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(54) **METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR  
MANAGING USE OF AN ACCESSORY**

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None

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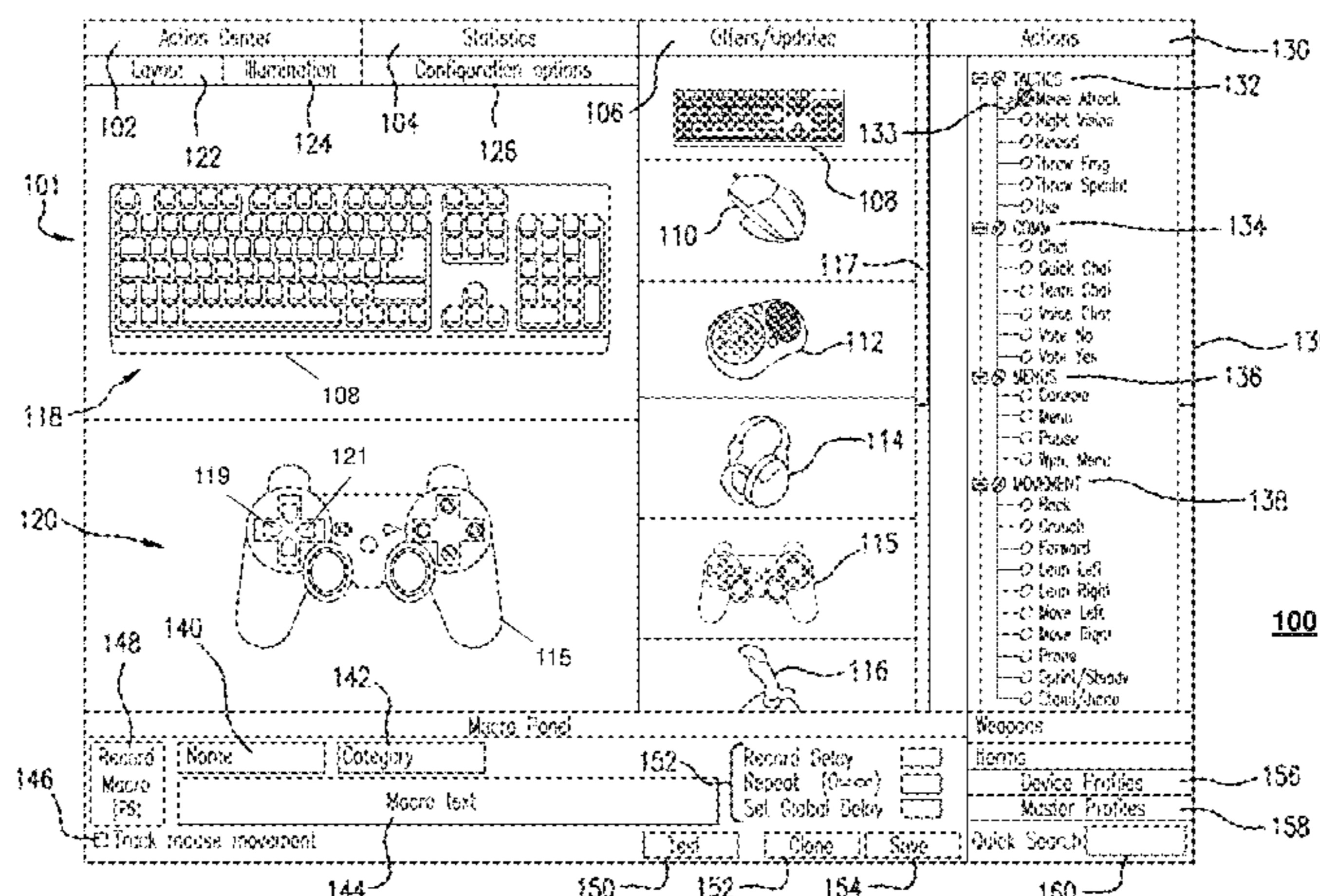
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**ABSTRACT**

A system that incorporates the subject disclosure may include, for example, a system having a processor that performs operations including receiving from an accessory device a control signal for controlling a software application, determining that the control signal corresponds to a first action of a plurality of actions for controlling the software application, monitoring a frequency of usage of the first action, and presenting at the accessory device or a display device coupled to the accessory device a measure of the frequency of usage of the first action. Additional embodiments are disclosed.

**20 Claims, 10 Drawing Sheets**



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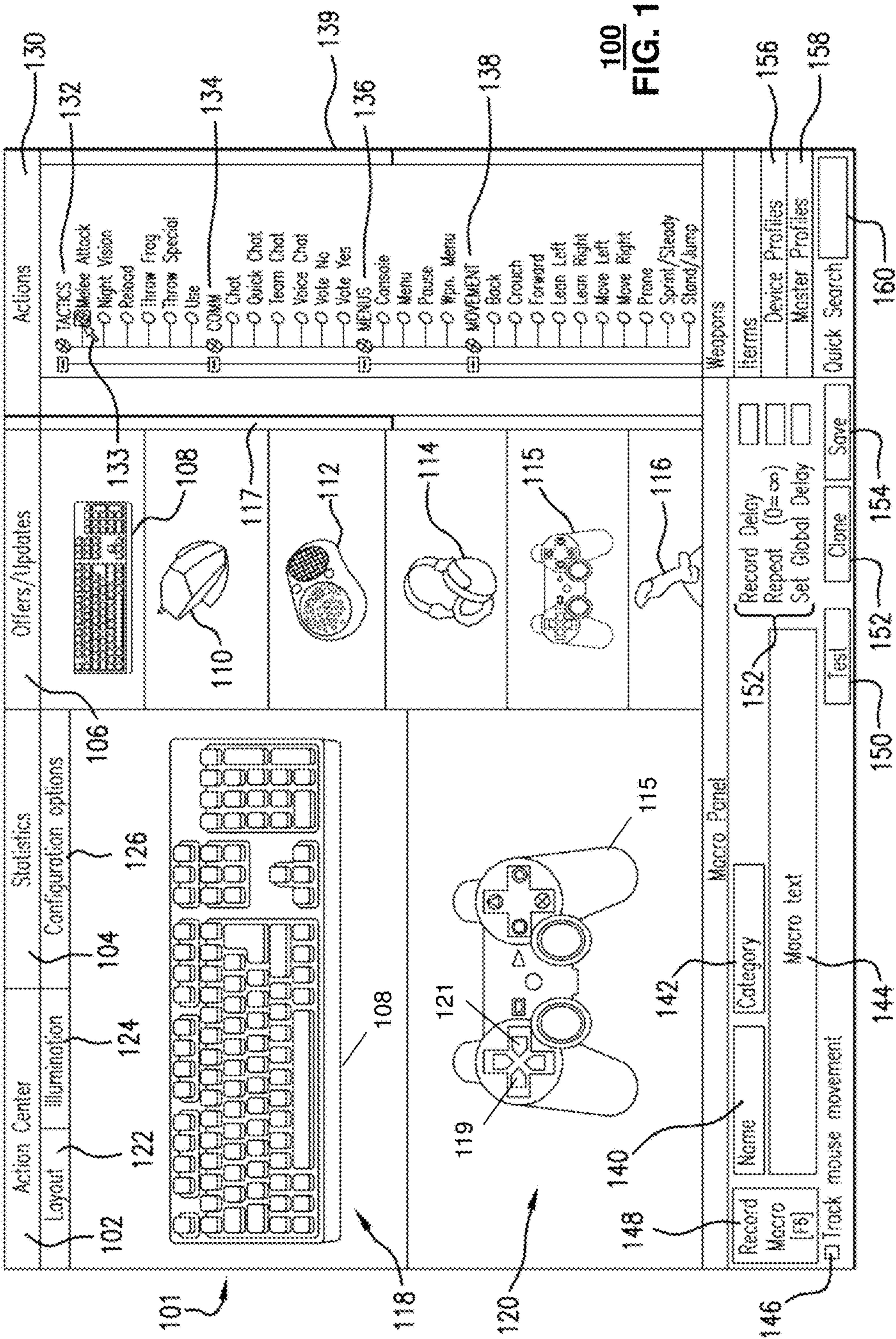
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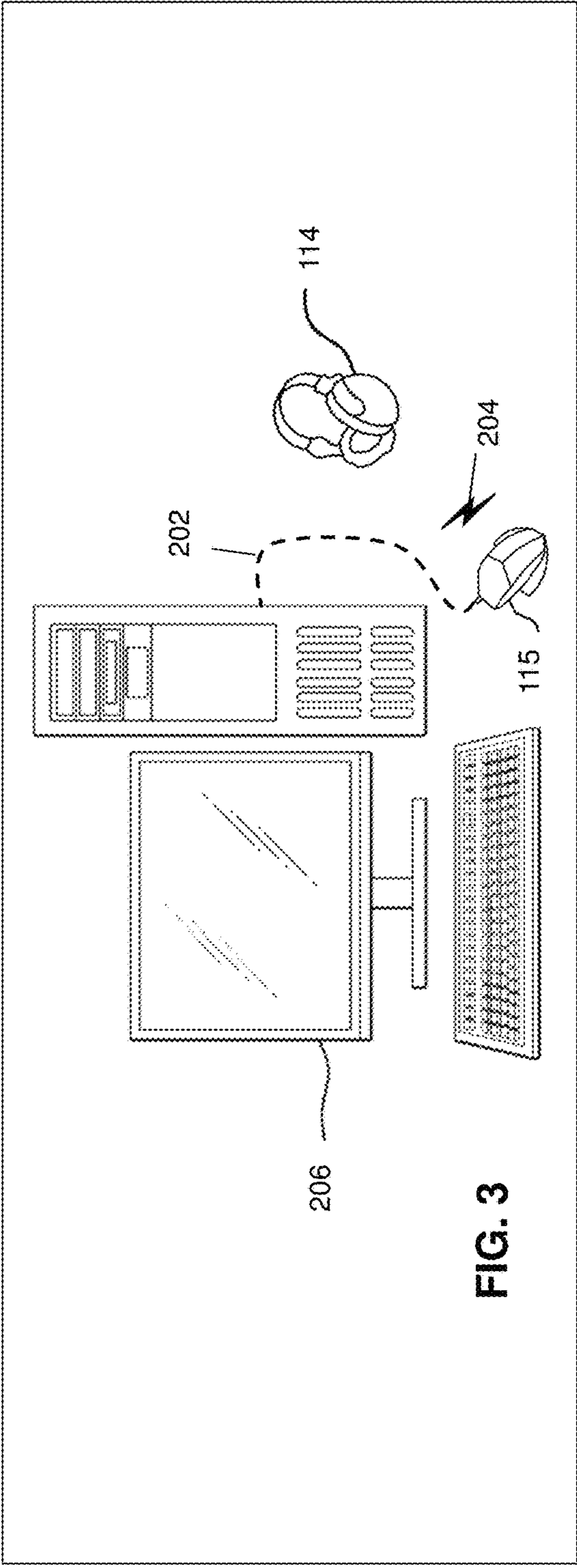
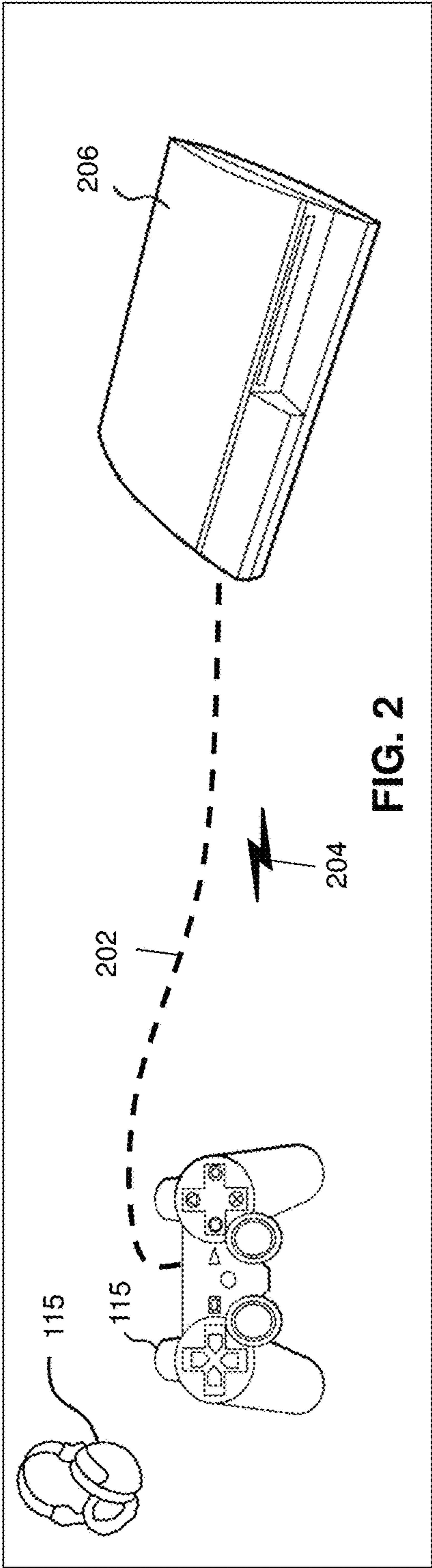
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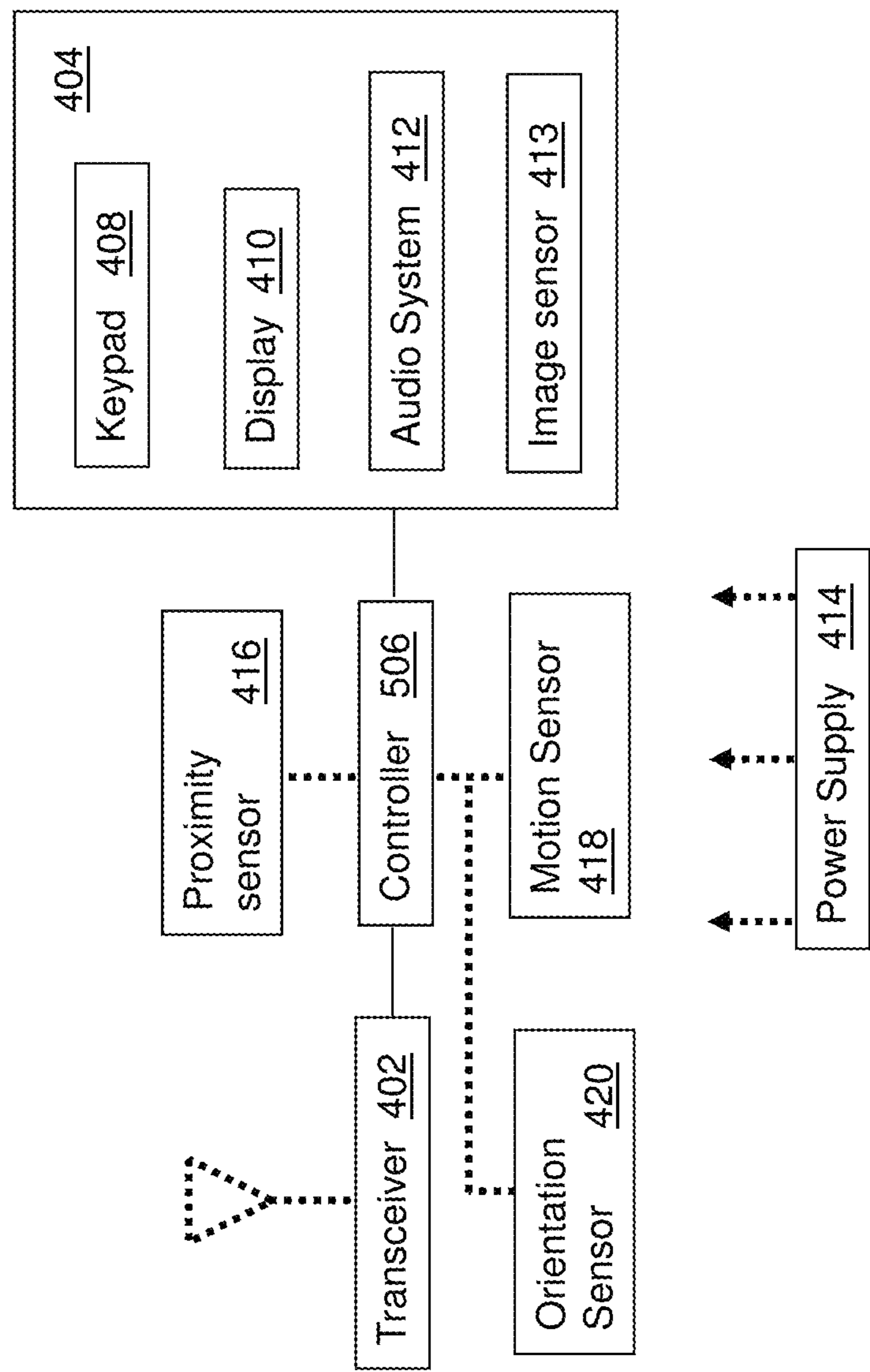
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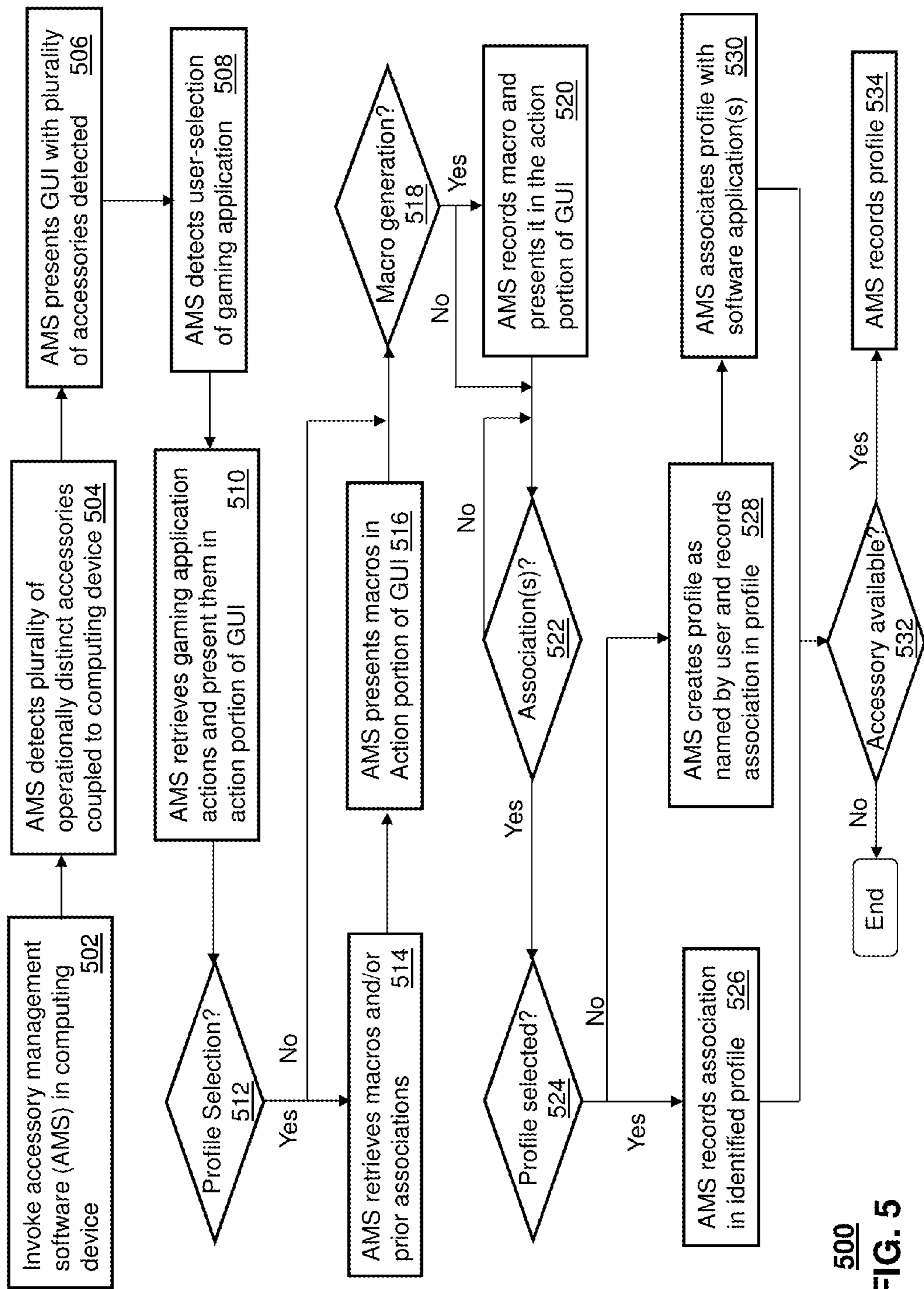
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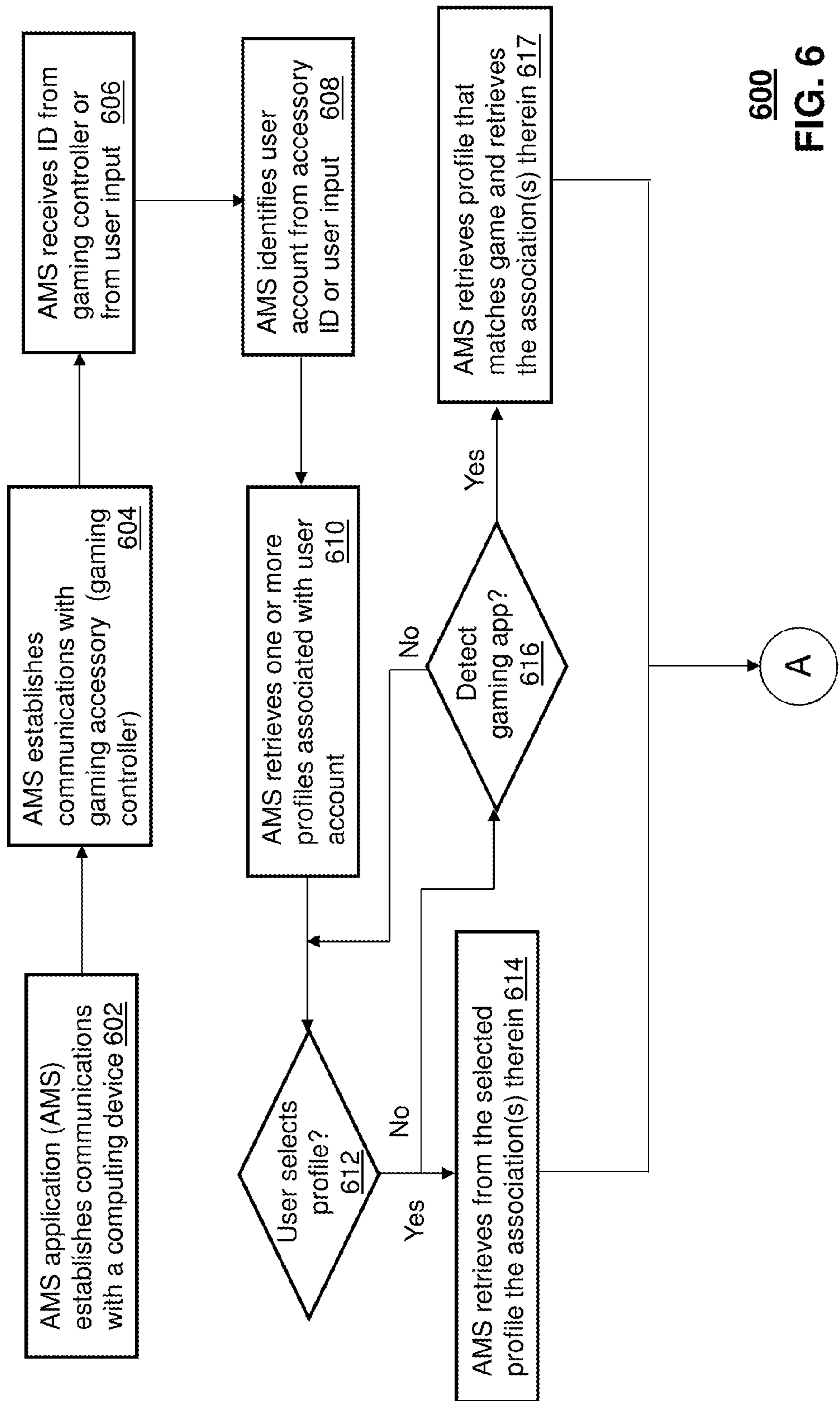






**400**  
**FIG. 4**





600  
FIG. 6

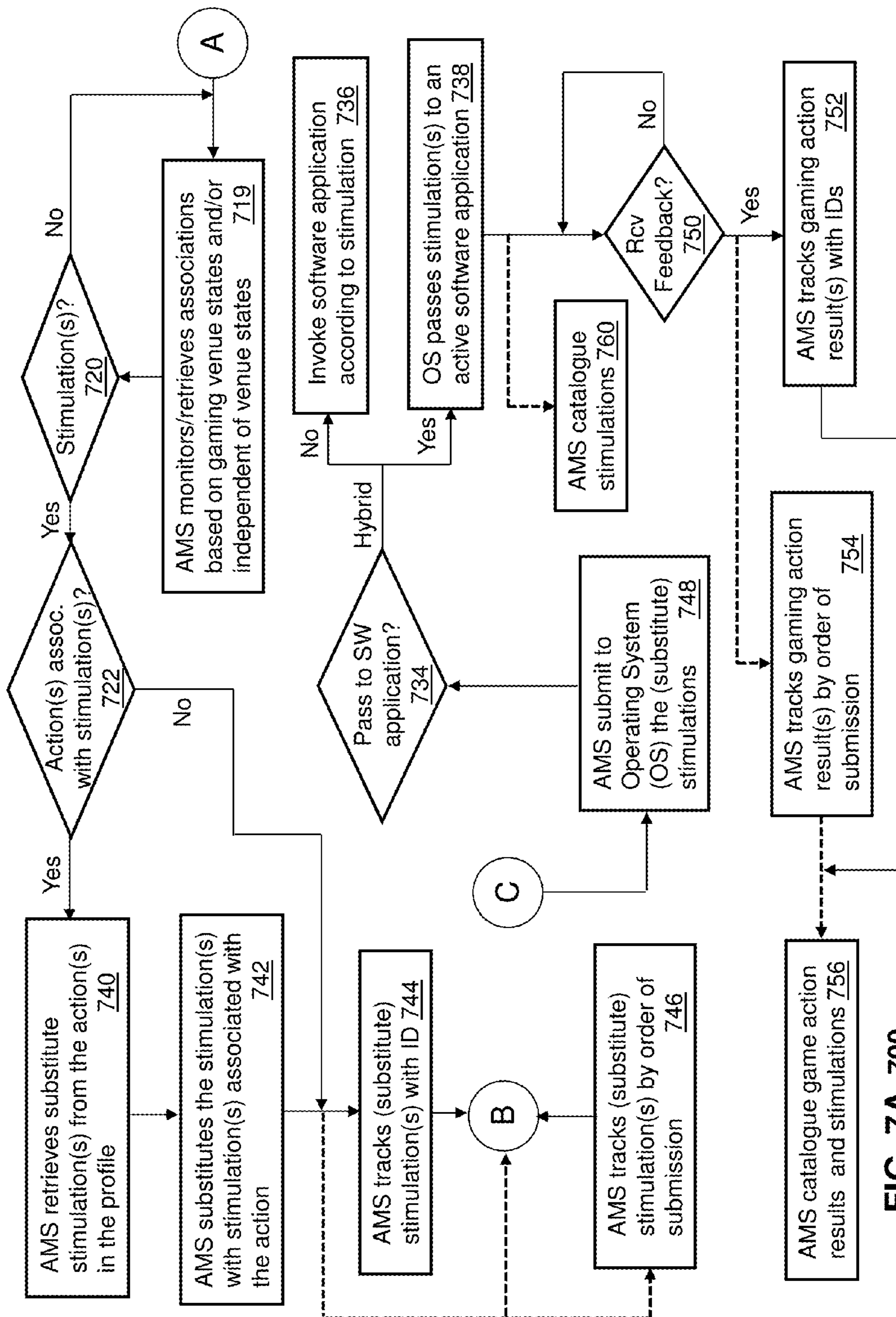


FIG. 7A 700

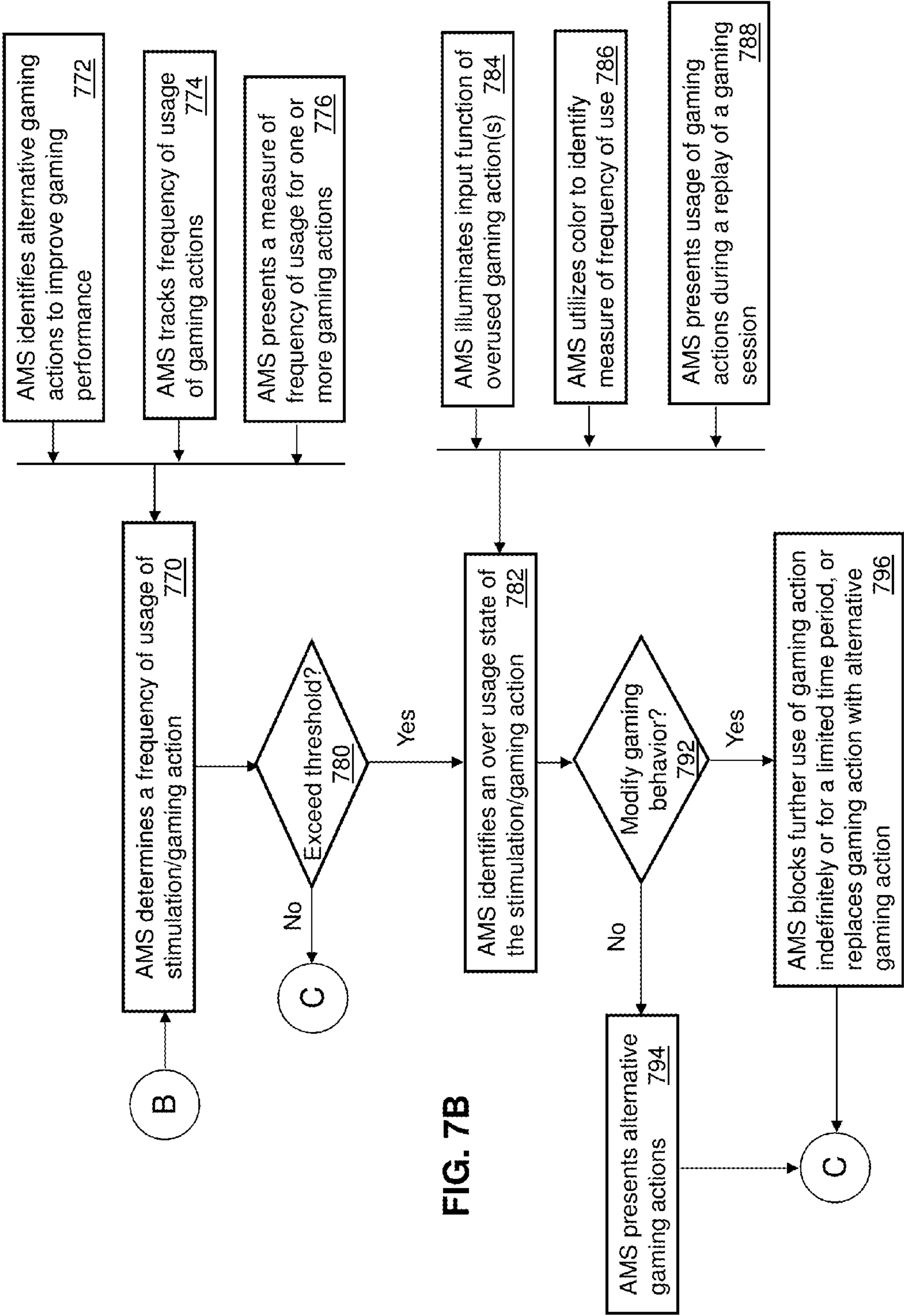


FIG. 7B

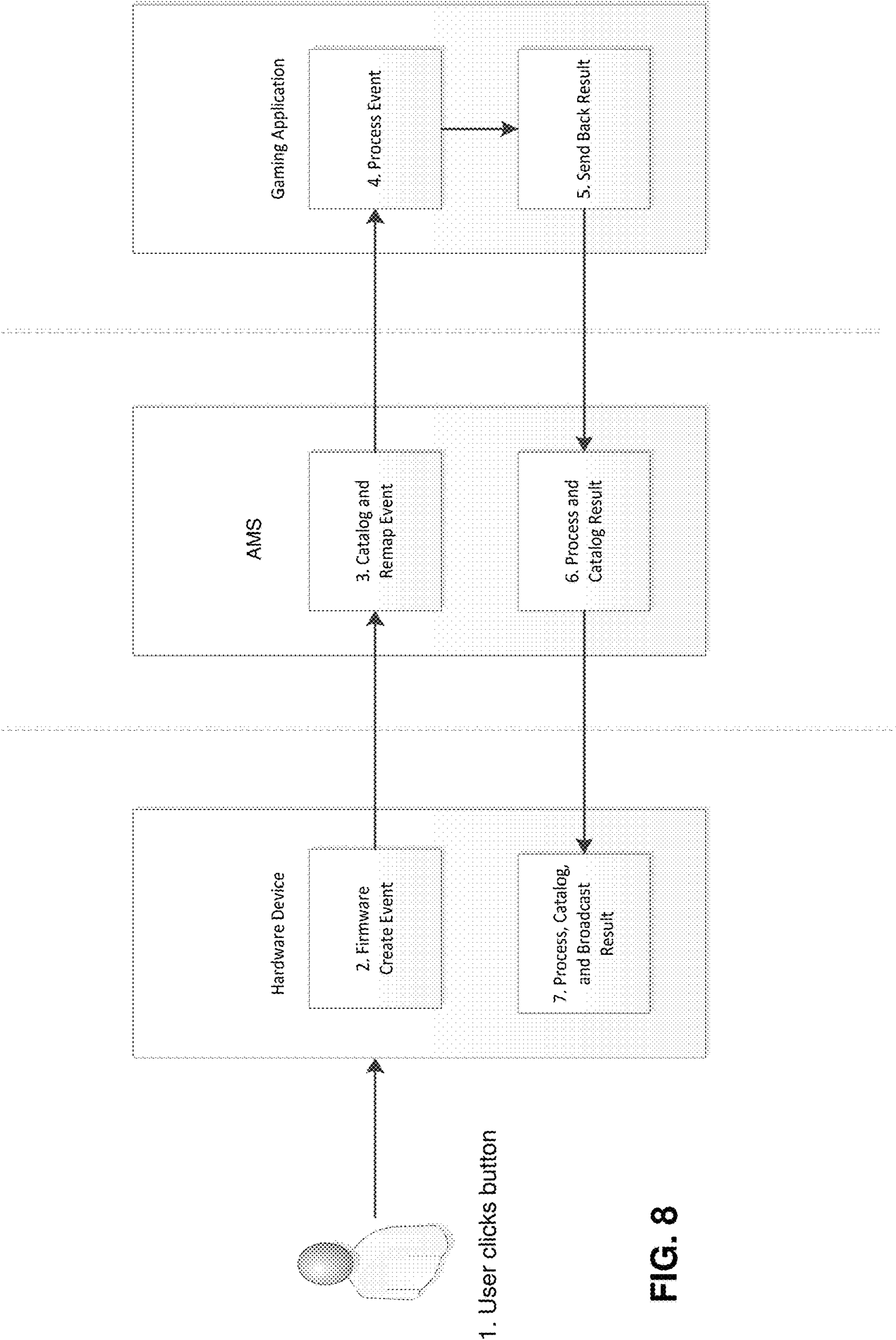
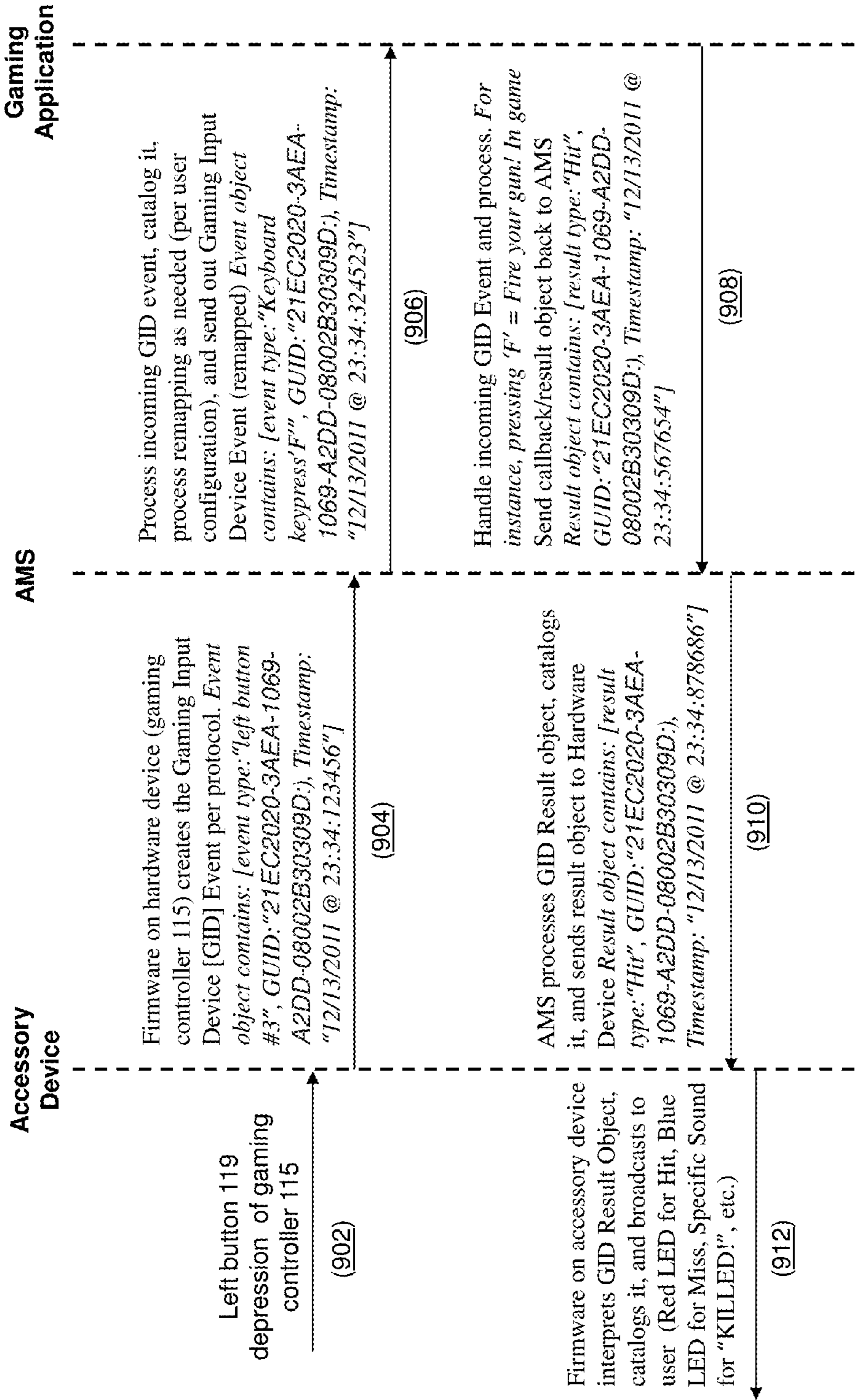
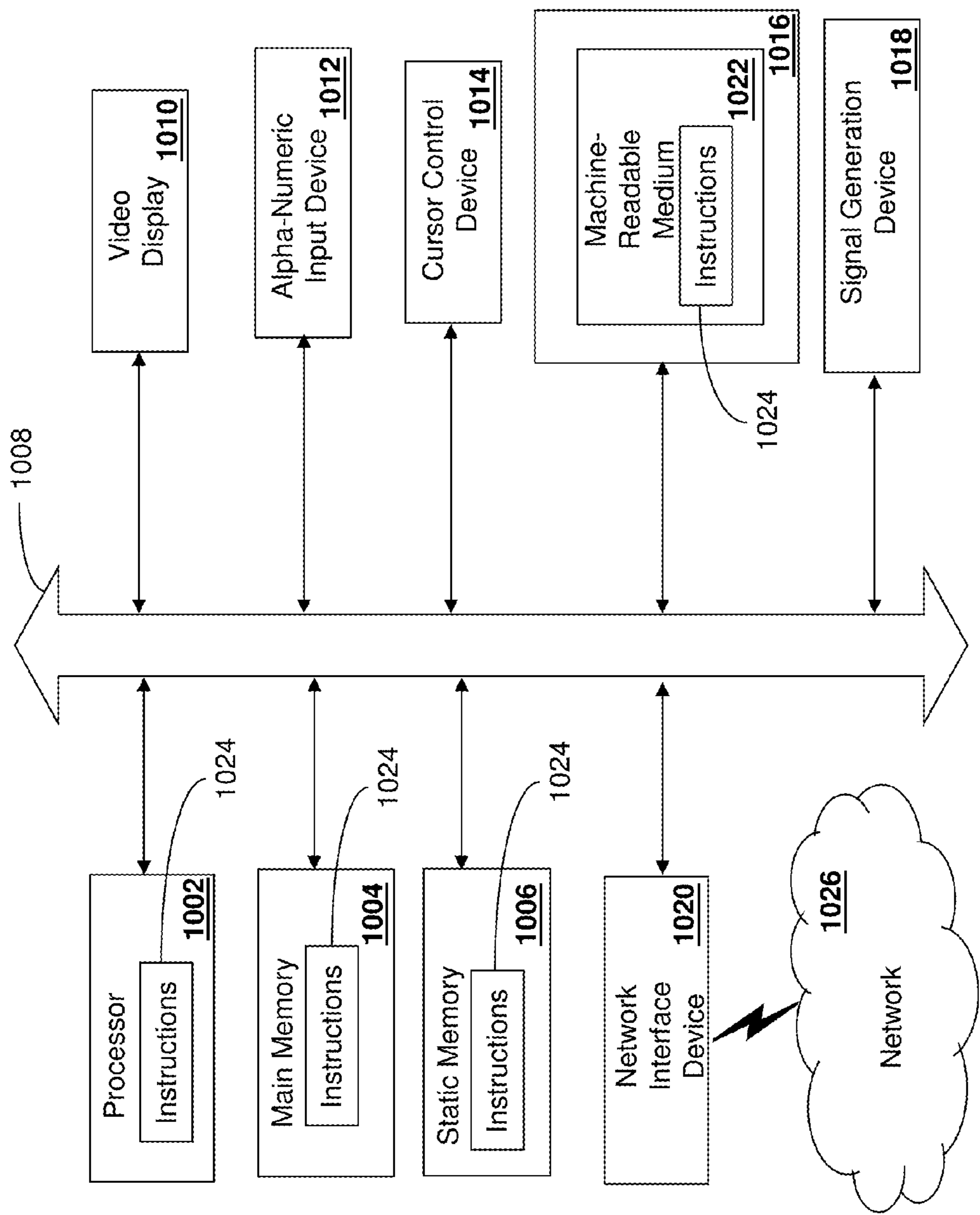


FIG. 8



900  
FIG. 9



1000  
FIG. 10

## 1

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR  
MANAGING USE OF AN ACCESSORYCROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED  
APPLICATIONS

The present application is a continuation of and claims priority to U.S. patent application Ser. No. 14/213,100, filed Mar. 14, 2014, which claims the benefit of priority to U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/792,519 filed Mar. 15, 2013, which are both hereby incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

## FIELD OF THE DISCLOSURE

The present disclosure relates generally to a method and apparatus for managing use of an accessory.

## BACKGROUND

It is common today for gamers to utilize more than one gaming accessory. This is especially true of gamers who play on-line games or competitive games in a team or individual configuration. Gamers can have at their disposal accessories such as a keyboard, a general purpose gaming pad, a mouse, a gaming console controller, a headset to communicate with other players, a joystick, a computer console, or other common gaming accessories.

A gamer can frequently use a combination of these accessories in a single game (e.g., headset, a keyboard, and mouse). Efficient management and utilization of these accessories can frequently impact a gamer's ability to compete.

Accessory management can have utility in other disciplines which may not relate to gaming applications. Efficient use of accessories in these other disciplines can be important to other users.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Reference will now be made to the accompanying drawings, which are not necessarily drawn to scale, and wherein:

FIG. 1 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a Graphical User Interface (GUI) generated by an Accessory Management Software (AMS) application according to the present disclosure;

FIGS. 2-3 depict illustrative embodiments for communicatively coupling a gaming controller to a computing device;

FIG. 4 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a communication device;

FIG. 5 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a first method utilized in the subject disclosure;

FIG. 6 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a second method utilized in the subject disclosure;

FIG. 7A depicts an illustrative embodiment of a third method utilized in the subject disclosure;

FIG. 7B depicts an illustrative embodiment of a fourth method utilized in the subject disclosure;

FIG. 8 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a system operating at least in part according to the methods of FIGS. 5-7;

FIG. 9 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a communication flow diagram utilized by the system of FIG. 12; and

FIG. 10 depicts an illustrative diagrammatic representation of a machine in the form of a computer system within which a set of instructions, when executed, may cause the machine to perform any one or more of the methodologies disclosed herein.

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## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The subject disclosure describes, among other things, illustrative embodiments for managing accessories (e.g., gaming accessories) to improve a user's performance in controlling a software application (e.g., a video game). Other embodiments are contemplated by the subject disclosure.

One embodiment of the subject disclosure can entail a method for receiving, by a system comprising a processor, from a gaming accessory a control signal for controlling a video game, determining, by the system, that the control signal corresponds to a first gaming action of a plurality of gaming actions for controlling the video game, tracking, by the system, a frequency of usage of the first gaming action, and presenting, by the system, at the gaming accessory a measure of the frequency of usage of the first gaming action.

One embodiment of the subject disclosure can entail a machine-readable storage medium, comprising instructions, wherein responsive to executing the instructions, a processor performs operations including receiving from an accessory device a control signal for controlling a software application, determining that the control signal corresponds to a first action of a plurality of actions for controlling the software application, monitoring a frequency of usage of the first action, and presenting at the accessory device or a display device coupled to the accessory device a measure of the frequency of usage of the first action.

One embodiment of the subject disclosure can entail an accessory device, including a memory to store instructions, and a processor coupled to the memory. The processor can perform operations including detecting a selection of an input function of the accessory device, generating a control signal responsive to detecting the selection of the input function for controlling a software application, determining that the control signal corresponds to a first action of a plurality of actions for controlling the software application, determining a frequency of usage of the first action, and presenting at the accessory device or a display device coupled to the accessory device a measure of the frequency of usage of the first action.

FIG. 1 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a Graphical User Interface (GUI) generated by an Accessory Management Software (AMS) application according to the present disclosure. The AMS application can be executed by a computing device such as a desktop computer, a laptop computer, a tablet, a server, a mainframe computer, a gaming console, a gaming accessory, or any combination or portions thereof. The AMS application can also be executed by portable computing devices such as a cellular phone, a personal digital assistant, or a media player. The AMS application can be executed by any device with suitable computing and communication resources.

FIG. 2 illustrates a number of embodiments for utilizing a gaming controller 115 with a computing device 206 in the form of a gaming console. In the illustration of FIG. 2, the gaming controller 115 can be communicatively coupled to the gaming console 206 with a tethered cable interface 202 such as a USB or proprietary cable, or a wireless interface 204 such as WiFi, Bluetooth, ZigBee, or a proprietary wireless communications protocol. The cable interface 202 provides a means for communication that may be less susceptible to electromagnetic interference. It will be appreciated that the gaming controller 115 may further include a headset 114 (with or without a microphone not shown) utilized by a gamer to communicate with teammates and/or to listen to game sounds in high fidelity. In the illustration of

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FIG. 2, the AMS application can in whole or in part be executed by the gaming controller 115, the gaming console 206, or a combination thereof.

FIG. 3 illustrates a number of other embodiments for utilizing a gaming controller 115 with a computing device 206. In this embodiment, the gaming controller 115 comprises a mouse and the computing device 206 comprises a computer. The gaming controller 115 can be tethered to the computing device 206 by a cable interface 202 (e.g., USB cable or proprietary cable) or a wireless interface 204. The cable interface 202 provides a means for communication that may be less susceptible to electromagnetic interference. It will be appreciated that the gaming controller 115 may further include a headset (with or without a microphone not shown) utilized by a gamer to communicate with teammates and/or to listen to game sounds in high fidelity. In the illustration of FIG. 3, the AMS application can in whole or in part be executed by the gaming controller 115, the gaming console 206, or a combination thereof.

For illustration purposes, the terms gaming console 206 and computer 206 will be used hence forth interchangeably with the term computing device 206 with an understanding that a computing device 206 may represent a number of other devices such as a server, a tablet, a smart phone, and so on. Accordingly, a computing device 206 can represent any device with suitable computing resources to perform the methods described in the subject disclosure.

FIG. 4 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a communication device 400. Communication device 400 can serve in whole or in part as an illustrative embodiment of devices described in the subject disclosure. The communication device 400 can comprise a wireline and/or wireless transceiver 402 (herein transceiver 402), a user interface (UI) 404, a power supply 414, a proximity sensor 416, a motion sensor 418, an orientation sensor 420, and a controller 406 for managing operations thereof. The transceiver 402 can support short-range or long-range wireless access technologies such as Bluetooth, WiFi, Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT), or cellular communication technologies, just to mention a few. Cellular technologies can include, for example, CDMA-1X, UMTS/HSDPA, GSM/GPRS, TDMA/EDGE, EV/DO, WiMAX, software defined radio (SDR), Long Term Evolution (LTE), as well as other next generation wireless communication technologies as they arise. The transceiver 402 can also be adapted to support circuit-switched wireline access technologies (such as PSTN), packet-switched wireline access technologies (such as TCP/IP, VoIP, etc.), and combinations thereof.

The UI 404 can include a depressible or touch-sensitive keypad 408 coupled to a navigation mechanism such as a roller ball, a joystick, a mouse, or a navigation disk for manipulating operations of the communication device 400. The keypad 408 can be an integral part of a housing assembly of the communication device 400 or an independent device operably coupled thereto by a tethered wireline interface (such as a USB cable) or a wireless interface supporting for example Bluetooth. The keypad 408 can represent a numeric keypad, and/or a QWERTY keypad with alphanumeric keys. The UI 404 can further include a display 410 such as monochrome or color LCD (Liquid Crystal Display), OLED (Organic Light Emitting Diode) or other suitable display technology for conveying images to an end user of the communication device 400.

In an embodiment where the display 410 utilizes touch-sensitive technology, a portion or all of the keypad 408 can be presented by way of the display 410 with navigation features. As a touch screen display, the communication

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device 400 can be adapted to present a user interface with graphical user interface (GUI) elements that can be selected by a user with a touch of a finger. The touch screen display 410 can be equipped with capacitive, resistive or other forms of sensing technology to detect how much surface area of a user's finger has been placed on a portion of the touch screen display. This sensing information can be used to control the manipulation of the GUI elements.

The UI 404 can also include an audio system 412 that utilizes common audio technology for conveying low volume audio (such as audio heard only in the proximity of a human ear) and high volume audio (such as speakerphone for hands free operation, stereo or surround sound system). The audio system 412 can further include a microphone for receiving audible signals of an end user. The audio system 412 can also be used for voice recognition applications. The UI 404 can further include an image sensor 413 such as a charged coupled device (CCD) camera for capturing still or moving images and performing image recognition therefrom.

The power supply 414 can utilize common power management technologies such as replaceable or rechargeable batteries, supply regulation technologies, and charging system technologies for supplying energy to the components of the communication device 400 to facilitate long-range or short-range portable applications. Alternatively, the charging system can utilize external power sources such as DC power supplied over a physical interface such as a USB port or by way of a power cord attached to a transformer that converts AC to DC power.

The proximity sensor 416 can utilize proximity sensing technology such as an electromagnetic sensor, a capacitive sensor, an inductive sensor, an image sensor or combinations thereof. The motion sensor 418 can utilize motion sensing technology such as an accelerometer, a gyroscope, or other suitable motion sensing technology to detect movement of the communication device 400 in three-dimensional space. The orientation sensor 420 can utilize orientation sensing technology such as a magnetometer to detect the orientation of the communication device 400 (North, South, West, East, combined orientations thereof in degrees, minutes, or other suitable orientation metrics).

The communication device 400 can use the transceiver 402 to also determine a proximity to a cellular, WiFi, Bluetooth, or other wireless access points by common sensing techniques such as utilizing a received signal strength indicator (RSSI) and/or a signal time of arrival (TOA) or time of flight (TOF). The controller 406 can utilize computing technologies such as a microprocessor, a digital signal processor (DSP), and/or a video processor with associated storage memory such as Flash, ROM, RAM, SRAM, DRAM or other storage technologies.

The communication device 400 as described herein can operate with more or less components described in FIG. 4 to accommodate the implementation of devices described by the subject disclosure. These variant embodiments are contemplated by the subject disclosure.

FIGS. 5-7A depict methods 500-700 describing illustrative embodiments of the AMS application. Method 500 can begin with step 502 in which the AMS application is invoked in a computing device. The computing device can be a remote server (not shown), the gaming console 206 or computer 206 of FIGS. 2-3, or any other computing device with suitable computing resources. The invocation step can result from a user selection of the AMS application from a menu or iconic symbol presented by the computing device 206, or when a user communicatively couples a gaming

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controller **115** or other form of accessory device with the computing device **206**. In step **504**, the AMS application can detect by way of software drivers in an operating system (OS) of the computing device **206** a plurality of operationally distinct accessories communicatively coupled to the computing device **206**. The accessories can be coupled to the computing device **206** by a tethered interface (e.g., USB cable), a wireless interface (e.g., Bluetooth or Wireless Fidelity—WiFi), or combinations thereof.

In the present context, an accessory can represent any type of device which can be communicatively coupled to the computing device **206** (or which can be an integral part of the computing device) and which can control aspects of the OS and/or a software application operating from the computing device **206**. An accessory can represent for example a keyboard, a touch screen display, a gaming pad, a gaming controller, a mouse, a joystick, a microphone, or a headset with a microphone—just to mention a few.

In step **506**, the AMS application presents a GUI **101** such as depicted in FIG. **1** depicting operationally distinct accessories such as a keyboard **108**, and a gaming controller **115**. The GUI **101** presents the accessories **108-116** in a scrollable section **117**. One or more accessories can be selected by a user with a mouse pointer. In this illustration, the keyboard **108** and the gaming controller **115** were selected for customization. Upon selecting the keyboard **108** and the gaming controller **115** from the scrollable window of section **117**, the AMS application presents the keyboard **108** and the gaming controller **115** in split windows **118**, **120**, respectively, to assist the user during the customization process.

In step **508**, the AMS application can be programmed to detect a user-selection of a particular software application such as a video game. This step can be the result of the user entering in a Quick Search field **160** the name of a gaming application (e.g., World of Warcraft™ or WoW). Upon identifying a gaming application, the AMS application can retrieve in step **510** from a remote or local database gaming application actions which can be presented in a scrollable section **139** of the GUI represented as “Actions” **130**. The actions can be tactical actions **132**, communication actions **134**, menu actions **136**, and movement actions **138** which can be used to invoke and manage features of the gaming application.

The actions presented descriptively in section **130** of the GUI can represent a sequence of accessory input functions which a user can stimulate by button depressions, navigation or speech. For example, depressing the left button on the mouse **110** can represent the tactical action “Reload”, while the simultaneous keyboard depressions “Ctrl A” can represent the tactical action “Melee Attack”. For ease of use, the “Actions” **130** section of the GUI is presented descriptively rather than by a description of the input function(s) of a particular accessory.

Any one of the Actions **130** can be associated with one or more input functions of the accessories being customized in windows **118** and **120** by way of a drag and drop action or other customization options. For instance, a user can select a “Melee Attack” by placing a mouse pointer **133** over an iconic symbol associated with this action. Upon doing so, the symbol can be highlighted to indicate to the user that the icon is selectable. At this point, the user can select the icon by holding the left mouse button and drag the symbol to any of the input functions (e.g., buttons) of the keyboard **108** or selectable options of the gaming controller **115** to make an association with an input function of one of these accessories. Actions of one accessory can also be associated with another accessory that is of a different category. For

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example, key depressions “Ctrl A” of the keyboard **108** can be associated with one of the buttons of the gaming controller **115** (e.g., the left button **119**).

In one embodiment, a Melee Attack action can be associated by dragging this action to either the left button **119** or right button **120** of the gaming controller **115**. Thus, when the selected button is depressed, the stimulus signal that is generated by the selected button of the gaming controller **115** can be substituted by the AMS application with the Melee Attack action. In another embodiment, the AMS application can be configured so that the Melee Action can be associated with a combination of key button presses (e.g., simultaneous depression of the left and right buttons **119**, **121**, or a sequence of button depressions: two rapid left button depressions followed by a right button depression).

In yet another embodiment, the AMS application can be configured so that the Melee Action can be associated with movement of the gaming controller **115** such as, for example, rapid movement or shaking of the gaming controller **115**. In a further embodiment, the AMS application can be adapted to make associations with two dimensional or three dimensional movements of the gaming controller **115** according to a gaming venue state. For example, suppose the player’s avatar enters a fighter jet. In this gaming venue state, moving the left navigation knob forward can be associated by the AMS application with controlling the throttle of the jet engines. Rapidly moving the gaming controller **115** downward can represent release of munitions such as a bomb.

In a gaming venue state where the gamer’s avatar has entered a building, lifting of the gaming controller **115** above a first displacement threshold can be associated with a rapid movement of the avatar up one floor. A second displacement threshold can be associated with a rapid movement of the avatar down one floor—the opposite of the first displacement threshold. Alternatively, the second displacement threshold could be associated with a different action such as jumping between buildings when the avatar is on the roof of a building.

The AMS application can monitor gaming venue states by analyzing captured images produced by the gaming application (e.g., one or more still images of a tank, or a video of an avatar entering a tank), and/or by receiving messages from the gaming application by way of an application programming interface (API) thereby enabling the AMS application to identify the occurrence of a particular gaming venue state.

At step **512** the AMS application can also respond to a user selection of a profile. A profile can be a device profile or master profile invoked by selecting GUI button **156** or **158**, each of which can identify the association of gaming actions with input functions of one or more accessories. If a profile selection is detected in step **512**, the AMS application can retrieve in step **514** macro(s) and/or prior associations defined by the profile. The actions and/or macros defined in the profile can also be presented in step **516** by the AMS application in the actions column **130** of the GUI **101** to modify existing profile associations or create new associations.

In step **518**, the AMS application can also respond to a user selection to create a macro. A macro in the present context can mean any actionable command which can be recorded by the AMS application. An actionable command can represent a sequence of stimuli generated by manipulating input functions of an accessory, a combination of actions in the Action section **130**, an identification of a software application to be initiated by the OS of the com-

puting device **206**, or any other recordable stimulus to initiate, control or manipulate software applications. For instance, a macro can represent a user entering the identity of a software application (e.g., instant messaging tool) to be initiated by the OS upon the AMS application detecting a speech command using speech recognition technology.

A macro can also represent recordable speech delivered by a microphone singly or in combination with a headset for detection by another software application through speech recognition or for delivery of the recorded speech to other parties. In yet another embodiment a macro can represent recordable navigation of an accessory such as a joystick of the gaming controller **115**, recordable selections of buttons of the gaming controller **115**, and so on. Macros can also be combinations of the above illustrations with selected actions from the Actions **130** menu. Macros can be created from the GUI **101** by selecting a "Record Macro" button **148**. The macro can be given a name and category in user-defined fields **140** and **142**.

Upon selecting the Record Macro button **148**, a macro can be generated by selection of input functions on an accessory (e.g., Ctrl A, speech, navigation knob movements of the gaming controller **115**, etc.) and/or by manual entry in field **144** (e.g., typing the name and location of a software application to be initiated by an OS, such as an instant messaging application, keyboard entries such as Ctrl A, etc.). Once the macro is created, it can be tested by selecting button **150** which can repeat the sequence specified in field **144**. The clone button **152** can be selected to replicate the macro sequence if desired. Fields **152** can also present timing characteristics of the stimulation sequence in the macro with the ability to modify and thereby customize the timing of one or more stimulations in the stimulation sequence. Once the macro has been fully defined, selection of button **154** records the macro in step **520**. The recording step can be combined with a step for adding the macro to the associable items Actions column **130**, thereby providing the user the means to associate the macro with input functions of the accessories (e.g., one or more keys of the keyboard **108**, buttons of the gaming controller **115**, etc.).

In step **522**, the AMS application can respond to drag and drop associations of actions with input functions of the keyboard **108** or the gaming controller **115**. Associations can also be made based on the two or three dimensional movements of the gaming controller **115**. If user input indicates that a user is performing an association, the AMS application can proceed to step **524** where it can determine if a profile has been identified in step **512** to record the association(s) detected. If a profile has been identified, the associations are recorded/stored in the profile in step **526**. If a profile has not been identified in step **512**, the AMS application can create a profile in step **528** for recording the detected associations. In the same step, the user can name the newly created profile as desired. The newly created profile can also be associated with one or more gaming software applications in step **530** for future reference. The AMS application can also record in a profile in step **526** associations based on gaming venue states. In this embodiment the same stimuli generated by the gaming controller **115** can result in different substitutions based on the gaming venue state detected by the AMS application.

Referring back to step **526**, once the associations have been recorded in a profile, the AMS application can determine in step **532** which of the accessories shown illustratively in FIGS. **1-3** are programmable and available for programming. If the AMS application detects that an accessory (e.g., keyboard **108**, gaming controller **115**) is commu-

nicatively coupled to the computing device **206** and determines that the accessory is capable of performing stimulus substitutions locally, the AMS application can proceed to step **534** of FIG. **5** where it submits the profile and its contents for storage in the accessory (e.g., the gaming controller **115** in FIGS. **2-3**). Once the accessory (e.g., the gaming controller **115**) is programmed with the profile, the accessory can perform stimuli substitutions according to the associations recorded by the AMS application in the profile. Alternatively, the AMS application can store the profile in the computing device **206** of FIGS. **2-3** and perform substitutions of stimuli supplied by the gaming controller **115** according to associations recorded in the profile by the AMS application.

The GUI **101** of FIG. **1** presented by the AMS application can have other functions. For example, the GUI **101** can present a layout of the accessory (button **122**), how the accessory is illuminated when associations between input functions and actions are made (button **124**), and configuration options for the accessory (button **126**). The AMS application can adapt the GUI **101** to present more than one functional GUI page. For instance, by selecting button **102**, the AMS application can adapt the GUI **101** to present a means to create macros and associate actions to accessory input functions as depicted in FIG. **1**. Selecting button **104** can cause the AMS application to adapt the GUI **101** to present statistics from stimulation information and/or gaming action results captured by the AMS application as described in the subject disclosure. Selecting button **106** can also cause the AMS application to adapt the GUI **101** to present promotional offers and software updates.

The steps of method **500** in whole or in part can be repeated until a desirable pattern is achieved of associations between stimulus signals generated by accessories and substitute stimuli. It would be apparent to an artisan with ordinary skill in the art that there can be numerous other approaches to accomplish the embodiments described by method **500** or variants thereof. These undisclosed approaches are contemplated by the subject disclosure.

FIG. **6** depicts a method **600** for illustrating additional operations of the AMS application. In the configurations of FIGS. **2-3**, the AMS application can be operating in whole or in part from the gaming controller **115**, a gaming console **206**, a computer **206**, or a remote server (not shown). For illustration purposes, it is assumed the AMS application operates from the gaming console **206**. Method **600** can begin with the AMS application establishing communications in steps **602** and **604** between the gaming console **206** and a gaming accessory such as the gaming controller **115**, and a headset **114** such as shown in FIG. **1**. These steps can represent for example a user starting the AMS application from the gaming console **206** and/or the user inserting at a USB port of the gaming console **206** a connector of a USB cable tethered to the gaming controller **115**, which invokes the AMS application. In step **606**, the gaming controller **115** and/or headset **114** can in turn provide the AMS application one or more accessory ID's, or the user can provide by way of a keyboard or the gaming controller **115** user identification. With the accessory ID's, or user input the AMS application can identify in step **608** a user account associated with the gaming controller **115** and/or headset **114**. In step **610**, the AMS application can retrieve one or more profiles associated with the user account.

In step **612**, the user can be presented by way of a display coupled to the gaming console **206** profiles available to the user to choose from. If the user makes a selection, the AMS application proceeds to step **614** where it retrieves from the

selected profiles the association(s) stored therein. If a selection is not made, the AMS application can proceed to step 616 where it can determine whether a software gaming application (e.g., video game) is operating from the gaming console 206 or whether the gaming console 206 is communicating with the software gaming application by way of a remote system communicatively coupled to the gaming console 206 (e.g., on-line gaming server(s) presenting, for example, World of Warcraft™). If a gaming software application is detected, the AMS application proceeds to step 617 where it retrieves a profile that matches the gaming application detected and the association(s) contained in the profile. As noted earlier, association(s) can represent accessory stimulations, navigation, speech, the invocation of other software applications, macros or other suitable associations that result in substitute stimulations. The accessory stimulations can be stimulations that are generated by the gaming controller 115, as well as stimulations from other accessories (e.g., headset 114), or combinations thereof.

Once a profile and its contents have been retrieved in either of steps 614 or step 617, the AMS application can proceed to step 719 of FIG. 7 where it monitors for a change in a gaming venue state based on the presentations made by the gaming application, or API messages supplied by the gaming application. At the start of a game, for example, the gaming venue state can be determined immediately depending on the gaming options chosen by the gamer. The AMS application can determine the gaming venue state by tracking the gaming options chosen by a gamer, receiving an API instruction from the gaming application, or by performing image processing on the video presentation generated by the gaming application. For example, the AMS application can detect that the gamer has directed an avatar to enter a tank. The AMS application can retrieve in step 719 associations for the gaming controller 115 for controlling the tank.

The AMS application can process movements of the gaming controller 115 forwards, backwards, or sideways in two or three dimensions to control the tanks movement. Similarly, rotating the gaming controller 115 or tilting the gaming controller 115 forward can cause an accelerometer, gyro or magnetometer of the gaming controller 115 to provide navigational data to the AMS application which can be substituted with an action to cause the tank to turn and/or move forward. The profile retrieved by the AMS application can indicate that the greater the forward tilt of the gaming controller 115, the greater the speed of the tank should be moving forward. Similarly, a rear tilt can generate navigation data that is substituted with a reverse motion and/or deceleration of the forward motion to stop or slow down the tank. A three dimensional lift of the mouse can cause the tank to steer according to the three dimensional navigation data provided by the gaming controller 115. For example, navigation data associated with a combination of a forward tilt and right bank of the gaming controller 115 can be substituted by the AMS application to cause an increase in forward speed of the tank with a turn to the right determined by the AMS application according to a degree of banking of the gaming controller 115 to the right. In the above embodiment, the three dimensional navigation data allows a gamer to control any directional vector of the tank including speed, direction, acceleration and deceleration.

In another illustration, the AMS application can detect a new gaming venue state as a result of the gamer directing the avatar to leave the tank and travel on foot. Once again the AMS application retrieves in step 719 associations related to the gaming venue state. In this embodiment, selection of buttons of the gaming controller 115 can be associated by the

AMS application with weaponry selection, firing, reloading and so on. The movement of the gaming controller 115 in two or three dimensions can control the direction of the avatar and/or selection or use of weaponry. Once the gaming venue state is detected in step 719, the AMS application retrieves the associations related to the venue state, and can perform substitutions of stimuli generated by the gaming controller 115, and/or speech commands received by microphone of the headset 114.

In one embodiment, the AMS application can be configured in step 719 to retrieve a profile that provides substitute stimuli for replacing certain stimuli generated by accessories. The associations recorded in the profile can be venue independent. In another embodiment, the AMS application can retrieve a combination of profiles, where one or more profiles provide substitute stimuli that are venue dependent and one or more other profiles provide substitute stimuli that are venue independent.

The AMS application can monitor in step 720 stimulations generated by the accessories coupled to the gaming console 206. The stimulations can be generated by the gamer by manipulating the gaming controller 115, and/or by generating speech commands detected by a microphone of the headset 114. If a stimulation is detected at step 720, the AMS application can determine in step 722 whether to forward the detected stimulation(s) to an Operating System (OS) of the gaming console 206 or the gaming application directly without substitutions. This determination can be made by comparing the detected stimulation(s) to corresponding associations in one or more profiles retrieved by the AMS application. If the detected stimulation(s) match the associations, then the AMS application proceeds to step 740 where it retrieves substitute stimulation(s) in the profile(s). In step 742, the AMS application can substitute the detected stimulation(s) with the substitute stimulations in the profile(s).

In one embodiment, the AMS application can track in step 744 the substitute stimulations by updating the stimulations with a unique identifier such as a globally unique identifier (GUID). In this embodiment, the AMS application can also add a time stamp to each substitute stimulation to track when the substitution was performed. In another embodiment, the AMS application can track each substitute stimulation according to its order of submission to the gaming application. For instance, sequence numbers can be generated for the substitute stimulations to track the order in which they were submitted to the gaming application. In this embodiment, the substitute stimulations do not need to be updated with sequence numbers or identifiers so long as the order of gaming action results submitted by the gaming application to the AMS application remain in the same order as the substitute stimulations were originally submitted.

For example, if a first stimulation sent to the gaming application by the AMS application is a command to shoot, and a second stimulation sent to the gaming application is a command to shoot again, then so long as the gaming application provides a first a game action result for the first shot, followed by a game action result for the second shot, then the substitute stimulations will not require updating with sequence numbers since the game action results are reported in the order that the stimulations were sent. If on the other hand, the game action results can be submitted out of order, then updating the stimulations with sequence numbers or another suitable identifier would be required to enable the AMS application to properly track and correlate stimulations and corresponding gaming action results.

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Referring back to step 722, if the detected stimulation(s) do not match an association in the profile(s), then the AMS application proceeds to one of steps 744 or 746 in order to track the stimulations of the accessory as described above. In another embodiment, tracking of original stimulations or substitute stimulations can be bypassed by skipping steps 744 or 746 and proceeding to step 770 of FIG. 7B.

Once the stimulations received in step 720 have been substituted with other stimulations at step 742 responsive to a detected association, or maintained unchanged responsive to detecting no association with substitute stimuli, and (optionally) the AMS application has chosen a proper tracking methodology for correlating gaming action results with stimulations, the AMS application can proceed to step 770 of FIG. 7B.

At step 770, the AMS application can determine a frequency of usage of the stimulation (substitute or original) based on a historical tallying of stimulations monitored by the AMS application during a gaming session. It will be appreciated that each stimulation or collection of stimulations cause a corresponding gaming action when the stimulation or collection of stimulations is received by the gaming application. Accordingly, the term “stimulation” and “gaming action” may be used interchangeably throughout the subject disclosure with this understanding. At step 780, the AMS application can compare the frequency of usage of the stimulation to a threshold. If the frequency of usage of the stimulation does not exceed the threshold, the stimulation can be redirected to the OS of the computing device 206 at step 748 (of FIG. 7A) for processing. The threshold can be a numerical figure, a lapse of time between occurrences of the stimulation, a window of time for tallying occurrences, or combinations thereof.

For example, the AMS application can be configured with a threshold of 100 instances of the stimulation occurring in a 30 second window. Hence, if the AMS application detects more than 100 occurrences of the same stimulation in 30 seconds or less, the AMS application can identify at step 782 an over usage state of the stimulation. In another embodiment, the AMS application can be configured with a threshold set to a time lapse of 10 seconds. Hence, if the AMS application detects two or more occurrences of the same stimulation in 10 seconds or less, the AMS application can identify at step 782 an over usage state of the stimulation. In yet another embodiment, the AMS application can be configured with a threshold of 100 occurrences. Hence, if the AMS application detects more than 100 occurrences of the same stimulation over any period of a gaming session, the AMS application can identify at step 782 an over usage state of the stimulation.

The AMS application can be configured to create a threshold based on user-definable metrics of any kind, and is not limited to the illustration provided earlier. Additionally, the AMS application can be configured to create a user-defined exclusion table. The exclusion table can identify certain stimulations that a user may not want to be subject to the threshold (e.g., navigation movements of an accessory, usage of certain buttons on an accessory, etc.). Although excluded stimulations may not be subject to the threshold, the AMS application can maintain a tally of the usage of “all” stimulations and present gamers the result of such tallies statistically by way of step 774 discussed below. Thresholds and exclusion tables can be shared between gamers. By sharing thresholds and exclusion tables, gamers can learn from each other and thereby help improve their gaming performance. Additionally, thresholds and exclusion tables can be defined per gaming application. That is, the

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AMS application can enable a gamer to create for each gaming application unique threshold(s) and exclusion table(s).

It is further noted that more than one threshold can be defined for a particular gaming application. For example, specific thresholds can be linked to specific gaming actions rather than relying on a universal threshold for all gaming actions. To create more than one threshold, the AMS application can be configured to enable a gamer to create a threshold table which lists stimulations/gaming actions and corresponding thresholds for each stimulation/gaming action. The gamer can also define in the threshold table certain thresholds that can be applied universally to all gaming actions except those identified in an exclusion table or linked to a specific threshold. Additionally, the gamer can define more than one threshold for the same gaming action to track different over usage conditions.

Referring back to step 770, the AMS application can also be configured to perform certain activities in a background setting to assist in the determination of the frequency of usage of the stimulation and to identify alternative gaming actions when an over usage condition is detected or appears to be imminent. For example, while the frequency of usage of stimulations is being determined at step 770, the AMS application can identify at step 772 alternative gaming actions to improve gaming performance. Step 772 can determine alternative gaming actions based on proactive feedback provided by the gaming application. For example, the AMS application can receive API messages from the gaming application which describe game action results based on specific stimulations received by the gaming application. Utilizing the tracking methodologies of steps 744 or 746 and the game action results received from the gaming application, the AMS application can be configured to determine the effectiveness of certain stimulations monitored at step 770, and identify one or more alternative gaming actions that may improve a gamer’s performance during or after reviewing a specific gaming session.

For instance, the AMS application may determine that the gamer is spending a considerable amount of timing shooting at target(s) with single shot weaponry with limited success. The AMS application may determine from the game action results that if the gamer were to use instead a grenade launcher and/or a machine gun, at specific instances or throughout a game session, the gamer’s results would improve. In such instances, the AMS application at step 772 can identify such alternative gaming actions to be proposed to the gamer at an appropriate time.

Alternatively, or in combination with the foregoing embodiments for determining alternative gaming actions, the AMS application can identify alternative gaming actions by analyzing a knowledge database of gaming actions. The knowledge database can be organized by associating gaming actions with each other. For example, gaming actions involving weaponry can be associated with each other. Thus, a gun may be grouped with a rifle, a machine gun, a grenade launcher and so on. Gaming actions involving defensive maneuvers may similarly be grouped with each other. A defensive maneuver such as ducking may be associated with crawling, walking in a stealth manner, rolling, etc. Offensive and defensive gaming actions can be subcategorized with an assortment of groupings and associations. The knowledge database can be in part user-defined as well as defined by the authors of a video game. The AMS application can determine alternative gaming actions based on suggestions pro-

vided in the knowledge database with or without knowledge by the AMS application of game action results provided by the gaming application.

In addition to performing step 772, the AMS application can perform steps 774 and 776 as background processes. The AMS application can perform the tallying of stimulations (gaming actions) at step 774 by tracking stimulations during a gaming session. Step 774 can also tally usage of game actions between gaming sessions to generate tally figures at each gaming session, and in the aggregate, over two or more gaming sessions. Aggregate figures can be used to provide trends in usage of stimulations/gaming actions. At step 776, the AMS application can present a measure of the frequency of usage of one or more gaming actions. The measure of frequency of usage can be presented as statistical figures on a display device of the accessory or a display device (e.g., computer monitor or TV set) coupled to the computing device 206.

Once an over usage state of a stimulation or gaming action is detected at step 782, the AMS application can proceed to step 792 to determine whether to modify the gaming behavior of the gamer at step 796 or present alternative gaming actions at step 794. At step 794, the gamer can be presented alternative gaming actions by way of a display device of the accessory or a display device coupled to the computing device 206 (e.g., a monitor or TV set). In another embodiment, alternative gaming actions can be displayed by highlight input functions (e.g., buttons) of a mock up of the accessory portrayed on the display device. The input functions can be highlighted with color, flashing input functions, or some other form of highlighting technique that would indicate to a gamer where to find the alternative gaming actions. Additionally, the alternative gaming actions can also be described textually (e.g., "Consider using Ctrl L to launch grenades") at a display device. Additionally, the alternative gaming actions can be presented by way of synthesized speech at a headset of the gamer, speakers of the gaming system, or combinations thereof.

In yet another embodiment, the alternative gaming actions can be presented by way of illuminating the input functions of the accessory. For instance Ctrl L can be flashed on a keyboard used as a gaming accessory, or the "X" button on a gaming console controller such as shown in FIG. 2 can be configured to flash. The illumination of the alternative gaming functions can also be color coded also. For example, any input functions in green can represent alternative gaming functions not to be confused with color coding of other input functions. When input functions are illuminated, the description of the alternate gaming actions being proposed can be textually described in a display device of the accessory or a display device coupled to the computing device 206. It is further noted that alternative gaming actions can be a combination of input functions that generate stimuli that later can be substituted by the AMS application with substitute stimuli based on user-defined associations included in a profile created by the gamer. The embodiments of step 794 can be viewed as passive embodiments, which do not modify the gamer's behavior since the alternative gaming actions are optional.

Subsequent to step 794, the stimulation originally received at step 770 can be sent to the OS of the computing device 206 at step 748 (of FIG. 7A) for processing. In another embodiment, the alternative gaming action can be sent to the OS of the computing device 206 in place of the stimulation received at step 770 if the user selects one or more input functions of the accessory associated with the alternative gaming action within a period of time set by the

AMS application. The AMS application can provide a time period for the gamer to alternate between gaming actions at step 794 if the AMS application determines it would not substantially impact the gamer's performance. This determination can be made based on API messages received by the AMS application from the gaming application as game action results, which can indicate to the AMS application whether delay in submitting a gaming action can impeded the gamer's performance. If waiting for the gamer to alternate gaming actions adversely affects the gamer's performance, the AMS application can send the original stimulation of step 770 to the OS of the computing device 206 without delay.

In step 796, however, the AMS application can proactively attempt to modify the behavior of the gamer. Such behavior can be modified by, for example, blocking an overused gaming action, limiting use of the gaming action for a time period, or replacing the gaming action with an alternative gaming action. Modifying the gamer's behavior may be accomplished in several ways. The AMS application, for example, can prevent stimuli associated with the blocked gaming action from being sent to the gaming application at step 748. Thus, any subsequent input functions selected at an accessory by a gamer that generates the blocked gaming action will be blocked and thereby will have no effect on the gaming application. Alternatively, the AMS application can replace the blocked gaming action with an alternative gaming action. In this embodiment, each time the gamer selects input functions of the accessory that generate the blocked gaming action (e.g., Ctrl F for the gaming action "fire"), the AMS application replaces the blocked gaming action with the alternate gaming action (e.g., Ctrl L for the gaming action "launch grenade"). Of course, if the gamer selects the alternative gaming action suggested by the AMS application, the gaming action will be sent to the OS of the computing device at step 748 for processing.

When a gaming action is blocked in this way, the AMS application can warn the gamer that a particular gaming action has been blocked. The warning can be a textual warning presented on a display device of the accessory or a display device coupled to the computing device 206. In one embodiment, the AMS application can flash the input functions of the accessory associated with the blocked gaming application in dark red to represent a blocked condition, while input functions of the accessory associated with the alternate gaming action may be shown in green. In one embodiment, the AMS application can present a warning in the form of synthesized speech directed to a headset or speakers each time the gamer invokes the blocked gaming action by way of the accessory.

If the gaming action is released by the AMS application after a period of time, the AMS application can cease flashing the input function but maintain it in dark red. The AMS application can lighten the coloring of the input function from dark red to a lighter red if the gamer reduces the frequency of usage of the previously blocked gaming action. If the frequency of use is sufficiently low, the AMS application can continue to dilute coloring of the input functions associated with the previously blocked gaming action until there is no coloring.

To identify a measure of frequency of use, the AMS application can illuminate one or more input functions associated with a gaming action with a different lighting scheme than the one used to identify a blocked state. For example, based on the frequency of usage of an input function of an accessory, the AMS application can cause the input function of the accessory to light up. The intensity of

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light generated by the input function can represent a measure of usage. The stronger the intensity of light the greater the usage. Alternatively, frequency of usage can be represented by color coding the input function. Non-flashing red can represent a high frequency of usage of an input function, while no color can represent a very low frequency of usage. Until the input function flashes in red, a non-flashing red input function can indicate that blocking of the input function may be imminent. Additionally, the tone of color used can represent a degree of frequency of usage. A dark red can represent a high frequency of usage of the input function, while a lighter red can represent less usage. Other lighting techniques for representing frequency of usage can be applied to the embodiments of the subject disclosure.

In one embodiment, the AMS application can also be configured at step 788 to present a frequency of usage of gaming actions during a replay of a gaming session. For instance, while the AMS application is presenting a replay of a game at a display device, the AMS application can illuminate input functions of the accessory as described above, to provide a gamer a visualization of the frequency of usage of a number of gaming actions invoked by way of the accessory. Alternatively, the AMS application can present a mock-up of the accessory and present the illumination of input functions at a display device.

Once the AMS application at step 748 supplies to the OS of the computing device 206 a gaming action (i.e., one or more stimulations) from the method of FIG. 7B, the AMS application can proceed to step 734. The gaming action supplied to the OS at step 748 can be the unadulterated “original” gaming action of step 770, or an alternative gaming action generated by steps 794 or 796. At step 734, the OS determines whether to invoke in step 736 a software application identified in the stimulation(s) (e.g., gamer says “turn on team chat”, which invokes a chat application), whether to forward the received stimulation(s) to the gaming software application in step 738, or combinations thereof.

Contemporaneous to the embodiments described above, the AMS application can monitor in step 750 for game action results supplied by the gaming application via API messages previously described. For instance, suppose the stimulation sent to the gaming application in step 738 is a command to shoot a pistol. The gaming application can determine that the shot fired resulted in a miss of a target or a hit. The gaming application can respond with a message which is submitted by way of the API to the AMS application that indicates the shot fired resulted in a miss or a hit. If IDs such as GUIDs were sent with each stimulation, the gaming application can submit game action results with their corresponding GUID to enable the AMS application to correlate the gaming action results with stimulations having the same GUID.

For example, if the command to shoot included the ID “1234”, then the game action result indicating a miss will include the ID “1234”, enabling the AMS application in step 752 to correlate the game action result to the stimulation having the same ID. If on other hand, the order of game action results can be maintained consistent with the order of the stimulations, then the AMS application can correlate in step 754 stimulations with game action results by the order in which stimulation were submitted and the order in which game action results are received. In step 756, the AMS application can catalogue stimulations and game action results. In another embodiment, the AMS application can be adapted to catalogue the stimulations in step 760. In this embodiment, step 760 can be performed as an alternative to steps 750 through 756. In another embodiment, step 760 can be performed in combination with steps 750 through 756 in

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order to generate a catalogue of stimulations, and a catalogue for gaming action results correlated to the stimulations.

FIGS. 8-9 illustrate embodiments of a system with a corresponding communication flow diagram for correlating stimulations and gaming action results. In this illustration a user clicks the left button 119 of the gaming controller 115. The gaming controller 115 can include firmware (or circuitry), which creates an event as depicted by event 2 in FIG. 8. The button depression and the event creation are depicted in FIG. 9 as steps 902 and 904. In step 904, the firmware of the gaming controller 115 can, for example, generate an event type “left button #3”, and a unique GUID with a time stamp which is submitted to the AMS application. Referring back to FIG. 8, the AMS application catalogues event 3, and if a substitute stimulation has been predefined, remaps the event according to the substitution. The remapped event is then transmitted to the gaming application at event 4. Event 3 of FIG. 8 is depicted as step 906 in FIG. 9. In this illustration, the AMS application substitutes the left button #3 depression stimulus with a “keyboard ‘F’” depression which can be interpreted by the gaming application as a fire command. The AMS application in this illustration continues to use the same GUID, but substitutes the time stamp for another time stamp to identify when the substitution took place.

Referring back to event 4, the gaming application processes the event and sends back at event 5 a game action result to the AMS application which is processed by the AMS application at event 6. The AMS application then submits the results to the accessory at event 7. Events 4 and 5 are depicted as step 908 in FIG. 9. In this step, the gaming application processes “F” as an action to fire the gamer’s gun, and then determines from the action the result from logistical gaming results generated by the gaming application. In the present illustration, the action of firing resulted in a hit. The gaming application submits to the AMS application the result type “Hit” with a new time stamp, while utilizing the same GUID for tracking purposes. At step 910, the AMS application correlates the stimulation “left button #3 (and/or the substitute stimulation keyboard “F””) to the game result “Hit” and catalogues them in memory. The AMS application then submits to the accessory (e.g., gaming controller 115) in step 910 the game action results “Hit” with the same GUID, and a new time stamp indicating when the result was received. Upon receiving the message from the AMS application, the accessory in step 912 processes the “Hit” by asserting a red LED on the accessory (e.g., left button 119 illuminates in red or other LED of the gaming controller 115 illuminates in red) to indicate a hit. Other notification notices can be used such as another color for the LED to indicate misses, a specific sound for a hit, or kill, a vibration or other suitable technique for notifying the gamer of the game action result.

Upon reviewing the aforementioned embodiments, it would be evident to an artisan with ordinary skill in the art that the embodiments of the subject disclosure can be modified, reduced, or enhanced without departing from the scope of the claims described below. For example, the AMS application can be executed from an accessory 115 or computing device 206 to perform the embodiments described in the subject disclosure. The AMS application can also be operated from a remote server (“cloud services”). In yet another embodiment, functions of the AMS application can be distributed between devices. In yet another embodiment, the AMS application can be config-

ured to track the performance of a gamer and adapt a threshold as the gamer improves or declines in performance.

For instance, as a gamer's performance improves with a particular gaming action, the threshold associated with the gaming action can be adapted to be less sensitive in detecting an over usage state. Similarly, the sensitivity of the threshold can be increased to promptly identify an over usage state of a gaming action if the gamer's performance declines as a result of an over usage of the gaming action. Additionally, the AMS application can be adapted to add gaming actions to an exclusion table when the gamer's performance substantially improves as a result of using the gaming action being excluded. The exclusion table can also be changed by the AMS application by removing a gaming action from the exclusion table responsive to its excessive use causing a decline in a gamer's performance.

Other embodiments can be applied to the subject disclosure.

It should be understood that devices described in the exemplary embodiments can be in communication with each other via various wireless and/or wired methodologies. The methodologies can be links that are described as coupled, connected and so forth, which can include unidirectional and/or bidirectional communication over wireless paths and/or wired paths that utilize one or more of various protocols or methodologies, where the coupling and/or connection can be direct (e.g., no intervening processing device) and/or indirect (e.g., an intermediary processing device such as a router).

FIG. 10 depicts an exemplary diagrammatic representation of a machine in the form of a computer system 1000 within which a set of instructions, when executed, may cause the machine to perform any one or more of the methods described above. One or more instances of the machine can operate, for example, as an accessory, computing device or combinations thereof. In some embodiments, the machine may be connected (e.g., using a network 1026) to other machines. In a networked deployment, the machine may operate in the capacity of a server or a client user machine in a server-client user network environment, or as a peer machine in a peer-to-peer (or distributed) network environment.

The machine may comprise a server computer, a client user computer, a personal computer (PC), a tablet, a smart phone, a laptop computer, a desktop computer, a control system, a network router, switch or bridge, or any machine capable of executing a set of instructions (sequential or otherwise) that specify actions to be taken by that machine. It will be understood that a communication device of the subject disclosure includes broadly any electronic device that provides voice, video or data communication. Further, while a single machine is illustrated, the term "machine" shall also be taken to include any collection of machines that individually or jointly execute a set (or multiple sets) of instructions to perform any one or more of the methods discussed herein.

The computer system 1000 may include a processor (or controller) 1002 (e.g., a central processing unit (CPU)), a graphics processing unit (GPU, or both), a main memory 1004 and a static memory 1006, which communicate with each other via a bus 1008. The computer system 1000 may further include a display unit 1010 (e.g., a liquid crystal display (LCD), a flat panel, or a solid state display). The computer system 1000 may include an input device 1012 (e.g., a keyboard), a cursor control device 1014 (e.g., a mouse), a disk drive unit 1016, a signal generation device 1018 (e.g., a speaker or remote control) and a network

interface device 1020. In distributed environments, the embodiments described in the subject disclosure can be adapted to utilize multiple display units 1010 controlled by two or more computer systems 1000. In this configuration, presentations described by the subject disclosure may in part be shown in a first of the display units 1010, while the remaining portion is presented in a second of the display units 1010.

The disk drive unit 1016 may include a tangible computer-readable storage medium 1022 on which is stored one or more sets of instructions (e.g., software 1024) embodying any one or more of the methods or functions described herein, including those methods illustrated above. The instructions 1024 may also reside, completely or at least partially, within the main memory 1004, the static memory 1006, and/or within the processor 1002 during execution thereof by the computer system 1000. The main memory 1004 and the processor 1002 also may constitute tangible computer-readable storage media.

Dedicated hardware implementations including, but not limited to, application specific integrated circuits, programmable logic arrays and other hardware devices can likewise be constructed to implement the methods described herein. Application specific integrated circuits and programmable logic array can use downloadable instructions for executing state machines and/or circuit configurations to implement embodiments of the subject disclosure. Applications that may include the apparatus and systems of various embodiments broadly include a variety of electronic and computer systems. Some embodiments implement functions in two or more specific interconnected hardware modules or devices with related control and data signals communicated between and through the modules, or as portions of an application-specific integrated circuit. Thus, the example system is applicable to software, firmware, and hardware implementations.

In accordance with various embodiments of the subject disclosure, the operations or methods described herein are intended for operation as software programs or instructions running on or executed by a computer processor or other computing device, and which may include other forms of instructions manifested as a state machine implemented with logic components in an application specific integrated circuit or field programmable gate array. Furthermore, software implementations (e.g., software programs, instructions, etc.) including, but not limited to, distributed processing or component/object distributed processing, parallel processing, or virtual machine processing can also be constructed to implement the methods described herein. It is further noted that a computing device such as a processor, a controller, a state machine or other suitable device for executing instructions to perform operations or methods may perform such operations directly or indirectly by way of one or more intermediate devices directed by the computing device.

While the tangible computer-readable storage medium 1022 is shown in an example embodiment to be a single medium, the term "tangible computer-readable storage medium" should be taken to include a single medium or multiple media (e.g., a centralized or distributed database, and/or associated caches and servers) that store the one or more sets of instructions. The term "tangible computer-readable storage medium" shall also be taken to include any non-transitory medium that is capable of storing or encoding a set of instructions for execution by the machine and that cause the machine to perform any one or more of the methods of the subject disclosure. The term "non-transitory" as in a non-transitory computer-readable storage includes

without limitation memories, drives, devices and anything tangible but not a signal per se.

The term “tangible computer-readable storage medium” shall accordingly be taken to include, but not be limited to: solid-state memories such as a memory card or other package that houses one or more read-only (non-volatile) memories, random access memories, or other re-writable (volatile) memories, a magneto-optical or optical medium such as a disk or tape, or other tangible media which can be used to store information. Accordingly, the disclosure is considered to include any one or more of a tangible computer-readable storage medium, as listed herein and including art-recognized equivalents and successor media, in which the software implementations herein are stored.

Although the present specification describes components and functions implemented in the embodiments with reference to particular standards and protocols, the disclosure is not limited to such standards and protocols. Each of the standards for Internet and other packet switched network transmission (e.g., TCP/IP, UDP/IP, HTML, HTTP) represent examples of the state of the art. Such standards are from time-to-time superseded by faster or more efficient equivalents having essentially the same functions. Wireless standards for device detection (e.g., RFID), short-range communications (e.g., Bluetooth®, WiFi, Zigbee), and long-range communications (e.g., WiMAX, GSM, CDMA, LTE) can be used by computer system 1000.

The illustrations of embodiments described herein are intended to provide a general understanding of the structure of various embodiments, and they are not intended to serve as a complete description of all the elements and features of apparatus and systems that might make use of the structures described herein. Many other embodiments will be apparent to those of skill in the art upon reviewing the above description. The exemplary embodiments can include combinations of features and/or steps from multiple embodiments. Other embodiments may be utilized and derived therefrom, such that structural and logical substitutions and changes may be made without departing from the scope of this disclosure. Figures are also merely representational and may not be drawn to scale. Certain proportions thereof may be exaggerated, while others may be minimized. Accordingly, the specification and drawings are to be regarded in an illustrative rather than a restrictive sense.

Although specific embodiments have been illustrated and described herein, it should be appreciated that any arrangement calculated to achieve the same purpose may be substituted for the specific embodiments shown. This disclosure is intended to cover any and all adaptations or variations of various embodiments. Combinations of the above embodiments, and other embodiments not specifically described herein, can be used in the subject disclosure. In one or more embodiments, features that are positively recited can also be excluded from the embodiment with or without replacement by another component or step. The steps or functions described with respect to the exemplary processes or methods can be performed in any order. The steps or functions described with respect to the exemplary processes or methods can be performed alone or in combination with other steps or functions (from other embodiments or from other steps that have not been described).

Less than all of the steps or functions described with respect to the exemplary processes or methods can also be performed in one or more of the exemplary embodiments. Further, the use of numerical terms to describe a device, component, step or function, such as first, second, third, and so forth, is not intended to describe an order or function

unless expressly stated so. The use of the terms first, second, third and so forth, is generally to distinguish between devices, components, steps or functions unless expressly stated otherwise. Additionally, one or more devices or components described with respect to the exemplary embodiments can facilitate one or more functions, where the facilitating (e.g., facilitating access or facilitating establishing a connection) can include less than every step needed to perform the function or can include all of the steps needed to perform the function.

In one or more embodiments, a processor (which can include a controller or circuit) has been described that performs various functions. It should be understood that the processor can be multiple processors, which can include distributed processors or parallel processors in a single machine or multiple machines. The processor can be used in supporting a virtual processing environment. The virtual processing environment may support one or more virtual machines representing computers, servers, or other computing devices. In such virtual machines, components such as microprocessors and storage devices may be virtualized or logically represented. The processor can include a state machine, application specific integrated circuit, and/or programmable gate array including a Field PGA. In one or more embodiments, when a processor executes instructions to perform “operations”, this can include the processor performing the operations directly and/or facilitating, directing, or cooperating with another device or component to perform the operations.

The Abstract of the Disclosure is provided with the understanding that it will not be used to interpret or limit the scope or meaning of the claims. In addition, in the foregoing Detailed Description, it can be seen that various features are grouped together in a single embodiment for the purpose of streamlining the disclosure. This method of disclosure is not to be interpreted as reflecting an intention that the claimed embodiments require more features than are expressly recited in each claim. Rather, as the following claims reflect, inventive subject matter lies in less than all features of a single disclosed embodiment. Thus the following claims are hereby incorporated into the Detailed Description, with each claim standing on its own as a separately claimed subject matter.

What is claimed is:

1. A method comprising:

responsive to a request to monitor usage of a first gaming action that controls a particular aspect of a video game, tracking, by a system comprising a processor, a frequency of usage of a first gaming action based on a frequency of occurrence of a control signal being generated by a gaming accessory;

presenting, by the system, at a presentation device associated with the gaming accessory a measure of the frequency of usage of the first gaming action;

identifying an over usage state responsive to detecting that the frequency of usage of the first gaming action has exceeded a threshold;

selecting a second gaming action according to a user profile; and

transmitting the second gaming action in place of the first gaming action responsive to receiving the control signal and identifying the over usage state.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the measure of the frequency of usage is presented by way of an input interface of the gaming accessory, and wherein the presentation device is an integral part of the gaming accessory.

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3. The method of claim 2, wherein the input interface of the gaming accessory comprises a button.

4. The method of claim 3, wherein the button comprises a touch screen button, a depressible button, or a combination thereof.

5. The method of claim 1, wherein the measure of the frequency of usage of the first gaming action is presented by an illumination of the presentation device, and wherein the presentation device is an integral part of the gaming accessory.

6. The method of claim 5, wherein the illumination comprises a color that identifies the measure of the frequency of usage.

7. The method of claim 1, further comprising preventing the control signal from being sent to the video game to block usage of the first gaming action responsive to identifying the over usage state.

8. The method of claim 1, further comprising setting a time limit for usage of the first gaming action responsive to identifying the over usage state.

9. The method of claim 1, wherein the threshold comprises a time limit for usage of the first gaming action.

10. The method of claim 1, wherein the presenting of the measure of the frequency of usage of the first gaming action occurs during a replay of a gaming session of the video game.

11. The method of claim 1, wherein the presenting of the measure of the frequency of usage of the first gaming action occurs during a gaming session of the video game.

12. The method of claim 1, wherein the system is an integral part of the gaming accessory.

13. A non-transitory machine-readable storage medium, comprising instructions, wherein responsive to executing the instructions, a processor performs operations comprising:

based on a configuration to monitor usage of a first action that controls a particular aspect of a software application, determining that a control signal corresponds to the first action of a plurality of actions for controlling the software application;

monitoring a frequency of usage of the first action based on a frequency of occurrence of the control signal being generated by an accessory device;

presenting at a display device a measure of the frequency of usage of the first action;

preventing the control signal from being sent to the software application to block usage of the first action responsive to identifying an over usage state according to the frequency of usage of the first action; and transmitting a second action in place of the first action.

14. The non-transitory machine-readable storage medium of claim 13, wherein the operations further comprise iden-

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tifying an over usage state responsive to detecting that the frequency of usage of the first action has exceeded a threshold.

15. The non-transitory machine-readable storage medium of claim 14, wherein the transmitting the second action in place of the first action is responsive to receiving the control signal and identifying the over usage state.

16. The non-transitory machine-readable storage medium of claim 13, wherein the display device is an integral part of the accessory device.

17. An accessory device, comprising:

a memory that stores instructions;

an input interface; and

a processor coupled to the memory, wherein responsive to executing the instructions, the processor performs operations comprising:

generating a control signal, responsive to detecting a selection of the input interface, for controlling a presentation generated by a software application;

responsive to a setting to monitor usage of a first action that controls a particular aspect of the software application, determining that the control signal corresponds to the first action of a plurality of actions for controlling the software application;

determining a frequency of usage of the first action based on a frequency of occurrence of the control signal being generated by the accessory device;

preventing the control signal from being sent to the software application to block usage of the first action responsive to identifying an over usage state according to the frequency of usage of the first action; and substituting the first action with a second action.

18. The accessory device of claim 17, wherein the operations further comprise:

presenting at a presentation device a measure of the frequency of usage of the first action; and

identifying an over usage state responsive to detecting that the frequency of usage of the first action has exceeded a threshold.

19. The accessory device of claim 18, wherein the substituting the first action with the second action is responsive to identifying the over usage state.

20. The accessory device of claim 17, wherein the operations further comprise: presenting at a presentation device a measure of the frequency of usage of the first action, and wherein the presentation device is an integral part of the accessory device, and wherein the presentation device comprises a touch-sensitive display, an audio presentation system, or a combination thereof.

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