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(54) **GEARING SYSTEM FOR COMPOUND GEAR REDUCTION**

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(58) **Field of Classification Search**

None
See application file for complete search history.

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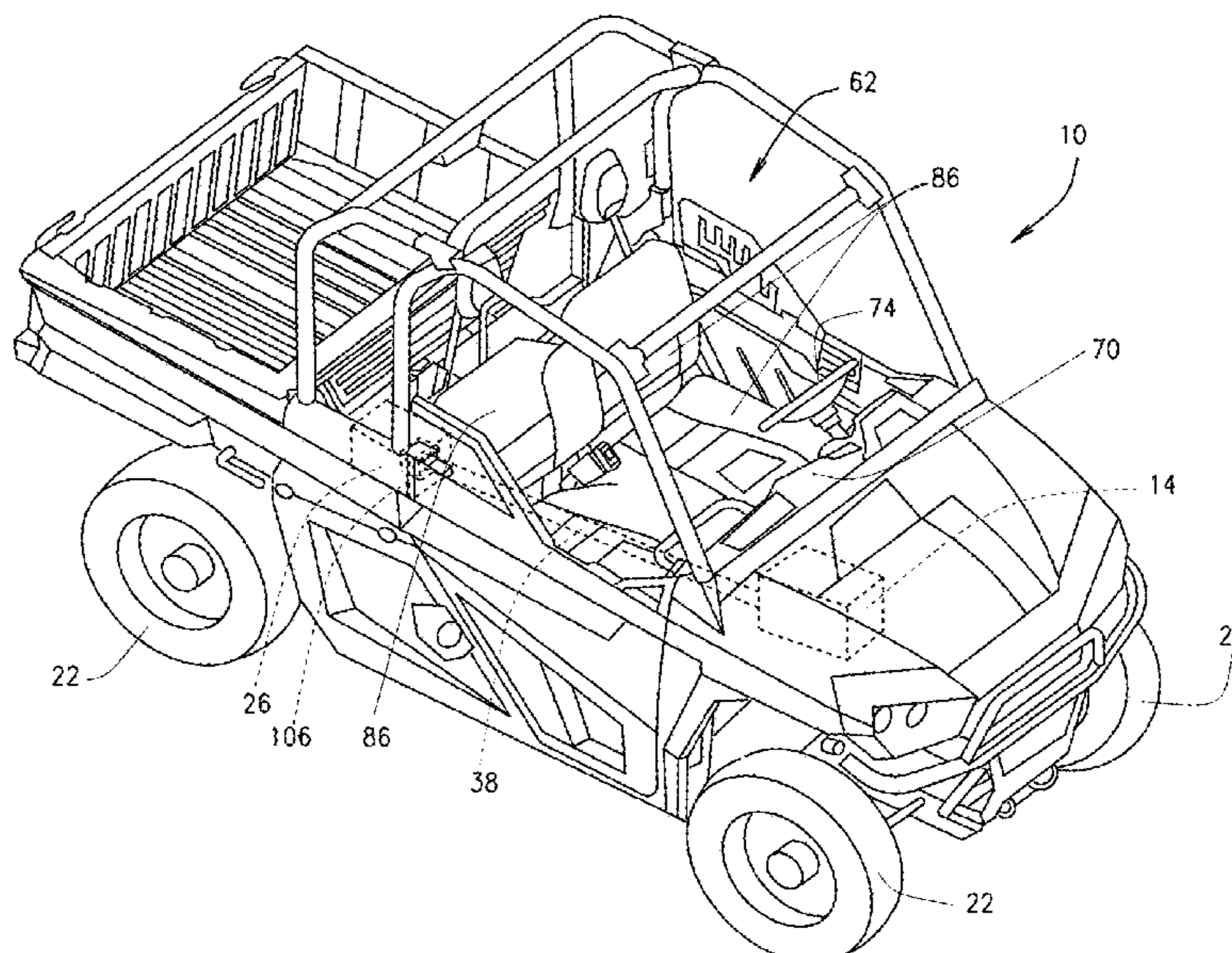
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A transmission comprising an input shaft connectable to a power generation device such that the input shaft is rotatable at a power input rotational speed, an output shaft connectable to a driveline of the vehicle, and a plurality of gear sets selectable to operably connect the input shaft to the output shaft providing a rotational speed reduction ratio therebetween. The gear sets comprise a master active gear set having a master gear ratio, a slave active gear set having a slave gear ratio, and a passive gear set having a passive gear ratio. The passive gear set is operable to selectively engage the master and slave active gear sets to provide the high numeric compound ratio rotational speed reduction that is the product of the master active gear ratio, the slave active gear ratio and the passive gear ratio.

13 Claims, 8 Drawing Sheets



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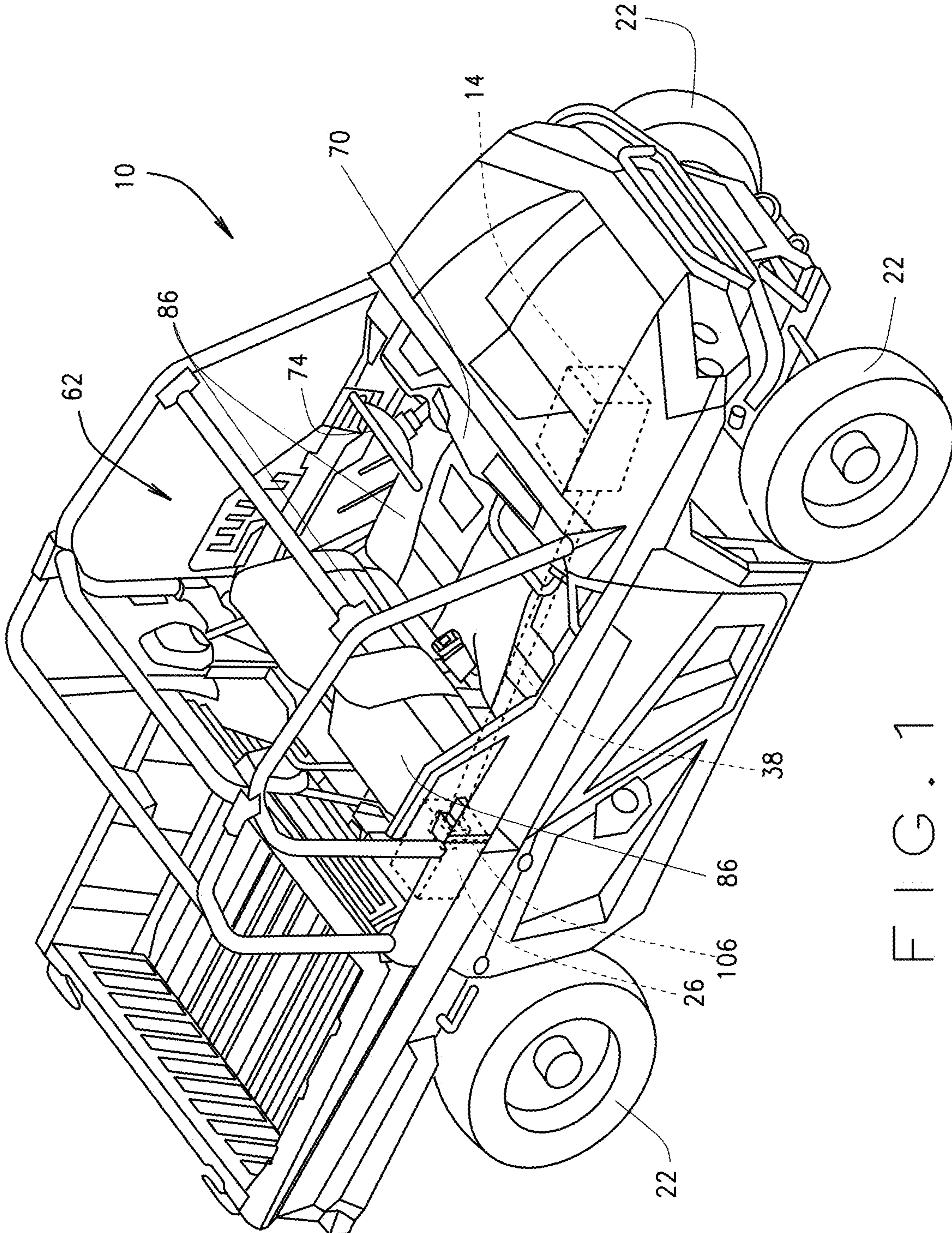


FIG. 1

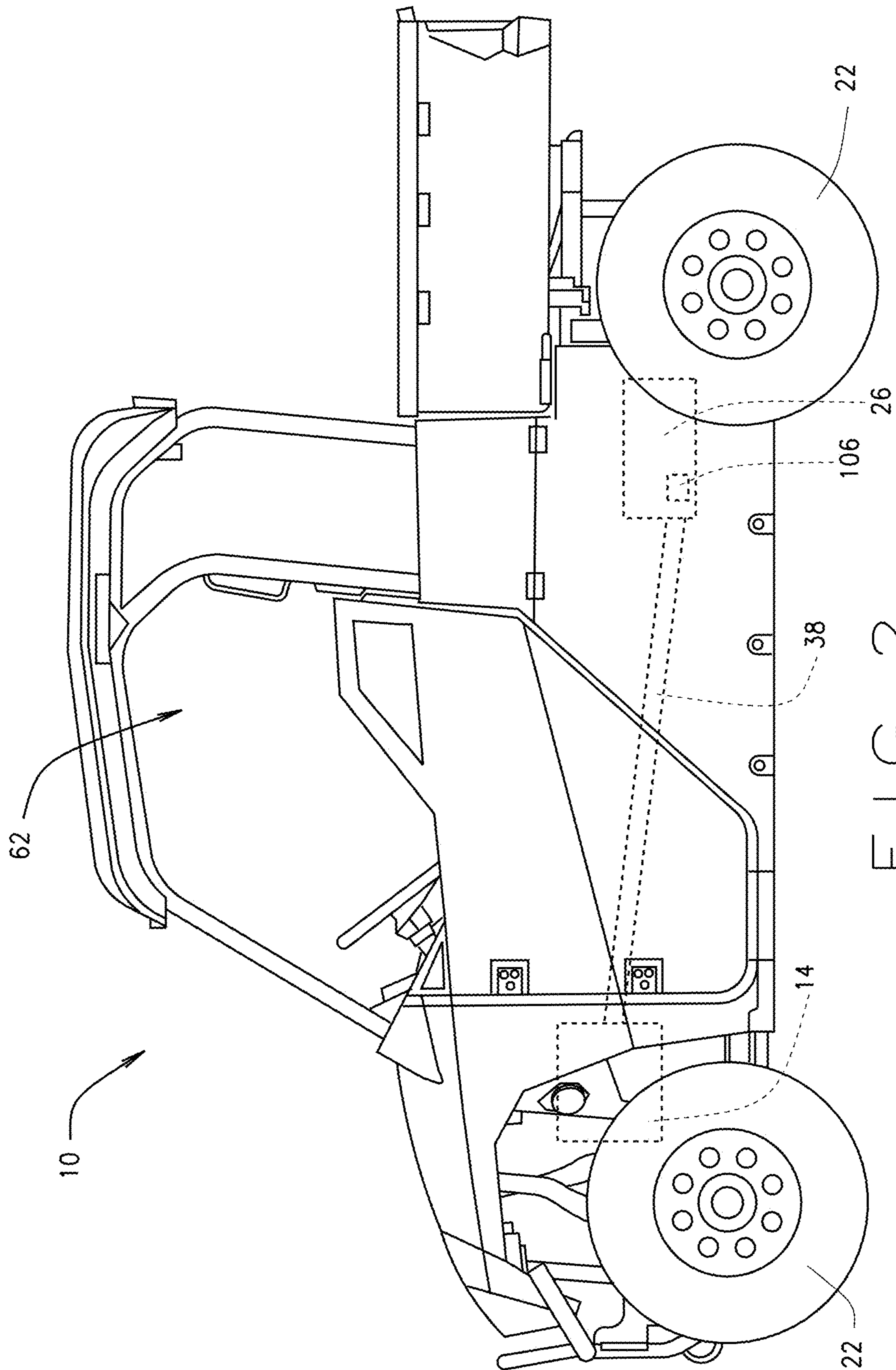


FIG. 2

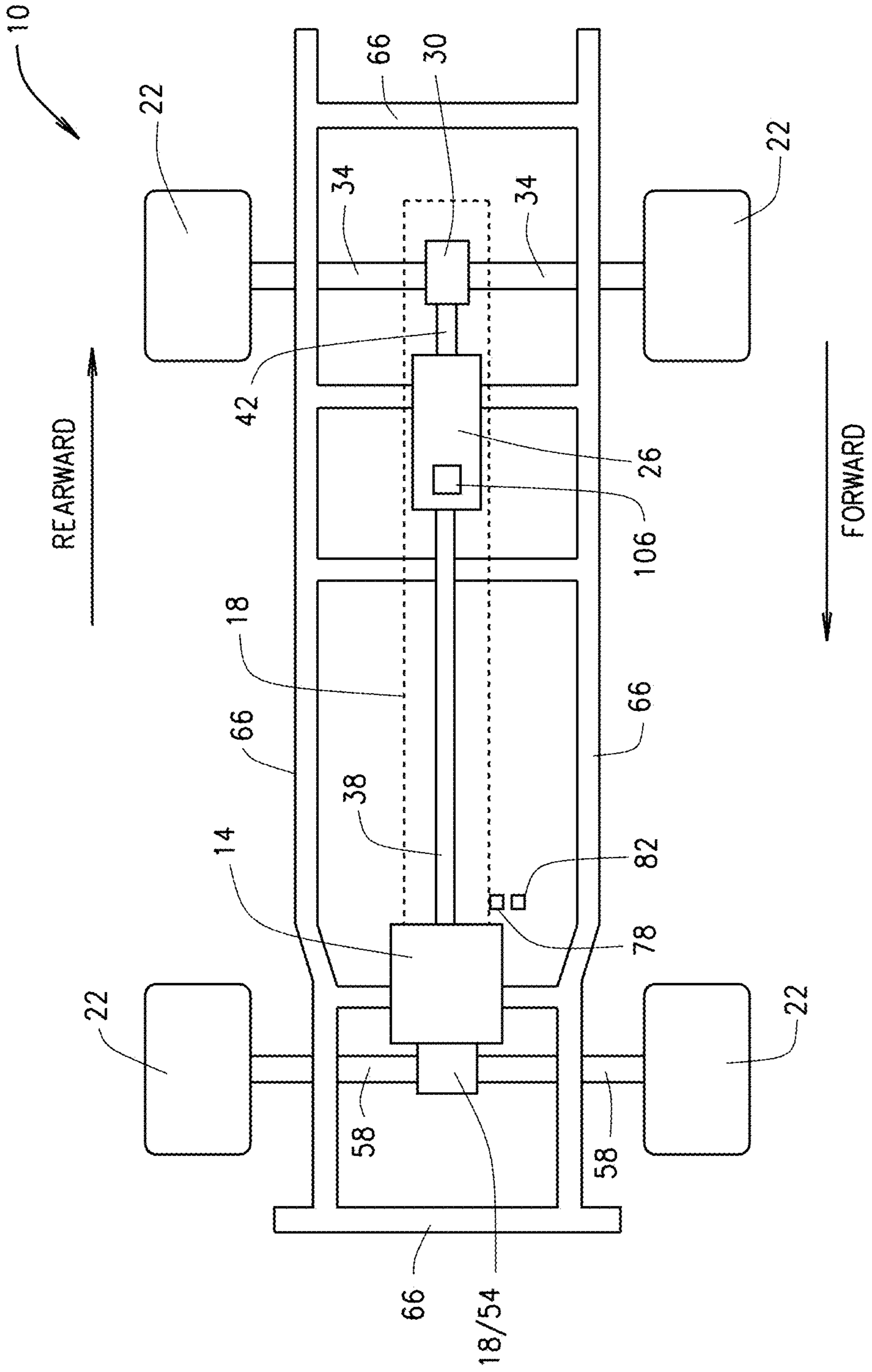


FIG. 3

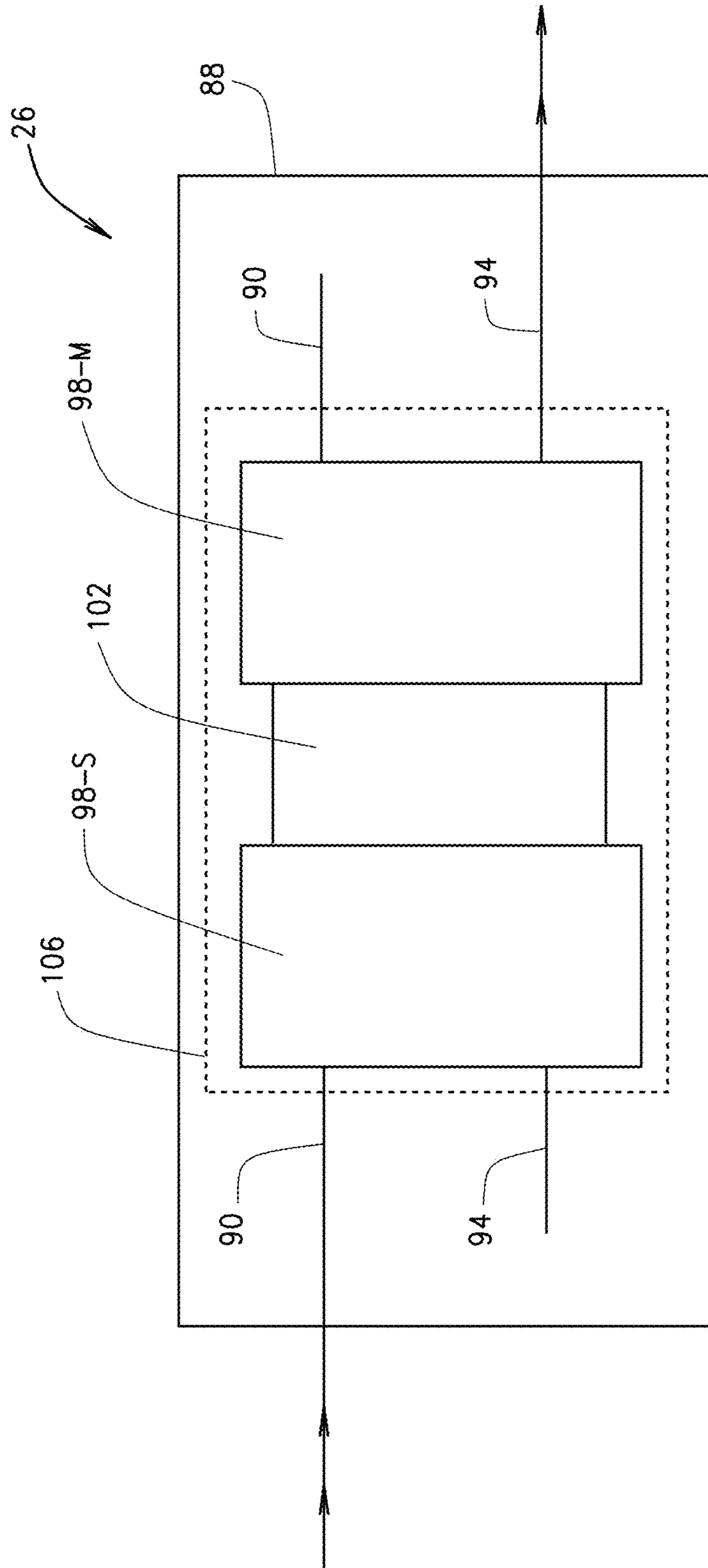


FIG. 4

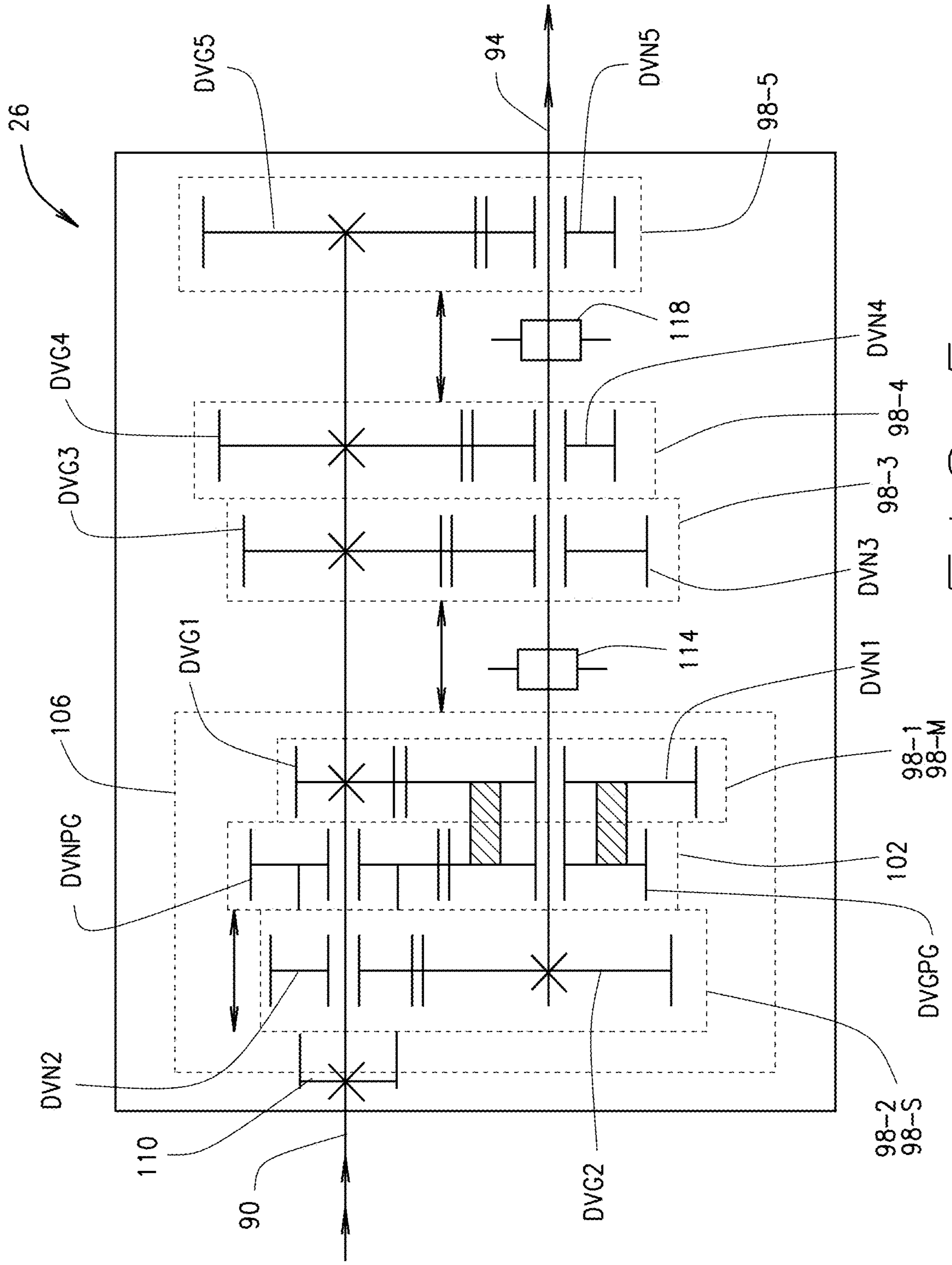


FIG. 5

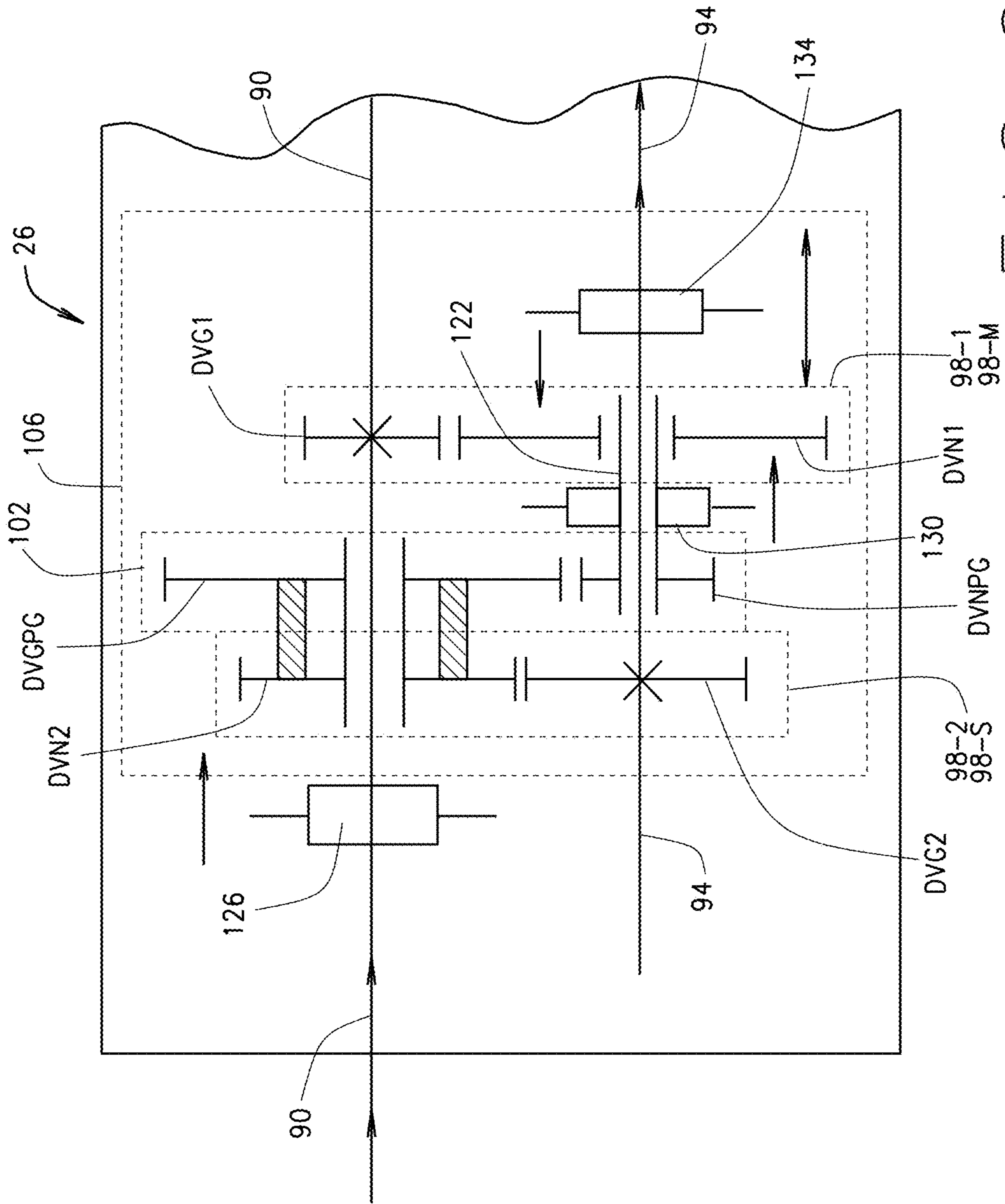


FIG. 6

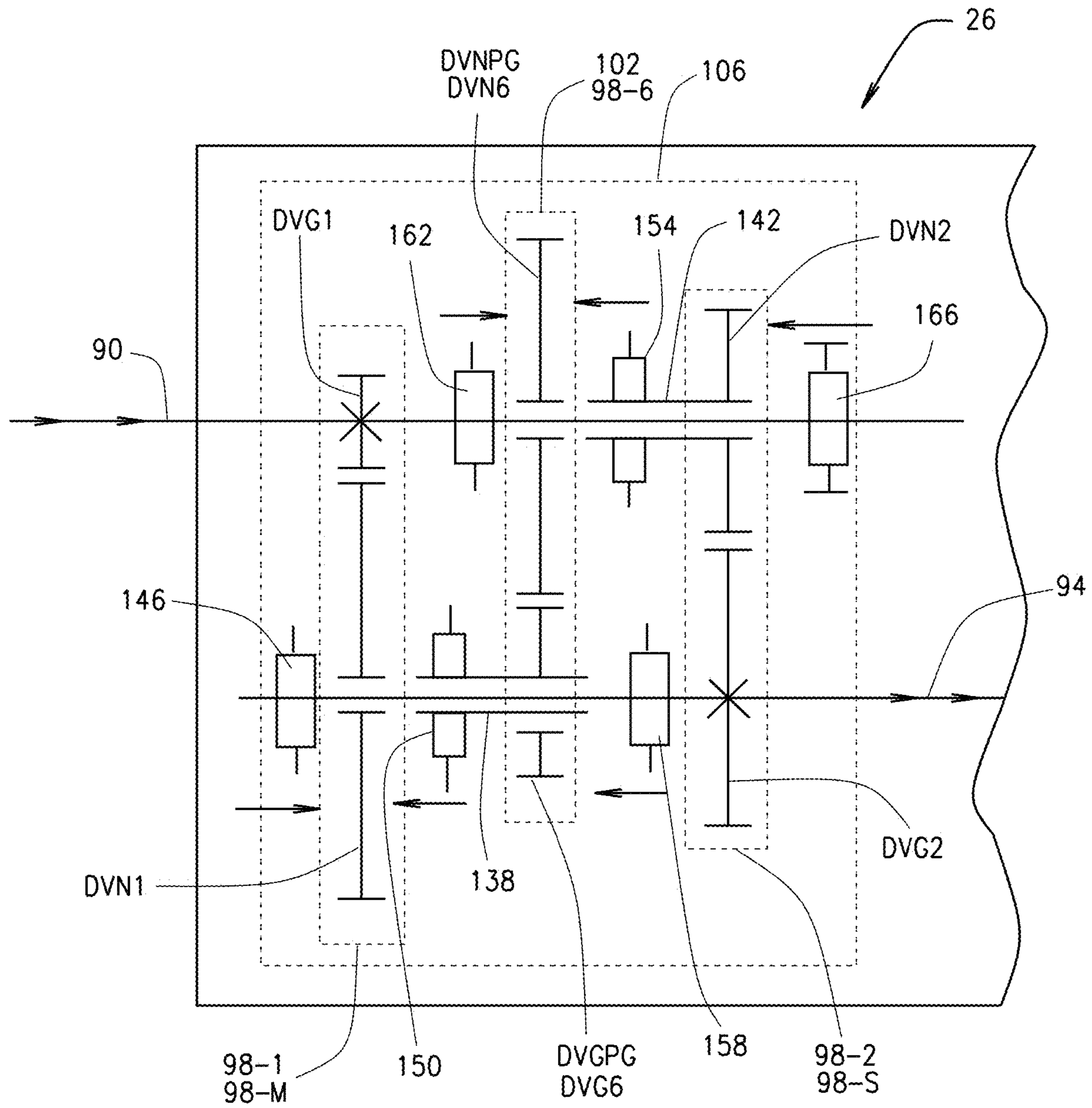


FIG. 7

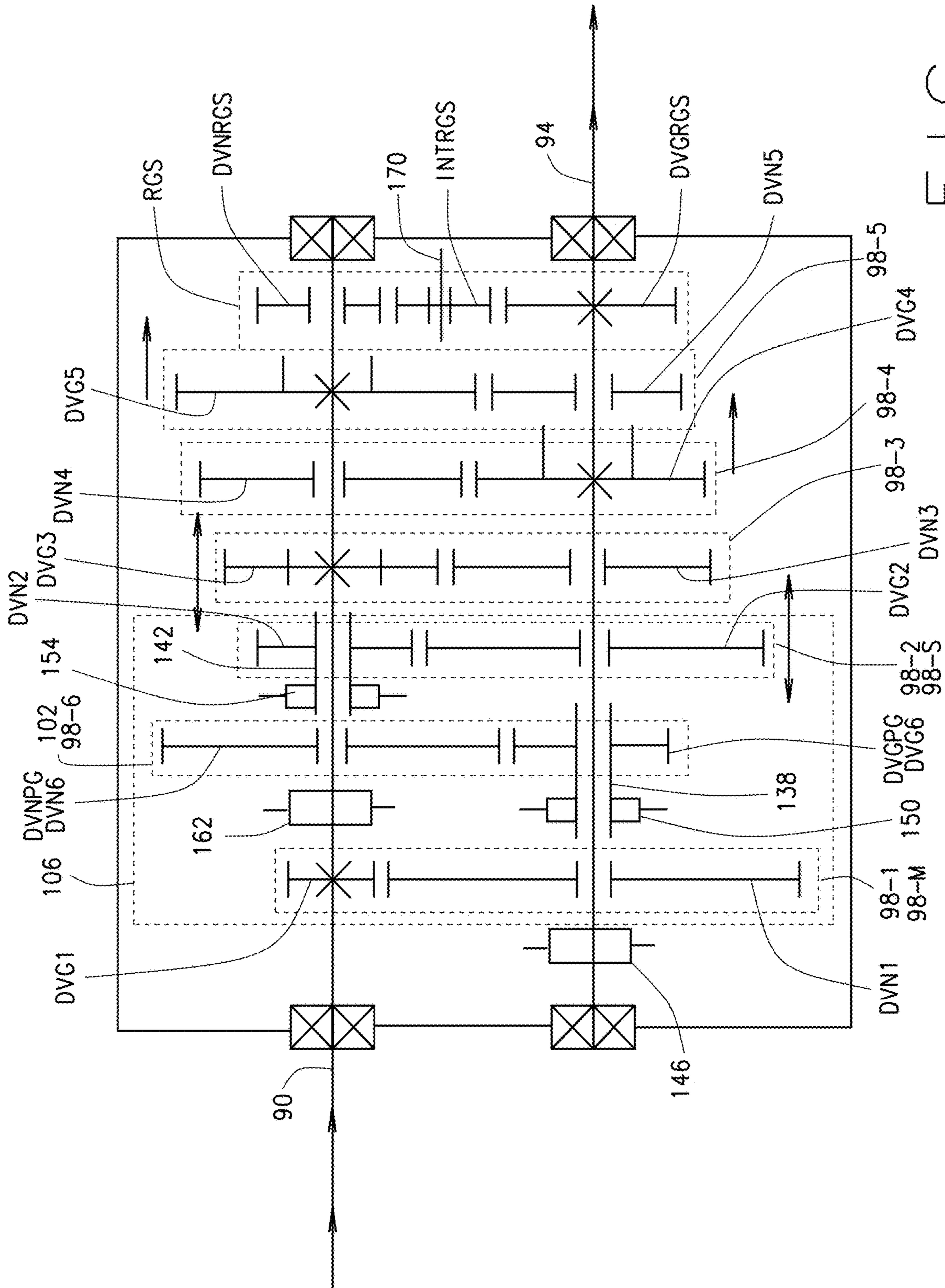


FIG. 8

GEARING SYSTEM FOR COMPOUND GEAR REDUCTION

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 15/786,629 filed on Oct. 18, 2017, which claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/409,681, filed on Oct. 18, 2016. The disclosure of the above applications are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

FIELD

The present teachings relate to vehicle driveline configuration.

BACKGROUND

The statements in this section merely provide background information related to the present disclosure and may not constitute prior art.

At times off-road vehicles, such as trucks, cars, sport utility vehicles (SUVs), cargo vehicles, shuttle vehicles, golf carts, all-terrain vehicles (ATVs), utility task vehicles (UTVs), recreational off-highway vehicles (ROVs), side-by-side vehicles (SSV), worksite vehicles, buggies, motorcycles, tactical vehicles, etc., must travel slowly to negotiate difficult terrain. Therefore, the vehicle driveline must comprise gearing that is structured and operable to provide a low gear ratio, also referred to as a numerically high reduction ratio of rotational speed (e.g., a 7.46:1 reduction), between the input and output of the driveline (e.g., between the input and output shafts of a vehicle transmission). In many known vehicle drivelines this ratio of rotational speed reduction is achieved by implementing a low gear set, e.g., a “granny gear” set in the transmission, or by including a two speed transfer case having a low gear set and a high gear set in series with the transmission. However, in a two shaft transmission, implementation of a “granny gear” can be difficult because it is difficult to achieve such a numerically high reduction ratio (e.g., a 7.46:1 reduction) with single gear set between the two shafts. Alternatively, complex gearing systems have been attempted that require two or more additional transmission shafts to achieve both the desired low gear ratio and the correct direction of rotation of the transmission output shaft. These additional shafts require space in the transmission, and additional bearings and machined bores within the transmission case, thereby adding packaging volume, parts and cost to the transmission.

SUMMARY

In various embodiments, the present disclosure provides a transmission comprising an input shaft connectable to a power generation device such that the input shaft is rotatable at a power input rotational speed, an output shaft connectable to a driveline of the vehicle, and a plurality of gear sets selectable to operably connect the input shaft to the output shaft providing a rotational speed reduction ratio therebetween. The gear sets comprise a master active gear set having a master gear ratio, a slave active gear set having a slave gear ratio, and a passive gear set having a passive gear ratio. The passive gear set is operable to selectively engage the master and slave active gear sets to provide the high numeric compound ratio rotational speed reduction that is

the product of the master active gear ratio, the slave active gear ratio and the passive gear ratio.

In various other embodiments, the present disclosure provides a method for outputting a rotational speed reduction ratio between an input shaft and an output shaft of a transmission. The method comprises selectively operably connecting at least one gear of a master active gear set of the transmission to one of an input shaft and an output shaft of the transmission, wherein the master active gear set has a master gear ratio. The method additionally comprises selectively operably connecting at least one gear of a slave active gear set of the transmission to the other of the one of the input shaft and the output shaft of the transmission, wherein the slave active gear set having a slave gear ratio. Furthermore, the method comprises selectively engaging a compound ratio gear set of the transmission to provide a high numeric compound ratio rotational speed reduction between the input shaft and the output shaft of the transmission. Selectively engaging the compound ratio gear set comprises selectively engaging a passive gear set of the transmission between the master active gear set and the slave active gear set such that the master active gear set is operably connected to the slave active gear set via the passive gear set, thereby defining the compound ratio gear set comprising the master active gear set, the slave active gear set and the passive gear set. The compound ratio gear set is structured and operable to provide the high numeric compound ratio rotational speed reduction between the input shaft and the output shaft of the transmission, wherein the high numeric compound ratio is substantially equal to the product of the master active gear ratio, the slave gear ratio and the passive gear ratio.

In various embodiments, the present disclosure provides a vehicle transmission for a vehicle is provided. In various embodiments the transmission comprises an input shaft connectable to a power generation device such that the input shaft is rotatable by the power generation device at a power input rotational speed, an output shaft connectable to a driveline of the vehicle, and a plurality of gear sets disposed on the input and output shafts, at least one gear of each gear set selectively engageable with the input shaft and/or the output shaft such that the output shaft is rotatable at a power output rotational speed. Each gear set is structured and operable to provide a gear ratio such that the power output rotational speed can be reduced (or increased) from the power input rotational speed based on the respective gear ratio. The gear sets comprise a master active gear set having a master gear ratio, a slave active gear set having a slave gear ratio, and a passive gear set having a passive gear ratio. One gear of the passive gear set is connected to or engageable with one gear of the master or slave active gear sets, and another gear of the passive gear set is connected to or engageable with one gear of the other of the master and slave gear sets such that the compound ratio of the input shaft to the output shaft is the product of the master, slave and passive gear ratios.

This summary is provided merely for purposes of summarizing various example embodiments of the present disclosure so as to provide a basic understanding of various aspects of the teachings herein. Various embodiments, aspects, and advantages will become apparent from the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings which illustrate, by way of example, the principles of the described embodiments. Accordingly, it should be understood that the description and specific examples set forth herein are intended for purposes of illustration only and are not intended to limit the scope of the present teachings.

The drawings described herein are for illustration purposes only and are not intended to limit the scope of the present teachings in any way.

FIG. 1 is an isometric view of a vehicle including a transmission comprising a compound ratio low gear set, in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 2 is a side view of the vehicle shown in FIG. 1 including the transmission comprising the compound ratio low gear set, in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 3 is a block diagram of the vehicle shown in FIG. 1 including the transmission comprising the compound ratio low gear set, in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 4 is a block diagram of the transmission comprising the compound ratio low gear set shown in FIG. 1, in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 5 is a schematic of the transmission comprising the compound ratio low gear set shown in FIG. 1, in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 6 is a schematic of a portion of the transmission comprising the compound ratio low gear set shown in FIG. 1, in accordance with various other embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 7 is a schematic of a portion of the transmission comprising the compound ratio low gear set shown in FIG. 1, in accordance with yet various other embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 8 is a schematic of a portion of the transmission comprising the compound ratio low gear set shown in FIG. 1, in accordance with still yet various other embodiments of the present disclosure.

Corresponding reference numerals indicate corresponding parts throughout the several views of drawings.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The following description by way of example and is in no way intended to limit the present teachings, application, or uses. Throughout this specification, like reference numerals will be used to refer to like elements. Additionally, the embodiments disclosed below are not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise forms disclosed in the following detailed description. Rather, the embodiments are chosen and described so that others skilled in the art can utilize their teachings. As well, it should be understood that the drawings are intended to illustrate and plainly disclose presently envisioned embodiments to one of skill in the art, but are not intended to be manufacturing level drawings or renditions of final products and may include simplified conceptual views to facilitate understanding or explanation. As well, the relative size and arrangement of the components may differ from that shown and still operate within the spirit of the invention.

As used herein, the word “exemplary” or “illustrative” means “serving as an example, instance, or illustration.” Any implementation described herein as “exemplary” or “illustrative” is not necessarily to be construed as preferred or advantageous over other implementations. All of the implementations described below are exemplary implementations provided to enable persons skilled in the art to practice the disclosure and are not intended to limit the scope of the appended claims.

Unless otherwise defined, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this disclosure belongs. The terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular example embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting. As used herein, the singular forms “a,” “an,” and “the” may be intended to include the plural forms as well, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. The terms “comprises,” “comprising,” “including,” and “having,” are inclusive and therefore specify the presence of stated features, integers, steps, operations, elements, and/or components, but do not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other features, integers, steps, operations, elements, components, and/or groups thereof. The method steps, processes, and operations described herein are not to be construed as necessarily requiring their performance in the particular order discussed or illustrated, unless specifically identified as an order of performance. It is also to be understood that additional or alternative steps can be employed.

When an element, object, device, apparatus, component, region or section, etc., is referred to as being “on,” “engaged to or with,” “connected to or with,” or “coupled to or with” another element, object, device, apparatus, component, region or section, etc., it can be directly on, engaged, connected or coupled to or with the other element, object, device, apparatus, component, region or section, etc., or intervening elements, objects, devices, apparatuses, components, regions or sections, etc., can be present. In contrast, when an element, object, device, apparatus, component, region or section, etc., is referred to as being “directly on,” “directly engaged to,” “directly connected to,” or “directly coupled to” another element, object, device, apparatus, component, region or section, etc., there may be no intervening elements, objects, devices, apparatuses, components, regions or sections, etc., present. Other words used to describe the relationship between elements, objects, devices, apparatuses, components, regions or sections, etc., should be interpreted in a like fashion (e.g., “between” versus “directly between,” “adjacent” versus “directly adjacent,” etc.).

As used herein, the term “and/or” includes any and all combinations of one or more of the associated listed items. For example, A and/or B includes A alone, or B alone, or both A and B.

Although the terms first, second, third, etc. can be used herein to describe various elements, objects, devices, apparatuses, components, regions or sections, etc., these elements, objects, devices, apparatuses, components, regions or sections, etc., should not be limited by these terms. These terms may be used only to distinguish one element, object, device, apparatus, component, region or section, etc., from another element, object, device, apparatus, component, region or section, etc., and do not necessarily imply a sequence or order unless clearly indicated by the context.

Moreover, it will be understood that various directions such as “upper,” “lower,” “bottom,” “top,” “left,” “right,” “first,” “second” and so forth are made only with respect to explanation in conjunction with the drawings, and that components may be oriented differently, for instance, during transportation and manufacturing as well as operation. Because many varying and different embodiments may be made within the scope of the concept(s) herein taught, and because many modifications may be made in the embodiments described herein, it is to be understood that the details herein are to be interpreted as illustrative and non-limiting.

Referring to FIGS. 1, 2 and 3, the present disclosure provides a vehicle 10 comprising a prime mover 14 (e.g., an

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internal combustion engine and/or an electric motor) that generates and delivers power to a driveline 18 that is operatively connected to at least one wheel 22 to provide motive force to the vehicle 10. The vehicle 10 can be any vehicle, such as a truck, car, or sport utility vehicle, but will be described and illustrated herein, by way of example, as an off-road utility or other lightweight vehicle not designated for use on roadways, e.g., a maintenance vehicle, a cargo vehicle, a shuttle vehicle, a golf cart, an all-terrain vehicle (ATV), a utility task vehicle (UTV), a recreational off-highway vehicle (ROV), a side-by-side vehicle (SSV), a worksite vehicle, a buggy, a motorcycle, a snowmobile, a tactical vehicle, etc.

The driveline 18 includes a transmission 26 that is operatively connected to the prime mover 14. The transmission 26 can be operatively connected to the prime mover 14 via direct connection or via a first drive shaft 38 of the driveline 18. In various embodiments, the driveline 18 includes a rear differential or transaxle 30 (simply referred to herein as the rear differential 30) that is operatively connected to the transmission 26, and a rear axle 34 that is operatively connected to one or more wheel 22. The rear differential 30 can be operatively connected to the transmission 26 via direct connection or via a second driveshaft 42. The rear axle 34 can, for example, be either a split axle for an independent suspension system, or a one-piece axle, and remain within the scope of the present disclosure. In various embodiments, the driveline 18 can additionally or alternatively include a front differential or transaxle 54 (simply referred to herein as the front differential 54) that is operatively connected to the transmission 26, and a front axle 58 that is operatively connected to one or more wheel 22. The front differential 54 can be operatively connected to the transmission 26 via direct connection or via a power take off (not shown) connected to the transmission 26 and third drive shaft (not shown). The front axle 58 can, for example, be either a split axle for an independent suspension system, or a one-piece axle, and remain within the scope of the present disclosure. In various embodiments, the driveline 18 can include both the rear and front differentials 30 and 54 and their respective connections to the transmission 26 described above. Alternatively, in various embodiments, one of the rear and front differentials 30 and 54 and its respective connection to the transmission 26 may be omitted and remain within the scope of the disclosure.

The components of the driveline 18 described above by way of example, should not be considered as limiting. It is envisioned that the driveline 18 can include fewer or more components than described above and remain within the scope of the present disclosure. For example, in various embodiments, the driveline 18 can include one or more transfer case disposed between the transmission 26 and the rear differential and/or the front differentials 30 and/or 54, and remain within the scope of the present disclosure. Additionally, in various embodiments, the driveline 18 can include a clutch or torque converter between the prime mover 14 and the transmission 26, and remain within the scope of the present disclosure.

It is envisioned that the driveline 18 of the vehicle 10 of various embodiments can be configured to provide 2-wheel drive functionality and/or 4-wheel drive functionality to vehicle 10. Accordingly, based on whether the driveline 18 is configured as a 2-wheel drive driveline or a 4-wheel drive driveline, the driveline 18 can comprise any or all of, individually or in any combination, the transmission 26, the rear differential 30, the rear axle 34, the front differential 54,

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front axle 58, the first driveshaft 38, the second driveshaft 42, the power take off (not shown) and the third driveshaft (not shown).

The vehicle 10 additionally includes a passenger compartment 62 supported by a chassis 66. The passenger compartment 62 generally includes: a dash console 70 that can include such things as an On/Off key switch, a driver information display panel/screen, a forward/neutral/reverse selector, a 2-wheel drive/4-wheel drive selector, a differential lock/unlock selector, one or more small accessory storage pockets, a speedometer, various other gauges and/or instrumentation, a radio, and/or various other vehicle controls; a steering wheel 74 for use by the vehicle operator to control the directional movement of the vehicle 10; a brake pedal 78 for use by the vehicle operator to control slowing and stopping of the vehicle 10; the accelerator pedal 82 for use by the vehicle operator to control power delivered by the prime mover 14 to the wheel(s) 22 via the driveline 18; and one or more passenger seating structure 86 for supporting one or more passengers of the vehicle 10 (e.g., a driver and one or more non-drivers). The seating structure(s) 86 can be any suitable seating structure, for example, one or more row bench style seats, or one or more rows of side-by-side seats.

Referring now to FIGS. 1, 2, 3 and 4, the transmission 26 comprises a housing or case 88, an input shaft 90, an output shaft 94, a plurality of active gear sets 98 and a passive gear set 102. In various embodiments, the passive gear set 102 is selectively engageable with two of the active gear sets 98 such that the combination and interoperability of the two respective active gear sets 98 and the passive gear set 102 form or provide a compound ratio low gear set 106. As described below, the compound ratio gear set 106 provides high numeric compound ratio rotational speed reduction (e.g., a 7.46:1 reduction) (sometimes referred to as a low gear ratio) between the input shaft 90 and the output shaft 94.

The input shaft 90 is operably connected to the output shaft 94 by the plurality of active gear sets 98. Each active gear set 98 includes a pair of gears, wherein one of the gears is actively or fixedly mounted to (e.g., directly connected or affixed to, fixedly engaged with, or integrally formed with) one of the input shaft 90 or the output shaft 94, and the other gear of each active gear set 98 is selectively engageable with (e.g., engageable via sliding dog rings, sliding gears, synchronizers and/or clutches) the other of the input shaft 90 and the output shaft 94. The passive gear set 102 includes a pair of gears, wherein one of the gears is fixedly connected to (e.g., directly connected or affixed to, fixedly engaged with, or integrally formed with), or selectively engageable with, one gear of one of the active gear sets 98 (referred to herein as the compound ratio master gear set 98-M). Additionally, the other gear of the passive gear set 102 is fixedly connected to (e.g., directly connected or affixed to, fixedly engaged with, or integrally formed with), or selectively engageable with, one gear of another one of the active gear sets 98 (referred to herein as the compound ratio slave gear set 98-S). The transmission input shaft 90 is operatively connected to the prime mover 14 (e.g., via direct connection or via the first drive shaft 38 of the driveline 18) such that power generated by the prime mover 14 is delivered or transferred to the input shaft 90. The transmission output shaft 94 is operatively connected to the rear differential 30 and/or the front differential 54 (e.g., via direct connection and/or via the second driveshaft 42 and/or the third drive shaft (not shown)) such that power transferred from the input shaft is delivered or transferred to the wheel(s) 22.

As described above, in operation, the prime mover **14** generates and delivers power to the driveline **18**. More particularly, the prime mover **14** generates and delivers power to the transmission input shaft **90**, the transmission **26** then transfers power received from the prime mover **14** to the output shaft **94** via automatic or manual selective engagement of active gear sets **98** and the compound low ratio gear set **106**, where after power is delivered to one or more wheel **22** via differentials **30** and/or **54**. Each of the active gear sets **98** and the compound low ratio gear set **106** are structured and operable to provide a gear ratio that will increase or reduce rotational speed of the output shaft **94** relative to the rotational speed of the input shaft **90** based on the respective ratio. Additionally, as a function of power, the active gear sets **98** and the compound low ratio gear set **106** are also structured and operable to inversely increase or reduce the torque delivered by the output shaft **94** relative to the torque received from the prime mover **14** at the input shaft **90**. As used herein power is equal to torque multiplied by angular velocity (e.g., $P(t)=\tau\cdot\omega$, wherein $P(t)$ is power, τ is torque, ω is angular velocity). Angular velocity is also referred to herein as rotational speed (e.g., revolutions per minute (RPM)), for example, rotational speed of the input and output shafts **90** and **94**. The gear ratios will be expressed herein as the ratio of the rotational speed of the input shaft **90** (RPMIS) with respect to the rotational speed of the output shaft **94** (RPMOS), for example, RPMIS:RPMOS. For example, a gear ratio of 3:1 represents that for every three rotations of the input shaft **90**, the output shaft **94** will rotate once.

The active gear sets **98** of the transmission **26** comprise gear sets commonly referred to as first gear, second gear, third gear, etc., that are utilized when the vehicle **10** is driven over non-challenging terrain such as established roads, paths, trails, etc., and open land having non-extreme terrestrial landscape conditions. As described above, the passive gear set **102** of the transmission **26** is implemented in combination with two active gear sets **98** (e.g., the compound ratio master and slave gear sets **98-M** and **98-S**) to form the compound ratio gear set **106**. The compound ratio gear set **106** (also referred to herein as the 'granny gear' of the transmission **26**) is structured and operable to be utilized when the vehicle **10** is driven over challenging terrain where it is desired that transmission output shaft **94** deliver low rotational speed and high torque to the wheel(s) **22**. For example, the compound ratio gear set **106** can be selected, automatically or manually, when the vehicle **10** is driving over difficult terrain, e.g., muddy terrain, snowy terrain, rocky terrain, undulating terrain, terrain with steep hills, etc., or when the vehicle **10** is used to tow another vehicle or other object.

More particularly, the transmission **26** can comprise two or more active gear sets **98**, and the passive gear set **102**. Each active gear set **98** is structured and operable to, upon automatic or manual selection of one the respective active gear sets **98**, provide a desired reduction or increase in the rotational speed of the output shaft **94** relative to the rotational speed of the input shaft **90**. The passive gear set **102** is structured and operable to, upon automatic or manual selection of the compound ratio gear set **106**, provide a gear ratio that, when combined with the gear ratios of the compound ratio master and slave gear sets **98-M** and **98-S**, will reduce the rotational speed of the output shaft **94** relative to the rotational speed of the input shaft **90** at a numerically greater ratio than any of the active gear sets **98** independently. That is, the product of the ratios of the compound ratio master gear set **98-M**, the compound ratio

slave gear set **98-S**, and the passive gear set **102** will generate or produce a resulting reduction in rotational speed and increase in torque output by the output shaft **94** that are greater than the rotational speed reduction and torque increase generated or produced by any of the selectable active gear sets **98** independently. Therefore, when selectively engaged, the compound ratio low gear set **106** is structured and operable to provide a high numeric compound ratio gear reduction, i.e., a low gear ratio (e.g., 7.46:1) between the input shaft **90** and the output shaft **94**, such that the vehicle **10** can travel slowly with high torque delivered to the wheel(s) **22** to negotiate difficult terrain.

For example, if the compound ratio master gear set **98-M** has a gear ratio of 4:1, the compound ratio slave gear set **98-S** has a gear ratio of 3:1, and the passive gear set **102** has a gear ratio of 2:1, the resultant reduction in rotational speed and increase in torque of the output shaft **94** relative to the input shaft would be the product of the ratios, 8:1 (e.g., $4\cdot3\cdot2=24$). As another example, if the compound ratio master gear set **98-M** has a gear ratio of 5:1, the compound ratio slave gear set **98-S** has a gear ratio of 2.5:1, and the passive gear set **102** has a gear ratio of 0.6:1, the resultant reduction in rotational speed and increase in torque of the output shaft **94** relative to the input shaft would be the product of the ratios, 7.5:1 (e.g., $5\cdot2.5\cdot0.6=7.5$). As another example, if the compound ratio master gear set **98-M** has a gear ratio of 3.5:1, the compound ratio slave gear set **98-S** has a gear ratio of 2:1, and the passive gear set **102** has a gear ratio of 1.75:1, the resultant reduction in rotational speed and increase in torque of the output shaft **94** relative to the input shaft would be the product of the ratios, 10.5:1 (e.g., $3.5\cdot2\cdot1.75=10.5$). The compound ratio master gear set **98-M** and the compound ratio slave gear set **98-S** can be any two active gear sets **98** of the transmission **26** that have gear ratios that will provide the desired compound ratio gear set ratio when multiplied by the passive gear set ratio. More specifically, the passive gear set **102** can be structured to have any gear ratio that, when multiplied by the gear ratios of the compound ratio master and slave gear sets **98-M** and **98-S**, will provide the desired compound ratio gear set ratio.

Referring now to FIG. 5, in various embodiments, the transmission **26** can, for example, comprise a first speed active gear set **98-1** having a first gear ratio, a second speed active gear set **98-2** having a second gear ratio, and a third speed active gear set **98-3** having a third gear ratio, a fourth speed active gear set **98-4** having a fourth gear ratio, a fifth speed active gear set **98-5** having a fifth gear ratio, a passive gear set **102** having a sixth gear ratio, and a compound ratio gear set **106** comprised of the first speed active gear set **98-1**, the second speed active gear set **98-2** and the passive gear set **102** having a compound gear ratio. In the example embodiments illustrated in FIG. 5, the first speed active gear set **98-1** is the compound ratio master gear set **98-M** and the second speed active gear set **98-2** is the compound ratio slave gear set **98-S**.

As described above, each active gear set **98** includes a pair of gears, wherein one of the gears is fixedly mounted to one of the input shaft **90** or the output shaft **94**. These gears are referred to herein as the driving gear (e.g., the DVG gear) of the respective active gear set **98**. The other gear of each active gear set **98** is free spinning on, and selectably engageable with, the other of the input shaft **90** and the output shaft **94**. These gears are referred to herein as the driven gear (e.g., the DVN gear) of the respective active gear set **98**. For example, as illustrated in FIG. 5, in various embodiments: 1) the driving gear DVG1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1** is fixedly mounted to the input shaft **90**, and the driven gear

DVN1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1** is selectably engageable with the output shaft **94**; 2) the driving gear DVG2 of the second speed active gear set **98-2** is fixedly mounted to the output shaft **94**, and the driven gear DVN2 of the second speed active gear set **98-2** is selectably engageable with the input shaft **90**; 3) the driving gear DVG3 of the third speed active gear set **98-3** is fixedly mounted to the input shaft **90**, and the driven gear DVN3 of the third speed active gear set **98-3** is selectably engageable with the output shaft **94**; 4) the driving gear DVG4 of the fourth speed active gear set **98-4** is fixedly mounted to the input shaft **90**, and the driven gear DVN4 of the fourth speed active gear set **98-4** is selectably engageable with the output shaft **94**; and 5) the driving gear DVG5 of the fifth speed active gear set **98-5** is fixedly mounted to the input shaft **90**, and the driven gear DVN5 of the fifth speed active gear set **98-5** is selectably engageable with the output shaft **94**.

As also described above, the passive gear set **102** includes a pair of gears, wherein one of the gears thereof is fixedly connected to, or selectably engageable with, one of the gears of the compound ratio master gear set **98-M**. This gear is referred to herein as the driving gear DVGPG of the passive gear set **102**. The other gear of the passive gear set **102** is fixedly connected to, or selectably engageable with, one of the gears of compound ratio slave gear set **98-S**. This gear is referred to herein as the driven gear DVNPG of the passive gear set **102**. For example, as illustrated in FIG. 5, in various embodiments, the driving gear DVGPG of the passive gear set **102** is fixedly connected to, or integrally formed with, the driven gear DVN1 of the first speed/master gear set **98-1/98-M**, and the driven gear DVNPG of the passive gear set **102** is selectably engageable with (e.g., engageable via sliding dog rings, sliding gears, synchronizers and/or clutches) the driven gear DVN2 of the second speed/slave gear set **98-2/98-S**.

In the embodiments illustrated in FIG. 5, the transmission **26** additionally includes a second speed fixed dog ring **110**, a first-third speed sliding dog ring **114** and a fourth-fifth speed sliding dog ring **118**. The second speed fixed dog ring **110** is fixedly mounted to the input shaft **90** and is structured and operable to engage with the driven gear DVN2 of the second speed active gear set **98-2**. The driven gear DVN2 of the second speed active gear set **98-2** is slidingly mounted to the input shaft **90** and is structured and operable to selectably engage with the second speed fixed dog ring **110** when the second speed active gear set **98-2** is selected to provide the second gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into second gear), and selectively engage with the driven gear DVNPG of the passive gear set **102** when the compound ratio gear set **106** is selected to provide the compound gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into granny gear). Particularly, when the driven gear DVN2 of the second speed active gear set **98-2** engages with second speed fixed dog ring **110**, the driven gear DVN2 of the second speed active gear set **98-2** becomes operatively engaged with (e.g., temporarily fixedly engaged with) the input shaft **90** such that power delivered to the input shaft **90** is transferred to the output shaft **94** through the second speed active gear set **98-2**, thereby providing the second gear ratio between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**.

Additionally, when the driven gear DVN2 of the second speed active gear set **98-2** (also referred to herein as the driven gear DVN2 of the compound ratio slave gear set **98-S**) engages with the driven gear DVNPG of the passive gear set **102**, the first speed active gear set **98-1**, the passive gear set **102**, and the second speed active gear set **98-2**

become operatively connected to each other via the fixed connection of the passive gear set driving gear DVGPG to the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1, thereby forming the compound ratio gear set **106**. In such instances, the compound ratio gear set **106** is fixedly connected to the input shaft **90** at the first speed active gear set driving gear DVG1 (also referred to herein as the compound ratio master gear set driving gear DVG1) and fixedly connected to the output shaft **94** at the second speed active gear set driving gear DVG2 (also referred to herein as the compound ratio slave gear set driving gear DVG2). Therefore, power delivered to the input shaft **90** is transferred to the output shaft **94** through the compound ratio gear set **106**, thereby providing the compound gear ratio between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**.

Hence, in the example embodiments illustrated in FIG. 5, the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 has three defined positions. Specifically, the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 has: 1) a neutral position wherein it is not engaged with either the second speed fixed dog ring **110** or the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG; 2) a second gear position wherein it is engaged with the second speed fixed dog ring **110** to configure the transmission **26** in second gear; and 3) a granny gear position wherein it is engaged with the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG to form the compound ratio gear set **106** and configure the transmission **26** in granny gear.

When the transmission **26** is in the granny gear configuration, power flows from the input shaft **90** into the compound ratio master gear set driving gear DVG1 (e.g., the first speed active gear set driving gear DVG1) which is fixed to the input shaft **90**. From the compound ratio master gear set driving gear DVG1 power flows into the compound ratio master gear set driven gear DVN1 (e.g., the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1) and then into the passive gear set driving gear DVGPG which is fixed to the compound ratio master gear set driven gear DVN1. Power then flows from the passive gear set driving gear DVGPG the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG. Since the compound ratio slave gear set driven gear DVN2 (e.g., the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2) is engaged with the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG, power flows through the compound ratio slave gear set driven gear DVN2 into the compound ratio slave gear set driving gear DVG2 (e.g., the second speed active gear set driving gear DVG2) and then out the output shaft **94**. Hence, in the granny gear configuration power flows through three sets of gears, namely the compound ratio master gear set **98-M** (e.g., the first speed active gear sets **98-1**), the compound ratio slave gear set **98-S** (e.g., the second speed active gear set **98-2**) and the passive gear set **102**, which provides a large reduction in rate of rotation between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**. For example, with a compound ratio master gear set **98-M** gear ratio of 3.17:1, a passive gear set **102** ratio of 3:1, and a compound ratio slave gear set **98-S** gear ratio of 2.31:1, the total rotational speed reduction for the compound ratio gear set **106** would be $3.17 \cdot 3.0 \cdot 2.31 \approx 22:1$.

It is envisioned that in various embodiments, the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 is not slidingly mounted on input shaft **90**, but is rather only free spinning on the input shaft **90**. In such instances, the transmission **26** can further include a sliding dog ring (not shown) that is structured and operable to operably engage the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 with the input shaft **90**, and another sliding dog ring (not shown) that is structured and operable to engage the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG with the driven gear DVN2 of the second speed

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active gear set **98-2**, to thereby form the compound ratio gear set **106**. Additionally, it is envisioned that in various embodiments, that the transmission **26** can be configured such that one or more of the third speed active gear set driven gear **DVN3**, and/or the fourth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN4**, and/or the fifth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN5**, can be slidingly mounted to the input shaft **90** and engageable with stationary dog rings (as described above with regard to the second speed active gear set driven gear **DVN2**).

The first-third speed sliding dog ring **114** is slidingly mounted to the output shaft **94** (e.g., via a splined engagement) and is structured and operable to selectably engage with the driven gear **DVN1** of the first speed active gear set **98-1** and with the driven gear **DVN3** of the third speed active gear set **98-3**. Particularly, the first-third speed sliding dog ring **114** is structured and operable to engage with the driven gear **DVN1** of the first speed active gear set **98-1** when the first speed active gear set **98-1** is selected to provide the first gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into first gear), and to engage with the driven gear **DVN3** of the third speed active gear set **98-3** when the third speed active gear set **98-3** is selected to provide the third gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into third gear). More particularly, first-third speed sliding dog ring **114** is slidingly mounted to the output shaft **94** (e.g., via a splined engagement) such that when the first-third speed sliding dog ring **114** engages with first speed active gear set driven gear **DVN1**, the first speed active gear set driven gear **DVN1** becomes operatively engaged with the output shaft **94** such that power delivered to the input shaft **90** is transferred to the output shaft **94** through the first speed active gear set **98-1**, thereby providing the first gear ratio between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**. In various embodiments, the operative engagement of the first speed active gear set driven gear **DVN1** with the output shaft **94** is established via a splined engagement of the first speed active gear set driven gear **DVN1** with the first-third speed sliding dog ring **114** and a splined engagement of the first-third speed sliding dog ring **114** with the output shaft **94**. Additionally, first-third speed sliding dog ring **114** is slidingly mounted to the output shaft **94** such that when the first-third speed sliding dog ring **114** engages with third speed active gear set driven gear **DVN3**, the third speed active gear set driven gear **DVN3** becomes operatively engaged with the output shaft **94** such that power delivered to the input shaft **90** is transferred to the output shaft **94** through the third speed active gear set **98-3**, thereby providing the third gear ratio between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**. In various embodiments, the operative engagement of the third speed active gear set driven gear **DVN3** with the output shaft **94** is established via a splined engagement of the third speed active gear set driven gear **DVN3** with the first-third speed sliding dog ring **114** and a splined engagement of the first-third speed sliding dog ring **114** with the output shaft **94**.

The fourth-fifth speed sliding dog ring **118** is slidingly mounted to the output shaft **94** (e.g., via a splined engagement) and is structured and operable to selectably engage with the driven gear **DVN4** of the fourth speed active gear set **98-4** and with the driven gear **DVN5** of the fifth speed active gear set **98-5**. Particularly, the fourth-fifth speed sliding dog ring **118** is structured and operable to engage with the driven gear **DVN4** of the fourth speed active gear set **98-4** when the fourth speed active gear set **98-4** is selected to provide the fourth gear ratio (also referred to

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herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into fourth gear), and to engage with the driven gear **DVN5** of the fifth speed active gear set **98-5** when the fifth speed active gear set **98-5** is selected to provide the fifth gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into fifth gear). More particularly, fourth-fifth speed sliding dog ring **118** is slidingly mounted to the output shaft **94** (e.g., via a splined engagement) such that when the fourth-fifth speed sliding dog ring **118** engages with fourth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN4**, the fourth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN4** becomes operatively engaged with the output shaft **94** such that power delivered to the input shaft **90** is transferred to the output shaft **94** through the fourth speed active gear set **98-1**, thereby providing the fourth gear ratio between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**. In various embodiments, the operative engagement of the fourth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN4** with the output shaft **94** is established via a splined engagement of the fourth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN4** with the fourth-fifth speed sliding dog ring **118** and a splined engagement of the fourth-fifth speed sliding dog ring **118** with the output shaft **94**.

Additionally, fourth-fifth speed sliding dog ring **118** is slidingly mounted to the output shaft **94** (e.g., via a splined engagement) such that when the fourth-fifth speed sliding dog ring **118** engages with fifth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN5**, the fifth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN5** becomes operatively engaged with the output shaft **94** such that power delivered to the input shaft **90** is transferred to the output shaft **94** through the fifth speed active gear set **98-5**, thereby providing the fifth gear ratio between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**. In various embodiments, the operative engagement of the fifth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN5** with the output shaft **94** is established via a splined engagement of the fifth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN5** with the fourth-fifth speed sliding dog ring **118** and a splined engagement of the fourth-fifth speed sliding dog ring **118** with the output shaft **94**.

FIG. **6** is a schematic of a portion of the transmission **26** comprising the compound ratio low gear set **106**, in accordance with various other embodiments of the present disclosure. FIG. **6** only illustrates the portion of the transmission **26** that includes the compound ratio low gear set **106**. The transmission **26** illustrated by way of example in FIG. **6** may include only the active gear sets **98** shown or it can include one or more additional active gear sets **98**, such as the five active gear sets illustrated by way of example in FIG. **5**, or more (e.g., a sixth or seventh or more active gear set) and remain within the scope of the present disclosure. As illustrated in FIG. **6**, in various embodiments, the transmission **26** can comprises the first speed active gear set **98-1** having a first gear ratio, the second speed active gear set **98-2** having a second gear ratio, a passive gear set **102** having a third gear ratio, and the compound ratio gear set **106** comprised of the first speed active gear set **98-1**, the second speed active gear set **98-2** and the passive gear set **102** having a compound gear ratio. In the example embodiments illustrated in FIG. **6**, the first speed active gear set **98-1** is the compound ratio master gear set **98-M** and the second speed active gear set **98-2** is the compound ratio slave gear set **98-S**. In such embodiments: 1) the driving gear **DVG2** of the second speed active gear set **98-2** is fixedly mounted to the output shaft **94**, and the driven gear **DVN2** of the second speed active gear set **98-2** is selectably engageable with the input shaft **90**; 2) the driving gear **DVGPG** of the passive gear set **102** is fixedly connected to, or integrally formed with, the driven gear **DVN2** of the

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second speed/master gear set **98-2/98-S**, and the driven gear DVNPG of the passive gear set **102** includes an elongated shaft **122** and is selectably engageable with (e.g., engageable via sliding dog rings, sliding gears, synchronizers and/or clutches) with the output shaft **94**; and 3) the driving gear DVG1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1** is fixedly mounted to the input shaft **90**, and the driven gear DVN1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1** is selectably engageable with (e.g., engageable via sliding dog rings, sliding gears, synchronizers and/or clutches) the elongated shaft **122** of the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG.

In the various embodiments illustrated in FIG. 6, the transmission **26** additionally includes a second speed sliding dog ring **126**, a passive gear sliding dog ring **130**, and a first speed sliding dog ring **134**. The second speed sliding dog ring **126** is slidably mounted to the input shaft **90** (e.g., via a splined engagement) and is structured and operable to selectably engage with the driven gear DVN2 of the second speed active gear set **98-2**. Particularly, the second speed sliding dog ring **126** is structured and operable to engage with the driven gear DVN2 of the second speed active gear set **98-2** when the second speed active gear set **98-2** is selected to provide the second gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into second gear). More particularly, the second speed sliding dog ring **126** of such embodiments is slidably mounted to the input shaft **90** such that when the second speed sliding dog ring **126** engages with second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2, the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 becomes operatively engaged with the input shaft **90** such that power delivered to the input shaft **90** is transferred to the output shaft **94** through the second speed active gear set **98-2**, thereby providing the second gear ratio between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**. In various embodiments, the operative engagement of the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 with the input shaft **90** is established via a splined engagement of the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 with the second speed sliding dog ring **126** and a splined engagement of the second speed sliding dog ring **126** with the input shaft **90**.

The passive gear sliding dog ring **130** is slidably mounted to the elongated shaft **122** of the driven gear DVNPG of the passive gear set **102** (e.g., via a splined engagement) and is structured and operable to selectably engage the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG with the driven gear DVN1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1**. Particularly, the passive gear sliding dog ring **130** is structured and operable to engage with the driven gear DVN1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1** when the compound ratio gear set **106** is selected to provide the compound gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into granny gear). More particularly, when the passive gear sliding dog ring **130** engages with the driven gear DVN1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1**, the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1 becomes operatively engaged with the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG such that the first speed active gear **98-1**, the passive gear set **102**, and the second speed active gear set **98-2** become operatively connected to each other via the fixed connection of the passive gear set driving gear DVGPG to the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2, thereby forming the compound ratio gear set **106**. In various embodiments, the operative engagement of the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG with first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1 is established via a splined engagement of the passive gear sliding dog ring **130** with the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1 and with the elongated shaft **122** of

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passive gear set driven gear DVNPG. In such instances, the compound ratio gear set **106** is fixedly connected to the input shaft **90** at the first speed active gear set driving gear DVG1 (also referred to herein as the compound ratio master gear set driving gear DVG1) and fixedly connected to the output shaft **94** at the second speed active gear set driving gear DVG2 (also referred to herein as the compound ratio slave gear set driving gear DVG2). Therefore, power delivered to the input shaft **90** is transferred to the output shaft **94** through the compound ratio gear set **106**, thereby providing the compound gear ratio between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**.

When the transmission **26** is in the granny gear configuration, power flows from the input shaft **90** into the compound ratio master gear set driving gear DVG1 (e.g., the first speed active gear set driving gear DVG1) which is fixed to the input shaft **90**. From the compound ratio master gear set driving gear DVG1 power flows into the compound ratio master gear set driven gear DVN1 (e.g., the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1) and then into the passive gear set driving gear DVGPG, which is operably connected to the compound ratio master gear set driven gear DVN1. Power then flows from the passive gear set driving gear DVGPG to the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG. Since the passive gear set driving gear DVG PG is fixedly connected to the compound ratio slave gear set driven gear DVN2 (e.g., the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2), power flows through the compound ratio slave gear set driven gear DVN2 into the compound ratio slave gear set driving gear DVG2 (e.g., the second speed active gear set driving gear DVG2) and then out the output shaft **94**. Hence, in the granny gear configuration power flows through three sets of gears, namely the compound ratio master gear set **98-M** (e.g., the first speed active gear sets **98-1**), the compound ratio slave gear set **98-M** (e.g., the second speed active gear set **98-2**) and the passive gear set **102**, which provides a large reduction in rate of rotation between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**. For example, with a compound ratio master gear set **98-M** gear ratio of 3.17:1, a passive gear set **102** ratio of 1.02, and a compound ratio slave gear set **98-S** gear ratio of 2.31:1, the total rotational speed reduction for the compound ratio gear set **106** would be $3.17 \cdot 1.02 \cdot 2.31 \approx 7.47$:1.

The first speed sliding dog ring **134** is slidably mounted to the output shaft **94** (e.g., via a splined engagement) and is structured and operable to selectably engage with the driven gear DVN1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1**. Particularly, the first speed sliding dog ring **134** is structured and operable to engage with the driven gear DVN1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1** when the first speed active gear set **98-1** is selected to provide the first gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into first gear). More particularly, the first speed sliding dog ring **134** is slidably mounted to the output shaft **94** such that when the first speed sliding dog ring **134** engages with first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1, the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1 becomes operatively engaged with the output shaft **94** such that power delivered to the input shaft **90** is transferred to the output shaft **94** through the first speed active gear set **98-1**, thereby providing the first gear ratio between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**. In various embodiments, the operative engagement of the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1 with the output shaft **94** is established via a splined engagement of the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1 with the first speed sliding dog ring **134** and a splined engagement of the first speed sliding dog ring **134** with the output shaft **94**.

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In various implementations, wherein the transmission **26** includes a third active gear set (e.g., a third speed active gear set) (not shown), the first speed dog ring **134** can be first-third speed dog ring that, in addition to operatively engaging the first speed gear set driven gear DRN1 with the output shaft **94**, is structured and operable to operatively engage a gear of such a third active gear set with the output shaft **94** in the same fashion as the first-third speed sliding dog ring **114** described above with regard to FIG. **5**.

FIG. **7** is a schematic of a portion of the transmission **26** comprising the compound ratio low gear set **106**, in accordance with yet other various embodiments of the present disclosure. FIG. **7** only illustrates the portion of the transmission **26** that includes the compound ratio low gear set **106**. The transmission **26** illustrated by way of example in FIG. **7** may include only the active gear sets **98** shown or it can include one or more additional active gear sets **98**, such as the five active gear sets illustrated by way of example in FIG. **5**, or more (e.g., a sixth or seventh or more active gear set) and remain within the scope of the present disclosure.

As illustrated in FIG. **7**, in various embodiments, the transmission **26** can comprise the first speed active gear set **98-1** having a first gear ratio, the second speed active gear set **98-2** having a second gear ratio, a passive gear set **102** having a third gear ratio, and the compound ratio gear set **106** comprised of the first speed active gear set **98-1**, the second speed active gear set **98-2** and the passive gear set **102** having a compound gear ratio. In the example embodiments illustrated in FIG. **7**, in addition to functioning and being utilized as part of the compound ratio gear set **106**, the passive gear set **102** can co-function and be utilized as another active gear set **98** having different gear ratio than the other active gear sets **98** of the transmission **26**. For example, in various instances, in addition to functioning and being utilized as part of the compound ratio gear set **106**, the passive gear set **102** can co-function and be utilized a sixth speed active gear set **98-6** (or any other desired active gear set, e.g., third speed active gear set **98-3**, fourth speed active gear set **98-4**, fifth speed active gear set **98-5**, etc.) to provide a sixth gear ratio (or other desired gear ratio, e.g., a third gear ratio, a fourth gear ratio, a fifth gear ratio, etc.) between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**. It should be understood that in such instances, although not shown, the transmission **26** will include the third speed active gear set (not shown) having a third gear ratio, a fourth gear set (not shown) having a fourth gear ratio, and a fifth gear set (not shown) having a fifth gear ratio.

In the example embodiments illustrated in FIG. **7**, the first speed active gear set **98-1** is the compound ratio master gear set **98-M** and the second speed active gear set **98-2** is the compound ratio slave gear set **98-S**. In such embodiments: 1) the driving gear DVG1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1** is fixedly mounted to the input shaft **90**, and the driven gear DVN1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1** is selectively engageable with the output shaft **94**; 2) the driving gear DVGPG of the passive gear set **102** includes an elongated shaft **138** and is selectively engageable with (e.g., engageable via sliding dog rings, sliding gears, synchronizers and/or clutches) with the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1, and the driven gear DVNPG of the passive gear set **102** is selectively engageable with the input shaft **90**; and 3) the driving gear DVG2 of the second speed active gear set **98-2** is fixedly mounted to the output shaft **94**, and the driven gear DVN2 of the second speed active gear set **98-2** includes an elongated shaft **142** and is selectively engageable with

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(e.g., engageable via sliding dog rings, sliding gears, synchronizers and/or clutches) with the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG.

In the various embodiments illustrated in FIG. **7**, the transmission **26** additionally includes a first speed sliding dog ring **146**, a first passive gear sliding dog ring **150**, a second passive gear sliding dog ring **154**, a first co-function gear sliding dog ring **158**, a second co-function gear sliding dog ring **162**, and a second speed sliding dog ring **166**. The first speed sliding dog ring **146** is slidably mounted to the output shaft **94** (e.g., via a splined engagement) and is structured and operable to selectively engage with the driven gear DVN1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1**. Particularly, the first speed sliding dog ring **146** is structured and operable to engage with the driven gear DVN1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1** when the first speed active gear set **98-1** is selected to provide the first gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into first gear). More particularly, the first speed sliding dog ring **146** is slidably mounted to the output shaft **94** such that when the first speed sliding dog ring **146** engages with first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1, the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1 becomes operatively engaged with the output shaft **94** such that power delivered to the input shaft **90** is transferred to the output shaft **94** through the first speed active gear set **98-1**, thereby providing the first gear ratio between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**. In various embodiments, the operative engagement of the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1 with the output shaft **94** is established via a splined engagement of the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1 with the first speed sliding dog ring **146** and a splined engagement of the first speed sliding dog ring **146** with the output shaft **94**.

The second speed sliding dog ring **166** is slidably mounted to the input shaft **90** (e.g., via a splined engagement) and is structured and operable to selectively engage with the driven gear DVN2 of the second speed active gear set **98-2**. Particularly, the second speed sliding dog ring **166** is structured and operable to engage with the driven gear DVN2 of the second speed active gear set **98-2** when the second speed active gear set **98-2** is selected to provide the second gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into second gear). More particularly, the second speed sliding dog ring **166** is slidably mounted to the input shaft **90** such that when the second speed sliding dog ring **166** engages with second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2, the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 becomes operatively engaged with the input shaft **90** such that power delivered to the input shaft **90** is transferred to the output shaft **94** through the second speed active gear set **98-2**, thereby providing the second gear ratio between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**. In various embodiments, the operative engagement of the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 with the input shaft **90** is established via a splined engagement of the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 with the second speed sliding dog ring **166** and a splined engagement of the second speed sliding dog ring **166** with the input shaft **90**.

The first passive gear sliding dog ring **150** is slidably mounted to the elongated shaft **138** of the driving gear DVGPG of the passive gear set **102** (e.g., via a splined engagement) and is structured and operable to selectively engage the passive gear set driving gear DVGPG with the driven gear DVN1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1**. Particularly, the first passive gear sliding dog ring **150** is structured and operable to engage with the driven gear DVN1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1** when the

compound ratio gear set **106** is selected to provide the compound gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into granny gear). More particularly, when the first passive gear sliding dog ring **150** engages with the driven gear DVN1 of the first speed active gear set **98-1**, the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1 becomes operatively engaged with the passive gear set driving gear DVGPG such that the first speed active gear set **98-1** becomes operatively connected to the passive gear set driving gear DVGPG. Additionally, the second passive gear sliding dog ring **154** is slidingly mounted to the elongated shaft **142** of the driven gear DVN2 of the second speed active gear set **98-2** (e.g., via a splined engagement) and is structured and operable to selectably engage the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 with the driven gear DVNPG of the passive gear set **102**. Particularly, the second passive gear sliding dog ring **154** is structured and operable to engage with the driven gear DVNPG of the passive gear set **102** when the compound ratio gear set **106** is selected to provide the compound gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into granny gear). More particularly, when the second passive gear sliding dog ring **154** engages with the driven gear DVNPG of passive gear set **102**, the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 becomes operatively engaged with the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG such that the second speed active gear set **98-2** becomes operatively connected passive gear set driven gear DVNPG. Therefore, in such embodiments, to configure the transmission **26** into granny gear, the first passive gear sliding dog ring **150** is moved to operatively engage the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1 (also referred to herein as the driven gear DVN1 of the compound ratio master gear set **98-M**) with the passive gear set driving gear DVGPG, and the second passive gear sliding dog ring **154** is moved to operatively engage the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 (also referred to herein as the driven gear DVN2 of the compound ratio slave gear set **98-S**) with the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG, thereby operably connecting together the first speed active gear **98-1**, the passive gear set **102**, and the second speed active gear set **98-2**, thereby forming the compound ratio gear set **106**.

In various embodiments, the operative engagement of the passive gear set driving gear DVGPG with first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1 is established via a splined engagement of the first passive gear sliding dog ring **150** with the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1 and with the elongated shaft **138** of passive gear set driving gear DVGPG. Similarly, the operative engagement of the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG with second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 is established via a splined engagement of the second passive gear sliding dog ring **154** with the elongated shaft **142** of the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 and with the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG. In such instances, the compound ratio gear set **106** is fixedly connected to the input shaft **90** at the first speed active gear set driving gear DVG1 (also referred to herein as the compound ratio master gear set driving gear DVG1) and fixedly connected to the output shaft **94** at the second speed active gear set driving gear DVG2 (also referred to herein as the compound ratio slave gear set driving gear DVG2). Therefore, power delivered to the input shaft **90** is transferred to the output shaft **94** through the compound ratio gear set **106**, thereby providing the compound gear ratio between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**.

When the transmission **26** is in the granny gear configuration, power flows from the input shaft **90** into the com-

ound ratio master gear set driving gear DVG1 (e.g., the first speed active gear set driving gear DVG1) which is fixed to the input shaft **90**. From the compound ratio master gear set driving gear DVG1 power flows into the compound ratio master gear set driven gear DVN1 (e.g., the first speed active gear set driven gear DVN1) and then into the passive gear set driving gear DVGPG, which is operably connected to the compound ratio master gear set driven gear DVN1 via the first passive gear sliding dog ring **150**. Power then flows from the passive gear set driving gear DVGPG to the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG and into the compound ratio slave gear set driven gear DVN2 (e.g., the second speed active gear set driven gear DVN2), which is operably connected to the passive gear set driven gear DVNPG via the second passive gear sliding dog ring **154**. Power then flow into the compound ratio slave gear set driving gear DVG2 (e.g., the second speed active gear set driving gear DVG2) and out the output shaft **94**. Hence, in the granny gear configuration power flows through three sets of gears, namely the compound ratio master gear set **98-M** (e.g., the first speed active gear sets **98-1**), the compound ratio slave gear set **98-M** (e.g., the second speed active gear set **98-2**) and the passive gear set **102**, which provides a large reduction in rate of rotation between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**.

In the instances wherein the passive gear set **102** co-functions as another active gear set **98**, the passive gear set **102** will be referred to herein as the sixth speed active gear set **98-6**. However, such reference is only used as an example is not limiting. Particularly, in such instances, the passive gear set **102** can comprise any active gear set **98**, for example, the third speed active gear set **98-3**, the fourth speed active gear set **98-4**, the fifth speed active gear set **98-5**, etc., and remain with the scope of the present disclosure. In such instances, the first co-function gear sliding dog ring **158** is slidingly mounted to the output shaft **94** (e.g., via a splined engagement) and is structured and operable to selectably engage the sixth gear set driving gear DVG6 with output shaft **94**. Particularly, the first co-function gear sliding dog ring **158** is structured and operable to engage with the driving gear DVG6 of the sixth speed active gear set **98-6** when the sixth speed active gear set **98-6** is selected to provide the sixth gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into sixth gear). Additionally, the second co-function gear sliding dog ring **162** is slidingly mounted to the input shaft **90** (e.g., via a splined engagement) and is structured and operable to selectably engage the sixth speed active gear set driven gear DVN6 input shaft **90**. Particularly, the second co-function gear sliding dog ring **162** is structured and operable to engage with the driven gear DVN6 of the sixth speed active gear set **98-6** when the sixth speed active gear set **98-6** is selected to provide the sixth gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into sixth gear).

Therefore, in such embodiments, to configure the transmission **26** into sixth gear, the first co-function gear sliding dog ring **158** is moved to operatively engage the sixth speed active gear set driving gear DVG6 with the output shaft **94**, and the second co-function gear sliding dog ring **162** is moved to operatively engage the sixth speed active gear set driven gear DVN2 with input shaft **90**, thereby providing the sixth gear ratio between the input and output shafts **90** and **94**. In various embodiments, the operative engagement of the sixth speed active gear set driving gear DVG6 with the output shaft **94** is established via a splined engagement of the sixth speed active gear set driving gear DVG6 with the

first co-function gear sliding dog ring **158** and a splined engagement of the first co-function gear sliding dog ring **158** with the output shaft **94**. Similarly, in various embodiments, the operative engagement of the sixth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN6** with the input shaft **90** is established via a splined engagement of the sixth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN6** with the second co-function gear sliding dog ring **162** and a splined engagement of the second co-function gear sliding dog ring **162** with the input shaft **90**.

Referring now to FIG. **8**, although generally only dog rings are shown in FIGS. **5**, **6** and **7**, in various embodiments, adjoining driving gears of active gear sets **98** can be used as dog rings to lock a driven gear of an adjacent active gear set **98** to the respective input or output shaft **90** or **94**. For example, in various embodiments, it is envisioned that one of more of the active gear set **98** driving gears can be mounted to the respective input or output shaft **90** or **94** via splines such that the respective driving gear can slide on the respective input or output shaft **90** or **94** and function as a dog ring for one or more driven gears. For example, an alternative configuration to the transmission **26** shown in FIG. **7** is shown in FIG. **8**, the second speed active gear set driving gear **DVG2** can be fixed in rotation to the output shaft **94** (e.g., via a splined engagement), but is allowed to slide into one of three positions so that it can lock either: 1) the sixth speed active gear set driving gear **DVG6** (e.g., the passive gear set driving gear **DVGPG** of the compound ratio gear set **106**) to the output shaft **94**; 2) the third speed active gear set driven gear **DVN3** to the output shaft **94**; or 3) be centered between the sixth and third speed active gear sets **98-6** and **98-3** in order to provide the second gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into second gear). When the second speed active gear set driving gear **DVG2** slides it does not disengage with the second speed active gear set driven gear **DVN2** that is free to rotate on the input shaft **90** but not slide. Similarly, in various embodiments, the fourth speed active gear set driving gear **DVG4** can be fixed in rotation to the output shaft **94** (e.g., via a splined engagement), but is allowed to slide into engagement with the fifth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN5** to lock the fifth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN5** to the output shaft **94**; and 2) be centered between the third and fifth speed active gear sets **98-3** and **98-5** in order to provide the fourth gear ratio (also referred to herein as configuring of shifting the transmission **26** into fourth gear).

Accordingly, to engage the first speed active gear set **98-1** (e.g., to engage first gear) the dog ring **146** is slid into engagement with the first speed active gear set driven gear **DVN1** to lock **DVN1** to the output shaft **94**. To engage the second speed active gear set **98-2** (e.g., to engage second gear) the third speed active gear set driving gear **DVG3** is slid into engagement with the second speed active gear set driven gear **DVN2** to lock **DVN2** to the input shaft **90**. To engage compound ratio gear set **106**, the dog ring **150** is slid into engagement with the first speed active gear set driven gear **DVN1** to lock **DVN1** to the elongated shaft **138** of the passive gear set driving gear **DVGPG** (e.g., **DVG6**), and dog ring **154** is slid into engagement with passive gear set driven gear **DVNPG** (e.g., **DVN6**) to lock **DVNPG** to the elongated shaft **142** of the second speed active gear set driven gear **DVN2**. To engage the sixth speed active gear set **98-6** (e.g., to engage sixth gear) the gear dog ring **162** is slid into engagement with sixth speed active gear driven gear **DVN6** (e.g., **DVNPG**) to lock **DVN6** to the input shaft **90** and the second speed active gear set driving gear **DVG2** is slid into engagement with the sixth speed active gear set

driving gear **DVG6** (e.g., **DVGPG**) to lock **DVG6** to the output shaft **94**. To engage the third speed active gear set **98-3** (e.g., to engage third gear) the second speed active gear set driving gear **DVG2** is slid into engagement with the third speed active gear set driven gear **DVN3** to lock **DVN3** to the output shaft **94**. To engage the fourth speed active gear set **98-4** (e.g., engage fourth gear) the third speed active gear set driving gear **DVG3** is slid into engagement with the fourth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN4** to lock **DVN4** to the input shaft **90**. To engage the fifth speed active gear set **98-5**, the fourth speed active gear set driving gear **DVG4** is slid into engagement with the fifth speed active gear set driven gear **DVN5** to lock **DVN5** to the output shaft **94**. To engage reverse gear set (RGS) the fifth speed active gear set driving gear **DVG5** is slid into engagement with the reverse gear set driven gear **DVNRGS** to lock **DVNRGS** to the input shaft **90**. The reverse gear set RGS comprises the driven gear **DVNRGS** that is free spinning on, and selectably engageable with, the input shaft **90**, a driving gear **DVGRGS** that is fixedly mounted to the output shaft **94**, and intermediate gear **INTRGS** that is disposed free spinning on a third shaft **170** between the reverse gear set driving gear **DVGRGS** and driven gear **DVNRGS** and operatively engages the reverse gear set driving gear **DVGRGS** with the driven gear **DVNRGS**. The configuration shown in FIG. **8**, by way of example, simplifies the transmission **26** and lowers costs by reusing slightly more complex parts and reducing part count, instead of having separate dog rings.

The description herein is merely exemplary in nature and, thus, variations that do not depart from the gist of that which is described are intended to be within the scope of the teachings. Moreover, although the foregoing descriptions and the associated drawings describe example embodiments in the context of certain example combinations of elements and/or functions, it should be appreciated that different combinations of elements and/or functions can be provided by alternative embodiments without departing from the scope of the disclosure. Such variations and alternative combinations of elements and/or functions are not to be regarded as a departure from the spirit and scope of the teachings.

What is claimed is:

1. A vehicle, said vehicle comprising:

- a chassis;
- a plurality of wheels operationally connected to the chassis;
- a driveline operatively connected to at least one of the wheels;
- at least one prime mover mounted to the chassis and operatively connected to the driveline and structured and operable to provide motive force, via the driveline, to the at least one wheel operatively connected to the driveline;
- a passenger compartment supported by the chassis, the passenger compartment comprising:
 - a dash console; and
 - a passenger seating structure that includes at least one seat bottom and at least one seat back; and
- a transmission for a vehicle, said transmission comprising:
 - an input shaft connectable to a power generation device such that the input shaft is rotatable by the power generation device at a power input rotational speed;
 - an output shaft connectable to a driveline of the vehicle; and
 - a plurality of gear sets mounted to the input shaft and the output shaft that are selectively operable to

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operably connect the input shaft to the output shaft such that at least a portion of the power input rotational speed is transferable to the output shaft to rotate the output shaft at a power output rotational speed, the gear sets comprising:

a master active gear set having a driving gear mounted on one of the input shaft or the output shaft and a driven gear mounted on the other of the input shaft or output shaft, the master active gear set having a master gear ratio;

a slave active gear set having a driving gear mounted on one of the input shaft or the output shaft and a driven gear mounted on the other of the input shaft or output shaft, the slave active gear set having a slave gear ratio; and

a passive gear set having a passive gear ratio: the passive gear set comprising:

a driving gear mounted on one of the input shaft or the output shaft, and one of connected to or connectable to the master active gear set driven gear; and

a driven gear mounted on the other of the input shaft or output shaft, and connectable to the slave active gear set driven gear,

the passive gear set operable to selectively concurrently directly connect with the master active gear set driven gear and the slave active gear set driven gear to provide a compound ratio rotational speed reduction that is the product of the master active gear ratio, the slave active gear ratio and the passive gear ratio.

2. The transmission of claim 1, wherein the master active gear set is one of a plurality of active gear sets of the transmission that are each independently selectable and are structured and operable to independently provide a corresponding gear ratio between the input shaft and the output shaft, wherein the corresponding gear ratio of the master active gear set is the master gear ratio.

3. The transmission of claim 2, wherein the slave active gear set is another one of the plurality of active gear sets of the transmission that are each independently selectable and are structured and operable to independently provide a corresponding gear ratio between the input shaft and the output shaft, wherein the corresponding gear ratio of the slave active gear set is the slave gear ratio.

4. The transmission of claim 3, wherein the passive gear set is a gear set other than one of the plurality of active gear sets that are each independently selectable and are structured and operable to independently provide a corresponding gear ratio between the input shaft and the output shaft, wherein the passive gear set is dependently operable as part of a compound ratio low gear set of the transmission that is structured and operable to provide the compound ratio.

5. The transmission of claim 3, wherein the passive gear set is yet another one of the plurality of active gear sets of the transmission that are each independently selectable and are structured and operable to independently provide a corresponding gear ratio between the input shaft and the output shaft, wherein the corresponding gear ratio of the passive active gear set is the passive gear ratio, and wherein the passive gear set is co-functional as part of a compound ratio low gear set of the transmission that is structured and operable to provide the compound ratio.

6. A vehicle, said vehicle comprising:

a chassis;

a plurality of wheels operationally connected to the chassis;

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a driveline operatively connected to at least one of the wheels;

at least one prime mover mounted to the chassis and operatively connected to the driveline and structured and operable to provide motive force, via the driveline, to the at least one wheel operatively connected to the driveline;

a passenger compartment supported by the chassis, the passenger compartment comprising:

a dash console; and

a passenger seating structure that includes at least one seat bottom and at least one seat back; and

a transmission for a vehicle, said transmission comprising:

an input shaft connectable to a power generation device such that the input shaft is rotatable by the power generation device at a power input rotational speed;

an output shaft connectable to a driveline of the vehicle; and

a compound ratio low gear set that is selectively operable to operably connect the input shaft with the output shaft such that at least portion of the power input rotational speed is transferable to the output shaft to rotate the output shaft at a power output rotational speed, wherein the compound ratio low gear set provides a compound ratio rotational speed reduction between the power input rotational speed to the power output rotational speed, wherein the compound ratio low gear set comprises:

a master active gear set comprising a driving gear mounted on one of the input shaft or the output shaft and a driven gear mounted on the other of the input shaft or output shaft, and operable to selectively operably connect the input shaft with the output shaft to selectively provide a master gear ratio between the input shaft and the output shaft;

a slave active gear set comprising a driving gear mounted on one of the input shaft or the output shaft and a driven gear mounted on the other of the input shaft or output shaft, and operable to selectively operably connect the input shaft with the output shaft to selectively provide a slave gear ratio between the input shaft and the output shaft; and

a passive gear set having a passive gear ratio, wherein a first gear of the passive gear set is one of connected to or selectively connectable with one gear of the master active gear set, and a second gear of the passive gear set is one of connected to or selectively connectable with one gear of the slave active gear set to provide the compound ratio rotational speed reduction, wherein the compound ratio is substantially equal to the product of the master gear ratio, the slave gear ratio and the passive gear ratio.

7. The transmission of claim 6, wherein the master active gear set is one of a plurality of active gear sets of the transmission that are each independently selectable and are structured and operable to independently provide a corresponding gear ratio the input shaft and the output shaft, the corresponding gear ratio of the master active gear set being the master gear ratio.

8. The transmission of claim 7, wherein the slave active gear set is another one of the plurality of active gear sets of the transmission that are each independently selectable and are structured and operable to independently provide a corresponding gear ratio between the input shaft and the

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output shaft, the corresponding gear ratio of the slave active gear set being the slave gear ratio.

9. The transmission of claim 8, wherein the passive gear set is a gear set other than one of the plurality of active gear sets that are each independently selectable and are structured and operable to independently provide a corresponding gear ratio between the input shaft and the output shaft, and is dependently operable as part of the compound ratio low gear set.

10. The transmission of claim 8, wherein the passive gear set is yet another one of the plurality of active gear sets of the transmission that are each independently selectable and are structured and operable to independently provide a corresponding gear ratio between the input shaft and the output shaft, the corresponding gear ratio of the passive active gear set being the passive gear ratio.

11. A vehicle, said vehicle comprising:

a chassis;

a plurality of wheels operationally connected to the chassis;

a driveline operatively connected to at least one of the wheels;

at least one prime mover mounted to the chassis and operatively connected to the driveline and structured and operable to provide motive force, via the driveline, to the at least one wheel operatively connected to the driveline;

a passenger compartment supported by the chassis, the passenger compartment comprising:

a dash console; and

a passenger seating structure that includes at least one seat bottom and at least one seat back; and

a transmission for a vehicle, said transmission comprising:

an input shaft connectable to a power generation device such that the input shaft is rotatable by the power generation device at a power input rotational speed;

an output shaft connectable to a driveline of the vehicle; and

a compound ratio low gear set that is selectively operable to operably connect the input shaft with the output shaft such that at least portion of the power input rotational speed is transferable to the output shaft to rotate the output shaft at a power output rotational speed, wherein the compound ratio low gear set provides a compound ratio rotational speed reduction between the power input rotational speed to the power output rotational speed, wherein the compound ratio low gear set comprises:

a master active gear set comprising a driving gear mounted on one of the input shaft or the output shaft and a driven gear mounted on the other of the

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input shaft or output shaft, and operable to selectively operably connect the input shaft with the output shaft to selectively provide a master gear ratio between the input shaft and the output shaft, wherein the master active gear set is one of a plurality of active gear sets of the transmission that are each independently selectable and are structured and operable to independently provide a corresponding gear ratio the input shaft and the output shaft, the corresponding gear ratio of the master active gear set being the master gear ratio;

a slave active gear set comprising a driving gear mounted on one of the input shaft or the output shaft and a driven gear mounted on the other of the input shaft or output shaft, and operable to selectively operably connect the input shaft with the output shaft to selectively provide a slave gear ratio between the input shaft and the output shaft, wherein the slave active gear set is another one of the plurality of active gear sets of the transmission that are each independently selectable and are structured and operable to independently provide a corresponding gear ratio between the input shaft and the output shaft, the corresponding gear ratio of the slave active gear set being the slave gear ratio; and

a passive gear set having a passive gear ratio, wherein a first gear of the passive gear set is one of connected to or selectively connectable with one gear of the master active gear set, and a second gear of the passive gear set is one of connected to or selectively connectable with one gear of the slave active gear set to provide the compound ratio rotational speed reduction, wherein the compound ratio is substantially equal to the product of the master gear ratio, the slave gear ratio and the passive gear ratio.

12. The transmission of claim 11, wherein the passive gear set is a gear set other than one of the plurality of active gear sets that are each independently selectable and are structured and operable to independently provide a corresponding gear ratio between the input shaft and the output shaft, and is dependently operable as part of the compound ratio low gear set.

13. The transmission of claim 11, wherein the passive gear set is yet another one of the plurality of active gear sets of the transmission that are each independently selectable and are structured and operable to independently provide a corresponding gear ratio between the input shaft and the output shaft, the corresponding gear ratio of the passive active gear set being the passive gear ratio.

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