



US010385780B2

(12) **United States Patent**  
**Heynen et al.**

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 10,385,780 B2**  
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Aug. 20, 2019**

(54) **INTEGRATED DUAL FUEL DELIVERY SYSTEM**

(71) Applicant: **ANSALDO ENERGIA SWITZERLAND AG**, Baden (CH)

(72) Inventors: **Fridolin Heynen**, Würenlingen (CH); **Inaki Maiztegui**, Baden (CH)

(73) Assignee: **ANSALDO ENERGIA SWITZERLAND AG**, Baden (CH)

(\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 360 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **15/079,560**

(22) Filed: **Mar. 24, 2016**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2016/0281606 A1 Sep. 29, 2016

(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

Mar. 27, 2015 (EP) ..... 15161382

(51) **Int. Cl.**

**F02C 7/22** (2006.01)  
**F23R 3/28** (2006.01)

(Continued)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC ..... **F02C 7/22** (2013.01); **F02C 7/222** (2013.01); **F02C 9/40** (2013.01); **F02M 43/00** (2013.01);

(Continued)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

CPC ..... **F23R 3/36**; **F23D 2204/10**; **F02C 7/222**; **F02C 7/228**; **F02C 9/40**; **F02C 7/22**;

F02C 7/224; F02C 7/232; F02C 7/236;  
F02C 7/2365; F02M 43/00; F02D 41/402;  
F23N 2037/08; F23N 2035/18; F16L  
39/00;

(Continued)

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

4,201,046 A 5/1980 De Negriz et al.  
4,463,568 A \* 8/1984 Willis ..... F23D 17/002  
239/424

(Continued)

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

CA 1 170 844 A1 7/1984  
CN 1139735 A 1/1997

(Continued)

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Search Report dated Oct. 9, 2015, by the European Patent Office for Application No. 15161382.

(Continued)

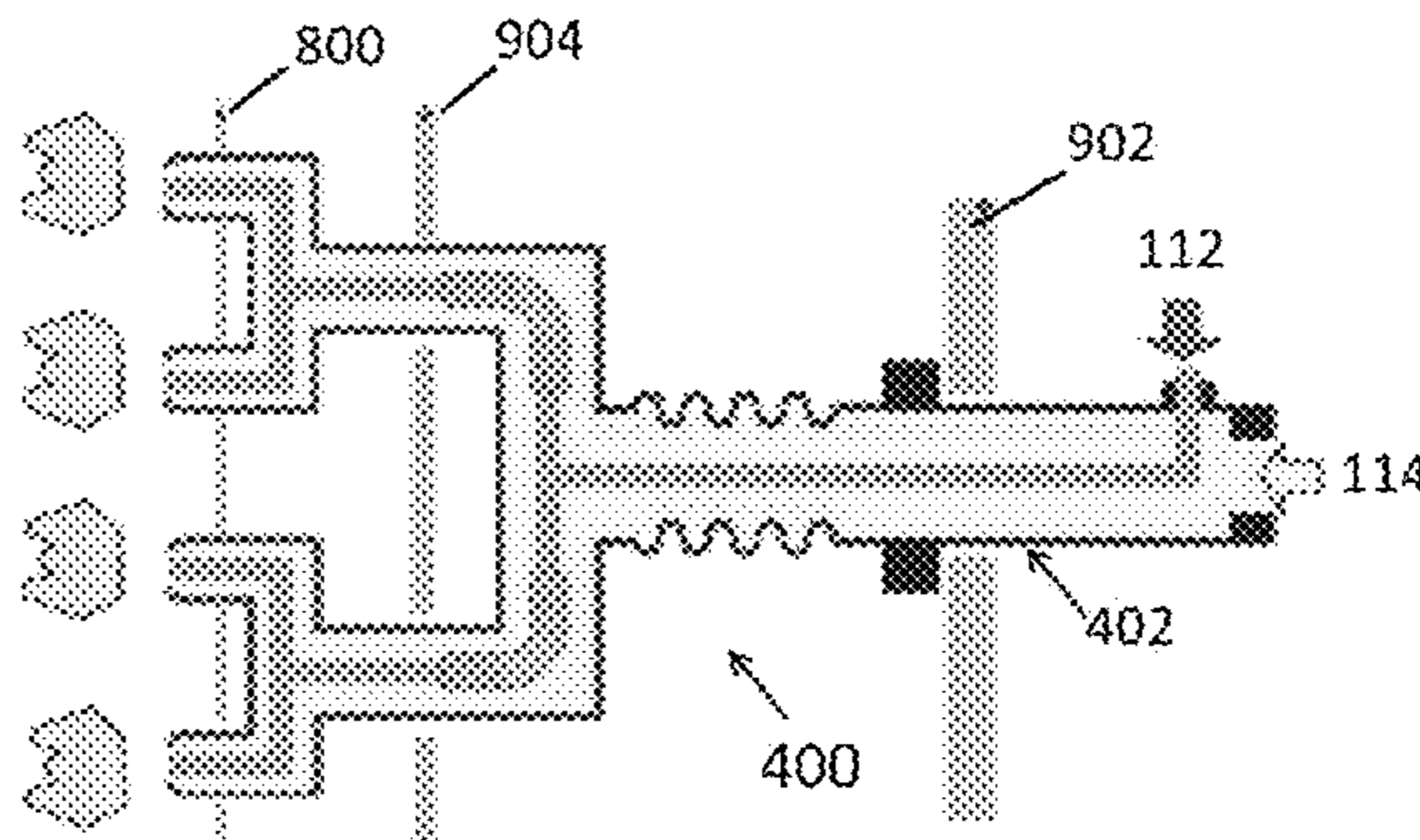
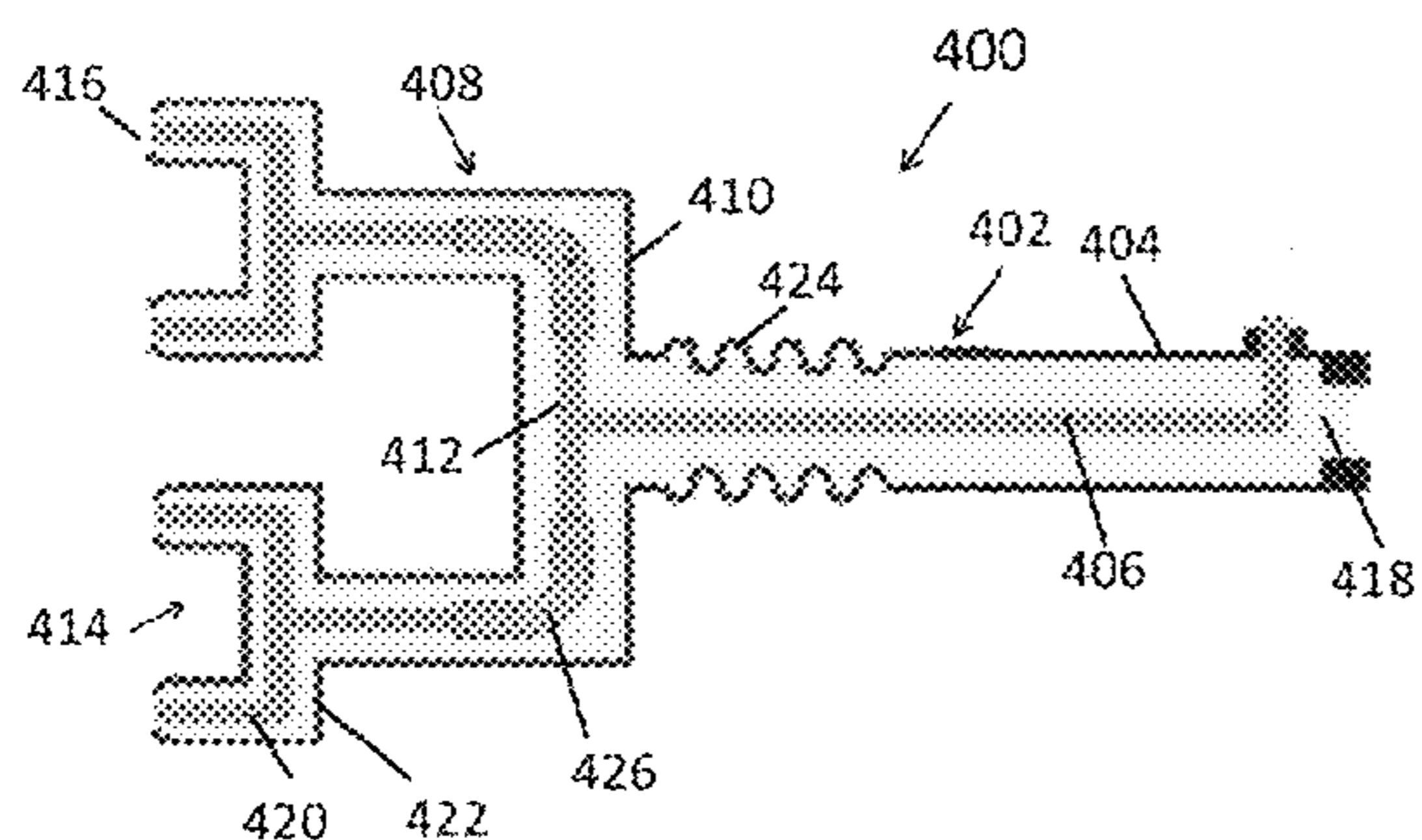
*Primary Examiner* — William H Rodriguez

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Buchanan Ingersoll & Rooney PC

(57) **ABSTRACT**

The present invention relates to dual fuel delivery system for a gas turbine. A dual fuel delivery system for a gas turbine includes a main fuel line having a main fuel oil conduit and a main fuel gas conduit, wherein the main fuel gas conduit encloses, at least partially, the main fuel oil conduit; and a first fuel divider having a first fuel oil divider connected to the main fuel oil conduit and a first fuel gas divider connected to the main fuel gas conduit, wherein the first fuel gas divider encloses, at least partially, the first fuel oil divider.

**16 Claims, 7 Drawing Sheets**



- (51) **Int. Cl.**  
*F23R 3/36* (2006.01)  
*F02M 43/00* (2006.01)  
*F02C 9/40* (2006.01)
- (52) **U.S. Cl.**  
 CPC ..... *F23R 3/283* (2013.01); *F23R 3/36*  
 (2013.01); *F23R 2900/00001* (2013.01)
- (58) **Field of Classification Search**  
 CPC ..... F16L 39/005; F16L 41/00; F16L 41/02;  
 F16L 9/18; F16L 9/19; F16L 11/20  
 USPC ..... 60/739, 742  
 See application file for complete search history.

5,778,676 A \* 7/1998 Joshi ..... F23D 11/101  
 239/405  
 9,163,841 B2 10/2015 Ramier et al.  
 2009/0277182 A1 11/2009 Engelbrecht et al.  
 2010/0050645 A1 3/2010 Haggerty  
 2010/0077760 A1\* 4/2010 Laster ..... F23C 7/004  
 60/742  
 2010/0242482 A1 9/2010 Kraemer et al.  
 2012/0055162 A1\* 3/2012 Eroglu ..... F23D 17/002  
 60/740  
 2013/0074946 A1 3/2013 Ramier et al.  
 2013/0291547 A1 11/2013 Ochiai

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

CN 103930724 A 7/2014  
 EP 2 189 720 A1 5/2010  
 EP 2 236 935 A2 10/2010  
 GB 2 462 915 A 3/2010

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

4,467,610 A 8/1984 Pearson et al.  
 4,763,481 A \* 8/1988 Cannon ..... F23D 11/12  
 60/737  
 4,833,878 A \* 5/1989 Sood ..... F02C 9/40  
 60/39.463  
 5,133,192 A \* 7/1992 Overton ..... F23D 11/005  
 431/210  
 5,361,578 A 11/1994 Donlan  
 5,408,830 A \* 4/1995 Lovett ..... F23D 17/002  
 239/422  
 5,680,766 A \* 10/1997 Joshi ..... F23C 7/004  
 239/405  
 5,765,366 A 6/1998 Beeck et al.

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Search Report dated Aug. 27, 2015, by the European Patent Office for Application No. 15161427.  
 Office Action and Search Report dated Dec. 27, 2018, by the Chinese Patent Office in corresponding Chinese Patent Application No. 201610321294.7, and an English Translation of the Office Action. (9 pages).  
 Office Action (Communication) dated Oct. 25, 2018, by the European Patent Office in corresponding European Patent Application No. 15161382.5. (5 pages).

\* cited by examiner

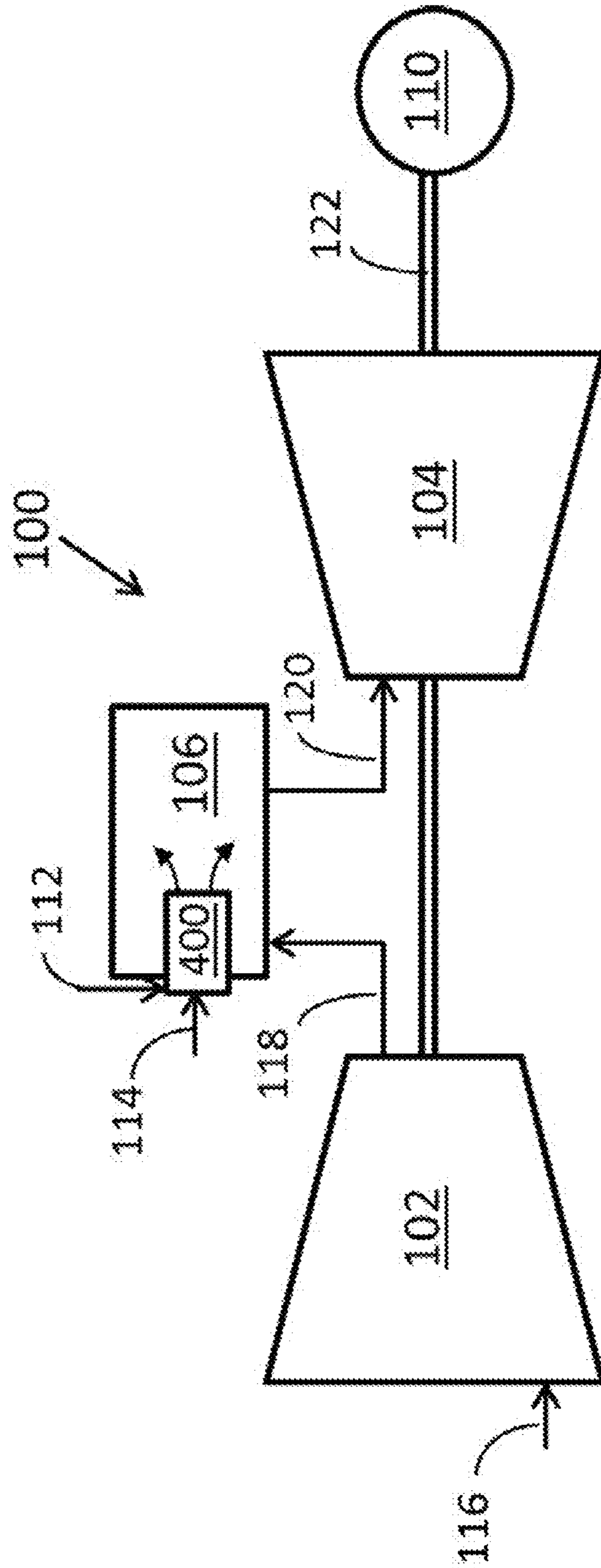


Fig. 1

PRIOR ART

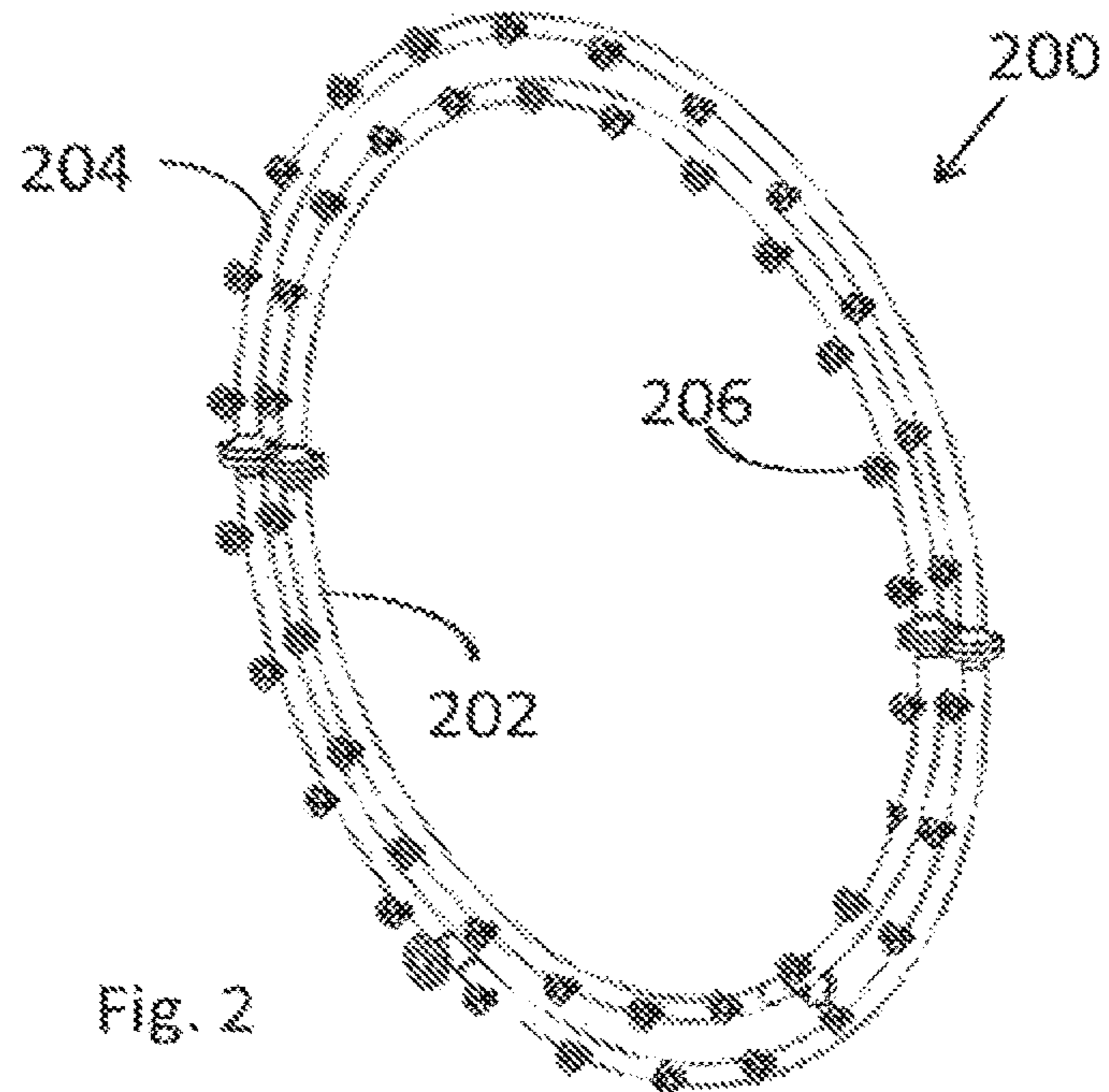


Fig. 2

PRIOR ART

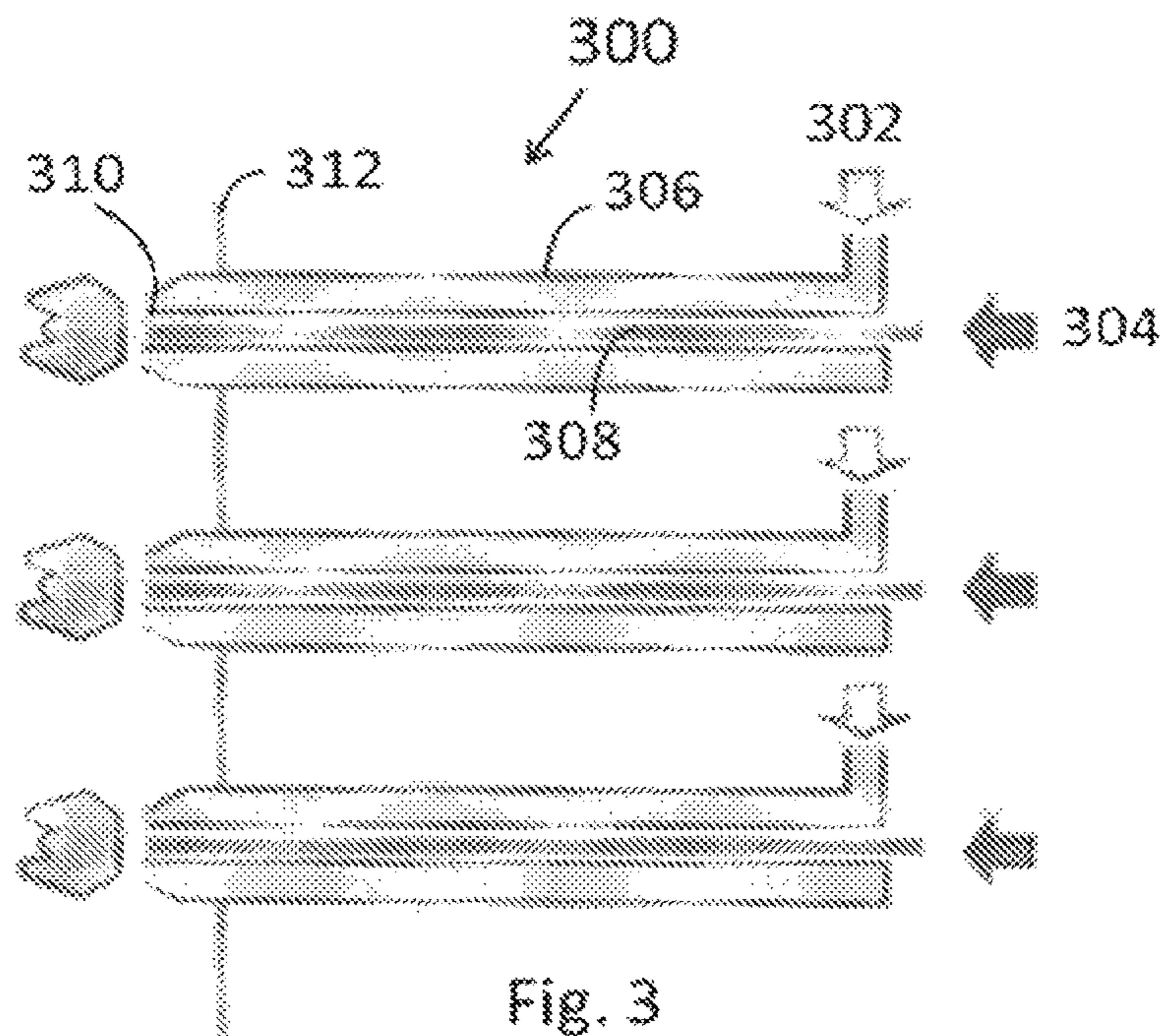


Fig. 3

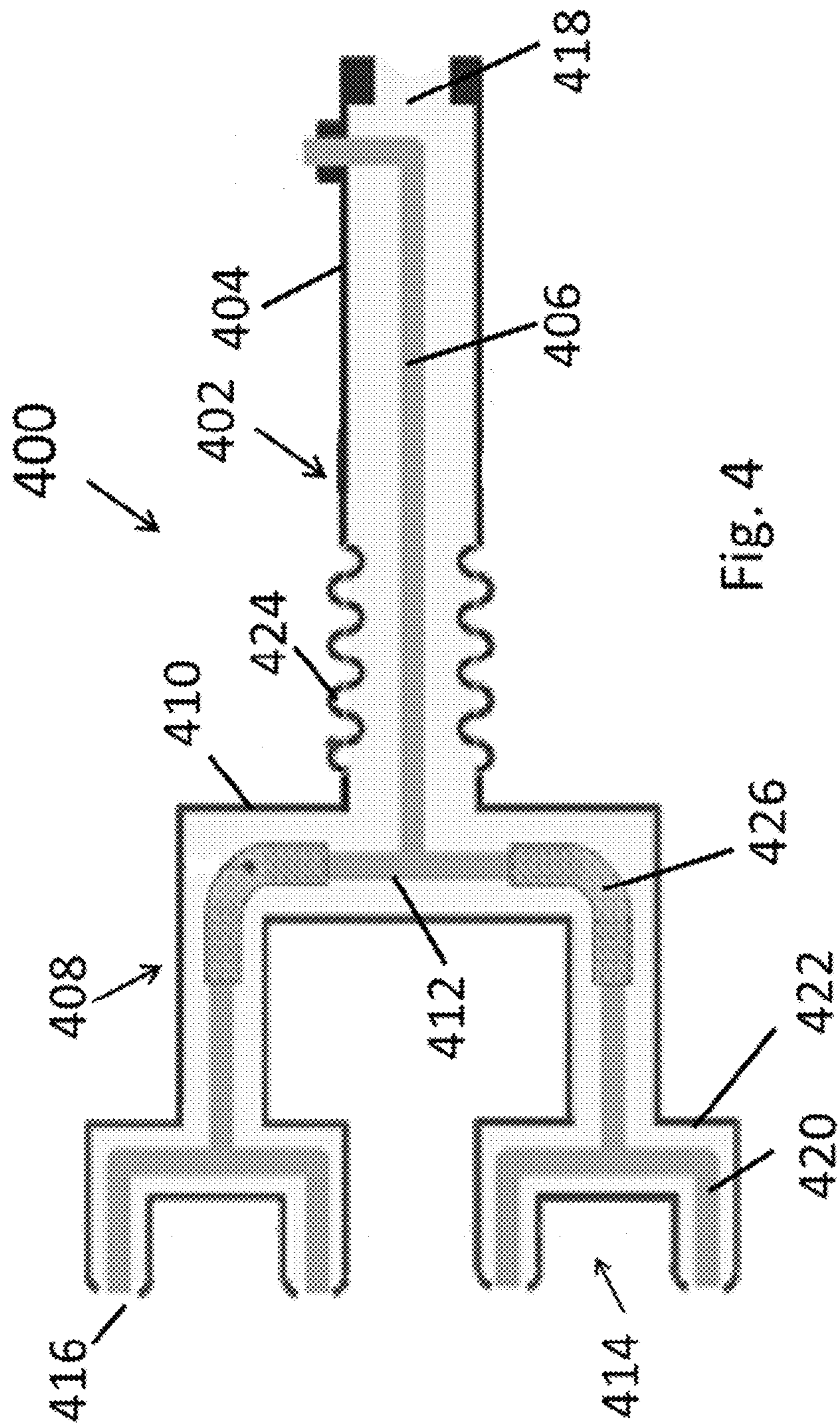


Fig. 4

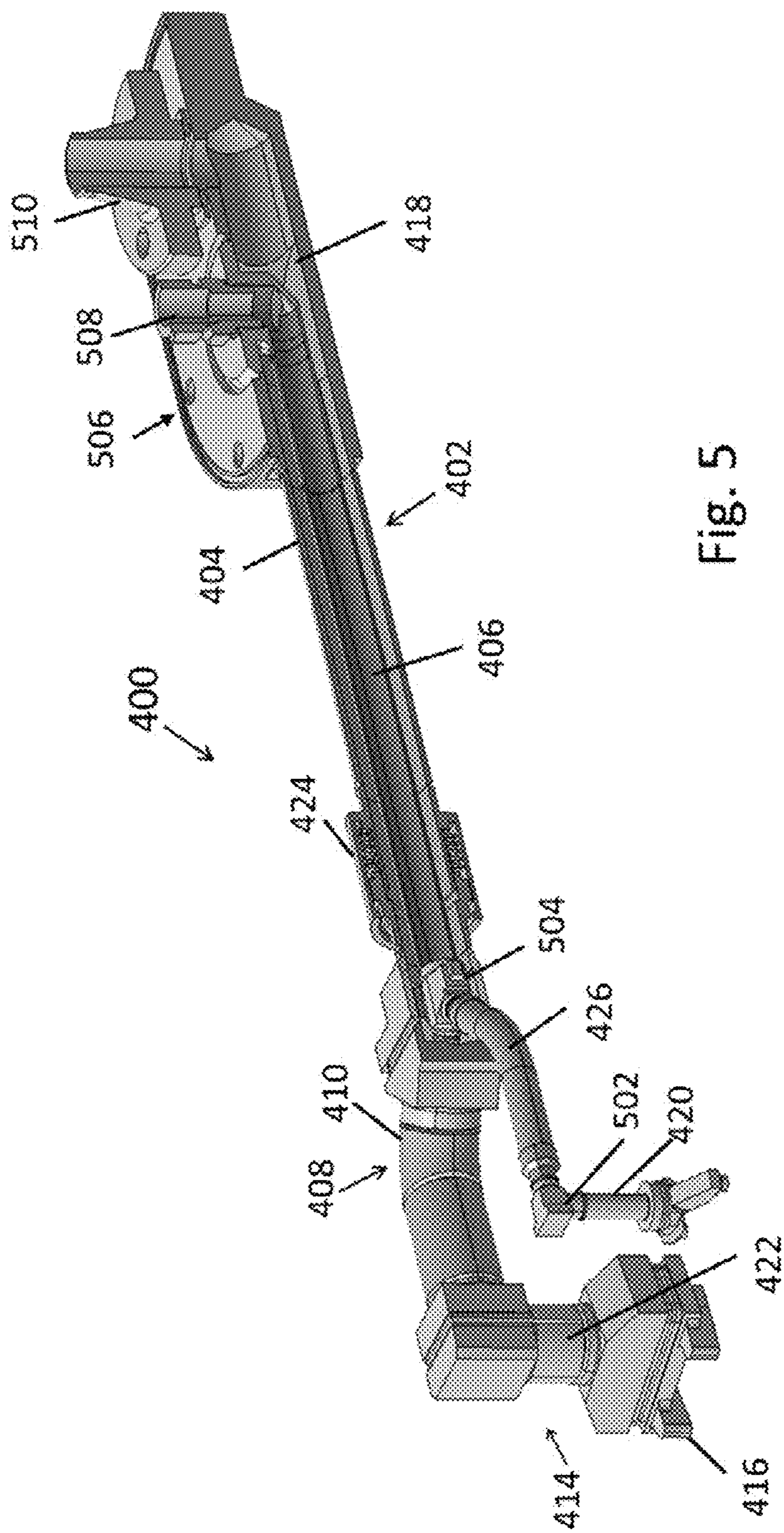


Fig. 5

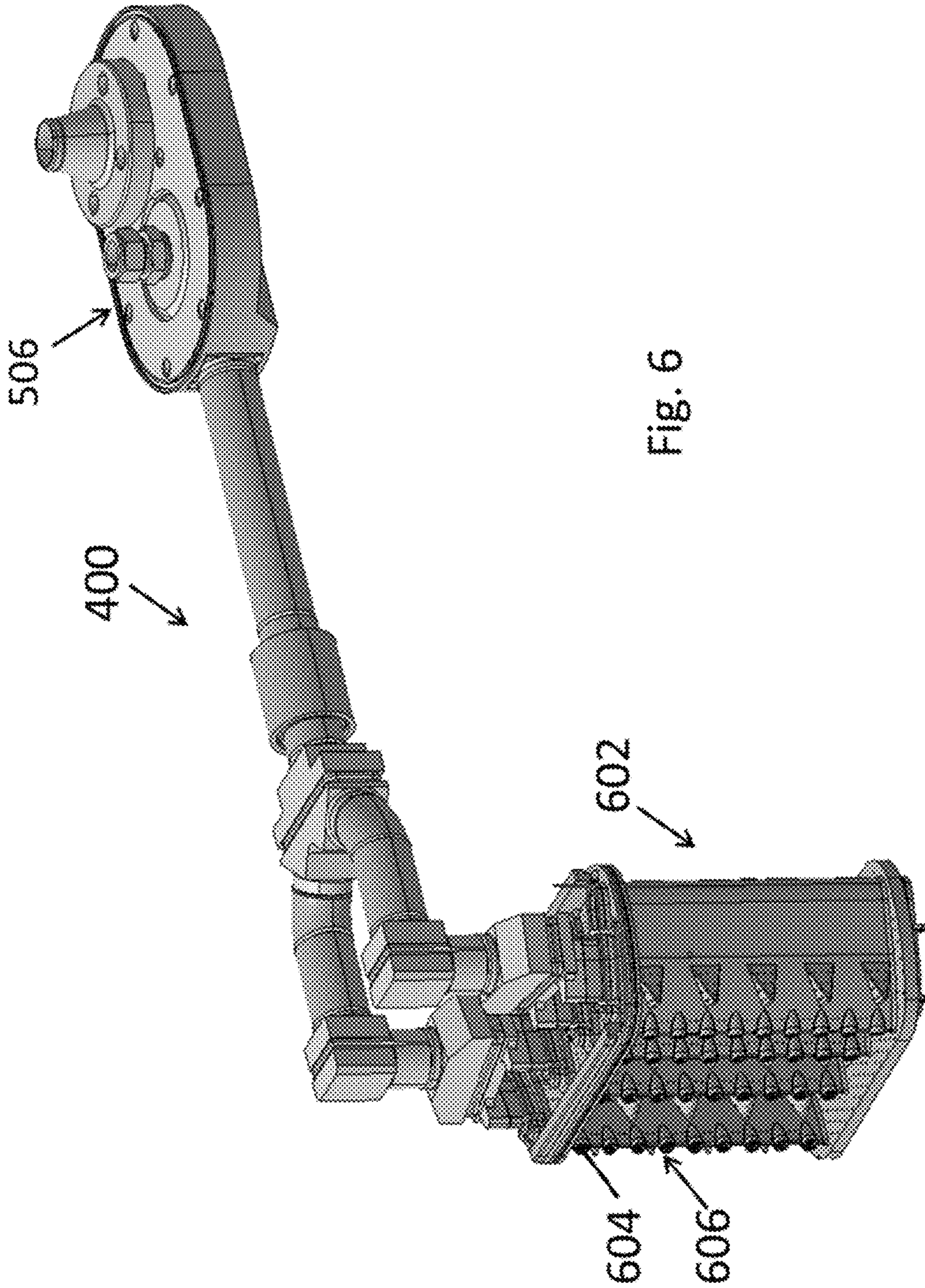


Fig. 6

Fig. 7

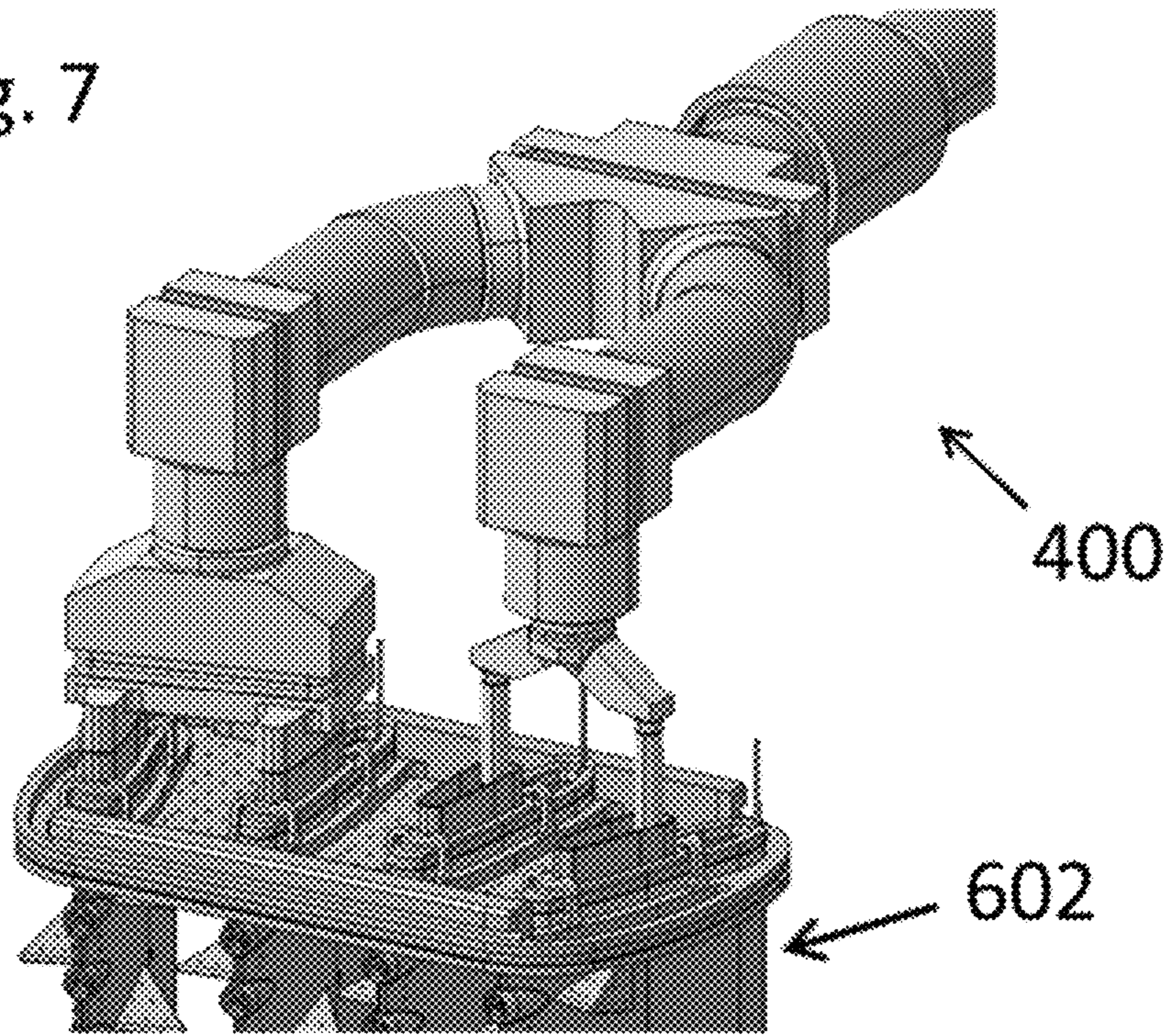
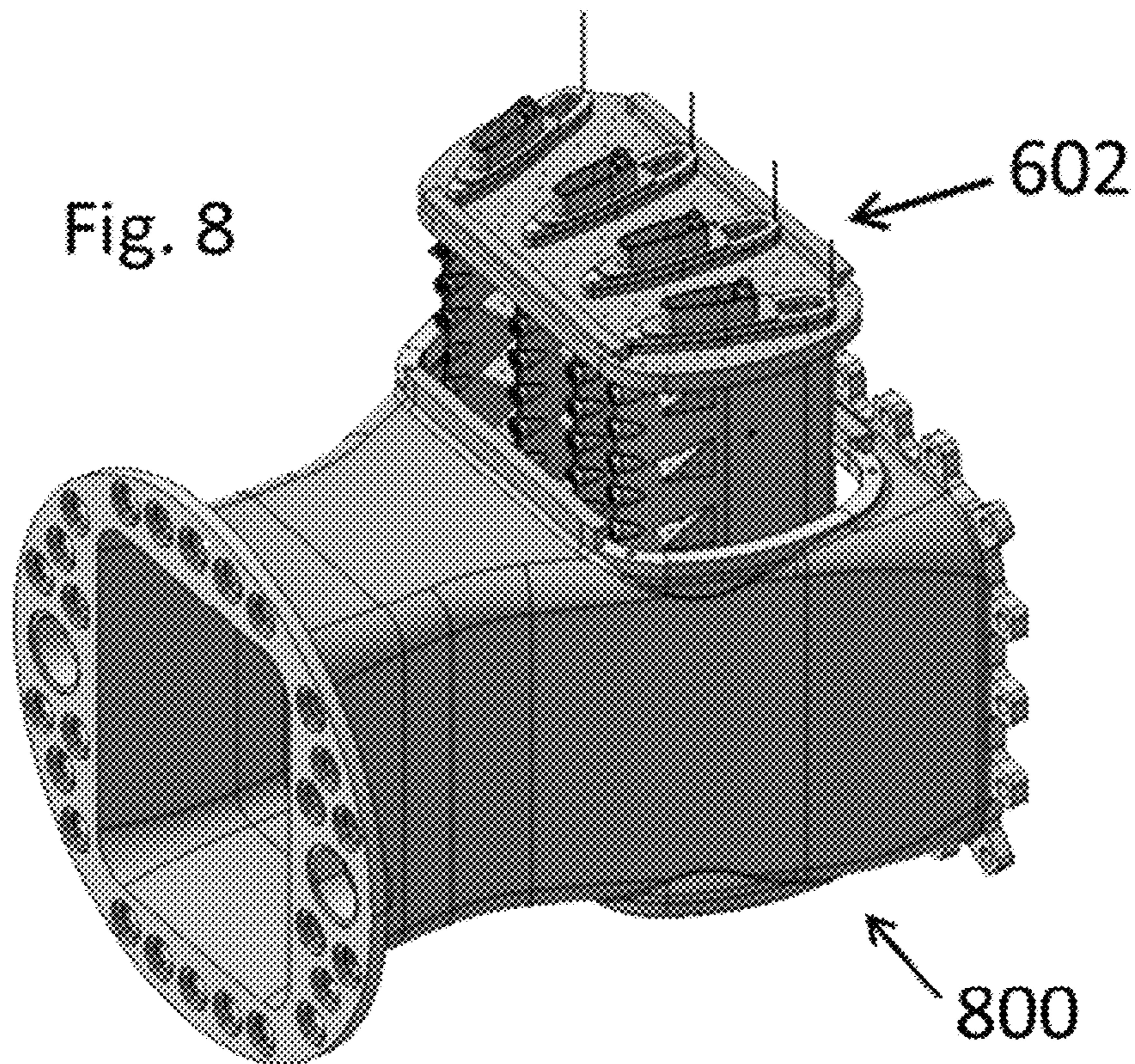


Fig. 8





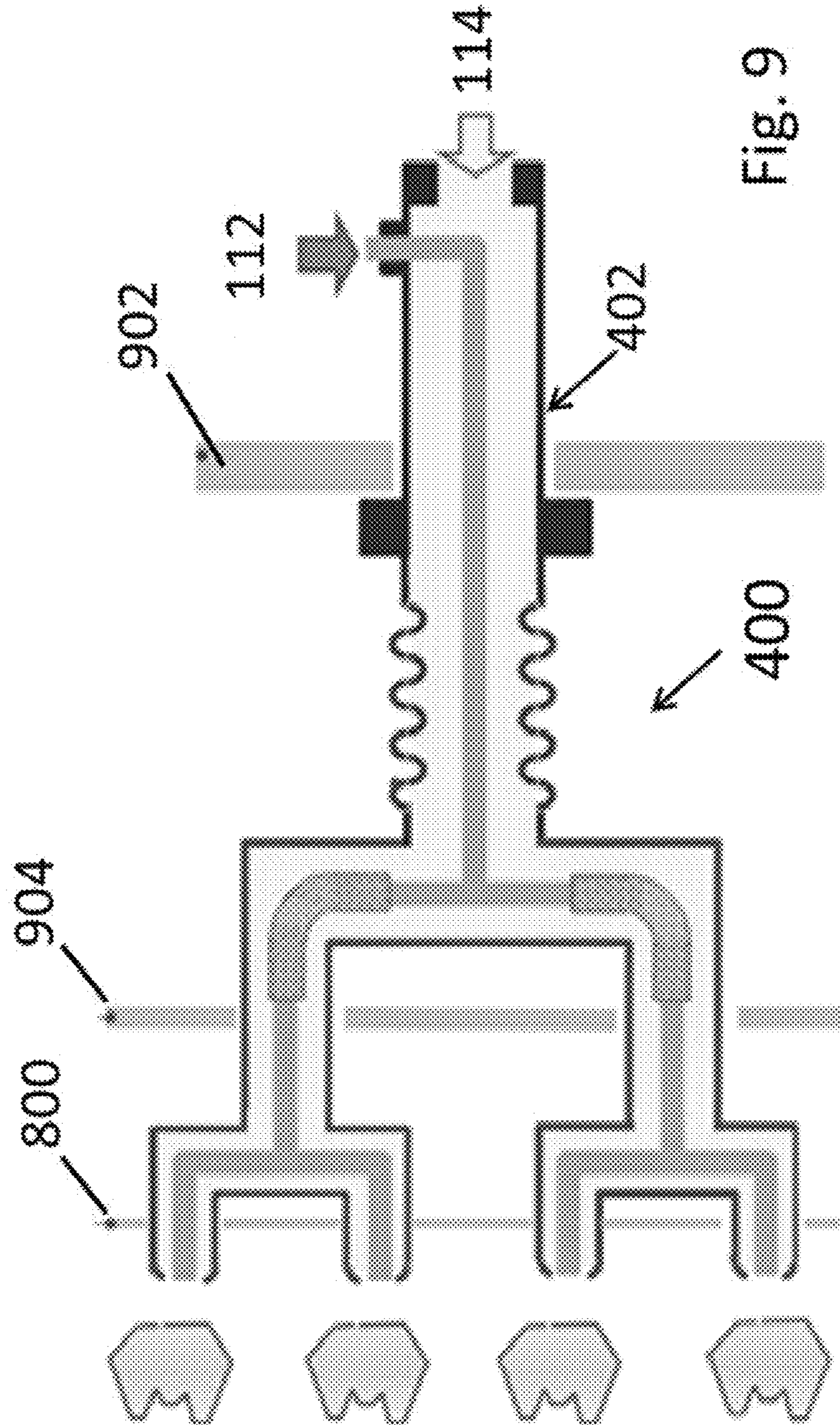


Fig. 9

## 1

INTEGRATED DUAL FUEL DELIVERY  
SYSTEM

## TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a fuel delivery system, and more particularly the invention relates to dual fuel delivery system for a gas turbine engine.

## BACKGROUND

Modern gas turbines may operate on a number of different fuels, such as various kinds of liquid and gaseous fuels. For this reason, power plants may have gas turbine engines that can operate with dual fuel capability, for example, natural gas and diesel fuel. In general, the choice of the operational fuel depends on the price, availability and operational parameters.

Gas turbines comprise various types of combustors configured to produce a hot gas by burning a fuel in a compressed air. The fuel is introduced in the combustor using one or more fuel nozzles. To provide an operational flexibility, the nozzles usually have capabilities to inject a dual fuel.

Dual fuel has to be delivered to the fuel nozzles from the fuel source. Design of such dual fuel delivery systems has various challenges such as: space constrains, vibrational instabilities and thermal expansions.

FIG. 2 shows a fuel delivery system **200** comprising two fuel ring pipes, **202** and **204**. Each of the ring pipes, **202** and **204**, supplies one type of the fuel, and each pipe has plurality of fuel feeds **206** which are connected to combustor burners (not shown) of a gas turbine. In the configuration where every burner has one lance, one fuel line from each of the ring pipes **202** and **204** supplies two types of the fuel to the single burner. This design results in the high level of complexity and high number of supply lines and connections. FIG. 3 shows dual fuel supply system **300** for a burner **312** having several (in this example three) injection nozzles **310**. Two types of fuel, **302** and **304**, are supplied to every nozzle **310**. Fuel **302** is supplied via a first fuel line **306**, while second fuel **304** is supplied via a second fuel line **308**. Similarly to the design from FIG. 2, this fuel delivery system is not compact and it could suffer from thermal and vibrational instabilities.

What is desired, therefore, is dual fuel delivery system that is simpler and more efficient than the systems from the prior art.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In view of the above mentioned problems, it is primary object of the present invention to provide an improved dual fuel delivery system for a gas turbine engine.

One object of the present invention is to provide improved dual fuel delivery system in terms of the complexity and space saving.

Another object of the present invention is to provide improved dual fuel delivery system in terms of thermal and vibrational stability.

Yet another object of the present invention is to provide improved dual fuel system particularly adapted to substantially rectangular shaped burners.

The above and other objects of the invention are achieved by a dual fuel delivery system for a gas turbine, comprising: a main fuel line having a main fuel oil conduit and a main fuel gas conduit, wherein the main fuel gas conduit encloses,

## 2

at least partially, the main fuel oil conduit, and a first fuel divider having a first fuel oil divider connected to the main fuel oil conduit and a first fuel gas divider connected to the main fuel gas conduit, wherein the first fuel gas divider encloses, at least partially, the first fuel oil divider.

According to one embodiment, the dual fuel delivery system further comprises at least one second fuel divider having a second fuel oil divider and a second fuel gas divider, wherein one outlet of the first fuel divider is connected to an inlet of the second fuel divider. In one preferred embodiment, the dual fuel delivery system comprises two second fuel dividers.

According to yet another embodiment, the first fuel divider is positioned in a first plane and the second fuel divider is positioned in a second plane, and the first plane is different from the second plane . . . . In one preferred embodiment these two planes are substantially at degrees angle. This configuration is particularly advantageous regarding space saving inside a gas turbine.

According to another embodiment, both the first fuel oil divider and the first fuel gas divider, have one inlet and two outlets.

According to yet another embodiment, the main fuel gas conduit comprises an extension means, preferably metallic bellows. This configuration is particularly advantageous regarding problem of thermal expansions.

According to another embodiment, the first fuel oil divider comprises at least one extension means, such as a metallic hose or an extension joint.

According to yet another embodiment, a connection between the main fuel oil conduit and the first fuel oil divider comprises a horizontal sliding guide, and/or a connection between the first fuel oil divider and the second fuel oil divider comprises a vertical sliding guide.

According to another embodiment, the dual fuel delivery system further comprises an injection head, which comprises at least one injection nozzle adapted to inject fuel oil and/or fuel gas, wherein the injection head is connected to the first fuel divider or the second fuel divider. In one preferred embodiment, the injection head comprises plurality of injection sections, wherein every injection section is connected to one outlet of the first fuel divider or the second fuel divider.

According to yet another embodiment, the dual fuel delivery system comprises fuel manifold connected to the inlet of the main fuel line, and adapted to supply fuel gas and fuel oil to the main fuel line.

The present application also relates to a gas turbine comprising dual fuel delivery system. In one preferred embodiment, a gas turbine comprises a can combustor, a cooling air housing, and a burner adapted to receive the injection head, wherein the inlet of the main fuel line is positioned outside the can housing, the outlet of the main fuel line and the inlet to the first fuel divider are positioned between the can housing and the cooling air housing.

In addition, the present application also provides for a method for delivering dual fuel to the injection head inside the burner of the gas turbine comprising the dual fuel delivery system. The method comprises following steps: supplying fuel oil and/or fuel gas to the main fuel line, dividing the fuel oil and/or the fuel gas in the first fuel divider, and guiding fuel oil and/or fuel gas to the injection head.

Additional advantages and features of the present invention will be set forth in part in a description which follows, and in part will become apparent to those skilled in the art upon examination of the following, or may be learned from

practice of the invention. The instant invention will now be described with particular reference to the accompanying drawings.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

Preferred embodiments of the invention are described in the following with reference to the drawings, which are for the purpose of illustrating the present preferred embodiments of the invention and not for the purpose of limiting the same. In the drawings,

FIG. 1 is a schematic diagram of a gas turbine according to the invention.

FIG. 2 is a perspective view of dual ring fuel delivery system from prior art.

FIG. 3 is a schematic diagram of a fuel delivery system from prior art.

FIG. 4 is a schematic representation of a dual fuel delivery system according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 5 is a perspective view of a part of a dual fuel delivery system according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 6 is a perspective view of a dual fuel delivery system according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 7 is a perspective view of a part of a dual fuel delivery system according to one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 8 is a perspective view of a rectangular burner adapted to receive injection nozzle head.

FIG. 9 is a schematic representation of a dual fuel delivery system inside a gas turbine according to one embodiment the present invention.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Referring now to the drawings, in which like numerals refer to like elements throughout the several views, figure shows a schematic view of gas turbine engine 100 according to one embodiment of the invention. The gas turbine 100 is comprised of a compressor 102, which compresses a flow of air 116. The compressed air 118 is directed to a combustor 106 which may comprise several combustor cans and burners. In the combustor 106, the compressed air 118 is mixed with fuel oil 112 or fuel gas 114, and the mixture of air and fuel is ignited to create a flow of hot combustion gases 120, which are directed to drive a turbine 104. The mechanical work produced in the turbine 104 drives the compressor 102 and load 110 via a shaft 122. Fuels 112 and 114 are delivered to the combustor 106 via a dual fuel delivery system 400 according to the invention.

FIG. 4 shows the dual fuel delivery system 400 according to the invention, which may be used with the gas turbine 100. The dual fuel delivery system 400 comprises a main fuel line 402 having a main fuel oil conduit 406 and a main fuel gas conduit 404. In the preferred embodiment shown in FIG. 4, the conduits 404 and 406 are in the form of two concentric conduits, wherein the main fuel gas conduit 404 completely encloses the main fuel oil conduit 406, except for the entry section of the conduit 406. In general, the main fuel gas conduit 404 encloses at least partially the main fuel oil conduit 406.

The dual fuel delivery system 400 comprises also a first fuel divider 408, having a first fuel oil divider 412 connected to the main fuel oil conduit 406 and a first fuel gas divider 410 connected to the main fuel gas conduit 404. In general,

a fuel divider is a device for dividing a fuel flow, and it has one inlet and two or more outlets. The number of branches of the divider is equal to the number of the outlets. The fuel flow may be divided equally or non-equally among the branches. The first fuel gas divider 410 encloses, at least partially, the first fuel oil divider 412. In the preferred embodiment, shown in FIG. 4, the first fuel gas divider 410 encloses completely the first fuel oil divider 412. Every branch of the fuel gas divider 410 is enclosing corresponding branch of the fuel oil divider 412. The corresponding branches may be in the form of the concentric conduits. In the operation, the fuel oil supply channel (main fuel oil line and fuel oil divider) is advantageously protected by the fuel gas supply channel (main fuel gas line and fuel gas divider) against the hot air stream. In the preferred embodiment, the fuel divider 408 has one inlet and two outlets, but more outlets are also possible.

The dual fuel delivery system 400 may have a second fuel divider 414. In one preferred embodiment shown in FIG. 4, there are two second fuel dividers 414. The purpose of these dividers is to further divide fuel flows coming from the main line 402. In the preferred embodiment, the second dividers 414 may have one inlet and two outlets. The second fuel divider 414 has a second fuel oil divider 420 and a second gas fuel divider 422. One outlet of the first fuel divider 408 is connected to an inlet of the second fuel divider 414. In this configuration, system 400 has one inlet 418 (main fuel line inlet) and four outlets 416 i.e. both of the fuels, fuel gas and fuel oil, may be separated in four separated flows.

Additional advantageous features which contribute to avoid thermal expansions and negative vibrational effects are also show in FIG. 4. Firstly, the main fuel gas conduit 404 may comprise an extension means, preferably a metallic bellow 424. Secondly, the first fuel oil divider 412 may have an extension means, such as at least one metallic hose 426, or an expansion joint. Preferably the divider 412 has two metallic hoses 426, wherein one hose is comprised in every branch of the divider 412. Other combinations of bellows and hoses in the main line 402 and/or in the different branches of any of the dividers are also possible.

FIG. 4 is a schematic, simplified and two-dimensional representation of the dual fuel delivery system 400. The main fuel line 402 and fuel dividers 408 and 414 are not necessarily all positioned in one plane. In general, the fuel divider 408 is positioned in a first plane and the fuel divider 414 is positioned in a second plane.

FIG. 5 shows in more detail part of (and interior of) the dual fuel delivery system 400 according to one preferred embodiment of the present invention. Contrary to the example of FIG. 4 where the first fuel divider 408 and the second fuel divider 414 are positioned in one plane i.e., the first plane and the second plane are same planes, the second fuel divider 414 and the first fuel divider 408 of an embodiment in FIG. 5 are advantageously positioned in different planes i.e. the first plane is different from the second plane. In the preferred embodiment shown in FIG. 5, inlet of the second fuel divider 414 and one outlet of the first fuel divider 408 are connected substantially at 90 degrees angle. In this way, dual fuel delivery system 400 has advantageously a more compact size, which reduces a need for a large space inside the gas turbine 100. The two planes, the first plane and the second plane, may be inclined to each other at an angle >10 degrees, preferably greater of 50 degrees up to 90 degrees. Another advantage of having fuel dividers 408 and 414 in different planes instead in one plane is an additional degree of flexibility to compensate for thermal extension and/or vibrations in different directions.

## 5

Other designs, depending of the geometry of the gas turbine, are possible, without departing from the main concept of the invention.

In addition, as shown in FIG. 5, a connection between the main fuel oil conduit 406 and the first fuel oil divider 412 may have a horizontal sliding guide 504. Advantageously, a connection between the first fuel oil divider 412 and the second fuel oil divider 414 may have a vertical sliding guide 502. The use of the sliding guides 502 and 504 helps to guide the relative movements of the metal hoses 426 inside a gas turbine engine. FIG. 5 shows also a fuel manifold 506 connected to the inlet of the main fuel line 402. The manifold 506 is used to supply the fuel gas and the oil gas to the main fuel line 402 via fuel oil inlet 508 and fuel gas inlet 510. The inlets 508 and 510 are in general connected to the external fuel gas and fuel oil supply (not shown).

FIG. 6 shows perspective view of the dual fuel delivery system 400 according to another preferred embodiment of the present invention. FIG. 6 shows only external part of the system 400, without showing internal gas oil conduits and dividers. In this embodiment according to the invention, the system 400 comprises also an injection head 602. The role of the injection head 602 is to inject the fuel into a burner. The injection head 602 comprises one or more injection nozzles 604 adapted to inject the fuel oil and/or the fuel gas. The injection head 602 is connected to the second fuel dividers 414. The dual fuel from the manifold 506 may be guided to the nozzles 604. In the one preferred embodiment of the invention, the injection head 602 comprises plurality of fuel injection sections 606. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 6, there are 4 fuel injection sections 606, each section having nine nozzles 604. One example of the injection section 606 is described in patent application EP 2496883A2. In this example shown in FIG. 6, the injection section 606 has streamlined body defined by two lateral surfaces joined in a smooth round transition at a leading edge and ending at a small radius/sharp angle at a trailing edge. Upstream of the trailing edge vortex generators may be located. The nozzles 604 are located on the trailing edge of the streamlined body of the injection sections 606.

FIG. 7 shows in more detail a connection between the injection head 602 and the outlets of the dividers 414, showing that every injection section 606 is connected to one outlet of the dividers 414.

FIG. 8 shows a rectangular type burner 800 adapted to be used with the dual fuel delivery system 400 according to the invention. As shown, the burner 800 is adapted to receive the injection head 602.

The present invention also discloses a gas turbine engine 100 adapted to be used with the dual fuel delivery system 400 according to the invention. FIG. 9 shows schematically representation of the part of the gas turbine 100, wherein only parts of the walls of the main components are shown. As shown in FIG. 9, gas turbine 100 according to the invention, preferably comprises a can combustor 902, a cooling air housing 904, and a burner 800 adapted to receive the injection head 602. In one preferred embodiment, the inlet of the main fuel line 402 is positioned outside the can housing 902; the outlet of the main fuel line 402 and the inlet to the first fuel divider 408 are positioned between the can housing 902 and the cooling air housing 904. The outlets of the second fuel dividers are positioned inside the burner 800.

FIG. 9 also illustrates the method for delivering dual fuel, the fuel oil 112 and the fuel gas 114, to the injection head inside the burner 800 of the gas turbine 100 comprising the dual fuel delivery system 400. The fuel oil 112 and/or the fuel gas 114 are supplied to the main fuel line 402, and then

## 6

they are divided in the fuel divider 408 and fuel dividers 414, and guided to the burner 800 where the fuel is mixed with compressed air and burned.

It should be apparent that the foregoing relates only to the preferred embodiments of the present application and that numerous changes and modifications may be made herein by one of ordinary skill in the art without departing from the scope of the invention as defined by the following claims.

## LIST OF DESIGNATIONS

100	Gas turbine engine
102	Compressor
104	Turbine
106	Combustor
110	Load
112	Fuel oil
114	Fuel gas
116	Inlet air
118	Compressed air
120	Combustion gas
122	Shaft
200	Fuel delivery system
202	Fuel ring pipe
204	Fuel ring pipe
206	Fuel feed
300	Dual fuel supply system
302	Fuel
304	Fuel
306	Fuel line
308	Fuel line
310	Nozzle
312	Burner
400	Dual fuel delivery system
402	Main fuel line
404	Main fuel gas conduit
406	Main fuel oil conduit
408	First fuel divider
410	First fuel gas divider
412	First fuel oil divider
414	Second fuel divider
416	Second divider outlet
418	Main fuel line inlet
420	Second fuel oil divider
422	Second fuel gas divider
424	Bellow
426	Metallic hose
506	Fuel manifold
508	Fuel oil inlet
510	Fuel gas inlet
602	Injection head
604	Injection nozzles
606	Fuel injection section
800	Burner
902	Can combustor
904	Cooling air housing

The invention claimed is:

1. A dual fuel delivery system for a gas turbine, comprising:
  - a main fuel line having a main fuel oil conduit and a main fuel gas conduit, wherein the main fuel gas conduit encloses, at least partially, the main fuel oil conduit; and
  - a first fuel divider having a first fuel oil divider connected to the main fuel oil conduit and a first fuel gas divider

7

connected to the main fuel gas conduit, wherein the first fuel gas divider encloses, at least partially, the first fuel oil divider; and

at least one second fuel divider that includes at least one of a second fuel oil divider and a second fuel gas divider, wherein the second fuel gas divider encloses the second fuel oil divider.

2. The dual fuel delivery system of claim 1, wherein one outlet of the first fuel divider is connected to an inlet of the second fuel divider.

3. The dual fuel delivery system of claim 2, wherein the first fuel divider is positioned in a first plane and the second fuel divider is positioned in a second plane, and wherein the first plane is different from the second plane.

4. The dual fuel delivery system of claim 2, comprising: two second fuel dividers, wherein each of two second fuel dividers are connected to different outlets of the first fuel divider.

5. The dual fuel delivery system of claim 1, wherein both the first fuel oil divider and the first fuel gas divider, have one inlet and two outlets.

6. The dual fuel delivery system of claim 1, wherein the main fuel gas conduit comprises an extension means.

7. The dual fuel delivery system of claim 6, wherein the extension means comprises a bellow.

8. The dual fuel delivery system of claim 1, wherein the first fuel oil divider comprises at least one extension means.

9. The dual fuel delivery system of claim 1, wherein a connection between the main fuel oil conduit and the first fuel oil divider comprises a horizontal sliding guide, and/or wherein a connection between the first fuel oil divider and the second fuel oil divider comprises a vertical sliding guide.

8

10. The dual fuel delivery system of claim 2, comprising an injection head, the injection head comprises at least one injection nozzle adapted to inject a fuel oil and/or a fuel gas, wherein the injection head is connected to the second fuel divider.

11. The dual fuel delivery system of claim 10, wherein the injection head comprises plurality of injection sections, and wherein every injection section is connected to one outlet of the second fuel divider.

12. The dual fuel delivery system of claim 1, comprising fuel manifold connected to the inlet of the main fuel line, and adapted to supply the fuel gas and the fuel oil to the main fuel line.

13. A gas turbine comprising the dual fuel delivery system of claim 1.

14. The gas turbine of claim 13 comprising a can combustor, a cooling air housing, and a burner, wherein the inlet of the main fuel line is positioned outside the can combustor, the outlet of the main fuel line and the inlet to the first fuel divider are positioned between the can combustor and the cooling air housing.

15. A Method for delivering dual fuel to the burner of the gas turbine of claim 14, the method comprising:

supplying the fuel oil and/or the fuel gas to the main fuel line;

dividing the fuel oil and/or the fuel gas in the first fuel divider; and

guiding the fuel oil and/or the fuel gas to the burner.

16. The dual fuel delivery system of claim 1, wherein the second fuel oil divider is connected to the first fuel oil divider and the second fuel gas divider is connected to the first fuel gas divider.

\* \* \* \* \*