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Huang

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(54) **COAXIAL CABLE CONNECTOR**

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(51) **Int. Cl.**

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H01B 11/18	(2006.01)
H01R 13/622	(2006.01)
H01R 24/40	(2011.01)
H01R 103/00	(2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC ***H01R 13/622*** (2013.01); ***H01B 11/1804*** (2013.01); ***H01B 11/1869*** (2013.01); ***H01R 9/0521*** (2013.01); ***H01R 9/0524*** (2013.01); *H01R 24/40* (2013.01); *H01R 2103/00* (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

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USPC 439/578

See application file for complete search history.

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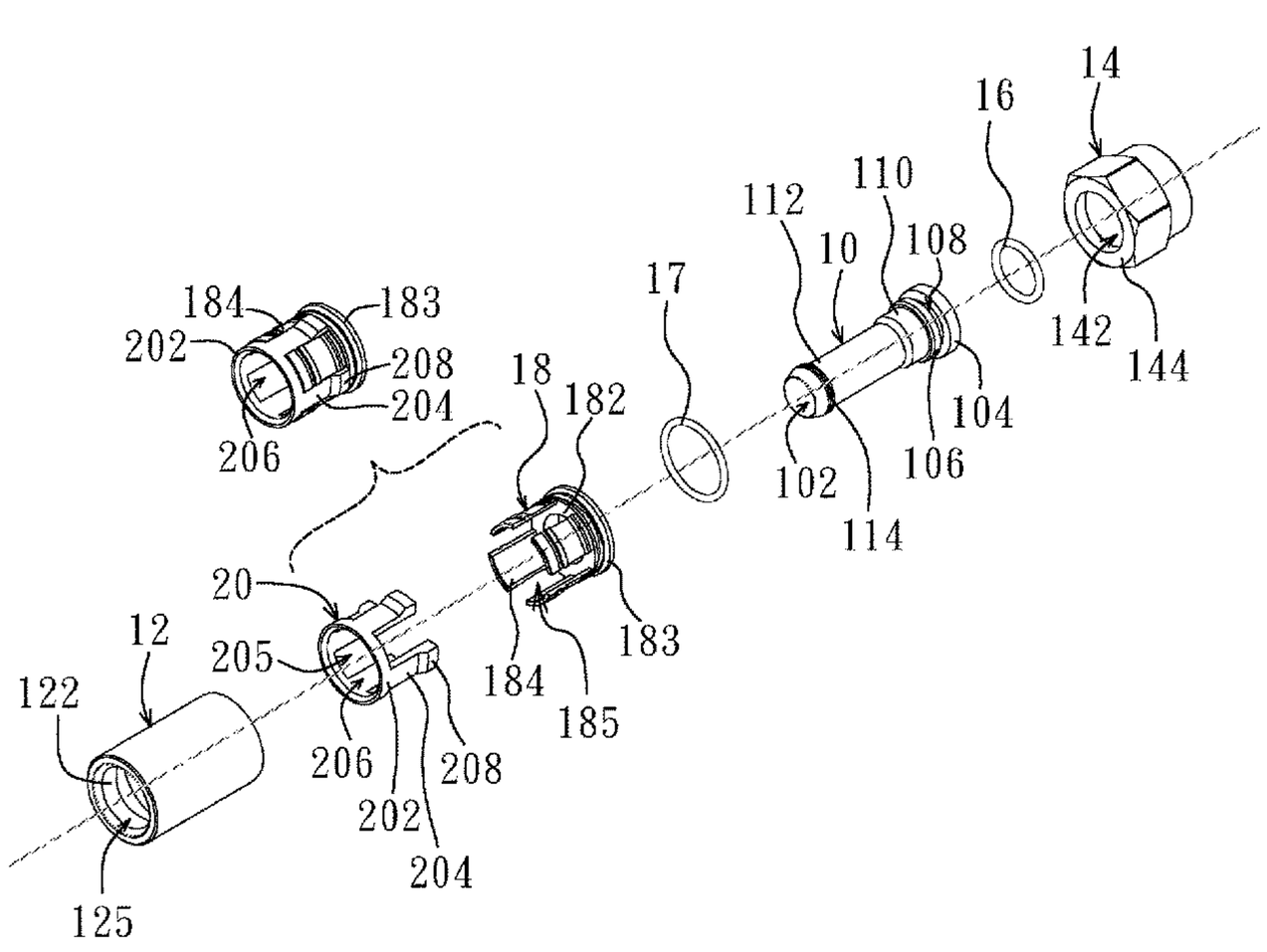
(57) **ABSTRACT**

A coaxial cable connector comprises: an inner sleeve which has a first outer flange and a first surface; a nut coaxially arranged with the inner sleeve and comprising a first inner flange and a threaded portion, wherein the threaded portion of the nut is adapted to engage with a threaded surface of a connector of an electronic device; a first inner ring coaxially arranged with the inner sleeve and comprising a ring portion and a plurality of elastic portions, one end of each of the plurality of elastic portions comprising a second outer flange disposed between the ring portion and the first outer flange; and an outer sleeve coaxially arranged with the first inner ring and the inner sleeve, wherein when the outer sleeve moves toward the nut, an engaging bump of the outer sleeve presses the second outer flange to enable the second outer flange to move toward the outer surface of the inner sleeve.

18 Claims, 5 Drawing Sheets



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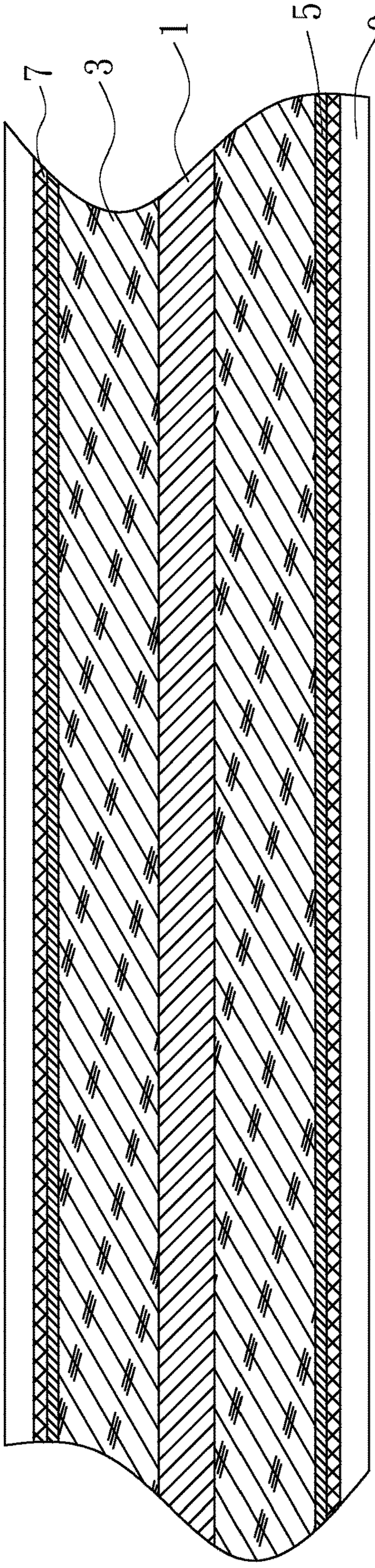


FIG.1

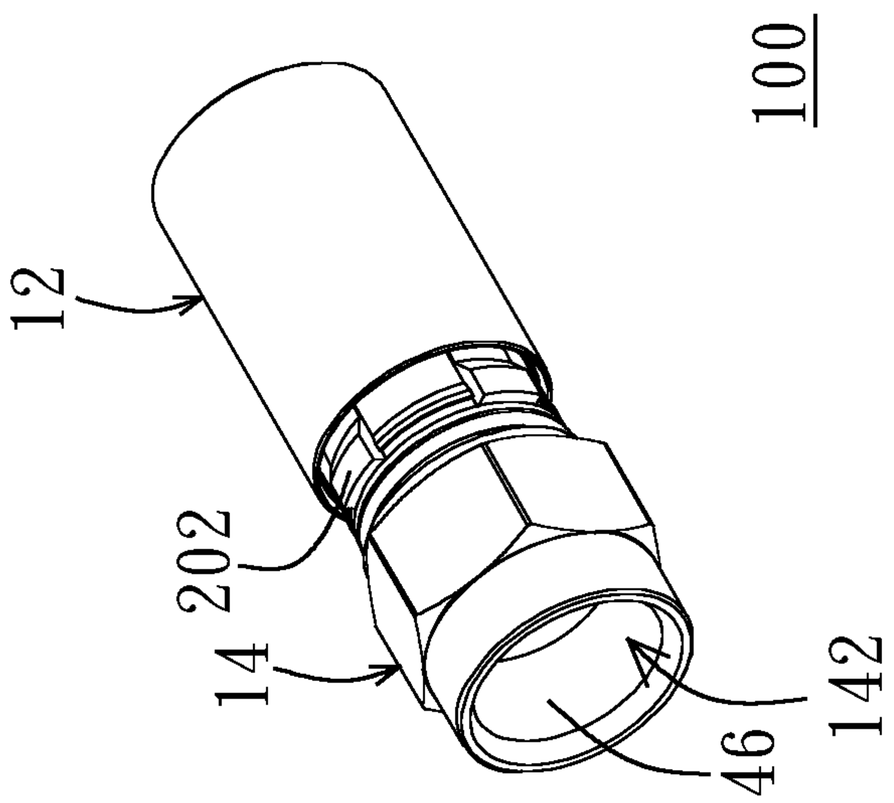

100
12
202
14
142
46

FIG.2B

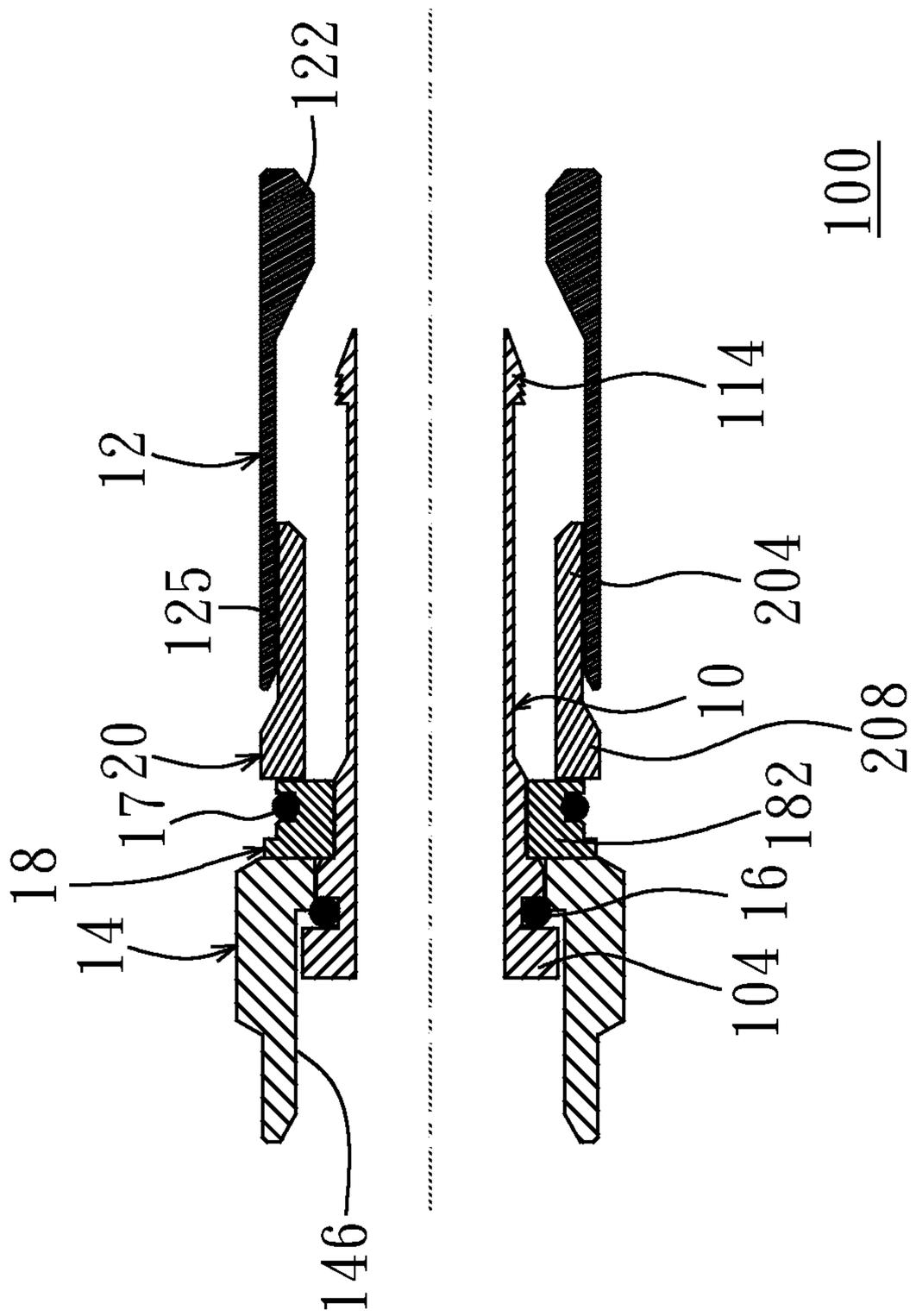

122
12
125
20
17
18
14
146
114
100
204
10
208
182
16
104

FIG.2A

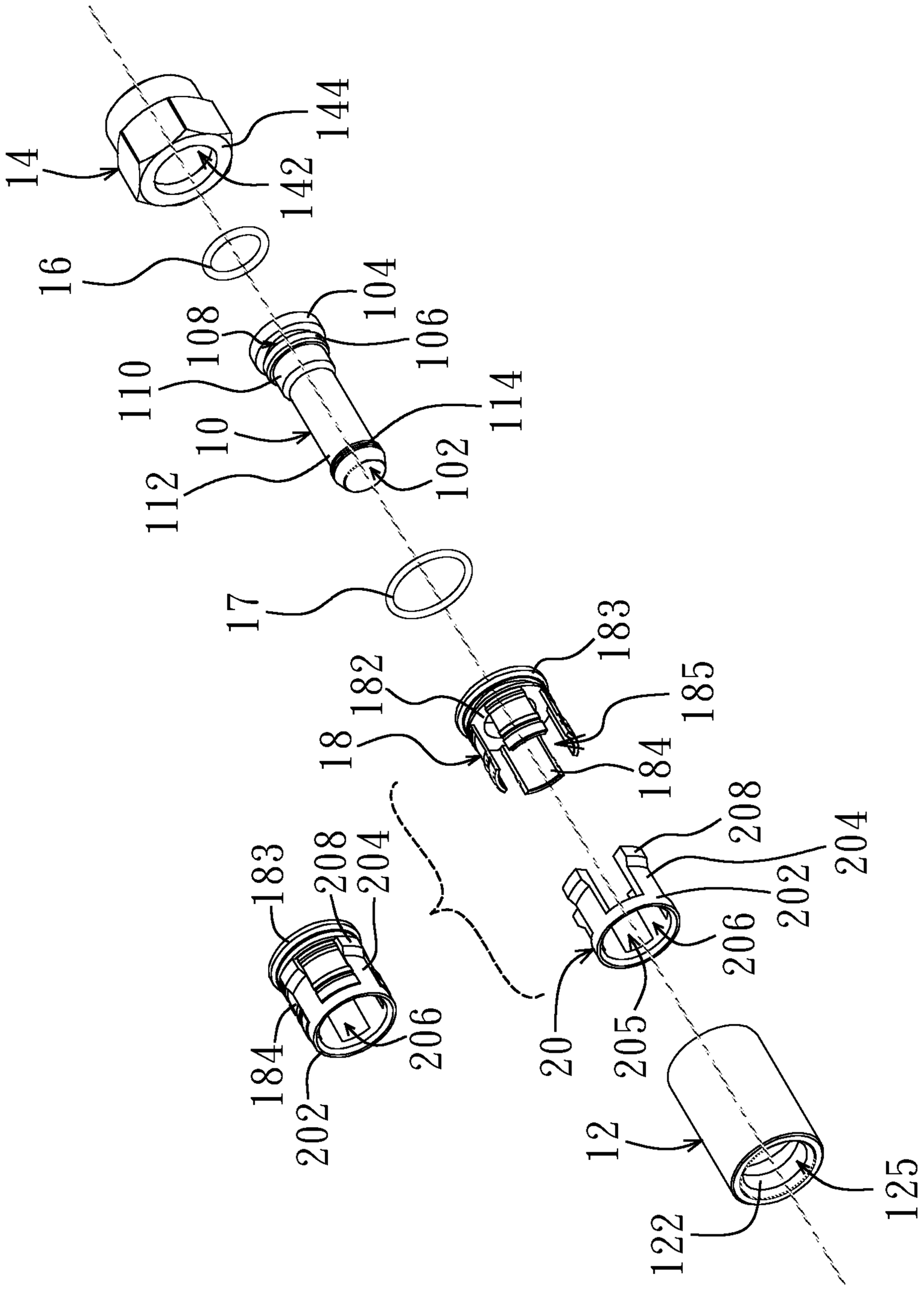

14
144
142
16
104
108
110
106
10
114
112
102
17
183
182
18
185
184
208
204
206
202
20
205
12
122
125

FIG.3A

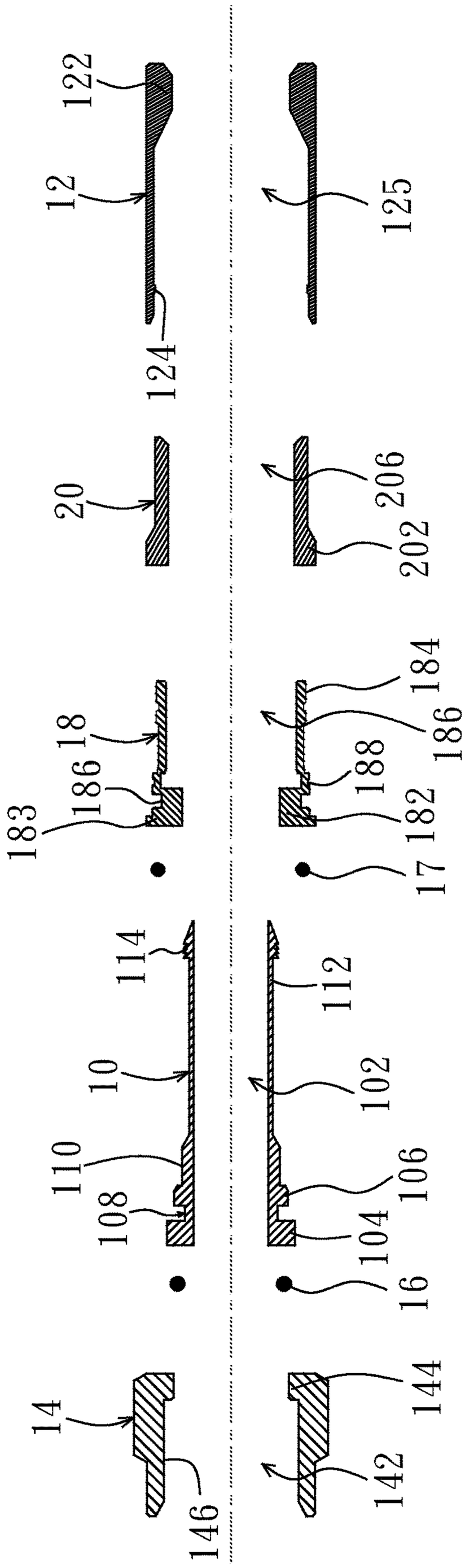
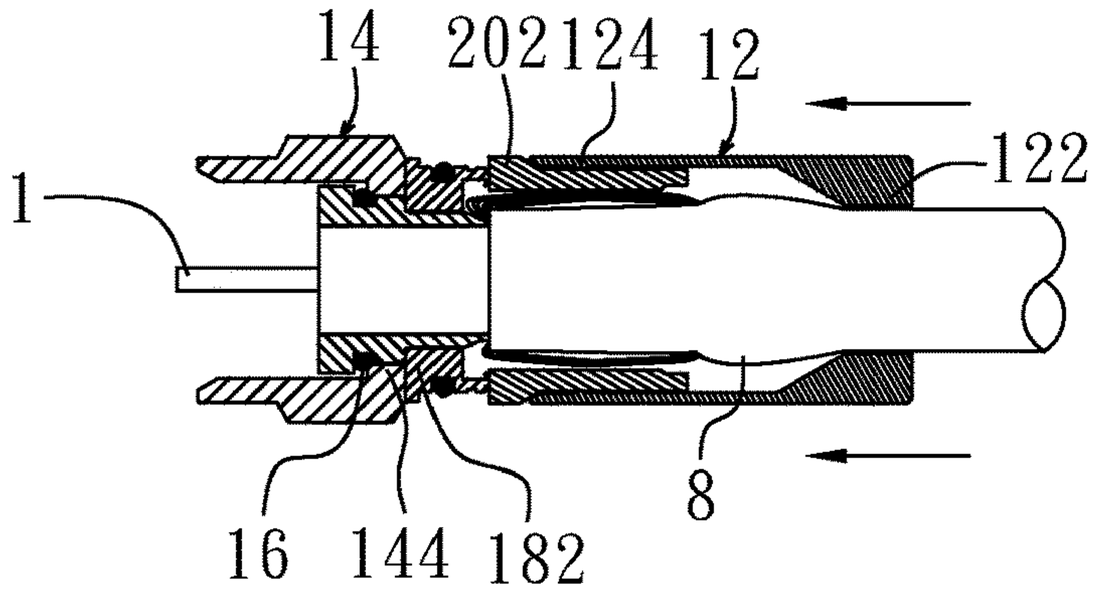

122
12
124
125
20
183
186
18
188
182
184
186
17
206
202
114
112
110
108
10
102
104
106
16
14
146
142
144

FIG.3B


14
202
124
12
122
1
8
16
144
182

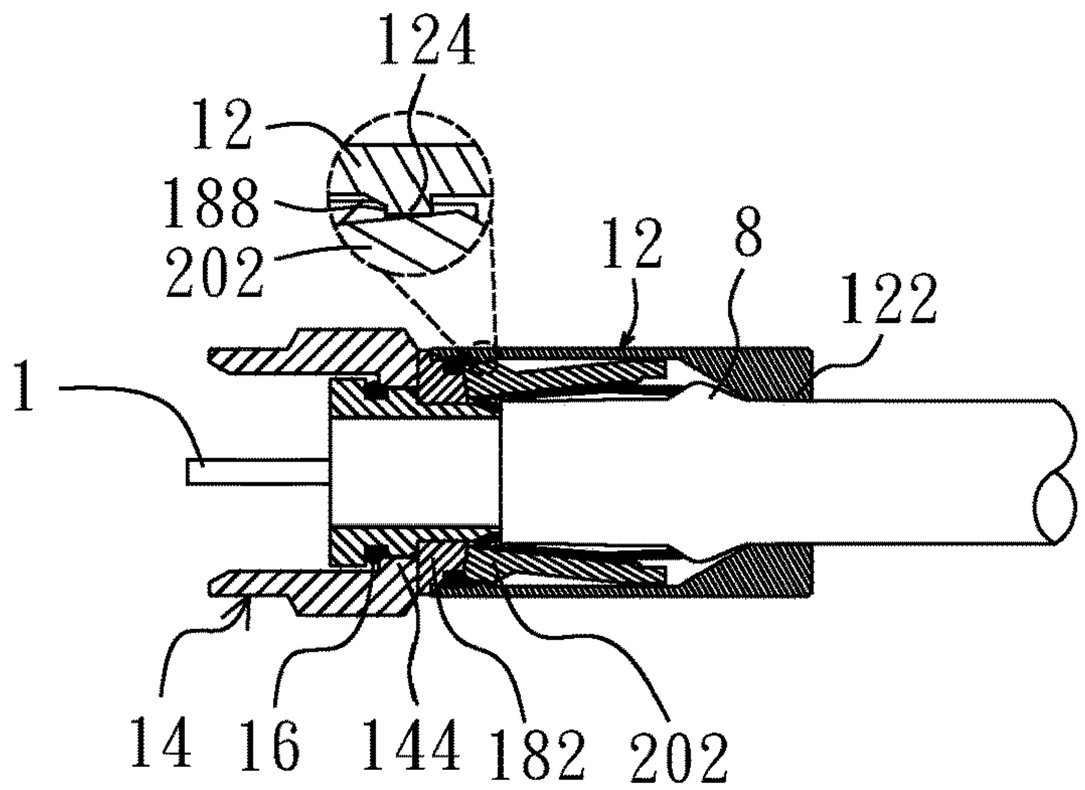

124
12
188
202
12
8
122
1
14
16
144
182
202

FIG.4A

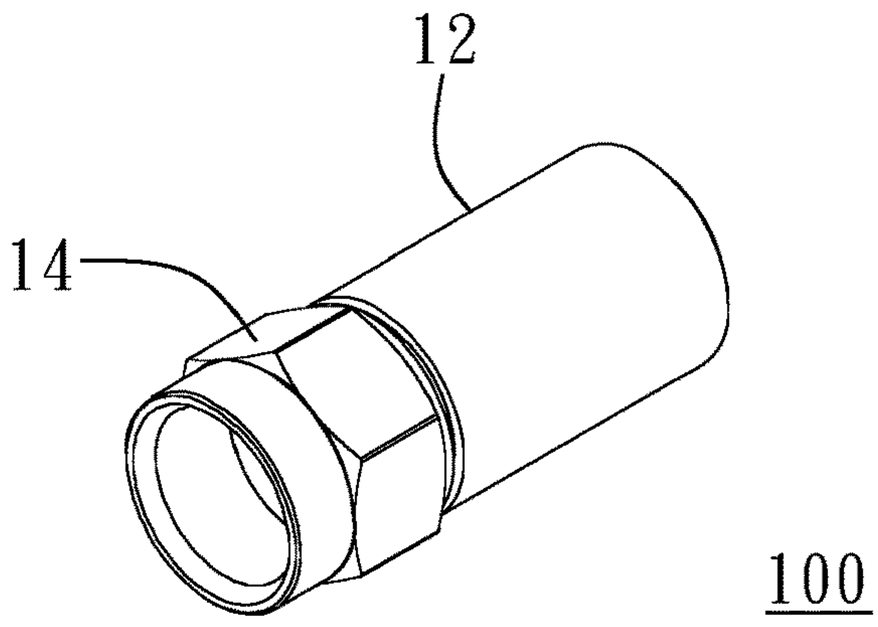

12
14
100

FIG.4B

COAXIAL CABLE CONNECTOR

RELATED APPLICATION

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/486,472, filed Apr. 18, 2017, which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety for all purposes.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a coaxial cable connector, and more particularly, to a coaxial cable connector having high tensile strength.

Brief Description of the Related Art

The signal connector generally refers to the connecting elements and their accessories for connecting with the electronic signals and power signals, functioning as a bridge for all signals. The quality of the signal connector will affect the reliability of current and signal transmission and is also closely associated with the operation of the electronic system. As the types of the electronic systems differ, the specifications and structure of the signal connectors will also vary. However, in order for the signal connector to have a favorable "signal transmission stability", many of the state-of-the-art technologies are aimed at improving the existing signal connectors to provide consumers with better products, wherein the coaxial cable carries the cable TV signal to a receiving television. This coaxial cable can be connected to cable TV decoders (cable TV decoders), cassette video recorder/digital disc (VCR/DVD) digital hard disk recorder hard disk digital recorders, satellite receivers, video games, TV signal distribution splitters, and switches via Screw-on F-Type connectors.

In general, most of the coaxial cables use a single-core bare copper wire, a multi-core copper wire, a copper-clad steel wire, or a tin-plated copper wire, etc. as the internal conductor wire. The conductor wire is then surrounded by layers of ring-shaped materials and is covered with an insulating layer, wherein the insulating layer can be made of material such as transparent PE, foamed PE, FB, solid polyester. Also, the insulation layer is covered with a copper braid shield. The copper braid shield is mostly made of braided metal wires such as copper wire or aluminum wire. Lastly, the outer surface of the braided metal wires is covered with a jacket made of plastic materials such as PE, PVC, NC-PVC, LSFH. Since the cross-section of the coaxial cable is concentric, its structure can provide shieling effect for electromagnetic signal carried inside the coaxial cable for preventing external noise interference, which makes the coaxial cable suitable for transmitting high-frequency signals such as video and audio.

The applicant has discovered that there are still problems existed in various coaxial cable connectors and need to be improved. For example, when the user pulls the coaxial cable of the coaxial cable connector, it can easily cause the coaxial cable to loosen up, resulting in unstable transmission of signals. Accordingly, it is an important issue to resolve the foregoing problem in the industry.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a coaxial cable connector adapted to be mounted to the coaxial cable. The coaxial cable connector is adapted to engage the electronic device which has a joint with a threaded surface. The coaxial cable connector comprises an inner sleeve comprising a first outer flange and a first surface; a nut is coaxially arranged with the inner sleeve, including a first inner flange and a threaded portion, wherein the threaded portion of the nut is adapted to engage the threaded surface; a first inner ring is coaxially arranged with the inner sleeve, wherein the first inner ring comprises a ring portion and a plurality of elastic portions. One end of each of the plurality of elastic portions is respectively connected with the ring portion, and a first gap is formed between each two adjacent elastic portions of the plurality of elastic portions, and the other end of each of the plurality of elastic portions has a second outer flange. The second outer flange is axially disposed between the ring portion and the first outer flange, and a first annular space is formed between the ring portion and a part of the first rear-end extension portion, and an outer sleeve is coaxially arranged with the first inner ring and the inner sleeve. The inner wall of the outer sleeve has a second inner flange and an engaging bump which is in contact with the outer surface of the first inner ring. The engaging bump is axially disposed between the second inner flange and the second outer flange. When the outer sleeve moves axially toward the nut, the engaging bump can press the second outer flange, so that the second outer flange is moved radially toward the outer surface of the inner sleeve.

The present invention provides an inner ring adapted to be mounted to the coaxial cable connector. The coaxial cable connector is adapted to engage the electronic device which has a joint with a threaded surface, wherein the coaxial cable connector comprises an inner sleeve, an outer sleeve coaxially arranged outside the inner sleeve, and an nut coaxially arranged with the inner sleeve, wherein the threaded portion of the nut is adapted to engage the threaded surface, characterized in that: the inner ring comprises a first inner flange, a ring portion, a plurality of elastic portions and a plurality of wings, wherein the first inner flange is fixedly engaged on the inner sleeve and the first inner flange is disposed between the ring portion and the nut, wherein the plurality of wings are disposed between the first inner flange and the plurality of elastic portions, wherein the plurality of elastic portions are respectively disposed between each two adjacent wings of the plurality of wings, wherein one end of each of the plurality of elastic portions is fixedly engaged with the ring portion while the other end of each portion has a first outer flange, and the first outer flange is disposed between the ring portion and the first inner flange, and wherein when the outer sleeve moves toward the nut, the engaging bump of the outer sleeve presses the first outer flange such that the first outer flange moves radially toward the axial of the inner sleeve.

These and other components, steps, features, benefits, and advantages of the present invention will now be apparent from the following description of illustrative embodiments, the accompanying drawings, and the detailed description of the claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. **1** is a cross-sectional view of a coaxial cable according to one embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. **2**A is a cross-sectional view of a coaxial cable connector according to one embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. **2**B is a 3D view of the coaxial cable connector according to one embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. **3**A is a 3D exploded view of the for the coaxial cable connector according to one embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. **3**B is an exploded cross-sectional view of a coaxial cable according to one embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. **4**A is a schematic cross-sectional view showing the coaxial cable connector assembled with the coaxial cable according to one embodiment of the present invention; and

FIG. **4**B is another 3D view of the coaxial cable connector according to one embodiment of the present invention.

While certain embodiments are depicted in the drawings, one skilled in the art will appreciate that the embodiments depicted are illustrative and that variations of those shown, as well as other embodiments described herein, may be envisioned and practiced within the scope of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The drawings disclose illustrative embodiments of the present invention. They do not set forth all embodiments. Other embodiments may be used in addition or instead. Details that may be apparent or unnecessary may be omitted to save space or for more effective illustration. Conversely, some embodiments may be practiced without all of the details that are disclosed. When the same numeral appears in different drawings, it refers to the same or similar components or steps.

The present invention will become more fully understood from the detailed description given herein below and the accompanying drawings which are given by way of illustration only, and thus are not to be considered as limiting the present invention. The drawings are not necessarily drawn to scale, emphasis instead being placed on the principles of the present invention.

Illustrative embodiments are now described. Other embodiments may be used in addition or instead. Details that may be apparent or unnecessary may be omitted to save space or for a more effective presentation. Conversely, some embodiments may be practiced without all of the details that are disclosed.

The present invention provides a coaxial cable connector, wherein the coaxial cable connector, as shown in the cross-sectional view in FIG. **1**, includes a metal wire **1**, an insulating layer **3** enclosing the metal wire **1**, a metal film **5** enclosing the insulating layer **3**, a braided metal layer **7** enclosing the metal film **5**, and a plastic jacket **9** enclosing the braided metal layer **7**, wherein the metal wire **1** may be made of copper, iron, silver, nickel, tin, gold, a copper-gold alloy, a copper-tin alloy, a copper-nickel alloy, other polymers with favorable conductivity or a non-metal conductor or the like. Furthermore, the metal film **5** may be made of an aluminum-containing film, copper-containing film, or conductive film, such as aluminum or copper foil, wherein the metal film **5** has an electrical shielding effect to reduce electrical interference. The braided metal layer **7** may be made of two, three or four layers of braided metal, such as aluminum, an aluminum alloy, copper or a copper alloy.

Please refer to FIGS. **2**A, **2**B, **3**A and **3**B, which in sequence are the cross-sectional view, the 3D view, the 3D exploded view and the exploded cross-sectional view of the present invention. The coaxial cable connector **100** may include an inner sleeve **10**, an outer sleeve **12**, a nut **14**, a first rubber ring **16**, a second rubber ring **17**, a first inner ring **18** and a second inner ring **20**. The inner sleeve **10**, the outer sleeve **12**, the first inner ring **18** and the nut **14** may be made of a conductive material, such as copper, iron, silver, nickel, tin, gold, a copper-gold alloy, a copper-tin alloy, other polymers with favorable conductivity or a non-metal conductor. Also, the surfaces of the inner sleeve **10**, the outer sleeve **12**, the first inner ring **18** and the nut **14** may be covered with a rust-proof metal layer made of such material as copper, iron, silver, nickel, tin, gold, a copper-gold alloy, a copper-tin alloy, other polymers with favorable conductivity or a non-metal conductor, by an electroplating or electroless plating process. Additionally, the rubber ring **16** is made of rubber material, but may be replaced with other flexible and waterproof polymer material.

The inner sleeve **10** of the present invention has a through hole **102**, a first outer flange **104**, a second outer flange **106**, a first groove **108**, a first surface **110** and a first rear-end extension portion **112**, wherein the first groove **118** is disposed between the first outer flange **104** and the second outer flange **106**, the first surface **110** is located between and the second outer flange **106** and first rear-end extension portion **112**. In addition, there is a third outer flange **114** on first rear-end extension portion **112**. The third outer flange **114** may include a zigzag-shaped protrusion. The first rubber ring **16** may be annularly disposed within the first groove **108**.

The nut **14** of the present invention has a first inner flange **144** and a thread portion **146**, wherein the nut **14** may be a hexagonal nut, square nut, ring nut or wing nut that can be used to lock the connector to an electronic device using a wrench or other tool. The first inner flange **144** has a through hole **142** therebetween. The first rear-end extension portion **112** of the inner sleeve **10** may pass through the through hole **142** of the nut **14** such that the first inner flange **144** of the nut **14** is disposed on the second outer flange **106** and partially located in the first groove **108** as well as in contact with the first rubber ring **16**. The nut **14** can be rotated and moved back and forth on the second outer flange **106** and the first groove **108**. When the first inner flange **144** of the nut **14** moves toward the first groove **108**, the first inner flange **144** presses the first rubber ring **16** to deform. The gap between the first inner flange **144** and the first groove **108** can be filled by the rubber ring **16** to attain the waterproof effect.

The first inner ring **18** of the present invention comprises a second inner flange **182**, a plurality of wings **184** and a fourth outer flange **183** which are integrally formed. A through hole **186** is axially formed along a center line of the second inner flange **182**, the fourth outer flange **183** is disposed on a surface of the second inner flange **182**, and a second groove **186** is annularly disposed on the second inner flange **182**. One end of each of the plurality of wings **184** is disposed in the lateral side of the second inner flange **182** and a gap **185** is between each two adjacent wings **184** of the plurality of wings **184**, and a third groove **188** is disposed on the edge of each wing **184** near a side surface connecting the second inner flange **182**, the depth of the third groove **188** is smaller than that of the second groove **186**. The inner sleeve **10** is passed through the through hole **186** of the first inner ring **18** via the first rear-end extension portion **112** which is coaxially arranged with the first surface **110** of the inner sleeve **10** in a tight-fitting manner such that a lower surface of the second inner flange **182** is radially engaged and tightly fixed with the first surface **110** of the inner sleeve **10**. A second rubber ring **17** can be annularly disposed within the second groove **186**.

The second inner ring **20** of the present invention comprises a ring portion **202** and a plurality of elastic portions **204** which are integrally formed. A through hole **206** is

axially formed along a center line of the ring portion **202**, one end of each of the plurality of elastic portions **204** is disposed on a side surface of the ring portion **202**, a gap **205** is formed between each two adjacent elastic portions **204** of the plurality of elastic portions **204**, and a fifth outer flange **208** is disposed on the other end of each of the plurality of elastic portions **204**. The inner sleeve **10** is passed through the through hole **206** of the second inner ring **20** via the first rear-end extension portion **112**, wherein each of the plurality of elastic portions **204** is inserted into the gap **185** of the first inner ring **18** such that one end of each of the plurality of elastic portions **204** is abutted on a side surface of the second inner flange **182** of the first inner ring **18**, and wherein the plurality of wings **184** of the first inner ring **18** are respectively inserted into the corresponding gap **205** of the second inner ring **20** such that one end of each of the plurality of wings **184** is abutted on a side surface of the ring portion **202** of the second inner ring **20**. In this way, the second inner ring **20** and the first inner ring **18** form a circumferential surface via the mutual engagement of the plurality of elastic portions **204** and the plurality wings **184** in the circumferential direction, respectively. A concentric annular space is formed between a part of the first rear-end extension portion **112** and the circumferential surface formed by the plurality elastic portions **204** and the plurality of wings **184**. In addition, one end of the fifth outer flange **208** of each of the plurality of elastic portions **204** can move up and down radially in the gap **185** of the first inner ring **18**. The fifth outer flange **208** on each of the plurality of elastic portions **204** is protruded out of outer arc surfaces on both of each of the plurality elastic portions **204** and each of the plurality wings **184**, i.e. the diameter of the top end surface of the fifth outer flange **208** is greater than the diameters of the outer surfaces on both of each of the plurality of elastic portions **204** and each of the plurality wings **184**. Further, the first inner ring **18** and the second inner ring **20** can also be integrally formed into a metal inner sleeve (not shown), which comprises the plurality of elastic portions **204**, the plurality of wings **184**, the second inner flange **182** and the ring portion **202**. The plurality of wings **184** are respectively connected with the second inner flange **182** and the ring portion **202**, and the plurality of elastic portions **204** are respectively disposed between the corresponding each two adjacent wings **184** of the plurality of wings **184**.

The outer sleeve **12** of the present invention has a fourth inner flange **122**, an engaging bump **124**, and a through hole **125**, wherein the fourth inner flange **122** is disposed at one end of the outer sleeve **12**, which is defined as a rear end of the outer sleeve **12**, and the engaging bump **124** is annularly disposed an inner wall close to the other end of the outer sleeve **12**, which is defined as a front end of the outer sleeve **12**. The first rear-end extension portion **112** of the inner sleeve **10** is passed through the through hole **125** of the front end of the outer sleeve **12**, and the inner wall of the front end of the outer sleeve **12** can contact with the circumferential surface formed by the plurality of elastic portions **204** and the plurality of wings **184**. When the outer sleeve **12** continues to move toward the direction of a nut **14**, the front end of the outer sleeve **12** is abutted on an inclined surface of the fifth outer flange **208** on each of the plurality of elastic portions **204** such that the fifth outer flange **208** moves radially (i.e., up and down) toward the axial direction of the circumferential surface, namely, to move axially toward the center line or outer surface of the inner sleeve **10**. While the outer sleeve **12** continues to move toward the nut **14**, the engaging bump **124** of the outer sleeve **12** is abutted on a top end surface of the fifth outer flange **208**. While the outer sleeve **12** further continues to move toward the nut **14**, the engaging bump **124** is latched in the third groove **188** on the outer surface of the first inner ring **18**. Meanwhile, the front end of the outer sleeve **12** is abutted on the fourth outer flange **183** of the first inner ring **18**, at this time the fourth inner flange **122** fully surrounds the first rear-end extension portion **112** of the inner sleeve **10**, and a concentric annular space between the inner wall of the outer sleeve **12** and the first rear-end extension portion **112** of the inner sleeve **10** is formed, wherein the radial distance between the inner wall of the outer sleeve **12** and the outer surface of the first rear-end extension portion **112** of the inner sleeve **10** is greater than the radial distance between the inner wall of the second inner ring **20** and the outer surface of the first rear-end extension portion **112** of the inner sleeve **10**.

As shown in FIG. **4**A and FIG. **4**B, the assembly procedures of the coaxial cable connector **100** of the present invention and the coaxial cable is first to assemble the inner sleeve **10**, the outer sleeve **12**, the nut **14**, the first rubber ring **16**, the second rubber ring **17**, the first inner ring **18** and the second inner ring **20**, then the coaxial cable is mounted to the coaxial cable connector **100**. Specifically, the assembly procedures consist of annularly disposing the first rubber ring **16** within the first groove **108**, then passing the first rear-end extension portion **112** of the inner sleeve **10** through the through hole **142** of the nut **14** such that the first inner flange **144** of the nut **14** is disposed on the second outer flange **106**, and positioning a part of the first inner flange **144** on the first groove **108** in contact with the first rubber ring **16**, then annularly disposing the second rubber ring **17** on the second groove **186** of the first inner ring **18**, and then passing the first rear-end extension portion **112** of the inner sleeve **10** through the through hole **186** of the first inner ring **18** and coaxially arranging it with the first surface **110** of the inner sleeve **10** in a tight-fitting manner, and further passing the first rear-end extension portion **112** of the inner sleeve **10** through the through hole **206** of the second inner ring **20**, wherein each of the plurality of elastic portions **204** is inserted into the gap **185** of the first inner ring **18** such that one end of each of the plurality of elastic portions **204** is abutted on the side surface of the second inner flange **182** of the first inner ring **18**, and wherein each of the plurality of wings **184** of the first inner ring **18** is inserted into the gap **205** of the second inner ring **20** such that one end of each of the plurality of wings **184** is abutted on the side surface of the ring portion **202** of the second inner ring **20**, and then passing the first rear-end extension portion **112** of the inner sleeve **10** through the through hole **125** from the front end of the outer sleeve **12**, wherein the inner wall at the front end of the outer sleeve **12** is in contact with the circumferential surface formed by the plurality elastic portions **204** and the plurality wings **184**, then removing a part of the plastic layer **9** of the coaxial cable so that a part of the braided metal layer **7** is evaginated to cover partial outer surface of the plastic layer **9**, and then passing the coaxial cable through the coaxial cable connector **100**, wherein the braided metal layer **7** and the plastic layer **9** of the coaxial cable are extruded into an annular space formed between the first rear-end extension portion **112** of the inner sleeve **10** and the outer sleeve **12**, and extruded into an annular space formed between the first rear-end extension portion **112** and the circumferential surface formed by the plurality elastic portions **204** and the plurality of wings **184**. Further, a metal wire **1**, an insulating layer **3** and a thin metal layer **5** of the coaxial cable are inserted into the inner sleeve **10** from a rear end to a front end of the through hole **102**, wherein the metal wire **1** extends to a space formed by the threaded portion **146** of the

nut **14**, and wherein the first rear-end extension portion **112** of the inner sleeve **10** is inserted between the braided metal layer **7** and the plastic layer **9**, and wherein a third outer flange **114** on the first rear-end extension portion **112** can open the plastic layer **9** to form a plastic bump **8** in an annular space formed between the first rear-end extension portion **112** of the inner sleeve **10** and the outer sleeve **12**.

Continuing to force the outer sleeve **12** to move toward the nut **14**, the front end of the outer sleeve **12** is abutted on an inclined surface of the fifth outer flange **208** on the plurality of elastic portions **204**, at this time the fifth outer flange **208** begins to move radially toward the axial direction of the circumferential surface (i.e., up and down). The outer sleeve **12** further continues to move toward the nut **14**, and the engaging bump **124** of the outer sleeve **12** is abutted on a top end surface of the fifth outer flange **208** until the engaging bump **124** is latched in the third groove **188** on the outer surface of the first inner ring **18**. Meanwhile, the front end of the outer sleeve **12** is abutted on the fourth outer flange **183** of the first inner ring **18**, at this moment, the bottom of the fifth outer flange **208** presses and locks the braided metal layer **7** and the plastic layer **9** disposed between first rear-end extension portion **112** and the circumferential surface formed by the plurality of elastic portions **204** and the plurality of wings **184** such that the coaxial cable is tightly bonded to the coaxial cable connector **100**. At the same time, the fourth inner flange **122** of the outer sleeve **12** is abutted on the plastic bump **8** such that the coaxial cable is more fixed with the coaxial cable connector **100**, and thus the coaxial cable is not easy to fall off.

Though the embodiments of the present invention have been shown and described, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that such embodiments can be varied without departing from the principles and spirit of the present invention. The scope of the present invention is defined by the appended claims and their equivalents. The scope of protection of the present invention shall be defined as the scope of the patent application as claimed. It should be noted that the term "include" does not exclude other elements, and the term "one" does not exclude plurality.

Unless otherwise stated, all measurements, values, ratings, positions, magnitudes, sizes, and other specifications that are set forth in this specification, including in the claims that follow, are approximate, not exact. They are intended to have a reasonable range that is consistent with the functions to which they relate and with what is customary in the art to which they pertain.

What is claimed is:

1. A coaxial cable connector for connecting a coaxial cable, said coaxial cable connector is adapted to engage with a connector of an electronic device having a threaded surface, said coaxial cable connector comprising:

an inner sleeve, comprising a first outer flange, a second outer flange and a first rear-end extension portion, wherein the second outer flange is disposed between the first outer flange and first rear-end extension portion;

a nut, coaxially arranged with the inner sleeve, comprising a first inner flange and a threaded portion adapted to engage with said threaded surface, wherein the first inner flange is positioned on the second outer flange of the inner sleeve;

a second inner ring, coaxially arranged with the inner sleeve, wherein the second inner ring comprises a ring portion and a plurality of elastic portions, wherein one end of each of the plurality of elastic portions is respectively connected with said ring, portion, and a first gap is formed between each two adjacent elastic portions of the plurality of elastic portions, and the other end of each of the plurality of elastic portions comprises a fifth outer flange; and

an outer sleeve coaxially arranged with the second inner ring and the inner sleeve, wherein the inner wall of the outer sleeve comprises a fourth inner flange and an engaging bump, wherein the engaging bump is in contact with the outer surface of the second inner ring and is positioned between the fourth inner flange and the fifth outer flange of the second inner ring,

wherein the ring portion of the second inner ring is positioned between the fifth outer flange of the second inner ring and the fourth inner flange of the outer sleeve, and wherein a first annular space is formed between the ring portion and a part of the first rear-end extension portion of the inner sleeve, and

wherein when the outer sleeve moves toward the nut, the engaging bump presses the fifth outer flange of the second inner ring so as to enable the fifth outer flange to move toward the outer surface of the inner sleeve.

2. The coaxial cable connector according to claim **1**, further comprising a first inner ring coaxially arranged with the outer surface of the inner sleeve, wherein the first inner ring comprises a second inner flange and a plurality of wings, wherein one end of each of the plurality of wings is connected to the second inner flange, and a second gap is formed between each two adjacent wings of the plurality of wings, and wherein the other end of each of the plurality of wings is respectively inserted into the first gaps between each two adjacent elastic portions of the plurality of elastic portions.

3. The coaxial cable connector according to claim **1**, wherein said ring portion and said plurality of elastic portions are integrally formed.

4. The coaxial cable connector according to claim **1**, wherein the second inner ring is made of a material comprising polymer.

5. The coaxial cable connector according to claim **1**, wherein when the coaxial cable is mounted on the coaxial cable connector, the coaxial cable forms a plastic bump in a second annular space between the inner wall of the outer sleeve and the outer surface of the inner sleeve, and the fourth inner flange of the outer sleeve abuts against the plastic bump.

6. The coaxial cable connector according to claim **1**, wherein when the coaxial cable is mounted on the coaxial cable connector and the outer sleeve axially moves toward the nut, the engaging bump presses the fifth outer flange so as to enable the fifth outer flange to press the coaxial cable radially.

7. The coaxial cable connector according to claim **1**, further comprising a first inner ring coaxially arranged with the outer surface of the inner sleeve, wherein the first inner ring comprises a third groove thereon, wherein when the outer sleeve moves axially toward the nut, the engaging bump presses the fifth outer flange of the second inner ring and be locked in the third groove of the first inner ring.

8. The coaxial cable connector according to claim **7**, wherein the first inner ring further comprises a second inner flange and a plurality of wings integrally formed therewith, wherein one end of each of the plurality of wings is connected to the second inner flange, and a second gap is formed between each two adjacent wings of the plurality of wings, and wherein the other end of each of the wings is respectively inserted into the first gaps between each two adjacent elastic portions of the plurality of elastic portions.

9. The coaxial cable connector according to claim 1, wherein the inner sleeve further comprises a first groove disposed between the first outer flange and the second outer flange so as to coaxially arrange with a rubber ring.

10. The coaxial cable connector according to claim 1, wherein the outer surface of the first inner ring further comprises a second groove for coaxially arranging with a rubber ring.

11. An inner ring, adapted for assembly to a coaxial cable connector, said coaxial cable connector is adapted to engage with a connector of an electronic device having a threaded surface, wherein the coaxial cable connector comprises an inner sleeve having a first outer flange and a second outer flange, an outer sleeve coaxially arranged outside of the inner sleeve, having an engaging bump, and a nut coaxially arranged with the inner sleeve, wherein the threaded portion of the nut is adapted to engage with the threaded surface of the connector of the electronic device, characterized in that:

the inner ring comprises a second inner flange, a ring portion, a plurality of elastic portions and a plurality of wings, wherein the second inner flange is fixedly engaged on the inner sleeve and the second inner flange is positioned between the ring portion and the nut, wherein the plurality of wings are disposed between the second inner flange and the plurality of elastic portions, wherein each of the plurality of elastic portions is respectively disposed between each corresponding two adjacent wings of the plurality of wings, wherein one end of each of the plurality elastic portions is fixedly engaged with said ring portion and the other end of each of the plurality elastic portions comprises a fifth outer flange, wherein the engaging bump of the outer sleeve is positioned between the second outer flange of the inner sleeve and the ring portion, wherein when the outer sleeve moves toward the nut, the engaging bump presses the fifth outer flange so as to enable the fifth outer flange to move toward the outer surface of the inner sleeve.

12. The coaxial cable connector according to claim 11, wherein the inner ring is comprised of a first inner ring and a second inner ring, wherein the first inner ring comprises the second inner flange and a plurality of wings, wherein one end of each of the plurality of wings is connected to the second inner flange, and a second gap is formed between each two adjacent wings of the plurality of wings, wherein the second inner ring comprises the ring portion and plurality of elastic portions, wherein one end of each of the plurality of elastic portions is respectively connected with said ring portion, and a first gap is formed between each two adjacent elastic portions of the plurality of elastic portions, wherein each of the plurality of elastic portions is capable of being inserted in the second gap, and each of the plurality of wings is capable of being inserted in the first gap.

13. The coaxial cable connector according to claim 11, wherein the inner ring is made of a material comprising metal.

14. The coaxial cable connector according to claim 11, wherein the inner ring is made of a material comprising polymer.

15. The coaxial cable connector according to claim 11, wherein when the coaxial cable is mounted on the coaxial cable connector, the coaxial cable forms a plastic bump in a second annular space between the inner wall of the outer sleeve and the outer surface of the inner sleeve, and the fourth inner flange of the outer sleeve abuts against the plastic bump.

16. The coaxial cable connector according to claim 11, wherein the inner ring comprises a third groove thereon, wherein when the outer sleeve moves axially toward the nut, the engaging bump presses the fifth outer flange and be locked in the third groove.

17. The coaxial cable connector according to claim 11, wherein the inner sleeve further comprises a first groove disposed between the first outer flange and the second outer flange so as to coaxially arrange with a rubber ring.

18. The coaxial cable connector according to claim 11, wherein the outer surface of the inner ring further comprises a second groove for coaxially arranging with a rubber ring.

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