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Lewis et al.

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(54) **REGISTRATION NOTIFICATION FOR MOBILE DEVICE MANAGEMENT**

(71) Applicant: **AT&T Mobility II LLC**, Atlanta, GA (US)

(72) Inventors: **John Lewis**, Lawrenceville, GA (US);
James Payne, Woodstock, GA (US)

(73) Assignee: **AT&T MOBILITY II LLC**, Atlanta, GA (US)

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(Continued)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **G06F 8/65** (2013.01); **G06Q 30/018** (2013.01); **H04W 8/245** (2013.01); **H04W 12/08** (2013.01); **H04W 40/00** (2013.01); **H04W 40/36** (2013.01); **H04W 60/00** (2013.01); **H04W 8/02** (2013.01); **H04W 36/04** (2013.01); **H04W 84/045** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
None
See application file for complete search history.

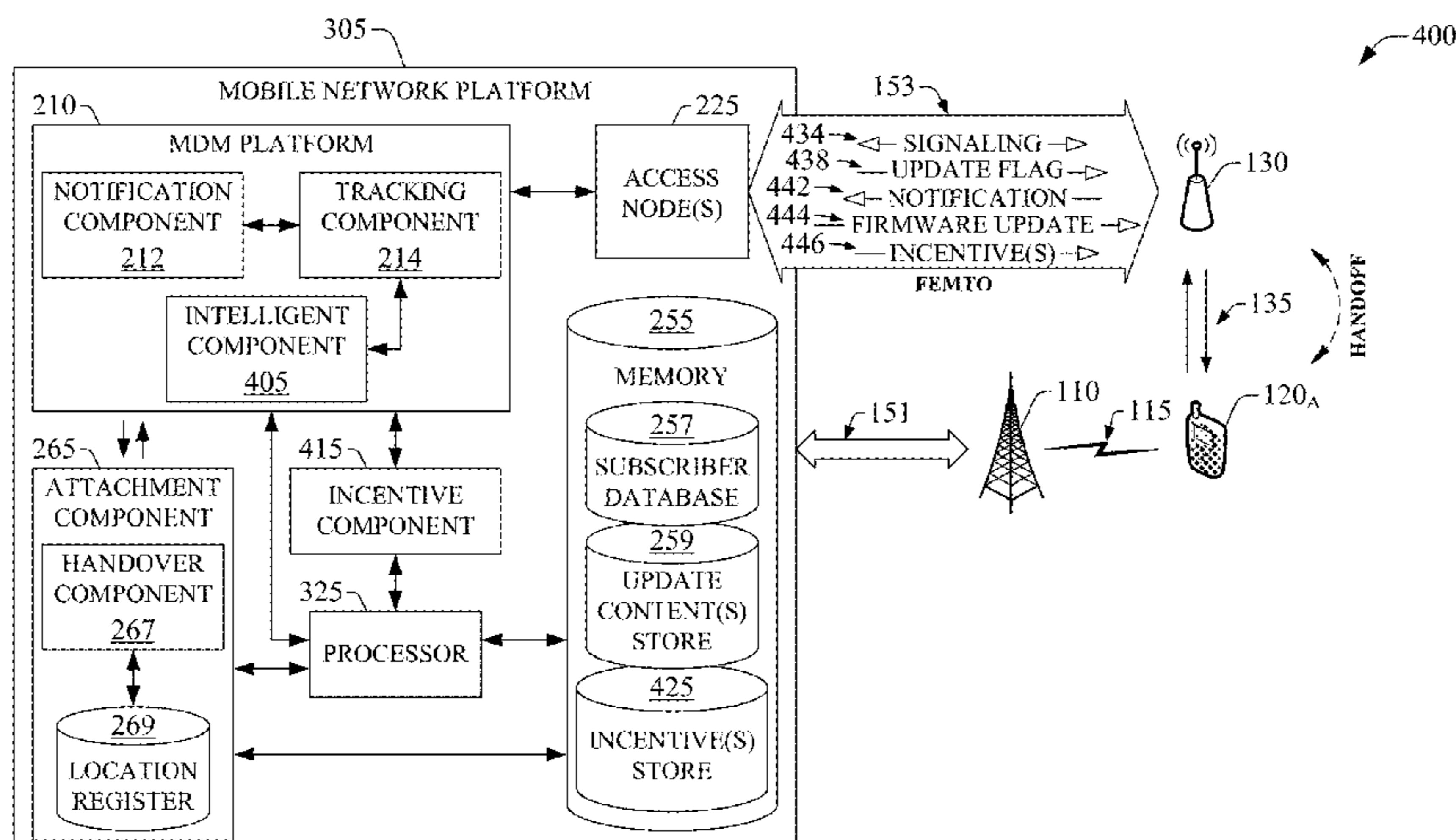
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Primary Examiner — Lewis A Bullock, Jr.
Assistant Examiner — Mark A Gooray
(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Amin, Turocy & Watson, LLP

(57) **ABSTRACT**
Notification of registration of a mobile device with femto coverage for firmware content management is provided. An attachment component that administers location of mobile devices or a femto access point (AP) conveys a notification to a network platform that manages firmware content updates when a mobile device for which firmware update is available hands off from wireless macro coverage onto femto coverage through the femto AP. The notification is triggered in response to firmware update notification received by the attachment component, or an update flag received by the femto AP. Upon reception of the notification, to exploit wireline bandwidth, the network platform delivers firmware content(s) update through backhaul link to the femto AP to which the mobile device is registered. Femto APs not provisioned to serve a mobile device can be incentivized to authorize the mobile device for coverage and thus facilitate firmware updates.

20 Claims, 9 Drawing Sheets



Related U.S. Application Data

division of application No. 13/476,528, filed on May 21, 2012, now Pat. No. 8,868,696, which is a continuation of application No. 12/327,498, filed on Dec. 3, 2008, now Pat. No. 8,204,968.

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H04W 40/00 (2009.01)
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H04W 12/08 (2009.01)
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H04W 84/04 (2009.01)
H04W 36/04 (2009.01)

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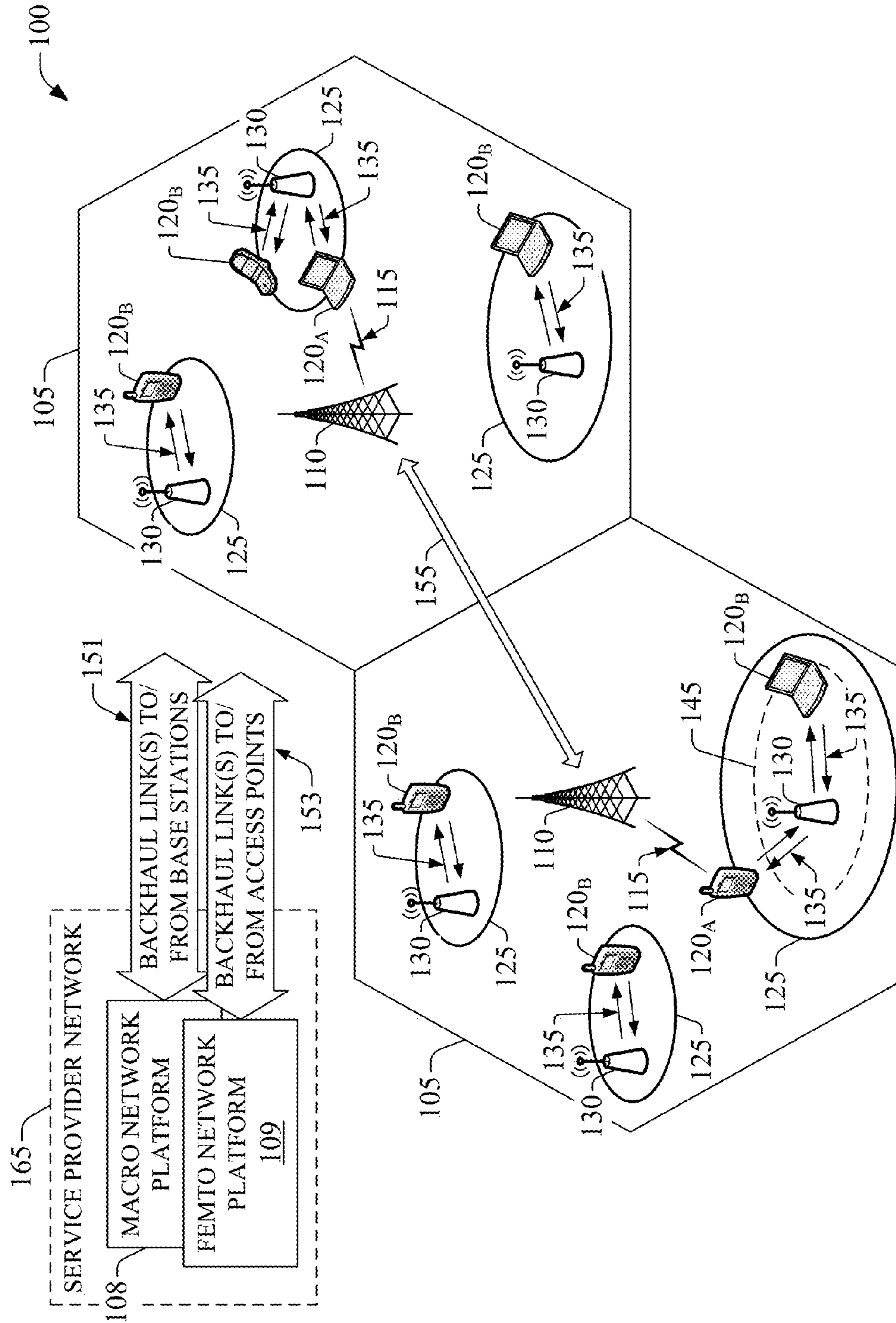


FIG. 1

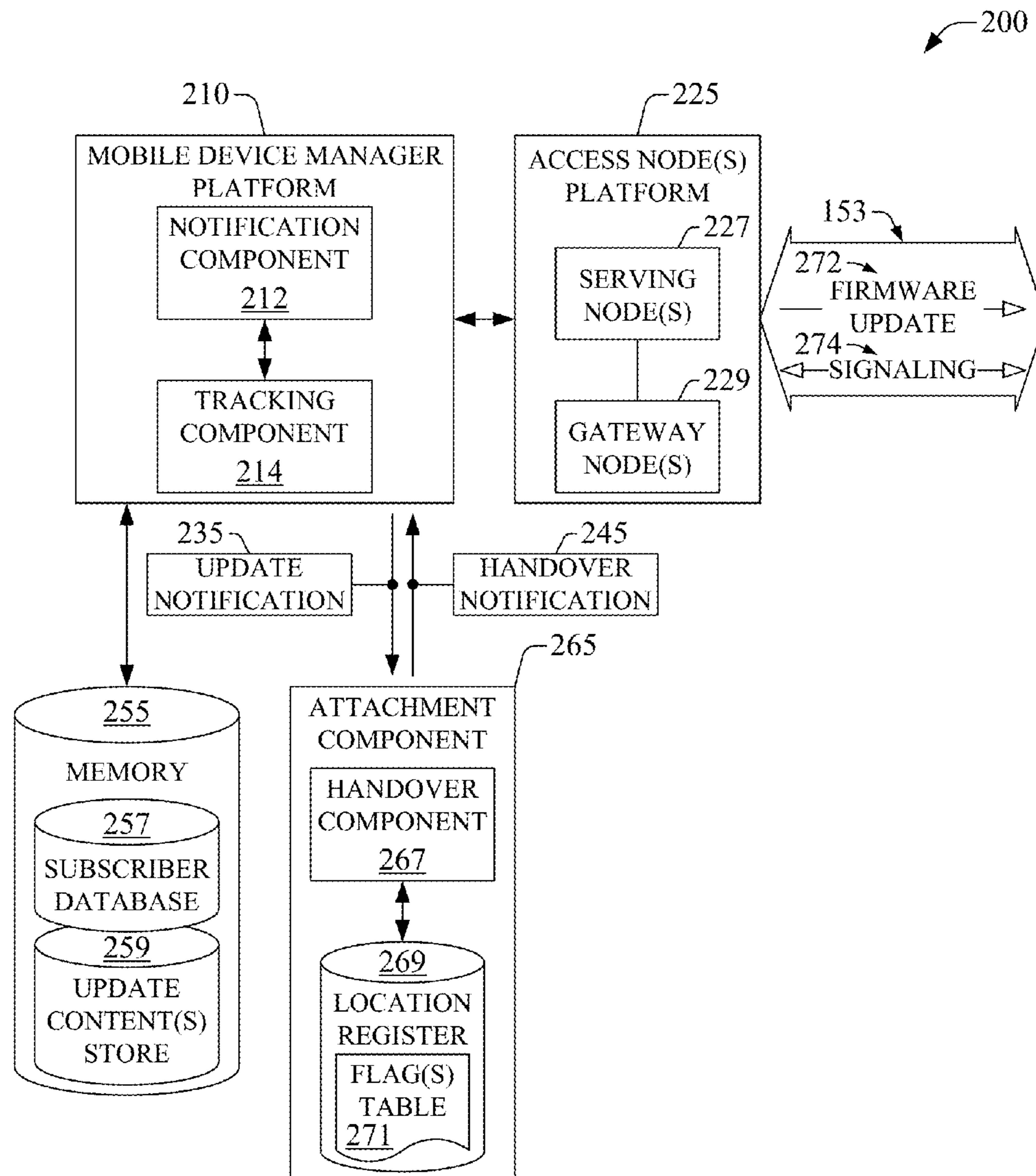


FIG. 2

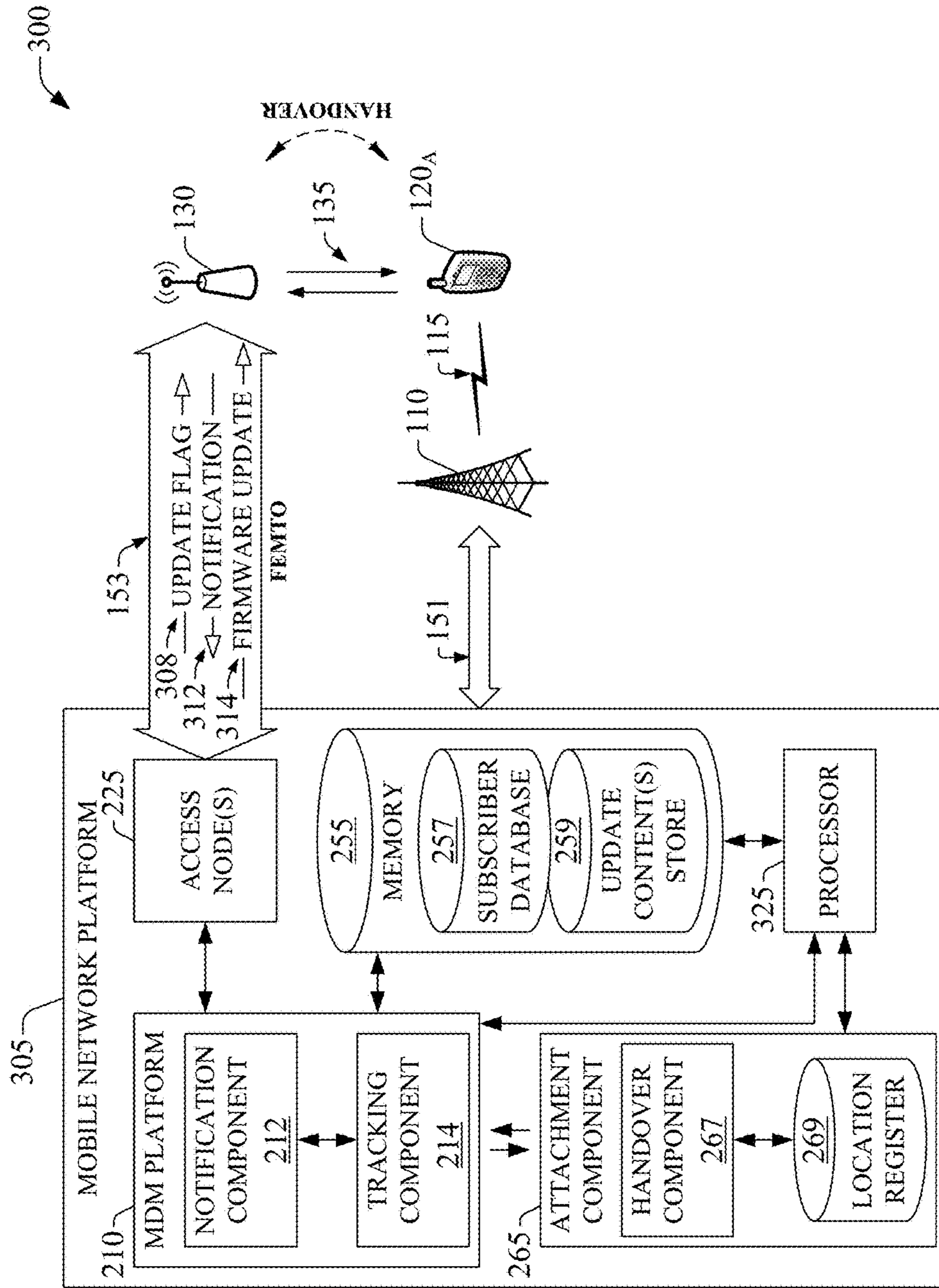


FIG. 3

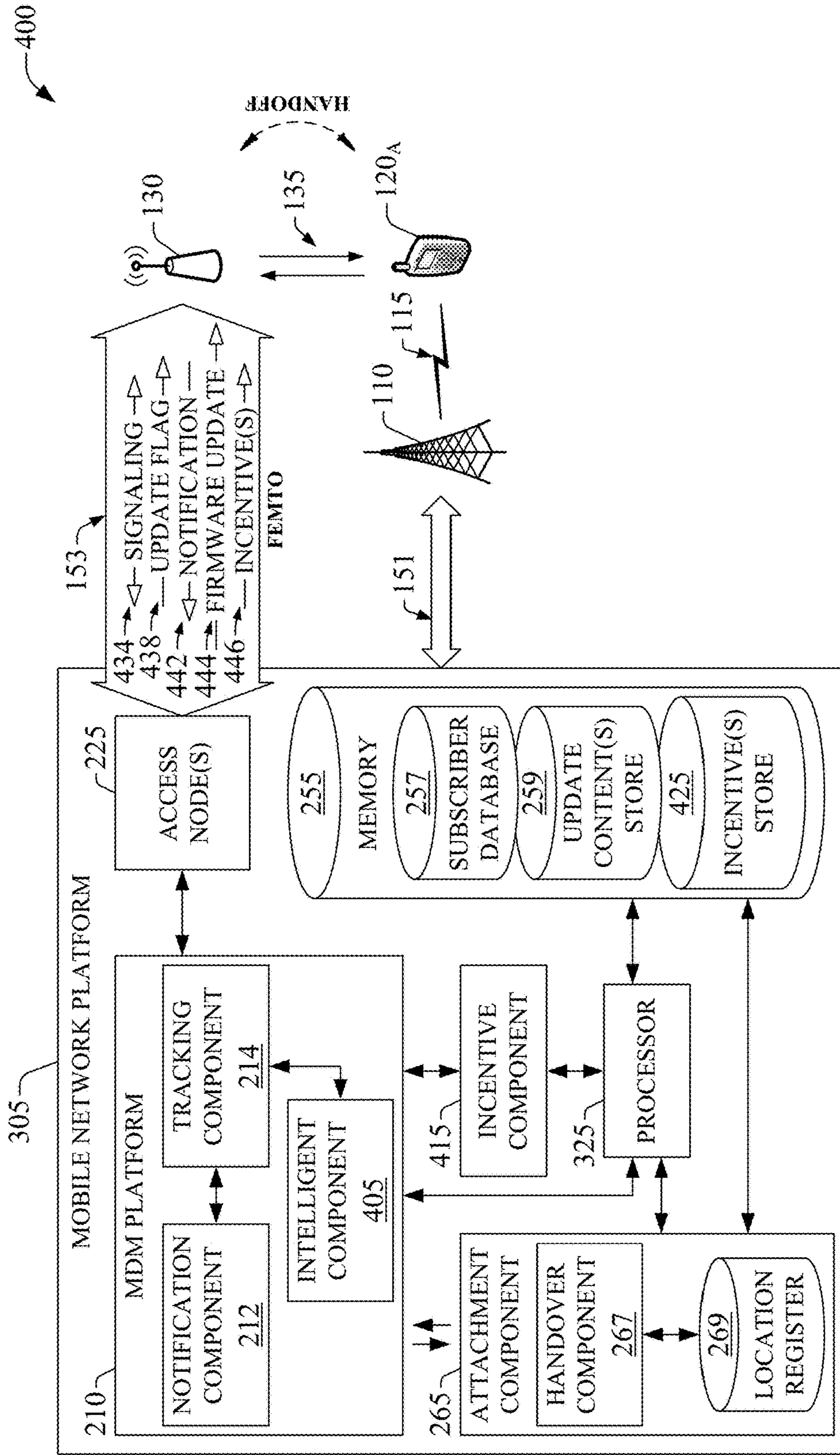


FIG. 4

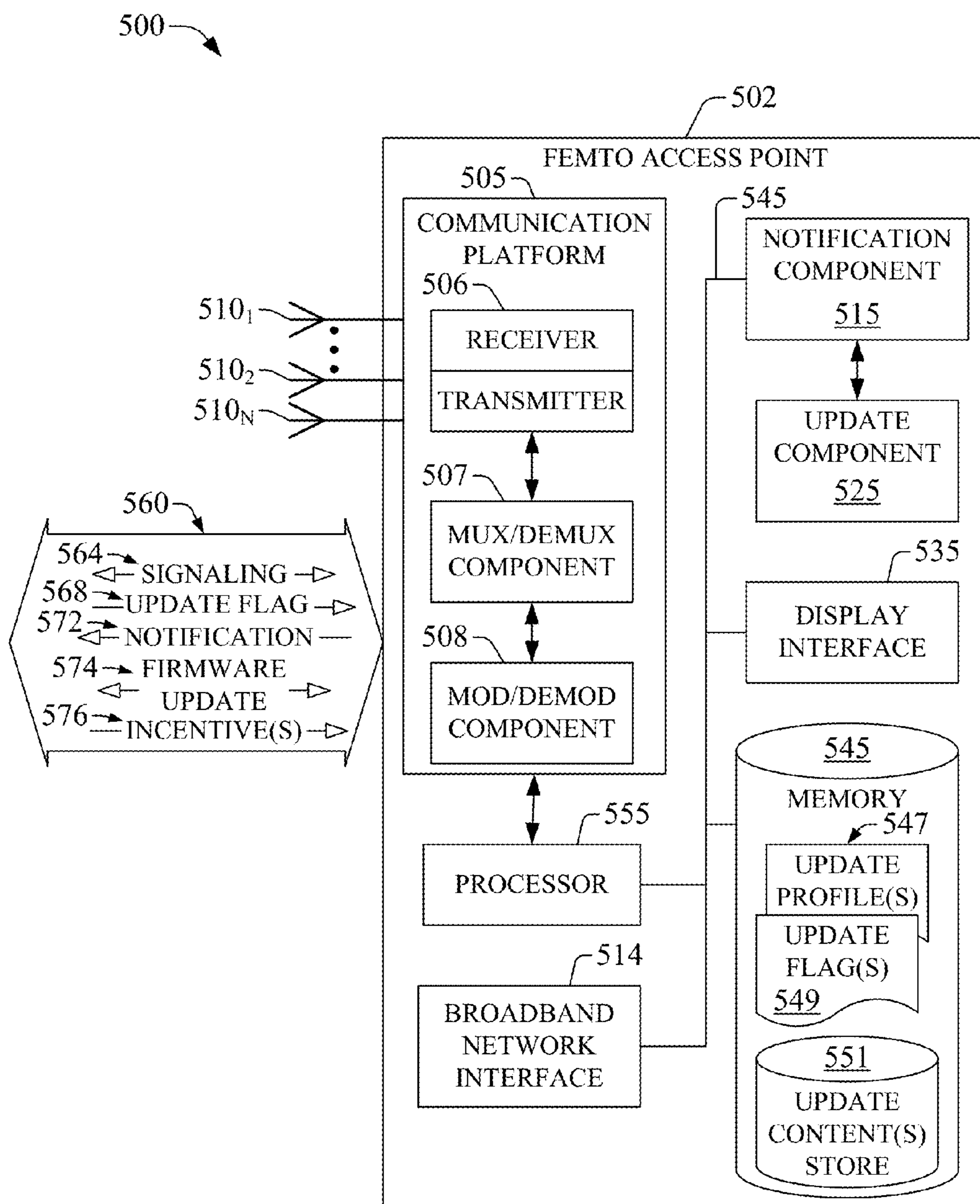


FIG. 5

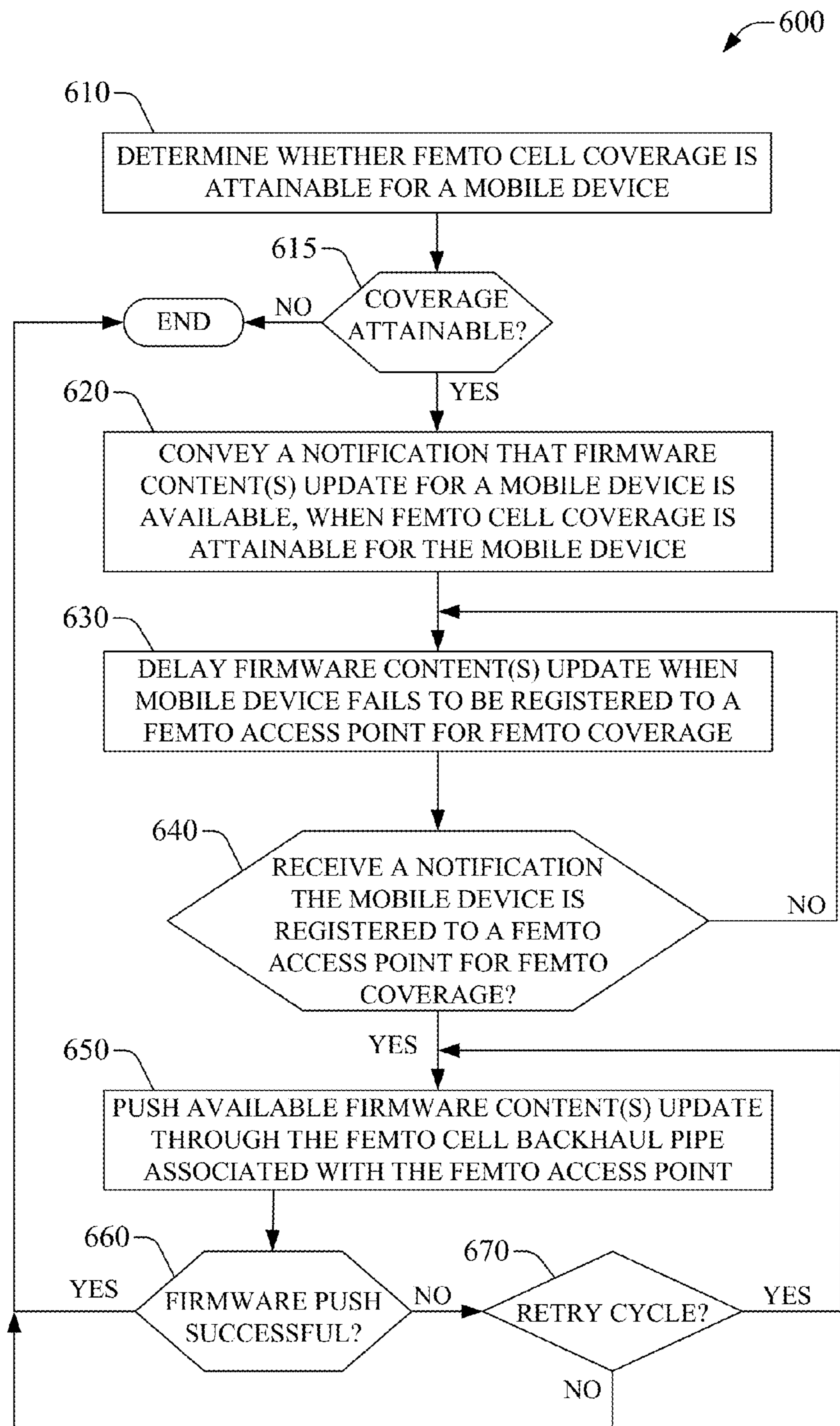


FIG. 6

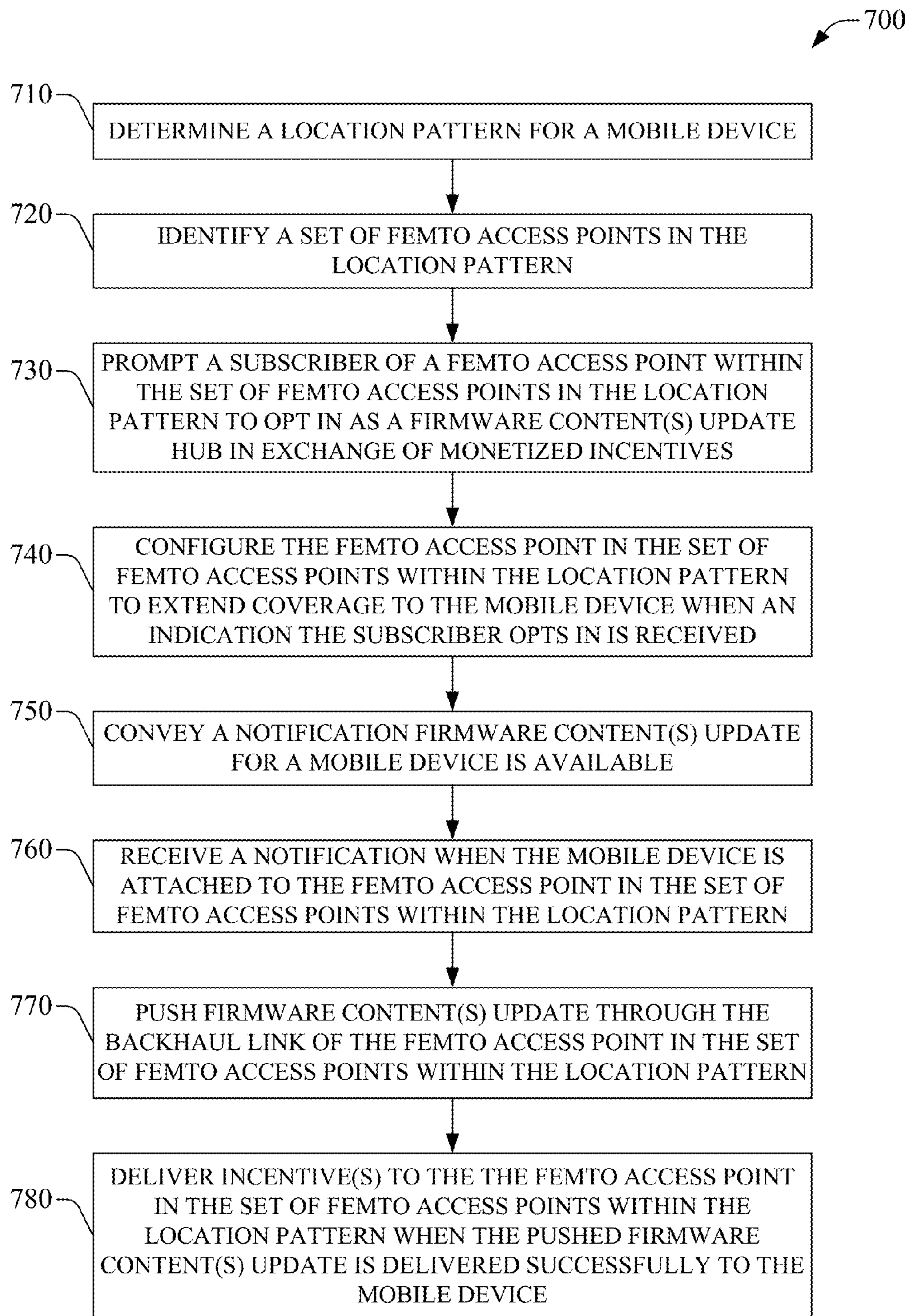
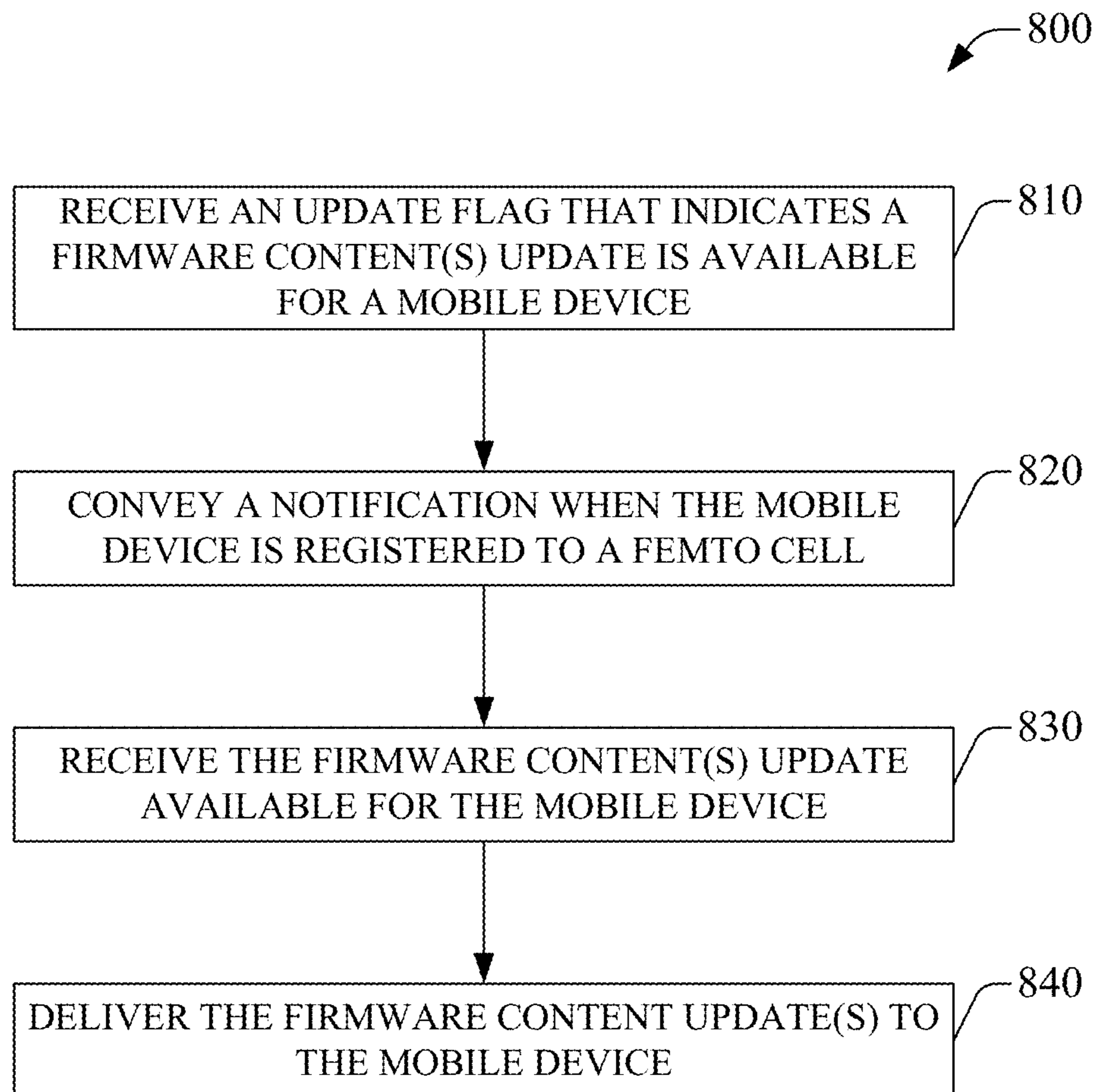


FIG. 7

**FIG. 8**

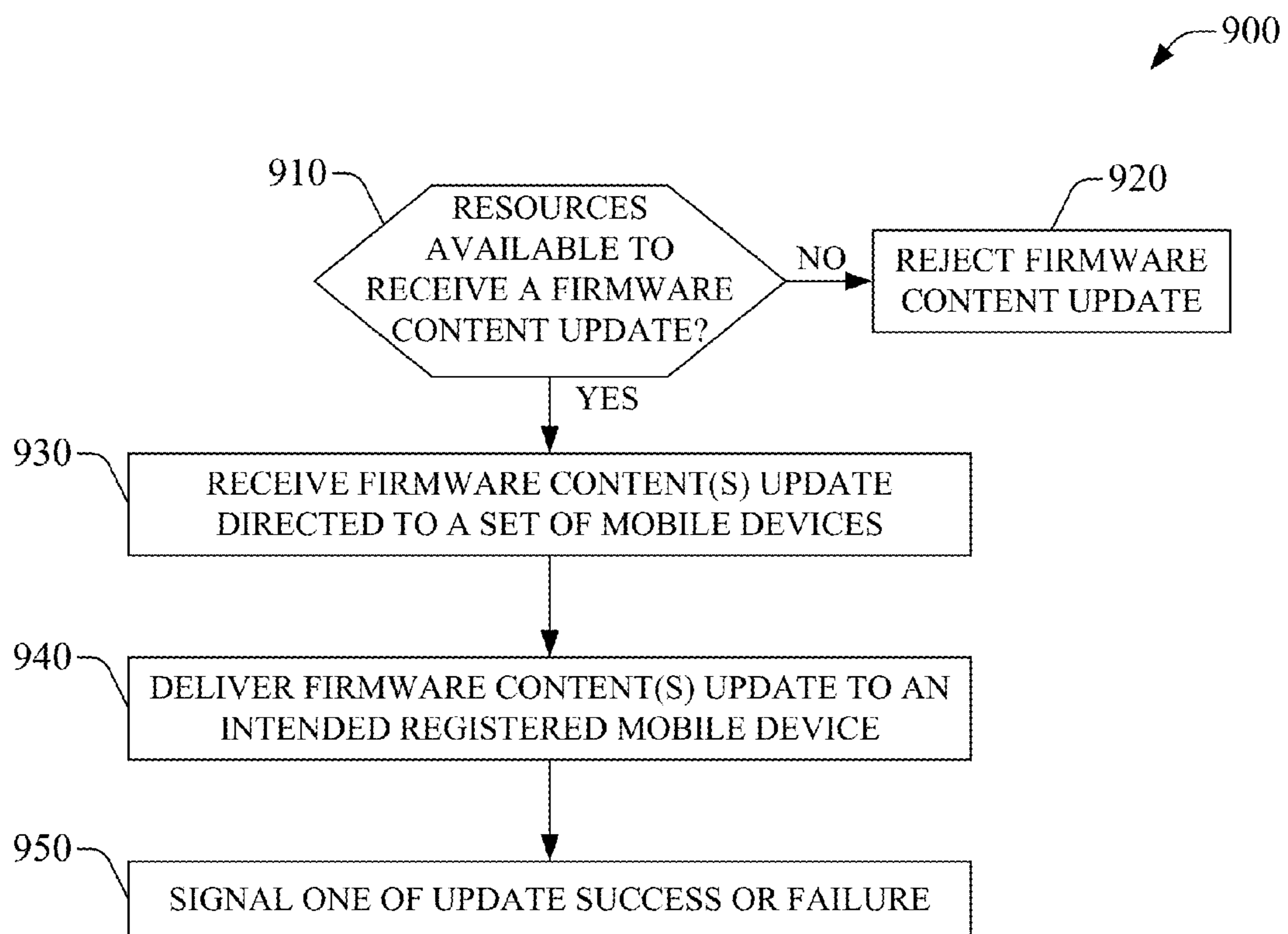


FIG. 9

REGISTRATION NOTIFICATION FOR MOBILE DEVICE MANAGEMENT

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED CASES

This application is a continuation application of, and claims the benefit of priority to each of, U.S. patent application Ser. No. 14/491,579, and filed Sep. 19, 2014, and entitled REGISTRATION NOTIFICATION FOR MOBILE DEVICE MANAGEMENT, which is a divisional application of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/476,528, and filed May 21, 2012, now issued as U.S. Pat. No. 8,868,696, and entitled REGISTRATION NOTIFICATION FOR MOBILE DEVICE MANAGEMENT, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/327,498, filed on Dec. 3, 2008, now issued as U.S. Pat. No. 8,204,968, entitled REGISTRATION NOTIFICATION FOR MOBILE DEVICE MANAGEMENT. The entireties of these applications are hereby incorporated herein by reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The subject application relates to wireless communications and, more particularly, to notification of registration of a mobile device within femto coverage area for device content management.

BACKGROUND

In wireless telecommunication, access to radiofrequency (RF) bands is regulated and largely bureaucratic. Even in instances in which a RF band can be utilized for wireless operation without a license, like the 2.4 GHz Industrial, Scientific and Medical band, frequency resources remain limited while demand is high. In addition, transmission power for a network transmitter is regulated. Accordingly, wireless telecommunication development focuses on efficient approaches to maximize operational and commercial utility, e.g., maximize a number of served subscribers through finite resources, without deteriorating subscriber perceived quality of service, while collecting revenue via delivery of billable content traffic. A ubiquitous approach to increasing utility is to mitigate traffic and signaling overhead on the air-interface in order to increase network capacity.

Among traffic overhead is transmission of firmware over-the-air (FOTA) updates, whether critical updates or non-urgent business-as-usual (BAU) updates, which typically are necessary for maintenance and improvement of wireless device performance. It should be appreciated that FOTA updates can incur substantial signaling since large updates can demand significant retry cycles depending on radio link conditions. Moreover, delivery on a wireless link of large FOTA updates can display substantive failure rate, with the ensuing need to resend the update. Furthermore, FOTA updated can be slow since such traffic generally is non-billable and typically is scheduled limited radio resources. Further yet, to compound issues related to communication of FOTA updates, large service providers or network operators often manage FOTA updates for a substantive number (e.g., 10^5 - 10^9) of devices, thus incurring significant undesired overhead on the service provider's radio resources when updates are implemented. Therefore, efficient approaches to mobile device management can improve traffic conditions and mitigate radio resources employed for FOTA updates; thus, improving service provider operation and commercial utilities.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 illustrates a schematic wireless telecommunication environment in which telecommunication can exploit features and aspects described in the subject specification.

FIG. 2 illustrates a block diagram of an example system that delivers firmware update(s) through a backhaul pipe, which transports traffic and control for a network of femto access points, when a device for which the firmware update(s) is available registers with a femto access point, in accordance with aspects described herein.

FIG. 3 is a block diagram of an example system that facilitates delivery of femto content(s) upgrade through a backhaul link, which serves a femto access point, when a device for which the firmware update(s) is available registers with the femto access point in accordance with aspects disclosed herein.

FIG. 4 is a block diagram of an example system that drives inclusion of a femto access point in a pool of femto access points that facilitate firmware content(s) updates conveyed through backhaul backbone of a femto network in accordance with aspects described herein.

FIG. 5 illustrates an example embodiment of a femto access point that facilitates delivery of firmware update(s) in accordance with aspects described herein.

FIG. 6 presents a flowchart of an example method for updating firmware content(s) through a femto cell backhaul pipe in accordance with aspects of the subject application.

FIG. 7 is a flowchart of an example method for engaging femto access points for delivery of firmware content(s) updates for a mobile device according to aspects described herein.

FIG. 8 is a flowchart of an example method for exchanging signaling that facilitates firmware content(s) update for a mobile device according to aspects described herein.

FIG. 9 presents a flowchart of an example method for delivering a firmware content(s) update according to aspects described herein.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The subject application is now described with reference to the drawings, wherein like reference numerals are used to refer to like elements throughout. In the following description, for purposes of explanation, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. It may be evident, however, that the present invention may be practiced without these specific details. In other instances, well-known structures and devices are shown in block diagram form in order to facilitate describing the present invention.

As used in this application, the terms "component," "system," "platform," "service," "framework," "interface," and the like are intended to refer to a computer-related entity or an entity related to an operational machine with one or more specific functionalities. The entities disclosed herein can be either hardware, a combination of hardware and software, software, or software in execution. For example, a component may be, but is not limited to being, a process running on a processor, a processor, an object, an executable, a thread of execution, a program, and/or a computer. By way of illustration, both an application running on a server and the server can be a component. One or more components may reside within a process and/or thread of execution and a component may be localized on one computer and/or distributed between two or more computers. Also, these components can execute from various computer readable

media having various data structures stored thereon. The components may communicate via local and/or remote processes such as in accordance with a signal having one or more data packets (e.g., data from one component interacting with another component in a local system, distributed system, and/or across a network such as the Internet with other systems via the signal).

In addition, the term “or” is intended to mean an inclusive “or” rather than an exclusive “or.” That is, unless specified otherwise, or clear from context, “X employs A or B” is intended to mean any of the natural inclusive permutations. That is, if X employs A; X employs B; or X employs both A and B, then “X employs A or B” is satisfied under any of the foregoing instances. Moreover, articles “a” and “an” as used in the subject specification and annexed drawings should generally be construed to mean “one or more” unless specified otherwise or clear from context to be directed to a singular form.

Moreover, terms like “user equipment,” “mobile station,” “mobile,” “subscriber station,” “access terminal,” “terminal,” “handset,” and similar terminology, refer to a wireless device utilized by a subscriber or user of a wireless communication service to receive or convey data, control, voice, video, sound, gaming, or substantially any data-stream or signaling-stream. The foregoing terms are utilized interchangeably in the subject specification and related drawings. Likewise, the terms “access point,” “base station,” “Node B,” “evolved Node B,” “home Node B (HNB),” and the like, are utilized interchangeably in the subject application, and refer to a wireless network component or appliance that serves and receives data, control, voice, video, sound, gaming, or substantially any data-stream or signaling-stream from a set of subscriber stations. Data and signaling streams can be packetized or frame-based flows.

Furthermore, the terms “user,” “subscriber,” “customer,” “consumer,” “agent,” and the like are employed interchangeably throughout the subject specification, unless context warrants particular distinction(s) among the terms. It should be appreciated that such terms can refer to human entities or automated components supported through artificial intelligence (e.g., a capacity to make inferences based on complex mathematical formalisms) which can provide simulated vision, sound recognition, and so forth.

The subject application provides system(s) and method(s) for notification of registration of a mobile device within femto coverage area for device content management. Content can be firmware associated with functionalities of the mobile device. In an aspect of the subject application, non-urgent business-as-usual BAU firmware content updates are suited to be managed as described herein. It is noted that other non-critical content such as multimedia (e.g., video and sound) content can be delivered in accordance with aspects of the subject application. In an aspect of the subject application, a notification is conveyed to a network component or platform that manages firmware content(s) updates when a mobile device for which an update is available, hands off from wireless macro network coverage onto a femto cell coverage. The notification is delivered in response to a firmware update notification delivered to a component that administers location of the mobile device, or an update flag delivered to a femto access point that can provide femto coverage to the mobile device. Upon reception of the notification, to take advantage of the wireline network bandwidth over the wireless macro coverage counterpart, the network component or platform that manages firmware updates delivers firmware content(s)

update through backhaul link to a femto access point to which the intended mobile device is registered.

In an aspect, when a new non-urgent BAU firmware update required for a mobile device becomes available, a mobile device management platform identifies whether the mobile device can attain femto access coverage, e.g., through data inspection or extraction from a subscriber database or provisioning database. When the device is authorized to access a femto access point either provisioned to a subscriber linked to the mobile device, or allowed access as a part of a network of firmware update femto access points, an attachment component that can manage macro-to-femto handover conveys a notification to the mobile device management platform when the mobile device registers with an authorized femto access point. The notification triggers delivery of a firmware update to the femto cell that provides coverage to the mobile device. Alternatively, or in addition, when the attachment component determines the device is not covered through a femto cell, but rather via macro coverage, the firmware update is delayed.

To increase a number of provisioned femto access points that can facilitate coverage to a mobile device, and firmware content(s) updates related therewith, a MDM component can identify a set of femto APs within a location pattern of the mobile device, and prompt subscribers to whom respective femto APs are provisioned to authorize access to femto coverage in the respective femto APs. Resources to effect firmware content(s) updates are negotiated and configured with femto APs that indicate a subscriber has opted in. To drive inclusion, subscribers that opt in are provided with monetized incentives.

It is noted that the various aspects or features described in the subject specification can be exploited in substantially any, or any, wireless technology such second generation (2G) technology; e.g., Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM), or advanced second generation (2.5G) telecommunication technology, e.g., Enhanced Data Rate for GSM Evolution (EDGE); third generation technology (3G) like Third Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Universal Mobile Telecommunication System (UMTS), 3GPP Long Term Evolution (LTE), Wideband Code Division Multiple Access (W-CDMA), or Ultra-broadband Mobility (UMB); advanced 3G such as Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave Access (WiMax); or fourth generation (4G) technology such as for example Long Term Evolution (LTE) Advanced

Referring to the drawings, FIG. 1 illustrates a wireless environment that includes macro cells and femto cells for wireless coverage in accordance with aspects described herein. In wireless environment **100**, two areas **105** represent “macro” cell coverage, each macro cell is served by a base station **110**. It should be appreciated that macro cells **105** are illustrated as hexagons; however, macro cells can adopt other geometries generally dictated by the deployment or floor plan, geographic areas to be covered (e.g., a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or rural statistical area (RSA)), and so on. Macro coverage is generally intended to serve mobile wireless devices, like UE **120_A**, in outdoors locations. An over-the-air wireless link **115** provides such coverage, the wireless link **115** comprises a downlink (DL) and an uplink (UL), and utilizes a predetermined band of the radio frequency (RF) spectrum. As an example, UE **120_A** can be a Third Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Universal Mobile Telecommunication System (UMTS) mobile phone. It is noted that a base station, its associated electronics, circuitry or components, and a wireless link operated in

accordance to the base station form a radio access network (RAN). In addition, base station **110** communicates via backhaul link(s) **151** with a macro network platform **108**, which in cellular wireless technologies (e.g., 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Universal Mobile Telecommunication System (UMTS), Global System for Mobile Communication (GSM)) represents a core network. In an aspect, macro network platform **108** controls a set of base stations **110** that serve either respective cells or a number of sectors within such cells. Macro network platform **108** also communicates with other base stations (not shown) that serve other cells (not shown). Backhaul link(s) **151** can include a wired backbone link (e.g., optical fiber backbone, twisted-pair line, T1/E1 phone line, a digital subscriber line (DSL) either synchronous or asynchronous, an asymmetric ADSL, or a coaxial cable . . .). Backhaul pipe(s) **155** link disparate base stations **110**.

In wireless environment **100**, within one or more macro coverage cell **105**, a set of femto cell **125** served by respective femto access points (APs) **130** can be deployed. While in illustrative wireless environment **100** three femto cells are deployed per macro cell, aspects of the subject application are geared to femto cell deployments with substantive femto AP density, e.g., 10^4 - 10^8 femto APs **130** per base stations **110**. A femto cell **125** typically covers an area that includes confined area **145**, which is determined, at least in part, by transmission power allocated to femto AP **130**, path loss, shadowing, and so forth. While coverage area **125** and confined area **145** typically coincide, it should be appreciated that in certain deployment scenarios, coverage area **125** can include an outdoor portion (e.g., a parking lot, a patio deck, a recreation area such as a swimming pool and nearby space) while area **145** spans an enclosed living space. Coverage area typically is spanned by a coverage radius that ranges from 20 to 100 meters. Confined coverage area **145** is generally associated with an indoor space such as a building, either residential (e.g., a house, a condominium, an apartment complex) or business (e.g., a library, a hospital, a retail store), which encompass a setting that can span about 5000 sq. ft.

A femto AP **130** typically serves a few (for example, 1-5) wireless devices (e.g., subscriber station **120_B**) within confined coverage area **125** via a wireless link **135** which encompasses a downlink and an uplink. A femto network platform **109** can control such service, in addition to mobility handover from macro-to-femto handover and vice versa, and registration and provisioning of femto APs. Control, or management, is facilitated by backhaul link(s) **153** that connect deployed femto APs **130** with femto network platform **109**. Backhaul pipe(s) **153** are substantially the same as backhaul link(s) **151**. In an aspect of the subject application, part of the control effected by femto AP **130** measurements of radio link conditions and other performance metrics. Femto network platform **109** also includes components, e.g., nodes, gateways, and interfaces, that facilitates packet-switched (PS) (e.g., internet protocol (IP)) traffic and signaling generation for networked telecommunication. It should be appreciated that femto network platform **109** can be femto AP **130** can integrate seamlessly with substantially any packet switched (PS)-based and circuit switched (CS)-based network such as macro network platform **108**. Thus, operation with a wireless device such as **120_A** is substantially straightforward and seamless when handover from femto-to-macro, or vice versa, takes place. As an example, femto AP **130** can integrate into an existing 3GPP Core Network via conventional interfaces, or reference links, like Iu-CS, Iu-PS, Gi, Gn.

It is to be noted that substantially all voice or data active sessions associated with subscribers within femto cell coverage (e.g., area **125**) are terminated once the femto AP **130** is shut down; in case of data sessions, data can be recovered at least in part through a buffer (e.g., a memory) associated with a femto gateway at the femto network platform. Coverage of a suspended or hotlined subscriber station or associated account can be blocked over the air-interface. However, if a suspended or hotlined customer who owns a femto AP **130** is in Hotline/Suspend status, there is no substantive impact to the customers covered through the subject femto AP **130**. In another aspect, femto AP **130** can exploit high-speed downlink packet access either via an interface with macro network platform **108** or through femto network platform **109** in order to accomplish substantive bitrates.

In addition, in yet another aspect, femto AP **130** has a LAC (location area code) and RAC (routing area code) that is different from the underlying macro network. These LAC and RAC are used to identify subscriber station location for a variety of reasons, most notably to direct incoming voice and data traffic to appropriate paging transmitters, and emergency calls as well. As a subscriber station (e.g., UE **120_A**) that exploits macro coverage (e.g., cell **105**) enters femto coverage (e.g., area **125**), the subscriber station (e.g., UE **120_A**) attempts to attach to the femto AP **130** through transmission and reception of attachment signaling. The signaling is effected via DL/UL **135**; in an aspect of the subject application, the attachment signaling can include a Location Area Update (LAU) and/or Routing Area Update (RAU). Attachment attempts are a part of procedures to ensure mobility, so voice calls and data sessions can continue even after a macro-to-femto transition or vice versa. It is to be noted that UE **120_A** can be employed seamlessly after either of the foregoing transitions. In addition, femto networks typically are designed to serve stationary or slow-moving traffic with reduced signaling loads compared to macro networks. A femto service provider (e.g., an entity that commercializes, deploys, or utilizes femto access point **130**) is therefore inclined to minimize unnecessary LAU/RAU signaling activity at substantially any opportunity to do so, and through substantially any available means. It is to be noted that substantially any mitigation of unnecessary attachment signaling/control is advantageous for femto cell operation. Conversely, if not successful, UE **120_A** is generally commanded (through a variety of communication means) to select another LAC/RAC or enter "emergency calls only" mode. It is to be appreciated that this attempt and handling process can occupy significant UE battery, and femto AP capacity and signaling resources (e.g., communication of pilot sequences) as well.

When an attachment attempt is successful, UE **120_A** is allowed on femto cell **125**, and incoming voice and data traffic are paged and routed to the subscriber through the femto AP **130**. To facilitate voice and data routing, and control signaling as well, successful attachment can be recorded in a memory register, e.g., a Visited Location Register (VLR), or substantially any data structure stored in a network memory. It is to be noted also that packet communication (e.g., voice and data traffic, and signaling) typically paged/routed through a backhaul broadband wired network backbone **140** (e.g., optical fiber backbone, twisted-pair line, T1/E1 phone line, digital subscriber line (DSL) either synchronous or asynchronous, an asymmetric DSL, a coaxial cable . . .). To this end, femto AP **130** is typically connected to the broadband backhaul network backbone **140** via a broadband modem (not shown). In an aspect of the

subject application, femto AP **130** can display status indicators for power, active broadband/DSL connection, gateway connection, and generic or specific malfunction. In another aspect, no landline is necessary for femto AP **130** operation.

FIG. **2** illustrates a block diagram of an example system **200** that delivers firmware update(s) through a backhaul pipe, which transports traffic and control for a network of femto access points, when a device for which the firmware update(s) is available registers with a femto access point.

Example system **200** includes a mobile device manager (MDM) platform **210** that can provide data services (e.g., applications), which can be executed via a wireless application protocol (WAP), and facilitate administration of mobile device(s). Such administration can include firmware updates for both critical and BAU updates. Firmware updates are based at least in part on available update content(s) which can be retained in an update content(s) store **259**. For example, with respect to critical updates, content(s) can include security patches; service activation scripts, for example, for activation of services such as voice, voice and data, or data, which can include internet protocol (IP) television, video-streaming and sound-streaming, online gaming, on-the-cloud data storage; etc. In connection with BAU updates, update content(s) can include drivers for add-on or new mobile's functionalities; patches for adjustment of user equipment operation such activation of multi-technology features when a mobile device is capable of operation in various technologies or mode; or the like.

When a firmware content update is available for a device (not shown), MDM platform **210** can exploit a notification component **212** to generate an update notification **235** which can prompt a tracking component **214** to access a subscriber database **257** to determine whether the device for which the update is available can access femto service coverage via one of more femto access points. In an aspect, the device can access femto coverage when it is authorized to attach to a femto access point. Such authorization can be recorded in an access list (not shown) linked to the femto access point and retained in subscriber database **257**. Information on a device can be received, or uploaded, in subscriber database **257** at a time a femto access point is provisioned and a set of devices associated with an account for service through the provisioned femto AP is authorized to access femto coverage, e.g., to attach or register with the femto AP; for instance, the devices can belong to the subscriber responsible for the account or subscribers associated thereof such as family members, relatives, friends, coworkers, and so forth. When the device can attain femto coverage, through one or more femto access points, update notification **235** is conveyed to attachment component **265** and a flag is retained, e.g., in flag(s) table **271**, in a location register **269** to indicate a firmware update is available for the device. In an aspect, attachment component can be embodied in a home agent. Update notification can convey a unique identifier for the device (e.g., a MSISDN, an IMSI, an ESN) and a set of one or more control bits that can flag the device for update, and characterize the update. In an aspect, update notification **235** can be embodied in a light-weight file (e.g., a cookie file). Handover component **267** can utilize the notification flag associated with update indication **235**, as an indication or beacon to generate a handover notification **245**, or registration notification, when the device is attached, or registered, with a femto access point. In an aspect, a device can be attached to a femto AP as a result of a successful attachment procedure (e.g., a local area update (LAU)) effected when the device hands off from macro cellular

coverage to femto coverage provided through the femto AP. Attachment component **265**, through handover component **267**, can convey the generated handover notification **245** to mobile device manager platform **210**, which can deliver firmware update **272** to the femto AP that serves the device. In an aspect, handover notification **245** can be at least one of a set of one or more bits, or a light weight file (e.g., a cookie file), which can facilitate generation of a record of updates provided through MDM platform **210**.

At least three advantages of delivering firmware update **272** through backhaul link **153** are the following. (I) Reduction of network resources necessary to deliver a firmware content(s) update, which typically is a non-billable data transaction. (II) Increased push or download speed for firmware content(s) update when compared to FOTA update(s) in view of substantive available bandwidth through backhaul backbone of a femto cell network. (III) Improved success rate for firmware content(s) update(s) in view of larger carrier to interference (C/I) ratio in backhaul link **153** with respect to a radio link.

Alternatively, or in addition, when the device is not attached to a femto access point at a time the update notification **235** is received in attachment component **265**, available firmware content(s) update can be delayed until handover notification **245** is received in MDM platform **210**. To determine firmware content(s) are to be delayed, at least two possible mechanisms can be implemented. (1) MDM platform **210** can trigger a timer (e.g., τ) when notification component **212** delivers update notification **235**, if the timer expires prior to reception of a handover notification **245**, firmware content(s) update that is BAU update can be delayed until the handover notification **245** is received. (2) Attachment component **265** can deliver a logic NULL handover notification **245** to indicate that the device for which the firmware update is intended is not attached to a femto access point. Thus, the logic NULL notification indicates firmware content is to be delayed; the delay in effect until a non-NULL handover notification **245** is received by notification component **212**.

To deliver a firmware update in response to a received non-NULL handover indication **245**, MDM platform **210** can convey firmware update **272** to gateway node(s) **229** which relays the firmware update **272** to serving node(s) **227** for communication thereof to the femto access point through backhaul pipe **153**. As an example, when example system **200** is exploited in a third generation partnership project (3GPP) Universal Mobile Telecommunication Services (UMTS) network, gateway node(s) **229** can be embodied in gateway general packet radio service (GPRS) support node(s) (GGSN), while serving node(s) **227** can be embodied in serving GPRS support node(s) (SGSN). In addition, access nodes platform **225** can include a tunnel interface (not shown; e.g., a tunnel termination gateway (TTG) in 3GPP UMTS network(s)) which can facilitate packetized communication with disparate wireless network(s) through gateway node(s) **229**. In a 3GPP UMTS network(s), gateway node(s) (e.g., GGSN) and tunnel interface (e.g., TTG) comprise a packet data gateway (PDG). It is noted that communication among serving node(s) **227** and gateway node(s) **229** can be facilitated by a reference link (e.g., Gn in EDGE or 3GPP UMTS). It should be appreciated that gateway node(s) **229** and serving node(s) **227** can be part of access node(s) platform **225**, which can include access node(s) associated with a macro network platform (e.g., core network) or femto network platform.

When a firmware update **272** is pushed to a femto access point that serves the intended wireless device, MDM plat-

form **210** can receive signaling **274** from the femto access point (not shown) that indicates whether the update was received successfully or it failed. Signaling **272** can be conveyed in a control channel as a set of reserved bits in a frame, or a set of bits in a packet header. When received signaling **274** indicates firmware update has been pushed successfully, flags in location register **269** are released; e.g., notification component can indicate such release through a disparate update notification **235**. Conversely, when signaling **274** indicates firmware update **272** is erroneously pushed, MDM platform **210** can implement a retry cycle of Q attempts (where Q is a natural number). Magnitude of Q can be configured by a network operator administrator.

It is noted that example system **200** can include a processor (not shown) which can confer, at least in part, the described functionality(ies) of MDM platform **210** and components therein, and attachment component **265** and components therein, and substantially any, or any, other component(s) or node(s) included is system **200** or functionally connected thereto. In an aspect, the processor (not shown) can execute code instructions stored in a memory, e.g., memory **225**, or memory element thereon, to provide such described functionality(ies).

FIG. 3 is a block diagram of an example system that facilitates delivery of femto content(s) upgrade through a backhaul link, which serves a femto access point, when a device for which the firmware update(s) is available registers with the femto access point. It should be appreciated that components in example system **400** with like numerals to those in example system **300** have substantially the same, or the same, functionality.

In example system **300**, a mobile network platform **305** (e.g., a Core Network in cellular wireless technologies) includes MDM platform **210** that includes notification component **212** and a tracking component **214**. In an aspect, when a firmware content(s) upgrade is available for a mobile device (e.g., UE **120_A**), tracking component **214** can identify a set of femto access points that can serve the mobile device within a femto coverage area (e.g., area **125**). To at least that end, as discussed above, tracking component can access subscriber database **257** and extract and analyze provisioning information and configured access lists that reveal femto APs that can provide service coverage to the mobile device. Notification component **212** can convey an update flag **308** to one or more of the femto APs in the set of identified femto APs. Update flag **308** can be embodied in P-bit word (with P a natural number), or a lightweight file (e.g., a cookie file), and can be retained within a memory in the recipient femto AP (e.g., femto AP **130**). When the mobile (e.g., UE **120_A**) registers with a femto access point (e.g., femto AP **130**) that has received an update flag **308** associated with an available firmware content(s) upgrade for the mobile device, a registration notification **312** is received, via backhaul link **153**, from the femto AP (e.g., femto AP **130**). When MDM network platform **210** receives registration notification **312**, it pushes firmware update **314** to the femto AP that retains the update flag **308**; the registration notification **312** is received through access node(s) **225**. In an aspect, subsequent to a firmware update push, notification **312** can convey an indication whether the firmware content(s) update completed successfully or errors occurred. Such indication can be a set of bits communicated in a control channel, or reserved bits in packet header.

As discussed above, firmware content(s) updates can be delayed until MDM platform **210** receives registration notification **312** as a result of mobile device (e.g., UE **120_A**) handover from macro cell to femto cell served through

femto AP **130**. To determine firmware content(s) are to be delayed, MDM platform **210** can also employ the at least two possible mechanisms described above; namely: (i) MDM platform **210** can trigger a timer (e.g., τ') when notification component **212** delivers update flag **308**, if the timer expires prior to reception of a registration notification **245**, firmware content(s) update, which is a BAU update, can be delayed until the handover notification **245** is received. (ii) Femto access point (e.g., femto AP **130**) can deliver a logic NULL registration notification **312** to indicate that the device for which the firmware update is intended is not attached to the femto AP. Thus, the logic NULL notification indicates firmware content is to be delayed; the delay in effect until a non-NULL handover notification **245** is received by notification component **212**.

It is noted that in example system **300**, mobile network platform **305** includes processor **325** which is configured to confer, and can confer, at least in part, the described functionality(ies) of MDM platform **210** and components therein, and attachment component **265** and components therein, and substantially any, or any, other component(s) or node(s) like access node(s) platform **225** included is system **300** or functionally connected thereto as well. In an aspect, processor **325** can execute code instructions stored in a memory, e.g., memory **225**, or memory element(s) thereon, to provide such described functionality(ies).

FIG. 4 is a block diagram of an example system **400** that drives inclusion of a femto access point in a pool of femto access points that facilitate firmware content(s) updates conveyed through backhaul backbone of a femto network in accordance with aspects described herein. It should be appreciated that components in example system **400** with like numerals to those in example system **300** have substantially the same, or the same, functionality. To drive inclusion of subscribers with associated provisioned femto access point(s), such subscribers are incentivized or motivated to authorize wireless devices, linked to disparate network provider consumers, to access femto service coverage through the provisioned femto access point(s). It should be appreciated that included subscribers and respective femto APs are third-party auxiliary femto cells that facilitate implementation of firmware content updates. In an aspect, third-party femto hubs can be implemented or pursued for selected service provider consumers, like premium consumers, consumers with good payment history, non-hotlined consumers, business consumers, or consumers within a predetermined subscriber segment.

It is noted that because firmware content updates are non-billable data transactions directed to maintaining or improving functionality of served mobile devices, a service provider that operates mobile network platform **205** generally has an interest in delivering firmware content updates reliably while minimizing utilized network resources. To incentivize a subscriber, authorization to access femto access point(s), and successfully downloaded firmware content(s) updates, are monetized via various incentives such as a credit for voice communication minutes or data buckets; add-on applications like extra challenge levels in a game, or features in a calendar application; free licensed multimedia such as video clips or songs, or coupons for access thereof; discounted rates for international calls for a predetermined period of time or number of calls; free-of-charge on-the-cloud storage service for a predetermined period of time; discounts on purchases of mobile devices; or the like. An incentive component **415** can generate and administer various mechanisms to accrue incentives in exchange for successfully downloaded firmware update **444** to a femto access

point. As an example, downloaded volume of data that is part of a firmware update can be exchanged into a currency or point system internal to mobile network platform **205**, and incentives can be credited accordingly. As another example, a flat-rate of accrued points per successful firmware update can be awarded to a subscriber. In an aspect, credits for incentives can be retained in incentive(s) store **425**, and one or more subscribers that facilitate firmware update(s) through one or more femto access points associated therewith can redeem incentive(s) with a service operator that administers mobile network platform **205**. Alternatively, or in addition, incentive(s) **446** can be delivered via backhaul pipe **153** subsequent to a set of one or more successful firmware update(s) **444**. Incentive component also can mitigate fraud, evaluating received notifications (e.g., notification **442**) to prevent delivery of incentive(s) upon counterfeit notifications.

In an aspect, to select one or more femto access points to serve as update hubs in exchange of monetized incentives, intelligent component **405** can establish a location pattern for a mobile device (e.g., UE **120_A**) linked to a subscriber. A location pattern can be determined through analysis of historic attachment data which can be retained in location register **269**; intelligent component **405** can conduct the analysis. In an aspect, intelligent component **405** employs historic attachment data to reason or draw conclusions about, e.g., infer a location pattern. Intelligent component **405** can infer a location pattern based at least in part on artificial intelligence, or machine learning, techniques, which apply advanced mathematical algorithms—e.g., decision trees, neural networks, regression analysis, principal component analysis (PCA) for feature and pattern extraction, cluster analysis, genetic algorithm, tabu search, and reinforced learning—to collected attachment information.

In particular, intelligent component **410** can employ at least one of numerous methodologies for learning from data and then drawing inferences from the models so constructed, e.g., Hidden Markov Models (HMMs) and related prototypical dependency models, more general probabilistic graphical models, such as Dempster-Shafer networks and Bayesian networks, e.g., created by structure search using a Bayesian model score or approximation, linear classifiers, such as support vector machines (SVMs), non-linear classifiers, such as methods referred to as “neural network” methodologies, fuzzy logic methodologies, and other approaches that perform data fusion, etc.) in accordance with implementing various automated aspects described herein.

With a location pattern for a mobile device, and based at least in part on deployment configuration (e.g., a floor plan) of femto cells, intelligent component **405** can identify a set of femto access points within the location pattern, and extract information for a set of subscribers that are provisioned to utilize the identified set of femto access points. Each subscriber in the set of subscribers can be prompted, e.g., through signaling **434**, to opt in to authorize the mobile device (e.g., UE **120_A**) to access a respective femto access point associated with the prompted subscriber. For a subscriber that opts in to receive incentives in exchange for allowing the mobile device to camp in one or more femto access points associated with the subscriber, MDM platform **210** can configure, via signaling **434**, the one or more femto access points to establish privacy settings, or available femto AP resources (e.g., memory space to retain firmware update **144**; bandwidth; quality of service; time interval(s) the mobile device is authorized to camp in the femto AP . . .) directed to firmware update **144** for the mobile device. Such

configuration can be negotiated among the one or more femto APs and mobile network platform **205**; negotiated configuration can be effected, at least in part, through MDM platform **210**.

To promote privacy of subscriber that provides femto AP for firmware update **144**, mobile network platform **205**, through handover component **267**, can allow a mobile device for which a firmware update is available to receive traffic in the femto DL (e.g., DL element of link **135**) but not to communicate in the UL (UL element of link **135**) except for emergency calls. It should be appreciated that such asymmetric configuration also can ensure, at least in part, privacy of the device since UL traffic is mitigated.

It should be appreciated that firmware update **444** can be conducted partially in each femto access point that is configured to facilitate such firmware update: Notification **442** can trigger firmware update **444** when a mobile device attaches to a femto AP, when femto AP detaches from the femto AP, notification **442** can indicate firmware update **444** is to be halted. Firmware update **444** resumes when the a notification **442** is received as a result the mobile device attached to a disparate femto AP that has previously received an update flag **438**. Mobile network platform **305** includes processor **325** which is configured to confer, and can confer, at least in part, the described functionality(ies) of MDM platform **210** and components therein, and attachment component **265** and components therein, and substantially any, or any, other component(s) or node(s), like access node(s) platform **225**, included or functionally connected thereto as well. In an aspect, processor **325** can execute code instructions stored in a memory, e.g., memory **255**, or memory element(s) thereon, to provide such described functionality(ies).

FIG. **5** illustrates an example embodiment **500** of a femto access point that facilitates delivery of firmware update(s) in accordance with aspects described herein. In example embodiment **500**, femto AP **502** can receive and transmit signal(s) (e.g., attachment signaling) from and to wireless devices like femto access points, access terminals, wireless ports and routers, or the like, through a set of antennas **510₁-510_N** (N is a positive integer). It should be appreciated that antennas **510₁-510_N** are a part of communication platform **505**, which comprises electronic components and associated circuitry that provides for processing and manipulation of received signal(s) and signal(s) to be transmitted. In an aspect, communication platform **505** includes a receiver/transmitter **506** that can convert signal (e.g., signaling **274**) from analog to digital upon reception, and from digital to analog upon transmission. In addition, receiver/transmitter **506** can divide a single data stream into multiple, parallel data streams, or perform the reciprocal operation. Coupled to receiver/transmitter **506** is a multiplexer/demultiplexer **507** that facilitates manipulation of signal in time and frequency space. Electronic component **507** can multiplex information (data/traffic and control/signaling) according to various multiplexing schemes such as time division multiplexing (TDM), frequency division multiplexing (FDM), orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM), code division multiplexing (CDM), space division multiplexing (SDM). In addition, mux/demux component **507** can scramble and spread information (e.g., codes) according to substantially any code known in the art; e.g., Hadamard-Walsh codes, Baker codes, Kasami codes, polyphase codes, and so on. A modulator/demodulator **508** is also a part of communication platform **505**, and can modulate information according to multiple modulation techniques, such as frequency modulation, amplitude modu-

lation (e.g., M-ary quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM), with M a positive integer), phase-shift keying (PSK), and the like.

In an aspect, femto access point **502** includes a notification component **515** that can convey an indication, e.g., notification **572**, when a mobile device flagged for firmware content(s) update registers with femto AP **502**. Records of flagged mobile devices that can be provided femto coverage through femto AP **502** can be retained in memory element update flag(s) **549** within memory **545**. In an aspect, update flag(s) **549** can include a unique mobile device identifier, and information related to the available firmware update.

Additionally, femto AP **502** includes display interface **535**, which can display functions that control functionality of femto AP **805**, or reveal operation conditions thereof; e.g., light-emitting-diode (LED) indicator(s) that convey available firmware content update(s) are available for download. In addition, display interface **812** can include a screen to convey information to an end user; for instance, display interface **812** can display a summary of successful firmware updates carrier out over a predetermined period of time; a message that indicates received incentives (e.g., incentive(s) **576**) or credited incentives exchanged for successful firmware updates; and so on. In an aspect, display interface **812** can be embodied in a liquid crystal display (LCD), a plasma panel, a monolithic thin-film based electrochromic display, etc. Display interface **812** also can facilitates data entry (e.g., through a linked keypad or via touch gestures), which can facilitate femto AP **802** to receive external commands or responses such as input associated with configuration of resources for directed to third-party firmware content(s) update(s), and updated profile(s) **547** associated with such configuration.

Update component **525** can facilitate, at least in part, configuration and enforcement of update profile(s) **547**, which can include at least one of memory allocated to retain firmware update(s); bandwidth granted for third-party firmware updates for third-party mobile devices; quality of service, such as best effort; time interval(s) third-party mobile device is authorized to camp in femto AP **502**; a priority ranking for firmware update push for mobile devices authorized to attach, register, or camp in femto AP **502**, e.g., mobile device linked to owner or leaser of femto AP **502** are updated before a third-party mobile device is updated; number of iterations in firmware update retry cycle(s); or the like. In an aspect, for firmware content(s) updates directed to a mobile device within a service account linked to a subscriber to whom the femto AP is provisioned, firmware updates can be downloaded and cached in femto AP, e.g., in memory **545** to the extent memory is available, until the mobile device within the account attaches to the femto AP. At least an advantage of such update mechanism is to reduce signaling with mobile network platform that operates the femto AP (e.g., femto AP **502**).

Additionally, update component **525** can assess whether communication resources are available to receive a firmware update **574**, and reject a firmware update when resources are unavailable; to at least that end, update component can utilize information received available through at least one of update flag(s) **549** or update profile(s) **547**. In addition, update component **525** can push firmware update(s) **272**, via communication platform **505**, and determine whether delivery of an update succeeds or fails; update component **525** can signal, via signaling **564**, delivery success or failure. Furthermore, receive update content(s) can be retained in update content(s) store **551** to facilitate implementation of update retry cycle(s). In an aspect, several firmware

content(s) updates can be aggregated as a part of a retry cycle, in case a mobile device for which firmware update(s) detaches from femto AP **502** prior to a successful delivery of firmware content(s) update.

Femto access point **502** includes a broadband network interface **514** that facilitates connection of femto AP **502** to femto network via backhaul link(s) **153**, which is included in link **565**, which enables incoming and outgoing data flow from and a mobile network platform (e.g., mobile network platform **305**). Broadband network interface **514** can be internal (as illustrated) or external to femto AP **502**, and it can utilize, at least in part, display interface **532** for end-user interaction and status information delivery; e.g., presentation of log records of firmware updates carried out through femto AP **502**.

In addition, femto access point **502** also includes a processor **555** that can confer, at least in part, one or more functionalities described herein to substantially any, or any, electronic component, platform, or interface in femto AP **502**. In an aspect, processor **555** can execute code instructions retained in memory **545** to effect, at least in part, the described functionality(ies) of the various components, platform, or interfaces, that reside within femto AP **502**. Processor **555** is functionally connected to various components and interfaces within femto AP **502** via a bus **545**. Processor **555** also is functionally connected to communication platform **505** and can facilitate operations on data (e.g., symbols, bits, or chips) for multiplexing/demultiplexing, such as effecting direct and inverse fast Fourier transforms, selection of modulation rates, selection of data packet formats, inter-packet times, etc.

Memory **545** also can store data structures, code instructions and program modules, system or device information, code sequences for scrambling, spreading and pilot transmission, femto AP floor plan configuration, and so on. Processor **555** is functionally coupled to the memory **545** in order to store and retrieve information necessary to operate and/or confer, at least in part, functionality(ies) described herein to the various components, platform, and interfaces of femto AP **502**.

In view of the example systems described above, example methodologies, or methods, that can be implemented in accordance with the disclosed subject matter can be better appreciated with reference to flowcharts in FIGS. **6-9**. For purposes of simplicity of explanation example methodologies, or methods, are presented and described as a series of acts; however, it is to be understood and appreciated that the claimed subject matter is not limited by the order of acts, as some acts may occur in different orders and/or concurrently with other acts from that shown and described herein. For example, it should be understood and appreciated that a methodology could alternatively be represented as a series of interrelated states or events, such as in a state diagram or interaction diagram. Moreover, not all illustrated acts may be required to implement a methodology, or method, in accordance with the subject specification. Additionally, two or more methodologies, or methods, described herein can be enacted in conjunction. Furthermore, it should be further appreciated that the methodologies, or methods, disclosed hereinafter and throughout this specification are capable of being stored on an article of manufacture to facilitate transporting and transferring such methodologies to computers for execution by a processor or for storage in a memory. Further yet, it is noted that a processor that confers, at least in part, functionality to one or more components that can enact one or more example methods described herein also can effect the acts included therein.

FIG. 6 presents a flowchart of an example method **600** for updating firmware content(s) through a femto cell backhaul pipe in accordance with aspects of the subject application. This example method **600** can be enacted by a component in a wireless network platform (e.g., mobile network platform **305**). At act **610**, it is determined whether femto cell coverage is attainable for the device. In an aspect, femto cell coverage is attainable when a consumer linked to the device subscribes for femto cell service for a specific location (e.g., area **125**). Such determination can be performed by a tracking component (see, e.g., FIG. 2) within the wireless network platform that enacts the method by retrieving information on subscription type(s) for the mobile device as retained in subscriber records in a memory element within the wireless network platform. It is noted that a subscriber not directly linked to the device and with access to femto cell service, e.g., the consumer is associated with a provisioned femto access AP, can authorize the mobile device for femto cell coverage through the femto access point provisioned to the consumer. At **615** it is checked whether femto cell coverage, or femto coverage, is attainable. In the negative case, the subject example method ends. Conversely, at act **620** a notification firmware content(s) update for a mobile device is available. In an aspect, the firmware content(s) update is considered business-as-usual (BAU) non-urgent update. In another aspect, as described above, the notification that firmware content(s) update are available for a mobile device can include a unique identifier for the device (e.g., a MSISDN, an IMSI, an ESN), a set of one or more control bits that can flag the mobile device for update. In addition, the notification can characterize the update; e.g., add-on feature; multi-technology compatibility patch; operational script; etc. In another aspect, the notification also can be embodied in a light-weight file (e.g., a cookie file).

At act **630**, firmware content(s) update is delayed when the mobile device is registered to a femto access point for femto coverage. Registration reflects the mobile device is attached to a femto cell and recorded in a location register (e.g., HLR, VLR, TTG) having an updated location (e.g., LAC/RAC) of the mobile device. In an aspect, the mobile device becomes registered for femto cell coverage after macro-to-cellular handover.

At act **640** it is evaluated whether a notification the mobile device registered to a femto access point (e.g., femto AP **130**) for femto coverage is received. In the negative case, flow is directed to act **630**, and the update remains delayed. In the affirmative case, available firmware content(s) update is pushed through femto cell backhaul pipe associated with the femto access point at act **650**. In an aspect, utilization of backhaul pipe can particularly benefit delivery of large (e.g., firmware content(s) in excess of a MB) updates. It is to be noted that at least one advantage of employing the backhaul pipe for delivering firmware content(s) update is that it reduces network resources in the wireless network spent for such non-billable data transaction(s), improves update delivery speed, and improve(s) success rates of these types of actions, with the ensuing improvement in customer experience. At act **660**, it is checked whether firmware push was successful. In the affirmative case, firmware content(s) update is concluded. Conversely, at act **670**, it is checked whether a retry cycle, e.g., a cycle of Q attempts, with Q a positive integer, is to be implemented. In the positive case, flow is directed to **650**, whereas in the negative case, an indication firmware content(s) failed is delivered to the femto access point.

FIG. 7 is a flowchart of an example method **700** for engaging femto access points for delivery of firmware

content(s) updates for a mobile device according to aspects described herein. In an aspect, the subject example method **700** can be enacted by one or more component(s), operating independently or in conjunction, in a wireless network platform (see, e.g., FIG. 4). At act **710** a location pattern is determined for a mobile device. Determination is made based upon historic data collected from a location register (e.g., HLR, VLR) over a predetermined period of time. At act **720**, identify a set of femto access points within the location pattern. In an aspect, the identified femto APs can include femto cells neighboring a residence of a subscriber linked to a device that is to receive firmware content(s) update; femto APs deployed within a service area such as a bank, a medical doctor's office, or customer service field office (e.g., an AT&T store); femto APs in the subscriber workplace; or femto cell located in alike areas.

At act **730** a subscriber of a femto access point within the set of identified femto APs within the location pattern is prompted to opt in as a firmware content(s) update hub in exchange for monetized incentives. The subscriber can be prompted through a display interface of the femto AP, wherein a message can offer the subscriber to elect to facilitate the femto AP linked therewith for firmware content(s) update. The prompt through the femto AP can exploit various aural and visual indicia. In another aspect, the subscriber can be prompted through a SMS communication, a MMS communication, an email message, or an instant message delivered to a wireless device associated therewith. Incentives (e.g., incentive(s) **576**) can include free voice minutes or data buckets, wherein a data bucket, for example, is a unit of data such as 10 MB and can be utilized for billing reference in data delivery within high-speed technologies (e.g., 4G technology); add-on applications or features for mobile and non-mobile devices served by the femto AP; licensed multimedia such as songs, or movies or video snippets; coupons for service such as free-of-charge roaming minutes and international calling; free on-the-cloud storage service for subscriber data; differentiated rating for a predetermined time interval, configured by the service provider, for specific services; and so on.

At act **740**, the femto access point in the set of femto APs within the location pattern is configured to extend coverage to the mobile device when an indication the subscriber associated with the femto AP opts in is received. In an aspect the indication is received through one or more transport mechanisms, based at least in part on the interface employed for prompting the subscriber, as described above in connection with act **730**; for instance, the indication can be a user supplementary service data (USSD) code, a SMS communication, a MMS communication, an email communication, etc. Configuration can include at least one of device identifiers for a set of devices authorized to utilize the femto AP, security features to mitigate unauthorized access to content(s) within femto AP such as system files, femto AP configuration information, or the like; quality of service (QoS) to be served through the hub femto AP for firmware content(s) updates; and so on. Configuration of femto AP can proceed in accordance with privacy settings established by the subscriber that opts in. Additionally, configuration also can include negotiating resources for firmware updates, wherein the negotiated resources can include at least one of memory allocated to retain firmware update(s); bandwidth granted for third-party firmware updates for third-party mobile devices; quality of service, such as best effort; time interval(s) third-party mobile device is authorized to camp in femto AP **502**; a priority ranking for firmware update push for mobile devices authorized to attach, register, or camp in

femto AP **502**, e.g., mobile device linked to owner or leaser of femto AP **502** are updated before a third-party mobile device is updated; number of iterations in firmware update retry cycle(s).

At act **750**, a notification that firmware content(s) update for the mobile device is available is conveyed. In an aspect, the notification can be a set of one or more bits in a control channel or header of a control packet or frame, or a lightweight file (e.g., a cookie file). At act **760**, receive a notification when the mobile device is attached to the femto access point in the set of femto APs within the location pattern. At act **770**, firmware content(s) update is pushed through the backhaul link of the femto access point in the set of femto APs within the location pattern. At act **780**, incentive(s) are awarded to femto access point within the set of femto APs within the location pattern. Award of incentive(s) can include a fraud mitigation act in which attachment of the mobile device to the femto cell, or femto AP, is confirmed at the mobile network platform level, for example, to mitigate awarding incentives based upon a rogue notification. In addition, as part of awarding incentive(s), an indication of awarded incentive(s) can be conveyed to the femto AP in order for a subscriber linked thereto to become aware of the incentive(s). In an aspect, such indication can include a directive to display visual or aural indicia in a display interface in the femto AP. Indication can be provided at specific times, after incentive(s) have been accumulated, or at the time firmware content(s) has been successfully pushed.

At least one advantage of the subject example method **700** is that transport and delivery of firmware content(s) update is driven to take place through backhaul backbone network, with associated communication resources.

FIG. **8** is a flowchart of an example method **800** for exchanging signaling that facilitates firmware content(s) update for a mobile device according to aspects described herein. The subject example method can be enacted by a network platform component (e.g., attachment component) or network node (e.g., femto AP **130**) that can track location and registration status of a mobile device. At act **810**, an update flag (e.g., update flag **568**), or notification, that firmware content(s) update is available for a mobile device is received. In an aspect, the notification is received by a femto cell access point and can be retained therein. At act **820**, a notification is conveyed when the mobile device is registered, or attached, to an access point that serves a femto cell. In an aspect, the notification is embodied in one of a set of K bits (K is a natural number) or a lightweight file (e.g., a cookie file). At act **830**, the firmware content(s) update available for the mobile device is received. At act **840**, the available firmware content(s) update is delivered to the mobile device.

FIG. **9** presents a flowchart of an example method **900** for delivering a received firmware content(s) update according to aspects described herein. This example method **900** can be enacted by a femto access point (e.g., femto AP **130**), or one or more component therein, e.g., update component **525**. At act **910**, it is evaluated whether resources are available to receive firmware content(s) update. Resources can include at least one of memory, either internal or external or both, backhaul link bandwidth. When resources are not available, or sufficient, firmware content update(s) are rejected at act **920**. Conversely, firmware content(s) updates directed to a set of mobile device is received at act **930**; the set of mobile devices include one or more mobile devices. In an aspect, act **910** can occur after firmware update is received. At act **940**, firmware content(s) update is delivered to an intended

registered mobile device. The mobile device is registered to the femto access point that receives the update and provides femto service. At act **950**, one of update success or update failure is signaled. Signal can be embodied in an K-bit work (K is a natural number).

Various aspects or features described herein may be implemented as a method, apparatus, or article of manufacture using standard programming and/or engineering techniques. It is noted that method implementations of aspects of the specification described herein can be effected through a processor, or program modules or code instructions stored in a memory that are executed by a processor, or other combination of hardware and software, or hardware and firmware. The term “article of manufacture” as used herein is intended to encompass a computer program accessible from any computer-readable device, carrier, or media. For example, computer readable media can include but are not limited to magnetic storage devices (e.g., hard disk, floppy disk, magnetic strips . . .), optical disks (e.g., compact disc (CD), digital versatile disc (DVD), Blu-ray disc (BD) . . .), smart cards, and flash memory devices (e.g., card, stick, key drive . . .).

As it employed in the subject specification, the term “processor” can refer to substantially any computing processing unit or device comprising, but not limited to comprising, single-core processors; single-processors with software multithread execution capability; multi-core processors; multi-core processors with software multithread execution capability; multi-core processors with hardware multithread technology; parallel platforms; and parallel platforms with distributed shared memory. Additionally, a processor can refer to an integrated circuit, an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC), a digital signal processor (DSP), a field programmable gate array (FPGA), a programmable logic controller (PLC), a complex programmable logic device (CPLD), a discrete gate or transistor logic, discrete hardware components, or any combination thereof designed to perform the functions described herein. Processors can exploit nano-scale architectures such as, but not limited to, molecular and quantum-dot based transistors, switches and gates, in order to optimize space usage or enhance performance of user equipment. A processor may also be implemented as a combination of computing processing units.

In the subject specification, terms such as “store,” “storage,” “data store,” “data storage,” “database,” and substantially any other information storage component relevant to operation and functionality of a component, refer to “memory components,” or entities embodied in a “memory” or components comprising the memory. For example, information relevant to operation of various components described in the disclosed subject matter, and that can be stored in a memory, can comprise, but is not limited to comprising, subscriber information; femto cell configuration (e.g., devices served by a femto AP) or service policies and specifications; privacy policies; add-on features, and so forth. It will be appreciated that the memory components described herein can be either volatile memory or nonvolatile memory, or can include both volatile and nonvolatile memory.

By way of illustration, and not limitation, nonvolatile memory can include read only memory (ROM), programmable ROM (PROM), electrically programmable ROM (EPROM), electrically erasable ROM (EEPROM), or flash memory. Volatile memory can include random access memory (RAM), which acts as external cache memory. By way of illustration and not limitation, RAM is available in

many forms such as synchronous RAM (SRAM), dynamic RAM (DRAM), synchronous DRAM (SDRAM), double data rate SDRAM (DDR SDRAM), enhanced SDRAM (ESDRAM), Synchlink DRAM (SLDRAM), and direct Rambus RAM (DRRAM). Additionally, the disclosed memory components of systems or methods herein are intended to comprise, without being limited to comprising, these and any other suitable types of memory.

What has been described above includes examples of systems and methods that provide advantages of one or more embodiments of the subject application. It is, of course, not possible to describe every conceivable combination of components or methodologies for purposes of describing the subject application, but one of ordinary skill in the art may recognize that many further combinations and permutations of the claimed subject matter are possible. Furthermore, to the extent that the terms “includes,” “has,” “possesses,” and the like are used in the detailed description, claims, appendices and drawings such terms are intended to be inclusive in a manner similar to the term “comprising” as “comprising” is interpreted when employed as a transitional word in a claim.

What is claimed is:

1. A method, comprising:
 - sending, by a network device comprising a processor to a femto cell device of a femto network, an update flag associated with an availability of a firmware update for a mobile device of the femto network;
 - in response to a first indication that the mobile device is not registered with the femto cell device, delaying, by the network device, sending of the firmware update;
 - sending, by the network device, data representing a data storage incentive to the femto cell device to transfer a connection of the mobile device from a base station device of a wireless network to the femto cell device to receive the firmware update;
 - in response to a second indication that the mobile device has registered with the femto cell device, receiving, by the network device, a registration notification, via a backhaul link, from the femto cell device;
 - based on the second indication, sending, by the network device, the firmware update to the femto cell device;
 - in response to the sending the firmware update, receiving, by the network device, error bits indicative of an error associated with the firmware update at the femto cell device being determined to have been unsuccessful, wherein the error bits are received via a control channel between the femto cell device and the network device; and
 - in response to the receiving the error bits, initiating, by the network device, a retry cycle to resend the firmware update to the femto cell device.
2. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - determining, by the network device, whether a resource of the mobile device is available to receive the firmware update.
3. The method of claim 2, wherein the resource comprises a memory to store the firmware update.
4. The method of claim 3, further comprising:
 - generating, by the network device, the firmware update based on a condition associated with a quality of service enabled by the resource being determined not to have been satisfied.

5. The method of claim 3, further comprising:
 - generating, by the network device, the firmware update based on a condition associated with a quality of service enabled by the resource being determined to have been satisfied.
6. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - in response to the mobile device transferring the connection, initiating, by the network device, a delivery of the firmware update to the femto cell device.
7. The method of claim 6, wherein the initiating the delivery comprises initiating the delivery of signal data representative of a transferred connection between the mobile device and the femto cell device.
8. A system, comprising:
 - a processor; and
 - a memory that stores executable instructions that, when executed by the processor, facilitate performance of operations, comprising:
 - sending, to a femto cell device of a femto network, flag data that indicates that a firmware content update is available for a mobile device;
 - sending, to the femto cell device, incentive data related to an incentive for the mobile device to register with the femto cell device to receive the firmware content update, wherein the incentive is associated with a data store;
 - in response to a first indication that the mobile device is not registered with the femto cell device, delaying sending of the firmware update;
 - in response to the mobile device being determined to have registered with the femto cell device, receiving a registration notice from the femto cell device;
 - based on the registration notice, sending, to the femto cell device, the firmware content update;
 - in response to the sending the firmware content update, receiving notification data indicative of a notification that the firmware content update at the femto cell device has been determined to have been unsuccessful, wherein the notification data comprises error bits; and
 - in response to the receiving the notification data, resending the firmware update a defined number of times.
9. The system of claim 8, wherein the mobile device is a first mobile device, and wherein the operations further comprise:
 - based on a bandwidth granted for the firmware content update via a second mobile device, configuring an update profile.
10. The system of claim 8, wherein the operations further comprise:
 - based on the firmware content update, configuring an update profile.
11. The system of claim 10, wherein the configuring is based on a priority ranking of the firmware content update.
12. The system of claim 8, wherein the operations further comprise:
 - in response to determining that a communication resource is unavailable, generating the firmware content update.
13. The system of claim 8, wherein the operations further comprise:
 - based on a condition associated with wireless device resources being determined not to have been satisfied, resending the firmware content update.
14. The system of claim 8, wherein the notification is a first notification, and wherein the operations further comprise:

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receiving a second notification, via a notification component, when the mobile device is attached to the femto cell device.

15. A non-transitory machine-readable storage medium, comprising executable instructions that, when executed by a processor, facilitate performance of operations, comprising:
 5 sending, to a femto cell device of a femto network, update flag data comprising a first indication that a firmware content update is available for a mobile device;
 10 sending incentive data, related to an incentive for the mobile device to register with the femto cell device, to the mobile device, wherein the incentive data is associated with a data storage for the mobile device;
 15 in response to a second indication that the mobile device has not registered with the femto cell device, receiving a registration notification and delaying sending the firmware content update to the femto cell device;
 20 in response to the sending the firmware content update, receiving notification data representative of a notification that installation of the firmware content update at the femto cell device has been determined to be unsuccessful, wherein the notification data comprises an error bit received via a control channel; and
 based on the installation of the firmware content update being determined to be unsuccessful, resending the

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firmware content update to the femto cell device a determined number of times.

16. The non-transitory machine-readable storage medium of claim **15**, wherein the operations further comprise:

based on a condition associated with a mobile device resource being determined not to have been satisfied, delaying the sending the firmware content update.

17. The non-transitory machine-readable storage medium of claim **16**, wherein the mobile device resource enables a bandwidth associated with the mobile device.

18. The non-transitory machine-readable storage medium of claim **15**, wherein the operations further comprise:

tracking a location of the mobile device relative to the femto cell device.

19. The non-transitory machine-readable storage medium of claim **15**, wherein the notification is a first notification, and wherein the operations further comprise:

receiving a second notification in response to the mobile device being determined to have been attached to the femto cell device.

20. The non-transitory machine-readable storage medium of claim **19**, wherein the operations further comprise:

based on the receiving the second notification, tracking a registration status associated with a registration of the mobile device to the femto cell device.

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