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Sato et al.

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(54) **IMAGE FORMING APPARATUS**

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(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

(51) **Int. Cl.**

G03G 21/12	(2006.01)
G03G 21/10	(2006.01)
G03G 15/16	(2006.01)

An image forming apparatus includes: a drawer movable between an inner position and an outer position and supporting a first cartridge including a first photosensitive drum and a first discharge part and a second cartridge including a second photosensitive drum and a second discharge part; and a waste toner box including a first coupling part coupled with the first discharge part and a second coupling part coupled with the second discharge part, in a state where the first cartridge and the second cartridge are supported by the drawer at an inner position and the waste toner box is mounted to the apparatus main body, the waste toner box being movable between a first/second position where the first coupling part and the first discharge part are coupled/decoupled and the second coupling part and the second discharge part are coupled/decoupled.

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

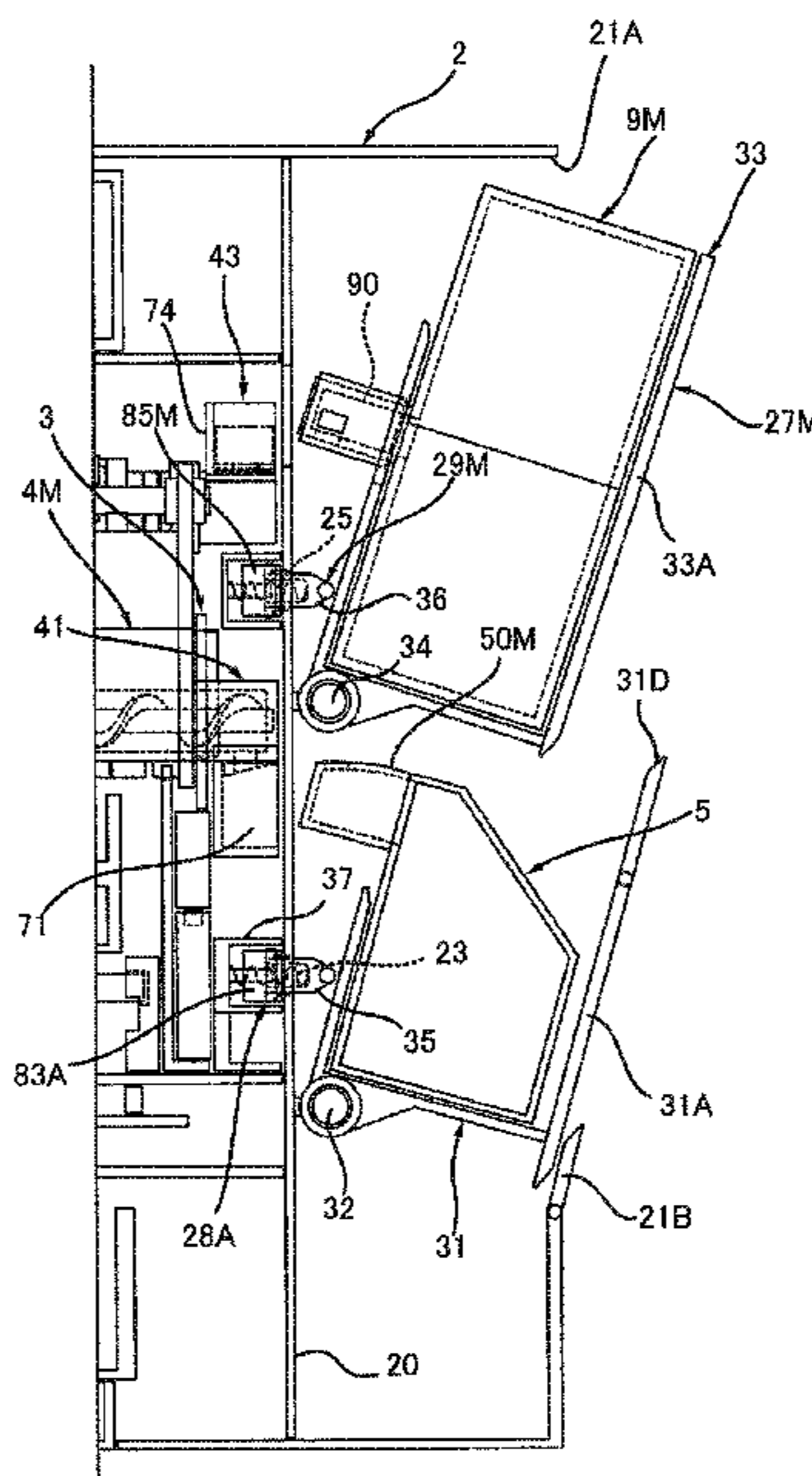
CPC **G03G 21/12** (2013.01); **G03G 15/166** (2013.01); **G03G 21/105** (2013.01); **G03G 2215/1652** (2013.01); **G03G 2215/1657** (2013.01); **G03G 2215/1661** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

CPC G03G 21/10; G03G 21/105; G03G 21/12; G03G 221/1684

See application file for complete search history.

20 Claims, 14 Drawing Sheets



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FIG. 2

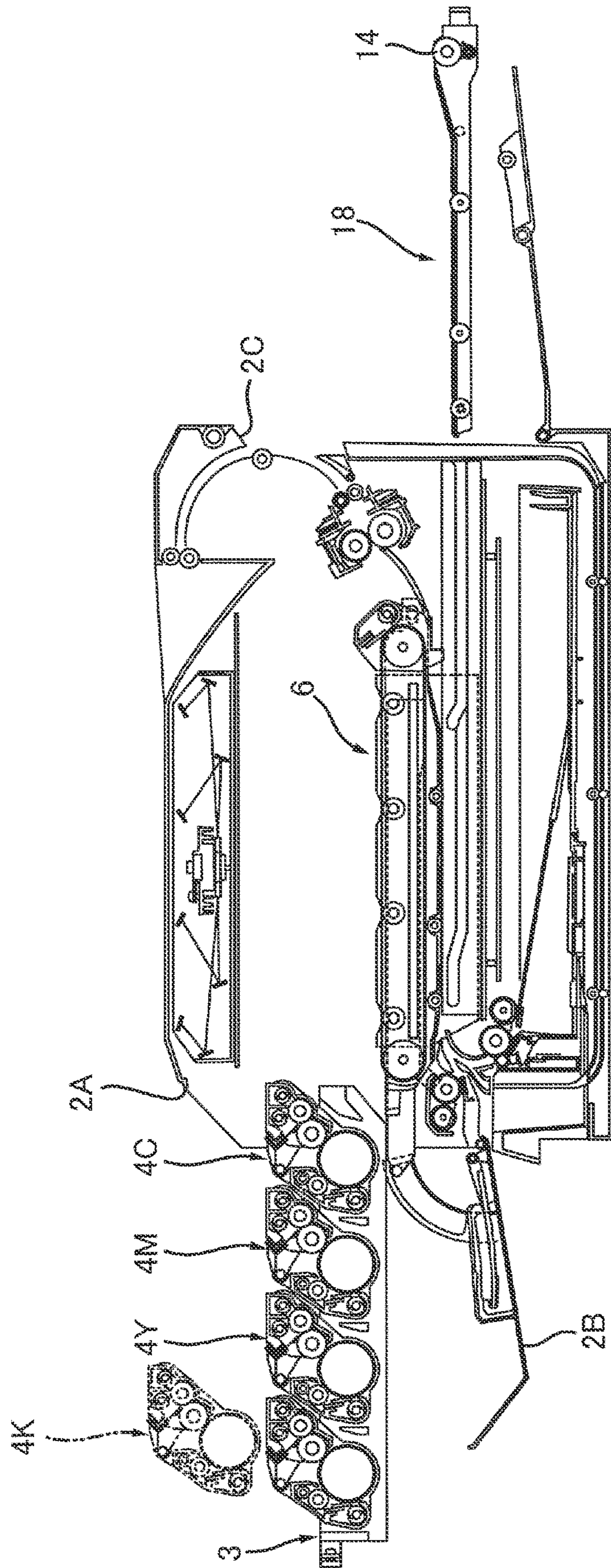


FIG. 3

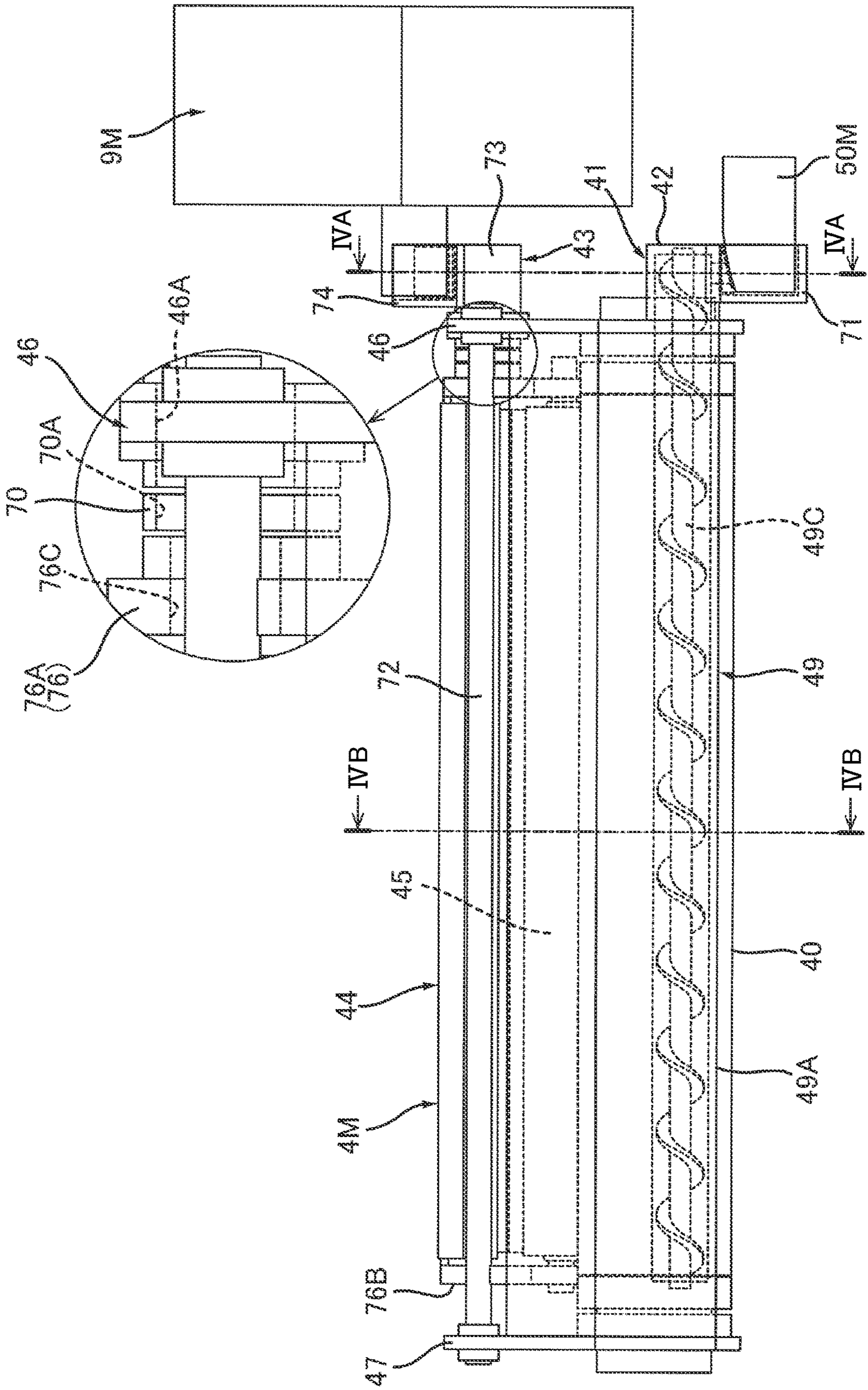


FIG. 4B

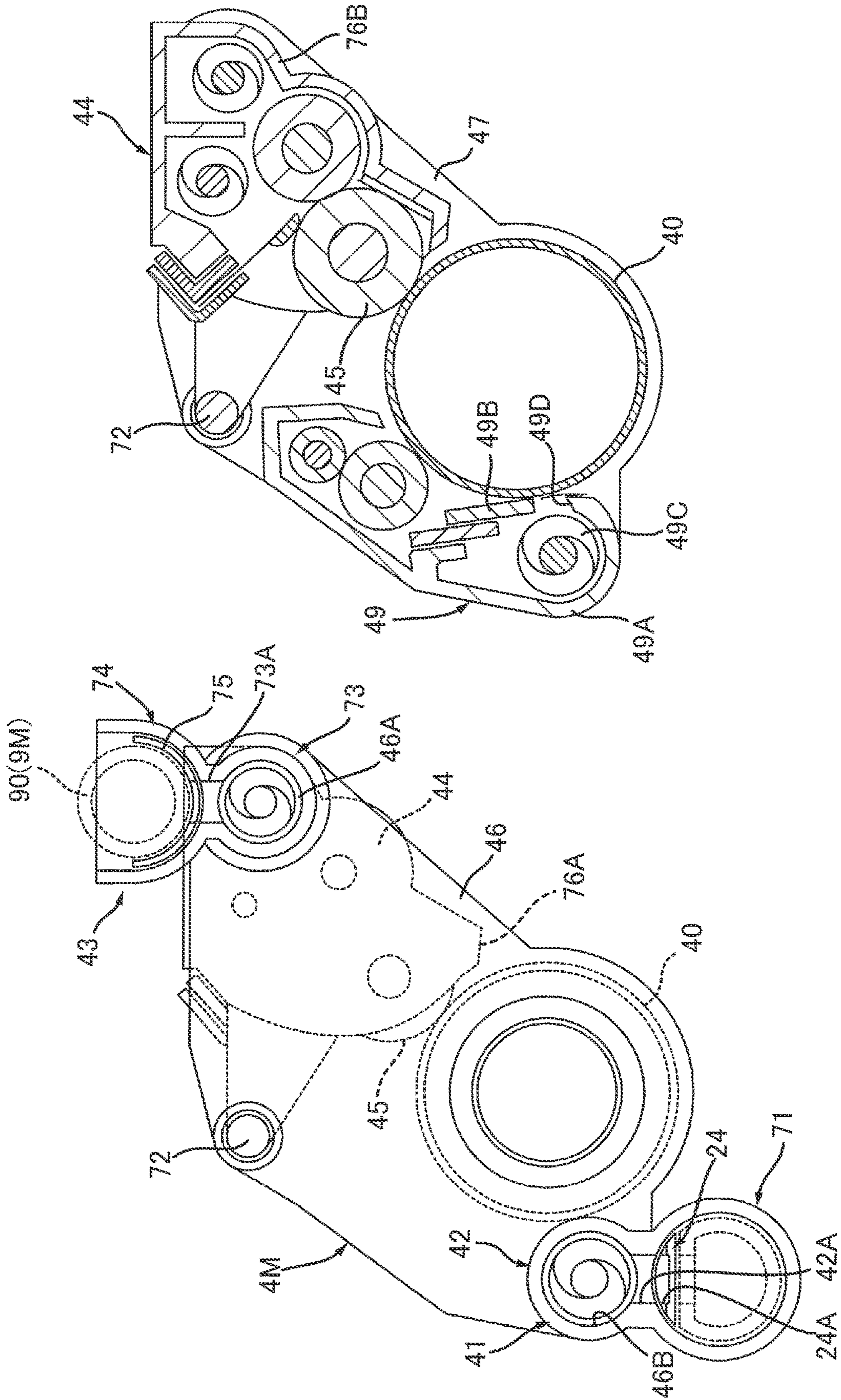


FIG. 4A

FIG. 5

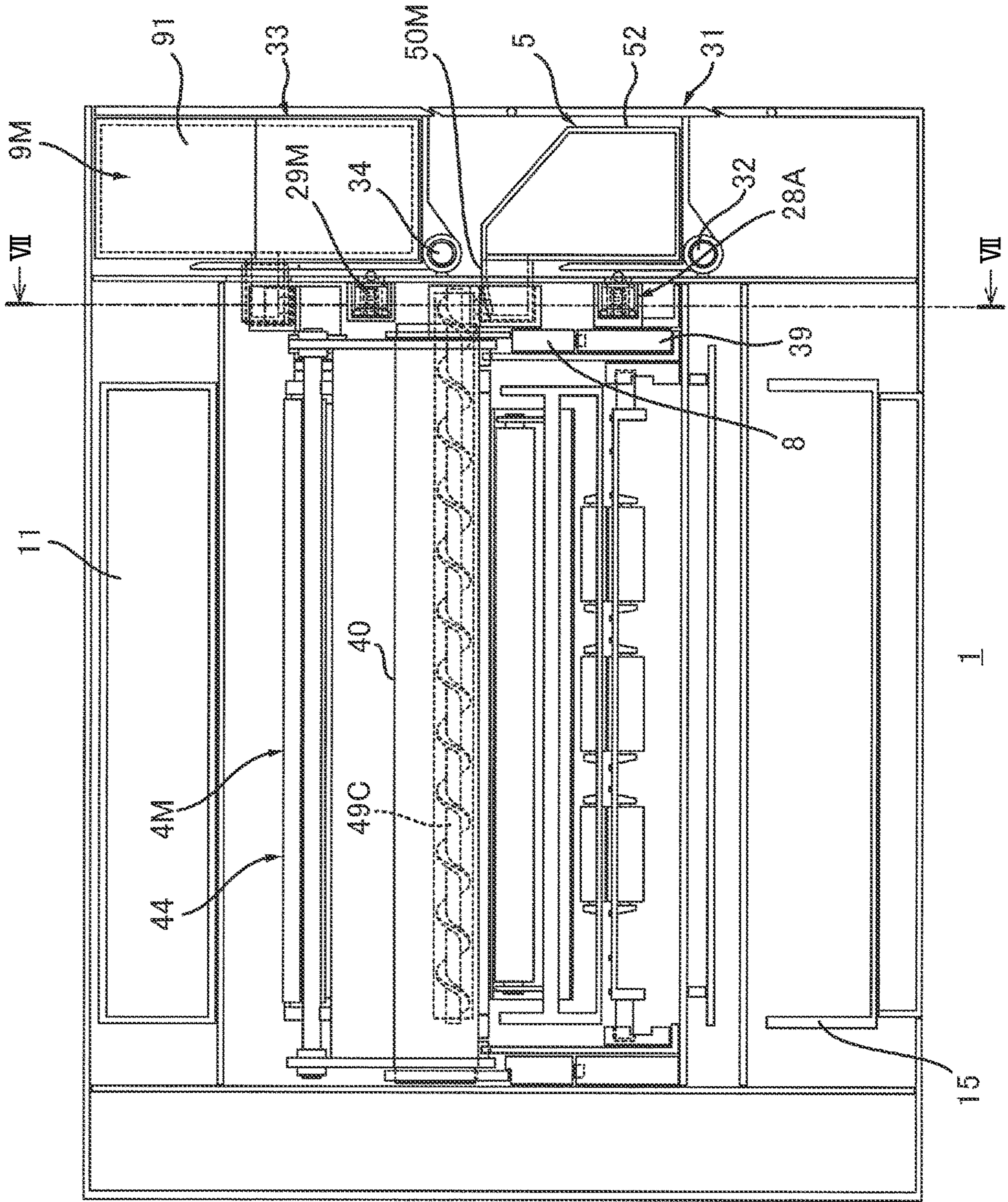


FIG. 6

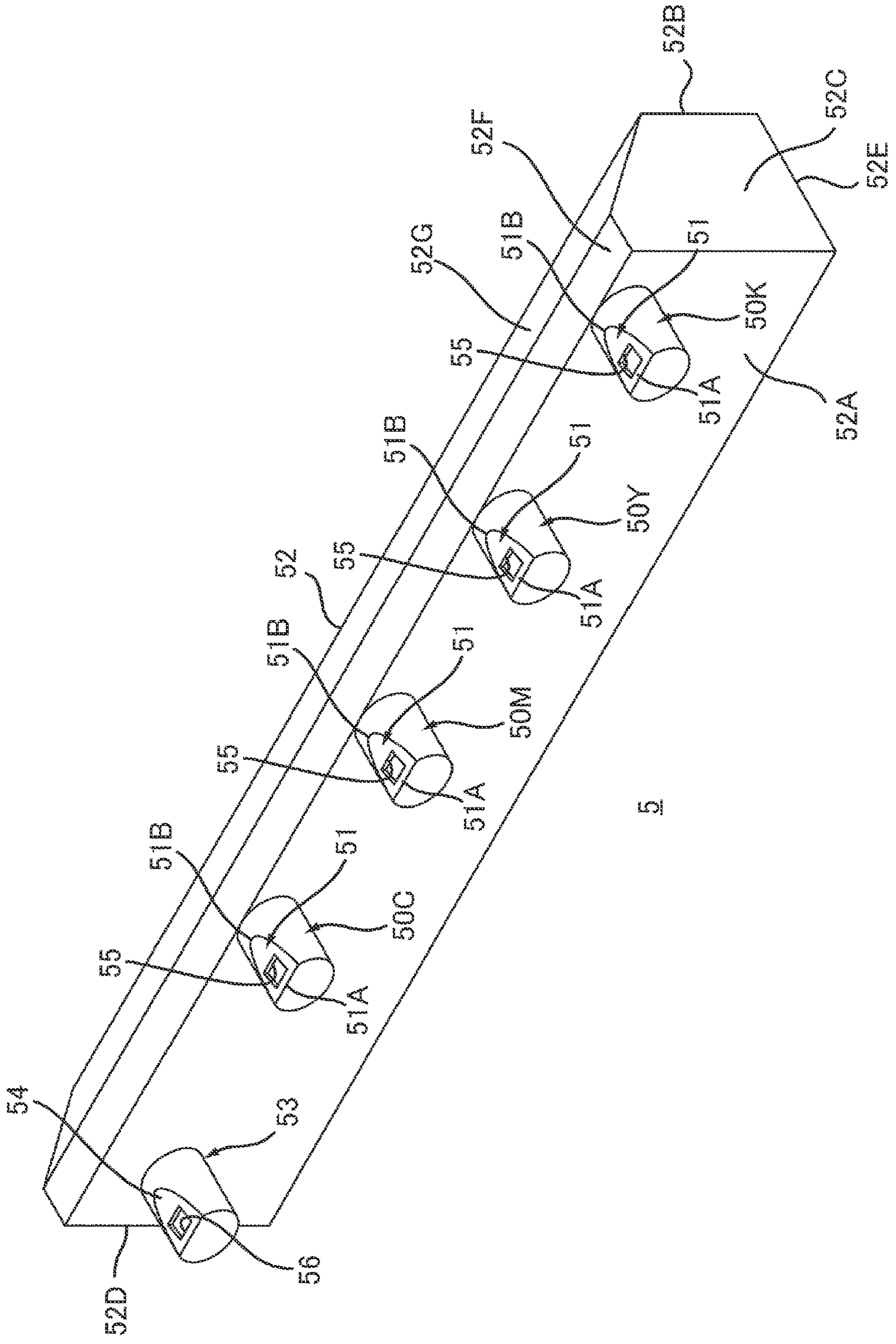


FIG. 7

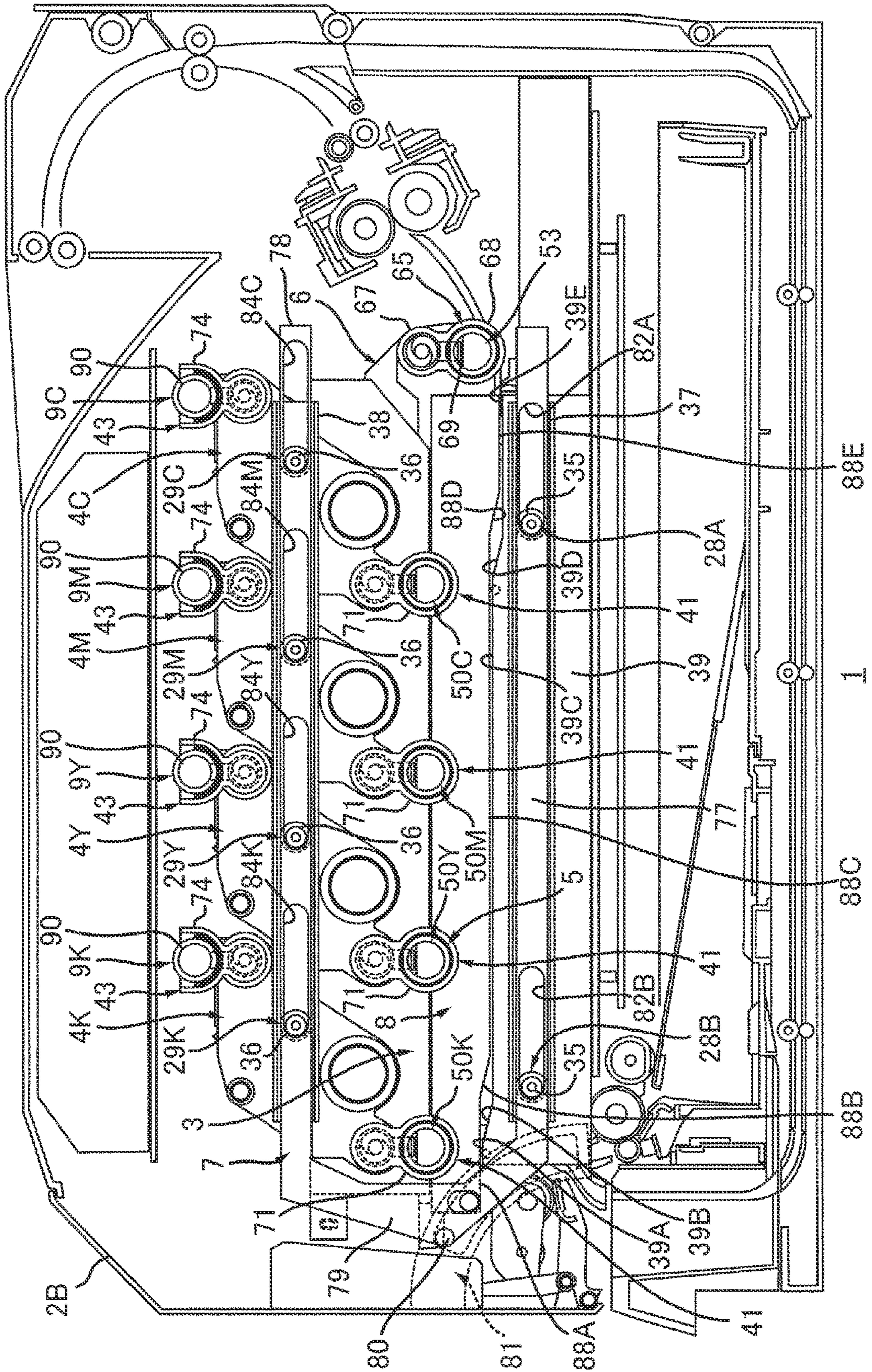


FIG. 8

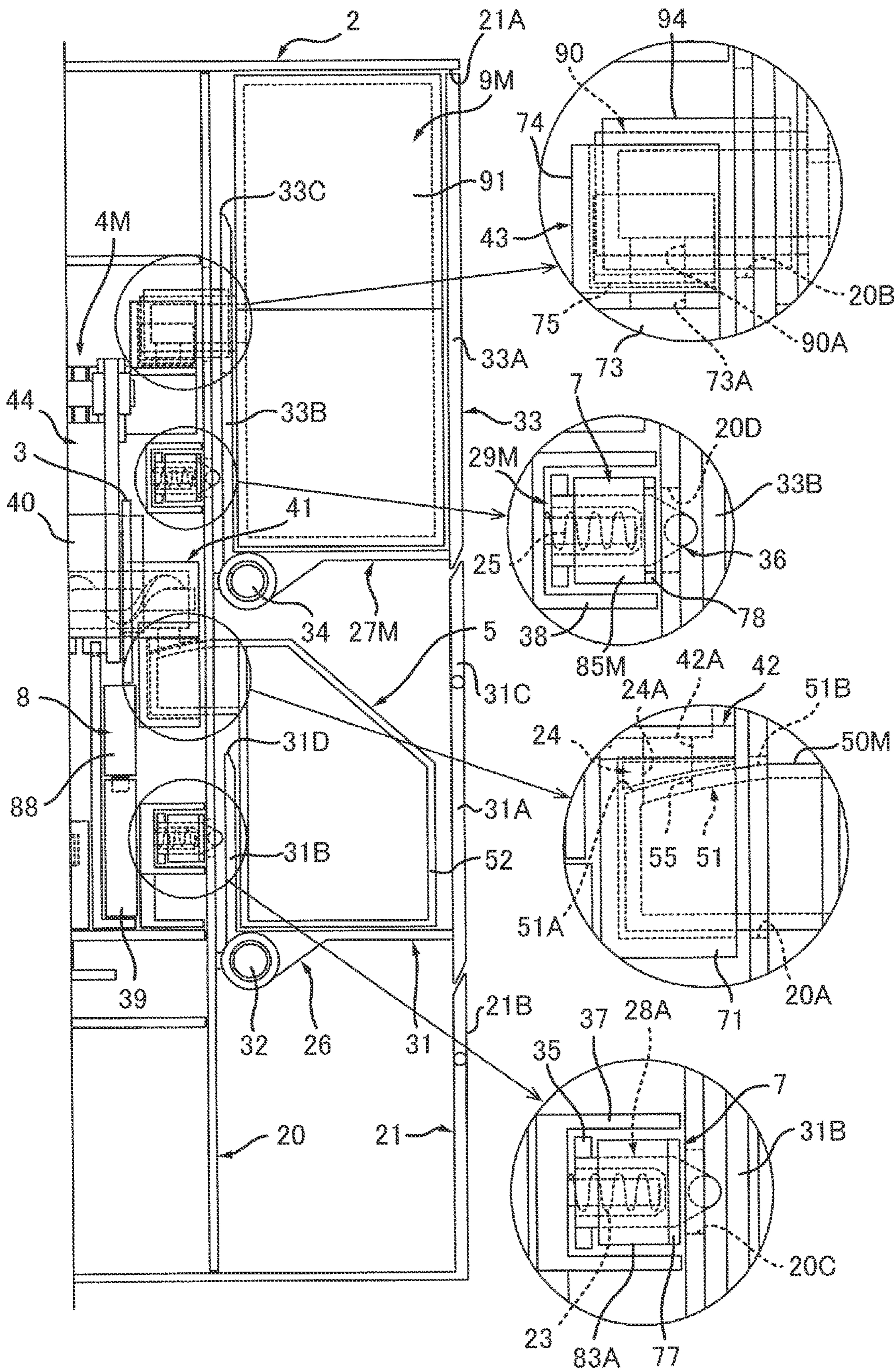


FIG. 9

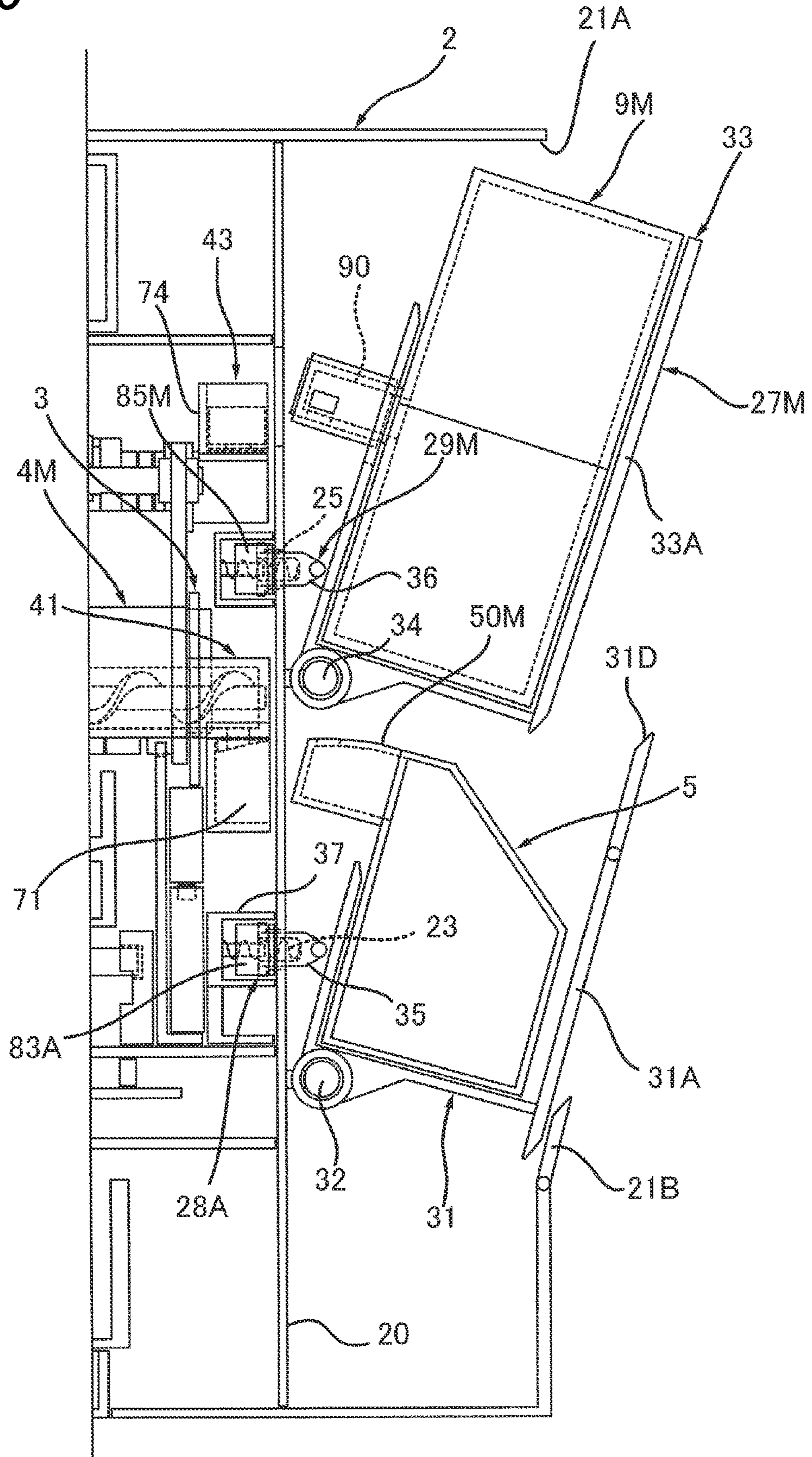


FIG. 10A

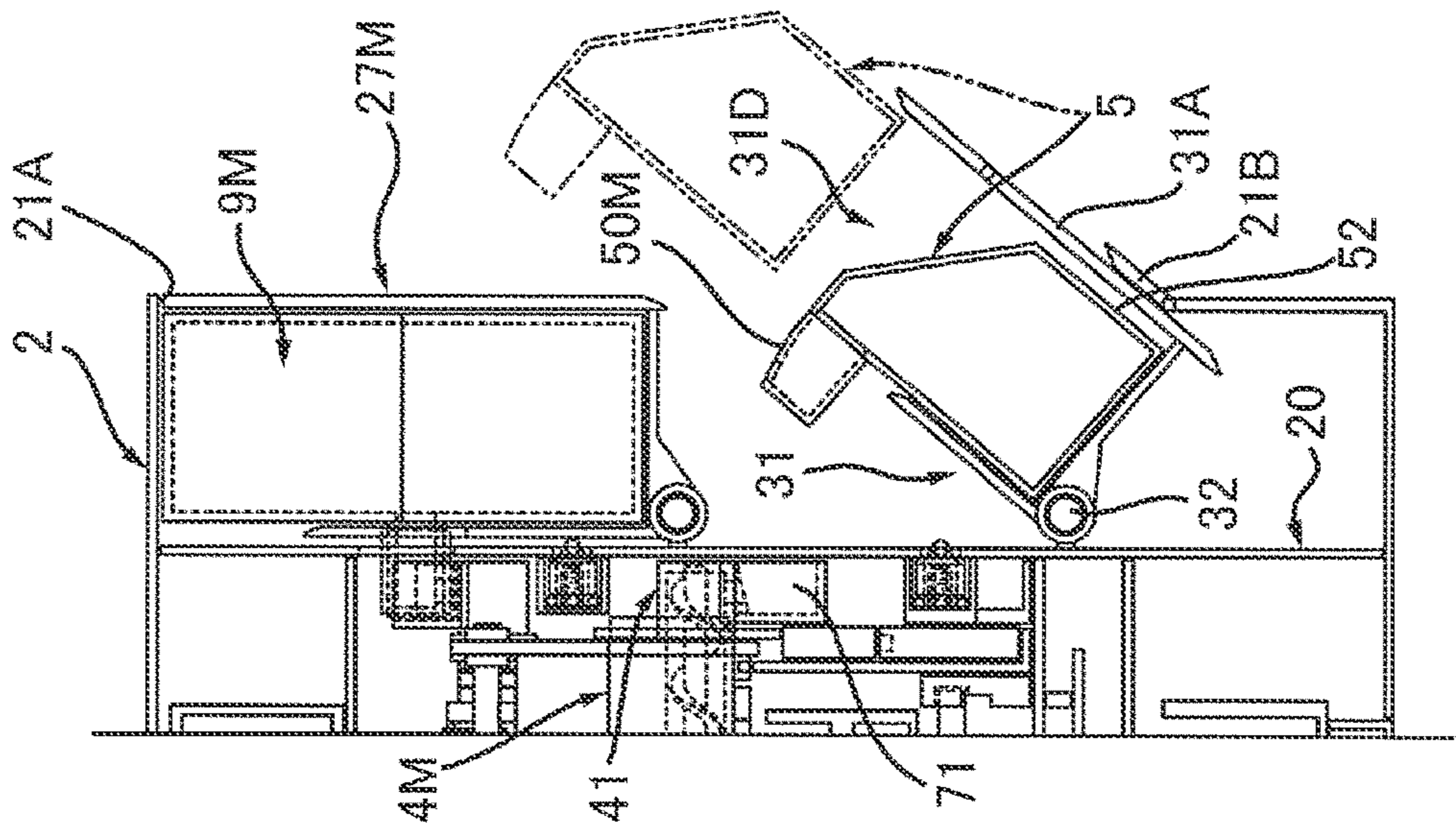


FIG. 10B

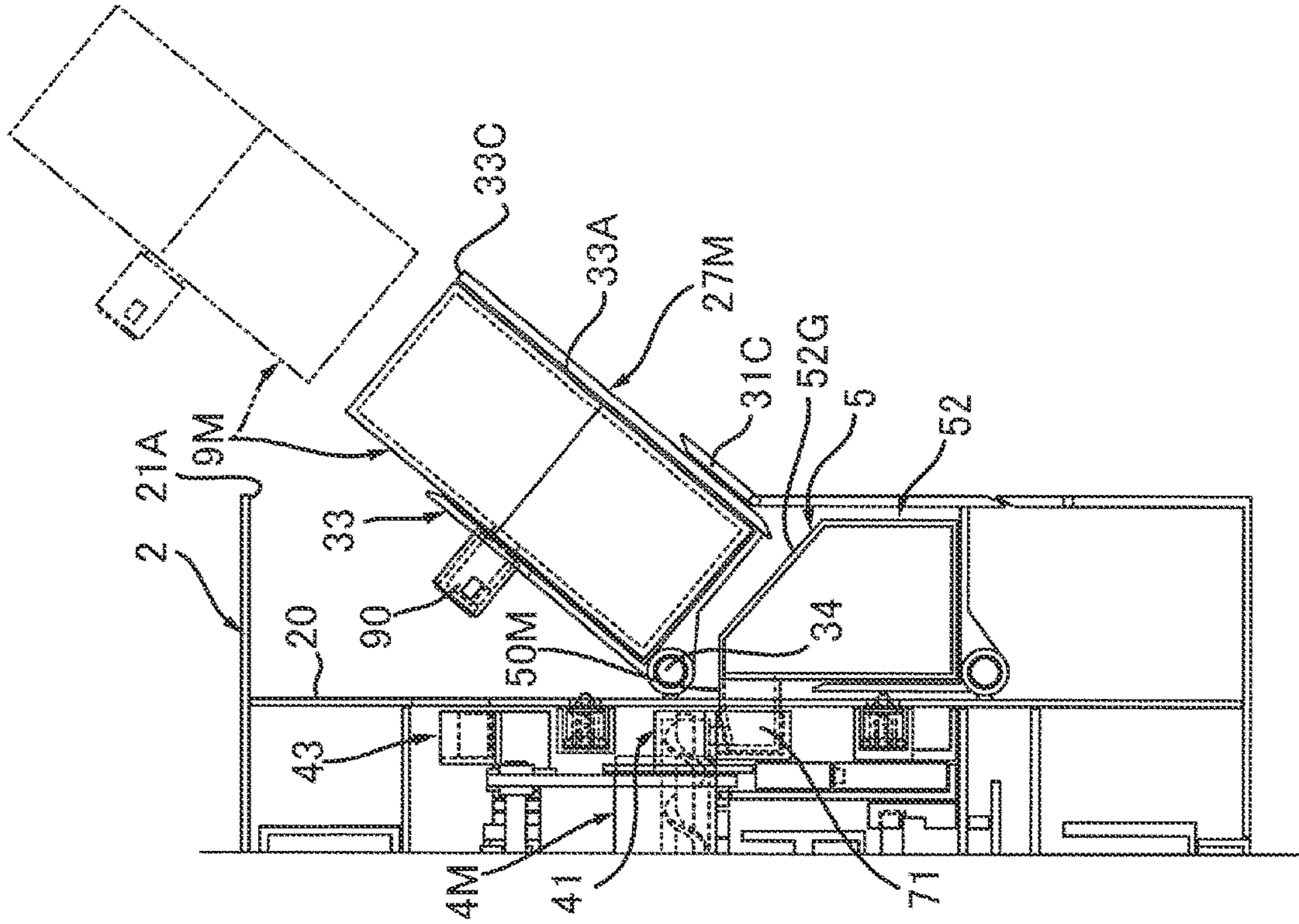


FIG. 11A

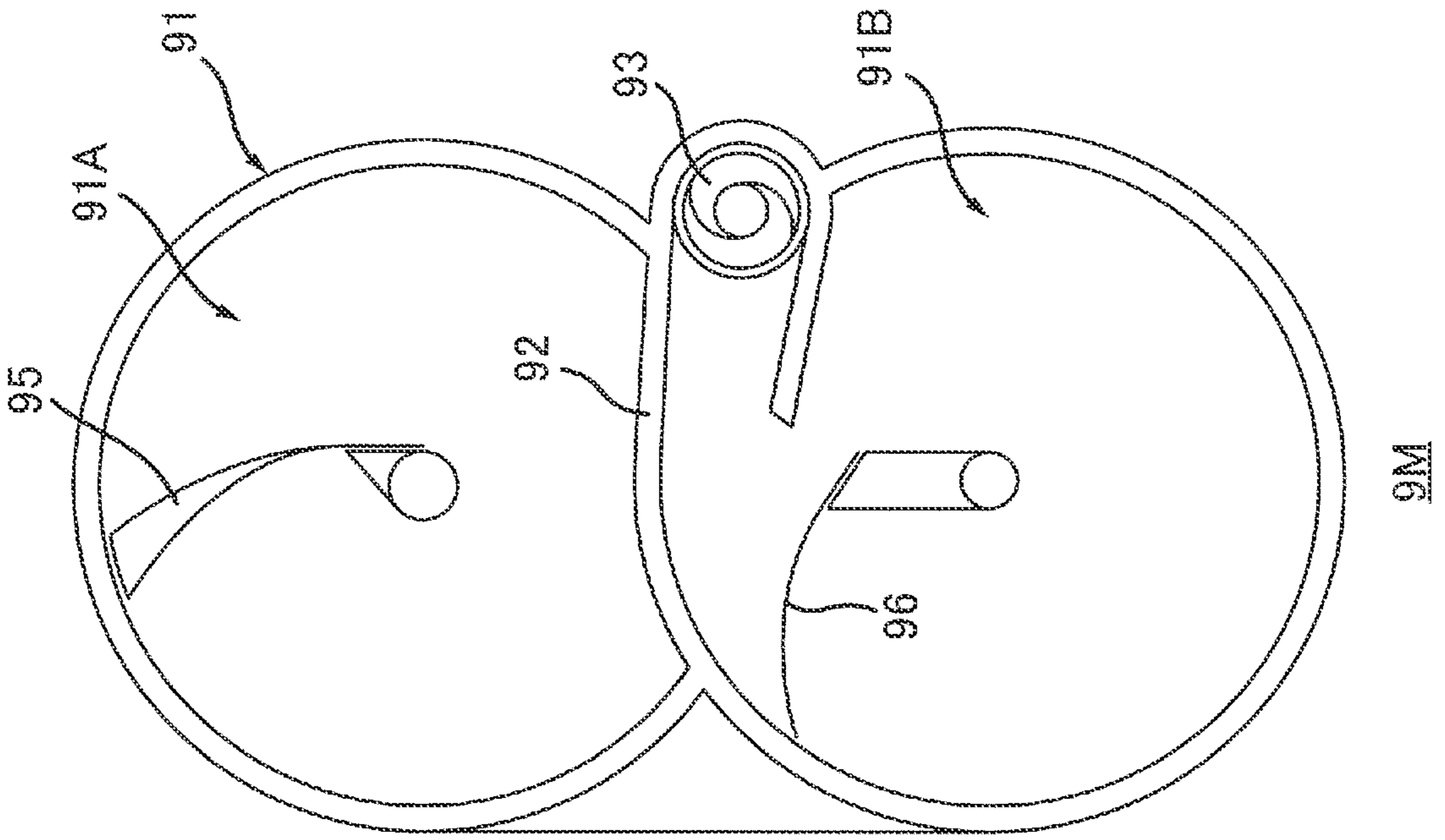


FIG. 11B

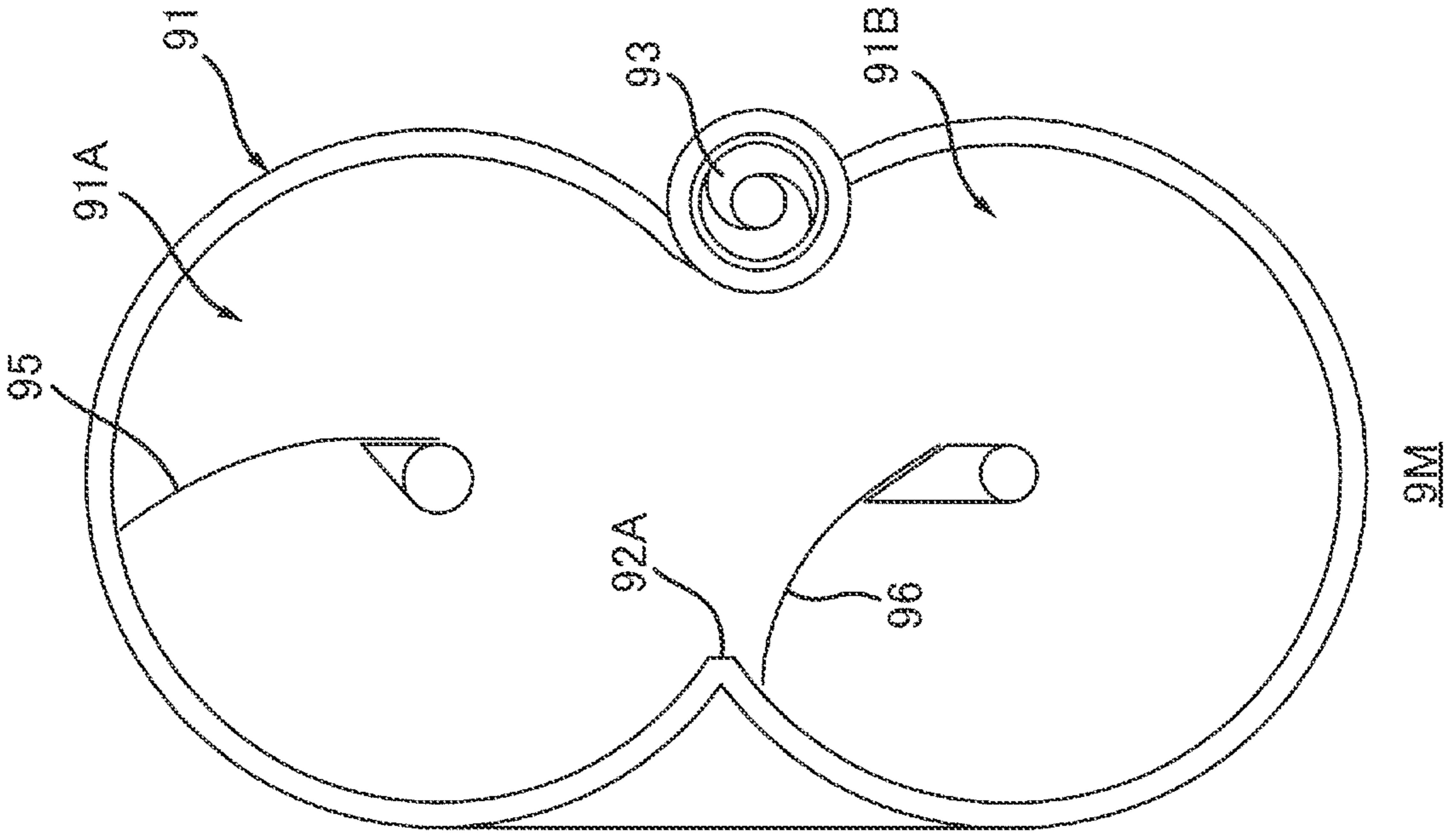


FIG. 12

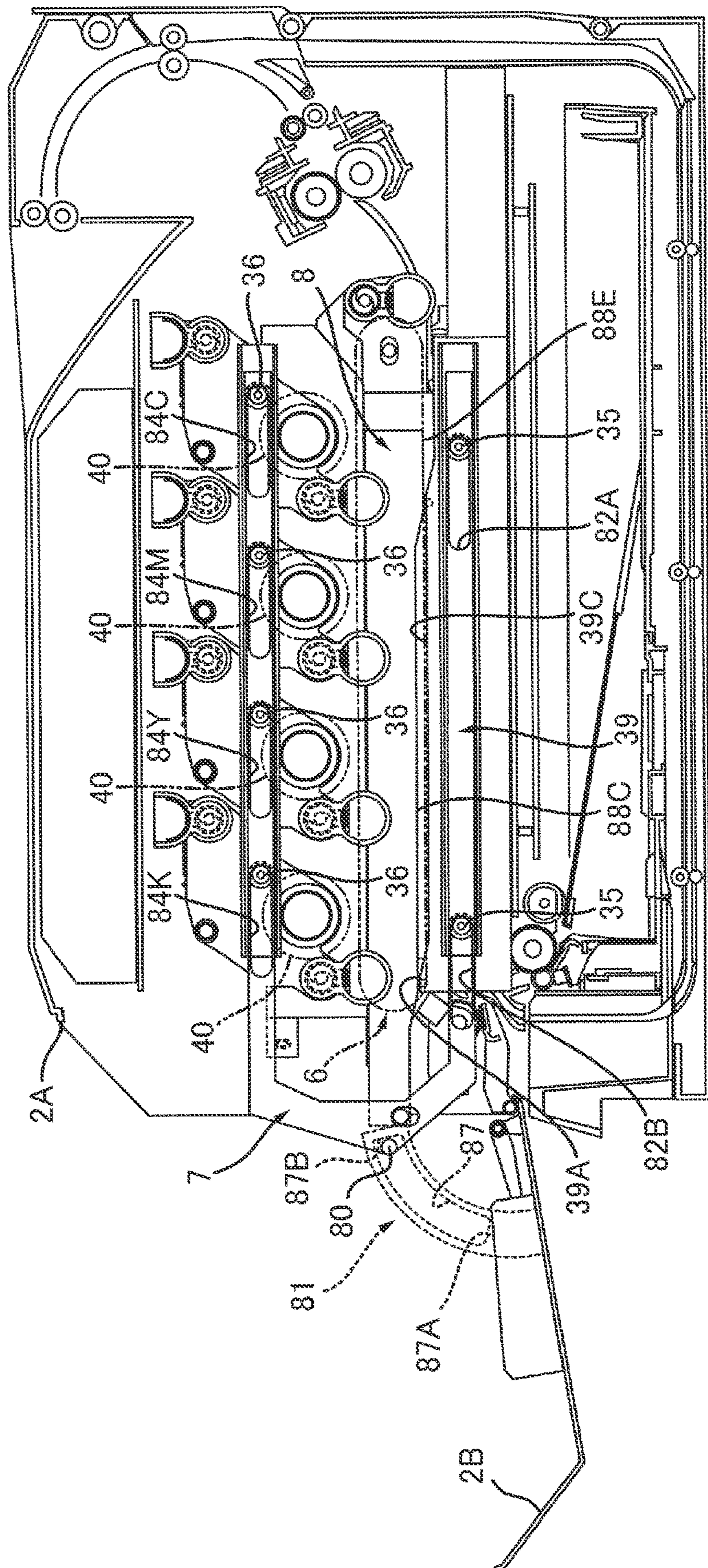


FIG. 13

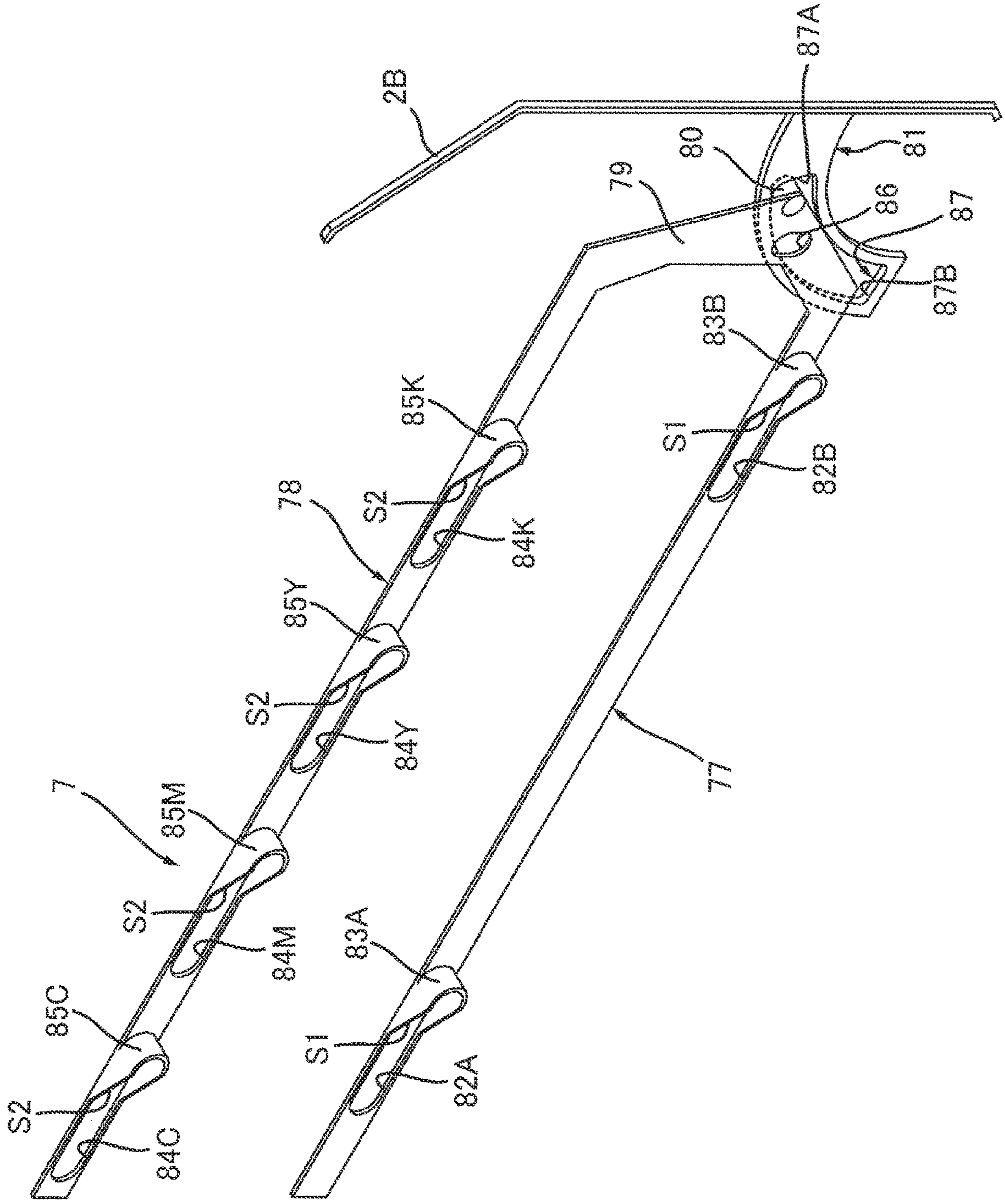
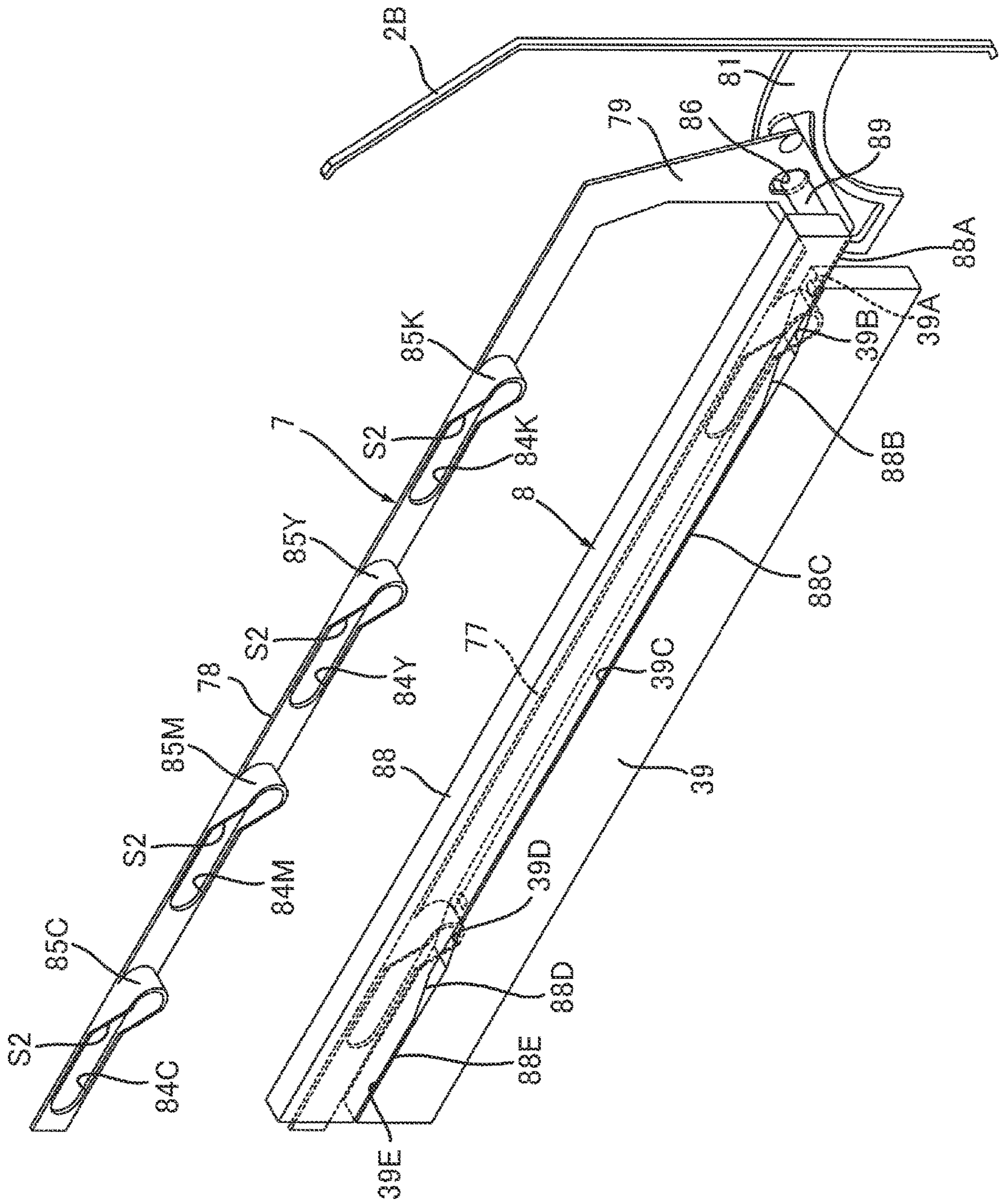


FIG. 14



1**IMAGE FORMING APPARATUS****CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

This application claims priority from Japanese Patent Application No. 2018-129805 filed on Jul. 9, 2018, the entire subject-matter of which is incorporated herein by reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The disclosure relates to an image forming apparatus.

BACKGROUND

There has been proposed an image forming apparatus includes an apparatus main body, a drawer configured to be movable between an inner position located inside the apparatus main body and an outer position located outside the apparatus main body, a plurality of cartridges supported to the drawer, and a waste toner box. Each of the plurality of cartridges includes a photosensitive drum, and a drum cleaning unit configured to remove waste toner from the photosensitive drum. The drawer includes a collective conveying unit configured to collect the waste toner from the plurality of drum cleaning units and to convey the same to the waste toner box.

SUMMARY

Illustrative aspects of the disclosure provide an image forming apparatus capable of securing smooth movement of a drawer while accommodating waste toner from a plurality of photosensitive drums into a waste toner box.

One illustrative aspect of the disclosure may provide an image forming apparatus comprising: an apparatus main body having an opening; a drawer movable between: an inner position where the drawer is located inside the apparatus main body; and an outer position where the drawer is located outside the apparatus main body through the opening; a first cartridge supported by the drawer, the first cartridge comprising: a first photosensitive drum; and a first discharge part configured to discharge waste toner removed from the first photosensitive drum; a second cartridge supported by the drawer, the second cartridge comprising: a second photosensitive drum; and a second discharge part configured to discharge waste toner removed from the second photosensitive drum; and a waste toner box comprising: a first coupling part configured to be coupled with the first discharge part; and a second coupling part configured to be coupled with the second discharge part, in a state where the first cartridge and the second cartridge are supported by the drawer located at the inner position and the waste toner box is mounted to the apparatus main body, the waste toner box being movable between: a first position where the first coupling part and the first discharge part are coupled and the second coupling part and the second discharge part are coupled; and a second position where the first coupling part and the first discharge part are decoupled and the second coupling part and the second discharge part are decoupled.

According to the disclosure, in a state where the waste toner box is located at the first position, the first coupling part can receive the waste toner from the first discharge part, and the second coupling part can receive the waste toner from the second discharge part.

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For this reason, even though the drawer does not include a member configured to collect the waste toner from the first discharge part and the second discharge part and to convey the same to the waste toner box, it is possible to accommodate the waste toner from the first photosensitive drum and the second photosensitive drum into the waste toner box. Also, in a state where the waste toner box is located at the second position, the first coupling part and the first discharge part are decoupled and the second coupling part and the second discharge part are decoupled. As a result, it is possible to secure smooth movement of the drawer while accommodating the waste toner from the first photosensitive drum and the second photosensitive drum into the waste toner box.

According to the disclosure, it is possible to secure smooth movement of the drawer while accommodating the waste toner from the plurality of photosensitive drums.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

Illustrative aspects of the invention will be described in detail with reference to the following figures wherein:

FIG. 1 is a schematic configuration view of an image forming apparatus;

FIG. 2 depicts a state where a drawer shown in FIG. 1 is located at an outer position;

FIG. 3 is a sectional view taken along a line of the image forming apparatus shown in FIG. 1, depicting a cartridge;

FIG. 4A is a sectional view taken along a line IVA-IVA of the cartridge shown in FIG. 3, and FIG. 4B is a sectional view taken along a line IVB-IVB of the cartridge shown in FIG. 3;

FIG. 5 is a sectional view taken along a line V-V of the image forming apparatus shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 6 is a perspective view of a waste toner box shown in FIG. 5;

FIG. 7 is a sectional view taken along a line D-D of the image forming apparatus shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 8 is an enlarged view of the image forming apparatus shown in FIG. 5, depicting a state where the waste toner box is located at a first position and a toner box is located at a coupling position;

FIG. 9 depicts a state where the waste toner box shown in FIG. 8 is located at a second position and the toner box is located at a decoupling position;

FIG. 10A depicts a state where the waste toner box shown in FIG. 9 is located at a third position and the toner box is located at the coupling position, and FIG. 10B depicts a state where the waste toner box shown in FIG. 9 is located at the first position and the toner box is located at a separable position;

FIG. 11A is a first schematic configuration view of the toner box shown in FIG. 8, and FIG. 11B is a second schematic configuration view of the toner box shown in FIG. 8;

FIG. 12 depicts the image forming apparatus shown in FIG. 7, in which a cover is located at an opening position;

FIG. 13 is a perspective view of a first link member shown in FIG. 7; and

FIG. 14 is a perspective view of the first link member and a second link member shown in FIG. 7.

DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

In the related-art image forming apparatus, the collective conveying unit may be an obstacle to movement of the drawer.

Therefore, illustrative aspects of the disclosure provide an image forming apparatus capable of securing smooth movement of a drawer while accommodating waste toner from a plurality of photosensitive drums into a waste toner box.

1. Outline of Image Forming Apparatus 1

An outline of an image forming apparatus 1 is described with reference to FIG. 1.

The image forming apparatus 1 includes an apparatus main body 2, a feeder unit 10, a drawer 3, a plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C, an exposure device 11, a belt unit (one example of a belt device) 6, a secondary transfer roller 14, a fixing device 12, and a duplex printing path 13.

1.1 Apparatus Main Body

The apparatus main body 2 is configured to accommodate therein the feeder unit 10, the drawer 3, the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C, the exposure device 11, the belt unit 6, the secondary transfer roller 14, the fixing device 12, and the duplex printing path 13. The apparatus main body 2 has an opening 2A and a cover 2B.

The opening 2A is located at an opposite side to the fixing device 12 with respect to the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C in a state where the drawer 3 is mounted to the apparatus main body 2.

The cover 2B is configured to be movable between a closing position (refer to FIG. 1) at which the opening 2A is closed and an opening position (refer to FIG. 2) at which the opening 2A is opened.

1.2 Feeder Unit

The feeder unit 10 is configured to feed a printing medium to the secondary transfer roller 14. The printing medium is a printing sheet, for example. The feeder unit 10 includes a sheet feeding tray 15, a pickup roller 16, and a feeder roller 17. The sheet feeding tray 15 is configured to accommodate therein the printing medium. The pickup roller 16 is configured to convey the printing medium in the sheet feeding tray 15 toward the feeder roller 17. The feeder roller 17 is configured to convey the printing medium from the pickup roller 16 toward the secondary transfer roller 14.

1.3 Drawer

The drawer 3 is configured to be movable between an inner position located inside the apparatus main body 2 (refer to FIG. 1) and an outer position located outside the apparatus main body 2 (refer to FIG. 2) through the opening 2A, in a state where the cover 2B is located at the opening position (refer to FIG. 2). The drawer 3 is configured to support the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C. The drawer 3 is configured to be movable between the inner position and the outer position in an alignment direction (which will be described later), in a state where it supports the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C. In the meantime, the inner position is a position at which the drawer 3 is accommodated in the apparatus main body 2 and the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C cannot be mounted and demounted to and from the drawer 3. The outer position is a position at which at least a part of the drawer 3 is located outside the apparatus main body 2 and at least one of the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C can be mounted and demounted to and from the drawer 3. For this reason, even when a part of the drawer 3 is located inside the apparatus main body 2, if at least one of the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C can be mounted and demounted to and from the drawer 3, a position of the drawer 3 is included in the outer position.

1.4 Cartridge

The plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C is supported to the drawer 3. The plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C is aligned with intervals. A direction in which the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C is aligned is defined as 'alignment direction'. The alignment direction intersects with an axis direction. Preferably, the alignment direction is perpendicular to in the axis direction. The axis direction will be described later. Each of the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C includes a photosensitive drum 40, a charging roller 48, and a developing unit (one example of a developing device) 44.

The photosensitive drum 40 is configured to be rotatable about a rotational axis A. A direction in which the rotational axis A of the photosensitive drum 40 extends is defined as 'axis direction'. The axis direction intersects with both a vertical direction and the alignment direction. Preferably, the axis direction is perpendicular to both the vertical direction and the alignment direction. The photosensitive drum 40 extends in the axis direction, and has a cylindrical shape.

The charging roller 48 is configured to charge a peripheral surface of the photosensitive drum 40. The charging roller 48 is in contact with the peripheral surface of the photosensitive drum 40. In the meantime, the charging roller 48 may be replaced with a non-contact type charger such as a scorotron-type charger.

The developing unit 44 includes a developing roller 45. The developing unit 44 is arranged so that the developing roller 45 is to face the photosensitive drum 40. The developing roller 45 is configured to supply toner in the developing unit 44 to the photosensitive drum 40. The developing roller 45 is in contact with the photosensitive drum 40. The developing roller 45 is configured to develop a latent image formed on the photosensitive drum 40, thereby forming a toner image on the peripheral surface of the photosensitive drum 40.

1.5 Exposure Device

The exposure device 11 is configured to expose the photosensitive drum 40, thereby forming a latent image. The exposure device 11 is configured to expose the peripheral surface of the photosensitive drum 40 charged by the charging roller 48. Thereby, a latent image is formed on the peripheral surface of the photosensitive drum 40. The exposure device 11 is located above the drawer 3 in a state where the drawer 3 is located at the inner position. The exposure device 11 is, specifically, a laser scan unit.

1.6 Belt Unit

The belt unit 6 is arranged to face the photosensitive drums 40 of the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C in the state where the drawer 3 is located at the inner position. The belt unit 6 is located between the drawer 3 and the sheet feeding tray 15 in the state where the drawer 3 is located at the inner position. The belt unit 6 includes a first roller 60, a second roller 61, an intermediate transfer belt 62, a plurality of primary transfer rollers 63K, 63Y, 63M, 63C, and a belt cleaner 64.

The first roller 60 is configured to be rotatable about a rotational axis extending in the axis direction. The second roller 61 is located with being spaced from the first roller 60 in the alignment direction. The second roller 61 is located at an opposite side to the fixing device 12 with respect to the first roller 60 in the alignment direction. The second roller 61 is configured to be rotatable about a rotational axis extending in the axis direction.

The intermediate transfer belt 62 is supported by the first roller 60 and the second roller 61. The intermediate transfer belt 62 is an endless belt. The intermediate transfer belt 62

is wound around the first roller **60** and the second roller **61**. The intermediate transfer belt **62** is configured to be movable around the first roller **60** and the second roller **61**. The intermediate transfer belt **62** is in contact with the photosensitive drum **40**, in the state where the drawer **3** is located at the inner position.

Each of the plurality of primary transfer rollers **63K**, **63Y**, **63M**, **63C** is configured to transfer the toner image from the photosensitive drum **40** to the intermediate transfer belt **62**. The plurality of primary transfer rollers **63K**, **63Y**, **63M**, **63C** is located between the first roller **60** and the second roller **61**. The plurality of primary transfer rollers **63K**, **63Y**, **63M**, **63C** is aligned in the alignment direction. The plurality of primary transfer rollers **63K**, **63Y**, **63M**, **63C** has the same structure, respectively. Each of the plurality of primary transfer rollers **63K**, **63Y**, **63M**, **63C** is located at an opposite side to the photosensitive drum **40** with respect to the intermediate transfer belt **62**.

The belt cleaner **64** is configured to clean the intermediate transfer belt **62**, thereby removing waste toner from a peripheral surface of the intermediate transfer belt **62**. The belt cleaner **64** is located between the first roller **60** and the fixing device **12**. The belt cleaner **64** is located at an opposite side to the first roller **60** with respect to the intermediate transfer belt **62**.

1.7 Secondary Transfer Roller

The secondary transfer roller **14** is configured to transfer the toner image from the intermediate transfer belt **62** to the printing medium. The secondary transfer roller **14** is located at an opposite side to the first roller **60** with respect to the intermediate transfer belt **62**. The intermediate transfer belt **62** passes between the secondary transfer roller **14** and the first roller **60** when it is moved. The secondary transfer roller **14** is provided for a secondary transfer unit **18**.

The secondary transfer unit **18** is located between the belt unit **6** and the sheet feeding tray **15**. The secondary transfer unit **18** can be demounted from the apparatus main body **2** through an opening **2C** of the apparatus main body **2** (refer to FIG. **2**). The opening **2C** is located at an opposite side to the opening **2A** with respect to the drawer **3** in the state where the drawer **3** is located at the inner position.

1.8 Fixing Device

The fixing device **12** is configured to heat and press the printing medium having the toner images transferred thereto, thereby fixing the toner images on the printing medium. The printing medium having passed through the fixing device **12** is discharged onto an upper surface of the apparatus main body **2**.

1.9 Duplex Printing Path

The duplex printing path **13** is formed to again convey the printing medium having passed through the fixing device **12** toward the secondary transfer roller **14**. The duplex printing path **13** includes a first path **13A**, a second path **13B**, and a third path **13C**.

The first path **13A** is located at an opposite side to the drawer **3** with respect to the fixing device **12** in the alignment direction, in the state where the drawer **3** is located at the inner position. The first path **13A** extends in the vertical direction.

The second path **13B** is a part between the first path **13A** and the third path **13C** of the duplex printing path **13**. The second path **13B** is located below the sheet feeding tray **15**. The second path **13B** extends in the alignment direction. The second path **13B** has one end and the other end in the alignment direction. One end of the second path **13B** con-

tinues to a lower end of the third path **13C**. The other end of the second path **13B** continues to a lower end of the first path **13A**.

The third path **13C** is located at an opposite side to the first path **13A** with respect to the feeder roller **17** in the alignment direction. The third path **13C** extends in the vertical direction. The third path **13C** is supported to the sheet feeding tray **15**.

2. Details of Cartridge

Subsequently, the plurality of cartridges **4K**, **4Y**, **4M**, **4C** is described in detail with reference to FIGS. **3**, **4A** and **4B**. In the meantime, the plurality of cartridges **4K**, **4Y**, **4M**, **4C** has the same structure. Therefore, in the below, the cartridge **4M** is described, and the descriptions of the cartridges **4K**, **4Y**, **4C** are omitted.

As shown in FIG. **3**, each of the plurality of cartridges **4K**, **4Y**, **4M**, **4C** further has a frame **46**, a frame **47**, a shaft **72**, an elastic member **70**, a receiving part **43**, a drum cleaner **49**, and a discharge part **41**.

2.1 Frame

The frame **46** is located at one end of the cartridge **4M** in the axis direction. The frame **47** is located at the other end of the cartridge **4M** in the axis direction. The frame **46** and the frame **47** are located with an interval in the axis direction. The frame **46** and the frame **47** extend in a direction intersecting with the axis direction, respectively. The frame **46** and the frame **47** are configured to rotatably support the photosensitive drum **40** and to swingably support the developing unit **44**. The frame **46** is configured to rotatably support one end of the photosensitive drum **40** in the axis direction. The frame **47** is configured to rotatably support the other end of the photosensitive drum **40** in the axis direction. The frame **46** is arranged to face the developing unit **44** in the axis direction in which the rotational axis **A** of the photosensitive drum **40** extends. The frame **47** is located at an opposite side to the frame **46** with respect to the developing unit **44**. The frame **46** and the frame **47** are configured to rotatably support the shaft **72**. The frame **46** and the frame **47** are configured to support the developing unit **44** via the shaft **72**.

2.2 Shaft

The shaft **72** is configured to support the developing unit **44** so that the developing roller **45** can move relative to the photosensitive drum **40**. The shaft **72** is located above the photosensitive drum **40** in a state where the cartridge **4M** is supported to the drawer **3**. The shaft **72** extends in the axis direction. The shaft **72** has one end and the other end in the axis direction. One end of the shaft **72** is rotatably supported to the frame **46**. The other end of the shaft **72** is rotatably supported to the frame **47**.

2.3 Developing Frame

The developing unit **44** further includes a developing frame **76**. The developing frame **76** is configured to support the developing roller **45**. The developing frame **76** is mounted to the shaft **72**. The developing frame **76** is located between the frame **46** and the frame **47** in the axis direction. The developing frame **76** extends in the axis direction. The developing frame **76** has one end **76A** and the other end **76B** in the axis direction. One end **76A** of the developing frame **76** is arranged to face the frame **46** with an interval in the axis direction. The other end **76B** of the developing frame **76** is located at an opposite side to the frame **46** with respect to one end **76A**.

2.4 Elastic Member

The elastic member 70 is arranged between the developing unit 44 and the frame 46 in the axis direction. For this reason, it is possible to suppress the toner from being leaked from between the developing unit 44 and the frame 46 while securing smooth swing of the developing unit 44. The elastic member 70 is arranged between one end 76A of the developing frame 76 and the frame 46 in the axis direction. The elastic member 70 may be formed of rubber, sponge or the like, for example. The elastic member 70 has a through-opening 70A. The frame 46 has a first hole 46A. The elastic member 70 is fixed to the frame 46 so that the through-opening 70A is to communicate with the first hole 46A in the axis direction. Also, one end 76A of the developing frame 76 has a first communication hole 76C. The first communication hole 76C is formed to communicate with an internal space of the developing frame 76 and the through-opening 70A in the axis direction. That is, the first hole 46A, the through-opening 70A and the first communication hole 76C are formed to communicate with each other in the axis direction. Also, the first hole 46A is formed to communicate with an internal space of the toner receiving wall 73. For this reason, the internal space of the toner receiving wall 73 and the internal space of the developing frame 76 communicate with each other through the first hole 46A, the through-opening 70A and the first communication hole 76C. The toner receiving wall 73 will be described later.

2.5 Receiving Part

As shown in FIG. 4A, the receiving part 43 is configured to receive the toner from each of a plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C. In the meantime, the plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C will be described later. The receiving part 43 has a toner receiving wall 73, a toner coupling wall 74, and a shutter 75.

The toner receiving wall 73 is located at an opposite side to the developing unit 44 with respect to the frame 46. The toner receiving wall 73 has a cylindrical shape. The toner receiving wall 73 extends in the axis direction. The toner receiving wall 73 has one end and the other end in the axis direction. One end of the toner receiving wall 73 is closed (refer to FIG. 3). The other end of the toner receiving wall 73 is fixed to the frame 46 so that the internal space of the toner receiving wall 73 is to communicate with the first hole 46A. The toner receiving wall 73 has a toner receiving opening 73A. The toner is received into the toner receiving opening 73A. The toner receiving opening 73A is located at an upper end of the toner receiving wall 73 in the state where the cartridge 4M is supported to the drawer 3.

The toner coupling wall 74 is located above the toner receiving wall 73, in the state where the cartridge 4M is supported to the drawer 3. The toner coupling wall 74 has a semi-cylindrical shape. The toner coupling wall 74 is opened upward, in the state where the cartridge 4M is supported to the drawer 3. The toner coupling wall 74 extends in the axis direction. The toner coupling wall 74 has one end and the other end in the axis direction. One end of the toner coupling wall 74 is opened (refer to FIG. 3). The other end of the toner coupling wall 74 is closed. The toner coupling wall 74 is connected to the toner receiving wall 73 so that an internal space of the toner coupling wall 74 is to communicate with the toner receiving opening 73A. Thereby, the internal space of the toner coupling wall 74 communicates with the internal space of the toner receiving wall 73 through the toner receiving opening 73A.

The shutter 75 is arranged within the toner coupling wall 74. The shutter 75 has a semi-circular arc shape conforming to an inner peripheral surface of the toner coupling wall 74.

The shutter 75 is configured to be movable between a closing position at which the toner receiving opening 73A is closed and an opening position at which the toner receiving opening 73A is opened.

2.6 Drum Cleaner

As shown in FIG. 4B, the drum cleaner 49 is located at an opposite side to the developing unit 44 with respect to the photosensitive drum 40. The drum cleaner 49 has a drum cleaner frame 49A, a drum cleaning blade 49B, and an auger 49C.

The drum cleaner frame 49A is configured to accommodate therein waste toner removed from the peripheral surface of the photosensitive drum 40 by the drum cleaning blade 49B. The drum cleaner frame 49A has an opening 49D for receiving the waste toner. The drum cleaner frame 49A is located between the frame 46 and the frame 47 in the axis direction. The drum cleaner frame 49A extends in the axis direction.

The drum cleaning blade 49B is configured to clean the photosensitive drum 40, thereby removing the waste toner from the peripheral surface of the photosensitive drum 40. An edge of the drum cleaning blade 49B is located in the opening 49D. The edge of the drum cleaning blade 49B is in contact with the peripheral surface of the photosensitive drum 40. Thereby, when the photosensitive drum 40 is rotated, the toner attached to the peripheral surface of the photosensitive drum 40 is scraped by the edge of the drum cleaning blade 49B and is then accommodated in the drum cleaner frame 49A through the opening 49D.

The auger 49C is configured to convey the waste toner in the drum cleaner frame 49A toward the discharge part 41. The auger 49C is located in the drum cleaner frame 49A. The auger 49C extends in the axis direction.

2.7 Discharge Part

As shown in FIG. 4A, the discharge part 41 is configured to discharge the waste toner removed from the photosensitive drum 40. The discharge part 41 has a discharge wall 42, a waste toner coupling wall 71, and an elastic member 24.

The discharge wall 42 is located at an opposite side to the drum cleaner frame 49A with respect to the frame 46 (refer to FIG. 3). The frame 46 has a second hole 46B. The second hole 46B is formed to communicate with an internal space of the drum cleaner frame 49A in the axis direction. The discharge wall 42 has a cylindrical shape. The discharge wall 42 extends in the axis direction. The discharge wall 42 has one end and the other end in the axis direction. One end of the discharge wall 42 is closed (refer to FIG. 3). The other end of the discharge wall 42 is fixed to the frame 46 so that an internal space of the discharge wall 42 is to communicate with the second hole 46B. Thereby, the internal space of the drum cleaner frame 49A and the internal space of the discharge wall 42 communicate with each other through the second hole 46B, in the axis direction. The discharge wall 42 has a discharge opening 42A. The waste toner is to pass through the discharge opening 42A. The discharge opening 42A is located at a lower end of the discharge wall 42, in the state where the cartridge 4M is supported to the drawer 3.

The waste toner coupling wall 71 is located below the discharge wall 42 in the state where the cartridge 4M is supported to the drawer 3. The waste toner coupling wall 71 extends in the axis direction. The waste toner coupling wall 71 has one end and the other end in the axis direction. One end of the waste toner coupling wall 71 is opened. The other end of the waste toner coupling wall 71 is closed (refer to FIG. 3). The waste toner coupling wall 71 is connected to the discharge wall 42 so that an internal space of the waste toner coupling wall 71 is to communicate with the discharge

opening 42A. Thereby, the internal space of the waste toner coupling wall 71 communicates with the internal space of the discharge wall 42, through the discharge opening 42A.

The elastic member 24 is located within the waste toner coupling wall 71. The elastic member 24 has a communication opening 24A. The elastic member 24 is fixed to an inner peripheral surface of the waste toner coupling wall 71 so that the communication opening 24A is to communicate with the discharge opening 42A. The elastic member 24 may be formed of rubber, sponge or the like, for example.

3. Details of Image Forming Apparatus

As shown in FIG. 5, the image forming apparatus 1 further includes a waste toner box 5, and a plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C (refer to FIG. 7).

3.1 Waste Toner Box

As shown in FIG. 6, the waste toner box 5 has a box main body 52, a plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C, and a sub-coupling part 53.

3.1.1 Box Main Body

The box main body 52 can accommodate therein the waste toner removed from the photosensitive drum 40 and the waste toner removed from the intermediate transfer belt 62 (refer to FIG. 1). The box main body 52 extends in the alignment direction. The box main body 52 has a first wall 52A, a second wall 52B, a first sidewall 52C, a second sidewall 52D, a bottom wall 52E, an upper wall 52F, and an inclined wall 52G. In the meantime, the configuration of the box main body 52 is described on the basis of a state where the waste toner box 5 is located at a first position, which will be described later.

The first wall 52A is configured to support the plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C. The second wall 52B is located at an opposite side to the plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C with respect to the first wall 52A. The second wall 52B is located with being spaced from the first wall 52A in the axis direction.

The first sidewall 52C and the second sidewall 52D are located at both end portions of the box main body 52 in the alignment direction, and are spaced from each other in the alignment direction. The bottom wall 52E is located at a lower end portion of the box main body 52.

The upper wall 52F is arranged with being spaced from the bottom wall 52E in the vertical direction, and extends in parallel with the bottom wall 52E. The upper wall 52F has one end and the other end in the axis direction. One end of the upper wall 52F in the axis direction is located with being spaced from an upper end of the second wall 52B. One end of the upper wall 52F in the axis direction is located above the upper end of the second wall 52B. The other end of the upper wall 52F in the axis direction is connected to an upper end of the first wall 52A.

The inclined wall 52G is formed to interconnect one end of the upper wall 52F in the axis direction and the upper end of the second wall 52B. The inclined wall 52G intersects with both the vertical direction and the axis direction. The inclined wall 52G is inclined toward the bottom wall 52E from the upper wall 52F toward the second wall 52B. Since the inclined wall 52G is inclined, when mounting and demounting the plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C to and from the apparatus main body 2, it is possible to suppress the waste toner box 5 from being an obstacle (refer to FIG. 10B).

3.1.2 Coupling Part

The plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C can be coupled with the discharge parts 41 of the plurality of

cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C (refer to FIG. 7). Specifically, the coupling part 50K can be coupled with the discharge part 41 of the cartridge 4K. The coupling part 50Y can be coupled with the discharge part 41 of the cartridge 4Y. The coupling part 50M can be coupled with the discharge part 41 of the cartridge 4M. The coupling part 50C can be coupled with the discharge part 41 of the cartridge 4C.

The plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C is located on an outer surface of the box main body 52 in the axis direction. The plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C protrudes from the first wall 52A. The plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C is arranged with intervals in the alignment direction. The plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C has the same structure, respectively. Therefore, the coupling part 50M is described, and the descriptions of the coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50C are omitted.

The coupling part 50M has a cylindrical shape. The coupling part 50M extends in the axis direction. The coupling part 50M has one end and the other end in the axis direction. One end of the coupling part 50M is fixed to the box main body 52. The other end of the coupling part 50M is closed. An internal space of the coupling part 50M is formed to communicate with an internal space of the box main body 52. The coupling part 50M has a receiving wall 51. That is, the plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C has a receiving wall 51, respectively. The receiving wall 51 is located at an upper end of the coupling part 50M in the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at a first position. The first position of the waste toner box 5 will be described later. The receiving wall 51 has a receiving opening 55. The waste toner from the discharge opening 42A is received through the receiving opening 55.

3.1.3 Sub-Coupling Part

The sub-coupling part 53 is located on an outer surface of the box main body 52 in the axis direction. The sub-coupling part 53 protrudes from the first wall 52A. The sub-coupling part 53 is arranged with being spaced from the coupling part 50C in the alignment direction. The sub-coupling part 53 has the same structure as the coupling part 50M. Therefore, the detailed description of the sub-coupling part 53 is omitted. In the meantime, a receiving wall of the sub-coupling part 53 is described as a receiving wall 54, and a receiving opening of the sub-coupling part 53 is described as a receiving opening 56.

Also, as shown in FIG. 7, the sub-coupling part 53 can be coupled with a sub-discharge part 65 of the belt unit 6. The sub-discharge part 65 is configured to discharge the waste toner removed from the intermediate transfer belt 62 (refer to FIG. 1) by the belt cleaner 64 (refer to FIG. 1). The sub-discharge part 65 has the same configuration as the discharge part 41. Therefore, the detailed description of the sub-discharge part 65 is omitted. In the meantime, a discharge wall of the sub-discharge part 65 is described as a discharge wall 67, a waste toner coupling wall of the sub-discharge part 65 is described as a waste toner coupling wall 68, and an elastic member of the sub-discharge part 65 is described as an elastic member 69.

3.1.4 First Position of Waste Toner Box

The waste toner box 5 is configured to be movable between a first position (refer to FIG. 8) and a second position (refer to FIG. 9) in a state where the waste toner box is mounted to the apparatus main body 2. In the exemplary embodiment, the waste toner box 5 is configured to be rotatable among the first position (refer to FIG. 8), the second position (refer to FIG. 9), and a third position (refer to FIG. 10A) in the state where the waste toner box is

mounted to the apparatus main body 2. For this reason, it is possible to smoothly move the waste toner box 5 to the first position, the second position and the third position.

As shown in FIG. 8, in a state where the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C is supported to the drawer 3 located at the inner position and the waste toner box 5 is located at the first position, the waste toner box 5 is arranged in alignment with the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C in the axis direction in which the rotational axis A of the photosensitive drum 40 extends (refer to FIG. 1). In the state where the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C is supported to the drawer 3 located at the inner position and the waste toner box 5 is located at the first position, the plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C and the discharge parts 41 of the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C are coupled with each other (refer to FIG. 7). Specifically, the coupling part 50K is coupled with the discharge part 41 of the cartridge 4K, the coupling part 50Y is coupled with the discharge part 41 of the cartridge 4Y, the coupling part 50M is coupled with the discharge part 41 of the cartridge 4M, and the coupling part 50C is coupled with the discharge part 41 of the cartridge 4C. More specifically, each of the plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C is fitted to the waste toner coupling wall 71 (refer to FIG. 7). The receiving wall 51 faces the discharge wall 42 in the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the first position. The receiving wall 51 has a first end portion 51A and a second end portion 51B in a direction facing from the waste toner box 5 toward the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C. The second end portions 51B are located at an opposite side to the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C with respect to the first end portions 51A, in the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the first position. The receiving wall 51 is inclined so as to be distant from the discharge wall 42 from the second end portion 51B toward the first end portion 51A in the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the first position. For this reason, when the waste toner box 5 is moved from the second position (refer to FIG. 9) to the first position, it is possible to suppress the receiving wall 51 from contacting the discharge wall 42 and to stably arrange the receiving wall 51 so as to face the discharge wall 42.

Also, the elastic member 24 is arranged between the discharge wall 42 and the receiving wall 51 in the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the first position. The communication opening 24A communicates with each of the discharge opening 42A and the receiving opening 55. For this reason, in the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the first position, the elastic member 24 can stably fill a gap between the discharge wall 42 and the receiving wall 51. The waste toner that is discharged from the discharge opening 42A is received into the receiving opening 55 through the communication opening 24A. As a result, it is possible to prevent the waste toner from being leaked from between the discharge wall 42 and the receiving wall 51.

Also, the sub-coupling part 53 is fitted to the waste toner coupling wall 68 in the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the first position (refer to FIG. 7).

3.1.5 Second Position of Waste Toner Box

As shown in FIG. 9, in a state where the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C is supported to the drawer 3 located at the inner position and the waste toner box 5 is located at the second position, the waste toner box 5 is located more distant from the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C, as compared to the case where the waste toner box 5 is located at the first position (refer to FIG. 1). Specifically, in a state where the waste toner box 5 is accommodated in

a first accommodation frame 31 (which will be described later), the waste toner box is rotated about a rotary shaft 32 (which will be described later), which is a support point, and is tilted so as to be distant from the first wall 20. In the state where the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C is supported to the drawer 3 located at the inner position and the waste toner box 5 is located at the second position, the plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C and the discharge parts 41 of the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C are decoupled. Specifically, the coupling part 50K and the discharge part 41 of the cartridge 4K are decoupled, the coupling part 50Y and the discharge part 41 of the cartridge 4Y are decoupled, the coupling part 50M and the discharge part 41 of the cartridge 4M are decoupled, and the coupling part 50C and the discharge part 41 of the cartridge 4C are decoupled. More specifically, each of the plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C is separated from the waste toner coupling wall 71, and is located with being spaced from each of the discharge parts 41 of the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C in the axis direction.

In the meantime, in the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the second position, the plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C mounted to the apparatus main body 2 is located downstream of the waste toner box 5 located at the second position with respect to a separation direction of the waste toner box 5 from the apparatus main body 2. For this reason, in the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the second position, the waste toner box 5 cannot be separated from the apparatus main body 2.

3.1.6 Third Position of Waste Toner Box

As shown in FIG. 10A, in a state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the third position, the waste toner box 5 is located more distant from the first position than the second position. In the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the third position, a distance between each of the plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C and each of the plurality of discharge part 41 is greater than a distance in the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the second position. Specifically, when the waste toner box 5 is moved from the second position to the third position, a first accommodation frame 31 (which will be described later) configured to support the waste toner box 5 is rotated about a rotary shaft 32 (which will be described later), which is a support point, and is tilted so as to be distant from the first wall 20.

Thereby, in the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the third position, the plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C mounted to the apparatus main body 2 is not located downstream of the waste toner box 5 located at the third position with respect to the separation direction of the waste toner box 5 from the apparatus main body 2. For this reason, in the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the third position, the waste toner box 5 can be separated from the apparatus main body 2.

3.2 Support Configuration of Waste Toner Box

As shown in FIG. 8, the apparatus main body 2 is configured to support the waste toner box 5 so that the waste toner box 5 can move. Specifically, the apparatus main body 2 further includes a first wall 20, a second wall 21, and a first support part 26.

3.2.1 First Wall

The first wall 20 is formed to divide an internal space of the apparatus main body 2 into a first space in which the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C (refer to FIG. 1) is accommodated and a second space in which the waste toner box 5 and the plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C (refer to FIG. 8) are accommodated. The first wall 20 extends in the vertical direction. The first wall 20 is located between the

plurality of cartridges **4K**, **4Y**, **4M**, **4C** and the waste toner box **5** located at the first position. Specifically, the first wall **20** is located between the plurality of cartridges **4K**, **4Y**, **4M**, **4C** and the box main body **52** of the waste toner box **5** located at the first position, in the axis direction. The first wall **20** has a plurality of first hole **20A**. Each of the plurality of first hole **20A** is formed to face the waste toner coupling wall **71** in the axis direction, in the state where the drawer **3** is located at the inner position. The plurality of first hole **20A** is formed to receive the plurality of coupling parts **50K**, **50Y**, **50M**, **50C** (refer to FIG. 6), in the state where the waste toner box **5** is located at the first position.

3.2.2 Second Wall

The second wall **21** is located at an opposite side to the plurality of cartridges **4K**, **4Y**, **4M**, **4C** with respect to the waste toner box **5** located at the first position. The second wall **21** is located with being spaced from the first wall **20** in the axis direction. The second wall **21** extends in the vertical direction. The second wall **21** has a second opening **21A** and a movable wall **21B**.

The second opening **21A** is located at an opposite side to the plurality of cartridges **4K**, **4Y**, **4M**, **4C** with respect to the waste toner box **5** located at the first position, in the axis direction.

The movable wall **21B** is configured to be movable in association with movement of the waste toner box **5**. For this reason, it is possible to suppress the second wall **21** from being an obstacle to movement of the waste toner box **5**, so that it is possible to secure smooth movement of the waste toner box **5**. The movable wall **21B** is supported to a lower end of the second opening **21A** of the second wall **21**. The movable wall **21B** can swing about a lower end portion of the movable wall **21B**, which is a support point. The movable wall **21B** extends in the vertical direction, in the state where the waste toner box **5** is located at the first position.

3.2.3 First Accommodation Part

The first support part **26** is configured to support the waste toner box **5**. The first support part **26** is located between the first wall **20** and the second wall **21** in the axis direction. The first support part **26** is supported to the first wall **20**. The first support part **26** has a rotary shaft **32** and a first accommodation frame **31**.

The rotary shaft **32** extends in the alignment direction. The rotary shaft **32** is rotatably supported to the first wall **20**.

The first accommodation frame **31** can accommodate therein the waste toner box **5**. The first accommodation frame **31** has a first side frame **31A**, a second side frame **31B**, a movable frame **31C**, and a mounting/demounting opening **31D**.

The first side frame **31A** is located at one end of the first accommodation frame **31** in the axis direction. The second side frame **31B** is located at the other end of the first accommodation frame **31** in the axis direction. The first side frame **31A** is located at an opposite side to the first wall **20** with respect to the box main body **52**, in the state where the waste toner box **5** is located at the first position. The second side frame **31B** is located between the box main body **52** and the first wall **20** in the state where the waste toner box **5** is located at the first position. Each of the first side frame **31A** and the second side frame **31B** extends in the vertical direction, in the state where the waste toner box **5** is located at the first position.

The movable frame **31C** is configured to be movable in association with movement of the plurality of toner boxes **9K**, **9Y**, **9M**, **9C**. The movable frame **31C** is supported to an upper end of the first side frame **31A**. The movable frame

31C extends in the vertical direction in a state where the waste toner box **5** is located at the first position and the plurality of toner boxes **9K**, **9Y**, **9M**, **9C** is located at a coupling position. In the meantime, the coupling position will be described later. The movable frame **31C** is configured to be swingable about a lower end portion of the movable frame **31C**, which is a support point. The first side frame **31A** and the movable frame **31C** are configured to close a lower part of the second opening **21A**, in the state where the waste toner box **5** is located at the first position.

The mounting/demounting opening **31D** is formed to allow the waste toner box **5** to pass therethrough when mounting and demounting the waste toner box **5** to and from the first accommodation frame **31**. The mounting/demounting opening **31D** is defined between an upper end of the second side frame **31B** and an upper end of the movable frame **31C**.

The first accommodation frame **31** is mounted to the rotary shaft **32**. Specifically, a lower end portion of the first accommodation frame **31** is fixed to the rotary shaft **32**. Thereby, the waste toner box **5** rotates about the rotary shaft **32** in a state where it is accommodated in the first support part **26**. That is, a rotation support point of the waste toner box **5** is the rotary shaft **32** and is supported to the first wall **20**. For this reason, as compared to a configuration where the rotation support point of the waste toner box **5** is supported to the second wall **21**, it is possible to reduce an amount of movement of the coupling part **50M** in the vertical direction and to make the image forming apparatus **1** smaller in the vertical direction.

As shown in FIG. 9, when the waste toner box **5** is moved from the first position to the second position, the first accommodation frame **31** is tilted so as to be distant from the first wall **20** about the rotary shaft **32**, which is a support point. In the state where the waste toner box **5** is located at the second position, the plurality of coupling parts **50K**, **50Y**, **50M**, **50C** (refer to FIG. 6) is located at an opposite side to the discharge part **41** with respect to the first wall **20**. Also, in the state where the waste toner box **5** is located at the second position, the waste toner box **5** cannot be separated from the first accommodation frame **31**. In the state where the waste toner box **5** is located at the second position, the waste toner box **5** overlaps the second support part **27M** in the separation direction from the apparatus main body **2**, specifically, in the extension direction of the first side frame **31A**. In the meantime, the second support part **27M** will be described later.

As shown in FIG. 10A, when the waste toner box **5** is moved from the second position to the third position, the first accommodation frame **31** is tilted so as to be more distant from the first wall **20** than at the second position about the rotary shaft **32**, which is a support point. In the state where the waste toner box **5** is located at the third position, the waste toner box **5** does not overlap the second support part **27M** in the separation direction from the apparatus main body **2**, specifically, in the extension direction of the first side frame **31A**. Also, the mounting/demounting opening **31D** is exposed from the lower part of the second opening **21A**. For this reason, the waste toner box **5** can be separated from the first accommodation frame **31** through the mounting/demounting opening **31D** and the second opening **21A**.

Also, when the waste toner box **5** is moved from the first position (refer to FIG. 8) to the second position (refer to FIG. 9) or to the third position (refer to FIG. 10A), the first side frame **31A** comes in contact with the movable wall **21B**. For this reason, the movable wall **21B** swings so as to be distant

from the first wall 20 about a lower end of the movable wall 21B, which is a support point, in association with movement of the first accommodation frame 31.

3.3 Toner Box

As shown in FIG. 8, the plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C is configured to supply the toner to the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C (refer to FIG. 7). Each of the plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C has a housing 91, an auger 93 (refer to FIG. 11A), a supply unit (one example of a supply device) 90, and a shutter 94. Each of the plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C has the same structure. Therefore, the toner box 9M is described, and the descriptions of the toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9C are omitted.

3.3.1 Housing and Auger

As shown in FIGS. 11A and 11B, the housing 91 is configured to accommodate therein the toner. The housing 91 has a partitioning wall 92 and a communication opening 92A.

The partitioning wall 92 is configured to partition an internal space of the housing 91 into a first accommodation chamber 91A and a second accommodation chamber 91B. The partitioning wall 92 is arranged in the housing 91. The partitioning wall 92 extends in the axis direction. The first accommodation chamber 91A is located above the second accommodation chamber 91B, in a state where the toner box 9M is located at the coupling position. A first agitator 95 is arranged in the first accommodation chamber 91A. A second agitator 96 is arranged in the second accommodation chamber 91B.

The communication opening 92A is arranged at the partitioning wall 92. The communication opening 92A is formed to communicate the first accommodation chamber 91A and the second accommodation chamber 91B each other.

The auger 93 is configured to convey the toner in the second accommodation chamber 91B toward the supply unit 90. The auger 93 extends in the axis direction.

3.3.2 Supply Unit and Shutter

As shown in FIG. 8, the supply unit 90 is arranged on an outer surface of the housing 91 in the axis direction. The supply unit 90 has a cylindrical shape. The supply unit 90 extends in the axis direction. The supply unit 90 has one end and the other end in the axis direction. One end of the supply unit 90 is fixed to the housing 91. The other end of the supply unit 90 is closed. An internal space of the supply unit 90 is formed to communicate with an internal space of the housing 91. Specifically, the supply unit 90 is configured to communicate with the second accommodation chamber 91B (refer to FIG. 11A). For this reason, it is possible to supply the toner accommodated in the housing 91 from the second accommodation chamber 91B to the supply unit 90.

The supply unit 90 can be coupled with the receiving part 43 of each of the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C (refer to FIG. 7). The supply unit 90 can supply the toner to the receiving part 43 of each of the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C.

The supply unit 90 has a toner passage opening 90A. The toner passage opening 90A is formed to allow the toner to pass therethrough. The toner passage opening 90A is located at a lower end of the supply unit 90 in the state where the toner box 9M is located at the coupling position.

The shutter 94 is arranged on a peripheral surface of the supply unit 90. The shutter 94 is configured to be movable between a closing position at which the toner passage opening 90A is closed and an opening position at which the toner passage opening 90A is opened.

3.3.3 Coupling Position of Toner Box

Each of the plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C is configured to be movable between a coupling position (refer to FIG. 8) and a decoupling position (refer to FIG. 9) in a state where the toner box is mounted to the apparatus main body 2. In the exemplary embodiment, each of the plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C is configured to be rotatable among the coupling position (refer to FIG. 8), the decoupling position (refer to FIG. 9), and a separable position (refer to FIG. 10B) in the state where the toner box is mounted to the apparatus main body 2. For this reason, it is possible to smoothly move each of the plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C to the coupling position, the decoupling position and the separable position.

In a state where each of the plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C is located at the coupling position, the supply unit 90 of each of the plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C is coupled with the receiving part 43 of each of the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C (refer to FIG. 7). Specifically, in a state where the toner box 9K is located at the coupling position, the supply unit 90 of the toner box 9K is coupled with the receiving part 43 of the cartridge 4K. In a state where the toner box 9Y is located at the coupling position, the supply unit 90 of the toner box 9Y is coupled with the receiving part 43 of the cartridge 4Y. In a state where the toner box 9M is located at the coupling position, the supply unit 90 of the toner box 9M is coupled with the receiving part 43 of the cartridge 4M. In a state where the toner box 9C is located at the coupling position, the supply unit 90 of the toner box 9C is coupled with the receiving part 43 of the cartridge 4C. In the meantime, each of the plurality of toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9M, 9C is arranged in the same manner at each of the coupling position, the decoupling position and the separable position. Therefore, the toner box 9M that is located at each of the coupling position, the decoupling position and the separable position is described, and the descriptions of the toner boxes 9K, 9Y, 9C are omitted.

In the state where the toner box 9M is located at the coupling position, the supply unit 90 is fitted to the toner coupling wall 74. In a state where each of the shutter 75 and the shutter 94 is located at the opening position, the toner passage opening 90A of the supply unit 90 and the toner receiving opening 73A of the toner receiving wall 73 communicate with each other. Thereby, it is possible to supply toner accommodated in the housing 91 from the supply unit 90 to the toner receiving wall 73.

Also, the first wall 20 is located between the cartridge 4M and the toner box 9M located at the coupling position. Specifically, the first wall 20 is located between the cartridge 4M and the housing 91 of the toner box 9M located at the coupling position, in the axis direction.

The first wall 20 has a plurality of second holes 20B. Each of the plurality of second holes 20B is formed to face the toner coupling wall 74 of the receiving part 43 in the axis direction in the state where the drawer 3 is located at the inner position. The second hole 20B receives the supply unit 90 in the state where the toner box 9M is located at the coupling position.

3.3.4 Decoupling Position of Toner Box

As shown in FIG. 9, in the state where the toner box 9M is located at the decoupling position, the toner box 9M is located more distant from the cartridge 4M than at the first position. In the state where the toner box 9M is located at the decoupling position, the supply unit 90 and the receiving part 43 are decoupled. Specifically, in the state where the toner box 9M is located at the decoupling position, the

supply unit **90** is separated from the toner coupling wall **74**. In the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the decoupling position, the supply unit **90** is located at an opposite side to the receiving part **43** with respect to the first wall **20**. For this reason, when the drawer **3** is moved to the inner position and the outer position, it is possible to suppress the supply unit **90** from being an obstacle.

In the meantime, in the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the decoupling position, an upper wall of the apparatus main body **2** is located downstream of the toner box **9M** located at the decoupling position with respect to the separation direction of the toner box **9M** from the apparatus main body **2**. For this reason, the toner box **9M** cannot be separated from the apparatus main body **2** in the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the decoupling position.

3.3.5 Separable Position of Toner Box

As shown in FIG. **10B**, in a state where the toner box **9M** is located at the separable position, the toner box **9M** is located more distant from the coupling position (refer to FIG. **8**) than the decoupling position (refer to FIG. **9**). In the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the separable position, a distance between the supply unit **90** and the receiving part **43** is greater than a distance in the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the decoupling position. Specifically, when the toner box **9M** is moved from the decoupling position to the separable position, a second accommodation frame **33** (which will be described later) configured to support the toner box **9M** rotates about a rotary shaft **34** (which will be described later), which is a support point, and is thus tilted so as to be distant from the first wall **20**.

Thereby, in the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the separable position, the upper wall of the apparatus main body **2** is not located downstream of the toner box **9M** located at the separable position with respect to the separation direction of the toner box **9M** from the apparatus main body **2**. For this reason, the toner box **9M** can be separated from the apparatus main body **2** in the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the separable position.

3.4 Second Support Part

As shown in FIG. **8**, the apparatus main body **2** is configured to support the plurality of toner boxes **9K**, **9Y**, **9M**, **9C** so that each of the plurality of toner boxes **9K**, **9Y**, **9M**, **9C** can move. The apparatus main body **2** further includes a plurality of second support part **27K** (not shown), **27Y** (not shown), **27M** and **27C** (not shown). The plurality of second support part **27K** (not shown), **27Y** (not shown), **27M** and **27C** (not shown) has the same structure. Therefore, in the below, the second support part **27M** is described, and the descriptions of the second support parts **27K**, **27Y**, **27C** are omitted.

The second support part **27M** is configured to support the toner box **9M**. The second support part **27M** is located above the first support part **26**. The second support part **27M** is supported to the first wall **20**. The second support part **27M** has a rotary shaft **34** and a second accommodation frame **33**.

The rotary shaft **34** extends in the alignment direction. The rotary shaft **34** is rotatably supported to the first wall **20**.

The second accommodation frame **33** can accommodate therein the toner box **9M**. The second accommodation frame **33** has a third side frame **33A**, a fourth side frame **33B**, and a mounting/demounting opening **33C**.

The third side frame **33A** is located at one end of the second accommodation frame **33** in the axis direction. The fourth side frame **33B** is located at the other end of the second accommodation frame **33** in the axis direction. The third side frame **33A** is located at an opposite side to the first

wall **20** with respect to the housing **91**, in the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the coupling position. The fourth side frame **33B** is located between the housing **91** and the first wall **20** in the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the coupling position. Each of the third side frame **33A** and the fourth side frame **33B** extends in the vertical direction in the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the coupling position. The third side frame **33A** is configured to close an upper part of the second opening **21A** in the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the coupling position.

The mounting/demounting opening **33C** is formed to allow the toner box **9M** to pass therethrough when mounting and demounting the toner box **9M** to and from the second accommodation frame **33**. The mounting/demounting opening **33C** is defined between an upper end of the third side frame **33A** and an upper end of the fourth side frame **33B**.

The second accommodation frame **33** is mounted to the rotary shaft **34**. Specifically, a lower end portion of the second accommodation frame **33** is fixed to the rotary shaft **34**. Thereby, the toner box **9M** rotates about the rotary shaft **34** in the state where it is supported to the second support part **27M**. That is, a rotation support point of the toner box **9M** is the rotary shaft **34** and is supported to the first wall **20**.

As shown in FIG. **9**, when the toner box **9M** is moved from the coupling position (refer to FIG. **8**) to the decoupling position, the second accommodation frame **33** is tilted so as to be distant from the first wall **20** about the rotary shaft **34**, which is a support point. In the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the decoupling position, the toner box **9M** overlaps the upper wall of the apparatus main body **2** in the separation direction from the apparatus main body **2**, specifically, in the extension direction of the third side frame **33A**. For this reason, in the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the decoupling position, the toner box **9M** cannot be separated from the second support part **27M**.

As shown in FIG. **10B**, when the toner box **9M** is moved from the decoupling position (refer to FIG. **9**) to the separable position, the second accommodation frame **33** is tilted so as to be more distant from the first wall **20** than at the decoupling position (refer to FIG. **9**) about the rotary shaft **34**, which is a support point. In the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the separable position, the toner box **9M** does not overlap the upper wall of the apparatus main body **2** in the separation direction from the apparatus main body **2**, specifically, in the extension direction of the third side frame **33A**. Also, the mounting/demounting opening **33C** is exposed from the upper part of the second opening **21A**. For this reason, the toner box **9M** can be separated from the second accommodation frame **33** through the mounting/demounting opening **33C** and the second opening **21A**.

Also, when the waste toner box **5** is located at the first position and the toner box **9M** is moved from the coupling position (refer to FIG. **8**) to the decoupling position (refer to FIG. **9**) or the separable position, the third side frame **33A** comes in contact with the movable frame **31C**. For this reason, the movable frame **31C** swings to be distant from the first wall **20** about a lower end of the movable frame **31C**, which is a support point, in association with movement of the second accommodation frame **33**.

3.5 First Pressing Unit

Also, as shown in FIG. **7**, the image forming apparatus **1** further includes a plurality of first pressing units **28A**, **28B**, a plurality of second pressing units **29K**, **29Y**, **29M**, **29C**, a first link member **7**, a first guide **37**, a second guide **38**, a coupling part **81**, a second link member **8**, and a third guide **39**.

The first pressing units **28A**, **28B** are configured to press the waste toner box **5** so that the waste toner box **5** is to face from the first position toward the second position (refer to FIG. **8**). The first pressing units **28A**, **28B** are located with being spaced from each other in the alignment direction. The first pressing units **28A**, **28B** are arranged in the first guide **37**. The first guide **37** will be described later. Also, the first pressing units **28A**, **28B** have the same structure. Therefore, in the below, the first pressing unit **28A** is described, and the description of the first pressing unit **28B** is omitted.

As shown in FIG. **8**, the first pressing unit **28A** is located at an opposite side to the first accommodation frame **31** with respect to the first wall **20**, in the axis direction. The first pressing unit **28A** is located at an opposite side to the box main body **52** with respect to the second side frame **31B**, in the axis direction. The first pressing unit **28A** is located between the coupling part **50M** and the rotary shaft **32** in the vertical direction in the state where the waste toner box **5** is located at the first position. The first pressing unit **28A** has a spring **23** and a first contact part **35**. That is, the image forming apparatus **1** includes the spring **23**.

The spring **23** is provided to press the waste toner box **5** from the first position toward the second position (refer to FIG. **9**). The spring **23** is located between the coupling part **50M** and the rotary shaft **32**, in the state where the waste toner box **5** is located at the first position. In other words, the spring **23** is located between the coupling part **50M** and the rotation support point of the waste toner box **5** in the vertical direction in the state where the waste toner box **5** is located at the first position. For this reason, it is possible to effectively arrange the spring **23**.

The first contact part **35** is in contact with the second side frame **31B** through a third hole **20C** of the first wall **20**. The first contact part **35** is pressed toward the second side frame **31B** by the spring **23**. The first contact part **35** has a cylindrical shape. The first contact part **35** extends in the axis direction. The first contact part **35** is configured to accommodate therein the spring **23**.

3.6 Second Pressing Unit

As shown in FIG. **7**, the plurality of second pressing units **29K**, **29Y**, **29M**, **29C** is configured to press the plurality of toner boxes **9K**, **9Y**, **9M**, **9C** so that the plurality of toner boxes **9K**, **9Y**, **9M**, **9C** is to face from the coupling position (refer to FIG. **8**) toward the decoupling position (refer to FIG. **9**). The plurality of second pressing units **29K**, **29Y**, **29M**, **29C** is located with being spaced from each other in the alignment direction. The plurality of second pressing units **29K**, **29Y**, **29M**, **29C** is arranged in the second guide **38**. The second guide **38** will be described later. The plurality of second pressing units **29K**, **29Y**, **29M**, **29C** has the same structure. Therefore, in the below, the second pressing unit **29M** is described, and the descriptions of the plurality of second pressing units **29K**, **29Y**, **29C** are omitted.

As shown in FIG. **8**, the second pressing unit **29M** is located at an opposite side to the second accommodation frame **33** with respect to the first wall **20**, in the axis direction. The second pressing unit **29M** is located at an opposite side to the housing **91** with respect to the fourth side frame **33B**, in the axis direction. The second pressing unit **29M** is located between the supply unit **90** and the rotary shaft **34** in the vertical direction, in the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the coupling position. The second pressing unit **29M** has a second spring **25** and a second contact part **36**.

The second spring **25** is provided to press the toner box **9M** from the coupling position toward the decoupling posi-

tion (refer to FIG. **9**). The second spring **25** is located between the supply unit **90** and the rotation support point of the toner box **9M**, in the state where the toner box **9M** is located at the coupling position.

The second contact part **36** is in contact with the fourth side frame **33B** through a fourth hole **20D** of the first wall **20**. The second contact part **36** is pressed toward the fourth side frame **33B** by the second spring **25**. The second contact part **36** has a cylindrical shape. The second contact part **36** extends in the axis direction. The second contact part **36** is configured to accommodate therein the second spring **25**.

3.7 First Link Member

The first link member **7** is configured to interlink movement of the cover **2B** and pressing and press-releasing of the spring **23** with respect to the waste toner box **5**. The first link member **7** is configured to restrain the pressing of the spring **23** to the waste toner box **5** in a state where the cover **2B** is located at the closing position. The first link member **7** allows the spring **23** to press the waste toner box **5** when the cover **2B** is moved from the closing position to the opening position (refer to FIG. **9**). For this reason, when the cover **2B** is moved from the closing position to the opening position, the waste toner box **5** can be securely located at the second position.

Also, the first link member **7** is configured to interlink movement of the cover **2B** and pressing and press-releasing of the second spring **25** with respect to the toner box **9M**. The first link member **7** is configured to restrain the pressing of the second spring **25** to the toner box **9M** in a state where the cover **2B** is located at the closing position. The first link member **7** allows the second spring **25** to press the toner box **9M** when the cover **2B** is moved from the closing position to the opening position (refer to FIG. **9**).

As shown in FIG. **7**, the first link member **7** has a first part **77**, a second part **78**, a connection part **79**, and a first boss **80**.

3.7.1 First Part

The first part **77** extends in the alignment direction. The first part **77** is located at an opposite side to the first accommodation frame **31** with respect to the first wall **20** in the axis direction (refer to FIG. **8**). The first part **77** is located below the discharge part **41** in the state where the drawer **3** is located at the inner position. The first part **77** has a plurality of first through-openings **82A**, **82B**, and a plurality of first cams **83A**, **83B** (refer to FIG. **13**).

The plurality of first through-openings **82A**, **82B** is located with being spaced from each other in the alignment direction. The plurality of first through-openings **82A**, **82B** has the same structure. Therefore, in the below, the first through-opening **82A** is described, and the description of the first through-opening **82B** is omitted.

The first through-opening **82A** is formed to receive the first contact part **35** of the first pressing unit **28A**. The first through-opening **82A** extends in the alignment direction. The first through-opening **82A** has one end and the other end in the alignment direction. The first contact part **35** is located at one end of the first through-opening **82A** in the state where the cover **2B** is located at the closing position. The first contact part **35** is located at the other end of the first through-opening **82A** in the state where the cover **2B** is located at the opening position (refer to FIG. **12**).

As shown in FIG. **13**, the plurality of first cams **83A**, **83B** is located with being spaced from each other in the alignment direction. The plurality of first cams **83A**, **83B** has the same structure. Therefore, in the below, the first cam **83A** is described, and the description of the first cam **83B** is omitted. The first cam **83A** is located at an opposite side to

the first wall 20 with respect to the first part 77 (refer to FIG. 8). The first cam 83A is configured to surround one end of the first through-opening 82A. The first cam 83A protrudes from one end edge of the first through-opening 82A of the first part 77 in the axis direction. The first cam 83A has an inclined surface S1. The inclined surface S1 is inclined to intersect with the axis direction.

As shown in FIG. 8, the first cam 83A is in contact with the first contact part 35 in the state where the cover 2B is located at the closing position. Thereby, the first contact part 35 separates from the first accommodation frame 31 in the axis direction, against a pressing force of the spring 23. For this reason, the pressing of the spring 23 to the waste toner box 5 is restrained.

As shown in FIG. 9, the first cam 83A is in contactless with the first contact part 35 in the state where the cover 2B is located at the opening position. Thereby, the first contact part 35 comes in contact with the first accommodation frame 31 by the pressing force of the spring 23, thereby pressing the first accommodation frame 31. For this reason, the restraint on the pressing of the spring 23 to the waste toner box 5 is released. Then, the spring 23 presses the waste toner box 5.

3.7.2 Second Part

As shown in FIG. 7, the second part 78 extends in the alignment direction. The second part 78 is located at an opposite side to the second accommodation frame 33 with respect to the first wall 20 in the axis direction (refer to FIG. 8). The second part 78 is located at an opposite side to the first part 77 with respect to the discharge part 41, in the state where the drawer 3 is located at the inner position. The second part 78 is located between the discharge part 41 and the receiving part 43, in the state where the drawer 3 is located at the inner position. The second part 78 has a plurality of second through-openings 84K, 84Y, 84M, 84C, and a plurality of second cams 85K, 85Y, 85M, 85C (refer to FIG. 13).

The plurality of second through-openings 84K, 84Y, 84M, 84C is located with being spaced from each other in the alignment direction. The plurality of second through-openings 84K, 84Y, 84M, 84C has the same structure. Therefore, in the below, the second through-opening 84M is described, and the descriptions of the second through-openings 84K, 84Y, 84C are omitted. The second through-opening 84M is formed to receive the second contact part 36 of the second pressing unit 29M. The second through-opening 84M extends in the alignment direction. The second through-opening 84M has one end and the other end in the alignment direction. The second contact part 36 is located at one end of the second through-opening 84M in the state where the cover 2B is located at the closing position. The second contact part 36 is located at the other end of the second through-opening 84M in the state where the cover 2B is located at the opening position (refer to FIG. 12).

As shown in FIG. 13, the plurality of second cams 85K, 85Y, 85M, 85C is located at an opposite side to the first wall 20 with respect to the second part 78 (refer to FIG. 8). The plurality of second cams 85K, 85Y, 85M, 85C is located with being spaced from each other in the alignment direction. The plurality of second cams 85K, 85Y, 85M, 85C has the same structure. Therefore, in the below, the second cam 85M is described, and the descriptions of the second cams 85K, 85Y, 85C are omitted.

The second cam 85M is configured to surround one end of the second through-opening 84M. The second cam 85M protrudes from one end edge of the second through-opening 84M of the second part 78 in the axis direction. The second

cam 85M has an inclined surface S2. The inclined surface S2 is inclined to intersect with the axis direction.

As shown in FIG. 8, the second cam 85M is in contact with the second contact part 36 in the state where the cover 2B is located at the closing position. Thereby, the second contact part 36 separates from the second accommodation frame 33 in the axis direction, against a pressing force of the second spring 25. For this reason, the pressing of the second spring 25 to the toner box 9M is restrained.

As shown in FIG. 9, the second cam 85M is in contactless with the second contact part 36 in the state where the cover 2B is located at the opening position. Thereby, the second contact part 36 comes in contact with the second accommodation frame 33 by the pressing force of the second spring 25, thereby pressing the second accommodation frame 33. For this reason, the restraint on the pressing of the second spring 25 to the toner box 9M is released. Then, the second spring 25 presses the toner box 9M.

3.7.3 Connection Part and Boss

As shown in FIG. 13, the connection part 79 is configured to interconnect the first part 77 and the second part 78. The connection part 79 extends in the vertical direction. The connection part 79 is located with being spaced from the cover 2B in the alignment direction. The connection part 79 has a receiving hole 86. The receiving hole 86 is formed to receive a second boss 89 of the second link member 8. The second boss 89 will be described later.

The first boss 80 extends in the axis direction. The first boss 80 is fixed to the connection part 79.

3.7.4 Coupling Part

The coupling part 81 is configured to couple the cover 2B and the first link member 7 each other. The coupling part 81 is arranged in alignment with the connection part 79 in the axis direction. The coupling part 81 has a circular arc shape of which a center is the rotation support point of the cover 2B. The coupling part 81 is fixed to the cover 2B. The coupling part 81 has a long hole 87. The long hole 87 is formed to receive the first boss 80. The long hole 87 extends in a rotating direction of the cover 2B. The long hole 87 has one end 87A and the other end 87B in an extension direction of the long hole 87. The other end 87B of the long hole 87 is located at an opposite side to the cover 2B with respect to one end 87A of the long hole 87 in the extension direction of the long hole 87. The first boss 80 is located at one end 87A of the long hole 87 in the state where the cover 2B is located at the closing position. The first boss 80 is located at the other end 87B of the long hole 87 in the state where the cover 2B is located at the opening position (refer to FIG. 12).

3.8 First Guide and Second Guide

As shown in FIG. 7, the first guide 37 guides the first part 77 when the cover 2B is moved between the closing position and the opening position. The first guide 37 extends in the alignment direction. The first guide 37 is configured to slidably accommodate the first part 77. The first guide 37 is fixed to the first wall 20. The second guide 38 guides the second part 78 when the cover 2B is moved between the closing position and the opening position. The second guide 38 extends in the alignment direction. The second guide 38 is configured to slidably accommodate the second part 78. The second guide 38 is located with being spaced upward from the first guide 37.

3.8 Second Link Member and Third Guide

The second link member 8 is configured to interlink movement of the cover 2B and movement of the drawer 3. The drawer 3 is configured to be movable between the contact position (refer to FIG. 1) and the spaced position (refer to FIG. 12) in the state where the drawer is located at

the inner position. In the state where the drawer 3 is located at the contact position, the photosensitive drums 40 of the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C are in contact with the belt unit 6 (refer to FIG. 1). In the state where the drawer 3 is located at the spaced position, the photosensitive drums 40 of the plurality of cartridges 4 are spaced from the belt unit 6 (refer to FIG. 12). In the state where the cover 2B is located at the closing position, the second link member 8 locates the drawer 3 at the contact position (refer to FIG. 1). The second link member 8 moves the drawer 3 from the contact position to the spaced position (refer to FIG. 12) when the cover 2B is moved from the closing position to the opening position. For this reason, when the cover 2B is moved from the closing position to the opening position, it is possible to securely space the drawer 3 from the belt unit 6. As a result, it is possible to secure smooth movement of the drawer 3.

As shown in FIG. 14, the second link member 8 is located between the first part 77 and the second part 78 in the vertical direction (refer to FIG. 7). The second link member 8 has a link main body 88 and a second boss 89.

3.8.1 Link Main Body 88

The link main body 88 extends in the alignment direction. The link main body 88 is located at an opposite side to the coupling part 81 with respect to the first link member 7 in the axis direction. The link main body 88 is located below the drawer 3 in the state where the drawer 3 is located at the inner position (refer to FIG. 8). An upper surface of the link main body 88 is in contact with the drawer 3 in the state where the drawer 3 is located at the inner position (refer to FIG. 8). A lower surface of the link main body 88 has a first surface 88A, a second surface 88B, a third surface 88C, a fourth surface 88D, and a fifth surface 88E.

The first surface 88A is located at an end portion of the lower surface of the link main body 88 facing toward the cover 2B. The first surface 88A extends in the alignment direction. The second surface 88B is located at an opposite side to the cover 2B with respect to the first surface 88A. The second surface 88B is inclined to intersect with the vertical direction. The second surface 88B has one end and the other end in the alignment direction. One end of the second surface 88B continues to the first surface 88A. The other end of the second surface 88B is located at a position lower than one end of the second surface 88B. The other end of the second surface 88B continues to the third surface 88C.

The third surface 88C is located at an opposite side to the cover 2B with respect to the second surface 88B. The third surface 88C extends in the alignment direction. The fourth surface 88D is located at an opposite side to the cover 2B with respect to the third surface 88C. The fourth surface 88D is inclined to intersect with the vertical direction. The fourth surface 88D has one end and the other end in the alignment direction. One end of the fourth surface 88D continues to the third surface 88C. The other end of the fourth surface 88D is located at a position lower than one end of the fourth surface 88D. The other end of the fourth surface 88D continues to the fifth surface 88E. The fifth surface 88E is located at an opposite side to the cover 2B with respect to the fourth surface 88D. The fifth surface 88E extends in the alignment direction.

3.8.2 Second Boss

Also, when the cover 2B is moved from the closing position to the opening position, the first link member 7 and the second link member 8 are coupled with each other so that the first link member 7 first allows the spring 23 to press the waste toner box 5 and then the second link member 8 moves the drawer 3 from the contact position to the spaced position.

For this reason, when the cover 2B is moved from the closing position to the opening position, the waste toner box 5 is first located at the first position, so that the coupling part 50M and the discharge part 41 can be decoupled and then the drawer 3 can be moved from the contact position to the spaced position.

Specifically, the second boss 89 is inserted in the receiving hole 86. Thereby, the second link member 8 is coupled with the first link member 7. The second boss 89 is fixed to the link main body 88. The second boss 89 extends in the axis direction.

3.9 Third Guide

When the cover 2B is moved between the closing position and the opening position, the third guide 39 guides the second link member 8. The third guide 39 is located below the second link member 8.

The third guide 39 extends in the alignment direction. The third guide 39 is fixed to the apparatus main body 2. An upper surface of the third guide 39 is in contact with a lower surface of the link main body 88. The upper surface of the third guide 39 has a first guide surface 39A, a second guide surface 39B, a third guide surface 39C, a fourth guide surface 39D, and a fifth guide surface 39E.

The first guide surface 39A is located at an end portion of the upper surface of the third guide 39 facing toward the cover 2B. The first guide surface 39A extends in the alignment direction. The first guide surface 39A is in contact with the first surface 88A in the state where the cover 2B is located at the closing position. The first guide surface 39A is in contact with the third surface 88C in the state where the cover 2B is located at the opening position (refer to FIG. 12).

The second guide surface 39B is located at an opposite side to the cover 2B with respect to the first guide surface 39A. The second guide surface 39B is inclined to intersect with the vertical direction. The second guide surface 39B has one end and the other end in the alignment direction. One end of the second guide surface 39B continues to the first guide surface 39A. The other end of the second guide surface 39B is located at a position lower than one end of the second guide surface 39B. The other end of the second guide surface 39B continues to the third guide surface 39C. The second guide surface 39B faces the second surface 88B in the alignment direction, in the state where the cover 2B is located at the closing position. The second guide surface 39B comes in contact with the second surface 88B when the cover 2B is moved between the closing position and the opening position.

The third guide surface 39C is located at an opposite side to the cover 2B with respect to the second guide surface 39B. The third guide surface 39C extends in the alignment direction. The third guide surface 39C is in contact with the third surface 88C in the state where the cover 2B is located at the closing position. The third guide surface 39C is in contact with the fifth surface 88E in the state where the cover 2B is located at the opening position (refer to FIG. 12).

The fourth guide surface 39D is located at an opposite side to the cover 2B with respect to the third guide surface 39C. The fourth guide surface 39D is inclined to intersect with the vertical direction. The fourth guide surface 39D has one end and the other end in the alignment direction. One end of the fourth guide surface 39D continues to the third guide surface 39C. The other end of the fourth guide surface 39D is located at a position lower than one end of the fourth guide surface 39D. The other end of the fourth guide surface 39D continues to the fifth guide surface 39E. The fourth guide surface 39D faces the fourth surface 88D in the alignment direction, in the state where the cover 2B is

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located at the closing position. The fourth guide surface 39D comes in contact with the fourth surface 88D when the cover 2B is moved between the closing position and the opening position.

The fifth guide surface 39E is located at an opposite side to the cover 2B with respect to the fourth guide surface 39D. The fifth guide surface 39E extends in the alignment direction. The fifth guide surface 39E is in contact with the fifth surface 88E in the state where the cover 2B is located at the closing position.

4. Operations of Waste Toner Box, Toner Box and Drawer

Subsequently, operations of the waste toner box 5, the toner box 9M and the drawer 3 are described with reference to FIGS. 2, 9 to 10B and 12.

As shown in FIG. 12, when the cover 2B is moved from the closing position to the opening position, the other end 87B of the long hole 87 comes in contact with the first boss 80. Then, the first link member 7 is moved toward the opening 2A in the alignment direction, and the second link member 8 is moved toward the opening 2A in the alignment direction.

Then, as shown in FIG. 9, the contact between the first contact part 35 and the first cam 83A is first released by the movement of the first link member 7. Then, the first contact part 35 is brought into contact with the first accommodation frame 31 by the pressing force of the spring 23, thereby pressing the first accommodation frame 31. That is, the first link member 7 allows the spring 23 to press the waste toner box 5. Thereby, the waste toner box 5 is moved from the first position to the second position.

At this time, the contact between the second contact part 36 and the second cam 85M is released by the movement of the first link member 7. Then, the second contact part 36 is brought into contact with the second accommodation frame 33 by the pressing force of the second spring 25, thereby pressing the second accommodation frame 33. Thereby, the toner box 9M is moved from the coupling position to the decoupling position.

Then, as shown in FIG. 12, the third surface 88C is brought into contact with the first guide surface 39A and the fifth surface 88E is brought into contact with the third guide surface 39C by the movement of the second link member 8. Thereby, the second link member 8 is moved upward, and the drawer 3 is moved from the contact position to the spaced position.

Thereafter, as shown in FIG. 2, when the drawer 3 supporting the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C is moved from the inner position to the outer position, a user can mount and demount the plurality of cartridges 4K, 4Y, 4M, 4C to and from the drawer 3.

Also, as shown in FIG. 10A, in order to separate the waste toner box 5 from the apparatus main body 2, the user rotates the first accommodation frame 31 to locate the waste toner box 5 at the third position. Thereby, the user can mount and demount the waste toner box 5 to and from the first accommodation frame 31. In the meantime, in the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the third position, the toner box 9M may be located at the coupling position or the decoupling position.

Also, as shown in FIG. 10B, in order to separate the toner box 9M from the apparatus main body 2, the user rotates the second accommodation frame 33 to locate the toner box 9M at the separable position. Thereby, the user can mount and demount the toner box 9M to and from the second accom-

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modation frame 33. In the meantime, in the state where the toner box 9M is located at the separable position, the waste toner box 5 may be located at the first position or the second position.

5. Advantages

As shown in FIG. 8, in the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the first position, the plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C can receive the waste toner from the plurality of discharge parts 41 (refer to FIG. 7).

For this reason, the drawer 3 can accommodate the waste toner from the plurality of photosensitive drum 40 into the waste toner box 5 without a member configured to collect the waste toner from the plurality of discharge parts 41 and to convey the same into the waste toner box 5.

Also, as shown in FIG. 9, in the state where the waste toner box 5 is located at the second position, the plurality of coupling parts 50K, 50Y, 50M, 50C and the plurality of discharge parts 41 are decoupled (refer to FIG. 7). As a result, it is possible to secure the smooth movement of the drawer 3 while accommodating the waste toner from the plurality of photosensitive drums 40 into the waste toner box 5.

What is claimed is:

1. An image forming apparatus comprising:
an apparatus main body having an opening;

a drawer movable between:

an inner position where the drawer is located inside the apparatus main body; and

an outer position where the drawer is located outside the apparatus main body through the opening;

a first cartridge supported by the drawer, the first cartridge comprising:

a first photosensitive drum; and

a first discharge part configured to discharge waste toner removed from the first photosensitive drum;

a second cartridge supported by the drawer, the second cartridge comprising:

a second photosensitive drum; and

a second discharge part configured to discharge waste toner removed from the second photosensitive drum; and

a waste toner box comprising:

a first coupling part configured to be coupled with the first discharge part; and

a second coupling part configured to be coupled with the second discharge part,

in a state where the first cartridge and the second cartridge are supported by the drawer located at the inner position and the waste toner box is mounted to the apparatus main body, the waste toner box being movable among:

a first position where the first coupling part and the first discharge part are coupled and the second coupling part and the second discharge part are coupled;

a second position where the first coupling part and the first discharge part are decoupled and the second coupling part and the second discharge part are decoupled; and

a third position in a state where the waste toner box is mounted to the apparatus main body;

wherein a distance between the first coupling part and the first discharge part where the waste toner box is located

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at the third position is greater than said distance where the waste toner box is located at the second position, and

wherein the waste toner box is separatable from the apparatus main body in a case the waste toner box is located at the third position.

2. The image forming apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the waste toner box is rotatable between the first position and the second position.

3. The image forming apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the waste toner box is rotatable among the first position, the second position, and the third position.

4. The image forming apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the apparatus main body comprises a second wall that is located across the waste toner box located at the first position from the first cartridge, and wherein the second wall comprises a movable wall that is movable in association with movement of the waste toner box.

5. The image forming apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising:

a spring configured to press the waste toner box from the first position to the second position.

6. The image forming apparatus according to claim 5, further comprising:

a cover movable between a closing position and an opening position, the opening being closed in a case the cover is located at the closing position, and the opening being opened in a case the cover is located at the opening position, and

a first link member configured to: link movement of the cover and pressing of the waste toner box by the spring and releasing of the pressing by the spring;

restrain pressing of the waste toner box by the spring in a state where the cover is located at the closing position; and

allow the spring to press the waste toner box in accordance with movement of the cover from the closing position to the opening position.

7. The image forming apparatus according to claim 6, further comprising:

a belt device configured to face the first photosensitive drum and the second photosensitive drum in a state where the drawer is located at the inner position,

the drawer being movable between a contact position and a spaced position in the state where the drawer is located at the inner position,

the first photosensitive drum and the second photosensitive drum being in contact with the belt device in the state where the drawer is located at the contact position, and

the first photosensitive drum and the second photosensitive drum being separated from the belt device in the state where the drawer is located at the spaced position, and

a second link member configured to:

link the movement of the cover and movement of the drawer;

locate the drawer at the contact position in a state where the cover is located at the closing position; and

move the drawer from the contact position to the spaced position in accordance with the movement of the cover from the closing position to the opening position.

8. The image forming apparatus according to claim 7, wherein in a case the cover is moved from the closing

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position to the opening position, the first link member first allows the spring to press the waste toner box and then the second link member moves the drawer from the contact position to the spaced position, so that the first link member and the second link member are coupled with each other.

9. The image forming apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the first discharge part comprises a discharge wall having a discharge opening, the waste toner passing through the discharge opening, and

wherein the first coupling part comprises a receiving wall configured to face the discharge wall in the state where the waste toner box is located at the first position, the receiving wall having a receiving opening receiving the waste toner from the discharge opening.

10. The image forming apparatus according to claim 9, further comprising:

an elastic member having a communication opening, wherein in the state where the waste toner box is located at the first position, the elastic member being disposed between the discharge wall and the receiving wall, and the communication opening being configured to communicate with each of the discharge opening and the receiving opening.

11. The image forming apparatus according to claim 9, wherein the receiving wall comprises:

a first end portion; and

a second end portion located across the first end portion from the first cartridge in a direction facing from the waste toner box toward the first cartridge in the state where the waste toner box is located at the first position, and

wherein the receiving wall is inclined so as to be distant from the discharge wall from the second end portion toward the first end portion in the state where the waste toner box is located at the first position.

12. The image forming apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising:

a first toner box configured to supply toner to the first cartridge,

wherein the first cartridge further comprises a receiving part configured to receive the toner from the first toner box, and

wherein the first toner box comprises a supply device configured to supply the toner to the receiving part and to be coupled with the receiving part, and

wherein in a state where the first toner box is mounted to the apparatus main body, the first toner box is movable between a coupling position and a decoupling position, the supply device and the receiving part being coupled with each other in a state where the first toner box is located at the first position, the supply device and the receiving part being decoupled in a state where the first toner box is located at the decoupling position.

13. The image forming apparatus according to claim 12, wherein the first toner box is rotatable between the coupling position and the decoupling position.

14. The image forming apparatus according to claim 12, wherein the first toner box comprises a housing configured to accommodate the toner, the housing comprising:

a partitioning wall configured to partition an internal space of the housing into a first accommodation chamber and a second accommodation chamber; and

a communication opening disposed at the partitioning wall and configured to communicate the first accommodation chamber and the second accommodation chamber each other, and

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wherein the supply device is configured to communicate with the second accommodation chamber.

15. The image forming apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the first cartridge comprises:

- a developing device comprising a developing roller, the developing device being disposed so that the developing roller faces the first photosensitive drum;
- a frame configured to rotatably support the first photosensitive drum and to swingably support the developing device; and
- an elastic member disposed between the developing device and the frame.

16. The image forming apparatus according to claim 1, wherein in the state where the waste toner box is located at the first position, the waste toner box is configured to be arranged in alignment with the first cartridge and the second cartridge in an axis direction of a rotational axis of the first photosensitive drum.

17. An image forming apparatus comprising:

- an apparatus main body having an opening;
- a drawer movable between:

- an inner position where the drawer is located inside the apparatus main body; and

- an outer position where the drawer is located outside the apparatus main body through the opening;

a first cartridge supported by the drawer, the first cartridge comprising:

- a first photosensitive drum; and
- a first discharge part configured to discharge waste toner removed from the first photosensitive drum;

a second cartridge supported by the drawer, the second cartridge comprising:

- a second photosensitive drum; and
- a second discharge part configured to discharge waste toner removed from the second photosensitive drum; and

a waste toner box comprising:

- a first coupling part configured to be coupled with the first discharge part; and
- a second coupling part configured to be coupled with the second discharge part,

in a state where the first cartridge and the second cartridge are supported by the drawer located at the inner position and the waste toner box is mounted to the apparatus main body, the waste toner box being movable between:

- a first position where the first coupling part and the first discharge part are coupled and the second coupling part and the second discharge part are coupled; and

- a second position where the first coupling part and the first discharge part are decoupled and the second coupling part and the second discharge part are decoupled;

wherein the apparatus main body comprises:

- a first wall located between: the first and second cartridges, and the waste toner box located at the first position; and
- a rotary shaft,

wherein the waste toner box is rotatable about the rotary shaft between the first position and the second position, and

wherein the rotary shaft is supported to the first wall.

18. The image forming apparatus according to claim 17, further comprising:

- a spring configured to press the waste toner box from the first position to the second position,

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wherein the spring is located between the first coupling part and the rotary shaft in the state where the waste toner box is located at the first position.

19. An image forming apparatus comprising:

- an apparatus main body having an opening;
- a drawer movable in a first direction between:

- an inner position where the drawer is located inside the apparatus main body; and

- an outer position where the drawer is located outside the apparatus main body through the opening;

a first cartridge supported by the drawer, the first cartridge comprising:

- a first photosensitive drum; and
- a first discharge part configured to discharge waste toner removed from the first photosensitive drum;

a second cartridge supported by the drawer, the second cartridge comprising:

- a second photosensitive drum; and
- a second discharge part configured to discharge waste toner removed from the second photosensitive drum; and

a waste toner box comprising:

- a first coupling part configured to be coupled with the first discharge part; and

- a second coupling part configured to be coupled with the second discharge part,

in a state where the first cartridge and the second cartridge are supported by the drawer located at the inner position and the waste toner box is mounted to the apparatus main body, the waste toner box being movable in a second direction between:

- a first position where the first coupling part and the first discharge part are coupled and the second coupling part and the second discharge part are coupled; and

- a second position where the first coupling part and the first discharge part are decoupled and the second coupling part and the second discharge part are decoupled;

wherein the first direction and the second direction are not parallel to each other.

20. An image forming apparatus comprising:

- an apparatus main body comprising
- a front wall having a first opening; and
- a side wall having a second opening;

a drawer movable between:

- an inner position where the drawer is located inside the apparatus main body; and

- an outer position where the drawer is located outside the apparatus main body through the first opening;

a first cartridge supported by the drawer, the first cartridge comprising:

- a first photosensitive drum; and
- a first discharge part configured to discharge waste toner removed from the first photosensitive drum;

a second cartridge supported by the drawer, the second cartridge comprising:

- a second photosensitive drum; and
- a second discharge part configured to discharge waste toner removed from the second photosensitive drum; and

a waste toner box comprising:

- a first coupling part configured to be coupled with the first discharge part; and

- a second coupling part configured to be coupled with the second discharge part,

in a state where the first cartridge and the second cartridge are supported by the drawer located at the inner position and the waste toner box is mounted to the apparatus main body, the waste toner box being movable between:

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a first position where the first coupling part and the first discharge part are coupled and the second coupling part and the second discharge part are coupled; and

a second position where the first coupling part and the first discharge part are decoupled and the second coupling part and the second discharge part are decoupled through the second opening.

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