>2</sup> using Lipofectamine 2000 (Invitrogen). The cells were cultured for 48 hours (bovine LAG-3-EGFP expressing cells). In order to confirm the expression of bovine LAG-3 in the thus prepared expressing cells, intracellular localization of EGFP was visualized with an inverted confocal laser microscope LSM700 (ZEISS).

### 2.2. Construction of Soluble Bovine LAG-3

Bovine LAG-3-Ig expressing plasmid was constructed by the procedures described below. In order to amplify the signal peptide and the extracellular region of bovine LAG-3 (GenBank accession number AB608099), primers were designed that had NheI and NsiI recognition sites added on the 5' side (boLAG-3-Ig F and R). PCR was performed using a synthesized bovine PBMC-derived cDNA as a template.

The PCR products were digested with NheI (Takara) and NsiI (Takara), purified with FastGene Gel/PCR Extraction Kit (NIPPON Genetics) and cloned into pCXN2.1-Rabbit IgG1 Fc vector (Niwa H, Yamamura K, Miyazaki J. *Gene*, 108(2):193-199; Dec. 15, 1991; kindly provided by Dr. T Yokomizo, Juntendo University Graduate School of Medicine, and modified in the inventors' laboratory) treated with restriction enzymes in the same manner. The expression plasmid was purified with FastGene Xpress Plasmid PLUS Kit (NIPPON Genetics) and stored at -30° C. until use in experiments. Hereinafter, the thus prepared expression plasmid is designated as pCXN2.1-boLAG-3-Ig.

Primer (boLAG-3-EGFP F):  
(SEQ ID NO: 63)  
CTAGCTAGCCGCCACCATGCTGTGGGAGGCTTGGTT

Primer (boLAG-3-EGFP R):  
(SEQ ID NO: 64)  
TGCATGCATCAGAACAGCTAGGTTGTACG

Soluble bovine LAG-3-Ig expressing cells were prepared by the procedures described below. Briefly, 30 μg of pCXN2.1-boLAG-3-Ig was introduced into  $7.5 \times 10^7$  Expi293F cells (Life Technologies) using Expifectamine (Life Technologies). After 7-day culture under shaking, the culture supernatant was collected. The recombinant protein was purified from the supernatant using Ab-Capcher Extra (ProteNova). After purification, the buffer was exchanged with PBS (pH 7.4) using PD MiniTrap G-25 (GE Healthcare). The resultant protein was stored at -30° C. until use in experiments (bovine LAG-3-Ig). The concentration of the purified bovine LAG-3-Ig was measured using Rabbit IgG ELISA Quantitation Set (Bethyl). For each washing operation in ELISA, Auto Plate Washer BIO WASHER 50 (DS Pharma Biomedical) was used. Absorbance was measured with Microplate Reader MTP-650FA (Corona Electric).

### 2.3. Preparation of Rat Anti-Bovine LAG-3 Monoclonal Antibody Producing Cells

A peptide chain was synthesized from a part of the extracellular region of bovine LAG-3 (amino acid numbers 71 to 99; amino acid sequence: GSAAPTRPGPR-RYTVLRLAPGGLRIGK (SEQ ID NO: 72)) by adding a cysteine residue to the NH<sub>2</sub> terminus, and was linked to keyhole limpet hemocyanin (a carrier protein). An emulsion of this peptide chain and TiterMax Gold Adjuvant (Sigma-Aldrich) was prepared. Rat was immunized in the footpad with the resulting emulsion. Subsequently, hybridomas were established by the iliac lymph node method to thereby obtain rat anti-bovine LAG-3 monoclonal antibody producing hybridoma 2D8. With respect to the method of establishment of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 monoclonal antibody, details are disclosed in the following non-patent document (Okagawa T, Konnai S, Nishimori A, Ikebuchi R, Mizorogi S, Nagata R, Kawaji S, Tanaka S, Kagawa Y, Murata S, Mori Y, Ohashi K. *Infect. Immun.*, 84(1):77-89; Oct. 19, 2015).

### 2.4. Preparation of Rat-Bovine Chimeric Anti-Bovine LAG-3 Antibody Expressing Vector

Rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody ch2D8 was established by fusing the antibody constant regions of bovine IgG1 and Igλ with rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8 being used as an antibody variable region.

First, the genes of heavy chain and light chain variable regions were identified by RACE from a hybridoma that would produce rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8. Subsequently, a gene sequence was prepared in which the heavy chain and the light chain variable regions of rat anti-bovine

LAG-3 antibody 2D8 were linked to known constant regions of bovine IgG1 (heavy chain; modified from GenBank Accession number X62916) and bovine Ig. (light chain; GenBank Accession number X62917), respectively, and codon optimization was carried out [SEQ ID NOS: 9 and 10 (amino acid sequences). SEQ ID NOS: 14 and 15 (nucleotide sequences after codon optimization)]. It should be noted that in order to suppress the ADCC activity of bovine IgG1, mutations were added to the putative binding sites of Fcγ receptors in CH2 domain (See FIG. 1 for amino acid numbers and mutations: 247 E→P, 248 L→V, 249 P→A, 250 G→deletion, 344 A→S, 345 P→S; Ikebuchi R, Konnai S, Okagawa T, Yokoyama K, Nakajima C, Suzuki Y, Murata S, Ohashi K. *Immunology*, 142(4):551-561; August 2014). Then, the gene was artificially synthesized in such a manner that NotI recognition sequence, KOZAK sequence, chimeric antibody light chain sequence, poly-A addition signal sequence (PABGH), promoter sequence (PCMV), SacI recognition sequence, intron sequence (INRBG), KOZAK sequence, chimeric antibody heavy chain sequence and XbaI recognition sequence would be located in this order. The synthesized gene strand was digested with NotI (Takara) and XbaI (Takara), purified with FastGene Gel/PCR Extraction Kit (NIPPON Genetics) and cloned into the cloning site (Noll and XbaI restriction enzyme recognition sequences downstream of PCMV and between INRBG and PABGH) of expression plasmid pDC6 (kindly provided by Prof. S. Suzuki, Hokkaido University Research Center for Zoonosis Control) treated with restriction enzymes in the same manner (FIG. 2). The resultant plasmid was extracted with QIAGEN Plasmid Midi kit (Qiagen) and stored at -30° C. until use in experiments. Hereinafter, the thus prepared expression plasmid is designated as pDC6-boLAG-3ch2D8.

2.5. Expression of Rat-Bovine Chimeric Anti-Bovine LAG-3 Antibody

The pDC6-boLAG-3ch2D8 prepared above was transfected into CHO-DG44 cells (CHO-DG44 (dflr<sup>-/-</sup>)) which are a dihydrofolate reductase deficient cell. Forty-eight hours later, the medium was exchanged with CD OptiCHO medium (Life Technologies) containing 20 mM GlutaMAX supplement (Life Technologies). After cultured for 3 weeks, the cells were subjected to selection and cloning by limiting dilution. Subsequently, the concentrations of the chimeric antibody in the culture supernatants were measured by dot blotting and ELISA using anti-bovine IgG F(c) rabbit polyclonal antibody (Rockland) to thereby select high expression clones. The thus established cell clone stably expressing rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody was transferred into CD OptiCHO medium and cultured under shaking for 14 days (125 rpm, 37° C., 5% CO<sub>2</sub>). Chimeric antibody production in the culture supernatant was measured by ELISA using anti-bovine IgG F(c) rabbit polyclonal antibody (Rockland). For each washing operation in ELISA, Auto Plate Washer BIO WASHER 50 (DS Pharma Biomedical) was used. Absorbance was measured with Microplate Reader MTP-650FA (Corona Electric). The culture supernatant at day 14 was centrifuged at 10,000 g for 10 min to remove cells, and the centrifugal supernatant was passed through a Steritop-GP 0.22 μm filter (Millipore) for sterilization and then stored at 4° C. until it was subjected to purification.

#### 2.6. Purification of Rat-Bovine Chimeric Anti-Bovine LAG-3 Antibody

From the culture supernatant prepared as described above, each chimeric antibody was purified using Ab Capcher Extra (ProteNova). An open column method was used for binding to resin; PBS pH 7.4 was used as an equilibration buffer and

a wash buffer. As an elution buffer, 0.1 M Glycine-HCl (pH 2.8) was used. As a neutralization buffer, 1M Tris (pH 9.0) was used. The purified antibody was subjected to buffer exchange with PBS (pH 7.4) using PD-10 Desalting Column (GE Healthcare) and concentrated using Amicon Ultra-15 (50 kDa, Millipore). The thus purified chimeric antibody was passed through a 0.22 μm syringe filter (Millipore) for sterilization and stored at 4° C. until use in experiments.

#### 2.7. Confirmation of the Purity of Purified Rat-Bovine Chimeric Anti-Bovine LAG-3 Antibody (FIG. 3)

In order to confirm the purity of purified rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody, antibody proteins were detected by SDS-PAGE and CBB staining. The purified rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody ch2D8 was suspended in Laemmli Sample Buffer (Bio-Rad) and denatured at 95° C. for 5 min under reducing conditions (reduced with 2-mercaptoethanol; Sigma-Aldrich) or under non-reducing conditions. Using 10% acrylamide gel, the prepared samples were electrophoresed. As a molecular weight marker, Precision Plus Protein All Blue Standards (Bio-Rad) was used. After electrophoresis, the gels were stained with Quick-CBB (Wako) and decolorized in distilled water.

The results are shown in FIG. 3. Bands of rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody were observed at predicted positions, that is, at 25 kDa (light chain) and 50 kDa (heavy chain) under reducing conditions and at 150-250 kDa under non-reducing conditions.

#### 2.8. Binding Specificity of Rat-Bovine Chimeric Anti-Bovine LAG-3 Antibody (FIG. 4)

It was confirmed by flow cytometry that the rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody specifically binds to the bovine LAG-3 expressing cells (described above). First, rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8 or rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody ch2D8 was reacted with bovine LAG-3 expressing cells at room temperature for 30 min. After washing, Allophycocyanine (APC)-labeled anti-rat Ig goat antibody (Southern Biotech) or Alexa Fluor 647-labeled anti-bovine IgG (H+L) goat F(ab')<sub>2</sub> (Jackson ImmunoResearch) was reacted at room temperature for 30 min. As negative control antibody, rat IgG2a (K) isotype control (BD Biosciences) or bovine IgG1 antibody (Bethyl) was used. After washing, each rat antibody or rat-bovine chimeric antibody bound to cell surfaces was detected by FACS Verse (BD Biosciences). For every washing operation and dilution of antibodies, PBS supplemented with 1% bovine serum albumin (Sigma-Aldrich) was used.

The experimental results are shown in FIG. 4. It was revealed that rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody ch2D8 binds to bovine LAG-3 expressing cells in the same manner as rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8.

#### 2.9. Inhibitory Activity of Rat-Bovine Chimeric Anti-Bovine LAG-3 Antibody against Bovine LAG-3/MHC class II Binding (FIG. 5)

Using BL3.1 cell clone (bovine B-cell lymphoma-derived cell clone which highly expresses MHC class II) and bovine LAG-3-Ig (described above), bovine LAG-3/MHC class II binding inhibition by anti-LAG-3 antibodies was tested. First, rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8 or rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody ch2D8 at a final concentration of 0, 1.56, 3.12, 6.25, 12.5 or 25 μg/ml and bovine LAG-3-Ig at a final concentration of 3.3 μg/ml were mixed in 96-well plates, where they were reacted at 37° C. for 30 min. Subsequently, BL3.1 cell clone (1×10<sup>5</sup> cells) was blocked with 10% inactivated goat serum (Life Technologies)-supplemented PBS at room temperature for 15 min, and reacted with the above reaction mixture at room tem-



perature for 30 min. As negative control antibody, rat IgG1 ( $\kappa$ ) isotype control (BD Biosciences) or bovine IgG1 antibody (Bethyl) was used. After washing, Alexa Fluor 647-labeled anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) goat F(ab')<sub>2</sub> (Life Technologies) which had been subjected to absorption treatment (37° C. 30 min) in advance with rat serum-derived IgG (Sigma-Aldrich) and bovine serum-derived IgG (Sigma-Aldrich) was reacted at room temperature for 30 min to thereby detect bovine LAG-3-Ig bound to cell surfaces. For analysis, FACS Verse (BD Biosciences) was used. For every washing operation and dilution of antibodies, PBS supplemented with 1% bovine serum albumin (Sigma-Aldrich) was used. Taking the proportion of LAG-3-Ig bound cells without antibody addition as 100%, the proportion of LAG-3-Ig bound cells at each antibody concentration was shown as relative value.

The experimental results are shown in FIG. 5. It was revealed that rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody ch2D8 inhibited the binding of LAG-3-Ig to LAG-3 expressing cells by a comparable level to rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8,

#### 2.10. Biological Activity Test Using Rat-Bovine Chimeric Anti-Bovine LAG-3 Antibody (FIG. 6)

In order to confirm that bovine LAG-3/MHC class II binding inhibition by rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody activates lymphocytes, a biological activity test was performed using IFN- $\gamma$  production as an indicator. Briefly, PBMCs isolated from bovine peripheral blood were suspended in RPMI 1640 medium (Sigma-Aldrich) containing 10% inactivated fetal bovine serum (Cell Culture Technologies), penicillin 200 U/ml, streptomycin 200  $\mu$ g/ml and 0.01% L-glutamine (Life Technologies) to give a concentration of  $2 \times 10^6$  cells/ml. To the PBMCs, 10  $\mu$ g/ml of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8 or rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody ch2D8 was added. Culturing was then performed at 37° C. under 5% CO<sub>2</sub> for 2 days. As control antibodies, rat serum-derived IgG (Sigma-Aldrich) and bovine serum-derived IgG (Sigma-Aldrich) were used. Two days later, a culture supernatant was collected, and IFN- $\gamma$  production was measured with Bovine IFN- $\gamma$  ELISA Kit (BETYL). For each washing operation in ELISA, Auto Plate Washer BIO WASHER 50 (DS Pharma Biomedical) was used. Absorbance was measured with Microplate Reader MTP-650FA (Corona Electric).

The experimental results are shown in FIG. 6. It was revealed that rat-bovine chimeric anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody ch2D8 increased bovine PBMCs' IFN- $\gamma$  response in the same manner as rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8.

#### 2.11. CDR Analysis of Rat Anti-Bovine LAG-3 Antibody

The complementarity-determining regions (CDRs) of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8 were determined using NCBI IGBLAST (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/igblast/>). The results are shown in FIG. 1.

#### [Example 2] Application of Anti-LAG-3 Antibody to Other Animal Species

##### 1. Materials, Methods and Experimental Results

##### 1.1. Identification of Ovine and Water Buffalo LAG-3 Genes

In order to determine the full-lengths of the coding sequences (CDSs) of water buffalo (*Bubalus bubalis*: Asian water buffalo) and ovine LAG-3 cDNAs, primers for amplifying the full lengths of CDSs from the nucleotide sequences of water buffalo and ovine LAG-3 genes (GenBank accession number AB608099 and XM\_012129455) were first designed (buLAG-3 CDS F and R, ovLAG-3 CDS F and R), and then PCR was performed using a synthesized water buffalo or ovine PBMC-derived cDNA as a template. For the

resultant amplified products, nucleotide sequences were determined with a capillary sequencer according to conventional methods.

Primer (buLAG-3 CDS F): (SEQ ID NO: 65)

ATGCTGTGGGAGGCTTGGTTC

Primer (buLAG-3 CDS R): (SEQ ID NO: 66)

TCAGGGATGCTCTGGCTGCA

Primer (ovLAG-3 CDS F): (SEQ ID NO: 67)

ATGCTGTGGGAGGCTCAGTTCAGG

Primer (ovLAG-3 CDS R): (SEQ ID NO: 68)

TCAGGGTTGCTCCGGCTGCA

##### 1.2. Construction of Water Buffalo LAG-3 Expressing COS-7 Cells

In order to prepare a water buffalo LAG-3 expressing plasmid, PCR was performed using a synthesized water buffalo PBMC-derived cDNA as a template and primers designed by adding Sac and EcoRI recognition sites on the 5' side (buLAG-3-EGFP F and R). The resultant PCR products were digested with SacI (Takara) and EcoRI (Takara), then purified with FastGene Gel/PCR Extraction Kit (NIPPON Genetics) and cloned into pEGFP-N2 vector (Clontech) treated with restriction enzymes in the same manner. The expression plasmid of interest was extracted using FastGene Xpress Plasmid PLUS Kit (NIPPON Genetics) and stored at -30° C. until use in experiments. Hereinafter, the thus prepared plasmid is designated as pEGFP-N2-buLAG-3.

Primer (buLAG-3-EGFP F): (SEQ ID NO: 69)

ATTGAGCTCATGCTGTGGGAGGCTTGGTT

Primer (buLAG-3-EGFP R): (SEQ ID NO: 70)

AATGAATTCGGGATGCTCTGGCTGCAGC

COS-7 cells at a density of  $5 \times 10^4$  cells/cm<sup>2</sup> were subcultured in 6-well plates, and then cultured overnight in RPMI 1640 medium containing 10% inactivated fetal bovine serum (Invitrogen) and 0.01% L-glutamine (Life Technologies) at 37° C. in the presence of 5% CO<sub>2</sub>. The pEGFP-N2-buLAG-3 or pEGFP-N2 (negative control) was introduced into COS-7 cells at 0.4  $\mu$ g/cm<sup>2</sup> using Lipofectamine 2000 (Invitrogen). The cells were cultured for 48 hours (buLAG-3-EGFP expressing cells). In order to confirm the expression of water buffalo LAG-3 in the thus prepared expressing cells, intracellular localization of EGFP was visualized with an all-in-one fluorescence microscope BZ-9000 (KEYENCE).

##### 1.3. Reactivity of Rat Anti-Bovine LAG-3 Antibody 2D8 with Water Buffalo LAG-3 (FIG. 7)

It was confirmed by flow cytometry that rat anti-bovine LAG-3 monoclonal antibody cross-reacts with water buffalo LAG-3. Water buffalo LAG-3-EGFP expressing COS cells were blocked with 10% inactivated goat serum (Invitrogen) supplemented PBS at room temperature for 15 min and reacted with 10  $\mu$ g/ml of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8 at room temperature for 30 min. After washing, the cells were reacted with APC-labeled anti-rat Ig goat antibody (Beckman Coulter) at room temperature for 30 min. As a negative control antibody, rat IgG1 ( $\kappa$ ) isotype control (BD

Bioscience) was used. For analysis. FACS Verse (BD Bioscience) was used. For every washing operation and dilution of antibodies, 1% bovine serum albumin (Sigma-Aldrich) supplemented PBS was used.

Experimental results are shown in FIG. 7. It was confirmed that rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8 binds to water buffalo LAG-3 expressing cells.

1.4. Reactivity of Rat Anti-Bovine LAG-3 Antibody 2D8 with Ovine Lymphocytes (FIG. 8)

Peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) were isolated from ovine peripheral blood by density gradient centrifugation using Percoll (GE Healthcare). The isolated ovine PBMCs were suspended in RPMI 1640 medium (Sigma-Aldrich) containing 10% inactivated fetal calf serum (Invitrogen), penicillin 200 U/ml, streptomycin 200 µg/ml and 0.01% L-glutamine (Life Technologies). Cell density was adjusted to  $2 \times 10^6$  cells/ml. To these PBMCs, phorbol 12-myristate acetate (PMA) 20 ng/ml and ionomycin 1 µg/ml (Sigma-Aldrich) were added, followed by culturing overnight at 37° C. under 5% CO<sub>2</sub>. Cultured PBMCs were harvested and blocked with 10% inactivated goat serum (Invitrogen) supplemented PBS at room temperature for 15 min. Then, rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8 was reacted at room temperature for 30 min. As a negative control, rat serum-derived IgG (Sigma-Aldrich) was used. After washing, labeling was performed using APC-labeled goat anti-rat Ig antibody (Beckman Coulter) at room temperature for 30 min. Subsequently, a reaction was performed with mouse anti-ovine CD8 antibody (38.65, AbD Serotec) at room temperature for 30 min. After washing, labeling was performed using PerCP/Cy5.5-labeled goat anti-mouse IgG2a antibody (Santa Cruz) at room temperature for 30 min. After further washing, a reaction was performed with Alexa Flour 488-labeled anti-ovine CD21 mouse antibody (GB25A, VMRD) at room temperature for 30 min. For the labeling of GB25A, Zenon Labeling Kit (Life Technologies) was used. For analysis, FACS Verse (BD Biosciences) was used. Every washing operation and dilution of antibodies, 1% bovine serum albumin (Sigma-Aldrich) supplemented PBS was used.

The experimental results are shown in FIG. 8. Rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8 strongly bound to ovine CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells (CD21<sup>-</sup> CD8<sup>+</sup> cells) and CD8<sup>-</sup> T cells (CD21<sup>-</sup> CD8<sup>-</sup> cells; i.e., a cell population containing CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells and  $\gamma \delta$  T cells), both activated by PMA/ionomycin stimulation.

All publications, patents and patent applications cited herein are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

#### INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

The anti-LAG-3 antibody of the present invention is applicable to prevention and/or treatment of cancers and infections in animals.

#### SEQUENCE LISTING FREE TEXT

<SEQ ID NO: 1>

SEQ ID NO: 1 shows the amino acid sequence of the light chain variable region (VL) of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody. Underlined parts: CDR1, CDR2 and CDR3 in this order from the NH2 terminus.

MMSPVQSLFLLLLWILGTNGDVVLTQTPPTLSATIGQSVSISCRSSQSLLDSDGNTYLNWLLQRPQSPQLLIYSVSNLESGVGNRFSGSGSETDFTLKI SGVEAEDLGVVYCMQATHVPFTFGSGTKLEIK

<SEQ ID NO: 2>

SEQ ID NO: 2 shows the amino acid sequence of the heavy chain variable region (VH) of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody. Underlined parts: CDR1, CDR2 and CDR3 in this order from the NH2 terminus.

MVLELVSVIALFQGVHCEVQLVESGGGLVQPKGSLRSLCAASGFDFTY PMSWVRQAPGKLDWVASITIKTHNYATLYAASVKERFTISRDDSQSMVY LQMNLLKTEDTALYYCNREDFDYWGQGVMTVSS

<SEQ ID NO: 3>

SEQ ID NO: 3 shows the amino acid sequence of the light chain constant region (CL) of a bovine antibody (bovine Ig lambda, GenBank: X62917).

QPKSPSVTLFPPSTEELNGNKATLVCLISDFYPGSVTVVWKADGSTITR NVETTRASKQSNKYAASSYLSLTSDDWKS KGSYSCEVTHEGSTVTKTVK PSECS

<SEQ ID NO: 4>

SEQ ID NO: 4 shows the amino acid sequence of the heavy chain constant region (CH) of a bovine antibody (bovine IgG1, modified from GenBank: X62916). Mutated sites are underlined. Amino acid sequences and mutations: 119 E→P, 120 L→V, 121 P→A, 122 G→deletion, 216 A→S, 217 P→S

ASTTAPKVYPLSSCCGDKSSSTVTLGCLVSSYMPEPVTVTWNSGALKSGV HTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSMVTVPGSTSGQFTFCNVAHPASSTKVDKAVDPT CKPSPDCDCPPPPVAGPSVFI FPPKPKD TL TISGTPEVTCVVVDVGHDDP EVKFSWFVDDVEVNTATTKPREEQFNSTYRVVSALRIQHODWTGGKEFKC KVHNEGLPSSIVRTISRTKGPAREPQVYVLAPPQEELSKSTVSLTCMVTS FYPDYIAVEWQRNGQPESEDKYGTTPQLDADSSYFLYSKLRVDRNSWQE GDTYTCVVMHEALHNHYTQKSTSKSAGK

<SEQ ID NO: 5>

SEQ ID NO: 5 shows the nucleotide sequence of the VL of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody.

ATGATGAGTCTGTCCAATCCCTGTTTTGTTATTGCTTTGGATTCTGGG AACCAATGGTGATGTTGTGCTGACCCAGACTCCACCCACTTTATCGGCTA CCATTGGACAATCGGTCTCCATCTCTTGCAAGTCAAGTCAAGTCTCTTA GATAGTGATGGAAATACCTATTTAAATTGGTTGCTACAGAGGCCAGGCCA ATCTCCACAGCTTCTAATTTATTCGGTATCCAACCTGGAATCTGGGGTCC CCAACAGGTTCAAGTGGCAGTGGGTCAGAAACAGATTTCACTCAAAATC AGTGGAGTGGAGGCTGAAGATTTGGGAGTTTATTACTGCATGCAAGCTAC CCATGTTCCATTCAGTTTCGGCTCAGGGACGAAGTTGAAATAAAA

The nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 5 after codon optimization is shown in <SEQ ID NO: 11>.

ATGATGTCTCCCGTCAAAGCTTGTTCTGCTTCTCCTCTGGATTCTGGG CACAAACGGAGATGTGGTTCTCACCCAGACCCCCCTACTCTGTCTGCCA CCATCGGCCAGAGCGTGTCCATATCTGTGCGAGCTCCCAAAGCCTGCTG GACTCCGATGGGAATACTTACCTGAATTGGCTGTTGCGAGCGCCTGGCCA

49

-continued

GTCCCCCAGCTGTTGATCTACAGCGTTAGCAATCTGGAAAGCGGGGTCC

CCAACCGATTCTCCGGAAGCGGCTCCGAGACCGATTTACCTCAAGATC

TCCGGCGTGGAAGCCGAGGACCTGGGAGTGTATTATTGCATGCAGGCCAC

CCATGTGCCCTTACCTTCGGTAGCGGTACCAAGTTGGAGATCAAG

&lt;SEQ ID NO: 6&gt;

SEQ ID NO: 6 shows the nucleotide sequence of the VH of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody.

ATGGTTCTCCTGGAGTTGGTTTCCGTGATTGCTCTTTTCAAGGCGTGCA

TTGTGAGGTGCAGCTTGTGAGTCTGGTGGAGGGCTGGTGCAGCCTAAGG

GGTCATTGAGACTCTCATGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTTGACTTCGATACTTAT

CCCATGAGCTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGAAAGGGTCTGGATTGGGTTGC

TAGTATAACCATTAAGACTCATAATTATGCAACACTTTATGCTGCTTCAG

TGAAAGAGAGATTACCATCTCCAGAGATGACTCACAAAGCATGGTTTAC

TTGCAAATGAACAACCTTGAAAACCTGAGGACACAGCCTTGTATTACTGTAA

CAGGGAGGACTTTGATTACTGGGGCCAAGGAGTCATGGTACAGTCTCCT

CA

The nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 6 after codon optimization is shown in <SEQ ID NO: 12>.

ATGGTGCTTCTCGAGCTGGTCAGCGTGATTGCTCTGTTTCAGGGCGTGCA

CTGCGAAGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGAGTGGTGGTGGGCTCGTGCAACCAAAAG

GCAGTCTCAGGCTGAGTTGTGCCGCTCCGGATTGATTTGACACCTAC

CCAATGAGCTGGGTGAGCAAGCCCCAGGAAAGGACTCGATTGGGTGGC

AAGCATTACCATCAAGACACACAATTATGCTACCCTGTATGCCGCAAGCG

TAAAGGAACGCTTTACCATCTCCCGCATGATAGCCAGTCCATGGTATAT

TTGCAAATGAATAATTTGAAGACAGAAGATACCGCTTTGTATTATTGCAA

CAGAGAAGATTTGATTATTGGGGCAGGGGTGATGGTAAACCGTGTCCA

GC

&lt;SEQ ID NO: 7&gt;

SEQ ID NO: 7 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CL of a bovine antibody (bovine Ig lambda, GenBank: X62917).

CAGCCCAAGTCCCCACCCTCGGTACCCCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCACGGAGGA

GCTCAACGGCAACAAGGCCACCCTGGTGTGTCTCATCAGCGACTTCTACC

CGGGTAGCGTGACCGTGGTCTGGAAGGCAGACGGCAGCACCATCACCCGC

AACGTGGAGACCACCCGGGCTTCAAACAGAGCAACAGCAAGTACGCGGC

CAGCAGCTACCTGAGCCTGACGAGCAGCAGTGGAAATCGAAAGGCAGTT

ACAGCTGCGAGGTACGCACGAGGGGAGCACCGTACGAAGACAGTGAAG

CCCTCAGAGTGTTCTTAG

50

The nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 7 after codon optimization is shown in <SEQ ID NO: 13>.

5 CAGCCTAAGTCCCCTCCTTCAGTCACCCTGITTCCACCATCTACCGAAGA

ACTCAACGGGAATAAAGCAACACTGGTGTGCCTTATTTCTGATTTTACC

CAGGGTCTGTGACAGTGGTTTGGAAAGCTGACGGTCAACAATTACAAGA

10 AACGTGGAGACAACAAGGGCTTCTAAGCAGTCAAACCTAAGTATGCTGC

AAGTTCTTACCTTTCTTACAAGTAGTGACTGGAAAAGTAAGGGCAGTT

ATTCATGCGAGGTCACTCACGAGGGAAGTACTGTAATAAACTGTAAAA

CCATCAGAGTGTTCATAG

15

&lt;SEQ ID NO: 8&gt;

SEQ ID NO: 8 shows the nucleotide sequence (after codon optimization) of the CH of a bovine antibody (bovine IgG1, modified from GenBank: X62916).

20 GCTAGCACACAGCACCTAAAGTTTACCCTCTGTCTTCTGCTGCGGCGA

CAAGTCTTCATCAACTGTTACTCTTGGATGCCTGGTCTCAAGTTACATGC

25 CCGAGCCCCTGACAGTGACCTGGAACCTCAGGCGCTCTGAAGTCTGGAGTG

CACACATTTCCAGCTGTGCTTTCAGTCTAGCGGCTGTATTCCCTCAGCTC

TATGGTTACTGTACCTGGTAGCACCAGCGGACAGACTTTCACCTGTAATG

30 TTGCCCATCCGCATCTTCTACCAAGGTCGATAAAGCCGTTGACCCCACT

TGCAAACCATCCCCTTGTGATTGTTGTCCACCCCTCCAGTGGCTGGCCC

TTCCGTCTTCATTTTCCCTCCTAAACCTAAGGATACTCTGACCATCTCAG

35 GGACACCCGAGGTCACTGTGTGTCGTCGTGGACGTGGGACATGACGACCCA

GAAGTCAAGTTCTCATGGTTTCGTGGACGATGTGGAGGTGAACACAGCAAC

AACAAAGCCCAGAGAAGAACAGTTTAAACAGCACATATCGGGTGGTTCAGCG

40 CCTTGCGTATTCAGCACCAGGACTGGACTGGTGGCAAGGAGTTTAAAGTGC

AAGGTGCATAACGAAGGTCTGCCCTCTTCTATAGTGAGAACTATCTCCCG

AACTAAGGGCCCCGCTCGGGAGCCCCAGGTTTACGTCTTGCTCCCCCTC

AGGAGGAACTGAGTAAATCAACCGTGAGTCTCACCTGTATGGTTACCTCA

45 TTTTACCCAGACTACATCGCCGTAGAGTGGCAGAGGAATGGACAGCCAGA

GTCTGAGGACAAATACGGCACTACTCCTCCCCAACTGGATGCCGACTCTT

CCTACTTCTCTACTCCAAATGCGAGTTGACCGGAACTCATGGCAGGAG

50 GGGGACACATACACATGCGTCTTATGCACGAGGCCCTGCACAACCATTA

CACCCAGAAGTCCACATCTAAAAGTGCAGGTAAGTAA

&lt;SEQ ID NO: 9&gt;

55 SEQ ID NO: 9 shows the amino acid sequence of a chimeric light chain consisting of the VL of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody and the CL of a bovine antibody.

60 MMSPVQSLFLLLLWLIGTNGDVVLIQTPPTLSATIGQSVSISCRSSQSL

DSDGNTYLNWLLQRPQSPQLLIYSVSNLESGVFNRFSGSGSETDFTLKI

SGVEAEDLGVYYCMQATHVPFTFGSGTKLEIKQPKSPPSVTLFPPSTEEL

65 NGNKATLVCLISDFYPGVSIVVWKADGSTITRNVETTRASKQSNKYAAS

SYLSLTSSDWKSKGSYSCEVTHEGSTVTKTKPKSECS

51

&lt;SEQ ID NO: 10&gt;

SEQ ID NO: 10 shows the amino acid sequence of a chimeric heavy chain consisting of the VH of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody and the CH of a bovine antibody (bovine IgG1, modified from GenBank: X62916).

MVLELVSVIALFQGVHCEVQLVESGGGLVQPKGSLRSLCAASGFDFDITY  
 PMSWVRQAPGKGLDWVASITIKTHNYATLYAASVKERFTISRDDSQSMVY  
 LQMNNLKTEDTALYYCNREDFDYWGQGMVTVSSASTTAPKVYPLSSCCG  
 DKSSSTVTLGCLVSSYMPEPVTVTWNSGALKSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYLSL  
 SMVTVPGSTSGQFTFCNVAHPASSTKVDKAVDPTCKPSPDCPPPPVAG  
 PSVFIFFPKPKDTLTISGTPPEVTCVVVDVGHDDPEVKFSWFVDDDEVNTA  
 TTKPREEQFNSTYRVVSALRIQHODWTGGKEFKCKVHNEGLPSSIVRTIS  
 RTKGPAREPQVYVLAPPQEELSKSTVSLTCMVTSFYPDYIAVEWQRNGQP  
 ESEDKYGTTPQLDADSSYFLYSKLRVDRNSWQEGDITYTCVVMHEALHNH  
 YTQKSTSKSAGK

&lt;SEQ ID NO: 14&gt;

SEQ ID NO: 14 shows the nucleotide sequence (after codon optimization) of a chimeric light chain consisting of the VL of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody and the CL of a bovine antibody.

ATGATGTCTCCCGTCCAAAGCTTGTTCTGCTTCTCCTCTGGATTCTGGG  
 CACAAACGGAGATGTGGTTCTACCCAGACCCCCCTACTCTGTCTGCCA  
 CCATCGGCCAGAGCGTGTCCATATCCTGTGCGAGCTCCCAAAGCCTGCTG  
 GACTCCGATGGGAATACTTACCTGAATTGGCTGTTGCAGCGGCCTGGCCA  
 GTCCCCCAGCTGTTGATCTACAGCGTTAGCAATCTGGAAAAGCGGGGTCC  
 CCAACCGATTCTCCGGAAGCGGCTCCGAGACCGATTTTACCCTCAAGATC  
 TCCGGCGTGGAAGCCGAGGACCTGGGAGTGTATTATGCATGCAGGCCAC  
 CCATGTGCCCTTACCTTCGGTAGCGGTACCAAGTTGGAGATCAAGCAGC  
 CTAAGTCCCCCTCCTTCAGTCAACCTGTTTCCACCATCTACCGAAGAACTC  
 AACGGGAATAAAGCAACACTGGTGTGCCTTATTTCTGATTTTTACCAGG  
 GTCTGTGACAGTGGTTTGGAAAGCTGACGGTTCAACAATTACAAGAAACG  
 TGGAGACAACAAGGGCTTCTAAGCAGTCAAACCTAAGTATGCTGCAAGT  
 TCTTACCTTTCTTACAAGTAGTGACTGGAAAAGTAAGGGCAGTTATTC  
 ATGCGAGGTCACCTCACGAGGGAAGTACTGTAACATAAACTGTAAAACCAT  
 CAGAGTGTTTCATAG

&lt;SEQ ID NO: 15&gt;

SEQ ID NO: 15 shows the nucleotide sequence (after codon optimization) of a chimeric heavy chain consisting of the VH of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody and the CH of a bovine antibody (bovine IgG1, modified from GenBank: X62916).

ATGGTGCTTCTCGAGCTGGTCAGCGTGATTGCTCTGTTTCAGGGCGTGCA  
 CTGCGAAGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGAGTGGTGGTGGGCTCGTGCAACCAAAG  
 GCAGTCTCAGGCTGAGTTGTGCCGCTCCGGATTGATTTGCACACCTAC

52

-continued

CCAATGAGCTGGGTGAGGCAAGCCCCAGGGAAAGGACTCGATTGGGTGGC  
 AAGCATTACCATCAAGACACACAATTATGCTACCCTGTATGCCCAAGCG  
 5 TAAAGGAACGCTTTACCATCTCCCGCGATGATAGCCAGTCCATGGTATAT  
 TTGCAAATGAATAATTTGAAGACAGAAGATACCGCTTGTATTATTGCAA  
 CAGAGAAGATTTTGATTATTGGGGGCAGGGGTGATGGTAACCGTGTCCA  
 10 GCGCTAGCACCACAGCACCTAAAGTTTACCCTCTGTCTTCTGCTGCGGC  
 GACAAGTCTTCATCAACTGTTACTCTTGGATGCCTGGTCTCAAGTTACAT  
 GCCCCGAGCCCCTGACAGTGACCTGGAACCTCAGGGCTCTGAAGTCTGGAG  
 15 TGCACACATTTCCAGCTGTGCTTCAGTCTAGCGGCCTGTATTCCTCAGC  
 TCTATGGTTACTGTACCTGGTAGCACCAGCGGACAGACTTTCACCTGTAA  
 TGTTGCCCATCCCGCATCTTCTACCAAGGTCGATAAAGCCGTTGACCCCA  
 20 CTTGCAAACCATCCCCCTTGATGTTGTGTCACCCCTCCAGTGGCTGGC  
 CCTTCCGTCTTCATTTTCCCTCCTAAACCTAAGGATACTCTGACCATCTC  
 AGGGACACCCGAGGTCACCTGTGTCGTGCTGGACGTGGGACATGACGACC  
 25 CAGAAGTCAAGTCTCATGGTTCGTGGACGATGTGGAGGTGAACACAGCA  
 ACAACAAAGCCAGAGAAGAAGAGTTAACAGCACATATCGGGTGGTCAG  
 CGCCTTGCGTATTTCAGCACCAGGACTGGACTGGTGGCAAGGAGTTAAGT  
 30 GCAAGGTGCATAACGAAGGTCGCCCTTCTATAGTGAGAACTATCTCC  
 CGAATAAGGGCCCCGCTCGGGAGCCCCAGGTTTACGTCCTTGCTCCCCC  
 TCAGGAGGAACTGAGTAAATCAACCGTGAGTCTCACCTGTATGGTTACCT  
 35 CTTTTACCAGACTACATCGCCGTAGAGTGGCAGAGGAATGGACAGCCA  
 GAGTCTGAGGACAAATACGGCACACTCCTCCCCAACTGGATGCCGACTC  
 TTCTACTTCTCTACTCCTAAATGCGAGTTGACCGGAACTCATGGCAGG  
 40 AGGGGGACACATACATGCGTTCGTTATGCACGAGGCCCTGCACAACCAT  
 TACACCCAGAAGTCCACATCTAAAAGTGCAGGTAAGTAA

&lt;SEQ ID NO: 16&gt;

SEQ ID NO: 16 shows the amino acid sequence (QSLLDSDGNTY) of CDR11 of the VL of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8.

&lt;SEQ ID NO: 17&gt;

SEQ ID NO: 17 shows the amino acid sequence

(MQATHVPFT)

of CDR3 of the VL of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8.

&lt;SEQ ID NO: 18&gt;

55 SEQ ID NO: 18 shows the amino acid sequence

(GFDFDITYP)

60 of CDR1 of the VH of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8.

&lt;SEQ ID NO: 19&gt;

SEQ ID NO: 19 shows the amino acid sequence

(ITIKTHNYAT)

65 of CDR2 of the VH of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8.

<SEQ ID NO: 20>  
SEQ ID NO: 20 shows the amino acid sequence

(NREDFDY)

of CDR3 of the VH of rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody 2D8.

<SEQ ID NO: 21>  
SEQ ID NO: 21 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG1 variant 1).  
<SEQ ID NO: 22>  
SEQ ID NO: 22 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG1 variant 2).  
<SEQ ID NO: 23>  
SEQ ID NO: 23 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG1 variant 3).  
<SEQ ID NO: 24>  
SEQ ID NO: 24 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG2 variant 1).  
<SEQ ID NO: 25>  
SEQ ID NO: 25 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG2 variant 2).  
<SEQ ID NO: 26>  
SEQ ID NO: 26 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG2 variant 3).  
<SEQ ID NO: 27>  
SEQ ID NO: 27 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG3 variant 1).  
<SEQ ID NO: 28>  
SEQ ID NO: 28 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG3 variant 2).  
<SEQ ID NO: 29>  
SEQ ID NO: 29 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG1 variant 1).  
<SEQ ID NO: 30>  
SEQ ID NO: 30 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG1 variant 2).  
<SEQ ID NO: 31>  
SEQ ID NO: 31 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG1 variant 3).  
<SEQ ID NO: 32>  
SEQ ID NO: 32 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG2 variant 1).  
<SEQ ID NO: 33>  
SEQ ID NO: 33 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG2 variant 2).  
<SEQ ID NO: 34>  
SEQ ID NO: 34 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG2 variant 3).  
<SEQ ID NO: 35>  
SEQ ID NO: 35 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG3 variant 1).  
<SEQ ID NO: 36>  
SEQ ID NO: 36 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a bovine antibody (IgG3 variant 2).  
<SEQ ID NO: 37>  
SEQ ID NO: 37 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of an ovine antibody (IgG1).  
<SEQ ID NO: 38>  
SEQ ID NO: 38 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of an ovine antibody (IgG1).  
<SEQ ID NO: 39>  
SEQ ID NO: 39 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of an ovine antibody (IgG2).  
<SEQ ID NO: 40>  
SEQ ID NO: 40 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of an ovine antibody (IgG2).

<SEQ ID NO: 41>  
SEQ ID NO: 41 shows the amino acid sequence of the light chain (Ig kappa(CK)) constant region of an ovine antibody.  
<SEQ ID NO: 42>  
5 SEQ ID NO: 42 shows the nucleotide sequence of the light chain (Ig kappa(CK)) constant region of an ovine antibody.  
<SEQ ID NO: 43>  
SEQ ID NO: 43 shows the amino acid sequence of the light chain (Ig lambda(CL)) constant region of an ovine antibody.  
10 <SEQ ID NO: 44>  
SEQ ID NO: 44 shows the nucleotide sequence of the light chain (Ig lambda(CL)) constant region of an ovine antibody.  
<SEQ ID NO: 45>  
15 SEQ ID NO: 45 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a water buffalo antibody (presumed to be IgG1).  
<SEQ ID NO: 46>  
SEQ ID NO: 46 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a water buffalo antibody (presumed to be  
20 IgG1).  
<SEQ ID NO: 47>  
SEQ ID NO: 47 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a water buffalo antibody (presumed to be  
25 IgG2).  
<SEQ ID NO: 48>  
SEQ ID NO: 48 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a water buffalo antibody (presumed to be  
30 IgG2).  
<SEQ ID NO: 49>  
SEQ ID NO: 49 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a water buffalo antibody (presumed to be  
35 IgG3).  
<SEQ ID NO: 50>  
SEQ ID NO: 50 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a water buffalo antibody (presumed to be  
40 IgG3).  
<SEQ ID NO: 51>  
SEQ ID NO: 51 shows the amino acid sequence of the light chain (presumed to be Ig lambda) constant region (CL) of a  
water buffalo antibody.  
<SEQ ID NO: 52>  
SEQ ID NO: 52 shows the nucleotide sequence of the light chain (presumed to be Ig lambda) constant region (CL) of a  
45 water buffalo antibody.  
<SEQ ID NO: 53>  
SEQ ID NO: 53 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a human antibody (IgG4 variant 1).  
50 <SEQ ID NO: 54>  
SEQ ID NO: 54 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a human antibody (IgG4 variant 1).  
<SEQ ID NO: 55>  
SEQ ID NO: 55 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a human antibody (IgG4 variant 2).  
55 <SEQ ID NO: 56>  
SEQ ID NO: 56 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a human antibody (IgG4 variant 2).  
<SEQ ID NO: 57>  
60 <SEQ ID NO: 57>  
SEQ ID NO: 57 shows the amino acid sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a human antibody (IgG4 variant 3).  
<SEQ ID NO: 58>  
SEQ ID NO: 58 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CH (CH1-CH3) of a human antibody (IgG4 variant 3).  
65 <SEQ ID NO: 59>  
SEQ ID NO: 59 shows the amino acid sequence of the CL of a human antibody.

&lt;SEQ ID NO: 60&gt;

SEQ ID NO: 60 shows the nucleotide sequence of the CL of a human antibody.

&lt;SEQ ID NOS: 61-70&gt;

SEQ ID NOS: 61-70 show the nucleotide sequences of primers boLAG-3-EGFP F, boLAG-3-EGFP R, boLAG-3-Ig F, boLAG-3-Ig R, buLAG-3 CDS F, buLAG-3 CDS R, ovLAG-3 CDS F, ovLAG-3 CDS R, buLAG-3-EGFP F, and buLAG-3-EGFP R in this order.

&lt;SEQ ID NO: 71&gt;

SEQ ID NO: 71 shows the amino acid sequence of the full length of bovine LAG-3.

MLWEAWFQVWVFLQLLWAAAVEAPEPGAEPVWVAQEGAPAQLPCSPITP  
 LQDLSLPRTRQVTWQHVPESGSAAPTGRGPPRRYTVLRLAPGGLRIGKL  
 PLQPRVQLEEMGLQRGDFSLWLRPARRADAGEYHAAVRFGNRALACRLRL  
 RVGQAAVTASPPGPLWTSSWVVLNCSFSRPDLPASVHWFGRGPRVPVQES

-continued

PHHHLVGNFLFLPQVSSLDSTWGCSTYRDGFNVSITYNLAVLGLEPRA  
 TLTVYAGAGSKVELPCRLPPGVGIQSSLTAMWTPPGEGPDLLVAGDRNNF  
 5 TLRLEAVGQAQAGTYTCRVHLQGRQLSATVTLAVITVTPKPYGSSGSLRK  
 PFCEVTPASGQERFVWSPLDKRSQRRSPGPWLLTPDARPLSQPWQCHLYQ  
 GERLLGTAVYLTLSHPGAQRSGRALGAGRTAHLPLLLGLLFLLLLVGTG  
 10 ASSFHLWRRQWRPRRFSALEHGHGPSQASSKTGELEPELEPEPDPEVEPE  
 PEPEPESQPQLQPEQP\*

&lt;SEQ ID NO: 72&gt;

15 SEQ ID NO: 72 shows the amino acid sequence of a part of the extracellular region of bovine LAG-3 which corresponds to amino acid numbers 71 to 99).

GSAAPTGRGPPRRYTVLRLAPGGLRIGK.

## SEQUENCE LISTING

&lt;160&gt; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 72

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 1

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 132

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Rattus norvegicus

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 1

Met Met Ser Pro Val Gln Ser Leu Phe Leu Leu Leu Leu Trp Ile Leu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Val Val Leu Thr Gln Thr Pro Pro Thr Leu Ser  
 20 25 30  
 Ala Thr Ile Gly Gln Ser Val Ser Ile Ser Cys Arg Ser Ser Gln Ser  
 35 40 45  
 Leu Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Asn Thr Tyr Leu Asn Trp Leu Leu Gln Arg  
 50 55 60  
 Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Gln Leu Leu Ile Tyr Ser Val Ser Asn Leu Glu  
 65 70 75 80  
 Ser Gly Val Pro Asn Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Glu Thr Asp Phe  
 85 90 95  
 Thr Leu Lys Ile Ser Gly Val Glu Ala Glu Asp Leu Gly Val Tyr Tyr  
 100 105 110  
 Cys Met Gln Ala Thr His Val Pro Phe Thr Phe Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys  
 115 120 125  
 Leu Glu Ile Lys  
 130

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 2

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 134

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Rattus norvegicus

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 2

Met Val Leu Leu Glu Leu Val Ser Val Ile Ala Leu Phe Gln Gly Val  
 1 5 10 15  
 His Cys Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val Gln Pro  
 20 25 30  
 Lys Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asp Phe Asp

-continued

---

Thr	Tyr	Pro	Met	Ser	Trp	Val	Arg	Gln	Ala	Pro	Gly	Lys	Gly	Leu	Asp
50						55					60				
Trp	Val	Ala	Ser	Ile	Thr	Ile	Lys	Thr	His	Asn	Tyr	Ala	Thr	Leu	Tyr
65					70					75				80	
Ala	Ala	Ser	Val	Lys	Glu	Arg	Phe	Thr	Ile	Ser	Arg	Asp	Asp	Ser	Gln
				85					90					95	
Ser	Met	Val	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Met	Asn	Asn	Leu	Lys	Thr	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ala
			100					105					110		
Leu	Tyr	Tyr	Cys	Asn	Arg	Glu	Asp	Phe	Asp	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gln	Gly	Val
			115				120					125			
Met	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser										

<210> SEQ ID NO 3  
 <211> LENGTH: 105  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

<400> SEQUENCE: 3

Gln	Pro	Lys	Ser	Pro	Pro	Ser	Val	Thr	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Ser	Thr	Glu
1				5					10					15	
Glu	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asn	Lys	Ala	Thr	Leu	Val	Cys	Leu	Ile	Ser	Asp	Phe
			20					25					30		
Tyr	Pro	Gly	Ser	Val	Thr	Val	Val	Trp	Lys	Ala	Asp	Gly	Ser	Thr	Ile
			35				40					45			
Thr	Arg	Asn	Val	Glu	Thr	Thr	Arg	Ala	Ser	Lys	Gln	Ser	Asn	Ser	Lys
						55					60				
Tyr	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Asp	Trp	Lys	Ser
65					70					75				80	
Lys	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Cys	Glu	Val	Thr	His	Glu	Gly	Ser	Thr	Val	Thr
				85					90					95	
Lys	Thr	Val	Lys	Pro	Ser	Glu	Cys	Ser							
			100					105							

<210> SEQ ID NO 4  
 <211> LENGTH: 328  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

<400> SEQUENCE: 4

Ala	Ser	Thr	Thr	Ala	Pro	Lys	Val	Tyr	Pro	Leu	Ser	Ser	Cys	Cys	Gly
1				5					10					15	
Asp	Lys	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Val	Thr	Leu	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Ser	Ser	Tyr
				20				25					30		
Met	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Thr	Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Lys	Ser
				35			40					45			
Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ser
						55						60			
Leu	Ser	Ser	Met	Val	Thr	Val	Pro	Gly	Ser	Thr	Ser	Gly	Gln	Thr	Phe
65					70					75				80	
Thr	Cys	Asn	Val	Ala	His	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ser	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Ala
				85					90					95	
Val	Asp	Pro	Thr	Cys	Lys	Pro	Ser	Pro	Cys	Asp	Cys	Cys	Pro	Pro	Pro
				100				105					110		
Pro	Val	Ala	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Ile	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp

-continued

115	120	125
Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp 130 135 140		
Val Gly His Asp Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Ser Trp Phe Val Asp Asp 145 150 155 160		
Val Glu Val Asn Thr Ala Thr Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn 165 170 175		
Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Arg Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp 180 185 190		
Thr Gly Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val His Asn Glu Gly Leu Pro 195 200 205		
Ser Ser Ile Val Arg Thr Ile Ser Arg Thr Lys Gly Pro Ala Arg Glu 210 215 220		
Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Ala Pro Pro Gln Glu Glu Leu Ser Lys Ser 225 230 235 240		
Thr Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Ser Phe Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Ile 245 250 255		
Ala Val Glu Trp Gln Arg Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Asp Lys Tyr 260 265 270		
Gly Thr Thr Pro Pro Gln Leu Asp Ala Asp Ser Ser Tyr Phe Leu Tyr 275 280 285		
Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Asp Arg Asn Ser Trp Gln Glu Gly Asp Thr Tyr 290 295 300		
Thr Cys Val Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys 305 310 315 320		
Ser Thr Ser Lys Ser Ala Gly Lys 325		

<210> SEQ ID NO 5  
 <211> LENGTH: 396  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Rattus norvegicus

<400> SEQUENCE: 5

```

atgatgagtc ctgtccaatc cctgtttttg ttattgcttt ggattctggg aaccaatggt      60
gatgttggtc tgaccagac tccaccact ttatcggtta ccattggaca atcgggtctcc      120
atctcttgca ggtcaagtca gagtctctta gatagtgatg gaaataccta tttaaattgg      180
ttgctacaga ggccaggcca atctccacag cttctaattt attcgggtatc caacctggaa      240
tctgggggtcc ccaacaggtt cagtggcagt gggtcagaaa cagatttcac actcaaaatc      300
agtggagtgaggctgaaga tttgggagtt tattactgca tgcaagctac ccatgttcca      360
ttcacgttcg gctcaggac gaagttggaa ataaaaa                                396

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 6  
 <211> LENGTH: 396  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Rattus norvegicus

<400> SEQUENCE: 6

```

atgatgtctc ccgtccaaag cttgttctct cttctcctct ggattctggg cacaaacgga      60
gatgtgggtc tcaccagac cccccctact ctgtctgcca ccateggcca gagegtgtcc      120
atatcctgtc gcagctccca aagcctgctg gactccgatg ggaataccta cctgaattgg      180
ctgttgacgc ggctggcca gtccccccag ctgttgatct acagcgttag caatctggaa      240

```



-continued

---

```

agcggggtcc ccaaccgatt ctccggaagc ggctccgaga ccgattttac cctcaagatc 300
tccggcgtgg aagccgagga cctgggagtg tattattgca tgcaggccac ccatgtgccc 360
ttcaccttcg gtagcggtag caagttggag atcaag 396

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 7
<211> LENGTH: 318
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 7

```

```

cagcccaagt cccaccctc ggtcaccctg ttcccgccct ccacggagga gctcaacggc 60
aacaaggcca cctggtgtg tctcatcagc gacttctacc cgggtagcgt gaccgtggtc 120
tggaaaggcag acggcagcac catcaccgcg aacgtggaga ccaccgggc ctccaaacag 180
agcaacagca agtacgcggc cagcagctac ctgagcctga cgagcagcga ctggaaatcg 240
aaaggcagtt acagctgca ggtcacgcac gaggggagca ccgtgacgaa gacagtgaag 300
ccctcagagt gttcttag 318

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 8
<211> LENGTH: 987
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: codon-optimized sequence

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 8

```

```

gctagcacca cagcacctaa agtttaccct ctgtcttct gctgcggcga caagtcttca 60
tcaactgtta ctcttgatg cctggctca agttacatgc ccgagcccgt gacagtgacc 120
tggaaactcag gcgctctgaa gtctggagtg cacacattc cagctgtgct tcagtctagc 180
ggcctgtatt ccctcagctc tatggttact gtacctgga gcaccagcgg acagactttc 240
acctgtaatg ttgccatcc cgcacttct accaaggctg ataaagccgt tgaccccact 300
tgaaaacat cccctgtga ttggtgtcca cccctccag tggctggccc ttccgtcttc 360
atcttccctc ctaaactaa ggatactctg accatctcag ggacaccga ggtcacctgt 420
gtcgtcgtgg acgtgggaca tgacgacca gaagtcaagt tctcatggt cgtggacgat 480
gtggaggtga acacagcaac aaaaagccc agagaagaac agtttaacag cacatatcgg 540
gtggtcagcg ccttgcgtat tcagcaccag gactggactg gtggcaagga gtttaagtgc 600
aaggtgcata acgaaggtct gccctcttct atagtgagaa ctatctccc aactaagggc 660
cccgtcggg agcccaggt ttacgtcctt gctccccctc aggaggaact gagtaaatca 720
accgtgagtc tcacctgat ggttacctc ttttaccag actacatgc cgtagagtgg 780
cagaggaatg gacagccaga gtctgaggac aaatacggca ctactcctcc ccaactggat 840
gccgactctt cctacttct ctactccaaa ttgcgagttg accggaactc atggcaggag 900
ggggacacat acacatgct cgttatgac gaggcctgc acaaccatta caccagaag 960
tccacatcta aaagtgcagg taagtaa 987

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 9
<211> LENGTH: 237
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chimeric L chain

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 9

```

-continued

---

Met Met Ser Pro Val Gln Ser Leu Phe Leu Leu Leu Leu Trp Ile Leu  
1 5 10 15

Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Val Val Leu Thr Gln Thr Pro Pro Thr Leu Ser  
20 25 30

Ala Thr Ile Gly Gln Ser Val Ser Ile Ser Cys Arg Ser Ser Gln Ser  
35 40 45

Leu Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Asn Thr Tyr Leu Asn Trp Leu Leu Gln Arg  
50 55 60

Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Gln Leu Leu Ile Tyr Ser Val Ser Asn Leu Glu  
65 70 75 80

Ser Gly Val Pro Asn Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Glu Thr Asp Phe  
85 90 95

Thr Leu Lys Ile Ser Gly Val Glu Ala Glu Asp Leu Gly Val Tyr Tyr  
100 105 110

Cys Met Gln Ala Thr His Val Pro Phe Thr Phe Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys  
115 120 125

Leu Glu Ile Lys Gln Pro Lys Ser Pro Pro Ser Val Thr Leu Phe Pro  
130 135 140

Pro Ser Thr Glu Glu Leu Asn Gly Asn Lys Ala Thr Leu Val Cys Leu  
145 150 155 160

Ile Ser Asp Phe Tyr Pro Gly Ser Val Thr Val Val Trp Lys Ala Asp  
165 170 175

Gly Ser Thr Ile Thr Arg Asn Val Glu Thr Thr Arg Ala Ser Lys Gln  
180 185 190

Ser Asn Ser Lys Tyr Ala Ala Ser Ser Tyr Leu Ser Leu Thr Ser Ser  
195 200 205

Asp Trp Lys Ser Lys Gly Ser Tyr Ser Cys Glu Val Thr His Glu Gly  
210 215 220

Ser Thr Val Thr Lys Thr Val Lys Pro Ser Glu Cys Ser  
225 230 235

<210> SEQ ID NO 10  
 <211> LENGTH: 462  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: chimeric H chain

<400> SEQUENCE: 10

Met Val Leu Leu Glu Leu Val Ser Val Ile Ala Leu Phe Gln Gly Val  
1 5 10 15

His Cys Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val Gln Pro  
20 25 30

Lys Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asp Phe Asp  
35 40 45

Thr Tyr Pro Met Ser Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Asp  
50 55 60

Trp Val Ala Ser Ile Thr Ile Lys Thr His Asn Tyr Ala Thr Leu Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Glu Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asp Ser Gln  
85 90 95

Ser Met Val Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Asn Leu Lys Thr Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Leu Tyr Tyr Cys Asn Arg Glu Asp Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Val  
115 120 125

-continued

Met Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Thr Ala Pro Lys Val Tyr Pro  
 130 135 140  
 Leu Ser Ser Cys Cys Gly Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Val Thr Leu Gly  
 145 150 155 160  
 Cys Leu Val Ser Ser Tyr Met Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Thr Trp Asn  
 165 170 175  
 Ser Gly Ala Leu Lys Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln  
 180 185 190  
 Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Met Val Thr Val Pro Gly Ser  
 195 200 205  
 Thr Ser Gly Gln Thr Phe Thr Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala Ser Ser  
 210 215 220  
 Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Ala Val Asp Pro Thr Cys Lys Pro Ser Pro Cys  
 225 230 235 240  
 Asp Cys Cys Pro Pro Pro Pro Val Ala Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe  
 245 250 255  
 Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Glu Val  
 260 265 270  
 Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Gly His Asp Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe  
 275 280 285  
 Ser Trp Phe Val Asp Asp Val Glu Val Asn Thr Ala Thr Thr Lys Pro  
 290 295 300  
 Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Arg  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Thr Gly Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val  
 325 330 335  
 His Asn Glu Gly Leu Pro Ser Ser Ile Val Arg Thr Ile Ser Arg Thr  
 340 345 350  
 Lys Gly Pro Ala Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Ala Pro Pro Gln  
 355 360 365  
 Glu Glu Leu Ser Lys Ser Thr Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Ser  
 370 375 380  
 Phe Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Gln Arg Asn Gly Gln Pro  
 385 390 395 400  
 Glu Ser Glu Asp Lys Tyr Gly Thr Thr Pro Pro Gln Leu Asp Ala Asp  
 405 410 415  
 Ser Ser Tyr Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Asp Arg Asn Ser Trp  
 420 425 430  
 Gln Glu Gly Asp Thr Tyr Thr Cys Val Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His  
 435 440 445  
 Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Thr Ser Lys Ser Ala Gly Lys  
 450 455 460

<210> SEQ ID NO 11  
 <211> LENGTH: 396  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: codon-optimized sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 11

atgatgtctc cegtcctaaag cttgttctctg cttctcctct ggattctggg cacaaacgga 60  
 gatgtggttc tcaccagac cccccctact ctgtctgccca ccatcggcca gagegtgtcc 120  
 atatcctgtc gcagctccca aagcctgctg gactccgatg ggaatactta cctgaattgg 180

-continued

---

```

ctgttgccagc ggcctggcca gtccccccag ctgttgatct acagcgttag caatctggaa 240
agcgggggtcc ccaaccgatt ctccggaagc ggctccgaga ccgattttac cctcaagatc 300
tccggcgtgg aagccgagga cctgggagtg tattattgca tgcaggccac ccatgtgccc 360
ttcaccttcg gtagcggtag caagttggag atcaag 396

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 12
<211> LENGTH: 402
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: codon-optimized sequence

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 12

```

```

atggtgcttc tcgagctggt cagcgtgatt gctctgtttc agggcgtgca ctgccaagtg 60
cagctggtgg agagtgggtg tgggctcgtg caaccaaaag gcagtctcag gctgagttgt 120
gccgcctccg gattcgattt cgacacctac ccaatgagct gggtcaggca agccccaggg 180
aaaggactcg attgggtggc aagcattacc atcaagacac acaattatgc taccctgtat 240
gccgcaagcg taaaggaacg ctttaccatc tcccgcgatg atagccagtc catggtatat 300
ttgcaaatga ataattgaa gacagaagat accgctttgt attattgcaa cagagaagat 360
tttgattatt gggggcaggg ggtgatggta accgtgtcca gc 402

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 13
<211> LENGTH: 318
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: codon-optimized sequence

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 13

```

```

cagcctaagt cccctccttc agtcaccctg tttccaccat ctaccgaaga actcaacggg 60
aataaagcaa cactggtgtg ccttatttct gatttttacc cagggctctgt gacagtggtt 120
tggaagctg acggttcaac aattacaaga aacgtggaga caacaagggc ttctaagcag 180
tcaaactcta agtatgctgc aagttcttac ctttctctta caagtagtga ctggaaaagt 240
aagggcagtt attcatgca ggtcactcac gaggaagta ctgtaactaa aactgtaaaa 300
ccatcagagt gttcatag 318

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 14
<211> LENGTH: 714
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: codon-optimized sequence

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 14

```

```

atgatgtctc cegtccaaag cttgttctct cttctcctct ggattctggg cacaaacgga 60
gatgtggttc tcaccagac cccccctact ctgtctgcca ccatcggcca gagcgtgtcc 120
atatcctgtc gcagctcca aagcctgctg gactccgatg ggaatactta cctgaattgg 180
ctgttgccagc ggcctggcca gtccccccag ctgttgatct acagcgttag caatctggaa 240
agcgggggtcc ccaaccgatt ctccggaagc ggctccgaga ccgattttac cctcaagatc 300
tccggcgtgg aagccgagga cctgggagtg tattattgca tgcaggccac ccatgtgccc 360
ttcaccttcg gtagcggtag caagttggag atcaagcagc ctaagtcccc tccttcagtc 420

```

-continued

---

```

accctgtttc caccatctac cgaagaactc aacgggaata aagcaact ggtgtgcctt 480
atctctgatt tttaccagg gtctgtgaca gtggtttgga aagctgacgg ttcaacaatt 540
acaagaaacg tggagacaac aagggtctct aagcagtcaa actctaagta tgctgcaagt 600
tcttaccttt ctcttacaag tagtgactgg aaaagtaagg gcagttattc atgctgaggtc 660
actcacgagg gaagtactgt aactaaaact gtaaaacat cagagtgttc atag 714

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 15
<211> LENGTH: 1389
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: codon-optimized sequence

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 15

```

```

atggtgcttc tggagctggt cagcgtgatt gctctgtttc agggcgtgca ctgcaagtg 60
cagctggtgg agagtgggtg tgggctcgtg caaccaaaag gcagtctcag gctgagttgt 120
gccgcctccg gattcgattt cgacacctac ccaatgagct gggtcaggca agccccaggg 180
aaaggactcg attgggtggc aagcattacc atcaagacac acaattatgc taccctgtat 240
gccgcaagcg taaaggaacg ctttaccatc tcccgcgatg atagccagtc catggtatat 300
ttgcaaatga ataattgaa gacagaagat accgctttgt attattgcaa cagagaagat 360
tttgattatt gggggcaggg ggtgatggta accgtgtcca gcgctagcac cacagcacct 420
aaagtttacc ctctgtcttc ctgctgcggc gacaagtctt catcaactgt tactcttggg 480
tgctgtgctt caagttacat gcccagagcc gtgacagtga cctggaactc aggcgctctg 540
aagtctggag tgcacacatt tccagctgtg cttcagtcta gcggcctgta ttccctcagc 600
tctatggtta ctgtacctgg tagcaccagc ggacagactt tcacctgaa tgttgcccat 660
cccgcactct ctaccaaggt cgataaagcc gttgaccca cttgcaaacc atccccttgt 720
gattgttgtc caccctctcc agtggctggc ccttccgtct tcattttccc tctaaacct 780
aaggatactc tgaccatctc agggacacc gaggtcacct gtgtcgtcgt ggacgtggga 840
catgacgacc cagaagtcaa gttctcatgg ttcgtggagc atgtggaggt gaacacagca 900
acaacaaagc ccagagaaga acagttaac agcacatctc ggggtggtcag cgccttgcgt 960
attcagcacc aggactggac tgggtggcaag gagttaagt gcaagggtgca taacgaaggt 1020
ctgccctctt ctatagttag aactatctcc cgaactaagg gcccgcctcg ggagccccag 1080
gtttacgtcc ttgctcccc tcaggaggaa ctgagtaaat caaccgtgag tctcacctgt 1140
atggttacct cattttacc agactacatc gccgtagagt ggcagaggaa tggacagcca 1200
gagtctgagg acaatacgg cactactcct cccaactgg atgcccactc ttcctacttc 1260
ctctactcca aattgcgagt tgaccggaac tcatggcagg agggggacac atacacatgc 1320
gtcgttatgc acgaggccct gcacaacat tacaccaga agtccacatc taaaagtgca 1380
ggtaagtaa 1389

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 16
<211> LENGTH: 11
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Rattus norvegicus

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 16

```

```

Gln Ser Leu Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Asn Thr Tyr
1           5           10

```

-continued

<210> SEQ ID NO 17  
 <211> LENGTH: 9  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Rattus norvegicus

<400> SEQUENCE: 17

Met Gln Ala Thr His Val Pro Phe Thr  
 1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 18  
 <211> LENGTH: 8  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Rattus norvegicus

<400> SEQUENCE: 18

Gly Phe Asp Phe Asp Thr Tyr Pro  
 1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 19  
 <211> LENGTH: 10  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Rattus norvegicus

<400> SEQUENCE: 19

Ile Thr Ile Lys Thr His Asn Tyr Ala Thr  
 1 5 10

<210> SEQ ID NO 20  
 <211> LENGTH: 7  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Rattus norvegicus

<400> SEQUENCE: 20

Asn Arg Glu Asp Phe Asp Tyr  
 1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 21  
 <211> LENGTH: 329  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

<400> SEQUENCE: 21

Ala Ser Thr Thr Ala Pro Lys Val Tyr Pro Leu Ser Ser Cys Cys Gly  
 1 5 10 15

Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Val Thr Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Ser Ser Tyr  
 20 25 30

Met Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Lys Ser  
 35 40 45

Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser  
 50 55 60

Leu Ser Ser Met Val Thr Val Pro Gly Ser Thr Ser Gly Gln Thr Phe  
 65 70 75 80

Thr Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Ala  
 85 90 95

Val Asp Pro Thr Cys Lys Pro Ser Pro Cys Asp Cys Cys Pro Pro Pro  
 100 105 110

Glu Leu Pro Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
 115 120 125

Asp Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
 130 135 140

-continued

---

Asp Val Gly His Asp Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Ser Trp Phe Val Asp  
 145 150 155 160  
 Asp Val Glu Val Asn Thr Ala Thr Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe  
 165 170 175  
 Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Arg Ile Gln His Gln Asp  
 180 185 190  
 Trp Thr Gly Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val His Asn Glu Gly Leu  
 195 200 205  
 Pro Ala Pro Ile Val Arg Thr Ile Ser Arg Thr Lys Gly Pro Ala Arg  
 210 215 220  
 Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Ala Pro Pro Gln Glu Glu Leu Ser Lys  
 225 230 235 240  
 Ser Thr Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Ser Phe Tyr Pro Asp Tyr  
 245 250 255  
 Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Gln Arg Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Asp Lys  
 260 265 270  
 Tyr Gly Thr Thr Pro Pro Gln Leu Asp Ala Asp Ser Ser Tyr Phe Leu  
 275 280 285  
 Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Asp Arg Asn Ser Trp Gln Glu Gly Asp Thr  
 290 295 300  
 Tyr Thr Cys Val Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Ser Thr Ser Lys Ser Ala Gly Lys  
 325

<210> SEQ ID NO 22  
 <211> LENGTH: 329  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

<400> SEQUENCE: 22

Ala Ser Thr Thr Ala Pro Lys Val Tyr Pro Leu Ser Ser Cys Cys Gly  
 1 5 10 15  
 Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Val Thr Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Ser Ser Tyr  
 20 25 30  
 Met Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Lys Ser  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser  
 50 55 60  
 Leu Ser Ser Met Val Thr Val Pro Gly Ser Thr Ser Gly Gln Thr Phe  
 65 70 75 80  
 Thr Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Ala  
 85 90 95  
 Val Asp Pro Thr Cys Lys Pro Ser Pro Cys Asp Cys Cys Pro Pro Pro  
 100 105 110  
 Glu Leu Pro Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
 115 120 125  
 Asp Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
 130 135 140  
 Asp Val Gly His Asp Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Ser Trp Phe Val Asp  
 145 150 155 160  
 Asp Val Glu Val Asn Thr Ala Thr Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe  
 165 170 175  
 Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Arg Ile Gln His Gln Asp  
 180 185 190

-continued

Trp Thr Gly Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val His Asn Glu Gly Leu  
 195 200 205  
 Pro Ala Pro Ile Val Arg Thr Ile Ser Arg Thr Lys Gly Pro Ala Arg  
 210 215 220  
 Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Ala Pro Pro Gln Glu Glu Leu Ser Lys  
 225 230 235 240  
 Ser Thr Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Ser Phe Tyr Pro Asp Tyr  
 245 250 255  
 Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Gln Arg Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Asp Lys  
 260 265 270  
 Tyr Gly Thr Thr Pro Pro Gln Leu Asp Ala Asp Ser Ser Tyr Phe Leu  
 275 280 285  
 Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Asp Arg Asn Ser Trp Gln Glu Gly Asp Thr  
 290 295 300  
 Tyr Thr Cys Val Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln  
 305 310 315 320  
 Lys Ser Thr Ser Lys Ser Ala Gly Lys  
 325

<210> SEQ ID NO 23  
 <211> LENGTH: 329  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

<400> SEQUENCE: 23

Ala Ser Thr Thr Ala Pro Lys Val Tyr Pro Leu Ser Ser Cys Cys Gly  
 1 5 10 15  
 Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Val Thr Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Ser Ser Tyr  
 20 25 30  
 Met Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Lys Ser  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser  
 50 55 60  
 Leu Ser Ser Met Val Thr Val Pro Gly Ser Thr Ser Gly Thr Gln Thr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Phe Thr Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Val Asp Pro Arg Cys Lys Thr Thr Cys Asp Cys Cys Pro Pro Pro  
 100 105 110  
 Glu Leu Pro Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
 115 120 125  
 Asp Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
 130 135 140  
 Asp Val Gly His Asp Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Ser Trp Phe Val Asp  
 145 150 155 160  
 Asp Val Glu Val Asn Thr Ala Thr Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe  
 165 170 175  
 Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Arg Ile Gln His Gln Asp  
 180 185 190  
 Trp Thr Gly Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val His Asn Glu Gly Leu  
 195 200 205  
 Pro Ala Pro Ile Val Arg Thr Ile Ser Arg Thr Lys Gly Pro Ala Arg  
 210 215 220  
 Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Ala Pro Pro Gln Glu Glu Leu Ser Lys



-continued

---

225		230		235		240
Ser Thr Val	Ser Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Ser Phe Tyr Pro Asp Tyr	245		250		255
Ile Ala Val	Glu Trp Gln Arg Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Asp Lys	260		265		270
Tyr Gly Thr	Thr Pro Pro Gln Leu Asp Ala Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Leu	275		280		285
Tyr Ser Arg	Leu Arg Val Asp Arg Asn Ser Trp Gln Glu Gly Asp Thr	290		295		300
Tyr Thr Cys	Val Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln	305		310		315
Lys Ser Thr	Ser Lys Ser Ala Gly Lys	325				
<210> SEQ ID NO 24						
<211> LENGTH: 326						
<212> TYPE: PRT						
<213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus						
<400> SEQUENCE: 24						
Ala Ser Thr Thr	Ala Pro Lys Val Tyr Pro Leu Ala Ser Ser Cys Gly	5		10		15
Asp Thr Ser Ser	Ser Thr Val Thr Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Ser Ser Tyr	20		25		30
Met Pro Glu Pro	Val Thr Val Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Lys Ser	35		40		45
Gly Val His Thr	Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser	50		55		60
Leu Ser Ser Met	Val Thr Val Pro Ala Ser Ser Ser Gly Gln Thr Phe	65		70		75
Thr Cys Asn Val	Ala His Pro Ala Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Ala	85		90		95
Val Gly Val Ser	Ile Asp Cys Ser Lys Cys His Asn Gln Pro Cys Val	100		105		110
Arg Glu Pro Ser	Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu	115		120		125
Met Ile Thr Gly	Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asn Val Gly	130		135		140
His Asp Asn Pro	Glu Val Gln Phe Ser Trp Phe Val Asp Asp Val Glu	145		150		155
Val His Thr Ala	Arg Ser Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr	165		170		175
Tyr Arg Val Val	Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Thr Gly	180		185		190
Gly Lys Glu Phe	Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Gly Leu Ser Ala Pro	195		200		205
Ile Val Arg Ile	Ile Ser Arg Ser Lys Gly Pro Ala Arg Glu Pro Gln	210		215		220
Val Tyr Val Leu	Asp Pro Pro Lys Glu Glu Leu Ser Lys Ser Thr Leu	225		230		235
Ser Val Thr Cys	Met Val Thr Gly Phe Tyr Pro Glu Asp Val Ala Val	245		250		255
Glu Trp Gln Arg	Asn Arg Gln Thr Glu Ser Glu Asp Lys Tyr Arg Thr	260		265		270



-continued

Ser Lys Ser Ala Gly Lys  
325

<210> SEQ ID NO 26  
<211> LENGTH: 327  
<212> TYPE: PRT  
<213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

<400> SEQUENCE: 26

Ala Ser Thr Thr Ala Pro Lys Val Tyr Pro Leu Ser Ser Cys Cys Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Gly Val Thr Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Ser Ser Tyr  
20 25 30  
Met Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Lys Ser  
35 40 45  
Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser  
50 55 60  
Leu Ser Ser Met Val Thr Val Pro Ala Ser Ser Ser Gly Thr Gln Thr  
65 70 75 80  
Phe Thr Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys  
85 90 95  
Ala Val Gly Val Ser Ser Asp Cys Ser Lys Pro Asn Asn Gln His Cys  
100 105 110  
Val Arg Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr  
115 120 125  
Leu Met Ile Thr Gly Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asn Val  
130 135 140  
Gly His Asp Asn Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Ser Trp Phe Val Asp Asp Val  
145 150 155 160  
Glu Val His Thr Ala Arg Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser  
165 170 175  
Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Thr  
180 185 190  
Gly Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Ile Lys Gly Leu Ser Ala  
195 200 205  
Ser Ile Val Arg Ile Ile Ser Arg Ser Lys Gly Pro Ala Arg Glu Pro  
210 215 220  
Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Asp Pro Pro Lys Glu Glu Leu Ser Lys Ser Thr  
225 230 235 240  
Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Met Val Ile Gly Phe Tyr Pro Glu Asp Val Asp  
245 250 255  
Val Glu Trp Gln Arg Asp Arg Gln Thr Glu Ser Glu Asp Lys Tyr Arg  
260 265 270  
Thr Thr Pro Pro Gln Leu Asp Ala Asp Arg Ser Tyr Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
275 280 285  
Lys Leu Arg Val Asp Arg Asn Ser Trp Gln Arg Gly Asp Thr Tyr Thr  
290 295 300  
Cys Val Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Met Gln Lys Ser  
305 310 315 320  
Thr Ser Lys Ser Ala Gly Lys  
325

<210> SEQ ID NO 27  
<211> LENGTH: 352  
<212> TYPE: PRT

-continued

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Bos taurus

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 27

Ala Ser Thr Thr Ala Pro Lys Val Tyr Pro Leu Ala Ser Ser Cys Gly  
 1 5 10 15  
 Asp Thr Ser Ser Ser Thr Val Thr Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Ser Ser Tyr  
 20 25 30  
 Met Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Lys Ser  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Arg Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser  
 50 55 60  
 Leu Ser Ser Met Val Thr Val Pro Ala Ser Ser Ser Glu Thr Gln Thr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Phe Thr Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Val Thr Ala Arg Arg Pro Val Pro Thr Thr Pro Lys Thr Thr Ile  
 100 105 110  
 Pro Pro Gly Lys Pro Thr Thr Pro Lys Ser Glu Val Glu Lys Thr Pro  
 115 120 125  
 Cys Gln Cys Ser Lys Cys Pro Glu Pro Leu Gly Gly Leu Ser Val Phe  
 130 135 140  
 Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Gly Gln Asp Asp Pro Glu Val  
 165 170 175  
 Gln Phe Ser Trp Phe Val Asp Asp Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Arg Thr  
 180 185 190  
 Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Ala  
 195 200 205  
 Leu Arg Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Leu Gln Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys  
 210 215 220  
 Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Val Arg Thr Ile Ser  
 225 230 235 240  
 Arg Thr Lys Gly Gln Ala Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Ala Pro  
 245 250 255  
 Pro Arg Glu Glu Leu Ser Lys Ser Thr Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Ile  
 260 265 270  
 Thr Gly Phe Tyr Pro Glu Glu Ile Asp Val Glu Trp Gln Arg Asn Gly  
 275 280 285  
 Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Asp Lys Tyr His Thr Thr Ala Pro Gln Leu Asp  
 290 295 300  
 Ala Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Asn Lys Ser  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ser Trp Gln Glu Gly Asp His Tyr Thr Cys Ala Val Met His Glu Ala  
 325 330 335  
 Leu Arg Asn His Tyr Lys Glu Lys Ser Ile Ser Arg Ser Pro Gly Lys  
 340 345 350

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 28

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 352

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Bos taurus

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 28

Ala Ser Thr Thr Ala Pro Lys Val Tyr Pro Leu Ala Ser Arg Cys Gly

-continued

1	5	10	15
Asp Thr Ser Ser Ser Thr Val Thr Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Ser Ser Tyr	20	25	30
Met Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Lys Ser	35	40	45
Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser	50	55	60
Leu Ser Ser Met Val Thr Val Pro Ala Ser Thr Ser Glu Thr Gln Thr	65	70	75
Phe Thr Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys	85	90	95
Ala Val Thr Ala Arg Arg Pro Val Pro Thr Thr Pro Lys Thr Thr Ile	100	105	110
Pro Pro Gly Lys Pro Thr Thr Gln Glu Ser Glu Val Glu Lys Thr Pro	115	120	125
Cys Gln Cys Ser Lys Cys Pro Glu Pro Leu Gly Gly Leu Ser Val Phe	130	135	140
Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro	145	150	155
Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Gly Gln Asp Asp Pro Glu Val	165	170	175
Gln Phe Ser Trp Phe Val Asp Asp Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Arg Thr	180	185	190
Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Ala	195	200	205
Leu Arg Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Leu Gln Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys	210	215	220
Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Val Arg Thr Ile Ser	225	230	235
Arg Thr Lys Gly Gln Ala Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Ala Pro	245	250	255
Pro Arg Glu Glu Leu Ser Lys Ser Thr Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Ile	260	265	270
Thr Gly Phe Tyr Pro Glu Glu Ile Asp Val Glu Trp Gln Arg Asn Gly	275	280	285
Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Asp Lys Tyr His Thr Thr Ala Pro Gln Leu Asp	290	295	300
Ala Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Leu Tyr Ser Arg Leu Arg Val Asn Lys Ser	305	310	315
Ser Trp Gln Glu Gly Asp His Tyr Thr Cys Ala Val Met His Glu Ala	325	330	335
Leu Arg Asn His Tyr Lys Glu Lys Ser Ile Ser Arg Ser Pro Gly Lys	340	345	350

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 29

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 990

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Bos taurus

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 29

gctccacca cagccccgaa agtctaccct ctgagttctt gctgcgggga caagtcacg 60

tccaccgtga ccttgggctg cctgggtctcc agctacatgc ccgagccggt gaccgtgacc 120

tggactcgg gtgcctgaa gagcggcgtg cacaccttcc cggctgtcct tcagtcctcc 180

-continued

---

```

gggctgtact ctctcagcag catggtgacc gtgcccgga gcacctcagg acagaccttc 240
acctgcaacg tagcccaccc ggccagcagc accaaggtgg acaaggctgt tgatcccaca 300
tgcaaaccat caccctgtga ctggtgccc cccctgagc tccccggagg accctctgtc 360
ttcatcttcc caccgaaacc caaggacacc ctcaaatct cgggaacgcc cgaggtcacg 420
tgtgtggtgg tggacgtggg ccacgatgac cccgaggtga agttctctg gttcgtggac 480
gacgtggagg taaacacagc cacgacgaag ccgagagagg agcagttcaa cagcacctac 540
cgcgtggtca gcgccctgcg catccagcac caggactgga ctggaggaaa ggagttcaag 600
tgcaaggtcc acaacgaagg cctcccggcc cccatcgtga ggaccatctc caggacccaaa 660
gggccggccc gggagccgca ggtgtatgtc ctggccccac cccaggaaga gctcagcaaa 720
agcacggtca gcctcacctg catggtcacc agcttctacc cagactacat cgccgtggag 780
tggcagagaa acgggcagcc tgagtcggag gacaagtacg gcacgacccc gcccagctg 840
gacgcccaca gctcctactt cctgtacagc aagctcaggg tggacaggaa cagctggcag 900
gaaggagaca cctacacgtg tgtggtgatg cacgagggccc tgcacaatca ctacacgcag 960
aagtccacct ctaagtctgc gggtaaatga 990

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 30
<211> LENGTH: 990
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 30

```

```

gcctccacca cagccccgaa agtctaccct ctgagttctt gctgcgggga caagtccagc 60
tccaccgtga cctgggctg cctggtctcc agctacatgc ccgagccggt gaccgtgacc 120
tggaaactcgg gtgccctgaa gagcggcgtg cacaccttcc cggccgtcct tcagtcctcc 180
gggctgtact ctctcagcag catggtgacc gtgcccgga gcacctcagg acagaccttc 240
acctgcaacg tagcccaccc ggccagcagc accaaggtgg acaaggctgt tgatcccaca 300
tgcaaaccat caccctgtga ctggtgccc cccctgagc tccccggagg accctctgtc 360
ttcatcttcc caccgaaacc caaggacacc ctcaaatct cgggaacgcc cgaggtcacg 420
tgtgtggtgg tggacgtggg ccacgatgac cccgaggtga agttctctg gttcgtggac 480
gacgtggagg taaacacagc cacgacgaag ccgagagagg agcagttcaa cagcacctac 540
cgcgtggtca gcgccctgcg catccagcac caggactgga ctggaggaaa ggagttcaag 600
tgcaaggtcc acaacgaagg cctcccggcc cccatcgtga ggaccatctc caggacccaaa 660
gggccggccc gggagccgca ggtgtatgtc ctggccccac cccaggaaga gctcagcaaa 720
agcacggtca gcctcacctg catggtcacc agcttctacc cagactacat cgccgtggag 780
tggcagagaa acgggcagcc tgagtcggag gacaagtacg gcacgacccc gcccagctg 840
gacgcccaca gctcctactt cctgtacagc aagctcaggg tggacaggaa cagctggcag 900
gaaggagaca cctacacgtg tgtggtgatg cacgagggccc tgcacaatca ctacacgcag 960
aagtccacct ctaagtctgc gggtaaatga 990

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 31
<211> LENGTH: 990
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 31

```

```

gcctccacca cagccccgaa agtctaccct ctgagttctt gctgcgggga caagtccagc 60

```

-continued

---

```

tccaccgtga ccctgggctg cctgggtctcc agctacatgc ccgagccggt gaccgtgacc 120
tggaaactcgg gtgccctgaa gagcggcgtg cacaccttcc cggcctcct tcagtcctcc 180
gggctctact ctctcagcag catgggtgacc gtgcccggca gcacctcagg aaccagacc 240
ttcacctgca acgtagccca cccggccagc agcaccaagg tggacaaggc tgttgatccc 300
agatgcaaaa caacctgtga ctggtgcca ccgctgagc tcctggagg accctctgtc 360
ttcatcttcc caccgaaacc caaggacacc ctcaaatct cgggaacgcc cgaggtcacg 420
tgtgtggtgg tggacgtggg ccacgatgac cccgaggtga agttctcctg gttcgtggac 480
gacgtggagg taaacacagc cacgacgaag ccgagagagg agcagttcaa cagcacctac 540
cgcgtggtca ggcacctgag catccagcac caggactgga ctggaggaaa ggagttcaag 600
tgcaaggtcc acaacgaagg cctcccagcc cccatcgtga ggaccatctc caggaccaa 660
gggcccggcc cggagccgca ggtgtatgtc ctggccccac cccaggaaga gctcagcaa 720
agcacggtca gcctcacctg catggtcacc agcttctacc cagactacat cgccgtggag 780
tggcagagaa atgggcagcc tgagtcagag gacaagtacg gcacgacccc tcccagctg 840
gacgccgacg gctcctactt cctgtacagc aggctcaggg tggacaggaa cagctggcag 900
gaaggagaca cctacacgtg tgtggtgatg cagcaggccc tgcacaatca ctacacgcag 960
aagtccacct ctaagtctgc gggtaaata 990

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 32
<211> LENGTH: 981
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 32

```

```

gcctccacca cagccccgaa agtctaccct ctggcatcca gctgcccaga cacatccagc 60
tccaccgtga ccctgggctg cctgggtgtcc agctacatgc ccgagccggt gaccgtgacc 120
tggaaactcgg gtgccctgaa gagcggcgtg cacaccttcc cggcctcct tcagtcctcc 180
gggctctact ctctcagcag catgggtgacc gtgcccggca gcacctcagg acagacctc 240
acctgcaacg tagcccacc cggcagcagc accaagggtg acaaggctgt tggggtctcc 300
attgactgct ccaagtgtca taaccagcct tgcgtgaggg aaccatctgt cttcatctc 360
ccaccgaaac ccaaagacac cctgatgatc acaggaacgc ccgaggtcac gtgtgtggtg 420
gtgaacgtgg gccacgataa ccccgaggtg cagttctcct ggttcgtgga tgacgtggag 480
gtgcacacgg ccaggtcgaa gcccaagagag gagcagttca acagcacgta ccgctgggtc 540
agcgcctgac ccatccagca ccaggactgg actggaggaa aggagttcaa gtgcaaggtc 600
aacaacaaag gcctctcggc ccccatcgtg aggatcatct ccaggagcaa agggccggcc 660
cgggagccgc aggtgtatgt cctggacca ccaaggaag agctcagcaa aagcacgctc 720
agcgtcacct gcatggtcac cggcttctac ccagaagatg tagcctgga gtggcagaga 780
aaccggcaga ctgagtcgga ggacaagtac cgacgacccc cggcccagct ggacaccgac 840
cgctcctact tcctgtacag caagctcagg gtggacagga acagctggca ggaaggagac 900
gcctacacgt gtgtggtgat gcacgaggcc ctgcacaatc actacatgca gaagtccacc 960
tctaagtctg cgggtaaata a 981

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 33
<211> LENGTH: 981
<212> TYPE: DNA

```

-continued

---

<213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

<400> SEQUENCE: 33

gcctccacca cagccccgaa agtctaccct ctgagttctt gctgcgggga caagtccagc 60  
 tccaccgtga ccctgggctg cctgggtgtc agctacatgc ccgagccggt gaccgtgacc 120  
 tggaactcgg gtgccctgaa gagcggcgtg cacaccttc cggccgtcct tcagtcctcc 180  
 gggctctact ctctcagcag catgggtgacc gtgcccggca gcacctcagg acagaccttc 240  
 acctgcaacg tagcccaccc ggccagcagc accaagggtg acaaggctgt tggggctctcc 300  
 agtgactgct ccaagcctaa taaccagcat tgcgtgaggg aaccatctgt cttcatcttc 360  
 ccaccgaaac ccaaagacac cctgatgatc acaggaacgc ccgaggtcac gtgtgtgggtg 420  
 gtgaacgtgg gccacgataa ccccagagtg cagttctcct ggttcgtgga cgacgtggag 480  
 gtgcacacgg ccaggacgaa gccgagagag gagcagttca acagcacgta ccgctgggtc 540  
 agcgcctgc ccatccagca ccaggactgg actggaggaa aggagttaa gtgcaaggtc 600  
 aacatcaaag gcctctcggc ctccatcgtg aggatcatct ccaggagcaa agggccggcc 660  
 cgggagccgc aggtgtatgt cctggacca cccaaggaag agctcagcaa aagcacggtc 720  
 agcgtcacct gcatggcat cggttctac ccagaagatg tagacgtgga gtggcagaga 780  
 gaccggcaga ctgagtcgga ggacaagtac cgcaacgccc cgcccagct ggacgcccac 840  
 cgctcctact tcctgtacag caagctcagg gtggacagga acagctggca gagaggagac 900  
 acctacacgt gtgtggtgat gcacgaggcc ctgcacaatc actacatgca gaagtccacc 960  
 tctaagtctg cgggtaaatg a 981

<210> SEQ ID NO 34

<211> LENGTH: 984

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

<400> SEQUENCE: 34

gcctccacca cagccccgaa agtctaccct ctgagttctt gctgcgggga caagtccagc 60  
 tcgggggtga ccctgggctg cctgggtctc agctacatgc ccgagccggt gaccgtgacc 120  
 tggaactcgg gtgccctgaa gagcggcgtg cacaccttc cggccgtcct tcagtcctcc 180  
 gggctctact ctctcagcag catgggtgacc gtgcccggca gcagctcagg aaccagacc 240  
 ttcacctgca acgtagcca cccggccagc agcaccaagg tggacaaggc tgttggggtc 300  
 tccagtgact gctccaagcc taataaccag cattgctgga gggaaaccatc tgtcttcac 360  
 ttcccaccga aaccxaaaga caccctgatg atcacaggaa cgcccaggt cacgtgtgtg 420  
 gtggtgaacg tgggccacga taaccccgag gtgcagttct cctggttcgt ggacgacgtg 480  
 gaggtgcaca cggccaggac gaagccgaga gaggagcagt tcaacagcac gtaccgctg 540  
 gtcagcgcgc tgcccatcca gcaccaggac tggactggag gaaaggagt caagtgcaag 600  
 gtcaacatca aaggcctctc ggccctcctc gtgaggatca tctccaggag caaagggccg 660  
 gccggggagc cgcaggtgta tgtcctggac ccaccaagg aagagctcag caaaagcacg 720  
 gtcagcctca cctgcatggt catcggcttc taccagaag atgtagacgt ggagtggcag 780  
 agagaccggc agactgagtc ggaggacaag taccgacga ccccgccca gctggacgcc 840  
 gaccgtcct acttctgta cagcaagctc aggggtggaca ggaacagctg gcagagagga 900  
 gacacctaca cgtgtgtggt gatgcacgag gccctgcaca atcactacat gcagaagtcc 960  
 acctctaagt ctgcgggtaa atga 984



-continued

---

<210> SEQ ID NO 35  
 <211> LENGTH: 1059  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

<400> SEQUENCE: 35

```

gcctccacca cagccccgaa agtctaccct ctggcatcca gctgcgagaga cacatccagc    60
tccaccgtga ccctgggctg cctgggtctcc agctacatgc ccgagccggt gaccgtgacc    120
tggaaactcgg gtgccctgaa gagcggcgtg cacaccttcc cggccgtccg gcagtcctct    180
gggctgtact ctctcagcag catgggtgact gtgcccgccg gcagctcaga aaccagacc    240
ttcacctgca acgtagccca cccggccagc agcaccaagg tggacaaggc tgtcactgca    300
aggcgtccag tcccagcagc gccaaagaca actatccctc ctggaaaacc cacaacccca    360
aagtctgaag ttgaaaagac accctgccag tgttccaaat gcccagaacc tctgggagga    420
ctgtctgtct tcacttccc accgaaaccc aaggacacc tcacaatctc gggaacgccc    480
gaggtcacgt gtgtgggtgt ggacgtgggc caggatgacc ccgaggtgca gttctcctgg    540
ttcgtggacg acgtggaggt gcacacggcc aggacgaagc cgagagagga gcagttcaac    600
agcacctacc gcgtggtcag cgccctgcgc atccagcacc aggactggct gcagggaaag    660
gagttcaagt gcaaggtcaa caacaaaggc ctcccggccc ccattgtgag gaccatctcc    720
aggaccaaag ggcaggcccg ggagccgcag gtgtatgtcc tggccccacc ccggaagag    780
ctcagcaaaa gcacgtcag cctcacctgc ctgatcaccg gtttctacc agaagagata    840
gacgtggagt ggcagagaaa tgggcagcct gactcggagg acaagtacca cacgaccgca    900
ccccagctgg atgtgacgg ctctacttc ctgtacagca agctcagggt gaacaagagc    960
agctggcagg aaggagacca ctacacgtgt gcagtgatgc acgaagcttt acggaatcac   1020
tacaagagaga agtccatctc gaggtctccg ggtaaatga                               1059
  
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 36  
 <211> LENGTH: 1059  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

<400> SEQUENCE: 36

```

gcctccacca cagccccgaa agtctaccct ctggcatccc gctgcgagaga cacatccagc    60
tccaccgtga ccctgggctg cctgggtctcc agctacatgc ccgagccggt gaccgtgacc    120
tggaaactcgg gtgccctgaa gagtggcgtg cacaccttcc cggccgtcct tcagtcctcc    180
gggctgtact ctctcagcag catgggtgacc gtgcccgccg gcacctcaga aaccagacc    240
ttcacctgca acgtagccca cccggccagc agcaccaagg tggacaaggc tgtcactgca    300
aggcgtccag tcccagcagc gccaaagaca accatccctc ctggaaaacc cacaaccag    360
gagtctgaag ttgaaaagac accctgccag tgttccaaat gcccagaacc tctgggagga    420
ctgtctgtct tcacttccc accgaaaccc aaggacacc tcacaatctc gggaacgccc    480
gaggtcacgt gtgtgggtgt ggacgtgggc caggatgacc ccgaggtgca gttctcctgg    540
ttcgtggacg acgtggaggt gcacacggcc aggacgaagc cgagagagga gcagttcaac    600
agcacctacc gcgtggtcag cgccctgcgc atccagcacc aggactggct gcagggaaag    660
gagttcaagt gcaaggtcaa caacaaaggc ctcccggccc ccattgtgag gaccatctcc    720
aggaccaaag ggcaggcccg ggagccgcag gtgtatgtcc tggccccacc ccggaagag    780
  
```

-continued

---

```

ctcagcaaaa gcacgctcag cctcacctgc ctgatcaccg gtttctaccc agaagagata 840
gacgtggagt ggcagagaaa tgggcagcct gagtcggagg acaagtacca cacgaccgca 900
ccccagctgg atgctgacgg ctectacttc ctgtacagca ggctcagggt gaacaagagc 960
agctggcagg aaggagacca ctacacgtgt gcagtgatgc atgaagcttt acggaatcac 1020
tacaaagaga agtccatctc gaggtctccg ggtaaatga 1059

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 37
<211> LENGTH: 331
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Ovis aries

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 37

```

```

Ala Ser Thr Thr Pro Pro Lys Val Tyr Pro Leu Thr Ser Cys Cys Gly
1          5          10          15
Asp Thr Ser Ser Ser Ile Val Thr Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Ser Ser Tyr
20          25          30
Met Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser
35          40          45
Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Ile Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser
50          55          60
Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ala Ser Thr Ser Gly Ala Gln Thr
65          70          75          80
Phe Ile Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys
85          90          95
Arg Val Glu Pro Gly Cys Pro Asp Pro Cys Lys His Cys Arg Cys Pro
100         105         110
Pro Pro Glu Leu Pro Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys
115         120         125
Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val
130         135         140
Val Val Asp Val Gly Gln Asp Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Ser Trp Phe
145         150         155         160
Val Asp Asn Val Glu Val Arg Thr Ala Arg Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu
165         170         175
Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Phe Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln His
180         185         190
Gln Asp Trp Thr Gly Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val His Asn Glu
195         200         205
Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Val Arg Thr Ile Ser Arg Thr Lys Gly Gln
210         215         220
Ala Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Ala Pro Pro Gln Glu Glu Leu
225         230         235         240
Ser Lys Ser Thr Leu Ser Val Thr Cys Leu Val Thr Gly Phe Tyr Pro
245         250         255
Asp Tyr Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Gln Lys Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu
260         265         270
Asp Lys Tyr Gly Thr Thr Thr Ser Gln Leu Asp Ala Asp Gly Ser Tyr
275         280         285
Phe Leu Tyr Ser Arg Leu Arg Val Asp Lys Asn Ser Trp Gln Glu Gly
290         295         300
Asp Thr Tyr Ala Cys Val Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr
305         310         315         320
Thr Gln Lys Ser Ile Ser Lys Pro Pro Gly Lys

```

-continued

325

330

<210> SEQ ID NO 38  
 <211> LENGTH: 996  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Ovis aries

<400> SEQUENCE: 38

```

gcctcaacaa caccctcgaa agtctaccct ctgacttctt gctgcgggga cacgtccagc    60
tccatcgtga ccctgggctg cctgggtctcc agctatatgc ccgagccggt gaccgtgacc    120
tggaaactctg gtgccctgac cagcggcgctg cacaccttcc cggccatcct gcagtcctcc    180
gggctctact ctctcagcag cgtgggtgacc gtgccggcca gcacctcagg agcccagacc    240
ttcatctgca acgtagccca cccggccagc agcaccaagg tggacaagcg tgttgagccc    300
ggatgcccgg acccatgcaa acattgccga tgcccacccc ctgagctccc cggaggaccg    360
tctgtcttca tcttcccacc gaaacccaag gacaccotta caatctctgg aacgcccag    420
gtcacgtgtg tgggtgtgga cgtgggcccag gatgaccccg aggtgcagtt ctctgggttc    480
gtggacaacg tggaggtgcg cacggccagg acaaagccga gagaggagca gttcaacagc    540
accttccgcg tggtcagcgc cctgcccac cagcaccaag actggactgg aggaaaggag    600
ttcaagtgca aggtccacaa cgaagccctc ccggccccc tctgaggagc catctccagg    660
accaaagggc aggcccggga gccgcaggtg tacgtcctgg cccacccca ggaagagctc    720
agcaaaagca cgctcagcgt cacctgcttg gtcaccggtt tctaccaga ctacatcgcc    780
gtggagtggc agaaaaatgg gcagcctgag tccgaggaca agtacggcac gaccacatcc    840
cagctggacg ccgacggctc ctacttcttg tacagcaggc tcagggtgga caagaacagc    900
tggcaagaag gagacaccta cgcgtgtgtg gtgatgcacg aggtctctga caaccactac    960
acacagaagt cgatctctaa gcctccgggt aatga                                     996
  
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 39  
 <211> LENGTH: 329  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Ovis aries

<400> SEQUENCE: 39

```

Ala Ser Thr Thr Ala Pro Lys Val Tyr Pro Leu Thr Ser Cys Cys Gly
 1           5           10          15
Asp Thr Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ile Val Thr Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Ser
           20           25           30
Ser Tyr Met Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu
           35           40           45
Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Ile Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu
 50           55           60
Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ala Ser Thr Ser Gly Ala
 65           70           75           80
Gln Thr Phe Ile Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala Ser Ser Ala Lys Val
           85           90           95
Asp Lys Arg Val Gly Ile Ser Ser Asp Tyr Ser Lys Cys Ser Lys Pro
           100          105          110
Pro Cys Val Ser Arg Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys
           115          120          125
Asp Ser Leu Met Ile Thr Gly Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val
 130          135          140
  
```

-continued

Asp	Val	Gly	Gln	Gly	Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Gln	Phe	Ser	Trp	Phe	Val	Asp	145	150	155	160
Asn	Val	Glu	Val	Arg	Thr	Ala	Arg	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Phe	165	170	175	
Asn	Ser	Thr	Phe	Arg	Val	Val	Ser	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ile	Gln	His	Asp	His	180	185	190	
Trp	Thr	Gly	Gly	Lys	Glu	Phe	Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	His	Ser	Lys	Gly	Leu	195	200	205	
Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile	Val	Arg	Thr	Ile	Ser	Arg	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Ala	Arg	210	215	220	
Glu	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr	Val	Leu	Ala	Pro	Pro	Gln	Glu	Glu	Leu	Ser	Lys	225	230	235	240
Ser	Thr	Leu	Ser	Val	Thr	Cys	Leu	Val	Thr	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Asp	Tyr	245	250	255	
Ile	Ala	Val	Glu	Trp	Gln	Arg	Ala	Arg	Gln	Pro	Glu	Ser	Glu	Asp	Lys	260	265	270	
Tyr	Gly	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ser	Gln	Leu	Asp	Ala	Asp	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Phe	Leu	275	280	285	
Tyr	Ser	Arg	Leu	Arg	Val	Asp	Lys	Ser	Ser	Trp	Gln	Arg	Gly	Asp	Thr	290	295	300	
Tyr	Ala	Cys	Val	Val	Met	His	Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	305	310	315	320
Lys	Ser	Ile	Ser	Lys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Lys	325										

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 40

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 990

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Ovis aries

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 40

```

gcctccacca cagccccgaa agtctaccct ctgacttctt gctgcgggga cacgtccagc      60
tccagctcca tcgtgaccct gggctgcctg gtctccagct atatgcccga gccggtgacc      120
gtgacctgga actctggtgc cctgaccagc ggcgtgcaca ccttcccggc catcctgcag      180
tcctccgggc tctactctct cagcagcgtg gtgaccgtgc cggccagcac ctcaggagcc      240
cagaccttca tctgcaacgt agcccacccg gccagcagcg ccaaggtgga caagcgtggt      300
gggatctcca gtgactactc caagtgttct aaaccgcctt gcgtgagccg accgtctgtc      360
ttcatcttcc ccccgaacc caaggacagc ctcatgatca caggaacgcc cgaggtcacg      420
tgtgtggtgg tggacgtggg ccagggtgac cccgaggtgc agttctcctg gttcgtggac      480
aacgtggagg tgcgcacggc caggacaaag ccgagagagg agcagttcaa cagcaccttc      540
cgcgtggtca ggcacctgcc catccagcac gaccactgga ctggaggaaa ggagttcaag      600
tgcaaggtcc acagcaaagg cctcccggcc cccatcgtga ggaccatctc cagggcctaaa      660
gggcaggccc gggagccgca ggtgtacgtc ctggccccac cccaggaaga gctcagcaaa      720
agcacgctca gcgtcacctg cctggtcacc ggcttctacc cagactacat cgccgtggag      780
tggcagagag cgcggcagcc tgagtcggag gacaagtacg gcacgaccac atcccagctg      840
gacgccgacg gctcctactt cctgtacagc aggtcagggg tggacaagag cagctggcaa      900
agaggagaca cctacgcgtg tgtggtgatg cagcaggctc tgcacaacca ctacacacag      960
aagtcgatct ctaagcctcc gggtaaatga

```

-continued

<210> SEQ ID NO 41  
 <211> LENGTH: 102  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Ovis aries

<400> SEQUENCE: 41

```

Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Lys Pro Ser Glu Glu Gln Leu Arg Thr Gly
1           5           10           15
Thr Val Ser Val Val Cys Leu Val Asn Asp Phe Tyr Pro Lys Asp Ile
          20           25           30
Asn Val Lys Val Lys Val Asp Gly Val Thr Gln Asn Ser Asn Phe Gln
          35           40           45
Asn Ser Phe Thr Asp Gln Asp Ser Lys Lys Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser
          50           55           60
Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Ser Ser Glu Tyr Gln Ser His Asn Ala Tyr
65           70           75           80
Ala Cys Glu Val Ser His Lys Ser Leu Pro Thr Ala Leu Val Lys Ser
          85           90           95
Phe Asn Lys Asn Glu Cys
          100

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 42  
 <211> LENGTH: 309  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Ovis aries

<400> SEQUENCE: 42

```

ccatccgtct tcctcttcaa accatctgag gaacagctga ggaccggaac tgtctctgtc      60
gtgtgcttgg tgaatgattt ctaccccaaa gatatcaatg tcaaggtgaa agtggatggg      120
gttaccacaga acagcaactt ccagaacagc ttcacagacc aggacagcaa gaaaagcacc      180
tacagcctca gcagcacctt gacactgtcc agctcagagt accagagcca taacgcctat      240
gcgtgtgagg tcagccacaa gagcctgccc accgccctcg tcaagagctt caataagaat      300
gaatgtag                                     309

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 43  
 <211> LENGTH: 106  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Ovis aries

<400> SEQUENCE: 43

```

Gly Gln Pro Lys Ser Ala Pro Ser Val Thr Leu Phe Pro Pro Ser Thr
1           5           10           15
Glu Glu Leu Ser Thr Asn Lys Ala Thr Val Val Cys Leu Ile Asn Asp
          20           25           30
Phe Tyr Pro Gly Ser Val Asn Val Val Trp Lys Ala Asp Gly Ser Thr
          35           40           45
Ile Asn Gln Asn Val Lys Thr Thr Gln Ala Ser Lys Gln Ser Asn Ser
          50           55           60
Lys Tyr Ala Ala Ser Ser Tyr Leu Thr Leu Thr Gly Ser Glu Trp Lys
65           70           75           80
Ser Lys Ser Ser Tyr Thr Cys Glu Val Thr His Glu Gly Ser Thr Val
          85           90           95
Thr Lys Thr Val Lys Pro Ser Glu Cys Ser
          100           105

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 44

-continued

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 321

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: *Ovis aries*

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 44

```

ggtcagccca agtccgcacc ctcggtcacc ctgttcccgc cttccacgga ggagctcagt    60
accaacaagg ccaccgtggt gtgtctcatc aacgacttct acccgggtag cgtgaacgtg    120
gtctggaagg cagatggcag caccatcaat cagaacgtga agaccacca ggcctccaaa    180
cagagcaaca gcaagtacgc ggccagcagc tacctgaccc tgacggggcag cgagtggaag    240
tctaagagca gttacacctg cgaggtcacg cacgagggga gcaccgtgac gaagacagtg    300
aagccctcag agtggttctta g                                     321

```

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 45

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 266

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: *Bubalus bulalis*

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 45

```

Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr
1          5          10          15
Ser Leu Ser Ser Thr Val Thr Ala Pro Ala Ser Ala Thr Lys Ser Gln
20          25          30
Thr Phe Thr Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp
35          40          45
Lys Ala Val Val Pro Pro Cys Arg Pro Lys Pro Cys Asp Cys Cys Pro
50          55          60
Pro Pro Glu Leu Pro Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys
65          70          75          80
Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val
85          90          95
Val Val Asp Val Gly His Asp Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Ser Trp Phe
100         105         110
Val Asp Asp Val Glu Val Asn Thr Ala Arg Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu
115         120         125
Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln His
130         135         140
Asn Asp Trp Thr Gly Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Tyr Asn Glu
145         150         155         160
Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Val Arg Thr Ile Ser Arg Thr Lys Gly Gln
165         170         175
Ala Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Ala Pro Pro Gln Asp Glu Leu
180         185         190
Ser Lys Ser Thr Val Ser Ile Thr Cys Met Val Thr Gly Phe Tyr Pro
195         200         205
Asp Tyr Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Gln Lys Asp Gly Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu
210         215         220
Asp Lys Tyr Gly Thr Thr Pro Pro Gln Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr
225         230         235         240
Phe Leu Tyr Ser Arg Leu Arg Val Asn Lys Asn Ser Trp Gln Glu Gly
245         250         255
Gly Ala Tyr Thr Cys Val Val Met His Glu
260         265

```

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 46

-continued

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 801

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Bubalus bubalis

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 46

```

gagcggcgtg cacaccttc cggccgtcct tcagtcctcc gggctctact ctctcagcag    60
cacggtgacc ggcgccgcca ggcaccacaaa aagccagacc ttcacctgca acgtagccca    120
cccggccagc agcaccaagg tggacaaggc tgtgtgtccc ccatgcagac cgaaaccctg    180
tgattgctgc ccacccctg agtcccccg aggaccctct gtcttcatct tcccacaaa    240
accaaggac accctcacia tctctggaac tctgaggtc acgtgtgtgg tggaggacgt    300
ggccacgat gaccccgagg tgaagttctc ctggttcgtg gacgatgtgg aggtaaacac    360
agccaggacg aagccaagag aggagcagtt caacagcacc taccgctgg tcagcgcct    420
gcccattcag cacaacgact ggactggagg aaaggagttc aagtgcaagg tctacaatga    480
aggctccca gcccctcctg tgaggacctat ctccaggacc aaagggcagg cccgggagcc    540
gcaggtgtac gtctggccc caccacagga cgagctcagc aaaagcacgg tcagcatcac    600
ttgcatggtc actggcttct acccagacta catcgccgta gagtggcaga aagatgggca    660
gctgagtca gaggacaaat atggcacgac cccgccccag ctggacagcg atggctccta    720
cttctgtac agcaggctca gggatgaaca gaacagctgg caagaaggag gcgctacac    780
gtgtgtagtg atgcatgagg c                                     801

```

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 47

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 309

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Bubalus bubalis

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 47

```

Ala Ser Ile Thr Ala Pro Lys Val Tyr Pro Leu Thr Ser Cys Arg Gly
1           5           10           15
Glu Thr Ser Ser Ser Thr Val Thr Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Ser Ser Tyr
20           25           30
Met Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Lys Ser
35           40           45
Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser
50           55           60
Leu Ser Ser Thr Val Thr Ala Pro Ala Ser Ala Thr Lys Ser Gln Thr
65           70           75           80
Phe Thr Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Thr
85           90           95
Ala Val Gly Phe Ser Ser Asp Cys Cys Lys Phe Pro Lys Pro Cys Val
100          105          110
Arg Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu
115          120          125
Met Ile Thr Gly Asn Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Gly
130          135          140
Arg Asp Asn Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Ser Trp Phe Val Gly Asp Val Glu
145          150          155          160
Val His Thr Gly Arg Ser Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr
165          170          175
Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Thr Leu Pro Ile Gln His Asn Asp Trp Thr Gly
180          185          190
Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro

```

-continued

195	200	205
Ile Val Arg Thr Ile Ser Arg Thr Lys Gly Gln Ala Arg Glu Pro Gln 210 215 220		
Val Tyr Val Leu Ala Pro Pro Gln Glu Glu Leu Ser Lys Ser Thr Val 225 230 235 240		
Ser Val Thr Cys Met Val Thr Gly Phe Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Ile Ala Val 245 250 255		
Glu Trp His Arg Asp Arg Gln Ala Glu Ser Glu Asp Lys Tyr Arg Thr 260 265 270		
Thr Pro Pro Gln Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Leu Tyr Ser Arg 275 280 285		
Leu Lys Val Asn Lys Asn Ser Trp Gln Glu Gly Gly Ala Tyr Thr Cys 290 295 300		
Val Val Met His Glu 305		

<210> SEQ ID NO 48  
 <211> LENGTH: 929  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Bubalus bubalis

<400> SEQUENCE: 48

```

gcctccatca cagccccgaa agtctaccct ctgacttctt gccgcgggga aacgtccagc 60
tccaccgtga ccctgggctg cctgggtctcc agtacaatgc ccgagccggt gaccgtgacc 120
tggaactcgg gtgcctgaa gagcggcgtg cacaccttcc cggccgtcct tcagtcctct 180
gggctctact ctctcagcag cacgggtgacc gcgcccgcca gcgccacaaa aagccagacc 240
ttcacctgca acgtagccca cccggccagc agcaccaagg tggacacggc tgttgggttc 300
tccagtgact gctgcaagtt tccaaagcct tgtgtgaggg gaccatctgt cttcatcttc 360
ccgccgaaac ccaaagacac cctgatgatc acaggaaatc ccgaggtcac atgtgtgggtg 420
gtggacgtgg gccgggataa ccccagagtg cagttctcct ggttcgtggg tgatgtggag 480
gtgcacacgg gcaggtcgaa gccgagagag gagcagttca acagcaccta ccgcgtggtc 540
agcaccctgc ccatccagca caatgactgg actggaggaa aggagttaa gtgcaaggtc 600
aacaacaaag gcctcccagc ccccatcgtg aggaccatct ccaggaccaa agggcaggcc 660
cgggagccgc aggtgtacgt cctggcccca cccaggaag agctcagcaa aagcacggtc 720
agcgtcactt gcatggtcac tggcttctac ccagactaca tcgccgtaga gtggcataga 780
gaccggcagg ctgagtcgga ggacaagtac cgcacgaccc cgccccagct ggacagcgat 840
ggctcctact tcctgtacag caggctcaag gtgaacaaga acagctggca agaaggaggc 900
gcctacacgt gtgtagtgat gcatgaggc 929

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 49  
 <211> LENGTH: 352  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Bubalus bubalis

<400> SEQUENCE: 49

Ala Ser Thr Thr Ala Pro Lys Val Tyr Pro Leu Ala Ser Ser Cys Gly 1 5 10 15
Asp Thr Ser Ser Ser Thr Val Thr Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Ser Ser Tyr 20 25 30
Met Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Lys Asn 35 40 45



-continued

Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Arg Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser  
 50 55 60  
 Leu Ser Ser Met Val Thr Met Pro Thr Ser Thr Ala Gly Thr Gln Thr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Phe Thr Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Thr  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Val Thr Ala Arg His Pro Val Pro Lys Thr Pro Glu Thr Pro Ile  
 100 105 110  
 His Pro Val Lys Pro Pro Thr Gln Glu Pro Arg Asp Glu Lys Thr Pro  
 115 120 125  
 Cys Gln Cys Pro Lys Cys Pro Glu Pro Leu Gly Gly Leu Ser Val Phe  
 130 135 140  
 Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Gly Gln Asp Asp Pro Glu Val  
 165 170 175  
 Gln Phe Ser Trp Phe Val Asp Asp Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Arg Met  
 180 185 190  
 Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Ala  
 195 200 205  
 Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Leu Arg Glu Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys  
 210 215 220  
 Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Val Arg Thr Ile Ser  
 225 230 235 240  
 Arg Thr Lys Gly Gln Ala Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Ala Pro  
 245 250 255  
 Pro Arg Glu Glu Leu Ser Lys Ser Thr Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Ile  
 260 265 270  
 Thr Gly Phe Tyr Pro Glu Glu Val Asp Val Glu Trp Gln Arg Asn Gly  
 275 280 285  
 Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Asp Lys Tyr His Thr Thr Pro Pro Gln Leu Asp  
 290 295 300  
 Ala Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Leu Tyr Ser Arg Leu Arg Val Asn Arg Ser  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ser Trp Gln Glu Gly Asp His Tyr Thr Cys Ala Val Met His Glu Ala  
 325 330 335  
 Leu Arg Asn His Tyr Lys Glu Lys Pro Ile Ser Arg Ser Pro Gly Lys  
 340 345 350

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 50

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 1059

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Bubalus bubalis

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 50

gcctccacca cagccccgaa agtctaccct ctggcatcca gctgcgggga cacgtccagc 60  
 tccaccgtga cctgggctg cctggtctcc agctacatgc cggagccggt gaccgtgacc 120  
 tggaaactcgg gtgccctgaa gaacggcgtg cacaccttcc cggccgtccg gcagtcctcc 180  
 gggctctact ctctcagcag catggtgacc atgccccacca gcaccgcagg aaccagacc 240  
 ttcacctgca acgtagcca cccggccagc agcaccaagg tggacacggc tgtcactgca 300  
 aggcacccgg tcccgaagac accagagaca cctatccatc ctgtaaaacc cccaaccag 360  
 gagcccagag atgaaaagac accctgccag tgtcccaaat gcccagaacc tctggggagga 420

-continued

---

```

ctgtctgtct tcactctccc accgaaaccc aaggacaccc tcacaatctc tggaacgccc 480
gaggtcacgt gtgtggtggt ggacgtgggc caggatgacc ccgaagtgca gttctcctgg 540
ttcgtggatg acgtggaggt gcacacagcc aggatgaagc caagagagga gcagttcaac 600
agcacctacc gcgtggtcag cgccctgccc atccagcacc aggactggct gcgggaaaag 660
gagttcaagt gcaaggtcaa caacaaaggc ctcccggccc ccatcgtgag gaccatctcc 720
aggaccaaag ggcaggcccg ggagccacag gtgtatgtcc tggccccacc ccgggaagag 780
ctcagcaaaa gcacgctcag cctcacctgc ctaatcaccc gcttctaccc agaagaggta 840
gacgtggagt ggcagagaaa tgggcagcct gagtcagagg acaagtacca cacgacccca 900
ccccagctgg acgctgacgg ctectacttc ctgtacagca ggctcagggt gaacaggagc 960
agctggcagg aaggagacca ctacacgtgt gcagtgatgc atgaagcttt acggaatcac 1020
tacaaagaga agcccatctc gaggtctccg ggtaaatga 1059

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 51
<211> LENGTH: 105
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Bubalus bubalis

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 51

```

```

Gln Pro Lys Ser Ala Pro Ser Val Thr Leu Phe Pro Pro Ser Thr Glu
1           5           10           15
Glu Leu Ser Ala Asn Lys Ala Thr Leu Val Cys Leu Ile Ser Asp Phe
          20           25           30
Tyr Pro Gly Ser Met Thr Val Ala Arg Lys Ala Asp Gly Ser Thr Ile
          35           40           45
Thr Arg Asn Val Glu Thr Thr Arg Ala Ser Lys Gln Ser Asn Ser Lys
          50           55           60
Tyr Ala Ala Ser Ser Tyr Leu Ser Leu Thr Gly Ser Glu Trp Lys Ser
65           70           75           80
Lys Gly Ser Tyr Ser Cys Glu Val Thr His Glu Gly Ser Thr Val Thr
          85           90           95
Lys Thr Val Lys Pro Ser Glu Cys Ser
          100          105

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 52
<211> LENGTH: 318
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Bubalus bubalis

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 52

```

```

cagcccaagt ccgaccctc agtcaccctg ttcccacct ccacggagga gtcagcgc 60
aacaaggcca ccctggtgtg tctcatcagc gacttctacc cgggtagcat gaccgtggcc 120
aggaaggcag acggcagcac catcacccgg aacgtggaga ccaccgggc ctccaaacag 180
agcaacagca agtacgcggc cagcagctac ctgagcctga cgggcagcga gtggaaatcg 240
aaaggcagtt acagctgcca ggtcacgcac gaggggagca ccgtgacaaa gacagtgaag 300
ccctcagagt gttcttag 318

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 53
<211> LENGTH: 229
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 53

```

-continued

Glu Ser Lys Tyr Gly Pro Pro Cys Pro Ser Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Phe  
 1 5 10 15  
 Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr  
 20 25 30  
 Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val  
 35 40 45  
 Ser Gln Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val  
 50 55 60  
 Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser  
 65 70 75 80  
 Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ser  
 100 105 110  
 Ser Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro  
 115 120 125  
 Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Gln Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln  
 130 135 140  
 Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala  
 145 150 155 160  
 Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr  
 165 170 175  
 Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Arg Leu  
 180 185 190  
 Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Glu Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser  
 195 200 205  
 Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser  
 210 215 220  
 Leu Ser Leu Gly Lys  
 225

<210> SEQ ID NO 54  
 <211> LENGTH: 690  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 54

gagtccaaat atggtcccc atgccatca tgcccagcac ctgagttcct ggggggacca 60  
 tcagtcttcc tgttcccccc aaaacccaag gacactctca tgatctcccg gaccctgag 120  
 gtcacgtgcg tgggtggtgga cgtgagccag gaagaccccg aggtccagtt caactggtac 180  
 gtggatggcg tggaggtgca taatgccaaag acaaagccgc gggaggagca gttcaacagc 240  
 acgtaccgtg tggtcagcgt cctcaccgtc ctgcaccagg actggctgaa cggcaaggag 300  
 tacaagtgca aggtctccaa caaaggcctc ccgtctcca tcgagaaaac catctccaaa 360  
 gccaaagggc agccccgaga gccacaggtg tacaccctgc ccccatccca ggaggagatg 420  
 accaagaacc aggtcagcct gacctgcctg gtcaaaggct tctaccccag cgacatcgcc 480  
 gtggagtggg agagcaatgg gcagccggag aacaactaca agaccacgcc tcccgtgctg 540  
 gactccgacg gctccttctt cctctacagc aggtaaacg tggacaagag caggtggcag 600  
 gaggggaatg tcttctcatg ctccgtgatg catgaggctc tgcacaacca ctacacacag 660  
 aagagcctct ccctgtctct gggtaaatga 690

-continued

---

<210> SEQ ID NO 55  
 <211> LENGTH: 229  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
  
 <400> SEQUENCE: 55  
  
 Glu Ser Lys Tyr Gly Pro Pro Cys Pro Ser Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Phe  
 1 5 10 15  
 Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr  
 20 25 30  
 Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val  
 35 40 45  
 Ser Gln Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val  
 50 55 60  
 Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser  
 65 70 75 80  
 Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ser  
 100 105 110  
 Ser Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro  
 115 120 125  
 Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Gln Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln  
 130 135 140  
 Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala  
 145 150 155 160  
 Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr  
 165 170 175  
 Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Arg Leu  
 180 185 190  
 Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Glu Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser  
 195 200 205  
 Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser  
 210 215 220  
  
 Leu Ser Leu Gly Lys  
 225

<210> SEQ ID NO 56  
 <211> LENGTH: 690  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
  
 <400> SEQUENCE: 56  
  
 gagtccaaat atggtcccc gtgccatca tgcccagcac ctgagttcct ggggggacca 60  
 tcagtcttcc tgttcccccc aaaacccaag gacactctca tgatctccc gaccctgag 120  
 gtcacgtgcg tgggtgtgga cgtgagccag gaagacccc aggtccagt caactggtac 180  
 gtggatggcg tggaggtgca taatgccaag acaaagccgc gggaggagca gttcaacagc 240  
 acgtaccgtg tggtcagcgt cctcaccgtc gtgcaccagg actggctgaa cggcaaggag 300  
 tacaagtgca aggtctcaa caaaggcctc ccgtcctcca tcgagaaaac catctccaaa 360  
 gccaaagggc agccccgaga gccacaggtg tacaccctgc ccccatccca ggaggagatg 420  
 accaagaacc aggtcagcct gacctgctg gtcaaaggct tctaccccag cgacatcgcc 480  
 gtggagtggg agagcaatgg gcagccggag aacaactaca agaccagcc tcccgtgctg 540  
 gactccgacg gctccttctt cctctacagc aggctaaccg tggacaagag caggtggcag 600

-continued

gaggggaatg tcttctcatg ctccgtgatg catgaggctc tgcacaacca ctacacgcag 660  
 aagagcctct ccctgtctct gggtaaatga 690

<210> SEQ ID NO 57  
 <211> LENGTH: 217  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 57

Ala Pro Glu Phe Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys  
 1 5 10 15  
 Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val  
 20 25 30  
 Val Val Asp Val Ser Gln Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr  
 35 40 45  
 Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu  
 50 55 60  
 Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His  
 65 70 75 80  
 Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys  
 85 90 95  
 Gly Leu Pro Ser Ser Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln  
 100 105 110  
 Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Gln Glu Glu Met  
 115 120 125  
 Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro  
 130 135 140  
 Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn  
 145 150 155 160  
 Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu  
 165 170 175  
 Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Glu Gly Asn Val  
 180 185 190  
 Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln  
 195 200 205  
 Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Leu Gly Lys  
 210 215

<210> SEQ ID NO 58  
 <211> LENGTH: 654  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 58

gcacctgagt tcctgggggg accatcagtc ttctgttcc ccccaaaacc caaggacact 60  
 ctcatgatct cccggacccc tgaggtcacg tgcgtggtgg tggacgtgag ccaggaagac 120  
 cccgaggtcc agttcaactg gtacgtggat ggcgtggagg tgcataatgc caagacaaag 180  
 ccgcgggagg agcagttcaa cagcacgtac cgtgtggtca gcgtcctcac cgtcctgcac 240  
 caggactggc tgaacggcaa ggagtacaag tgcaaggtct ccaacaaagg cctcccgtcc 300  
 tccatcgaga aaaccatctc caaagccaaa ggcagcccc gagagccaca ggtgtacacc 360  
 ctgcccccat cccaggagga gatgaccaag aaccagggtca gcctgacctg cctgggtcaaa 420  
 ggcttctacc ccagcgacat cgccgtggag tgggagagca atgggcagcc ggagaacaac 480

-continued

---

tacaagacca cgctcccgt gctggactcc gacggctcct tcttctctca cagcaagctc 540  
accgtggaca agagcaggtg gcaggagggg aacgtcttct catgctccgt gatgcatgag 600  
gctctgcaca accactacac gcagaagagc ctctccctgt ctctgggtaa atga 654

<210> SEQ ID NO 59  
<211> LENGTH: 106  
<212> TYPE: PRT  
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 59

Thr Val Ala Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln  
1 5 10 15  
Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr  
20 25 30  
Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser  
35 40 45  
Gly Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr  
50 55 60  
Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys  
65 70 75 80  
His Lys Val Tyr Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro  
85 90 95  
Val Thr Lys Ser Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys  
100 105

<210> SEQ ID NO 60  
<211> LENGTH: 321  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 60

actgtggctg caccatctgt cttcatcttc ccgccatctg atgagcagtt gaaatctgga 60  
actgcctctg ttgtgtgctt gctgaataac ttctatccca gagaggccaa agtacagtgg 120  
aaggtggata acgcctcca atcgggtaac tcccaggaga gtgtcacaga gcaggacagc 180  
aaggacagca cctacagcct cagcagcacc ctgacgctga gcaaagcaga ctacgagaaa 240  
caciaagtct acgctgcca agtcacccat cagggcctga gctcgcccgt caciaagagc 300  
ttcaacaggg gagagtgtta g 321

<210> SEQ ID NO 61  
<211> LENGTH: 29  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 61

gaaagatcta tgctgtggga ggcttggtt 29

<210> SEQ ID NO 62  
<211> LENGTH: 29  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 62

ccggaattcg ggttgctctg gctgcagct 29

-continued

---

<210> SEQ ID NO 63  
<211> LENGTH: 37  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 63  
  
ctagctagcc gccaccatg ctgtgggagg cttggtt 37

<210> SEQ ID NO 64  
<211> LENGTH: 29  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 64  
  
tgcattgcatc agaacagcta ggttgtacg 29

<210> SEQ ID NO 65  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 65  
  
atgctgtggg aggcttggtt c 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 66  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 66  
  
tcagggatgc tctggctgca 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 67  
<211> LENGTH: 25  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 67  
  
atgctgtggg aggctcagtt ccagg 25

<210> SEQ ID NO 68  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 68  
  
tcagggttgc tccggctgca 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 69  
<211> LENGTH: 29  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer

-continued

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 69

attgagctca tgctgtggga ggcttggtt

29

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 70

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 28

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: primer

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 70

aatgaattcg ggatgctctg gctgcagc

28

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 71

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 516

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Bos taurus

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 71

Met Leu Trp Glu Ala Trp Phe Gln Val Trp Leu Phe Leu Gln Leu Leu  
1 5 10 15Trp Ala Ala Ala Val Glu Ala Pro Glu Pro Gly Ala Glu Val Pro Val  
20 25 30Val Trp Ala Gln Glu Gly Ala Pro Ala Gln Leu Pro Cys Ser Pro Thr  
35 40 45Ile Pro Leu Gln Asp Leu Ser Leu Pro Arg Thr Arg Gln Val Thr Trp  
50 55 60Gln His Val Pro Glu Ser Gly Ser Ala Ala Pro Thr Pro Arg Gly Pro  
65 70 75 80Gly Pro Arg Arg Tyr Thr Val Leu Arg Leu Ala Pro Gly Gly Leu Arg  
85 90 95Ile Gly Lys Leu Pro Leu Gln Pro Arg Val Gln Leu Glu Glu Met Gly  
100 105 110Leu Gln Arg Gly Asp Phe Ser Leu Trp Leu Arg Pro Ala Arg Arg Ala  
115 120 125Asp Ala Gly Glu Tyr His Ala Ala Val Arg Phe Gly Asn Arg Ala Leu  
130 135 140Ala Cys Arg Leu Arg Leu Arg Val Gly Gln Ala Ala Val Thr Ala Ser  
145 150 155 160Pro Pro Gly Pro Leu Trp Thr Ser Ser Trp Val Val Leu Asn Cys Ser  
165 170 175Phe Ser Arg Pro Asp Leu Pro Ala Ser Val His Trp Phe Arg Gly Pro  
180 185 190Gly Arg Val Pro Val Gln Glu Ser Pro His His His Leu Val Gly Asn  
195 200 205Phe Leu Phe Leu Pro Gln Val Ser Ser Leu Asp Ser Gly Thr Trp Gly  
210 215 220Cys Ser Leu Thr Tyr Arg Asp Gly Phe Asn Val Ser Ile Thr Tyr Asn  
225 230 235 240Leu Ala Val Leu Gly Leu Glu Pro Arg Ala Thr Leu Thr Val Tyr Ala  
245 250 255Gly Ala Gly Ser Lys Val Glu Leu Pro Cys Arg Leu Pro Pro Gly Val  
260 265 270Gly Ile Gln Ser Ser Leu Thr Ala Met Trp Thr Pro Pro Gly Glu Gly  
275 280 285



-continued

---

```

Pro Asp Leu Leu Val Ala Gly Asp Arg Asn Asn Phe Thr Leu Arg Leu
 290                295                300

Glu Ala Val Gly Gln Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Tyr Thr Cys Arg Val His
305                310                315                320

Leu Gln Gly Arg Gln Leu Ser Ala Thr Val Thr Leu Ala Val Ile Thr
                325                330                335

Val Thr Pro Lys Pro Tyr Gly Ser Ser Gly Ser Leu Arg Lys Pro Phe
                340                345                350

Cys Glu Val Thr Pro Ala Ser Gly Gln Glu Arg Phe Val Trp Ser Pro
                355                360                365

Leu Asp Lys Arg Ser Gln Arg Arg Ser Pro Gly Pro Trp Leu Leu Thr
370                375                380

Pro Asp Ala Arg Pro Leu Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Cys His Leu Tyr Gln
385                390                395                400

Gly Glu Arg Leu Leu Gly Thr Ala Val Tyr Leu Thr Glu Leu Ser His
                405                410                415

Pro Gly Ala Gln Arg Ser Gly Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gly Arg Thr Ala
                420                425                430

His Leu Pro Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Leu Val
435                440                445

Thr Gly Ala Ser Ser Phe His Leu Trp Arg Arg Gln Trp Arg Pro Arg
450                455                460

Arg Phe Ser Ala Leu Glu His Gly Thr His Pro Ser Gln Ala Ser Ser
465                470                475                480

Lys Thr Gly Glu Leu Glu Pro Glu Leu Glu Pro Glu Pro Asp Pro Glu
                485                490                495

Val Glu Pro Glu Pro Glu Pro Glu Pro Glu Ser Gln Pro Gln Leu Gln
                500                505                510

Pro Glu Gln Pro
 515

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 72
<211> LENGTH: 29
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 72

```

```

Gly Ser Ala Ala Pro Thr Pro Arg Gly Pro Gly Pro Arg Arg Tyr Thr
 1                5                10                15

Val Leu Arg Leu Ala Pro Gly Gly Leu Arg Ile Gly Lys
                20                25

```

---

The invention claimed is:

1. An anti-LAG-3 antibody comprising (a) a light chain comprising a light chain variable region containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of QSLLDSDGNTY (SEQ ID NO: 16), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of SVS and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of MQATHVPFT (SEQ ID NO: 17) and the light chain constant region of an antibody of bovine; and (b) a heavy chain comprising a heavy chain variable region containing CDR1 having the amino acid sequence of GFDFDTYP (SEQ ID NO: 18), CDR2 having the amino acid sequence of ITIKTH-NYAT (SEQ ID NO: 19) and CDR3 having the amino acid sequence of NREDFDY (SEQ ID NO: 20) and the heavy chain constant region of an antibody of bovine, wherein the light chain constant region of the bovine antibody has the amino acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 3 and the

heavy chain constant region of the bovine antibody has the amino acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 4.

2. The antibody of claim 1, wherein the light chain variable region and the heavy chain variable region are derived from rat.

3. The antibody of claim 2, wherein the light chain variable region is the light chain variable region of a rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody and the heavy chain variable region is the heavy chain variable region of a rat anti-bovine LAG-3 antibody.

4. The antibody of claim 3, wherein the light chain variable region has the amino acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO. 1 and the heavy chain variable region has the amino acid sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO: 2.

5. The antibody of claim 1 which has a four-chain structure comprising two light chains and two heavy chains.

6. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the antibody of claim 1 as an active ingredient.

7. A method to treat cancer and/or infection in cattle, buffalo or sheep comprising administering an effective amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 6 to 5 cattle, buffalo or sheep in need thereof so as to treat said cancer and/or infection.

8. The method of claim 7, wherein the cancer and/or infection is selected from the group consisting of neoplastic diseases, leukemia, Johne's disease, anaplasmosis, bacterial 10 mastitis, mycotic mastitis, mycoplasma infections, tuberculosis, *Theileria orientalis* infection, cryptosporidiosis, coccidiosis, trypanosomiasis and leishmaniasis.

9. An artificial genetic DNA encoding the antibody of claim 1. 15

10. A vector comprising the artificial genetic DNA of claim 9.

11. A host cell transformed with the vector of claim 10.

12. A method of preparing an antibody, comprising culturing the host cell of claim 11 and collecting an anti-LAG-3 20 antibody from the resultant culture.

\* \* \* \* \*

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE  
**CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION**

PATENT NO. : 11,198,730 B2  
APPLICATION NO. : 16/325150  
DATED : December 14, 2021  
INVENTOR(S) : Konnai et al.

Page 1 of 1

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

In the Claims

In Column 125, Line 67, in Claim 1, delete "SEO" and insert --SEQ-- therefor

In Column 126, Line 53, in Claim 1, delete "SEO" and insert --SEQ-- therefor

Signed and Sealed this  
Twenty-ninth Day of March, 2022



Drew Hirshfeld  
*Performing the Functions and Duties of the  
Under Secretary of Commerce for Intellectual Property and  
Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office*