

## US010745241B2

# (12) United States Patent Halingale

## COMMUNICATION WITH A TRAPPED PASSENGER IN A TRANSPORTATION **SYSTEM**

Applicant: Otis Elevator Company, Farmington,

CT (US)

Inventor: Paras Kumar Halingale, Hyderabad

(IN)

Assignee: OTIS ELEVATOR COMPANY, (73)

Farmington, CT (US)

Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this Notice:

patent is extended or adjusted under 35

U.S.C. 154(b) by 396 days.

- Appl. No.: 15/683,140
- Aug. 22, 2017 (22)Filed:
- (65)**Prior Publication Data**

US 2018/0057307 A1 Mar. 1, 2018

(30)Foreign Application Priority Data

Aug. 24, 2016 

Int. Cl. (51)(2006.01)B66B 3/00 B66B 5/00 (2006.01)B66B 1/02 (2006.01)B66B 1/34 (2006.01)H04N 7/14 (2006.01)(2006.01)

U.S. Cl. (52)

H04N 7/18

CPC ...... **B66B** 3/002 (2013.01); **B66B** 1/02 (2013.01); **B66B** 1/3461 (2013.01); **B66B** *5/0006* (2013.01); *B66B 5/0018* (2013.01); H04N 7/147 (2013.01); H04N 7/188 (2013.01); *B66B* 1/34 (2013.01); *B66B* 5/0012 (2013.01)

## (10) Patent No.: US 10,745,241 B2

(45) Date of Patent: Aug. 18, 2020

#### Field of Classification Search (58)

CPC ...... B66B 3/002; B66B 1/02; B66B 1/3461; B66B 5/0006; B66B 5/0018 See application file for complete search history.

#### **References Cited** (56)

### U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

5,736,694 A	*	4/1998	Ketoviita B66B 5/0006
			187/247
5,844,181 A	1	12/1998	Amo et al.
6,196,355 B	31 *	3/2001	Fargo B66B 3/00
			187/287

## (Continued)

## FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

CN	201567123 U	9/2010			
CN	202116149 U	1/2012			
	(Continued)				

## OTHER PUBLICATIONS

European Search Report for application EP 17186685.8, dated Feb. 26, 2018, 9 pages.

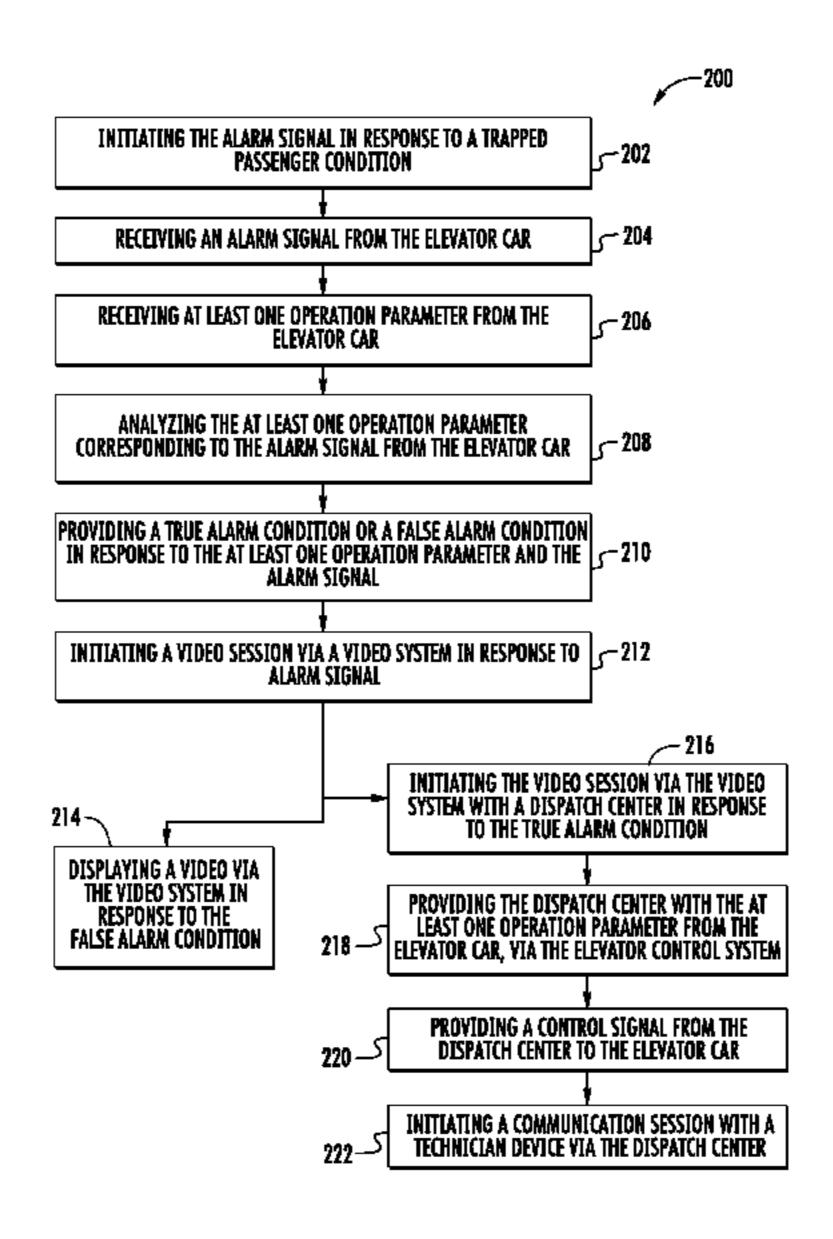
(Continued)

Primary Examiner — David S Warren (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Cantor Colburn LLP

#### (57)**ABSTRACT**

According to an embodiment, a method to communicate with a passenger in a car within a transportation system includes receiving an alarm signal from the car, receiving at least one operation parameter from the car, analyzing the at least one operation parameter corresponding to the alarm signal from the car, determining an alarm condition in response to the at least one operation parameter and the alarm signal, and initiating a video session via a video system in response to the alarm signal.

## 18 Claims, 2 Drawing Sheets



# US 10,745,241 B2

Page 2

(56) References Cited							B66B 1/3461	
LIC DATENT DOCLIMENTS							B66B 1/2408	
U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS			DOCUMENTS					G06T 7/11
6 260 010	<b>D1</b> *	8/2001	Fargo B66B 3/00		073187 A1*			B66B 3/008
0,209,910	DI.	6/ ZUU I						B66B 1/02
C 241 CC9	D 1	1/2002	E4441				~	B66B 1/3453
6,341,668			Fayette et al.					B66B 1/28
, ,			Newville et al.					B66B 13/14
6,364,066	ы	4/2002	Bolch B66B 5/0018					B66B 5/0012
C 5 42 5 92	Da	4/2002	D:6					G08B 25/14
, ,			Difranza et al.				<u> </u>	B66B 3/002
6,847,292	B2 *	1/2003	Nlabu B66B 5/027					
7 440 472	D2 *	11/2000	187/390 Lindhana DCCD 1/24		FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS			
7,448,473	B2 *	11/2008	Lindberg B66B 1/34		TOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS			
0.265.051	D2 *	2/2012	187/384	CN	20270/	1744 U	1/2013	
8,365,871	B2 *	2/2013	Lee B66B 5/027	CN		.940 A	6/2013	
0.051.155	Do 4	6/0015	187/247	CN		262 A	7/2014	
, ,			Herkel B66B 1/34	CN		712 U	10/2014	
, , , ,			Youker B66B 3/008	CN		0022 A	11/2014	
			Fayette et al.	CN		5154 U	12/2014	
2002/0053978	Al*	5/2002	Peterson	CN		614 A	9/2015	
0000(0115000		c (0000	340/573.1	CN		0806 A	4/2016	
2003/0117292	Al*	6/2003	Nlabu B66B 5/027	JP	2000118		4/2000	
		/ = = = .	340/5.2	KR	20120115		10/2012	
2004/0231929	Al*	11/2004	Sasaki B66B 5/025	WO		662 A1	8/2000	
			187/391	WO		334 A1	11/2006	
2007/0261924	A1*	11/2007	Lindberg B66B 1/34	WO		2895 A1	6/2013	
			187/391	WO		786 A1	8/2014	
2009/0283369	A1*	11/2009	Flynn B66B 1/468	WO	2016087	7557 A1	6/2016	
			187/391					
2011/0155516	A1*	6/2011	Mason B66B 5/024		OFFI	TED DI		•
			187/384		OTI	HER PU	BLICATIONS	•
2013/0270046	A1*	10/2013	Krause B66B 13/08					
			187/393	Kim, Wo	on-Yong, "Th	e Implem	entation Model	of the Emergency
2014/0139539	$\mathbf{A}1$	5/2014	Byers	Video Ca	all System for	Deep-Dep	oth and High-Ri	ise Building Lifts",
2015/0068849	$\mathbf{A}1$	3/2015	Haipus et al.		-			25), DOI: 10.17485/
2015/0075914	A1*	3/2015	Armistead B66B 1/46					23), DOI: 10.17 103/
			187/247	5	/v8i25/80441,		. 10	~
2015/0219777	A1*	8/2015	Smith G01V 1/28			~		een Systems, 2014
			702/14	product of	catalog", MAI	) Elevator	r Fixtures, Mar.	26, 2014, 44pgs.
2015/0293799	A1*	10/2015	Sekine B66B 5/0006					
			714/37	* cited 1	by examiner			

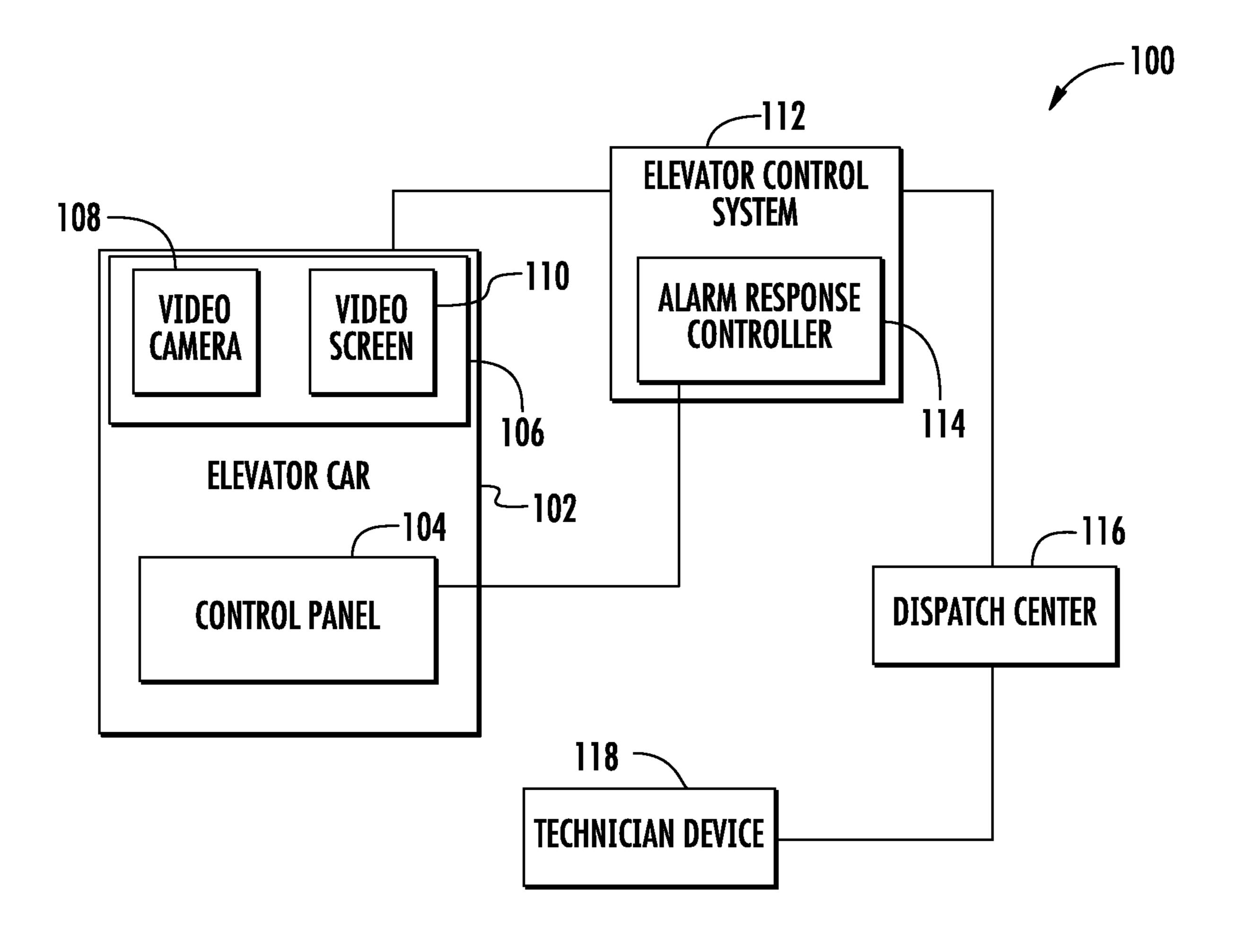


FIG. 1

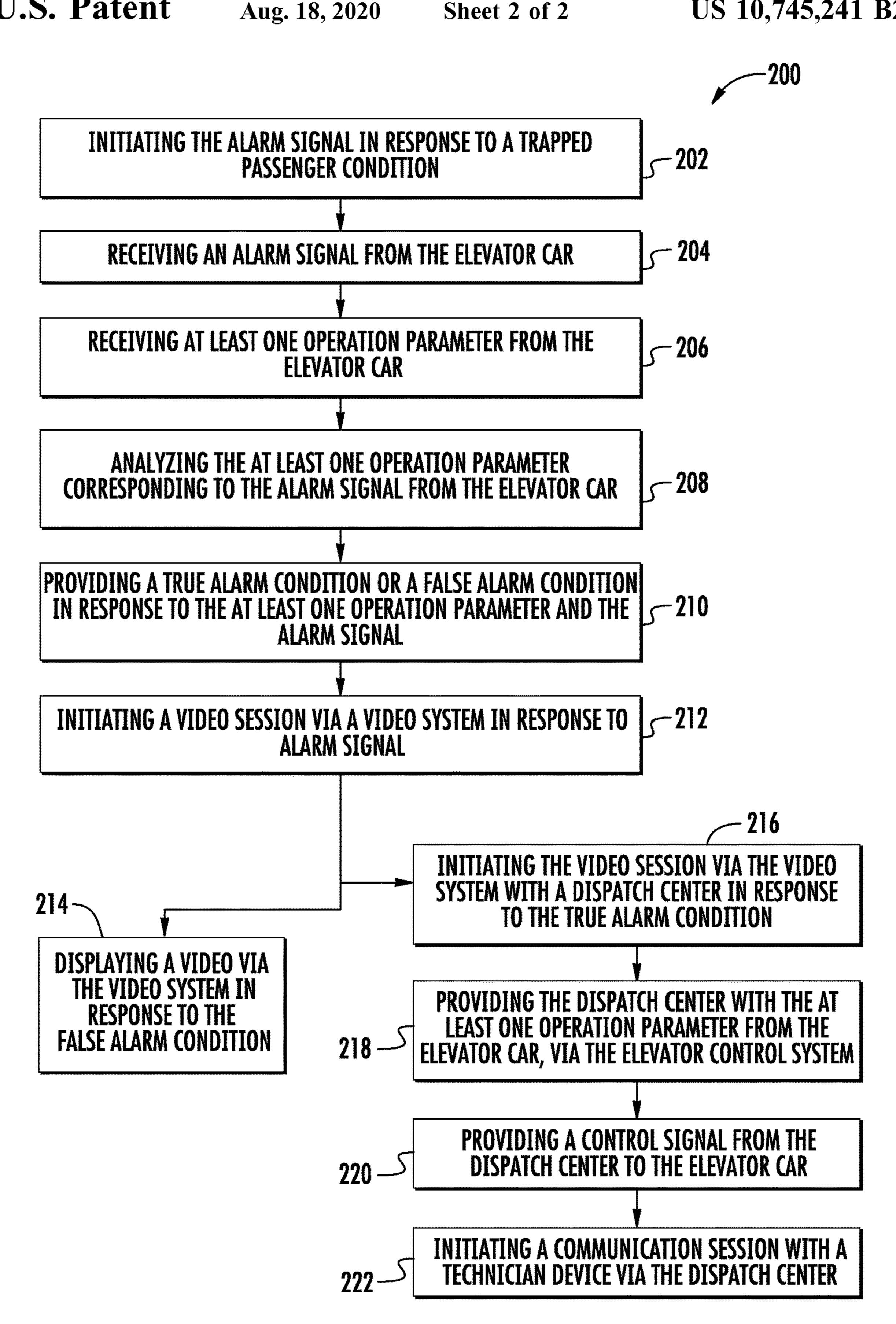


FIG. 2

1

# COMMUNICATION WITH A TRAPPED PASSENGER IN A TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM

## FOREIGN PRIORITY

This application claims priority to Indian Patent Application No. 201611028812, filed Aug. 24, 2016, and all the benefits accruing therefrom under 35 U.S.C. § 119, the contents of which in its entirety are herein incorporated by reference.

## DESCRIPTION OF RELATED ART

The subject matter disclosed herein relates generally to the field of transportation systems, and more particularly to communication systems within transportation systems.

Alarms are often utilized in elevator systems to allow a passenger to communicate a malfunction or emergency condition within the elevator. A passenger can initiate an alarm signal from within the elevator by using a dedicated button on a control panel to signal a malfunction or that they are trapped within the elevator.

While passenger initiated alarms can signal that a passenger is trapped in an elevator or a malfunction, a passenger may inadvertently trigger an alarm signal or may trigger an alarm in a scenario the passenger is able to resolve. A system and method that can allow communication with a passenger in the elevator car to resolve alarm conditions is desired.

## **BRIEF SUMMARY**

According to an embodiment, a method to communicate with a passenger in a car within a transportation system includes receiving an alarm signal from the car, receiving at least one operation parameter from the car, analyzing the at least one operation parameter corresponding to the alarm signal from the car, determining an alarm condition in response to the at least one operation parameter and the alarm signal, and initiating a video session via a video system in response to the alarm signal.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include that 45 the car is an elevator car.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include determining a true alarm condition or a false alarm condition in response to the at least one operation parameter and the 50 alarm signal.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include initiating the video session via the video system with a dispatch center in response to the false alarm condition.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include initiating the video session via the video system with a dispatch center in response to the true alarm condition.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, 60 or as an alternative, further embodiments could include initiating a communication session with a technician device via the dispatch center.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include 65 providing the dispatch center with the at least one operation parameter from the car via a control system.

2

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include providing a control signal from the dispatch center to the car.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include displaying a video via the video system in response to the false alarm condition.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include initiating the alarm signal in response to a trapped passenger condition.

According to an embodiment, a system for communication with a passenger within a transportation system includes a car of the transportation system to provide an alarm signal, wherein the car includes a video system, a control system to provide at least one operation parameter corresponding to the car, an alarm response controller to analyze the at least one operation parameter corresponding to the alarm signal and to selectively determine an alarm condition, wherein the alarm response controller initiates a video session via the video system in response to the alarm signal.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include that the car is an elevator car.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include that the alarm response controller determines a true alarm condition or a false alarm condition for the alarm condition.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include that the alarm response controller initiates the video session via the video system with a dispatch center in response to the false alarm condition.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include that the alarm response controller initiates a video session with a dispatch center in response to the true alarm condition.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include that the alarm response controller initiates a communication session with a technician device and the dispatch center.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include that the dispatch center receives at least one operation parameter from the control system.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include that the dispatch center provides a control signal to the car.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include that the video system includes a video camera and a video screen.

In addition to one or more of the features described above, or as an alternative, further embodiments could include that the car includes a control panel to selectively provide the alarm signal.

Technical function of the embodiments described above includes determining an alarm condition in response to the at least one operation parameter and the alarm signal, and initiating a video session via a video system in response to the alarm signal.

Other aspects, features, and techniques of the embodiments will become more apparent from the following description taken in conjunction with the drawings.

# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS

The subject matter is particularly pointed out and distinctly claimed in the claims at the conclusion of the

specification. The foregoing and other features, and advantages of the embodiments are apparent from the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings in which like elements are numbered alike in the several FIGURES:

FIG. 1 shows an elevator system; and

FIG. 2 shows a method to communicate with passengers within an elevator car.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Referring to the drawings, FIG. 1 shows an elevator system 100. In the illustrated embodiment, the elevator system 100 includes an elevator car 102 with a video system 106, and an elevator control system 112. In the illustrated embodiment, the elevator system 100 can be utilized to facilitate communication with a passenger in the elevator car **102** in response to alarm conditions or signals. The elevator system 100 can be utilized to determine if an alarm condition 20 is a true alarm condition, an inadvertent alarm condition, or an alarm condition that can be addressed by a passenger. In response to an alarm signal, the video system 106 can be utilized to communicate with the passenger. Advantageously, the elevator system 100 can allow communication 25 with a passenger to allow the passenger to address the alarm condition or to allow video communication with the passenger to allow for dispatchers or technicians to address an alarm condition while calming the passengers. While an elevator system 100 is contemplated herein, the methods and 30 apparatuses described herein can be used with any suitable transportation system, including, but not limited to elevators, subways, trains, trams, gondolas, monorails, busses, trolleys, etc.

cars 102 to transport passengers as desired. In the illustrated embodiment, the elevator car 102 includes a control panel **104**. The control panel **104** allows a passenger to interact with and direct the elevator car 102. During normal operation, the control panel 104 can receive operational com- 40 mands and inputs from the passenger to transport a passenger to a desired floor, open the doors, close the doors, etc. A passenger can utilize the control panel 104 to trigger an alarm signal in response to any suitable emergency or alarm condition. In certain situations, a passenger can utilize the 45 alarm signal to indicate a trapped passenger condition. A passenger may accurately signal a trapped passenger condition, while in other embodiments, a passenger may inaccurately signal a trapped passenger condition by inadvertently triggering an alarm signal. In some embodiments, a 50 passenger may inaccurately signal a trapped passenger condition that may be resolved without any external assistance.

In the illustrated embodiment, the elevator car 102 includes the video system 106. In the illustrated embodiment, the video system 106 includes a video camera 108 and 55 a video screen 110. During normal operation, the video screen 110 can be utilized to display information and videos to passengers. The video screen 110 can further be utilized to display information or videos in response to an alarm condition. The video camera 108 can be utilized to allow for 60 two way video communications between someone outside of the elevator car 102 such as, for example, building, emergency, or elevator personnel, and a passenger within the elevator car 102. In certain situations, two way video communications can allow personnel to communicate, 65 instruct and calm a passenger in response to a trapped passenger condition.

In the illustrated embodiment, the elevator car 102 can be controlled and monitored by the elevator control system 112. In the illustrated embodiment, the elevator control system 112 can receive signals from the elevator car 102 and the control panel 104 to control movement of the elevator car 102 through an elevator shaft. Further, the elevator control system 112 can monitor the status of the elevator car 102 and the elevator system 100 using feedback from sensors and other means to determine operating parameters. For 10 example, the elevator control system 112 can determine operating status, parameters, faults, etc. of the elevator car **102**.

In the illustrated embodiment, the alarm response controller 114 can receive alarm signals from the elevator car 15 **102** and the elevator control system **112**. In the illustrated embodiment, the alarm response controller 114 is integrated with the elevator control system 112. In other embodiments, the alarm response controller 114 is independent from the elevator control system 112. In the illustrated embodiment, the alarm response controller 114 can analyze operating parameters of the elevator car 102 in response to an alarm signal to determine if the alarm signal or condition provided is a true alarm condition or a false alarm condition. In the illustrated embodiment, the alarm response controller 114 can identify operating parameters that are consistent with trapped passenger conditions to determine if the alarm signal or condition provided is a true alarm condition or a false alarm condition. In certain embodiments the alarm response controller 114 can monitor operating parameters, including, but not limited to door state, elevator car position, velocity, error codes, etc., to determine elevator system 100 statuses. The alarm response controller **114** can utilize algorithms to monitor the operating parameters to determine if elevator system 100 operations are normal or enter a shutdown state The elevator system 100 can include multiple elevator 35 in response to error conditions. In certain embodiments, if an alarm signal is received while the elevator system 100 is considered normal; the alarm response controller 114 can determine the alarm signal is a false alarm. Similarly, if the alarm signal is received while the elevator system 100 is in an error condition, the alarm response controller 114 can determine that the alarm signal is a true alarm. Alternatively, in certain embodiments, the dispatch center 116 can receive operating parameters of the elevator car 102 in response to an alarm signal to allow a technician or an automated method determine if the alarm signal or condition provided is a true alarm condition or a false alarm condition.

In certain embodiments, the alarm response controller 114 can determine if an alarm condition is a false alarm condition if the alarm signal is provided when the elevator car 102 is operating properly or the elevator car 102 doors are in an open condition by monitoring operating parameters described above. In these scenarios it may be determined that the alarm signal was inadvertently triggered by a passenger using the control panel 104. In other embodiments, a passenger may intentionally trigger an alarm signal using the control panel. However, the alarm response controller 114 can monitor error conditions and the presence of a shutdown state of the elevator car 102 and the elevator control system 112 to determine if the elevator car 102 is operational. In this scenario, the alarm response controller 114 can determine if the alarm condition provided by the passenger can be resolved by the passenger or is otherwise a false alarm condition, as described below.

In response to a determined false alarm condition, the alarm response controller 114 can initiate a display of information or an informative video to be displayed on the video screen 110. The information provided can inform the

5

passenger if any action is needed or otherwise how to resolve the alarm condition. In certain embodiments, the information displayed on the video screen 110 can describe the cause of the false alarm and allow input to determine if the alarm signal is not a false alarm. In certain embodiments, a user can provide confirmation of an alarm signal via the control panel 104 or using the video system 106. In certain embodiments, a video conference between the elevator car 102 and the dispatch center 116 can be initiated while notifying the dispatch center 116 the video conference is corresponding to a determined false alarm condition.

In response to a true alarm condition, the alarm response controller 114 can initiate a video conference between the elevator car 102 and a dispatch center 116 using the video 15 system 106 within the elevator car 102. Similarly, the dispatch center 116 can be equipped with a video camera and a video screen to allow two way video conferencing between the passenger and a dispatcher or technician. Advantageously, the dispatch center **116** and a passenger within the 20 elevator car 102 can use video conferencing to improve the experience of the trapped passenger. In certain embodiments, the dispatch center 116 can utilize a remote dispatcher to comfort a passenger, provide the passenger with instructions, or provide commands to the elevator car 102 25 remotely. In certain embodiments, if the dispatch center 116 determines that they cannot resolve the alarm condition, the dispatch center 116 can contact a technician via a technician device 118. In certain embodiments, the technician device 118 can have a communication link with the video system 30 106 to allow audio and/or video communication with the passenger. The technician device 118 can be any suitable device, including, but not limited to a cellular phone, a tablet computer, a portable computer, etc. Among other things, the dispatch center may be the elevator manufacturer, mainte- 35 nance service provider, building manager, or any other third party that is not trapped in the elevator.

Referring to FIG. 2, a method 200 to communicate with passengers within an elevator car is shown. In operation 202 the alarm signal is initiated in response to a trapped passenger condition.

In operation 204 an alarm signal is received from the elevator car. In response to emergency situations, a passenger can utilize the control panel to trigger an alarm signal in response to any suitable emergency or alarm condition.

In operation 206 at least one operation parameter is received from the elevator car. In certain embodiments the alarm response controller can monitor operating parameters, including, but not limited to door state, elevator car position, velocity, error codes, etc., to determine elevator system 50 statuses. The alarm response controller can utilize algorithms to monitor the operating parameters to determine if elevator system operations are normal or enter a shutdown state in response to error conditions. In certain embodiments, the alarm response controller can monitor for the 55 presence of a "shutdown state." The shutdown state may be received via a CAN message.

In operation 208 the at least one operation parameter corresponding to the alarm signal from the elevator car is analyzed. In the illustrated embodiment, the alarm response 60 controller can analyze elevator car parameters and elevator control system parameters to determine if a user provided alarm signal is a false alarm condition. In operation 210 a true alarm condition or a false alarm condition is provided in response to the at least one operation parameter and the 65 alarm signal. In operation 212 a video session via a video system is initiated in response to the alarm signal.

6

If the alarm response controller determines that the alarm signal indicates a false alarm condition, in operation 214 a video is displayed via the video system in response to the false alarm condition. The information provided can inform the passenger if any action is needed or otherwise how to resolve the alarm condition. In certain embodiments, the information displayed on the video screen can describe the cause of the false alarm and allow input to determine if the alarm signal is not a false alarm.

If the alarm response controller determines that the alarm signal indicates a true alarm condition, in operation 216 the video session is initiated via the video system with a dispatch center in response to the true alarm condition. In operation 218 the dispatch center is provided with the at least one operation parameter from the elevator car, via the elevator control system. In certain embodiments, in operation 220 a control signal from the dispatch center is provided to the elevator car. Further, in certain embodiments, in operation 222 a communication session with a technician device is initiated via the dispatch center.

The terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting of the embodiments. While the description of the present embodiments has been presented for purposes of illustration and description, it is not intended to be exhaustive or limited to the embodiments in the form disclosed. Many modifications, variations, alterations, substitutions or equivalent arrangement not hereto described will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art without departing from the scope and spirit of the embodiments. Additionally, while various embodiments have been described, it is to be understood that aspects may include any number of the described embodiments. Accordingly, the embodiments are not to be seen as limited by the foregoing description, but are only limited by the scope of the appended claims. The terms "a" and "an" and "the" herein do not denote a limitation of quantity, and are to be construed to cover both the singular and the plural, unless otherwise indicated herein or clearly contradicted by context.

## What is claimed is:

- 1. A method to communicate with a passenger in a car within a transportation system, the method comprising: receiving an alarm signal from the car;
  - receiving at least one operation parameter from the car; analyzing the at least one operation parameter corresponding to the alarm signal from the car;
  - determining an alarm condition in response to the at least one operation parameter and the alarm signal; and
  - initiating a video session via a video system in response to the alarm signal;
  - wherein determining the alarm condition comprises determining a true alarm condition or a false alarm condition in response to the at least one operation parameter and the alarm signal.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the car is an elevator car.
  - 3. The method of claim 1, further comprising: initiating the video session via the video system with a dispatch center in response to the false alarm condition.
  - 4. The method of claim 1, further comprising: initiating the video session via the video system with a dispatch center in response to the true alarm condition.
  - 5. The method of claim 4, further comprising: initiating a communication session with a technician device via the dispatch center.

7

- 6. The method of claim 4, further comprising: providing the dispatch center with the at least one operation parameter from the car via a control system.
- 7. The method of claim 4, further comprising: providing a control signal from the dispatch center to the car.
- **8**. The method of claim **1**, further comprising: displaying a video via the video system in response to the false alarm condition.
- 9. The method of claim 1, further comprising: initiating the alarm signal in response to a trapped passenger condition.
- 10. A system for communication with a passenger within a transportation system, the system comprising:
  - a car of the transportation system to provide an alarm signal, wherein the car includes a video system;
  - a control system to provide at least one operation parameter corresponding to the car; and
  - an alarm response controller to analyze the at least one 20 operation parameter corresponding to the alarm signal and to selectively determine an alarm condition, wherein the alarm response controller initiates a video session via the video system in response to the alarm signal;

8

- wherein the alarm response controller determines a true alarm condition or a false alarm condition for the alarm condition.
- 11. The system of claim 10, wherein the car is an elevator car.
- 12. The system of claim 10, wherein the alarm response controller initiates the video session via the video system with a dispatch center in response to the false alarm condition.
- 13. The system of claim 10, wherein the alarm response controller initiates a video session with a dispatch center in response to the true alarm condition.
- 14. The system of claim 13, wherein the alarm response controller initiates a communication session with a technician device and the dispatch center.
- 15. The system of claim 13, wherein the dispatch center receives at least one operation parameter from the control system.
- 16. The system of claim 13, wherein the dispatch center provides a control signal to the car.
- 17. The system of claim 10, wherein the video system includes a video camera and a video screen.
- 18. The system of claim 10, wherein the car includes a control panel to selectively provide the alarm signal.

\* \* \* \*