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(54) **DOOR OPENING ASSEMBLY FOR APPLIANCE**

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E05F 15/63; E05F 15/603; E05F  
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USPC ..... 134/57 DL, 58 DL; 68/12.26, 196;  
49/275, 364

See application file for complete search history.

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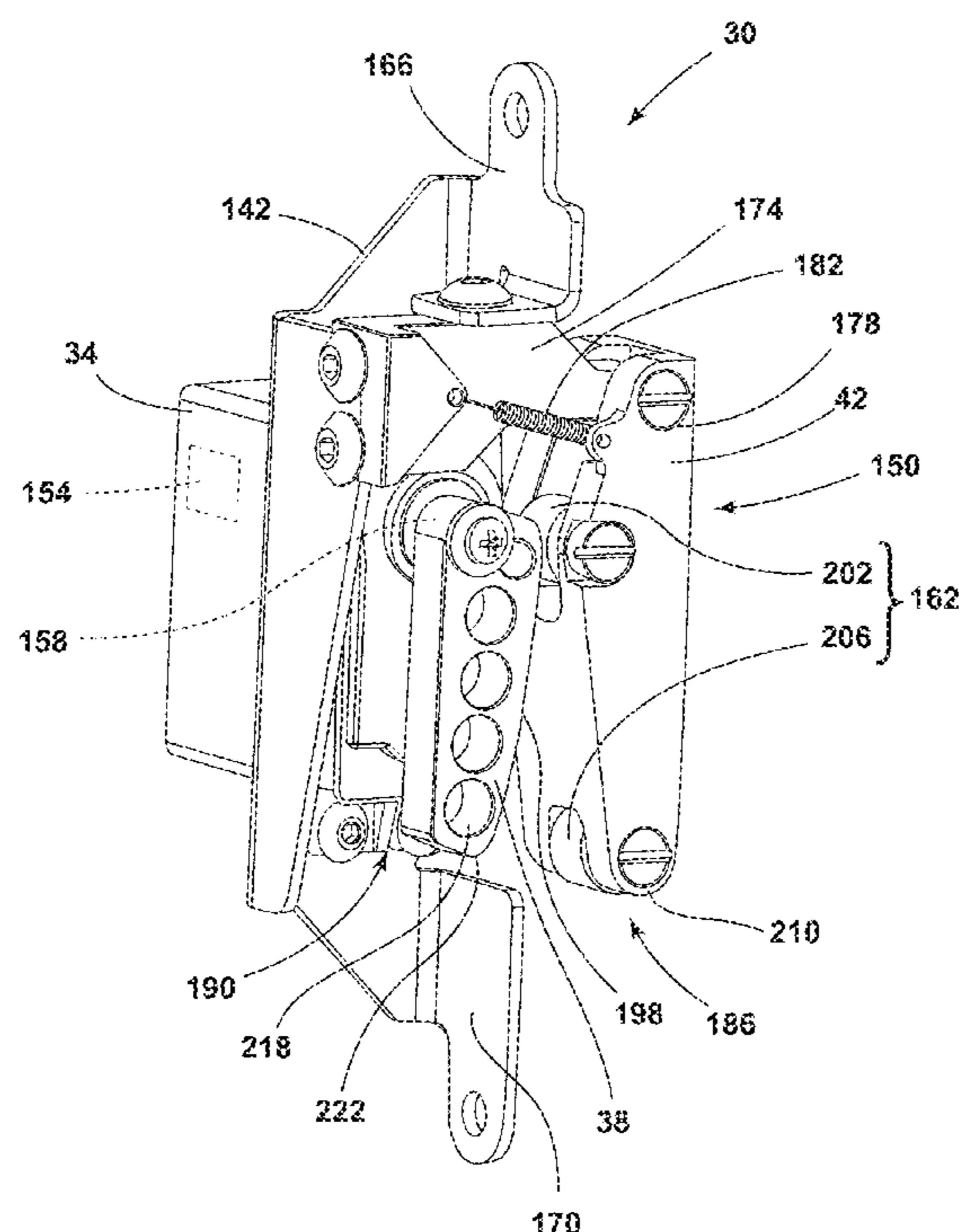
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A laundry appliance includes a cabinet and a door rotatably coupled to the cabinet. The door is operable between an opened position and a closed position. A door opening assembly is coupled to one of the cabinet and the door. The door opening assembly includes a motor coupled to a cam. The cam is operably coupled to an actuator arm.

**12 Claims, 8 Drawing Sheets**



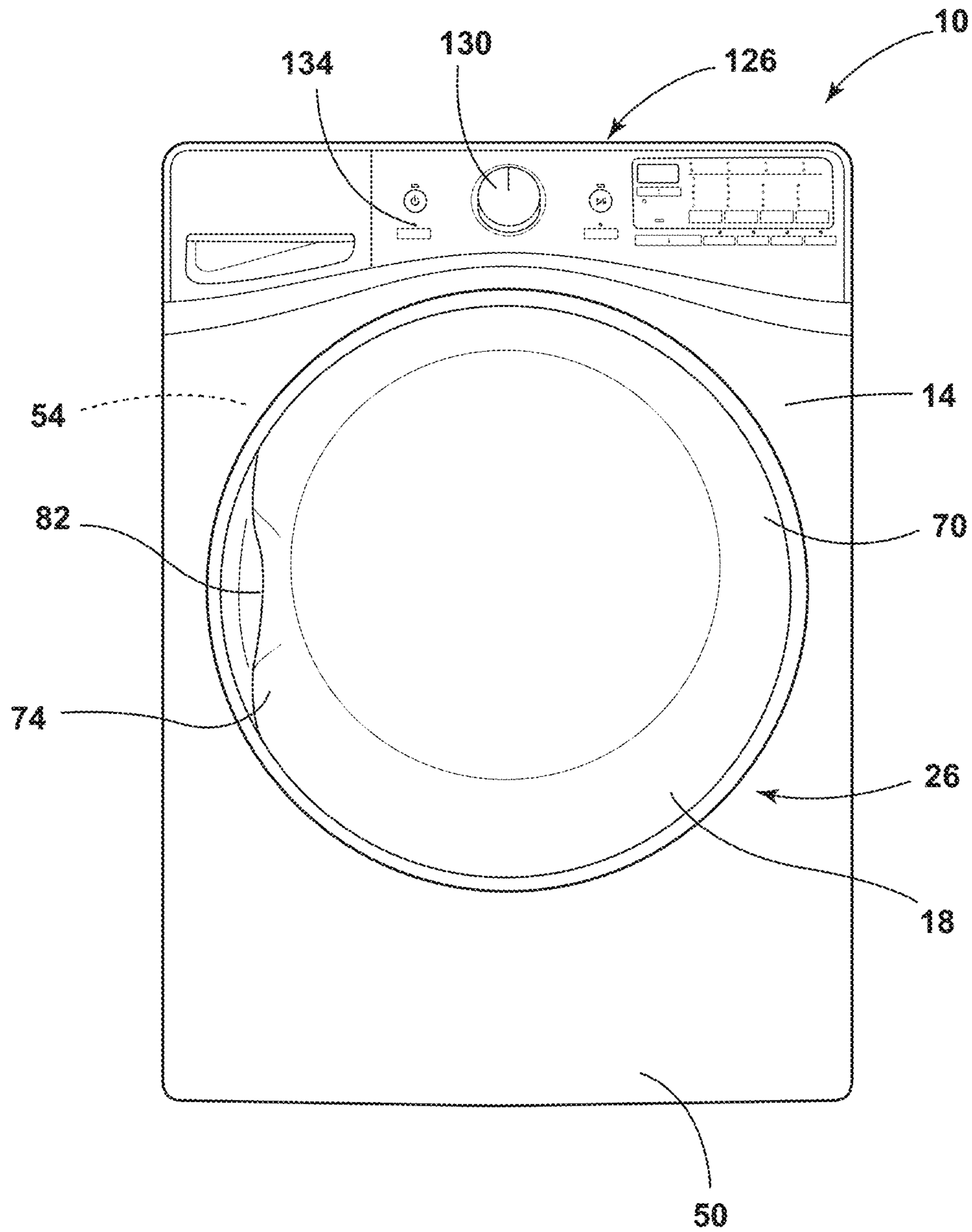


FIG. 1

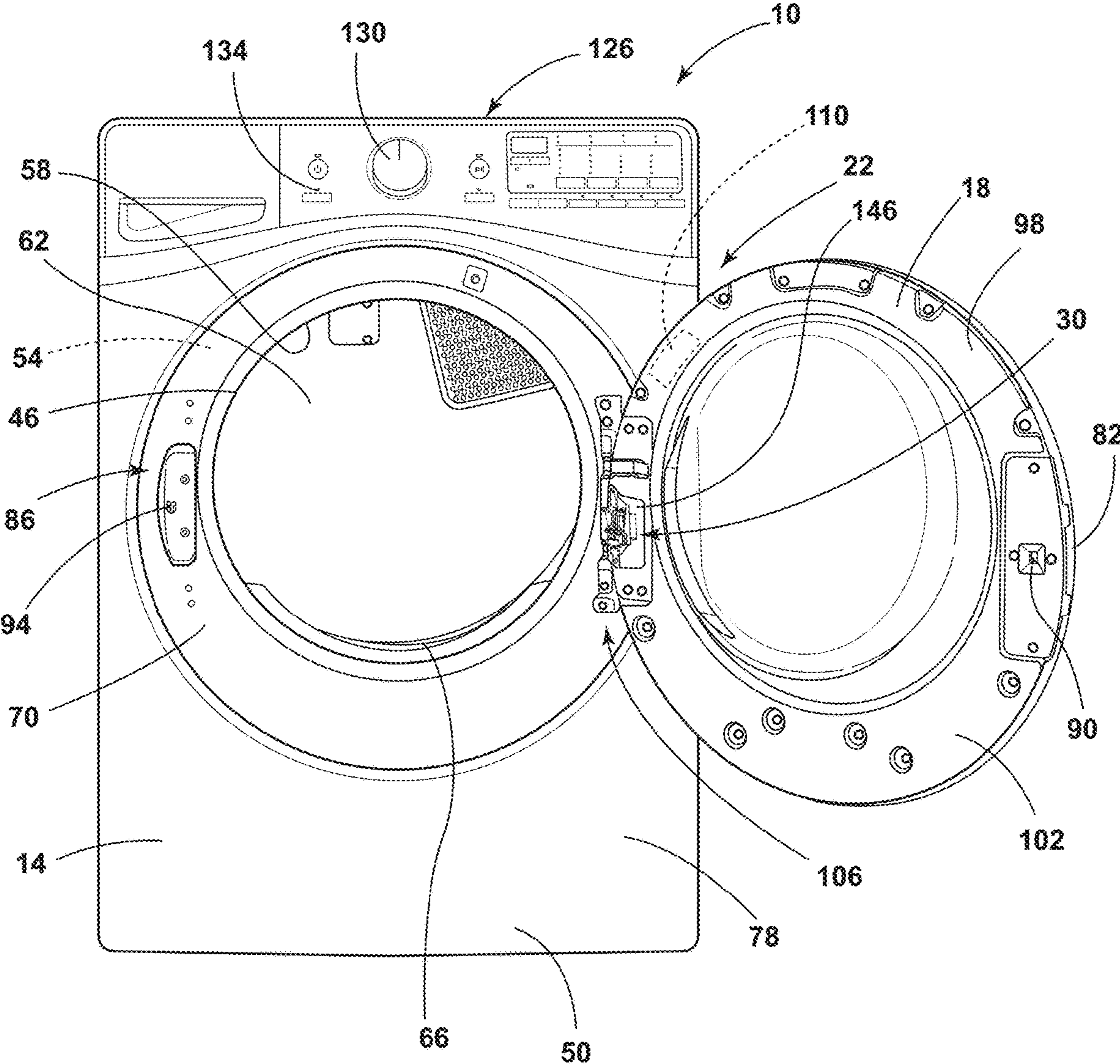
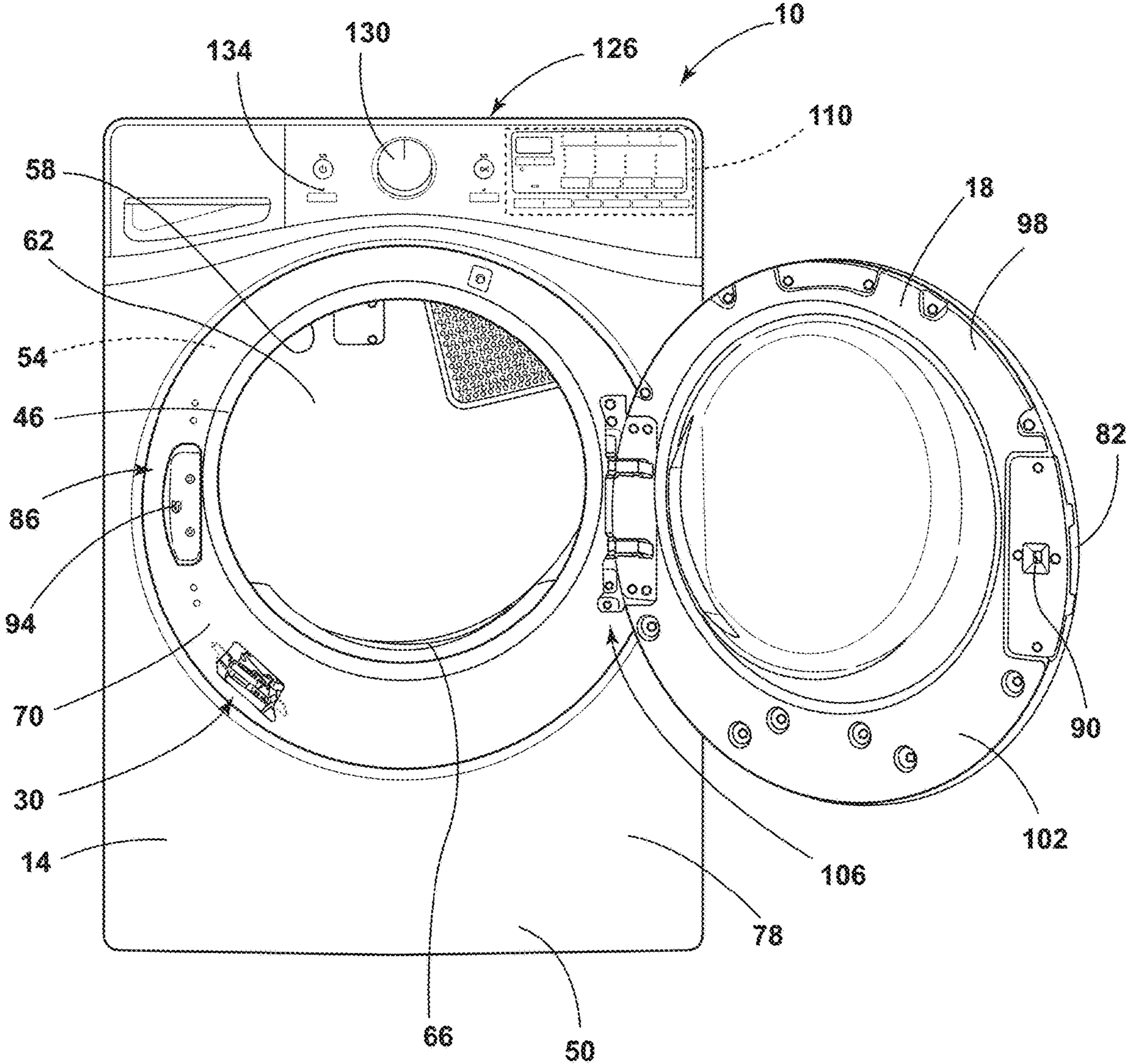


FIG. 2



**FIG. 3**

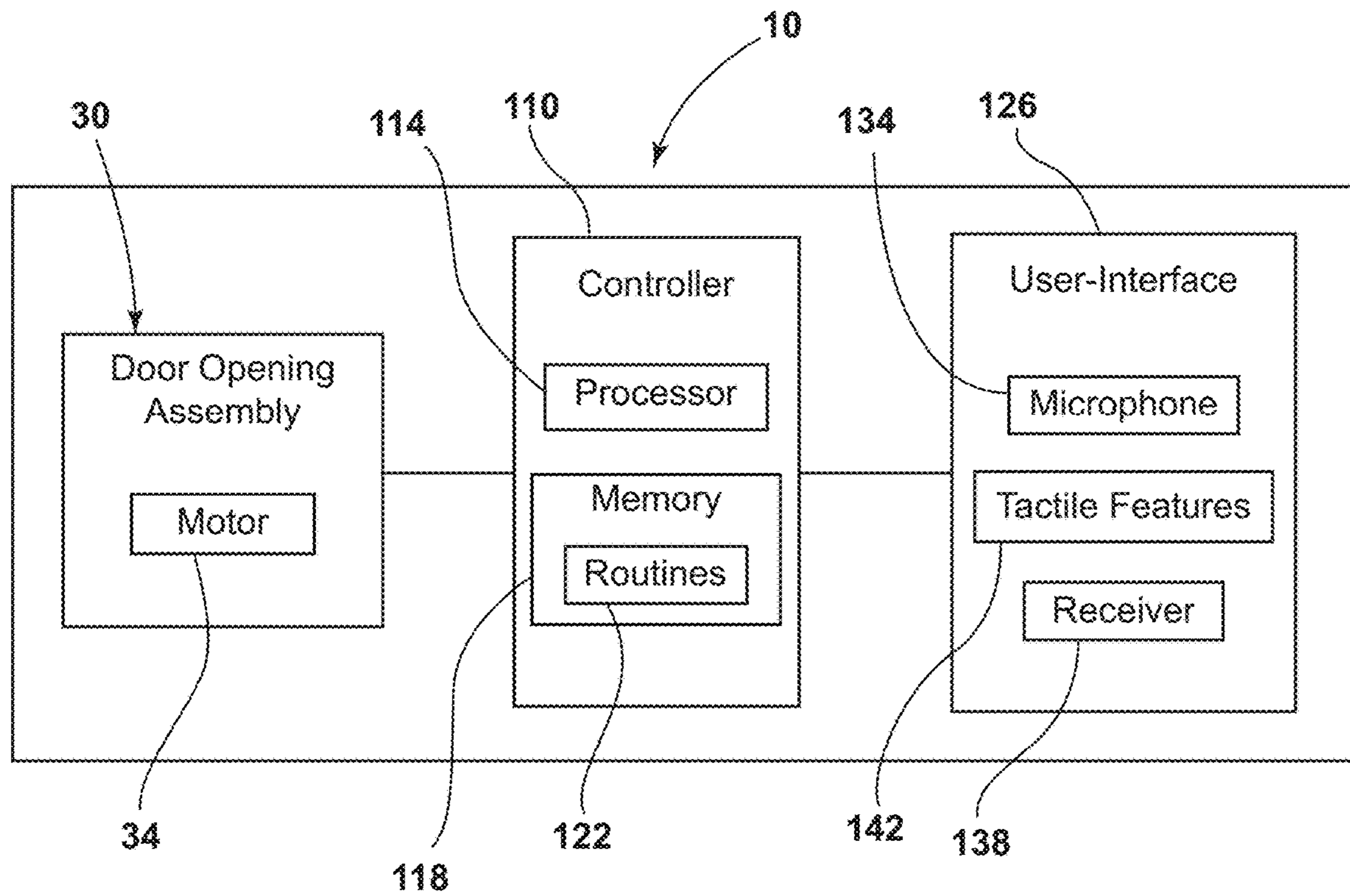


FIG. 4

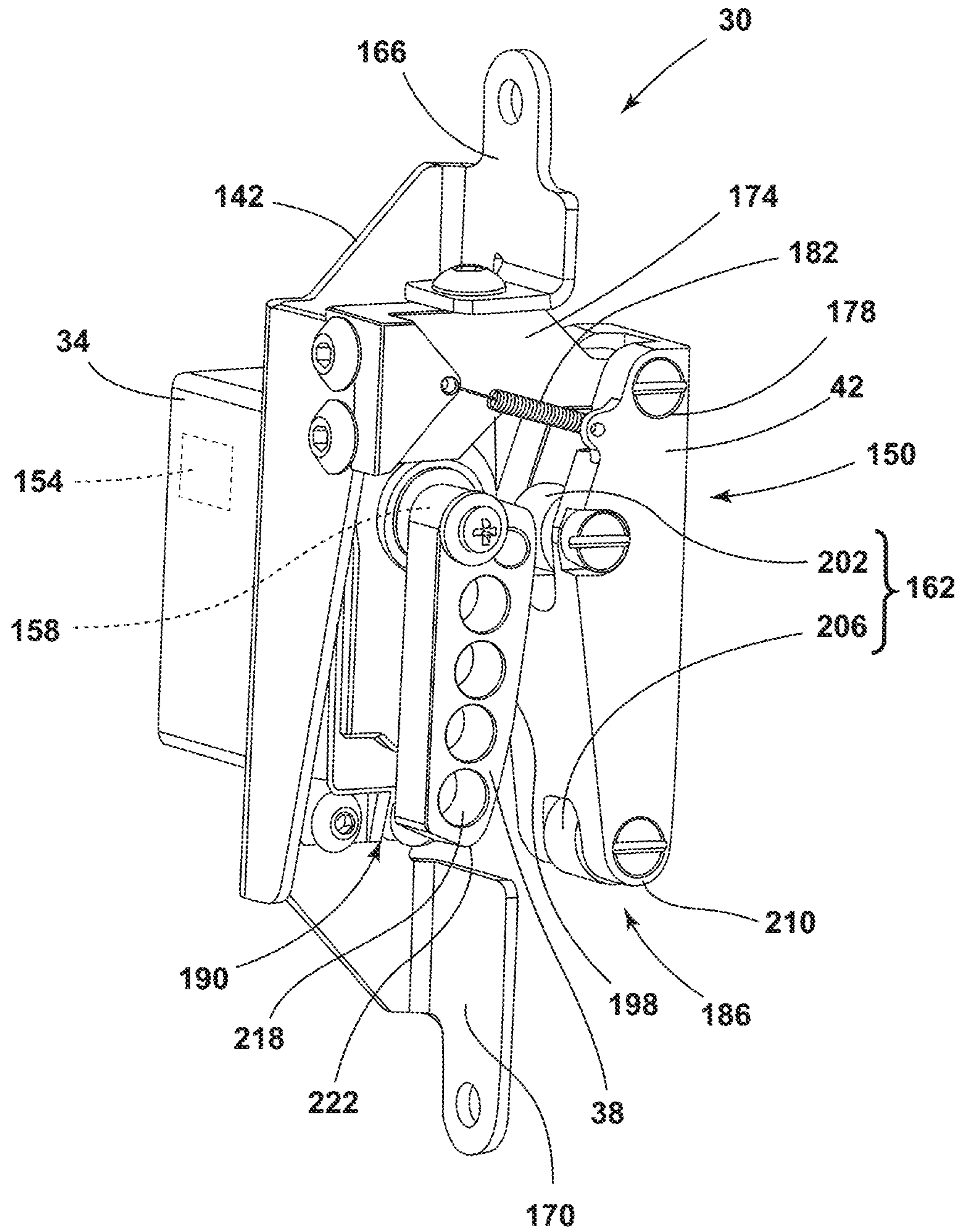


FIG. 5

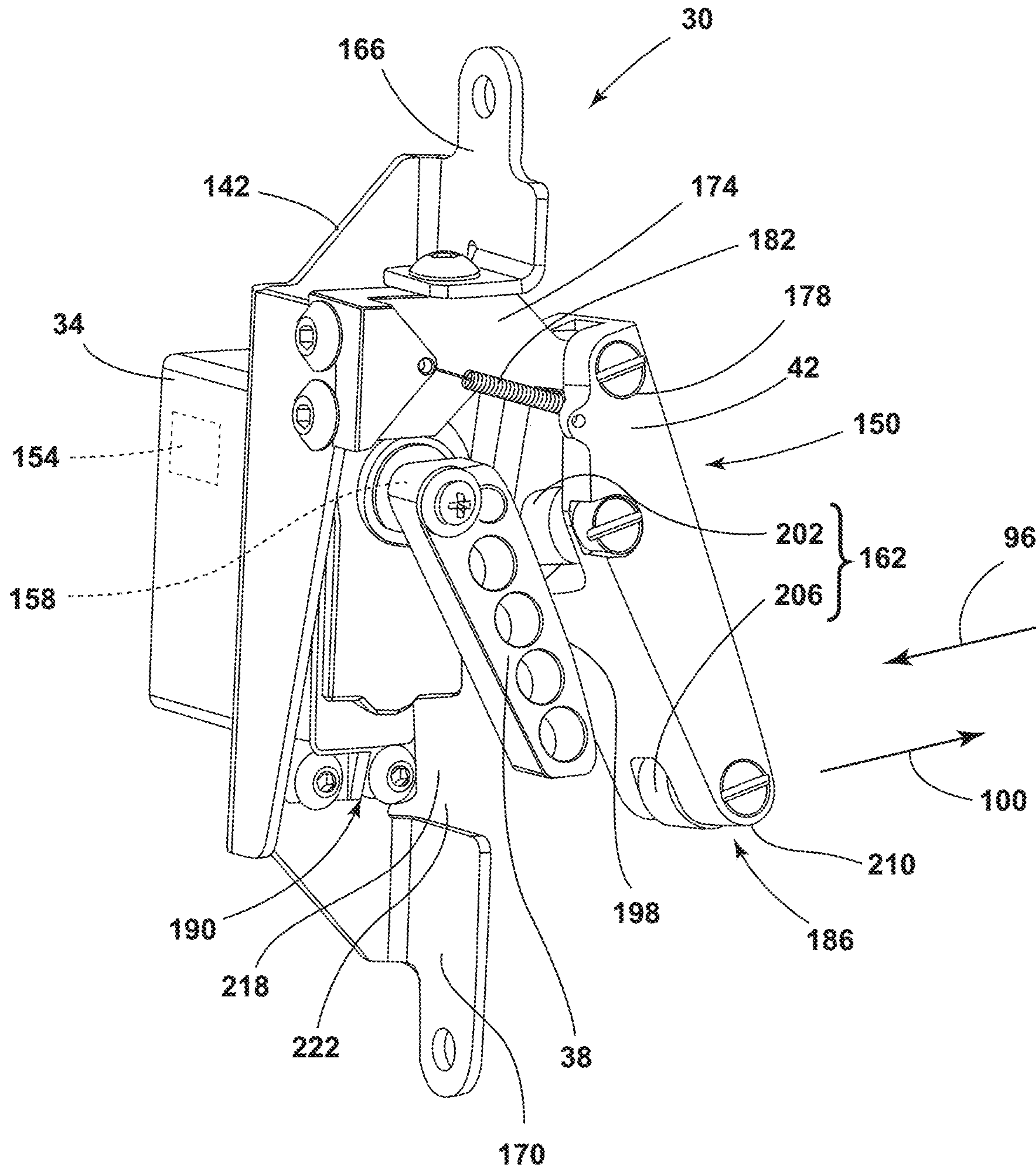


FIG. 6

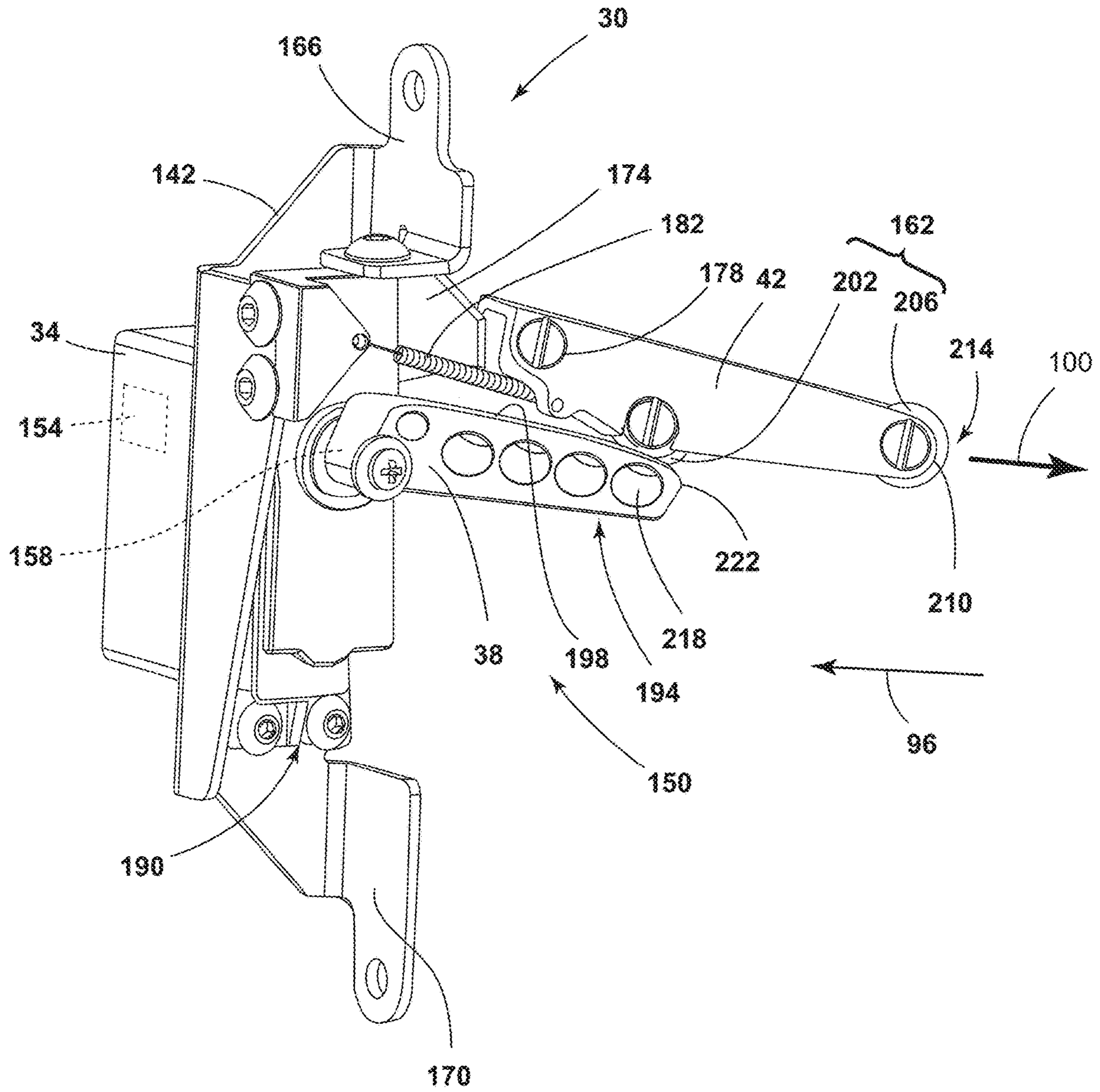


FIG. 7



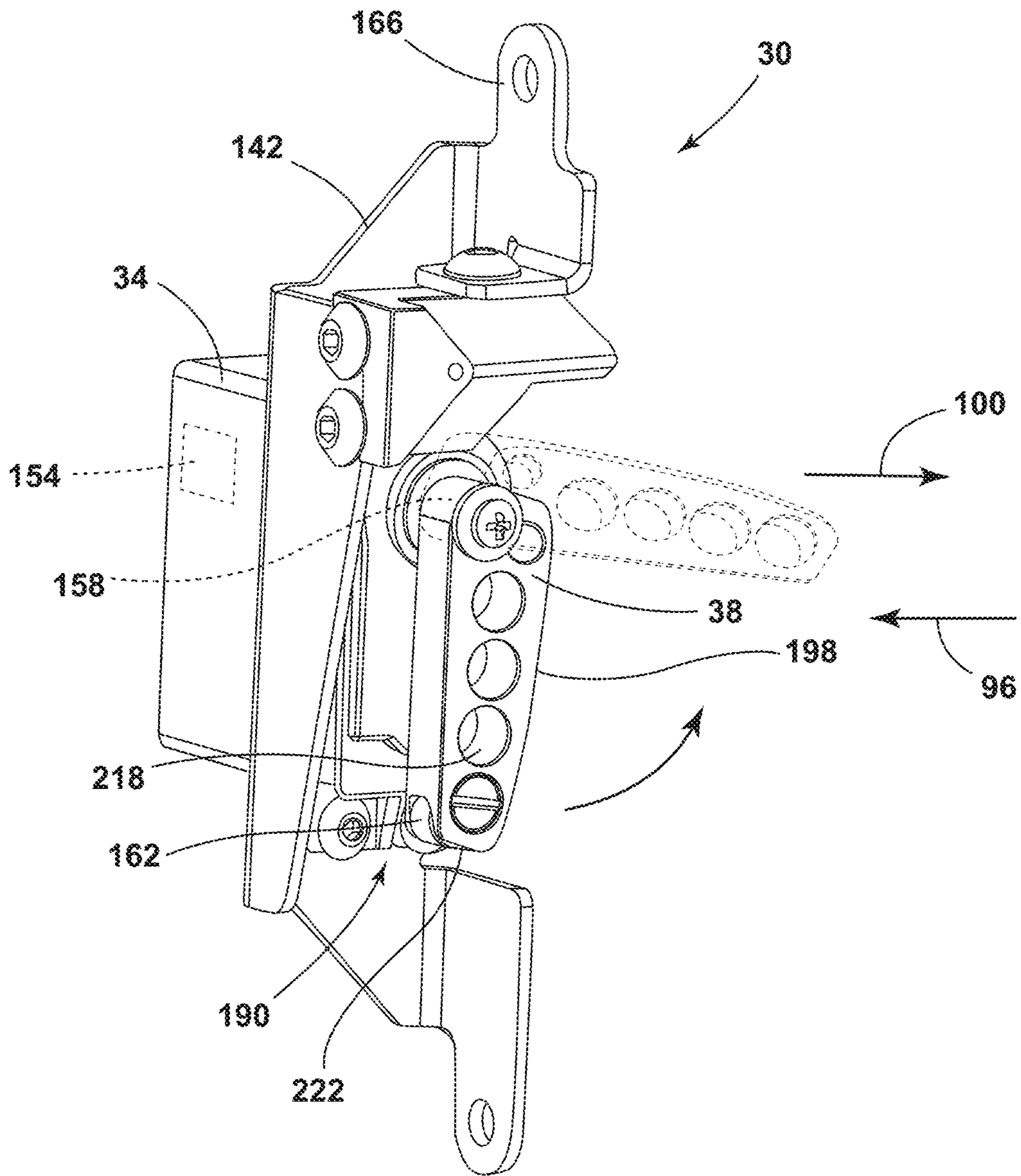


FIG. 8

**1****DOOR OPENING ASSEMBLY FOR  
APPLIANCE**

## BACKGROUND OF THE DISCLOSURE

The present disclosure generally relates to a door opening assembly, and more specifically, to a door opening assembly for an appliance.

## SUMMARY OF THE DISCLOSURE

According to one aspect of the present disclosure, a laundry appliance includes a cabinet and a door rotatably coupled to the cabinet. The door is operable between an opened position and a closed position. A door opening assembly is coupled to one of the cabinet and the door. The door opening assembly includes a motor coupled to a cam. The cam is operably coupled to an actuator arm.

According to another aspect of the present disclosure, a door opening assembly for an appliance includes a support member and a motor coupled to the support member. An actuating cam assembly is operably coupled to the motor. The actuating cam assembly includes a drive shaft that includes a cam and a follower. The motor rotates the drive shaft when activated.

According to yet another aspect of the present disclosure, a door opening assembly for an appliance includes a door panel and a support member coupled to the door panel. A motor is coupled to the support member. A cam is operably coupled to the motor. The motor rotates the cam to a predefined angle. An actuator arm is coupled to the support member. The actuator arm is rotated to a corresponding predefined angle by the cam. The actuator arm is configured to engage an engaging surface of a substrate.

These and other features, advantages, and objects of the present disclosure will be further understood and appreciated by those skilled in the art by reference to the following specification, claims, and appended drawings.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In the drawings:

FIG. 1 is a front elevation view of a laundry appliance, according to the present disclosure;

FIG. 2 is a front elevation view of a laundry appliance with a door opening assembly on a door of the laundry appliance, according to the present disclosure;

FIG. 3 is a front elevation view of a laundry appliance with a door opening assembly on a cabinet of the laundry appliance, according to the present disclosure;

FIG. 4 is a block diagram of a laundry appliance, according to the present disclosure;

FIG. 5 is a side perspective view of a door opening assembly in a disengaged position, according to the present disclosure;

FIG. 6 is a side perspective view of the door opening assembly of FIG. 5 at least partially rotated toward an engaged position;

FIG. 7 is a side perspective view of the door opening assembly of FIG. 5 in an engaged position; and

FIG. 8 is a side perspective view of a door opening assembly in a disengaged position, according to this present disclosure.

The components in the figures are not necessarily to scale, emphasis instead being placed upon illustrating the principles described herein.

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## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The present illustrated embodiments reside primarily in combinations of method steps and apparatus components related to a door opening assembly for an appliance. Accordingly, the apparatus components and method steps have been represented, where appropriate, by conventional symbols in the drawings, showing only those specific details that are pertinent to understanding the embodiments of the present disclosure so as not to obscure the disclosure with details that will be readily apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art having the benefit of the description herein. Further, like numerals in the description and drawings represent like elements.

For purposes of description herein, the terms “upper,” “lower,” “right,” “left,” “rear,” “front,” “vertical,” “horizontal,” and derivatives thereof shall relate to the disclosure as oriented in FIG. 1. Unless stated otherwise, the term “front” shall refer to the surface of the element closer to an intended viewer, and the term “rear” shall refer to the surface of the element further from the intended viewer. However, it is to be understood that the disclosure may assume various alternative orientations, except where expressly specified to the contrary. It is also to be understood that the specific devices and processes illustrated in the attached drawings, and described in the following specification are simply exemplary embodiments of the inventive concepts defined in the appended claims. Hence, specific dimensions and other physical characteristics relating to the embodiments disclosed herein are not to be considered as limiting, unless the claims expressly state otherwise.

The terms “including,” “comprises,” “comprising,” or any other variation thereof, are intended to cover a non-exclusive inclusion, such that a process, method, article, or apparatus that comprises a list of elements does not include only those elements but may include other elements not expressly listed or inherent to such process, method, article, or apparatus. An element preceded by “comprises a . . .” does not, without more constraints, preclude the existence of additional identical elements in the process, method, article, or apparatus that comprises the element.

Referring to FIGS. 1-8, reference numeral 10 generally designates a laundry appliance that includes a cabinet 14 and a door 18 rotatably coupled to the cabinet 14. The door 18 is operable between an opened position 22 and a closed position 26. A door opening assembly 30 is coupled to one of the cabinet 14 and the door 18. The door opening assembly 30 includes a motor 34 coupled to a cam 38. The cam 38 is operably coupled to an actuator arm 42.

Referring to FIGS. 1 and 2, the laundry appliance 10 includes the cabinet 14 that defines a front opening 46 in a front panel 50 thereof. A tub 54 is typically disposed within the cabinet 14 and defines an access opening 58 that aligns with the front opening 46 of the cabinet 14. A drum 62 may be disposed within the tub 54 and may have an opening that aligns with the front opening 46 and the access opening 58. Accordingly, the drum 62 is accessible by a user via the front opening 46 and the access opening 58. The laundry appliance 10 is illustrated as a front-load washer, however, the laundry appliance 10 may also be a top-load washer, a dryer, a combination washer/dryer, or other laundry appliance 10. Further, this disclosure is not limited to laundry appliances 10. The door opening assembly 30 may be included in other appliances, such as, for example, refrigerators, freezers, coolers, vacuum insulated structures, storage structures, and other similar appliances and fixtures within household and commercial settings.

In various aspects, the door 18 is operably coupled to the cabinet 14 for alternately sealing and providing access to the front opening 46. In this way, when the door 18 is in the closed position 26, the front opening 46 may be sealed. When the door 18 is in the opened position 22, the user may access the drum 62 through the front opening 46. As illustrated, the door 18 may be a swing door 18 rotatably coupled to the cabinet 14. In such examples, the door 18 may be a flat panel door or a fishbowl-style door. As illustrated in FIGS. 1 and 2, the door 18 opens in a side-to-side manner, however, it is contemplated that the door 18 may open in an up-and-down manner.

According to various aspects, the laundry appliance 10 may include a bellows assembly 66 disposed adjacent to the front opening 46 of the cabinet 14. The bellows assembly 66 may extend between the cabinet 14 and the tub 54. The bellows assembly 66 may prevent items within the drum 62 (e.g., laundry) from moving from the drum 62 into the cabinet 14. In various examples, the tub 54 and the drum 62 may be positioned at an angle within the cabinet 14. As such, the access opening 58 may be offset from the front opening 46. Accordingly, the bellows assembly 66 may be an obliquely-oriented bellows assembly 66. The bellows assembly 66 can be configured to form an oblique cylinder or frusto-conical shape that defines a downward angle between the front opening 46 and the offset tub 54. The bellows assembly 66 may be advantageous for retaining laundry within the tub 54 during a laundry cycle.

Referring still to FIGS. 1 and 2, the front panel 50 may define a recess 70 around the front opening 46. The door 18 may be coupled to the cabinet 14 within the recess 70. When the door 18 is in the closed position 26, an outer surface 74 of the door 18 may be flush with a front panel surface 78 of the cabinet 14. It is also contemplated that the outer surface 74 may be offset from the front panel surface 78. Additionally or alternatively, the door 18 may include a handle 82. The door 18 may curve away from the front panel surface 78 to define a gap therebetween, which may define the handle 82. In this way, the gap may provide space for the hand of the user between the door 18 and the recess 70 to grasp the handle 82.

In various examples, the laundry appliance 10 may include a latch assembly 86 to retain the door 18 in the closed position 26. The latch assembly 86 may include a striker 90 and a strike plate 94. An engagement between the striker 90 and the strike plate 94 typically retains the door 18 in the closed position 26 when the laundry appliance 10 is in operating and non-operating conditions. When engaged, the striker 90 and the strike plate 94 produce a latch force 96 sufficient to retain the door 18 in the closed position 26. To open the door 18, an opening force 100 can be applied to the door 18 and/or the cabinet 14 of the laundry appliance 10 that overcomes the latch force 96 of the latch assembly 86.

Referring to FIGS. 2 and 3, the door opening assembly 30 may be coupled to the laundry appliance 10 in a variety of locations. The door opening assembly 30 may be configured to apply the opening force 100 sufficient to overcome the latch force 96 of the latch assembly 86 to open the door 18. As illustrated in FIG. 2, the door opening assembly 30 may be coupled to the door 18. In such examples, the door 18 may include a door panel 98 in which the door opening assembly 30 is coupled. The door opening assembly 30 may be disposed on an inner surface 102 of the door 18 proximate a hinge assembly 106 that is rotatably coupled to door 18 to the cabinet 14. Additionally or alternatively, the door opening assembly 30 may be disposed proximate the striker 90. In this way, the door opening assembly 30 may apply the

opening force 100 to the front panel surface 78 proximate the latch assembly 86. When the door opening assembly 30 is disposed on the door 18, the door opening assembly 30 is configured to apply the opening force 100 to the front panel surface 78 to overcome the latch force 96 of the latch assembly 86. It is contemplated that the door opening assembly 30 may be disposed in any practicable location on the door 18.

As illustrated in FIG. 3, in an additional and/or alternative example, the door opening assembly 30 may be coupled to the cabinet 14. In such examples, the door opening assembly 30 may be disposed on the front panel 50 within the recess 70. In this way, the door opening assembly 30 may apply the opening force 100 to the inner surface 102 of the door 18 to overcome the latch force 96 of the latch assembly 86. The door opening assembly 30 is illustrated proximate the latch assembly 86. However, it is contemplated that the door opening assembly 30 may be disposed in any practicable location on the cabinet 14.

Referring still to FIGS. 2 and 3, the door opening assembly 30 may be operably coupled to a controller 110. The controller 110 may be disposed on the door 18, as illustrated in FIG. 2, or may be disposed on the cabinet 14, as illustrated in FIG. 3. According to various aspects, when the door opening assembly 30 is disposed on the door 18, the controller 110 may also be disposed on the door 18. When the door opening assembly 30 may be disposed on the cabinet 14, the controller 110 may also be disposed on the cabinet 14. However, it is also contemplated that when the door opening assembly 30 is disposed on the door 18, the controller 110 is disposed on the cabinet 14. It is further contemplated that when the door opening assembly 30 is disposed on the cabinet 14, the controller 110 may be disposed on the door 18. Additionally or alternatively, the laundry appliance 10 may include more than one controller 110. In such examples, at least one controller 110 may be disposed on the cabinet 14 and at least one controller 110 may be disposed on the door 18.

Referring to FIG. 4, the controller 110 may include a processor 114, other control circuitry, and a memory 118. Instructions or routines 122 may be included in the memory 118 and are executable by the processor 114. In various aspects, the laundry appliance 10 may include a user-interface 126 for the user to input a command into the laundry appliance 10. The user-interface 126 may include tactile features 130, such as, for example, a button, a switch, a touch panel, or other similar features. The tactile features 130 may allow the user to physically input a command into the laundry appliance 10. Additionally or alternatively, the user-interface 126 may include a microphone 134. The microphone 134 may be configured to receive a voice command from the user. In this way, the user may give a remote command to the laundry appliance 10. Additionally or alternatively still, the user-interface 126 may include a receiver 138. In various examples, the user may use an electronic device (e.g., a phone, a tablet, a computer, etc.) to input a command that may be received by the receiver 138 of the user-interface 126. This may provide an additional and/or alternative method for the user to input a remote command into the laundry appliance 10. The user-interface 126 may send a signal relating to the user command to the controller 110. The controller 110 may then send a corresponding signal to the door opening assembly 30. In examples where the controller 110 and/or the door opening assembly 30 are disposed on the door 18, an electrical

connection may be provided between the cabinet **14** and the door **18** to supply power to the controller **110** and/or the door opening assembly **30**.

Referring to FIGS. **2**, **3**, and **5**, the door opening assembly **30** may include a support member **142** for coupling the door opening assembly **30** to the front panel **50** (FIG. **3**) and/or the door panel **98** (FIG. **2**). The motor **34** may be coupled to the support member **142**. In various examples, the laundry appliance **10** may define a motor cavity for receiving the door opening assembly **30**. In such examples, the motor **34** may be disposed within the motor cavity. Alternatively, the laundry appliance **10** may include a bracket **146**. In such examples, the support member **142** may be coupled to the bracket **146** and the motor **34** may be disposed proximate the bracket **146**.

According to various aspects, the door opening assembly **30** may include an actuating cam assembly **150**. The actuating cam assembly **150** may be operably coupled to the motor **34** such that the motor **34** may be configured to rotate the actuating cam assembly **150**. The actuating cam assembly **150** may include a drive shaft **158** that may include the cam **38**. In additional examples, the cam **38** may be integrally formed with the drive shaft **158**. Alternatively, the cam **38** may be a separate feature coupled to the drive shaft **158**. According to various aspects, the actuating cam assembly **150** may include the actuator arm **42** operably coupled to the cam **38**. The actuator arm **42** may be coupled to the support member **142**. Additionally or alternatively, the actuating cam assembly **150** may include at least one follower **162**. In a non-limiting example, the motor **34** may be configured as a servo motor **34**. In such examples, the servo motor **34** may provide for control of the actuating cam assembly **150** to define the angular positions and movement of the actuating cam assembly **150**. The motor **34** may be coupled to a sensor **154** that may provide feedback regarding a rotational position of the actuating cam assembly **150** of the motor **34**.

Referring still to FIG. **5**, the support member **142** may have a generally C-shaped structure. In this way, the motor **34** may be coupled to the support member **142** between first and second arms **166**, **170** of the support member **142**. Additionally or alternatively, the cam **38** may be disposed between the first and second arms **166**, **170**. In this configuration, the support member **142** is positioned to not interfere with rotation of the cam **38** by the motor **34**. In various examples, the first and second arms **166**, **170** are configured to couple to the laundry appliance **10**. The first arm **166** may include an extension **174** coupled to the actuator arm **42**. The extension **174** may be disposed proximate the first arm **166** and arranged to not interfere with the coupling of the door opening assembly **30** to the laundry appliance **10**. The extension **174** may be coupled to a proximal end **178** of the actuator arm **42**.

A biasing member **182** may be coupled between the extension **174** and the actuator arm **42**. The biasing member **182** may bias the actuator arm **42** to a disengaged position **186**. When in the disengaged position **186**, the actuator arm **42** may be spaced-apart from an engaging surface (e.g., one of the front panel surface **78** and the inner surface **102** (FIG. **2**) of a substrate (e.g., one of the cabinet **14** and the door **18**). As illustrated in FIG. **5**, when in the disengaged position **186**, the actuator arm **42** may have an orientation that is generally parallel with the engaging surface. Based on the arrangement of the door opening assembly **30** and/or the location of the door opening assembly **30** on the laundry appliance **10**, the disengaged position **186** may be a sub-

stantially vertical orientation, a substantially horizontal orientation, and/or an angled orientation therebetween.

Referring to FIGS. **5-7**, the motor **34** may be configured to rotate the cam **38** between first and second positions **190**, **194** when activated. When in the first position **190**, the cam **38** may be in a generally parallel configuration with respect to the engaging surface and proximate to the actuator arm **42**, which may also be in the generally vertical orientation. The cam **38** and the actuator arm **42** may be spaced-apart from one another, or alternatively, may be engaged with one another. The motor **34** may rotate the drive shaft **158**, and accordingly, the cam **38** toward the actuator arm **42**. As the cam **38** rotates, a surface **198** of the cam **38** may engage the actuator arm **42**. In various examples, the surface **198** may be curved or sloped to allow the follower **162** to roll along the surface **198**. The actuator arm **42** may include a first follower **202** and a second follower **206**. The first follower **202** may be coupled to the proximal end **178** of the actuator arm **42** and the second follower **206** may be coupled to a distal end **210** of actuator arm **42**.

As the cam **38** rotates, the surface **198** may engage the first follower **202**. The curved or sloped configuration of the surface **198** may assist the first follower **202** in rolling or otherwise moving along the surface **198**. The rotation of the cam **38** may cause the actuator arm **42** to move from the disengaged position **186** toward an engaged position **214**. The cam **38** may be rotated to the second position **194**, which may be defined as a predefined angle. The predefined angle may be any angle depending on the configuration of the laundry appliance **10**. In a non-limiting example, the predefined angle may be in a range of from about  $75^\circ$  to about  $125^\circ$  relative to the first position **190**. The cam **38** may engage the actuator arm **42** and overcome a biasing force of the biasing member **182**. In this way, the rotation of the cam **38** to the predefined angle may rotate or otherwise move the actuator arm **42** to a corresponding predetermined angle. According to various aspects, once the cam **38** reaches the predefined angle and the actuator arm **42** reaches the corresponding predefined angle, the cam **38** may be in the second position **194** and the actuator arm **42** may be in the engaged position **214**.

Additionally or alternatively, the cam **38** may define one or more apertures **218**. The apertures **218** may decrease a weight of the cam **38**. In this way, the apertures **218** may contribute to an increased speed of rotation of the cam **38** by the motor **34**. It may be advantageous for the cam **38** to define the apertures **218** to increase the speed of rotation of the cam **38** to generate an increased opening force **100**. Additionally or alternatively, the decreased weight of the cam **38** may be advantageous for when the motor **34** is less powerful.

The motor **34** may rotate the cam **38** to the first position **190**. As the cam **38** returns to the first position **190**, the biasing member **182** may act on the actuator arm **42**. In this way, the biasing force acts on the actuator arm **42** to return the actuator arm **42** to the disengaged position. The cam **38** may return to the first position **190** after a predetermined amount of time, by user command, or a combination thereof.

Referring to FIGS. **2**, **3**, and **8**, in an additional or alternative configuration of the door opening assembly **30**, the door opening assembly **30** may not include the actuator arm **42**. In this way, the follower **162** may be coupled to an end **222** of the cam **38** opposite the drive shaft **158**. In such examples, the motor **34** may rotate the cam **38** from the first position **190** to the second position **194**. The follower **162** may be configured to engage one of the front panel **50** and the door panel **98**, depending on the location of the door

opening assembly 30 on the appliance 10. This configuration may be advantageous where a more powerful motor 34 is used in the door opening assembly 30. The motor 34 may be configured to rotate the cam 38 at a speed and/or with the opening force 100 sufficient to overcome the latch force 96 of the latch assembly 86.

Referring to FIGS. 1, 2, and 4-7, the user may input a command to the laundry appliance 10 via the user-interface 126. The user-interface 126 may send a signal to the controller 110. The controller 110 may send a corresponding signal to the door opening assembly 30. In this way, the motor 34 may be activated via the command (e.g., a remote command) to the controller 110. When activated, the motor 34 may rotate the drive shaft 158, which may correspondingly rotate the cam 38. The cam 38 may be operable between the first and second positions 190, 194.

According to various aspects, a default position of the cam 38 may be the first position 190. The motor 34 may rotate the cam 38 toward the second position 194. As the cam 38 rotates, the surface 198 of the cam 38 may engage the first follower 202 coupled to the actuator arm 42. The cam 38 may overcome the biasing force of the biasing member 182 to move or rotate the actuator arm 42. The actuator arm 42 may be operable between disengaged and engaged positions 186, 214. The biasing member 182 may bias the actuator arm 42 toward the disengaged position 186. As such, the cam 38 may overcome the biasing force to move or rotate the actuator arm 42. The motor 34 may rotate the cam 38 to the predefined angle that defines the second position 194. The first follower 202 may roll along the surface 198 of the cam 38 until the cam 38 is in the second position 194 and the actuator arm 42 is in the engaged position 214.

As the actuator arm 42 rotates, the second follower 206 may engage the front panel surface 78 of the front panel 50 of the laundry appliance 10. Use of the cam 38 and the actuator arm 42 may operate as a force multiplier. Additionally or alternatively, the rotation of the cam 38 and the actuator arm 42 may apply the opening force 100 to the front panel surface 78 sufficient to overcome the latch force 96 of the latch assembly 86. In this way, the door opening assembly 30 may open the door 18 to an ajar position where the latch assembly 86 is disengaged. In the ajar position, the door 18 can be opened with minimal effort on the part of the user. Rotation of the cam 38 to the predefined angle and the actuator arm 42 to the corresponding predefined angle, may define a distance in which the door 18 is opened relative to the cabinet 14. Stated differently, the door opening assembly 30 may open the door 18 a predetermined distance based on the geometry and/or configuration of the cam 38 and actuator arm 42. In such an embodiment, the curvature of the cam 38 may produce the force multiplier effect that can be useful in generating the opening force 100 that overcomes the latch force 96.

Referring to FIGS. 2-8, in examples of the door opening assembly 30 that may not include the actuator arm 42, the door opening assembly 30 may operate in a substantially similar manner. In such examples, the motor 34 may rotate the cam 38 until the follower 162 contacts and/or engages the front panel 50. The cam 38 may then apply the opening force 100 to the front panel 50 so to overcome the latch force 96 of the latch assembly 86. The cam 38 may then continue to rotate to the second position 194 to open the door 18 the predetermined distance relative to the cabinet 14.

Referring to FIGS. 3-7, when the door opening assembly 30 is disposed on the cabinet 14, the door opening assembly 30 may operate in a similar manner as to when the door

opening assembly 30 is disposed on the door 18. In such examples, as the actuator arm 42 rotates, the second follower 206 may engage the door panel 98 of the door 18. The cam 38 and the actuator arm 42 may rotate and apply the opening force 100 to the door 18 sufficient to overcome the latch force 96 of the latch assembly 86. The cam 38 and the actuator arm 42 may rotate to open the door 18 to the predetermined distance. According to various aspects, in examples where the door opening assembly 30 may not include the actuator arm 42 and the door opening assembly 30 is disposed on the cabinet 14 (FIGS. 3 and 8), the follower 162 coupled to the cam 38 may engage the door panel 98. The motor 34 may rotate the cam 38 such that the cam 38 applies the opening force 100 to the door 18 sufficient to overcome the latch force 96.

Referring to FIGS. 1-8, in operation, the motor 34 may rotate the cam 38 to the predefined angle. The motor 34 may include software, such as commands and instructions that define the predefined angle to which the cam 38 is rotated. The motor 34 may be communicatively coupled with the sensor 154. The sensor 154 may sense the position of the cam 38 and/or the actuator arm 42. The feedback from the sensor 154 may allow the motor to rotate the cam 38 to the predefined angle. The motor 34 may also include software relating to the distance the door 18 opens relative to the cabinet 14 and/or the rate of rotation of the cam 38. Additionally or alternatively, the controller 110 may include specific routines 122 relating to the predefined angle the cam 38 is rotated, the distance the door 18 is opened relative to the cabinet 14, and/or the rate of rotation of the cam 38.

Use of the present disclosure may provide a variety of advantages. For example, the door opening assembly 30 may be activated via a remote command from the user. In this way, if the user is unable to open the door 18, the door opening assembly 30 may open the door 18 for the user. Additionally, the door opening assembly 30 may be activated via a voice command or a command from an electronic device. Also, the door opening assembly 30 that includes the actuator arm 42 may utilize the actuator arm 42 as a force multiplier. This may be advantageous for use of different motors 34 in the door opening assembly 30 that may rotate the cam 38, and accordingly, the actuator arm 42, at different speeds and powers. Moreover, the door opening assembly 30 may be located in a variety of positions on the laundry appliance 10, which may increase the aesthetics of the laundry appliance 10. Further, the door opening assembly 30 may be a compact configuration, which may decrease space that the door opening assembly 30 uses on the laundry appliance 10. Additionally, the compact configuration of the door opening assembly may reduce energy use of the laundry appliance 10 and may reduce manufacturing costs. Additional benefits or advantages of using this device may also be realized and/or achieved.

According to at least one aspect of the present disclosure, a laundry appliance includes a cabinet and a door rotatably coupled to the cabinet. The door is operable between an opened position and a closed position. A door opening assembly is coupled to one of the cabinet and the door. The door opening assembly includes a motor coupled to a cam. The cam is operably coupled to an actuator arm.

According to another aspect, a biasing member is coupled to an actuator arm. The actuator arm is biased towards a disengaged position.

According to yet another aspect, a cam engages an actuator and overcomes a biasing force of a biasing member to move the actuator arm to an engaged position.

According to still another aspect, an actuator arm is operable between a disengaged position and an engaged position.

According to another aspect, a door opening assembly is coupled to a cabinet. An actuator arm engages an inner surface of the door when in an engaged position.

According to still another aspect, a door opening assembly is coupled to a door. An actuator arm engages a front panel surface of a cabinet when in an engaged position.

According to yet another aspect, each of a cam and an actuator arm rotates to a predefined angle to open a door a predefined distance.

According to another aspect, an actuator arm includes at least one follower.

According to still another aspect, at least one follower includes a first follower coupled to a proximal end of an actuator arm and configured to engage a cam and a second follower coupled to a distal end of the actuator arm and configured to engage one of a door surface and a cabinet surface.

According to another aspect, an actuator includes a first follower that contacts a cam and a second follower that contacts a door.

According to still another aspect, a controller is operably coupled to the motor. The motor is activated via a remote command delivered to the controller.

According to at least one aspect of the present disclosure, a door opening assembly for an appliance includes a support member and a motor coupled to the support member. An actuating cam assembly is operably coupled to the motor. The actuating cam assembly includes a drive shaft that includes a cam and at least one follower. The motor rotates the drive shaft when activated.

According to another aspect, a door opening assembly includes a cabinet panel. A support member is coupled to the cabinet panel. An actuating cam assembly is configured to engage a door.

According to still another aspect, at least one follower is coupled to a distal end of a cam.

According to another aspect, an actuating cam assembly includes an actuator arm coupled to a support member.

According to yet another aspect, at least one follower includes a first follower coupled to a proximal end portion of an actuator arm and a second follower coupled to a distal arm portion of an actuator arm.

According to at least one aspect of the present disclosure, a door opening assembly for an appliance includes a door panel and a support member coupled to the door panel. A motor is coupled to the support member. A cam is operably coupled to the motor. The motor rotates the cam to a predefined angle. An actuator arm is coupled to the support member. The actuator arm is rotated to a corresponding predefined angle by the cam. The actuator arm is configured to engage an engaging surface of a substrate.

According to another aspect, a first follower is coupled to a proximal end portion of an actuator arm to engage a cam. A second follower is coupled to a distal end portion of the actuator arm to engage an engaging surface.

According to still another aspect, an actuator arm is operable between a disengaged position and an engaged position. The actuator arm is spaced-apart from an engaging surface when in the disengaged position.

According to yet another aspect, a controller is operably coupled to a motor. The motor is activated via a remote command to the controller.

It will be understood by one having ordinary skill in the art that construction of the described disclosure and other

components is not limited to any specific material. Other exemplary embodiments of the disclosure disclosed herein may be formed from a wide variety of materials, unless described otherwise herein.

For purposes of this disclosure, the term “coupled” (in all of its forms, couple, coupling, coupled, etc.) generally means the joining of two components (electrical or mechanical) directly or indirectly to one another. Such joining may be stationary in nature or movable in nature. Such joining may be achieved with the two components (electrical or mechanical) and any additional intermediate members being integrally formed as a single unitary body with one another or with the two components. Such joining may be permanent in nature or may be removable or releasable in nature unless otherwise stated.

It is also important to note that the construction and arrangement of the elements of the disclosure as shown in the exemplary embodiments is illustrative only. Although only a few embodiments of the present innovations have been described in detail in this disclosure, those skilled in the art who review this disclosure will readily appreciate that many modifications are possible (e.g., variations in sizes, dimensions, structures, shapes and proportions of the various elements, values of parameters, mounting arrangements, use of materials, colors, orientations, etc.) without materially departing from the novel teachings and advantages of the subject matter recited. For example, elements shown as integrally formed may be constructed of multiple parts or elements shown as multiple parts may be integrally formed, the operation of the interfaces may be reversed or otherwise varied, the length or width of the structures and/or members or connector or other elements of the system may be varied, the nature or number of adjustment positions provided between the elements may be varied. It should be noted that the elements and/or assemblies of the system may be constructed from any of a wide variety of materials that provide sufficient strength or durability, in any of a wide variety of colors, textures, and combinations. Accordingly, all such modifications are intended to be included within the scope of the present innovations. Other substitutions, modifications, changes, and omissions may be made in the design, operating conditions, and arrangement of the desired and other exemplary embodiments without departing from the spirit of the present innovations.

It will be understood that any described processes or steps within described processes may be combined with other disclosed processes or steps to form structures within the scope of the present disclosure. The exemplary structures and processes disclosed herein are for illustrative purposes and are not to be construed as limiting.

What is claimed is:

1. A laundry appliance, comprising:

a cabinet;

a door rotatably coupled to the cabinet, wherein the door is operable between an opened position and a closed position; and

a door opening assembly coupled to one of the cabinet and the door, wherein the door opening assembly is operable between a first position and a second position, and wherein the door opening assembly includes:

a motor coupled to a support bracket;

a cam having a first end operably coupled with the motor, wherein the cam has a cam rotational axis; and

an actuator arm having a proximal end coupled to the support bracket, wherein the actuator arm has an arm rotational axis, wherein the cam rotational axis is

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offset from the arm rotational axis, wherein a second end of the cam is disposed adjacent to a distal end of the actuator arm when the door opening assembly is in the first position, and wherein the second end of the cam is disposed proximate the proximal end of the actuator arm when the door opening assembly is in the second position.

2. The laundry appliance of claim 1, further comprising: a biasing member coupled to the actuator arm and the support bracket, wherein the actuator arm is biased towards a disengaged position that corresponds to the first position.

3. The laundry appliance of claim 2, wherein the cam engages the actuator arm and overcomes a biasing force of the biasing member to move the actuator arm to an engaged position.

4. The laundry appliance of claim 1, wherein the actuator arm is operable between a disengaged position when the door opening assembly is in the first position and an engaged position when the door opening assembly is in the second position.

5. The laundry appliance of claim 4, wherein the door opening assembly is coupled to the cabinet, and wherein the actuator arm engages an inner surface of the door when in the engaged position, and wherein a cam surface of the cam and the actuator arm are generally parallel to one another during operation between the first and second positions.

6. The laundry appliance of claim 4, wherein the door opening assembly is coupled to the door, and wherein the

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actuator arm engages a front panel surface of the cabinet when in the engaged position.

7. The laundry appliance of claim 1, wherein each of the cam and the actuator arm rotates to a predefined angle to open the door a predefined distance.

8. The laundry appliance of claim 1, wherein the actuator arm includes at least one follower.

9. The laundry appliance of claim 8, wherein the at least one follower includes a first follower coupled to a proximal end of the actuator arm and configured to engage the cam and a second follower coupled to a distal end of the actuator arm and configured to engage one of a door surface and a cabinet surface.

10. The laundry appliance of claim 8, wherein the at least one follower includes a first follower for contacting the cam and a second follower for contacting the door.

11. The laundry appliance of claim 1, further comprising: a controller operably coupled to the motor, wherein the motor is activated via a remote command delivered to the controller.

12. The laundry appliance of claim 1, wherein the support bracket includes arms to couple to one of the door and the cabinet, wherein a space is defined between the arms, wherein the cam extends out of the space beyond the arms and the actuator arm is disposed entirely out of the space when the door opening assembly is in the second position.

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