

#### (12) United States Patent Suzuki

# (10) Patent No.: US 10,551,206 B2 (45) Date of Patent: Feb. 4, 2020

- (54) NAVIGATION SYSTEM INCLUDING NAVIGATION SERVER, MOBILE TERMINALS, AND BEACON SIGNAL GENERATING DEVICES
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- (\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 219 days.
- (21) Appl. No.: 15/687,531
- (22) Filed: Aug. 27, 2017

(65) Prior Publication Data
 US 2018/0087921 A1 Mar. 29, 2018

(30) Foreign Application Priority Data

Sep. 23, 2016 (JP) ..... 2016-186157

(51) Int. Cl.
G01C 21/36 (2006.01)
G06F 15/173 (2006.01)
G01S 5/10 (2006.01)

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#### (57) **ABSTRACT**

A navigation server includes a network interface controller through which identification information and movement line information of a mobile terminal are received from the mobile terminal, the movement line information including location information and a timestamp, a storage device in which movement line data of the mobile terminal and location data of different places are stored, and a processor configured to extract the movement line data from the movement line information and record the extracted movement line data in the storage device. The processor, in response to a search criteria received from the mobile terminal through the network interface controller, generates using the movement line data and the location data of the different places, a navigation map that shows a place that is located along a route defined by the movement line data and meets the search criteria, and transmits the navigation map to the mobile terminal for display.

U.S. Cl.

(52) **U.S.** 

CPC ...... G01C 21/3617 (2013.01); G06Q 20/202 (2013.01); G06Q 20/325 (2013.01); G06Q 20/3224 (2013.01); H04W 4/023 (2013.01); H04W 4/029 (2018.02); H04W 4/80 (2018.02); G01C 21/3676 (2013.01); G01C 21/3679 (2013.01)

17 Claims, 44 Drawing Sheets



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(51)	Int. Cl.	
	H04W 4/029	(2018.01)
	H04W 4/80	(2018.01)
	G06Q 20/20	(2012.01)
	G06Q 20/32	(2012.01)
	H04W 4/02	(2018.01)

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FIG. 1

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TERMINAL IDENTIFICATION 501 INFORMATION	502
DATE AND TIME INFORMATION	ESTIMATED POSITION INFORMAT
2015/11/11 5:00 PM	(X1,Y1)
2015/11/11 5:01 PM	(X2,Y2)
2015/11/11 6:00 PM	(X30,Y30)
2016/1/11 2:00 PM	(X101,Y101)
2016/1/11 2:01 PM	(X102,Y102)
2016/1/11 2:02 PM	(X103,Y103)
2016/1/11 2:51 PM	(X115,Y115)
2016/1/11 2:51 PM	(X115,Y115)
2016/1/11 2:51 PM	(X115,Y115)

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BEACON TO BEACON POSTTION INFORMATION

BEACON ID	BEACON POSITION INFORMATION
1	(X1,Y1)
2	(X2,Y2)
3	(X3,Y3)

FIG. 7

Т3



	AREA SELECTION INFORMATION	MAP INFORMATION
7011~	(X0,Y0), (X5,Y5)	PATH 1
	(X5,Y0), (X10,Y5)	PATH 2
	(X10,Y0), (X15,Y5)	PATH 3
	(X0,Y5), (X5,Y10)	PATH k
	(X5,Y5), (X10,Y10)	PATH k+1
	(X10,Y5), (X15,Y10)	PATH k+2

7012~	(X0,Y0), (X10,Y10)	PATH m+1
	(X10,Y0), (X20,Y10)	PATH m+2
	(X20,Y0)、(X30,Y10)	PATH m+3

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801 ~	802 2	803 2	804 2	
STORE ID	STORE POSITION INFORMATION	STORE INTRODUCTION INFORMATION A	STORE INTRODUCTION INFORMATION B	
1	(X1,Y2)			
2	(X5,Y2)	•••		
3	(X10,Y4)			•••



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D1



INFORMATION	INFORMATION	INFORMATION

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FIG. 12A



FIG. 12B



D2

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F/G. 13



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FIG. 16

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# FIG. 29

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# FIG. 30

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FIG. 31A







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# FIG. 40

800



FIG. 41





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	2015/11/11 5:00 PM	HANDKERCHIEF	WHITE	MANAGEMENT OFFICE (X10, Y15)
	2015/12/20 2:00 PM	UMBRELLA	FLORAL PATTERN FOLDING TYPE	MANAGEMENT OFFICE (X10, Y15)
	2016/1/11 1:00 PM	UMBRELLA	BLACK LONG UMBRELLA	STORE (X5, Y2)
DT~	2016/1/11 2:00 PM	BAG	BEIGE SHOULDER TYPE	STORE (X1, Y2)

FIG. 45



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FIG. 46



FIG. 47



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# FIG. 48

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INPUT FOUND ARTICLE NOTIFICATION





FIG. 49



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# FIG. 51







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# FIG. 54





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### 1

#### NAVIGATION SYSTEM INCLUDING NAVIGATION SERVER, MOBILE TERMINALS, AND BEACON SIGNAL GENERATING DEVICES

This application is based upon and claims the benefit of priority from Japanese Patent Application No. 2016-186157, filed Sep. 23, 2016, the entire contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

#### FIELD

Embodiments described herein relate generally to an

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FIG. **3** is a block diagram illustrating one example of a hardware configuration of a mobile terminal.

FIG. **4** is a block diagram illustrating one example of functions related to store search service.

<sup>5</sup> FIG. 5 is a diagram illustrating one example of a table configuration of a movement line data management table. FIG. 6 is a diagram illustrating one example of a table configuration of a position information conversion table.
 <sup>10</sup> FIG. 7 is a diagram illustrating one example of a table configuration of a map information table. FIG. 8 is a diagram illustrating one example of a table configuration of a store information table.

FIG. 9 is a diagram illustrating one example of a table

information processing apparatus, a system, a mobile terminal, and a program.

#### BACKGROUND

A person may recall and want to return to a park that the person has seen while on the move, to visit a facility that the 20 person has seen while on the move, or to purchase a merchandise displayed at a storefront that the person has seen while on the move. For example, a birthday present for a family member may come to mind during shopping, and the person may recall merchandise displayed at the store- 25 front that the person has seen while on the move. In addition, when the person thinks about buying food and drink to go to an outdoor place to rest, during a drive on a sunny day, the person may recall a beautiful park that the person has seen for a brief moment, e.g., through a space between buildings. <sup>30</sup> In such cases, the person recalls clearly seeing the locations while on the move and wants to return there. In addition, when the person is on the move, the person acquires feelings about the street, the atmosphere, the level of security, and the like regarding his traveled path. Thus, the person feels more 35 comfortable on the familiar path than paths that the person has not yet traveled. For example, when searching for a karaoke studio, women, students, and the like feel more comfortable with searching for a karaoke studio that is on a familiar path than that not previously traveled. A system exists that generates movement line data indicating a movement of a user. In this system, GPS position information is accumulated in a mobile phone carried by the user. The user inputs the accumulated data into a multifunction peripheral installed on the path toward his or her 45 destination and prints the movement line data based on the accumulated data. With the printed movement line data, the user can notice whether his or her movement is out of the way, or confirm a positional relationship between the user's current position and a famous place or the like that is 50 registered in a location near the destination. However, a system that provides the user with guidance and information regarding the path that the user has traveled has been slow to develop. Even if the user tries to return to a place that the user recalls as being attractive or a store 55 where the user recalls seeing a displayed merchandise that the user is interested in buying, the user ends up wandering aimlessly until he or she finds the place or eventually giving up if he or she cannot find the place.

 $_{15}$  configuration of a merchandise information table.

FIG. 10 is a block diagram illustrating one example of functions for receiving the store search service.

FIG. 11 is a diagram illustrating one example of a storage area configuration of a data portion of transmitted data that an estimated position information notifying unit instructs a first communicating unit to transmit to the server apparatus.

FIGS. **12**A to **12**D are diagrams illustrating one example of a storage area configuration of a data portion of transmitted data that a viewer unit instructs the first communicating unit to transmit to the server apparatus.

FIG. 13 is a sequence diagram illustrating communication between each device of the guidance system in the case of accumulating an estimated position of the mobile terminal in the server apparatus.

FIG. **14** is a diagram illustrating one example of a process flow of a position information notification process.

FIG. **15** is a diagram illustrating one example of a process flow of an estimated position information registration process.

FIG. **16** is a sequence diagram illustrating communication

between each device of the guidance system in the case of the mobile terminal searching for a store by list.
FIG. 17 is a sequence diagram illustrating communication between each device of the guidance system in the case of
40 the mobile terminal searching for a store by keyword.

FIG. **18** is a flowchart of a service process in the case of the server apparatus receiving a movement line data request signal.

FIG. 19 is a flowchart of a service process in the case of the server apparatus receiving a store list request signal.

FIG. 20 is a flowchart of a service process in the case of the server apparatus receiving a keyword search request signal.

FIG. **21** is a flowchart of a service process in the case of the server apparatus receiving a shortest route request signal.

FIGS. **22-25** are each a diagram illustrating one example of screen configurations and a screen flow of each screen used in a store search application.

FIG. **26** is a diagram illustrating one embodiment of providing functional units in a distributed manner in a plurality of server apparatuses according to a second embodiment.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a diagram illustrating one example of a network configuration of a guidance system according to a first embodiment.

FIG. **2** is a block diagram illustrating one example of a hardware configuration of a server apparatus.

FIG. **27** is a diagram illustrating one example of a network configuration of a guidance system according to a third 60 embodiment.

FIG. **28** is a block diagram illustrating one example of functions related to store search service of a server apparatus.

FIG. 29 is a diagram illustrating one example of a
hardware configuration of a POS terminal.
FIG. 30 is a block diagram illustrating one example of
functions related to merchandise inquiry.

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FIGS. **31**A and **31**B are diagrams illustrating one example of storage area configurations of data storage portions of transmitted data of the server apparatus and response data of the POS terminal.

FIG. **32** is a sequence diagram illustrating communication 5 between each device of the guidance system in the case of a mobile terminal searching for a store by keyword.

FIG. 33 is a flowchart of a service process in the case of the server apparatus receiving a keyword search request signal.

FIG. 34 is a conceptual diagram illustrating a configuration of a server apparatus of a guidance system according to a fourth embodiment.

# DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Embodiments provide an information processing apparatus, a system, a mobile terminal, and a program, that enable a user to search for a target place along a path.

In general, according to one embodiment, a navigation server includes a network interface controller through which identification information and movement line information of a mobile terminal are received from the mobile terminal, the <sup>10</sup> movement line information including location information and a timestamp associated with the location information, a storage device in which movement line data of the mobile terminal and location data of different public places are stored, and a processor configured to extract the movement line data from the movement line information and record the extracted movement line data in the storage device. The processor, in response to a search criteria received from the mobile terminal through the network interface controller, generates using the movement line data and the location data of the different public places, a navigation map that shows a public place that is located along a route defined by the movement line data and meets the search criteria, and transmits the navigation map to the mobile terminal for display by the mobile terminal. Hereinafter, embodiments of an information processing 25 apparatus, a system, a mobile terminal, and a program will be described in detail with reference to the appended drawings.

FIG. **35** is a diagram illustrating one example of a network configuration of a guidance system according to a fifth 15 embodiment.

FIG. 36 is a diagram illustrating one example of a hardware configuration of a multimedia terminal.

FIG. **37** is a block diagram illustrating one example of functions related to store searching of the multimedia ter- 20 minal.

FIG. **38** is a diagram illustrating one example of a process flow of the multimedia terminal.

FIGS. **39**A to **39**D are diagrams illustrating one example of display screens of the multimedia terminal.

FIG. 40 is a diagram illustrating one example of a network configuration of a guidance system according to a sixth embodiment.

FIG. 41 is a diagram illustrating one example of a network configuration of a guidance system according to a seventh 30 embodiment.

FIG. 42 is a diagram illustrating one example of a network configuration of a lost article guidance system according to a tenth embodiment.

FIG. 43 is a block diagram illustrating one example of 35 or the like. functions related to lost article guidance service of a server apparatus. FIG. 44 is a diagram illustrating one example of a table configuration of a found article management table. FIG. 45 is a perspective exterior view of a POS cash 40 register illustrated as one example of a POS terminal. FIG. 46 is a block diagram illustrating one example of functions related to found article reporting. FIG. 47 is a sequence diagram illustrating communication between devices of the lost article guidance system in the 45 case of the POS terminal reporting found article information to the server apparatus. FIG. 48 is a diagram illustrating one example of a found article notification screen. FIGS. **49-50** are sequence diagrams illustrating commu- 50 nication between devices of the lost article guidance system in the case of a mobile terminal making a query as to a lost article to the server apparatus.

#### First Embodiment

The present embodiment illustrates an application example to a guidance system that can be introduced into a plurality of commercial facilities, such as a shopping center

FIG. **51** is a diagram illustrating one example of a process flow of the server apparatus.

FIG. 52 is a diagram illustrating one example of a process flow of the POS terminal.

FIG. 1 is a diagram illustrating one example of a network configuration of a guidance system according to a first embodiment. A guidance system 100 illustrated in FIG. 1 has a server apparatus 1, a mobile terminal 2, and a beacon device 3. The server apparatus 1 is disposed in an intracompany local area network (LAN) N1 of an operating company or the like. The mobile terminal 2 is a mobile terminal device such as a smartphone or a wearable terminal that is carried by a user of service provided by the operating company. The wearable terminal may be a wristwatch type, a glass type, or the like. The beacon device 3 is disposed at each place such as passages and stores in each commercial facility U. In the network configuration, the mobile terminal 2, while in a transmission area of the beacon device 3, receives a beacon signal that is transmitted by the beacon device 3. In addition, the mobile terminal 2 communicably connects to a wireless base station 4 such as a mobile phone base station of 3G, 4G, or the like or a Wi-Fi spot and accesses the server apparatus 1 through a mobile commu-55 nication network N2 and the Internet N3.

In the guidance system 100, the server apparatus 1, the mobile terminal 2, and the beacon device 3 operate as follows.

FIG. 53 is a diagram illustrating a pop-up screen of one example of a screen prompting searching that is displayed on the POS terminal.

FIG. 54 is a diagram illustrating one example of screen configurations and a screen flow of screens related to lost article guidance used in an application of the mobile terminal.

FIG. 55 is a block diagram illustrating one example of 65 functions of a multimedia terminal according to an eleventh embodiment.

The server apparatus 1 stores information indicating each 60 position along a moving path of the mobile terminal **2** and provides various types of service based on the stored position information. In the present embodiment, the server apparatus 1 provides search service for a store (hereinafter, referred to as "store search service") along a path passed by a service user Q by communication with the mobile terminal 2 carried by the service user Q. The position of the mobile terminal 2 is a position estimated using the beacon signal or

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the like. Thus, hereinafter, the position information of the mobile terminal **2** stored in the server apparatus **1** will be referred to as "estimated position information".

At each place along the path passed by the service user Q, the mobile terminal 2 receives the beacon signal of the 5 beacon device 3, each beacon signal that is transmitted to the mobile terminal 2 including the position of the place. The mobile terminal 2 transmits the position information of each place indicated by the received beacon signal to the server apparatus 1. In addition, the mobile terminal 2 transmits 10 information such as a keyword indicating a search condition for a target store to the server apparatus 1 and acquires, from the server apparatus 1, the position information of a store along the path passed by the service user Q or the position information of a store further narrowed with the search 15 information. The beacon device **3** provides a notification indicating the position thereof to the position thereof to the mobile terminal 2 in its surrounding area. In the present embodiment, the beacon device 3 transmits unique identification information 20 (for example, a terminal number) stored in its memory to its surrounding area thereof by Bluetooth (registered trademark) communication. The identification information is transmitted by Bluetooth low energy (BLE) communication in the present embodiment. The transmission range is a 25 predetermined range having a radius of, for example, 1 m, 3 m, or 10 m around the beacon device 3. The transmission range is appropriately set in accordance with the installation place, the installation interval, or the like of the beacon device 3. 30 Hereinafter, specific configurations of each device of the guidance system 100 according to the present embodiment will be described. Various configurations of the server apparatus 1 and the mobile terminal 2 will be mainly described below.

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RAM 202, a flash ROM 203, a touch display module 204, a camera module 205, a keypad 206, a microphone 207, a speaker 208, a sensor 209, a Bluetooth communicating circuit 210, a Wi-Fi communicating circuit 211, a mobile communicating circuit 212, and the like. Each unit is connected to the CPU 201 by a bus 213. Each unit operates by receiving supply of power from a battery (not illustrated).

The CPU **201** executes operation processes and control processes for each unit. The RAM **202** is used as a work area when the CPU **201** executes a program.

The flash ROM 203 is used as a storage. The flash ROM 203 stores various programs and various types of data. Various programs include an OS, a driver, client software, an application for store search service (hereinafter, referred to as a store search application), and the like. Various types of data include screen data such as a home screen, screen information used by the store search application, and the like. The touch display module 204 includes a display 250 and a touch panel **251** stacked on the display **250**. The display 250 is a display of a liquid crystal or the like. The touch display module 204 detects a touch input of a user on the touch panel 251 and notifies the CPU 201 of a signal indicating the touch input. In addition, the touch display module 204 displays screen data output from the CPU 201 on the display 250. The camera module 205 includes an imaging element such as a CCD and drives the imaging element to generate imaged data of a subject. A plurality of hardware keys is connected to the keypad **206**. If any of the hardware keys is pushed, the keypad **206** outputs a key signal correlated with the hardware key to the CPU 201. The microphone 207 receives input of an analog audio 35 signal and converts the analog audio signal into digital audio

Hardware Configurations of each Device

FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating one example of a hardware configuration of the server apparatus 1. The server apparatus 1 illustrated in FIG. 2 has a central processing unit (CPU) 101, a read-only memory (ROM) 102, a random 40 access memory (RAM) 103, a hard disk drive (HDD) 104, an input/output (I/O) 105, a network interface controller (NIC) 106, and the like. Each unit is mutually connected by a bus 107. Each unit operates by receiving supply of power from a power supply unit (not illustrated) such as a battery 45 or an AC power supply.

The CPU **101** executes operation processes and control processes for each unit. The ROM **102** stores a fixed program such as a basic input/output system (BIOS). The RAM **103** is used as a work area when the CPU **101** executes 50 a program.

The HDD **104** stores various programs and various types of data. Various programs include an operating system (OS), a driver, server software, database software, a service program for store searching, and the like. Various types of data 55 include screen information transmitted to an external device (such as the mobile terminal **2**), a data file of a database DB (refer to FIG. **4**), and the like.

data.

The speaker **208** converts reproduced audio data into an audio signal and outputs the audio signal.

The sensor **209** includes various sensors such as a GPS sensor, an acceleration sensor, and a direction sensor.

The Bluetooth communicating circuit **210** performs communication by the Bluetooth communication protocol. The Wi-Fi communicating circuit **211** wirelessly commu-

nicates with a Wi-Fi device.

The mobile communicating circuit **212** performs mobile communication through a 3G line or a 4G line.

Functional Configurations of each Device

Next, a functional configuration of the server apparatus 1 will be described. The server apparatus 1 implements functions for the store search service by the CPU 101 reading various programs in the ROM 102 or the HDD 104 into the RAM 103 and executing the programs.

FIG. 4 is a block diagram illustrating one example of the functions related to the store search service. As illustrated in FIG. 4, the server apparatus 1 implements functions of a communicating unit 10, an assignment processing unit 11, a screen information generating unit 12, an estimated position information registering unit 13, a time-series data extracting unit 14, a map data extracting unit 15, a movement line generating unit 16, a movement range specifying unit 17, a store information extracting unit 18, a shortest route finding unit 19, and the like. The communicating unit 10 establishes communication with an external device (for example, the mobile terminal 2) through the NIC 106 and reads received data from the NIC 106 and sends transmitted data such as screen information to the NIC 106. In addition, the communicating unit 10 passes

The I/O **105** is an input-output circuit for a signal that targets an I/O device such as a keyboard, a mouse, and a 60 display.

The NIC **106** is a controller that performs communication by Ethernet (registered trademark).

FIG. 3 is a block diagram illustrating one example of a hardware configuration of the mobile terminal 2. A configu- 65 ration of a smartphone is illustrated as one example. The mobile terminal 2 illustrated in FIG. 3 has a CPU 201, a

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a request content or the like of the received data to the assignment processing unit 11 and receives a processing result or the like from the assignment processing unit 11.

The assignment processing unit 11 manages sessions per identification information of the external device (e.g., the 5 mobile terminal 2 or the like) and assigns processes to each functional unit or receives and passes data with the functional units in accordance with the request content of the received data.

The screen information generating unit **12** generates 10 screen information to be transmitted to the external device (e.g., the mobile terminal or the like) by incorporating a processing result into the screen information of the HDD

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Furthermore, in accordance with a viewer included in the external device (e.g., the mobile terminal or the like), the movement line generating unit 16 may combine the generated movement line data on the map data extracted by the map data extracting unit 15 and may convert the map data combined with the movement line data into an image.

The movement range specifying unit 17, based on each estimated position information of the time-series data extracted by the time-series data extracting unit 14, specifies an area as a movement range within a predetermined range to which each estimated position belongs. For example, the movement range specifying unit 17 generates, as range specification information, a circle of a predetermined radius having the coordinates of each estimated position as center coordinates thereof and specifies the area in each circle as the above area. In addition, from the movement line data based on each estimated position, the movement range specifying unit 17 may generate, as the range specification information, one or a plurality of rectangular boxes (e.g., coordinate information of two diagonal points) of a predetermined size along the path on the line of movement and may specify the area in each rectangular box as the above area. The above area is one example of a "search range" along the line of movement. The "search range" along the line of movement covers a predetermined range from each point along successive points of the time-series data and a predetermined range along a straight line, a curved line, or the like from the starting point to the end point of the movement line data generated based on the time-series data.

**104**.

The estimated position information registering unit 13 15 registers the estimated position information of the service user in a movement line data management table T1 (refer to FIG. 5) in correlation with time-series order information. In the present embodiment, the mobile terminal 2 receives a beacon ID from the beacon device 3 and transmits the 20beacon ID to the server apparatus 1. Therefore, the estimated position information registering unit 13 references a position information conversion table T2 (refer to FIG. 6), converts the beacon ID into correlated position information in the position information conversion table T2, and registers the 25position information in the movement line data management table T1. In addition, in the case of correction information for the position being included in the information transmitted from the mobile terminal 2, the estimated position information registering unit 13 corrects the position and 30registers the position information in the movement line data management table T1.

The time-series data extracting unit 14 extracts timeseries estimated position information (more generally referred to as time-series data) of the service user from the 35 movement line data management table T1. For example, the time-series data extracting unit 14 specifies the movement line data management table T1 of the service user and, in the case of receiving date and time information of the current date as a default value from the assignment processing unit 40 11, extracts the time-series data to which the date is attached. In addition, the time-series data extracting unit 14, in the case of receiving date and time information specified in a data portion of the received data from the assignment processing unit 11, extracts the time-series data of the 45 specified date. The map data extracting unit 15 extracts, from a map information table T3 (refer to FIG. 7), map data that includes a position specified by the estimated position information of the time-series data extracted by the time-series data extract- 50 ing unit 14. The movement line generating unit 16 generates movement line data based on the time-series data extracted by the time-series data extracting unit 14. For example, the movement line generating unit 16 generates movement line data 55 that is acquired by interpolating straight line data between each estimated position information in accordance with the time-series order. In addition, from information that indicates a path along which a person can move, such as a passage on the map data extracted by the map data extracting 60 unit 15, the movement line generating unit 16 may correct the position indicated by each estimated position information in such a manner that the position is within the path and may generate movement line data by using the post-correction data. In the present specification, the time-series data 65 and the movement line data are illustrated as one example of "movement line information".

The store information extracting unit **18** extracts store information (e.g., a store ID, store position information, store introduction information, or the like) of a relevant store under conditions such as the range specification information specified by the movement range specifying unit **17**, the

search information for a target store supplied by the service user, and the like. For example, the store information extracting unit 18 searches for a store positioned in the area indicated by the range specification information from store position information 802 of a store information table T4 (refer to FIG. 8) and extracts a hit record of the store (e.g., in the form of a store ID, store position information, store introduction information, or the like). Alternatively, the store information extracting unit 18 searches for a store positioned on the line of movement or along the passage overlapping with the line of movement from the store information table T4 and extracts a hit record of the store. Furthermore, the store information extracting unit 18, in the case of presence of the search information of the service user, performs searching, subsequent to above each process, with the search information for various types of searched information that are set in a merchandise information table T5 (refer to FIG. 9) having a table name of any of each extracted store ID 801. If the searching in the merchandise information table T5 generates a hit, the store information extracting unit 18 confirms previously extracted record information of the store ID of the table name as the store information of the

store relevant to the search conditions.

The shortest route finding unit **19** is one example of a "way guidance information processing section". The shortest route finding unit **19** finds the shortest route from a specified starting position to a specified end position on the specified map data and generates shortest route information as one example of "way guidance information". For example, the shortest route finding unit **19** finds the shortest route of any acquirable routes such as passages connecting the starting position to the end position on the map data.

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Furthermore, in accordance with the viewer included in the external device (e.g., the mobile terminal or the like), the shortest route finding unit 19 may combine the generated shortest route information on the map data extracted by the map data extracting unit 15 and may convert the combined 5 data into an image as the "way guidance information".

Functional units that specify processes such as registration, updating, deletion, and extraction of data in various tables, perform the processes by connecting to a database management system (DBMS) and issuing SQL statements to 10 the DBMS.

Table Configuration

Configurations of tables of the database DB that is stored introduction information B 804, . . . are objective informaby the HDD 104 (refer to FIG. 2) and illustrated by a broken tion that supports the user of the store search service line in FIG. 4 will be described by using FIG. 5 to FIG. 9. 15 narrowing the stores, such as the name of the store, handled The database DB includes information tables such as a merchandise information of the store, surrounding area movement line data management table, a position informainformation of the store, or path information such as a tion conversion table, and a map information table and directory or a file name indicating the storage destination of includes correspondence information such as a store inforan image illustrating a summary of the store. mation table, a merchandise information table, and the like. 20 FIG. 9 is a diagram illustrating one example of a table FIG. 5 is a diagram illustrating one example of a table configuration of the movement line data management table. configuration of the merchandise information table. The merchandise information table T5 illustrated in FIG. 9 is a The movement line data management table T1 illustrated in FIG. 5 is a table that is generated per terminal ID of the table that correlates information used as searched informamobile terminal 2 carried by the user of the service. The 25 tion such as a merchandise code 901, a classification 902, a movement line data management table T1 is a table that merchandise name 903, and a unit price 904. The merchandise code 901 is a code for uniquely identifying the type of correlates date and time information 501 with estimated position information 502. The date and time information 501 merchandise, such as a Japanese article number (JAN) code. is information that indicates a date and time. The estimated The classification 902 is category information to which position information 502 is information that indicates the 30 merchandise belongs. For example, the classification 902 is information indicating a main classification such as estimated position of the mobile terminal 2. In the present "clothes" or "footwear" or information indicating a subclasembodiment, position information that includes longitude (X1, X2, ...) and latitude (Y1, Y2, ...) is illustrated as one sification such as "hats" or "leather shoes" standardized in example of information indicating a position. Japan. The merchandise name 903 is the name of merchan-FIG. 6 is a diagram illustrating one example of a table 35 dise. For example, the merchandise name 903 is a general configuration of the position information conversion table. name indicating a feature of a shape, a function, or the like The position information conversion table T2 illustrated in or is a name in which a brand name and a general name are combined, such as "leather shoes by brand L". Besides, FIG. 6 is a table that correlates a beacon ID 601 with beacon position information 602. The beacon ID 601 is the beacon information related to merchandise such as a manufacturer ID (e.g., a terminal number or the like) of the beacon device 40 or a feature of merchandise is appropriately set. Functional Configuration Continued 3 disposed in the commercial facility U. The beacon position information 602 is the position information for uniquely Next, a functional configuration of the mobile terminal 2 specifying a place where the beacon device 3 is disposed in will be described. The mobile terminal 2 implements functions for receiving the store search service of the server the commercial facility U. FIG. 7 is a diagram illustrating one example of a table 45 apparatus 1 by the CPU 201 reading various programs in the configuration of the map information table. The map inforflash ROM 203 into the RAM 202 and executing the mation table T3 illustrated in FIG. 7 is a table that is programs. disposed per ID of the affiliated commercial facility U and FIG. 10 is a block diagram illustrating one example of the functions for receiving the store search service. As illuscorrelates area selection information 701, map information trated in FIG. 10, the mobile terminal 2 implements func-**702**, and the like with each other. The area selection infor- 50 mation 701 is information that represents the range of the tions of an input receiving unit 21, a screen display unit 22, area illustrated by the map data with longitude and latitude. a first communicating unit 23, a second communicating unit For example, the area selection information includes infor-24, an estimated position information notifying unit 25, a mation of two points of (X0, Y0) and (X5, Y5) as informaviewer unit 26, and the like. tion indicating the range of the longitude X0 to the longitude 55 The input receiving unit 21 receives input information X5 and the latitude Y0 to the latitude Y5. The map inforsuch as key information or touch input information from the mation 702 is path information that indicates a directory, a keypad 206 or the touch display module 204. file name, or the like indicating a storage destination of the The screen display unit 22 outputs screen data to the touch display module (and then to display 250). range of the map data indicated by the area selection The first communicating unit 23 establishes communicainformation **701**. The present embodiment provides the map 60 data in such a manner that for the map data in each hall of tion with the server apparatus 1 or transmits and receives instructions or data with the server apparatus 1 through the the affiliated commercial facility U, each hall map is divided Wi-Fi communicating circuit 211 or the mobile communiinto a plurality of blocks. The number of divisions of the map data is not one type, but plural types. In FIG. 7, data cating circuit 212. 7011 and data 7012 have a common area of (X0, Y0) to (X5, 65)The second communicating unit 24 reads the beacon ID Y5). The data 7011 and the data 7012 are different in the transmitted from the beacon device **3** through the Bluetooth range of map data due to different numbers of divisions. communicating circuit 210.

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FIG. 8 is a diagram illustrating one example of a table configuration of the store information table. The store information table T4 illustrated in FIG. 8 is a table that correlates store ID 801, store position information 802, store introduction information A 803, store introduction information B 804, . . . , and the like with each other. The store ID 801 is an ID that uniquely identifies a store. The store position information 802 is position information that indicates the position of a store on the map data. The store introduction information A 803, the store introduction information B 804, . . . are introduction information for stores. For example, the store introduction information A 803, the store

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The estimated position information notifying unit 25 generates the estimated position information of the mobile terminal 2 from the beacon ID read by the second communicating unit 24 and instructs the first communicating unit 23 to transmit the estimated position information to the server 5 apparatus 1. Generation of the estimated position information is performed after the estimated position information notifying unit 25 determines whether or not the beacon ID has a predetermined format. In the present embodiment, the date and time information that is required when the estimated position information of the mobile terminal 2 is managed in the time-series order in the server apparatus 1 is added to the estimated position information on the mobile terminal 2 side. That is, the estimated position information notifying unit 25 adds the date and time information at the time of reception of the beacon ID to the estimated position information per read beacon ID. In addition, the correction information or the like for the position may be added to the beacon ID of the estimated position information. For 20 example, the estimated position information notifying unit 25, when receiving the beacon ID from the second communicating unit 24, acquires information indicating the received electromagnetic wave strength of the received beacon signal from the Bluetooth communicating circuit <sup>25</sup> **210**. The estimated position information notifying unit **25** estimates the distance to the beacon device 3 from the acquired information indicating the received electromagnetic wave strength and adds the correction information for the position to the beacon ID. In the server apparatus 1, the position of the mobile terminal 2 is corrected based on the correction information. The viewer unit **26** analyzes screen information for using the store search service and displays image data of the screen information on the screen display unit 22. The viewer unit 26 switches screens in accordance of reception from the input receiving unit 21 or instructs the first communicating unit 23 to transmit a request signal to the server apparatus 1. Data Configuration FIG. 11 is a diagram illustrating one example of a storage area configuration of a data portion of transmitted data that the estimated position information notifying unit 25 instructs the first communicating unit 23 to transmit to the server apparatus 1. As illustrated in FIG. 11, a data portion 45 D1 has storage areas of request information d1, a beacon ID d2, correction information d3, date and time information d4, and the like. FIGS. 12A to 12D are diagrams illustrating one example of storage area configurations of data portions of the trans- 50 mitted data that the viewer unit 26 instructs the first communicating unit 23 to transmit to the server apparatus 1. FIGS. 12A, 12B, 12C, and 12D are diagrams respectively illustrating one example of storage area configurations of data portions of the transmitted data in the case of making 55 a request for the movement line data, a request for a store list, a request for searching by keyword, and a request for shortest route display as a "way guidance request". A data portion D2 illustrated in FIG. 12A has storage areas of the request information d1, date and time specifier 60 cation information d11, and the like. A data portion D3 illustrated in FIG. 12B has a storage area of the request information d1. A data portion D4 illustrated in FIG. 12C has storage areas of the request information d1, search information d21, and the like. A data portion D5 illustrated in FIG. 65 12D has storage areas of the request information d1, store position information d**31**, and the like.

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Operation of Entire System

In operating the system, a manager or the like of the system receives online or offline registrations from the store side and sets various tables of the server apparatus 1 based on the registration information.

For example, in the case of providing online registration on the store side, the manager publishes a registration site on the Internet. The store side specifies a URL in a client terminal of the store to access the registration site. The store side applies for registration by transmitting application information to the registration site from the client terminal. The registration site issues an account of the applying store in accordance with the application content and adds a record of the applying store to the position information 15 conversion table T2, the store information table T4, the merchandise information table T5, and the like. For example, the registration site adds, to the position information conversion table T2, a record that includes the position information and the beacon ID of the beacon device 3 installed by the applying store. In addition, the registration site adds, to the store information table T4, a record that includes the store information and the like of the applying store. In addition, the registration site adds, to the merchandise information table T5, a record of merchandise sold by the applying store. The registration site receives the added information from the client terminal of the store when an application procedure is performed. The registration site connects to an email server through a network to transmit in response the account information of 30 the applying store by email to the mobile terminal or the like on the applying store side. If there is a movement or an increase in number of the beacon device 3, an update of the store information or the merchandise information, or the like after registration, the 35 store side accesses the registration site by using the account information of the response and requests updates of information at any time. The manager or the like of the system distributes the store search application to the mobile terminal 2 online, offline, or 40 in the form of pre-installation. If the store search application is distributed offline, the store search application is distributed through media such as a CD, a DVD, and an SD card, and the user of the mobile terminal 2 copies the store search application from the media to the flash ROM 203. In addition, if the store search application is distributed online, a link is added to the registration site, and the mobile terminal 2 downloads the store search application to the flash ROM 203 from an assignment place specified at the destination of the link of the registration site. Sequence of Accumulating Estimated Position FIG. 13 is a sequence diagram illustrating communication between each device of the guidance system 100 in the case of accumulating the estimated position of the mobile terminal 2 in the server apparatus 1. First, the mobile terminal 2 launches the store search application and initiates reception of the beacon signal (S1).

Next, if the mobile terminal 2 enters the transmission range of the beacon signal of the beacon device 3, the mobile terminal 2 receives the beacon signal from the beacon device 3, the transmission range of which includes the position of the mobile terminal 2 (S2). Next, the mobile terminal 2 establishes communication with the server apparatus 1 and transmits, to the server apparatus 1, an estimated position information registration signal that includes the beacon ID and the like of the beacon signal (S3). In the present embodiment, the mobile terminal 2 includes the beacon ID of the beacon signal and the date

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and time information at the time of reception of the beacon signal in the estimated position information registration signal.

If the server apparatus 1 receives the estimated position information registration signal from the mobile terminal 2, 5 the server apparatus 1 adds, to the movement line data management table T1 of the mobile terminal 2, a record that correlates the date and time information of the estimated position information registration signal with the estimated position information (S4).

Each time the mobile terminal 2 enters the transmission ranges of each beacon device 3 dotted on the path by movement of the service user afterward, processing pro-

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For example, consider the case of the beacon device 3 transmitting the beacon ID that is coded by a predetermined method. In this case, the CPU 201 (in particular, the estimated position information notifying unit 25) decodes the information of the data portion by a method corresponding to the coding method and determines the post-decoding data to be equal to the beacon ID of the present service in the case of the post-decoding data complying with a certain format (Step S202: Yes determination). Meanwhile, in the case of 10 the post-decoding data not complying with a certain format, the CPU **201** (in particular, the estimated position information notifying unit 25) determines the post-decoding data not to be equal to the beacon ID of the present service (S202: No determination) and discards the received data (S203). After the process of Step S203, the processes from Step S201 are repeated. In the case of a Yes determination in Step S202, the CPU 201 (in particular, the estimated position information notifying unit 25) stores the current date and time information, the beacon ID, and the like in the data portion D1 (refer to FIG. 11) and generates transmitted data (S204). Next, the CPU 201 (in particular, the first communicating unit 23) transmits the transmitted data to the server apparatus 1 through a communicating circuit that is currently selected (e.g., the Wi-Fi communicating circuit **211** or the mobile communicating circuit 212) (S205). The CPU 201 (in particular, the first communicating unit 23) establishes communication connection with the server apparatus 1 at the time of transmission of the transmitted data and disconnects communication after completion of registration in the server apparatus 1. After the process of Step S205, the CPU 201 repeats the processes from Step S201. Disconnection of communication may be performed at a estimated position information is guaranteed. In addition, the server apparatus 1 may disconnect communication connection in the case of the server apparatus 1, after completion of registration, maintaining communication connection for a certain amount of time and having no request for registration of the estimated position information from the mobile terminal 2 until elapsing of the certain amount of time. In the case of a No determination in Step S201, the CPU 201 (in particular, the input receiving unit 21) determines whether or not a terminate input for the position information notification process (e.g., an input on a "terminate notification" button B4 in FIG. 22) is provided (S206). In the case of a terminate input being provided (S206: Yes determination), the CPU 201 terminates the position information notification process. Meanwhile, in the case of a terminate input not being provided (S206: No determination), the CPU 201 repeats the processes from Step S201. Process Flow of Server Apparatus 1 in Sequence of

ceeds in the flow of Step S2 to Step S4.

Establishment and disconnection of communication 15 between the mobile terminal 2 and the server apparatus 1 may be appropriately set in such a manner that communication is disconnected each time the mobile terminal 2 transmits the estimated position information registration signal or in the case of the server apparatus 1 not receiving 20 a signal from the mobile terminal **2** for a certain amount of time after establishment of communication.

The mobile terminal 2 terminates reception of the beacon signal by terminating the store search application during movement in the commercial facility U or at an exit of the 25 commercial facility U (S5).

Process Flow of Mobile Terminal 2 in Sequence of Accumulating Estimated Position

Next, a process in the mobile terminal 2 in the case of accumulating the estimated position of the mobile terminal 30 2 in the server apparatus 1 will be described.

The CPU 201 of the mobile terminal 2, by supply of power, reads a base program into the RAM 202 and executes the base program to realize the input receiving unit 21, the screen display unit 22, the first communicating unit 23, the 35 timing before completion of registration if registration of the second communicating unit 24, and the like. The screen display unit 22 displays a home screen on the display 250. Furthermore, the user provides a launch input for the store search application by providing a touch input or the like on an icon on the home screen. Then, the input receiving unit 40 21 receives the launch input, and the CPU 201 reads a program of the store search application into the RAM 202 and executes the program to realize the estimated position information notifying unit 25, the viewer unit 26, and the like. The screen display unit 22 displays a top screen (refer 45) to a top screen G1 in FIG. 22) of the store search application on the display **250**. Furthermore, if the input receiving unit 21 receives an input specifying initiation of a position information notification process from the top screen (e.g., an input on an 50 "initiate notification" button B3 in FIG. 22), the CPU 201 executes a process flow illustrated below. FIG. 14 is a diagram illustrating one example of a process flow of the position information notification process by the CPU 201. First, the CPU 201 (in particular, the second 55 Accumulating Estimated Position communicating unit 24) determines whether or not the Bluetooth communicating circuit 210 receives a signal (S201).In the case of the Bluetooth communicating circuit 210 receiving a signal (S201: Yes determination), the CPU 201 60 (in particular, the estimated position information notifying unit 25) receives, from the Bluetooth communicating circuit 210, data that is superimposed on the signal. The CPU 201 (in particular, the estimated position information notifying) unit 25) determines whether or not the data portion of the 65 received data includes the beacon ID of the present service (S202).

Next, a process in the server apparatus 1 in the case of accumulating the estimated position of the mobile terminal 2 in the server apparatus 1 will be described. The CPU 101 (in particular, the communicating unit 10), if receiving a connection request signal of the mobile terminal 2 by the NIC 106, establishes communication with the mobile terminal 2 through the NIC 106. The CPU 101 (in particular, the communicating unit 10), if further receiving a transmitted signal from the mobile terminal 2 by the NIC 106, reads the information of the transmitted signal, calls the assignment processing unit 11, and causes the assignment processing unit 11 to perform various service processes. The CPU

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101 (in particular, the assignment processing unit 11) manages session information per mobile terminal 2 that makes a request, and controls processes in accordance with the request content of the received data. In an accumulation process for the estimated position described here, the CPU 5 101 (in particular, the assignment processing unit 11) controls processes for the estimated position information registering unit 13. The CPU 101 (in particular, the communicating unit 10) disconnects communication with the mobile terminal 2 by receiving a disconnection request signal from 10 the mobile terminal 2 by the NIC 106 or elapsing of a preset time limit.

FIG. 15 is a diagram illustrating one example of a process flow of an estimated position information registration process by the CPU 101. The assignment processing unit 11 is 15 assumed to receive and pass data with each functional unit, though not particularly illustrated below. First, the CPU 101 (in particular, the estimated position information registering unit 13) determines whether or not the movement line data management table T1 of a transmit- 20 ter of the transmitted data is generated (S101). In the present embodiment, identification information of the transmitter is set in the table name of the movement line data management table T1. Therefore, the CPU 101 (in particular, the estimated position information registering unit 13) performs the 25determination by reading an IP address, a MAC address, or the like stored in a header of the transmitted data and comparing the identification information of the transmitter corresponding to the IP address, the MAC address, or the like with the table name set in the movement line data 30 management table T1. In the case of the movement line data management table T1 of the transmitter being generated (S101: Yes determination), the CPU 101 (in particular, the estimated position information registering unit 13) registers the estimated posi- 35 tion information of the transmitted data in the movement line data management table T1 of the transmitter (S102). In the present embodiment, the CPU 101 (in particular, the estimated position information registering unit 13) references the position information conversion table T2 (refer to 40FIG. 6) and converts the information of the beacon ID d2 of the data portion D1 (refer to FIG. 11) of the transmitted data into position information. The CPU 101 (in particular, the estimated position information registering unit 13) registers the converted position information in the movement line 45 data management table T1 in correlation with the information of the date and time information d4 of the data portion D1. In the case of the correction information d3 of the data portion D1 storing information, the CPU 101 (in particular, the estimated position information registering unit 13) uses 50 a position corrected with the correction information in registration instead of the above converted position information. In the case of the movement line data management table T1 of the transmitter not being generated (S101: No deter- 55 mination), the CPU **101** (in particular, the estimated position) information registering unit 13) generates the movement line data management table T1 of the transmitter (S103). The CPU 101 (in particular, the estimated position information registering unit 13) transitions to Step S102 and registers the 60estimated position information of the transmitted data in the movement line data management table T1 of the transmitter. Sequence of Store Searching Next, the case of the mobile terminal 2 using the store search service of the server apparatus 1 will be described. 65 FIG. 16 is a sequence diagram illustrating communication between each device of the guidance system 100 in the case

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of the mobile terminal 2 searching for a store by list. First, the mobile terminal 2 displays the top screen (S11).

Next, the mobile terminal **2**, by receiving an operational input for requesting the movement line data, establishes communication with the server apparatus **1** and transmits a movement line data request signal to the server apparatus **1** (S12).

The server apparatus 1, if receiving the movement line data request signal transmitted by the mobile terminal 2, generates screen information indicating the line of movement (in particular, the movement line screen information) (S13) and transmits the screen information to the mobile terminal 2 of the requester (S14).

The mobile terminal 2 displays a movement line screen based on the movement line screen information transmitted by the server apparatus 1 (S15). Furthermore, the mobile terminal 2, in Step S15, displays a search screen by appropriately switching screens in accordance with an operational input. Next, the mobile terminal 2, by receiving an operational input for requesting a store list, transmits a store list request signal to the server apparatus 1 (S16). The server apparatus 1, if receiving the store list request signal transmitted by the mobile terminal 2, generates screen information indicating a store list (S17) and transmits the screen information to the mobile terminal 2 of the requester (S18). In the present embodiment, the server apparatus 1 is assumed to also transmit the store information of each store of the listed stores to the mobile terminal 2 of the requester along with the store list screen information. The mobile terminal 2 displays a store list screen based on the store list screen information transmitted by the server apparatus 1 (S19). Furthermore, the mobile terminal 2, in Step S19, displays a store information screen for a store selected from the store list screen.

Next, the mobile terminal 2, by receiving an operational input for requesting the shortest route, transmits a shortest route request signal to the server apparatus 1 (S20).

The server apparatus 1, if receiving the shortest route request signal transmitted by the mobile terminal 2, generates screen information indicating the shortest route based on the request information (S21) and transmits the screen information to the mobile terminal 2 of the requester (S22).

The mobile terminal 2 displays a shortest route screen based on the shortest route screen information transmitted by the server apparatus 1 (S23).

Then, the mobile terminal 2, by an operational input, again displays a screen for requesting screen information from the server apparatus 1 and, if receiving an operational input on the screen, repeats the procedure from Step S12, Step S16, or Step S20 corresponding to the operational input.

Then, the mobile terminal **2**, if receiving an operational input for terminating use of the store search service, disconnects communication established with the server apparatus **1** and displays a screen based on the operational input (S**24**). For example, the mobile terminal **2** displays the home screen in the case of receiving an operational input for terminating the store search application. As another example, the mobile terminal **2** displays the top screen of the store search application in the case of receiving an operational input for terminating the store search service. FIG. **17** is a sequence diagram illustrating communication between each device of the guidance system **100** in the case of the mobile terminal **2** searching for a store by keyword. Hereinafter, different parts from the sequence diagram of FIG. **16** will be described.

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The mobile terminal **2**, in Step S15, displays the movement line screen and displays a keyword input screen by further switching screens in accordance with an operational input. The mobile terminal **2**, if receiving a keyword and a request for searching with the keyword on the keyword input **5** screen, includes the keyword in a keyword search request signal and transmits the keyword search request signal to the server apparatus **1** (S16-1).

The server apparatus 1, based on the keyword search request signal transmitted by the mobile terminal 2, gener- 10 ates screen information for a relevant store (S17-1) and transmits the screen information to the mobile terminal 2 of the requester (S18-1). In the present embodiment, the server apparatus 1 is assumed to also transmit store information indicating detailed information of each candidate store to the 15 mobile terminal 2 of the requester along with the candidate screen information. The mobile terminal 2 displays a candidate screen based on the candidate screen information transmitted by the server apparatus 1 (S19-1). Furthermore, the mobile termi- 20 nal 2, in Step S19-1, displays the store information screen for a store selected from the candidate screen.

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this case, the CPU **101** (in particular, the time-series data extracting unit **14**) sets records of the date and time information **501** of the movement line data management table T1 relevant to the specified range as an extraction range for the time-series data.

Next, the CPU **101** (in particular, the map data extracting) unit 15) extracts, from the map information table T3 (refer to FIG. 7), map data that includes a position specified by the estimated position information of the time-series data extracted by the time-series data extracting unit 14 (S112). In the present embodiment, the minimum area of the map data including all positions is extracted by comparing the range of the area specified in the area selection information 701 of the map information table T3 with the positions specified by each estimated position information of the time-series data. Next, the CPU 101 (in particular, the movement line generating unit 16) generates movement line data based on the time-series data extracted by the time-series data extracting unit 14 (S113). For example, the CPU 101 (in particular, the movement line generating unit 16) generates movement line data from the starting position to the end position of the time-series data by interpolating, in the time-series order, straight line data between each estimated position information in the time-series order. Next, the CPU **101** (in particular, the screen information) generating unit 12) generates, as the screen information, an image or the like in which the movement line data and the map data are combined (S114). FIG. **19** is a flowchart of a service process in the case of the server apparatus 1 receiving a store list request signal. First, the CPU 101 (in particular, the movement range specifying unit 17), based on each estimated position information of the time-series data extracted by the time-series

Then, the procedure of the mobile terminal **2** is the same as the procedure from Step S**20** in FIG. **16**.

Process Flow of Server Apparatus 1 in Sequence of Store 25 Searching

Next, a service process of the server apparatus 1 in the case of the mobile terminal 2 using the store search service of the server apparatus 1 will be described. The service process of the server apparatus 1 is performed under control 30 of the assignment processing unit 11 described in the estimated position information registration process in FIG. 15 and acquires screen information to be transmitted to the mobile terminal 2. The CPU 101 (in particular, the communicating unit 10) receives the screen information and trans- 35 mits in response the screen information to the mobile terminal **2** through the NIC **106**. FIG. 18 to FIG. 21 are diagrams illustrating one example of flows of various service processes. Hereinafter, the process flows in each drawing will be described, assuming that 40 the assignment processing unit 11 receives and passes data with each functional unit, though not particularly described in each drawing. FIG. 18 is a flowchart of a service process in the case of the server apparatus 1 receiving a movement line data 45 request signal. First, the CPU 101 (in particular, the timeseries data extracting unit 14) extracts time-series data from the movement line data management table T1 of the transmitter (S111). Specifically, the CPU 101 (in particular, the time-series 50 data extracting unit 14) reads an IP address, a MAC address, or the like stored in a header of the received data and specifies the movement line data management table T1 of the transmitter based on the identification information of the transmitter corresponding to the IP address, the MAC 55 address, or the like. The CPU 101 (in particular, the timeseries data extracting unit 14) extracts time-series data on the current date from the movement line data management table T1. The CPU 101 (in particular, the time-series data extract- 60 ing unit 14), in the case of date and time information being stored in the date and time specification information d11 of the data portion D2 (refer to FIG. 12) of the received data, extracts time-series data of the date and time indicated by the date and time information. For example, assume that a range 65 from "2015. 11. 11. 5:00 p.m." to "2015. 11. 11. 6:00 p.m." is specified as the date and time specification information. In

data extracting unit 14, calculates the range specification information that sets an area along the path connecting each estimated position as a movement range (S121).

Next, the CPU 101 (in particular, the store information extracting unit 18) extracts all relevant stores with the range specification information calculated by the movement range specifying unit 17 as a search condition (S122). Specifically, the CPU 101 (in particular, the store information extracting unit 18) searches for a store in the area indicated by the range specification information from the store position information 802 of the store information table T4. For example, assume that the range specification information is information that indicates the distance from the estimated position. In this case, a store for which the position information of the store position information 802 is within the distance from the estimated position information is regarded as being in the area indicated by the range specification information, and the store information indicating the store is extracted.

Next, the CPU 101 (in particular, the screen information generating unit 12) generates screen information of the store list screen illustrating a list of the stores extracted by the store information extracting unit 18 or screen information of the store information screen illustrating detailed information per store (S123). FIG. 20 is a flowchart of a service process in the case of the server apparatus 1 receiving a keyword search request signal. First, the CPU 101 (in particular, the movement range specifying unit 17), based on each estimated position information of the time-series data extracted by the time-series data extracting unit 14, calculates the range specification information that sets an area along the path connecting each estimated position as a movement range (S121).

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Next, the CPU **101** (in particular, the store information) extracting unit 18) extracts relevant stores with the range specification information calculated by the movement range specifying unit 17 and the search information included in the keyword search request signal as search conditions (S132). Specifically, the CPU 101 (in particular, the store information extracting unit 18) searches for a store in the area indicated by the range specification information from the store position information 802 of the store information table T4 and extracts the store information of the store. Further-10 more, the CPU 101 (in particular, the store information) extracting unit 18) performs searching with the search information (e.g., the keyword or the like) in the merchandise information table T5 (refer to FIG. 9) that corresponds to the store ID of any extracted store. The search information 15 is information that is stored in the search information d21 of the data portion D4 (refer to FIG. 12) of the keyword search request signal. If the searching generates a hit in the target merchandise information table T5, the CPU 101 (in particular, the store information extracting unit 18) confirms pre- 20 viously extracted store information of the store ID of the table name as the store information of the candidate stores. Next, the CPU **101** (in particular, the screen information) generating unit 12) generates screen information of a search result screen illustrating the candidate stores confirmed by 25 the store information extracting unit 18 or screen information of the store information screen illustrating detailed information of the candidate stores (S133). FIG. 21 is a flowchart of a service process in the case of the server apparatus 1 receiving a shortest route request 30 signal. First, the CPU 101 (in particular, the shortest route finding unit 19) finds the shortest route to the position indicated by the store position information included in the shortest route request signal (S141).

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B2, the "initiate notification" button B3, the "terminate notification" button B4, a "terminate" button B5, and the like.

The "confirm line of movement of today" button B1 is an operation button for instructing the viewer unit **26** to display the line of movement of today. The "confirm past line of movement" button B2 is an operation button for instructing the viewer unit **26** to display the past line of movement. The "terminate" button B5 is an operation button for instructing the viewer unit 26 to terminate the store search application. The "terminate" button B5 is also disposed in each screen described later.

The "initiate notification" button B3 and the "terminate notification" button B4 are respectively operation buttons for instructing the estimated position information notifying unit **25** to initiate notification of the estimated position of the mobile terminal 2 to the server apparatus 1 and to terminate initiated notification. If a touch input is provided on the "confirm line of movement of today" button B1, the viewer unit 26 acquires, by communication, the movement line screen information indicating the line of movement of the current date and displays a movement line screen G2. Meanwhile, if a touch input is provided on the "confirm past line of movement" button B2, the viewer unit 26 displays an input form screen and receives input of a specified date and time. In an input form screen G1-1 illustrated in FIG. 22, an input box C1 for the starting date and time and an input box C2 for the end date and time are disposed so that the user can specify any period. If a touch input is provided on a "transmit" button B6, the viewer unit 26 acquires, by communication, the movement line screen information indicating the line of movement in the range of the period specified by the starting date and time of the input box C1 For example, the CPU 101 (in particular, the shortest 35 and the end date and time of the input box C2 and displays the movement line screen G2 that includes the line of movement. A "return" button B7 of the input form screen G1-1 is an operation button for instructing the viewer unit 26 to return to the most previous display screen. The "return" button B7 is also appropriately disposed in other screens described later. The movement line screen G2 illustrated in FIG. 22 has a map display area E1 displaying the line of movement of the requested date (or the specified date and time) and the map data of the line of movement, a "next" button B8, and the like. In the present embodiment, the map display area E1 displays an image that is generated in the server apparatus 1 by combining the line of movement on the map data. The movement line screen G2 illustrated in FIG. 22 represents a simple display example illustrating the estimated position of the service user in the transmission area of the beacon signal by a black circle mark r and illustrating the line of movement connecting each estimated position in the time-series order by a dotted line 1. A shaded rectangle R illustrates one store. In addition, a map M that includes each store and a passage L along the stores is the minimum range of the map including the line of movement (represented by dotted line 1) that is selected by the server apparatus 1. The "next" button B8 is an operation button for instructing the viewer unit 26 to use store searching. If a touch input is provided on the "next" button B8, the viewer unit 26 displays a screen for selecting a method of store searching. A search method selection screen G3 illustrated in FIG. 23 B10, and the like. The "display list" button B9 is an operation button for instructing the viewer unit 26 to display

route finding unit 19) sets the estimated position information of the last time-series data extracted by the time-series data extracting unit 14 to a starting point as a current place and finds the shortest route from the starting point to the position indicated by the store position information. The store posi- 40 tion information is stored in the store position information d31 of the data portion D5 (FIG. 12) of the shortest route request signal.

Next, the CPU **101** (in particular, the screen information) generating unit 12) generates, as the screen information, an 45 image in which data representing the shortest route and the map data are combined (S142).

Process Flow of Mobile Terminal 2

Next, a process in the mobile terminal 2 in accordance with the screen flow of the store search application of the 50 mobile terminal 2 will be described. The mobile terminal 2 performs a launch process for the store application by executing the store search application downloaded to the flash ROM 203 and displays the top screen on the display. Then, the mobile terminal 2 receives a touch input on a 55 button from the user (e.g., service user) and switches display screens or accesses the server apparatus 1 in accordance with the input. The mobile terminal 2, in the case of accessing the server apparatus 1, receives the screen information transmitted in response by the server apparatus 1 and 60updates the display screen of the display based on the received screen information. FIG. 22 to FIG. 25 are diagrams illustrating one example of screen configurations and a screen flow of each screen used in the store search application. A top screen G1 65 has a "display list" button B9, a "search by keyword" button illustrated in FIG. 22 has a "confirm line of movement of" today" button B1, a "confirm past line of movement" button

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the store list of the stores on the line of movement. The "search by keyword" button B10 is an operation button for instructing the viewer unit 26 to display a store, of the stores on the line of movement, relevant to a keyword.

If a touch input is provided on the "display list" button B9, 5 the viewer unit 26 acquires the store list screen information by communication with the server apparatus 1 and displays a store list screen G4. Meanwhile, if a touch input is provided on the "search by keyword" button B10, the viewer unit 26 displays an input form screen for a keyword and 10 receives input of a keyword.

An input form screen G4-1 for a keyword illustrated in FIG. 24 has an input box C3 for a keyword, the "transmit" button B6, and the like. An input method for a keyword may be appropriately set. For example, one keyword may be 15 input in the input box C3. Alternatively, a plurality of keywords may be input, and each keyword may be connected by search condition information such as "AND" and "OR". In addition, a plurality of input boxes may be disposed, and input keywords of each input box may be 20 correlated with AND searching or OR searching. If a touch input is provided on the "transmit" button B6, the viewer unit 26 acquires, by communication with the server apparatus 1, the candidate screen information for stores relevant to the input keyword and displays a candidate 25 screen G4-2. The store list screen G4 illustrated in FIG. 24 has a store list E2, a "select" button B11 per store on the store list E2, and the like. The store list E2 displays simple store information of each store on the line of movement. For example, 30 one or a plurality of pieces of information, of the store name, the position information, and the objective information included in the store information, that is previously set by the user or the like is displayed. In FIG. 24, the name of a sold item that is one objective information is displayed as an 35 example. If a touch input is provided on the "select" button B11 of one store on the store list E2, the viewer unit 26 displays a store information screen G5 that displays detailed information of the store for which the touch input is provided. The candidate screen G4-2 illustrated in FIG. 24 has the store list E2 of stores that are further narrowed by the keyword, the "select" button B11 per store on the store list E2, and the like. The store list E2 displays simple store information of stores, of the stores on the line of movement, 45 narrowed by the keyword. If a touch input is provided on the "select" button B11 of one store on the store list E2, the viewer unit 26 displays the store information screen G5 for the store. The store information screen G5 illustrated in FIG. 24 has 50 detailed information E3 of the store, a "shortest route" button B12, and the like. The detailed information E3 of the store displays the store information of the selected store (for example, an image displaying a summary of the store or an item image corresponding to the keyword in the case of item 55 images being registered). The "shortest route" button B12 is an operation button for instructing the viewer unit 26 to display the shortest route information to the store. If a touch input is provided on the "shortest route" button B12, the viewer unit **26** acquires the shortest route information by 60 communication with the server apparatus 1 and displays a shortest route screen G6. The shortest route screen G6 illustrated in FIG. 25 has a map display area E4 that displays map data illustrating the shortest route, and the like.

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by combining the shortest route on the map data. The shortest route screen G6 illustrated in FIG. 25 represents a simple display example illustrating the final position of the service user on the line of movement by a black circle mark r1, illustrating the destination of the service user by a star mark r2, and illustrating the shortest route from the final position to the destination by a dotted line 11.

As described heretofore, the server apparatus 1 as the information processing apparatus according to the present embodiment functions as an input section that receives input of information related to service, by the communicating unit 10 that receives information related to service from the mobile terminal 2, the assignment processing unit 11 that receives the request content of the received data, and the like. By the time-series data extracting unit 14 that extracts the time-series data of the mobile terminal from the movement line data management table T1, the map data extracting unit 15 that extracts the map data of the area indicated by the time-series data from the map information table T3, the movement range specifying unit 17 that specifies the movement range of the mobile terminal 2 from the time-series data and the map data, the store information extracting unit 18 that extracts the position information of a store included in the movement range from the store information table T4, and the like, the server apparatus 1 functions as a specification processing section. By the screen information generating unit 12 that generates screen information including the position information of the store, the communicating unit 10 that transmits the screen information to the mobile terminal 2 of the requester, and the like, the server apparatus 1 functions as an output section that outputs the position information of the store specified by the specification processing section. By the store information extracting unit 18 that, in the case of the data received from the mobile terminal 2 including search information, searches in the merchandise information table T5 of each store ID and extracts the store ID 40 including merchandise relevant to the search information, and the like, the server apparatus 1 functions as an extraction processing section.

By the shortest route finding unit **19** that finds the shortest route from the estimated position of the service user at the time of store searching to a desired store, and the like, the server apparatus **1** functions as a way guidance information processing section.

By the estimated position information registering unit 13 and the like, the server apparatus 1 functions as a registration processing section. In addition, by the movement line data management table T1, the position information conversion table T2, and the like, the server apparatus 1 has a storage unit that stores the estimated position information registered by the registration processing section in correlation with the time-series order information.

By the second communicating unit 24 that reads the beacon ID transmitted from the beacon device 3, the estimated position information notifying unit 25 that notifies the server apparatus 1 of the read beacon ID, and the like, the mobile terminal 2 according to the present embodiment functions as a generating section. By the first communicating unit 23, the viewer unit 26, and the like, the mobile terminal 2 functions as a first transmitting section, a second transmitting section, and a first receiving section. By the input receiving unit 21 and the like, the mobile terminal 2 functions as a search information input section.

In the present embodiment, the map display area E4 displays an image that is generated in the server apparatus 1

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By the screen display unit 22, the viewer unit 26, and the like, the mobile terminal 2 functions as a display section. The present embodiment illustrates a guidance system in a commercial facility and, as one example, illustrates the mobile terminal 2 as receiving the beacon ID from the 5 beacon device 3 installed at each place and generating information related to the position thereof from the beacon ID. However, the manner that the mobile terminal 2 generates the position information thereof is not limited thereto. Changes may be made in such a manner that the mobile 10 terminal 2 can receive position information from the GPS outdoors. In addition, in the case of not being able to receive position information from the GPS, the mobile terminal 2

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registration request for the position information in the timeseries data is changed to an update request for the position information of the public place in a transmission process of transmitting information indicating a position to the server apparatus 1 after reception of a beacon signal. By this update request, the server apparatus 1 updates, with the received position information, the position information of the public place correlated with the identification information of the mobile terminal 2.

While the present embodiment illustratively illustrates the case of a human being moving on foot, the store search service may be provided to a service user who moves by vehicle or the like such as a car. For example, the store

may be changed to generate position information from geomagnetic data.

For example, a GPS unit, a three-axis magnetic sensor or a three-axis acceleration sensor for implementing self-contained pedestrian navigation, or the like is disposed in the mobile terminal **2**. The mobile terminal **2**, in the case of being able to receive position information from the GPS, 20 receives position information by the GPS unit and generates the time-series data by using the position information or the time of reception. In addition, the mobile terminal **2**, in the case of not being able to receive a signal from the GPS, monitors an output signal that is output at all times by the 25 three-axis magnetic sensor or the three-axis acceleration sensor, and generates the time-series data with the last position information received from the GPS as a starting point.

As another example, an atmospheric pressure sensor is 30 disposed in the mobile terminal 2. In addition, a positioning database that correlates position information with information indicating the altitudinal position of the place is disposed in the server apparatus 1. The mobile terminal 2 measures the altitudinal position of the mobile terminal 35 during movement by the output of the atmospheric pressure sensor and transmits information indicating the altitudinal position, the time of position measurement, the terminal ID, and the like to the server apparatus 1. The server apparatus 1 references the position measurement database and acquires 40 position information that corresponds to the information indicating the altitudinal position received from the mobile terminal **2**. The server apparatus **1** accumulates the acquired position information as the estimated position information of the mobile terminal 2 and manages the time-series data. Besides, as other positioning methods, Wi-Fi positioning, mobile phone base station positioning, sonic positioning, Bluetooth positioning, visible light positioning, camera image positioning, and the like may be appropriately applied. In addition, various types of positioning may be 50 applied in a combined manner. While the present embodiment illustratively illustrates store searching as one example of place searching, the place of a searching target is not limited to a store. The place of starting position. a searching target may be any public place of which the 55 position is open to the public. For example, the public place may include not only stores providing merchandise or service but also parks, facilities, famous places, and the like. In addition, the public place is not limited to a place having a fixed position and may be a place having a changing 60 position. For example, the public place having a changing position may include places of blood donation, leaflet distribution, the data in layers. busking, and the like. In this case, the mobile terminal 2 is carried by a person who provides service such as blood 65 donation, leaflet distribution, or busking in the public place having a changing position. In this mobile terminal 2, a

search service may be provided in a car navigation system. In addition, the predetermined range to which the estimated position belongs may be set to any range, such as a range including stores lined up along a passage in the range of movement of the service user or a range including several stores outside of the passage.

While the present embodiment regards a person using the store search service as the "service user", the "service user" is not limited to a person registered in the present system. For example, the store search service may be widely provided to users other than the registered person.

The present embodiment describes the server apparatus 1 as having various tables (e.g., the movement line data management table, the position information conversion table, and the map information table, and the store information table, the merchandise information table, and the like as correspondence information) and performing registration, extraction, and the like for each table. However, the configuration of the server apparatus 1 is not limited to this configuration. The server apparatus 1 may be changed to include one or a plurality of various tables in an external device and acquire data from the external device. For example, the server apparatus 1 may acquire the time-series data of the mobile terminal 2 provided by the external device and provide the above store search service based on the acquired time-series data. In addition, the server apparatus 1 may acquire the predetermined range of the map data from a map database provided by the external device and provide the above store search service based on the acquired map data. In addition, the server apparatus 1 may acquire the position information of a store provided by the external 45 device and provide the above store search service based on the acquired information. While the present embodiment illustratively illustrates finding the shortest route with the final position of the service user on the time-series data as a starting position, the present embodiment is not limited thereto. For example, the server apparatus 1 may receive information related to position from the mobile terminal 2 at the time of store searching and find the shortest route with the estimated position as a

While the present embodiment illustratively illustrates the server apparatus 1 as transmitting an image combined with the line of movement or the shortest route to the mobile terminal 2, the present embodiment is not limited thereto. A viewer that displays map data may be installed on the mobile terminal 2, receive the map data, the movement line data, or the shortest route data transmitted from the server apparatus 1, and display the data on the mobile terminal 2 by managing the data in layers.

2 is The present embodiment, as one example, illustrates a lood 65 flow of a series of processes in which the service user Q lace types search information such as a store or merchandise that the service user Q remembers into the mobile terminal 2 and

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acquires a search result for the position of the store relevant to the search information from the server apparatus 1. However, the service user Q may use the present system to search for the position of a store that is not known to be on the line of movement. In this case, even if the service user 5Q types search information into the mobile terminal 2, the server apparatus 1 may not acquire a relevant store. Therefore, in the case of such use, a notifying section that, in the case of absence of the store relevant to the search information, notifies the mobile terminal **2** of the absence by screen information or the like from the server apparatus 1 may be disposed.

By various configurations described heretofore, if the terminal 2 can acquire the position information of a desired store within the range of movement thereof from the server apparatus 1. In addition, the mobile terminal 2, in the case of transmitting search information, can acquire the position information of a store relevant to the search condition within 20 the range of movement thereof from the server apparatus 1. Even in the case of absence of a store relevant to the search information, the absence can be notified from the server apparatus 1 to the mobile terminal 2. Thus, the presence or absence of the desired store within the range of movement 25 of the mobile terminal 2 can be recognized on the mobile terminal 2 side. The mobile terminal 2, in the case of specifying generation of the shortest route, can acquire information indicating the shortest route to the desired store from the server 30 apparatus 1. For example, assume that the service user during shopping recalls a store that is on the way passed. In this case, the service user, by requesting the server apparatus 1 to perform store searching with the mobile terminal 2 that the service <sup>35</sup> user carries, can acquire the position information of a store included in the range of movement thereof (e.g., a store and the like that is along the traveled path of the service user). Furthermore, by typing a keyword for merchandise coming to mind into the mobile terminal 2 and transmitting the 40 keyword to the server apparatus 1, the service user can acquire the position information of a store, within the range of movement thereof, that handles merchandise relevant to the keyword. The service user can return to the desired store in accordance with the position information. Furthermore, if 45 the user requests the shortest route, the shortest route to the desired store is displayed on the mobile terminal 2, and the service user can definitely return to the desired store in accordance with the display.

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extracting unit 18, the shortest route finding unit 19, and the like illustrated in FIG. 4 on different server apparatuses.

In the example illustrated in FIG. 26, a server apparatus **1-1** implements functional units of the communicating unit 10 and the assignment processing unit 11 and manages various requests from the mobile terminal 2, session information with the mobile terminal 2, information of an assignment destination, and the like. For example, the server apparatus 1-1 manages various requests from the mobile terminal 2 by number and transmits execution result information of a service process of a server apparatus of an assignment destination to another server apparatus to acquire final result information such as screen information. Other server apparatuses  $1-2, 1-3, \ldots, 1-8$  execute service mobile terminal 2 requests store searching, the mobile 15 processes of the functional units implemented therein by request from the assignment processing unit 11 and transmit in response execution results to the assignment processing unit **11**. For example, the server apparatus **1-3** includes the movement line data management table T1 (refer to FIG. 5) and the position information conversion table T2 (refer to FIG. 6) and performs a registration process for the timeseries data in the movement line data management table T1, an extraction process for the time-series data from the movement line data management table T1, and the like. In addition, the server apparatus 1-4 includes the map information table T3 and performs an extraction process for the map data, and the like. In addition, the server apparatus 1-7 includes the store information table T4 and the merchandise information table T5 and performs an extraction process for the store information, and the like. The configuration in FIG. 26 illustrated as the second embodiment is one example of a provided embodiment, and the provided embodiment by cloud computing is not limited thereto. The provided embodiment may be appropriately changed if hardware resources, infrastructural resources, or software resources of the Internet N3 for providing an execution environment can be used. For example, the number of server apparatuses 1-1, 1-2, . . . may be increased or decreased, and the combination of functional units implemented in each of the server apparatuses 1-1, 1-2, . . . may be appropriately changed. In addition, each functional unit may be further divided, and the divided functional units may be appropriately combined and implemented in the plurality of server apparatuses 1-1, 1-2, ... In addition, changes may be made in such a manner that various tables T1 to T5 are disposed in a database server apparatus so that each server apparatus references the tables in the database server apparatus.

#### Second Embodiment

An embodiment of providing the server apparatus 1 illustrated in the first embodiment by cloud computing such as platform as a service (PaaS) will be illustrated in a second 55 embodiment.

FIG. 26 is a diagram illustrating one embodiment of

#### Third Embodiment

An embodiment in the case of disposing the server apparatus 1 illustrated in the first embodiment per commercial facility will be illustrated in a third embodiment. Hereinafter, the same parts as the first embodiment will be designated by the same reference signs and will not be described. Different parts from the first embodiment will be mainly described. FIG. 27 is a diagram illustrating one example of a network configuration of a guidance system 500 according to the third embodiment. The guidance system 500 illustrated in FIG. 27 has a server apparatus 5, a POS terminal 6, a wireless communicating device 7, the mobile terminal 2, and the beacon device 3. The server apparatus 5, the POS terminal 6, and the wireless communicating device 7 are disposed in a local area network (LAN) N4 that is installed in one commercial facility U1. The POS terminal 6 is a point

providing the functional units of the server apparatus 1 in a distributed manner in a plurality of server apparatuses. The example illustrated in FIG. 26 illustrates a conceptual 60 diagram of the case of implementing, as a group of relevant functional units, the communicating unit 10, the assignment processing unit 11, the screen information generating unit 12, the estimated position information registering unit 13, the time-series data extracting unit 14, the map data extract- 65 ing unit 15, the movement line generating unit 16, the movement range specifying unit 17, the store information

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of sales (POS) terminal included in each store of the commercial facility U1. The POS terminal 6 includes a merchandise information table of the store. The wireless communicating device 7 is a wireless relay device that is disposed at each place in the commercial facility U1 for 5 allowing the mobile terminal 2 to access the server apparatus 5. The mobile terminal 2 illustrated in the present embodiment is assumed to be, as one example, a wireless relay device that can perform wireless communication by Wi-Fi.

In the network configuration, the mobile terminal 2 in each transmission area of the beacon device 3 receives the beacon signal that is emitted by the beacon device 3. In addition, the mobile terminal 2 wirelessly and communicably connects to the wireless communicating device 7 by Wi-Fi and accesses the server apparatus 5 through the wireless communicating device 7.

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FIG. 28 is a block diagram illustrating one example of functions related to the store search service of the server apparatus 5 according to the third embodiment. FIG. 28 is acquired by replacing a part of the function of the store information extracting unit 18 as an inquiry executing unit 52 and adding a POS communicating unit 51 in the functional blocks of the server apparatus 1 illustrated in the first embodiment (refer to FIG. 4). The server apparatus 5 implements each functional unit illustrated in FIG. 28 by the 10 CPU **101** in the hardware configuration illustrated in FIG. **2** reading the corresponding programs in the ROM 102 or in the HDD 104 into the RAM 103 in order and executing the corresponding programs. The store information extracting unit 18, by request from 15 the assignment processing unit 11, extracts the store information (e.g., a store ID, store position information, store introduction information, an IP address as one example of a network address of the POS terminal 6, or the like) of a relevant store from the store information table T4 with the 20 range specification information specified by the movement range specifying unit 17 as a condition. Furthermore, the store information extracting unit 18, in the case of receiving search information such as a keyword in the request from the assignment processing unit 11, executes an inquiry process of the inquiry executing unit 52 after the extraction process for the store information. The inquiry executing unit 52 stores the search information such as a keyword received by the store information extracting unit 18 in a data portion of an inquiry request signal. The inquiry executing unit 52 instructs the POS communicating unit 51 to transmit the inquiry request signal to the IP address of each POS terminal 6 of the stores in a predetermined area for which the store information is extracted by the extraction process. In addition, the inquiry executing unit 52 receives, from the POS communicating unit 51, inquiry result information transmitted in response by the POS terminal 6 and passes the received inquiry result information to the store information extracting unit 18. Accordingly, the store information extracting unit 18 confirms the store of the POS terminal 6 having relevant merchandise from the inquiry result information of each POS terminal 6. The POS communicating unit 51 transmits the inquiry request signal to the specified POS terminal 6 through the 45 NIC 106 and reads, from the NIC 106, the inquiry result information transmitted in response from the POS terminal 6. While, as one example, the inquiry executing unit 52 is described as specifying transmission of the inquiry request signal to the POS terminal 6 of the store in the predetermined area for which the store information is extracted by the extraction process, the present embodiment is not limited thereto. The inquiry executing unit 52 may specify transmission of the inquiry request signal to all POS terminals 6 in the LAN N4. In this case, the store information extracting unit 18 compares the store of the POS terminal 6 having relevant merchandise in the inquiry result information of each POS terminal 6 with the store relevant to the store information extracted by the extraction process and narrows stores down to the matching store. Next, a configuration of the POS terminal 6 will be described. FIG. 29 is a diagram illustrating one example of a hardware configuration of the POS terminal 6. As illustrated in FIG. 29, the POS terminal 6 has a CPU 301, a ROM **302**, a RAM **303**, an HDD **304**, a printer **305**, a drawer **306**, a keyboard 307, a display 308, a touch panel 309, a scanner 310, a card reading device 311, an NIC 312, and the like.

In the guidance system 500, the server apparatus 5, the POS terminal 6, and the mobile terminal 2 operate as follows.

The server apparatus 5, in the same manner as the server apparatus 1 illustrated in the first embodiment, provides the store search service to the service user Q by access from the mobile terminal 2. However, the server apparatus 5, in the case of narrowing stores with search information such as a 25 keyword, transmits the search information to each POS terminal 6 and causes each POS terminal 6 to perform merchandise inquiry in the merchandise information table included in each POS terminal 6. Therefore, in the present embodiment, the merchandise information table T5 (refer to 30) FIG. 9) illustrated in the first embodiment is replaced by the merchandise information table included in each POS terminal **6**.

If there is an inquiry request from the server apparatus 5, each POS terminal 6 performs an inquiry in the merchandise 35 information table included therein and notifies an inquiry result to the server apparatus 5. The mobile terminal 2 is approximately the same as the mobile terminal 2 illustrated in the first embodiment except for transmitting the position information of the beacon 40 signal received from the beacon device 3 to the server apparatus 5 through the wireless communicating device 7 and not through the wireless base station 4 such as a mobile phone base station or a Wi-Fi spot.

Specific Examples of Each Device

Configurations of each of the server apparatus 5 and the POS terminal 6 according to the third embodiment will be described. The mobile terminal **2** has the same configuration as the mobile terminal 2 illustrated in the first embodiment (refer to FIG. 3 and FIG. 10) and thus will not be described. 50 In addition, the wireless communicating device 7 is a relay device that relays transferred data between the mobile terminal 2 and the server apparatus 5. The wireless communicating device 7 performs wireless communication with the mobile terminal 2 side and performs Ethernet communication with the server apparatus 5 side by the LAN N4. The configuration of the wireless communicating device 7 is well known and thus will not be described in detail. First, a functional configuration of the server apparatus 5 will be described. A hardware configuration of the server 60 apparatus 5 is approximately the same as the server apparatus 1 illustrated in the first embodiment except for storing, in the HDD, programs corresponding to the functional units according to the third embodiment and removing the merchandise information table from the database of the HDD. 65 Thus, refer to the hardware configuration diagram (FIG. 2) for the hardware configuration of the server apparatus 5.

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Each unit is mutually connected by a bus 313. Each unit operates by receiving supply of power from a power supply unit (not illustrated) such as a battery or an AC power supply.

The CPU **301** executes operation processes and control 5 processes for each unit. The ROM 302 stores a fixed program such as a BIOS. The RAM **303** is used as a work area when the CPU **301** executes a program.

The HDD **304** stores various programs and various types of data. Various programs include an operating system (OS) 10 that performs basic operations, a driver that drives each unit, client software, database software, an application program, and the like. In addition, various types of data include screen information, a data file of the merchandise information table (refer to FIG. 9) of the store, a data file of a registration/sales 15 table, and the like.

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The inquiry result information may include detailed information of hit merchandise.

Data Configuration

FIGS. **31**A and **31**B are diagrams illustrating one example of storage area configurations of data storage portions of the transmitted data of the server apparatus 5 and the response data of the POS terminal 6.

FIG. **31**A is a diagram illustrating one example of a storage area configuration of a data portion of the transmitted data that the inquiry executing unit 52 of the server apparatus 5 instructs the POS communicating unit 51 to transmit to the POS terminal 6. As illustrated in FIG. 31A, a data portion D6 has storage areas of the request information d1, search information d41, and the like. FIG. **31**B is a diagram illustrating one example of a storage area configuration of a data portion of the response data that the inquiry unit 61 of the POS terminal 6 instructs the communicating unit 60 to transmit in response to the server apparatus 5. As illustrated in FIG. 31B, a data portion D7 has storage areas of the request information d1, inquiry result information d51, and the like. Sequence of Store Searching FIG. **32** is a sequence diagram illustrating communication between each device of the guidance system 500 in the case of the mobile terminal 2 searching for a store by keyword. Hereinafter, different parts from the sequence diagram of the guidance system 100 according to the first embodiment (refer to FIG. 17) will be mainly described. The server apparatus 5, if receiving a keyword search request signal from the mobile terminal 2, stores the keyword in an inquiry request signal and transmits the inquiry request signal to the POS terminal 6 in the predetermined area (S16-2). Each POS terminal 6, if receiving the inquiry request table thereof with the received keyword (S16-3). The POS terminal 6 notifies the inquiry result to the server apparatus **5** (S16-4). The server apparatus 5, based on the inquiry result from the POS terminal 6, generates screen information of a candidate store of the stores on the line of movement (S17-1) and transmits the screen information to the mobile terminal 2 of the requester (S18-1). Process Flow of Server Apparatus 5 in Sequence of Store Searching Next, a process flow of a service process in the case of the server apparatus 5 according to the third embodiment receiving a keyword search request signal will be described. FIG. 33 is a flowchart of a service process in the case of the server apparatus 5 receiving a keyword search request signal. First, the CPU **101** (in particular, the movement range specifying unit 17), based on each estimated position information of the time-series data extracted by the time-series data extracting unit 14, calculates the range specification information that sets an area along the path connecting each estimated position as a movement range (S121). Next, the CPU 101 (in particular, the store information extracting unit 18) extracts all relevant stores with the range specification information calculated by the movement range specifying unit 17 as a search condition (S122). Next, the CPU 101 (in particular, the inquiry executing unit 52) stores, in a data portion of an inquiry request signal, search information such as a keyword received from the store information extracting unit 18 and instructs the POS communicating unit 51 to transmit the inquiry request signal to each POS terminal 6 of the stores in the predetermined area extracted in Step S122 (S151).

The printer 305 prints print data on a receipt sheet.

The drawer **306** controls release of a drawer.

The keyboard **307** converts an input signal of a push key into a predetermined code and notifies the code to the CPU 20 **301**.

The display **308** displays a predetermined screen.

The touch panel **309** detects a touch input and notifies the touch input to the CPU **301**.

The scanner **310** reads a code symbol and notifies infor- 25 mation of the code symbol to the CPU **301**.

The card reading device **311** reads card information from a credit card or the like.

The NIC **312** is a controller that performs communication by Ethernet. The NIC 312 performs data communication 30 with the server apparatus 5, a store computer, a server of a card company, and the like.

Next, a functional configuration of the POS terminal 6 will be described. The POS terminal 6 implements functions related to merchandise registration, accounting, merchan- 35 signal, performs an inquiry in the merchandise information dise inquiry, and the like by the CPU **301** reading various programs of the ROM 302 or the HDD 304 into the RAM 303 in order and executing the programs. FIG. 30 is a block diagram illustrating one example of functions related to merchandise inquiry. As illustrated in 40 FIG. 30, the POS terminal 6 implements functions of a communicating unit 60, an inquiry unit 61, and the like. The communicating unit 60 establishes communication with the server apparatus 5 through the NIC 312 and reads received data from the NIC **312** and sends transmitted data 45 such as the inquiry result information to the NIC 312. The inquiry unit 61 uses search information included in the received data read by the communicating unit 60 to perform an inquiry as to whether or not merchandise relevant to the search information is included in the merchan- 50 dise information table T5 (refer to FIG. 9) of the HDD 304. For example, assume that the search information includes "hat by brand L" that represents a merchandise name. In this case, the inquiry unit 61 performs an inquiry as to whether or not there is a record relevant to "hat by brand L" in the 55 merchandise name 903 of the merchandise information table T5. In the present example, "hat by brand L" is set in the merchandise name 903, and an inquiry result of a match can be acquired. While an inquiry result of a non-match is acquired if "hat by brand L" is not set in the merchandise 60 name 903, changes may be made to divide "hat by brand L" into "brand L" and "hat" so that an inquiry result of a match is acquired in the case of existence of records including each keyword. The inquiry unit **61** stores the inquiry result information 65 in response data and instructs the communicating unit 60 to transmit the response data to the server apparatus 5.

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Next, the CPU **101** (in particular, the POS communicating unit **51**) generates and transmits an inquiry request signal to the IP addresses of all POS terminals **6** specified by the inquiry executing unit **52** (S152).

Next, the CPU **101** (in particular, the POS communicating 5 unit **51**) receives inquiry result information from the transmission destination of the inquiry request signal (S**153**).

Next, the CPU 101 (in particular, the inquiry executing unit 52) receives the inquiry result information from the POS communicating unit 51 and passes the received inquiry 10 result information to the store information extracting unit 18.

Next, the CPU 101 (in particular, the store information extracting unit 18) confirms the store of the POS terminal 6 having relevant merchandise as a candidate store from the 15 inquiry result information of each POS terminal 6 (S154). Next, the CPU **101** (in particular, the screen information) generating unit 12) generates screen information of the search result screen illustrating the candidate stores confirmed by the store information extracting unit 18 or screen 20 information of the store information screen illustrating detailed information of the candidate stores (S155). The server apparatus 5 as the information processing apparatus according to the present embodiment, mainly by the POS communicating unit **51** and the like, functions as a 25 transmitting section that transmits inquiry data as to search information to a device in a public place, and as a receiving section that receives inquiry result data transmitted in response from the device. In addition, by the inquiry executing unit **52** and the like, the server apparatus **5** functions as 30 an inquiry processing section that specifies a device for which the search information generates a hit.

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LANs N4-1, N4-2, . . . of each area are connected by a wide area network (WAN) or the like.

In the configuration illustrated in FIG. 34, the higher apparatus 9, by upload from the area server apparatus 8 or the like of each of the areas N4-1, N4-2,  $\ldots$ , manages tables of all areas, for example, the movement line data management table T1, the position information conversion table T2, the map information table T3, the store information table T4, and the merchandise information table T5.

If there is an update of data in the position information conversion table T2, the map information table T3, the store information table T4, the merchandise information table T5, and the like, each area server apparatus 8 notifies difference data to the higher apparatus 9 at night or the like. In addition, each area server apparatus 8 notifies the time-series data of the movement line data management table T1 to the higher apparatus 9 at a predetermined timing. For example, each area server apparatus 8 notifies the time-series data to the higher apparatus 9 at the timing of termination of the notification function of the mobile terminal or in the case of absence of notification for position registration from the mobile terminal for a predetermined amount of time. The higher apparatus 9 distributes notification information H of all area server apparatuses 8 to each area server apparatus 8 at the same time and causes each area server apparatus 8 to set various tables for all areas. The area server apparatus 8 includes a higher apparatus transmitting section that transmits the time-series data stored in the movement line data management table T1 to the higher apparatus 9, a higher apparatus receiving section that receives the time-series data stored in the movement line data management table T1 of another area server apparatus 8 from the higher apparatus 9, and the like. The higher apparatus transmitting section and the higher apparatus

The configuration described heretofore also enables the service user to specify a desired store based on the latest merchandise information or the like currently handled by the <sup>35</sup> store. While the merchandise information table is disposed in the HDD of the POS terminal in the present embodiment, the merchandise information table may be disposed in a server that is disposed in the store, such as a store server. Furthermore, the merchandise information table may be 40 disposed in a server on a cloud. In this case, the merchandise information table may be disposed in formation table may be disposed in a server on a cloud. In this case, the merchandise information table may be disposed along with the position information of a store.

#### Fourth Embodiment

An embodiment in the case of the movement line data of the service user accumulated in a server apparatus in one area being used in a server apparatus in another area will be illustrated in a fourth embodiment. Hereinafter, with the 50 commercial facility U1 illustrated in the third embodiment as the one area, the case of the movement line data accumulated in the server apparatus 5 being used in another commercial facility will be illustratively described.

FIG. 34 is a conceptual diagram illustrating a configuration of a server apparatus of a guidance system 600 according to the fourth embodiment. As illustrated in FIG. 34, the guidance system 600 has an area server apparatus 8 and a higher apparatus 9 as the server apparatus. The area server apparatus 8 is a server apparatus that manages each area disposed in the commercial facility U1, a commercial facility U2, . . . , and corresponds to the server apparatus 5 illustrated in the third embodiment. In addition, the higher apparatus 9 is a server apparatus that manages each area server apparatus 8, and is disposed in a LAN or the like of a headquarter so as to be able to connect to LANs N4-1, N4-2, . . . of each area. The LAN of the headquarter and the

receiving section include the communicating unit 10, the assignment processing unit 11, and the like.

The area server apparatus 8 registers the time-series data received by the higher apparatus receiving section in the movement line data management table T1. Specifically, the assignment processing unit 11 instructs the estimated position information registering unit 13 to register the timeseries data.

Accordingly, the service user can execute store searching in another area by using the line of movement in a first area and confirm information of a store in the first area in another area.

#### Fifth Embodiment

An embodiment in the case of the store search service of the server apparatus **5** illustrated in the third embodiment being used by a multimedia terminal (e.g., kiosk terminal) disposed in a commercial facility will be illustrated in a fifth embodiment.

FIG. 35 is a diagram illustrating one example of a network configuration of a guidance system 700 according to the fifth embodiment. The guidance system 700 illustrated in FIG. 35 is acquired by disposing a multimedia terminal M1 in the guidance system 500 (refer to FIG. 27) illustrated in the third embodiment.
The multimedia terminal M1 is disposed in a predetermined area in the commercial facility U1 and is connected to the local area network (LAN) N4 by a LAN cable or the like. The multimedia terminal M1 provides various types of service such as sale of tickets and store searching to the service user Q of the commercial facility U1.

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Hardware Configuration of Multimedia Terminal M1 FIG. 36 is a diagram illustrating one example of a hardware configuration of the multimedia terminal M1. As illustrated in FIG. 36, the multimedia terminal M1 has a CPU **401**, a ROM **402**, a RAM **403**, an image memory **404**, <sup>5</sup> an HDD 405, a touch panel 406, a display 407, a keyboard 408, a card reading device 409, a printer 410, a Bluetooth communicating circuit **411**, an NIC **412**, and the like. Each unit is mutually connected by a bus **413**. Each unit operates by receiving supply of power from a power supply unit (not illustrated) such as a battery or an AC power supply.

The CPU 401 executes operation processes and control processes for each unit. The ROM 402 stores a fixed program such as a BIOS. The RAM 403 is used as a work area when the CPU 401 executes a program. The image memory 404 is an image memory for printing. The HDD **405** stores various programs and various types of data. Various programs include an operating system (OS) that performs basic operations, a driver that drives each unit, 20 client software, and an application that is related to store searching, sale of tickets, and the like. In addition, various types of data include screen information and the like. The touch panel 406 detects a touch input on a touch panel and notifies a detected signal to the CPU 401. The display 407 displays a predetermined screen output by the CPU **401** on a display of a liquid crystal or the like. The keyboard **408** converts an input signal of a push key on a keyboard into a predetermined code and notifies the code to the CPU **401**.

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The printing output unit 85 loads display screen information of the display 407 into the image memory 404 and drives the printer 410 to print the display screen information on a printing sheet.

The viewer unit **86** acquires screen information related to the store search service and outputs the screen information to the screen display unit 82. For example, the viewer unit 86 outputs, to the screen display unit 82, a screen corresponding to a received content of the input receiving unit 81. 10 In addition, the viewer unit 86, in accordance with the received content of the input receiving unit 81, acquires screen information from the server apparatus 5 through the first communicating unit 83 and outputs the screen. In this configuration, the multimedia terminal M1 dis-15 plays, on the display 407, a top screen dedicated to the multimedia terminal M1 that includes an operation button initiating the store search service. In the case of a touch input being provided on the operation button, a switch is made to the top screen for the store search service. The multimedia terminal M1, by receiving various inputs on the top screen for the store search service, uses the store search service of the server apparatus 5 instead of the mobile terminal 2. Process Flow of Multimedia Terminal M1 FIG. 38 is a diagram illustrating one example of a process 25 flow of the CPU **401** of the multimedia terminal M1. First, if a touch input is provided on the operation button that initiates the store search service, the CPU 401 displays, on the display 407, message information that prompts bringing the mobile terminal 2 close to a predetermined read position, 30 and establishes communication with the mobile terminal 2 through the Bluetooth communicating circuit **411** (S401). Next, the CPU 401 reads the terminal-specific identification information transmitted by the mobile terminal 2 and temporarily stores the identification information in a prede-

The card reading device **409** drives a card reading device to read card information from a credit card or the like.

The printer **410** controls a printer to print an image of the image memory 404 on a printing sheet.

The Bluetooth communicating circuit 411 performs com- 35 termined storage region in the RAM 403 (S402). munication by the Bluetooth communication protocol.

The NIC **412** is a controller that performs communication by Ethernet. The NIC 412 performs data communication with the server apparatus 5, a server apparatus of a card company (not illustrated), and the like.

Functional Configuration of Multimedia Terminal M1 Next, a functional configuration of the multimedia terminal M1 will be described. The multimedia terminal M1 implements multimedia functions such as store searching and sale of tickets by the CPU **401** reading various programs 45 of the ROM 402 or the HDD 405 into the RAM 403 in order and executing the programs.

FIG. **37** is a block diagram illustrating one example of functions related to store searching of the multimedia functions. As illustrated in FIG. 37, the multimedia terminal M1 50 implements functions of an input receiving unit 81, a screen display unit 82, a first communicating unit 83, a second communicating unit 84, a printing output unit 85, a viewer unit **86**, and the like.

The input receiving unit 81 receives input information by 55 a key input or a touch input from the keyboard 408 or the touch panel 406.

Next, the CPU **401** disconnects communication with the mobile terminal 2 (S403).

Next, the CPU 401 displays the top screen for the store search service on the display 407 and receives an operational 40 input (S404).

A screen flow of the multimedia terminal M1 or a communication flow between each device after reception of an operational input on the top screen is approximately the same as that illustrated in the third embodiment. That is, the screen flow is illustrated in FIG. 22 to FIG. 25, and the communication flow is acquired by replacing the mobile terminal 2 in FIG. 32 with the multimedia terminal M1.

Main differences are the server apparatus 5 side process of Step S21 illustrated in the communication flow in FIG. 32 and processes in the multimedia terminal M1 after Step S23.

In the shortest route screen generation process of Step S21, the server apparatus 5 finds the shortest route from the position information of the multimedia terminal M1 as a starting point to the position indicated by the store position information. Specifically, the server apparatus 5 previously manages the position information of the multimedia terminal M1 in correlation with an IP address, a MAC address, or the like of the multimedia terminal M1 in a management table or the like. Accordingly, the assignment processing unit 11, if receiving a request from the multimedia terminal M1, acquires position information from the management table based on the IP address, the MAC address, or the like indicating the requester and passes the position information as a current place to the shortest route finding unit **19**. The shortest route finding unit 19 finds the shortest route from the position information as a starting point to the position indicated by the store position information.

The screen display unit 82 outputs screen data to the display 407.

The first communicating unit 83 establishes communica- 60 tion with the server apparatus 5 and transmits and receives instructions and data with the server apparatus 5 through the NIC 412.

The second communicating unit 84 establishes communication with the mobile terminal 2 through the Bluetooth 65 communicating circuit **411** and reads terminal-specific identification information of the mobile terminal **2**.

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Process Flow of Multimedia Terminal M1 Continued Processes of the CPU **401** of the multimedia terminal M1 after Step S23 are as follows.

As illustrated in FIG. 38, first, the CPU 401 receives an operational input on a print button (S405).

Next, the CPU **401**, based on the operational input on the print button, loads the display screen information of the display **407** into the image memory **404** and drives the printer **410** to print the display screen information on a printing sheet (S406). Accordingly, the printing sheet having 10 the shortest route screen is discharged from a discharge port.

Then, the CPU **401**, based on an operational input on a terminate button, releases the storage region of the terminal-specific identification information to display the top screen dedicated to the multimedia terminal M1.

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cating unit **84** that reads the terminal-specific identification information of the mobile terminal **2**, and the like, functions as an input section that receives input of information related to service.

The multimedia terminal M1, by the printing output unit **85** and the like, functions as an output section that outputs the position information of a store or the like received.

By this configuration, the service user can use the store search service with the multimedia terminal M1 instead of the mobile terminal 2. In addition, since the position information of a store or the like, the shortest route to a store, and the like can be printed at the multimedia terminal M1, the service user can go toward a desired store while confirming the printed sheet.

Display Screen of Multimedia Terminal M1

FIGS. **39**A to **39**D are diagrams illustrating one example of display screens of the multimedia terminal M1. FIG. **39**A is the top screen dedicated to the multimedia terminal M1. FIG. **39**B is the communication message screen. FIG. **39**C 20 is the top screen for the store search service. FIG. **39**D is the shortest route screen. Other screens are not illustrated.

A top screen g1 dedicated to the multimedia terminal M1 illustrated in FIG. **39**A includes a "store search" button b1. The "store search" button b1 is an operation button for 25 instructing the viewer unit **86** to initiate the store search service. If a touch input is provided on the "store search" button b1, the viewer unit **86** displays the communication message screen.

A communication message screen g2 illustrated in FIG. 30 **39**B includes message information j0 that prompts bringing the mobile terminal 2 close to a predetermined reading position. The CPU 401, if reading the terminal-specific identification information of the mobile terminal 2, displays the top screen for the store search service. A top screen g3 for the store search service illustrated in FIG. 39C is a screen of the multimedia terminal M1 that corresponds to the top screen G1 of the mobile terminal 2 illustrated in FIG. 22. As one example, the top screen g3 has the "confirm line of movement of today" button B1, the 40 "confirm past line of movement" button B2, the "terminate" button b5, and the like. The "confirm line of movement of today" button B1 and the "confirm past line of movement" button B2 are the same as those illustrated in FIG. 22. The "terminate" button b5 is 45 an operation button for instructing the viewer unit 86 to terminate the store search service. If a touch input is provided on the "terminate" button b5, the viewer unit 86 displays the top screen of the multimedia terminal M1. The "terminate" button b5 is also disposed in each screen 50 described later. A shortest route screen g4 illustrated in FIG. 39D is a screen of the multimedia terminal M1 that corresponds to the shortest route screen G6 of the mobile terminal 2 illustrated in FIG. 25. The shortest route screen g4 that is 55 illustrated as one example is acquired by adding a "print" button b2 to the shortest route screen G6 in FIG. 25. The "print" button b2 is an operation button for instructing the viewer unit 86 to print the display screen. If a touch input is provided on the "print" button b2, the printing 60 output unit 85 is called by the viewer unit 86 to print the display screen information of the display 407 on a printing sheet. The multimedia terminal M1 as the information processing apparatus according to the present embodiment, by the 65 input receiving unit 81 that receives information related to service from the mobile terminal 2, the second communiSixth Embodiment

An embodiment in the case of a multimedia terminal in a commercial facility providing the store search service as the server apparatus **5** illustrated in the third embodiment will be illustrated in a sixth embodiment.

FIG. 40 is a diagram illustrating one example of a network configuration of a guidance system 800 according to the sixth embodiment. The guidance system 800 illustrated in FIG. 40 is acquired by replacing the server apparatus 5 with a multimedia terminal M2 and removing the beacon device 3 in the guidance system 500 (refer to FIG. 27) illustrated in the third embodiment.

The multimedia terminal M2 is disposed in a predetermined area in the commercial facility U1 and is connected to the local area network (LAN) N4 by a LAN cable or the like.

In this network configuration, the mobile terminal 2 transmits unique identification information to the wireless communicating device 7 by Wi-Fi or the like during movement. The wireless communicating device 7 transmits, to the multimedia terminal M2, data in which identification information thereof (corresponds to the beacon ID) is added to the identification information of the mobile terminal **2**. The multimedia terminal M2, if receiving data from the wireless communicating device 7, registers the identification information of the wireless communicating device 7 stored in the received data as the time-series data in the movement line data management table T1 (refer to FIG. 5) that corresponds to the identification information of the mobile terminal 2 stored in the received data. Subsequent operation of the multimedia terminal M2 by the service user is approximately the same as that of the multimedia terminal M1 illustrated in the fifth embodiment except that the store search service is processed in the multimedia terminal M2. That is, the multimedia terminal M2 displays an operation screen related to the store search service on the screen thereof. The multimedia terminal M2, if receiving an input related to the store search service on the operation screen, receives the identification information of the mobile terminal 2 by Bluetooth communication or the like from the mobile terminal 2. Furthermore, the multimedia terminal M2, if receiving an input related to store searching on the operation screen, executes a process related to store search service therein and displays the execution result on the operation screen. Details of the process are repetition of the process previously described in the other embodiments and thus will not be further described here.

Seventh Embodiment

An embodiment in the case of the mobile terminal 2 illustrated in the sixth embodiment accumulating the time-

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series data and using the store search service provided by a multimedia terminal will be illustrated in a seventh embodiment.

FIG. **41** is a diagram illustrating one example of a network configuration of a guidance system 900 according to the 5seventh embodiment. The guidance system 900 illustrated in FIG. **41** is acquired by, mainly, arranging the beacon device 3 and removing the wireless communicating device 7 in the guidance system 800 (refer to FIG. 40) illustrated in the sixth embodiment.

In the network configuration, the mobile terminal 2 in each transmission area of the beacon device 3 receives the beacon signal that is emitted by the beacon device 3. The mobile terminal 2 stores the beacon ID of the beacon signal in correlation with date and time information at the time of reception of the beacon signal. Each time the mobile termi-<sup>15</sup> nal 2 receives the beacon signal emitted by the beacon device 3, the mobile terminal 2 correlates the beacon ID with date and time information at the time of reception of the beacon signal and manages the beacon ID as the time-series data therein. 20 A multimedia terminal M3 displays an operation screen related to the store search service on the screen thereof. The multimedia terminal M3, if receiving an input related to the store search service on the operation screen, receives the time-series data by Bluetooth communication or the like 25 from the mobile terminal **2**. Furthermore, the multimedia terminal M3, if receiving an input related to store searching on the operation screen, executes a process related to the store search service therein based on the time-series data received from the mobile terminal 2 and displays the execution result on the operation screen. Subsequent operation of the multimedia terminal M3 by the service user is approximately the same as that of the multimedia terminal M2 illustrated in the sixth embodiment.

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the like will be illustrated in a ninth embodiment. First, the store search application of the mobile terminal is launched in the stop position of the car. By this launching, the mobile terminal receives the beacon signal from a nearby beacon device and transmits the beacon ID and date and time information to the server apparatus 1. When the user of the mobile terminal finishes shopping and returns to the parking lot, the user pushes a stop position search button on the mobile terminal to transmit a request signal for the stop position to the server apparatus. The server apparatus, if receiving the request signal for the stop position from the mobile terminal, extracts the time-series data of the mobile terminal and determines the starting point of the time-series data to be the stop position. The server apparatus transmits position information, map information, and the like to the mobile terminal of the requester. A number or the like that indicates the stop position disposed in the parking lot is transmitted in the position information.

#### Eighth Embodiment

#### Tenth Embodiment

An embodiment of a lost article guidance system that provides guidance for information as to a lost article to a user of a commercial facility will be illustrated in the present embodiment.

FIG. 42 is a diagram illustrating one example of a network configuration of a lost article guidance system 500-1 according to a tenth embodiment. The lost article guidance system 500-1 illustrated in FIG. 42 is acquired by disposing the 30 server apparatus 5 and the POS terminal 6 respectively as a server apparatus 5-1 and a POS terminal 6-1 having a lost article function in the guidance system 500 (refer to FIG. 27) illustrated in the third embodiment. In the lost article guidance system 500-1, the server apparatus 5-1, the POS 35 terminal 6-1, and the mobile terminal 2 perform operation related to lost article guidance illustrated below, in addition to the operation related to the store search service. The server apparatus 5-1, by access from the mobile terminal 2, provides service such as lost article searching and guidance for a storage place of a lost article. For example, if there is a query as to a lost article from the mobile terminal 2, the server apparatus 5-1 provides guidance for a storage place of a found article relevant to the lost article based on provision of information from each POS terminal 6-1. The POS terminal 6-1, in the case of discovering a found article, notifies information of the found article (e.g., information that indicates the found date and time, the name of the found article, or the features of the found article) to the 50 server apparatus 5-1.

The mobile terminal 2 may be configured to have the functional units of the store service process of the server apparatus 1 illustrated in the first embodiment. In this case, the mobile terminal 2 receives the beacon signal emitted by 40the beacon device 3 in each transmission area of the beacon device 3. The mobile terminal 2 correlates the beacon ID of the beacon signal with date and time information at the time of reception of the beacon signal and stores the beacon ID in the flash ROM 203 (refer to FIG. 3) thereof. Each time the 45 mobile terminal 2 receives the beacon signal emitted by the beacon device 3, the mobile terminal 2 correlates the beacon ID with date and time information at the time of reception of the beacon signal and manages the time-series data in the flash ROM 203.

The mobile terminal 2 displays, on the display 250 (refer to FIG. 3) thereof, an operation screen related to the store search service that is previously stored in the flash ROM 203. The mobile terminal 2, if receiving an input related to the store search service on the operation screen, executes a 55 process related to the store search service based on the time-series data managed in the flash ROM 203 and displays the execution result on the display 250. Details of the process are repetition of the previously described process between the mobile terminal 2 and the server apparatus 1 in 60the first embodiment as the process of the mobile terminal **2** and thus will not be further described here.

The mobile terminal 2, by making a query as to the lost article to the server apparatus 5-1, acquires information such as a storage place of the lost article from the server apparatus 5-1.

Specific Example of Each Device

Next, specific configurations of each device of the lost article guidance system 500-1 according to the present embodiment will be described. Configurations of the server apparatus 5-1 and the POS terminal 6-1 will be described. For the server apparatus 5-1, "functions related to lost article guidance" and table configurations that are different from those of the server apparatus 5 illustrated in the third embodiment will be described. In addition, for the POS terminal 6-1, the exterior of the POS terminal 6-1 will be 65 illustrated, and "functions related to lost article guidance" that are different from the configuration of the POS terminal **6** illustrated in the third embodiment will be described. For

#### Ninth Embodiment

An embodiment in the case of searching for a stop position of a car in a parking lot in a commercial facility or

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hardware configurations of the server apparatus 5-1 and the POS terminal 6-1, refer to FIG. 2 and FIG. 29.

For a configuration of the mobile terminal 2, a flow of a process of the mobile terminal 2 will be described with reference to FIG. 3 to FIG. 10. In addition, the wireless 5 communicating device 7 is a relay device that relays transferred data between the mobile terminal 2 and the server apparatus 5-1. The wireless communicating device 7 performs wireless communication with the mobile terminal 2 side and performs Ethernet communication with the server 10 apparatus 5-1 side by the LAN N4. Further description of the configuration of the wireless communicating device 7 will not be provided.

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features of an acquired article such as the shape, the color, and the size thereof. The storage place 1004 is information that indicates the storage place of the found article such as the name or the position information of a store that temporarily stores the found article or a management office or the position information thereof that collects found articles. Hardware Configuration of POS Terminal 6-1 FIG. 45 is a perspective exterior view of a POS cash register illustrated as one example of the POS terminal 6-1. For each unit of the POS terminal 6-1, parts corresponding to the hardware configuration of the POS terminal 6 (refer to FIG. 29) are designated by the same reference signs. The POS terminal 6-1 illustrated in FIG. 45 has a main body 300 incorporating a control board and the drawer 306 accommodating change of banknotes and coins. As one example, the illustrated drawer 306 is one disposed in a lower portion of the main body 300. The POS terminal 6-1 includes, on a top surface of the main body 300, the keyboard 307 in which multiple push 20 keys including numeric keys such as "0" to "9", a total key, and the like are arranged. Furthermore, the POS terminal 6-1 includes, in an upper portion of the main body 300, the display (e.g., liquid crystal display or the like) 308 in which the touch panel **309** is disposed on the surface. The POS terminal 6-1 includes a discharge port 305-1 for receipts on the left side of the keyboard **307**. The printer **305** that is incorporated in the main body 300 discharges a printed receipt from the discharge port **305-1**. Besides, the POS terminal 6-1 includes the scanner 310 that reads a code symbol of merchandise, the card reading device 311 that reads card information of a credit card or the like, and the like.

Functional Configuration of Server Apparatus 5-1

First, a functional configuration of the server apparatus 15 **5-1** will be described. The server apparatus **5-1** implements each functional unit illustrated in FIG. 43 by the CPU 101 reading previously stored corresponding programs of the ROM 102 or the HDD 104 into the RAM 103 in order and executing the corresponding programs.

FIG. 43 is a block diagram illustrating one example of functions related to lost article guidance service of the server apparatus 5-1. As illustrated in FIG. 43, the server apparatus 5-1 implements functions of the communicating unit 10, the assignment processing unit 11, the screen information gen- 25 erating unit 12, the estimated position information registering unit 13, the time-series data extracting unit 14, the map data extracting unit 15, the movement range specifying unit 17, the shortest route finding unit 19, a found article information registering unit 90, a found article information 30 extracting unit 91, a lost article query unit 92, a notifying unit 93, and the like. For each functional unit, the same functional units as the functional units illustrated in the third embodiment are designated by the same reference signs.

Functional Configuration of POS Terminal 6-1 Next, a functional configuration of the POS terminal 6-1 Hereinafter, additional functional units in the present 35 will be described. The POS terminal 6-1 implements functions related to merchandise registration, accounting, merchandise inquiry, found article reporting, and the like by the CPU **301** reading previously stored corresponding programs of the ROM **302** or the HDD **304** into the RAM **303** in order 40 and executing the corresponding programs. FIG. 46 is a block diagram illustrating one example of functions related to found article reporting. As illustrated in FIG. 46, the POS terminal 6-1 implements functions of the communicating unit 60, an input receiving unit 62, a screen display unit 63, a found article information notifying unit 64, a lost article notifying unit 65, and the like. The communicating unit 60 establishes communication with the server apparatus 5-1 through the NIC 312 and reads received data from the NIC 312 and sends transmitted data

embodiment will be described.

The found article information registering unit 90 registers information of a found article discovered by the POS terminal 6-1 in a found article management table T6 (refer to FIG. 44).

The found article information extracting unit 91 extracts relevant found article information from the found article management table T6 with information as to the lost article provided from the mobile terminal 2 as a search condition.

The lost article query unit 92 transmits an inquiry request 45 signal as to the lost article to the POS terminal 6-1 installed in each store within the movement range of the service user and acquires found article information from any POS terminal **6-1**.

The notifying unit 93 generates notification data that 50 such as the found article information to the NIC 312. operates the notification function of the mobile terminal **2**. For example, the notifying unit 93 generates notification data by embedding a signal operating a notification sound, vibrations, or the like into functional information of the mobile terminal 2 received from the assignment processing 55 unit **11**.

Table Configuration FIG. 44 is a diagram illustrating one example of a table configuration of the found article management table. The found article management table T6 illustrated in FIG. 44 is 60 a table that correlates found date information 1001, found article name 1002, found article feature 1003, a storage place 1004, and the like with each other. The found date information **1001** is information that indicates the found date and time. The found article name 1002 is name information 65 of the found article such as "handkerchief" or "bag". The found article feature 1003 is information that indicates

The input receiving unit 62 receives an operational input from the keyboard 307 or the touch panel 309.

The screen display unit 63 displays screen information such as a found article notification screen or a pop-up screen on the display 308.

The found article information notifying unit 64 stores, in a data portion of a registration request signal, the found article information input from an operator on the found article notification screen and instructs the communicating unit 60 to transmit the registration request signal to the server apparatus 5-1. The lost article notifying unit 65, in the case of received data read by the communicating unit 60 being equal to a query request signal, generates screen information that prompts searching around for the lost article, and outputs the screen information to the screen display unit 63. In the case of the data portion of the query request signal storing

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information as to the lost article, the lost article notifying unit 65 generates screen information that includes information as to the lost article. A display method for the screen information may be appropriately set, such as pop-up display or alert display.

The viewer unit **26** has a function of using the lost article guidance service in addition to the functional configuration of the mobile terminal 2 illustrated in FIG. 10. For a hardware configuration of the mobile terminal 2, refer to FIG. 3.

Sequence of Entire System Related to Notification of Found Article

Next, a communication flow between the devices of the lost article guidance system 500-1 will be described.

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unit 90) registers the found article information in the found article management table T6 in correlation with the acquired information.

For example, assume that the CPU **101** (in particular, the found article information registering unit 90) receives the 5 found date "2016. 1. 11. 2 p.m.", the name of the found article "bag", the features of the found article "beige" and "shoulder type" as the found article information. In this case, the CPU 101 (in particular, the found article information 10 registering unit 90) registers the information and information specifying a store acquired from the store information table T4 as one record information in each of the found date information 1001, the found article name 1002, the found article feature 1003, and the storage place 1004. By this registration, a record DT illustrated in FIG. 44 is 15 generated. The CPU **101** (in particular, the communicating unit 10) disconnects communication with the POS terminal 6-1 by receiving a disconnection request signal from the POS terminal 6-1 by the NIC 106 or elapsing of a preset time In the case of moving the found article to the management office or the like after temporary storage of the found article, a management terminal or the like of the management office connects to the server apparatus 5-1 and updates a target <sup>25</sup> record of the found article management table T6 to change the storage place of the record to the information of the management office.

FIG. 47 is a sequence diagram illustrating communication between the devices of the lost article guidance system 500-1 in the case of the POS terminal 6-1 reporting the found article information to the server apparatus 5-1.

First, a salesperson in a store having the POS terminal 6-1 20 limit. discovers a lost article (S31).

Next, by operation of the salesperson, the POS terminal 6-1 displays the found article notification screen on the display 308 and receives input of the found article information (S32).

The POS terminal 6-1 transmits a registration request signal storing the found article information to the server apparatus 5-1 (S33).

The server apparatus 5-1, if receiving the registration request signal transmitted from the POS terminal 6-1, registers the notified found article information in the found article management table T6 (S34).

In the case of a salesperson in another store discovering a lost article, a notification procedure is performed between each device in the same manner as Step S31 to Step S34. Process Flow of Server Apparatus 5-1 A registration process for the found article information in the server apparatus 5-1 will be described. The CPU 101 (in particular, the communicating unit 10), if receiving a con-40nection request signal of the POS terminal 6-1 by the NIC **106**, establishes communication with the POS terminal 6-1 through the NIC 106. The CPU 101 (in particular, the communicating unit 10), if further receiving a transmitted signal from the POS 45 terminal 6-1 by the NIC 106, reads the information of the transmitted signal, calls the assignment processing unit 11, and causes the assignment processing unit 11 to perform various service processes. The CPU 101 (in particular, the assignment processing 50 unit 11) manages session information per POS terminal 6-1 that makes a request, and controls processes in accordance with the request content of the received data. In the registration process for the found article information described here, the CPU **101** (in particular, the assignment processing 55 unit 11) controls processes for the found article information registering unit 90. The CPU 101 (in particular, the found article information registering unit 90) registers the found article information of the received data in the found article management table T6. 60 In the present embodiment, the CPU 101 (in particular, the found article information registering unit 90) references the store information table T4 (refer to FIG. 8) and acquires the store name, the position information, and the like of a store corresponding to a transmitter address (an IP address, 65 a MAC address, or the like) of the received data. The CPU 101 (in particular, the found article information registering

Display Screen of POS Terminal 6-1

FIG. 48 is a diagram illustrating one example of the found article notification screen. A found article notification screen G20 illustrated in FIG. 48 has an input box C20, an input box C21, an input box C22, and an input box C23. In addition, the found article notification screen G20 has a "transmit" button B20 and a "terminate" button B21. The input box C20 is for input of information that indicates the found date and time. The input box C21 is for input of the name of the found article. The input box C22 is for input of the features of the found article. The input box C23 is for input of information that indicates the storage place. The "transmit" button B20 is an operation button for declaring transmission of the information input in each of the input boxes C20, C21, C22, and C23. The "terminate" button B21 is an operation button for declaring termination of the found article notification screen. The CPU **301** of the POS terminal **6-1**, if receiving input of an execution instruction for a found article notification program by an input provided on an icon or the like by the salesperson, executes functional units corresponding to the execution instruction and displays the found article notification screen G20 on the display 308. The CPU 301, if receiving input of the found article information and further receiving an input on the "transmit" button B20, generates transmitted data in which the CPU **301** (in particular, the found article information notifying unit 64) stores the found article information, and the CPU 301 (in particular, the communicating unit 60) transmits the data to the server apparatus 5-1.

Sequence of Entire System Related to making Query as to Lost Article

FIG. 49 is a sequence diagram (1) illustrating communication between devices of the lost article guidance system 500-1 in the case of the mobile terminal 2 making a query as to the lost article to the server apparatus 5-1. First, the mobile terminal 2 displays an input screen on the display 250 and receives input of information as to the lost

article (S41). In the present embodiment, a lost article search button is disposed on the top screen of the mobile terminal

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2, and the mobile terminal 2 displays the lost article input screen on the display 250 by an operational input on the lost article search button.

The mobile terminal **2** transmits a lost article information request signal storing the information as to the lost article to 5 the server apparatus **5-1** (S42).

The server apparatus 5-1, if receiving the lost article information request signal transmitted from the mobile terminal 2, performs an inquiry in the registered information of the found article management table T6 as to whether or 10 not there is a notification of the found article information corresponding to the lost article information request signal (S43).

If there is a notification of the relevant found article information in the registered information of the found article 15 management table T6, the server apparatus 5-1 transmits in response the found article information to the mobile terminal 2 of the query submitter (S44). The mobile terminal 2 displays, on the display 250, the found article information transmitted from the server appa-20 ratus 5-1 (S45). FIG. 50 is a sequence diagram (2) illustrating communication between devices of the lost article guidance system 500-1 in the case of the mobile terminal 2 making a query as to a lost article to the server apparatus 5-1. The same parts 25as the sequence diagram (1) will not be described. The server apparatus 5-1, in Step S43 of the sequence diagram (1), performs an inquiry in the registered information of the found article management table T6 as to whether or not there is a notification of the found article information. 30 By this inquiry, in the case of absence of a notification of the relevant found article information, the server apparatus 5-1 transmits a query request signal to the POS terminals 6-1 of each store within the movement range of the mobile terminal 2 of the query submitter (S51).

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determination), the CPU 101 (in particular, the found article information extracting unit 91), under control of the assignment processing unit 11, sets information as to the lost article stored in a data portion of the received data as a search condition and extracts a relevant record from the found article management table T6 (S162).

For example, assume that information that indicates "the name of the found article" (for example, tag information) as the information as to the lost article and search information are stored in the data portion. In this case, the CPU 101 (in particular, the found article information extracting unit 91) performs an extraction process for a record relevant to the search information with the found article name 1002 of the found article management table T6 as a key. In the case of the data portion storing a set of a plurality of pieces of tag information such as the "found date information", the "name of the found article", and the "features of the found article" as the information as to the lost article and the search information, records that have the search information in fields corresponding to the plurality of pieces of tag information are extracted from the found article management table T6. Next, the CPU **101** (in particular, the assignment processing unit 11) determines whether or not a relevant record is extracted by the found article information extracting unit 91 (S163). In the case of a relevant record being extracted by the found article information extracting unit 91 (S163: Yes determination), the CPU 101 (in particular, the time-series data extracting unit 14), under control of the assignment processing unit 11, extracts the time-series data from the movement line data management table T1 of the query submitter (S164). Specifically, the CPU 101 (in particular, the time-series data extracting unit 14) reads an IP address, 35 a MAC address, or the like stored in a header of the received data and specifies the movement line data management table T1 of the query submitter based on the identification information of the query submitter corresponding to the IP address, the MAC address, or the like. The CPU 101 (in particular, the time-series data extracting unit 14) extracts time-series data on the current date from the movement line data management table T1. Next, under control of the assignment processing unit **11**, the CPU 101 (in particular, the map data extracting unit 15) extracts, from the map information table T3 (refer to FIG. 7), map data that includes a position specified by the estimated position information of the time-series data extracted by the time-series data extracting unit 14 (S165). Next, the CPU 101 (in particular, the shortest route finding unit **19**) finds the shortest route to the storage place under control of the assignment processing unit **11** (S166). Specifically, the CPU 101 (in particular, the shortest route) finding unit 19) sets a destination to the storage place included in the relevant record extracted by the found article 55 information extracting unit 91. In addition, the CPU 101 (in particular, the shortest route finding unit 19) sets the current place to the estimated position information of the last time-series data extracted by the time-series data extracting unit 14. The CPU 101 (in particular, the shortest route finding unit 19) finds the shortest route from the current place to the storage place based on the map data extracted by the map data extracting unit 15. Next, the CPU 101 (in particular, the screen information generating unit 12) generates screen information under control of the assignment processing unit 11 (S167). For example, generated is screen information that includes an image in which data indicating the shortest route and the

If the salesperson searches around and discovers a lost article having similar features, the POS terminal 6-1 transmits in response a discovery signal for the found article to the server apparatus 5-1 (S52).

The server apparatus **5-1** performs a notification registra- 40 tion process if receiving the discovery signal from at least any one POS terminal **6-1** making a query (S**53**).

The server apparatus 5-1 transmits a notification signal to the mobile terminal 2 of the query submitter (S54).

The mobile terminal **2**, if receiving the notification signal 45 from the server apparatus **5-1**, notifies discovery of the lost article to the service user by, for example, making a notification sound or vibrating a vibrating unit in accordance with settings of the mobile terminal **2** (S**55**).

Then, the mobile terminal 2 again makes a query as to the 50 lost article to the server apparatus 5-1 through the procedure of Step S56 to Step S59 corresponding to Step S42 to Step S45 in the sequence diagram (1) and acquires the found article information.

Process Flow of Server Apparatus 5-1

Next, a service process of the server apparatus **5-1** will be described. The service process of the server apparatus **5-1** is performed under control of the assignment processing unit **11**.

FIG. **51** is a diagram illustrating one example of a process 60 flow of the server apparatus **5-1**. First, the CPU **101** (in particular, the assignment processing unit **11**) confirms request information of received data read by the communicating unit **10** and determines whether or not the request information indicates a query as to a lost article (**S161**). 65 In the case of the request content being a request that indicates a query as to a lost article (**Step S161**: Yes

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map data are combined, information of the record extracted by the found article information extracting unit **91**, and the like.

The CPU 101 (in particular, the assignment processing unit 11) passes the screen information generated by the 5 screen information generating unit 12 to the communicating unit 10 and instructs the communicating unit 10 to transmit in response the screen information to the mobile terminal 2 of the query submitter (S168).

In the case of the request content in Step S161 not being 10 a request that indicates a query as to a lost article (Step S161: No determination), the CPU 101 (in particular, the assignment processing unit 11) determines whether or not the request is a request that indicates discovery of a found article (S174). In the case of the request not being a found article 15 discovery request (Step S174: No determination), processing is performed by assigning processes to functional units corresponding to other service processes (S175). In the case of the request being a found article discovery request (Step S174: Yes determination), the CPU 101 performs processes 20 from Step S176. The processes from Step S176 will be described later. In the case of a relevant record not being extracted by the found article information extracting unit 91 in Step S163 (S163: No determination), the CPU 101 operates as follows. 25 First, the CPU 101 (in particular, the time-series data extracting unit 14) extracts the time-series data from the movement line data management table T1 of the query submitter under control of the assignment processing unit 11 (S169). Next, under control of the assignment processing unit 11, the CPU **101** (in particular, the map data extracting unit **15**) extracts, from the map information table T3 (refer to FIG. 7), map data that includes a position specified by the estimated position information of the time-series data extracted by the 35 time-series data extracting unit 14 (S170). Next, under control of the assignment processing unit **11**, the CPU **101** (in particular, the movement range specifying) unit 17), based on each estimated position information of the time-series data extracted by the time-series data extracting 40 unit 14, calculates the range specification information that sets an area along the path connecting each estimated position as a movement range (S171). Next, under control of the assignment processing unit **11**, the CPU 101 (in particular, the lost article query unit 92) 45 extracts store information of all relevant stores with the range specification information calculated by the movement range specifying unit 17 as a search condition (S172). Specifically, the CPU **101** (in particular, the lost article query unit 92) searches for stores positioned in the area indicated 50 by the range specification information from the store position information 802 of the store information table T4. For example, assume that the range specification information is information that indicates the distance from the estimated position. In this case, a store for which the position infor- 55 mation of the store position information 802 is within the distance from the estimated position is regarded as being in the area indicated by the range specification information, and the store information indicating the store is extracted. The store information is assumed to include identification 60 information such as an IP address or a MAC address of the POS terminal 6-1 installed in the store. Next, the CPU **101** (in particular, the assignment processing unit 11) stores, in a data portion of a query request signal, the information as to the lost article transmitted from the 65 mobile terminal 2 and instructs the communicating unit 10 to transmit the query request signal to the POS terminals 6-1

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of each store in the area of the movement range extracted in Step S171 (S173). Accordingly, the CPU 101 (in particular, the communicating unit 10) generates and transmits an inquiry request signal to the IP address of the specified POS terminal 6-1.

Next, the processes from Step S176 in the case of a Yes determination in Step S174 will be described.

First, under control of the assignment processing unit **11**, the CPU 101 (in particular, the found article information registering unit 90) performs a notification registration process for the information as to the lost article provided from the mobile terminal 2 (S176). Specifically, the assignment processing unit 11 temporarily manages the identification information of the mobile terminal 2, the information as to the lost article provided from the mobile terminal 2, the store information acquired in Step S172, a query number, and the like in correlation with each other. In the case of the request of the received data being a found article discovery request, the assignment processing unit **11** selects store information of a relevant store from the query number, the IP address of the transmitter, or the like included in the received data. Accordingly, the CPU 101 (in particular, the found article information registering unit 90) receives the information as to the lost article and the selected store information from the assignment processing unit 11 and registers the information as one piece of record information in the found article management table T6. Next, the CPU 101 (in particular, the notifying unit 93) generates notification data under control of the assignment 30 processing unit 11 (S177). The notifying unit 93 generates notification data by embedding a signal that operates the notification function of the mobile terminal **2**. The CPU **101** (in particular, the assignment processing) unit 11) passes the notification data generated by the notifying unit 93 to the communicating unit 10 and instructs the communicating unit 10 to transmit the notification data to the mobile terminal 2 of the query submitter (S178). Accordingly, the notification signal is transmitted toward the mobile terminal 2 of the query submitter by the CPU 101 (in particular, the communicating unit 10) to operate the notification function of the mobile terminal **2**.

Process Flow of POS Terminal 6-1

FIG. 52 is a process flow diagram of the POS terminal 6-1. First, the CPU 301 (in particular, the communicating unit 60) confirms received data and determines whether or not the received data is a query request signal (S301).

In the case of the received data not being a query request signal (Step S301: No determination), other functional units that perform a requested process of the received data perform the process (S306).

In the case of the received data being a query request signal (Step S301: Yes determination), the CPU 301 (in particular, the lost article notifying unit 65) generates screen information that prompts searching around for the lost article, and outputs the screen information to the screen display unit 63 (S302).

Next, based on the screen information, the CPU **301** (in particular, the screen display unit **63**) displays, on the display **308**, a screen that prompts searching around for the lost article (S**303**). As one example, assume that a pop-up screen is displayed.

Next, the CPU **301** (in particular, the input receiving unit **62**) receives an input on a discovery button from the pop-up screen (S**304**).

If the input receiving unit 62 receives an input on the discovery button, the CPU 301 (in particular, the lost article notifying unit 65) instructs the communicating unit 60 to

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transmit a discovery signal to the server apparatus 5-1 that makes a query request (S305). Accordingly, the POS terminal 6-1 transmits a discovery signal to the server apparatus 5-1.

Screen Prompting Searching

FIG. **53** is a diagram illustrating a pop-up screen of one example of a screen prompting searching that is displayed on the POS terminal **6-1**. A pop-up screen G**21** illustrated in FIG. **53** has confirmation information J**1**, lost article information J**2**, and a "discovery" button B**22**. The confirmation 10 information J**1** is message information that requests searching for the lost article. The lost article information J**2** is information as to the lost article provided from the service user, such as the name and the features of the lost article. The "discovery" button B**22** is an operation button that is pushed 15 in the case of the salesperson or the like discovering the lost article. By pushing the "discovery" button B**22**, the POS terminal **6-1** transmits a discovery signal to the server apparatus **5-1**.

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r2a, and the shortest route from the final position to the storage place is denoted by a dotted line 11a.

In the case of absence of a found article relevant to the lost article in the server apparatus 5-1 and the server apparatus 5-1 making a query to the POS terminal 6-1, the mobile terminal 2 displays a notification screen by notification from the server apparatus 5-1 and then accesses the server apparatus 5-1 to acquire the shortest route information.

In a notification screen G3a illustrated in FIG. 54, disposed are notification information J3, a "transmit" button B3a, and the like. By notification from the server apparatus 5-1, the notification function of the mobile terminal 2 is operated, and the notification screen G3a is displayed. The notification information J3a is message information that indicates discovery of the lost article. The "transmit" button B3a is an operation button for acquiring the storage place of the lost article again. If a touch input is provided on the "transmit" button B3a, the information as to the lost article 20 that is immediately previously input is transmitted as a lost article information request signal to the server apparatus 5-1. By the configuration described heretofore, if the mobile terminal 2 requests searching for a lost article, the mobile terminal 2 can acquire, from the server apparatus 5-1, information that indicates a storage place of a found article discovered within the range of movement of the mobile terminal 2. In addition, even in the case of absence of a previously discovered found article that matches the lost article of the user, the server apparatus 5-1 transmits a query signal as to the lost article to the POS terminal or the like of a store within the range of movement of the mobile terminal **2** and receives notification of the lost article from the POS terminal if the lost article is discovered. The server apparatus 5-1 notifies discovery of the lost article to the mobile terminal. Thus, by notification from the server apparatus 5-1

Screen Flow of Mobile Terminal 2

FIG. 54 is a diagram illustrating one example of screen configurations and a screen flow of screens related to lost article guidance used in the application of the mobile terminal 2.

A top screen G1*a* illustrated in FIG. **54** is acquired by 25 adding a "lost article search button" B1*a* to the top screen G1 illustrated in FIG. **22**. The "lost article search button" B1*a* is an operation button for instructing the viewer unit **26** to call an input form screen for causing the server apparatus **5-1** to make a query as to the lost article. If a touch input is 30 provided on the "lost article search button" B1*a*, the viewer unit **26** displays an input form screen G2*a* and receives input of information as to the lost article.

In the input form screen G2a illustrated in FIG. 54, disposed are an input box C1a, an input box C2a, an input 35 box C3a, a "transmit" button B2a, the "return" button B7, and the "terminate" button B5. The input box C1a is an input box for input of the name of the lost article. The input box C2a is an input box for input of the features of the lost article. The input box C3a is an 40 input box for input of a found date and time or a time slot. If a touch input is provided on the "transmit" button B2a, the viewer unit 26 adds tag information or the like to each information input in the input box C1a, the input box C2a, and the input box C3a and transmits the information as a lost 45 article information request signal to the server apparatus 5-1. The "return" button B7 of the input form screen G2a is an operation button for instructing the viewer unit 26 to return to the most previous display screen. The "return" button B7 is also appropriately disposed in other screens described 50 later. In addition, the "terminate" button B5 is an operation button for instructing the viewer unit 26 to terminate the application. The "terminate" button B5 is also disposed in each screen described later.

In the case of existence of a found article relevant to the 55 lost article in the server apparatus 5-1, the mobile terminal 2 receives shortest route information indicating the storage place of the found article from the server apparatus 5-1 and displays a shortest route screen.

after discovery, the mobile terminal 2 can acquire, from the server apparatus 5-1, information that indicates the storage place of the found article.

#### Eleventh Embodiment

An embodiment in the case of a multimedia terminal providing the service of the server apparatus 5 related to a lost article illustrated in the tenth embodiment will be illustrated in the present embodiment.

A lost article guidance system according to the present embodiment is acquired by replacing the server apparatus **5-1** with a multimedia terminal M4 (refer to FIG. **55**) in the network configuration of the lost article guidance system **500-1** illustrated in the tenth embodiment. The multimedia terminal M4 is installed in a predetermined place in the commercial facility U1 and provides a guidance screen related to a lost article to the service user instead of the operation screen of the mobile terminal **2**.

The multimedia terminal M4, by access of the service user, provides service such as lost article searching and guidance for a storage place of a lost article. For example, if a query as to a lost article is input from the service user by an input on the guidance screen, the multimedia terminal
M4 displays a storage place of a found article relevant to the lost article on the guidance screen based on provision of information from each POS terminal 6-1.
The POS terminal 6-1, in the case of discovering a found article, notifies information of the found article (e.g., information that indicates the found date and time, the name of the found article, or the features of the found article) to the multimedia terminal M4.

A shortest route screen G4a illustrated in FIG. 54 has a 60 map display area E4a that displays map data indicating the shortest route to the storage place, and the like.

The map display area E4a is the same as the map display The area E4 of the shortest route screen G6 illustrated in FIG. 25. That is, the final position of the service user on the line of 65 mation movement is denoted by a black circle mark (a mark of a black circle r1a), the storage place is denoted by a star mark multiplated in FIG. 25.

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Functional Configuration of Multimedia Terminal M4 Next, a functional configuration of the multimedia terminal M4 will be described. For a hardware configuration of the multimedia terminal M4, refer to FIG. 36. The multimedia terminal M4 implements each functional unit illus- 5 trated in FIG. 55 by the CPU 401 reading various programs of the ROM **402** or the HDD **405** into the RAM **403** in order and executing the programs.

FIG. 55 is a block diagram illustrating one example of functions related to lost article guidance service of the multimedia terminal M4. The same functions as the functions provided by the server apparatus 5-1 (refer to FIG. 43) illustrated in the tenth embodiment are designated by the same reference signs. In addition, the same functions as the functions of the multimedia terminal M1 (refer to FIG. 37) 15 illustrated in the fifth embodiment are designated by the same reference signs. Hereinafter, functions related to an interface with the service user will be mainly described. A viewer unit 95 acquires screen information related to the lost article guid- 20 ance service from the HDD 405 and outputs the screen information to the screen display unit 82. For example, the viewer unit 95 outputs, to the screen display unit 82, a screen corresponding to a received content of the input receiving unit 81. In addition, the viewer unit 95, in accordance with 25 the received content of the input receiving unit 81, acquires screen information from the assignment processing unit 11 and outputs the screen. The assignment processing unit 11, by request from the viewer unit 95, controls various service processes in the 30 spirit of the inventions. multimedia terminal M4. In addition, the assignment processing unit 11, in accordance with the request content from the viewer unit 95, makes a query as to a lost article to the POS terminal 6-1 through the first communicating unit 83. Further description of each unit and description of a 35 communication process and the like are repetition of the previous description in other embodiments such as the fifth embodiment and the tenth embodiment and thus will not be further described here. Various programs used in the information processing 40 apparatus, the system, and the mobile terminal of the present embodiment may be provided as files in an installable format or an executable format recorded in a computerreadable recording medium such as a CD-ROM, a flexible disk (FD), a CD-R, or a digital versatile disk (DVD) and 45 may be executed after being read into the HDD, the flash ROM, or the like of each device.

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the place of the mobile terminal is collected by using a sensor technology of the mobile terminal. The current place of the mobile terminal is specified by overlaying the geomagnetic data registered in the database with the geomagnetic data of the place of the mobile terminal. Accordingly, the movement line data can be collected by using log data of positioning at each place of movement of the mobile terminal

A user who does shopping or the like on foot may return to a store that the user sees on the path of movement, and the user may not remember a specific way to the place of the store since the store is not a destination. In this case, by using the movement line data having high accuracy, the store can be accurately found by narrowing stores down to the stores along the path. For example, in the case of the user wanting to see again a bag that the user sees on the path of passage, the user can easily return to the store that the user sees by searching for a bag store from the stores along the path of passage. While certain embodiments have been described, these embodiments have been presented by way of example only, and are not intended to limit the scope of the inventions. Indeed, the novel embodiments described herein may be embodied in a variety of other forms; furthermore, various omissions, substitutions and changes in the form of the embodiments described herein may be made without departing from the spirit of the inventions. The accompanying claims and their equivalents are intended to cover such forms or modifications as would fall within the scope and Examples of related art include JP-A-2009-198409. What is claimed is:

**1**. A navigation server comprising:

a network interface controller through which identification information and movement line information of a

The programs may be stored on a computer connected to a network such as the Internet and provided by download via the network. 50

In the case of using a beacon, cost may be incurred from the necessity of installation of the beacon. In addition, in installation of the beacon, agreement with a person relevant to a building or a land is required, and usage may be limited to a narrow extent. The GPS can be used in a wide range 55 such as an urban area. However, the GPS may not be used in a place where electromagnetic waves hardly arrive, such as a subway. Furthermore, in the case of general use of the GPS, an error of approximately 10 m may be generated. Thus, since geomagnetic data can also be used, the geomag- 60 netic data may also be used. By using the geomagnetic data, the system having comparatively high positioning accuracy and suitability for walking can be provided. For example, map information of the building and the subway and the geomagnetic data at 65 navigation map. each point of the building and the subway are registered in advance in a database. In addition, the geomagnetic data at

mobile terminal are received from the mobile terminal, the movement line information including location information and a timestamp associated with the location information;

- a storage device in which movement line data of the mobile terminal and location data of different public places are stored; and
- a processor configured to extract the movement line data from the movement line information and record the extracted movement line data in the storage device,
- wherein the processor, in response to search criteria received from the mobile terminal through the network interface controller, generates, using the movement line data and the location data of the different public places, a navigation map that shows different public places that are located along a route defined by the movement line data and meet the search criteria, and controls the network interface controller to transmit the generated navigation map to the mobile terminal for display by the mobile terminal, and
- in response to a request from the mobile terminal, control the network interface controller to transmit a list of the

different public places that are located along the route. 2. The navigation server according to claim 1, wherein a time period is specified as part of the search criteria. 3. The navigation server according to claim 2, wherein the processor is further configured to determine a shortest route between a current location of the mobile terminal and one of the public places, and the shortest route is depicted in the

**4**. The navigation server according to claim **1**, wherein the storage device further stores location data for a plurality of

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beacon devices and correlates the location data to a respective beacon device using a beacon identifier, and the location information includes a beacon identifier.

5. The navigation server according to claim 1, wherein the processor is further configured to control the network inter-<sup>5</sup> face controller to transmit an inquiry request signal to a plurality of point-of-sale terminals, each of which is associated with a different public place, to determine based on responses to the inquiry request signals which of the public places meets the search criteria.<sup>10</sup>

6. The navigation server according to claim 1, wherein the search criteria include a store name or a merchandise name.7. The navigation server according to claim 1, wherein the

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that transmitted the beacon signal, and the location information includes the identifier of the wireless device.

13. The navigation device according to claim 12, wherein upon detection of a change in the identifier of the wireless device contained in the beacon signal, the processor controls the second wireless communication circuit to transmit a registration signal to the navigation server.

14. The navigation device according to claim 8, wherein the search criteria include a store name or a merchandise name.

15. The navigation device according to claim 8, wherein the search criteria include a name of a lost article.

**16**. A navigation system comprising: a navigation server;

search criteria include a name of a lost article.

8. A navigation device comprising:

a display;

- a first wireless communication circuit for near field wireless communication;
- a second wireless communication circuit;
- a processor configured to, upon receipt of beacon signals through the first wireless communication circuit, control the second wireless communication circuit to transmit registration signals to a navigation server to register movement line data therein, each registration signal 25 including location information and a timestamp associated with the registration signal,
- wherein the processor, responsive to user inputs including search criteria, requests the navigation server for a navigation map that shows different public places that 30 are located along a route defined by the movement line data and meet the search criteria, and upon receipt of the navigation map from the navigation server, control the display to display, and
- wherein the processor, responsive to further user inputs,  $_{35}$

- a first wireless device configured to transmit beacon signals containing a first identifier;
- a second wireless device configured to transmit beacon signals containing a second identifier; and
- a mobile terminal configured to wirelessly communicate with the navigation server and the first and second wireless devices, wherein
- the navigation server includes a storage device that stores movement line data of the mobile terminal in a first table, location data of different public places in a second table, and location data of wireless devices transmitting beacon signals, including the first and second wireless devices, in a third table, and the mobile terminal is further configured to:
  - upon receipt of a new beacon signal, transmit a registration signal to the navigation server to register movement line data in the first table, each registration signal including:

identification information of the mobile terminal, identification information of the wireless device that has transmitted the beacon signal, and a timestamp associated with the registration signal, upon receipt of a user input of search criteria, transmit to the navigation server a request for a navigation map that shows different public places that are located along a route defined by the movement line data and meet the search criteria, upon receipt of the navigation map, display the navigation map, upon receipt of a further user input, transmit to the navigation server a request for a list of the different public places that are located along the route, and upon receipt of the list, control the display to display the list. **17**. The navigation system according to claim **16**, wherein the navigation server is further configured to determine a shortest route between a current location of the mobile terminal and one of the public places, and the shortest route is depicted in the navigation map.

controls the second wireless communication circuit to transmit to the navigation server a request for a list of the different public places that are located along the route, and upon receipt of the list, control the display to display the list.

9. The navigation device according to claim 8, wherein one of the user inputs indicates a time period as part of the search criteria.

**10**. The navigation device according to claim **9**, wherein the processor is further configured to request the navigation 45 server to determine a shortest route between a current location of the mobile terminal and one of the public places, and the shortest route is depicted in the navigation map.

11. The navigation device according to claim 10, wherein the registration signal and a request for the navigation map  $_{50}$  each include identification information of the navigation device.

12. The navigation device according to claim 8, wherein each beacon signal contains an identifier of a wireless device

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