C. C. WILLIS.

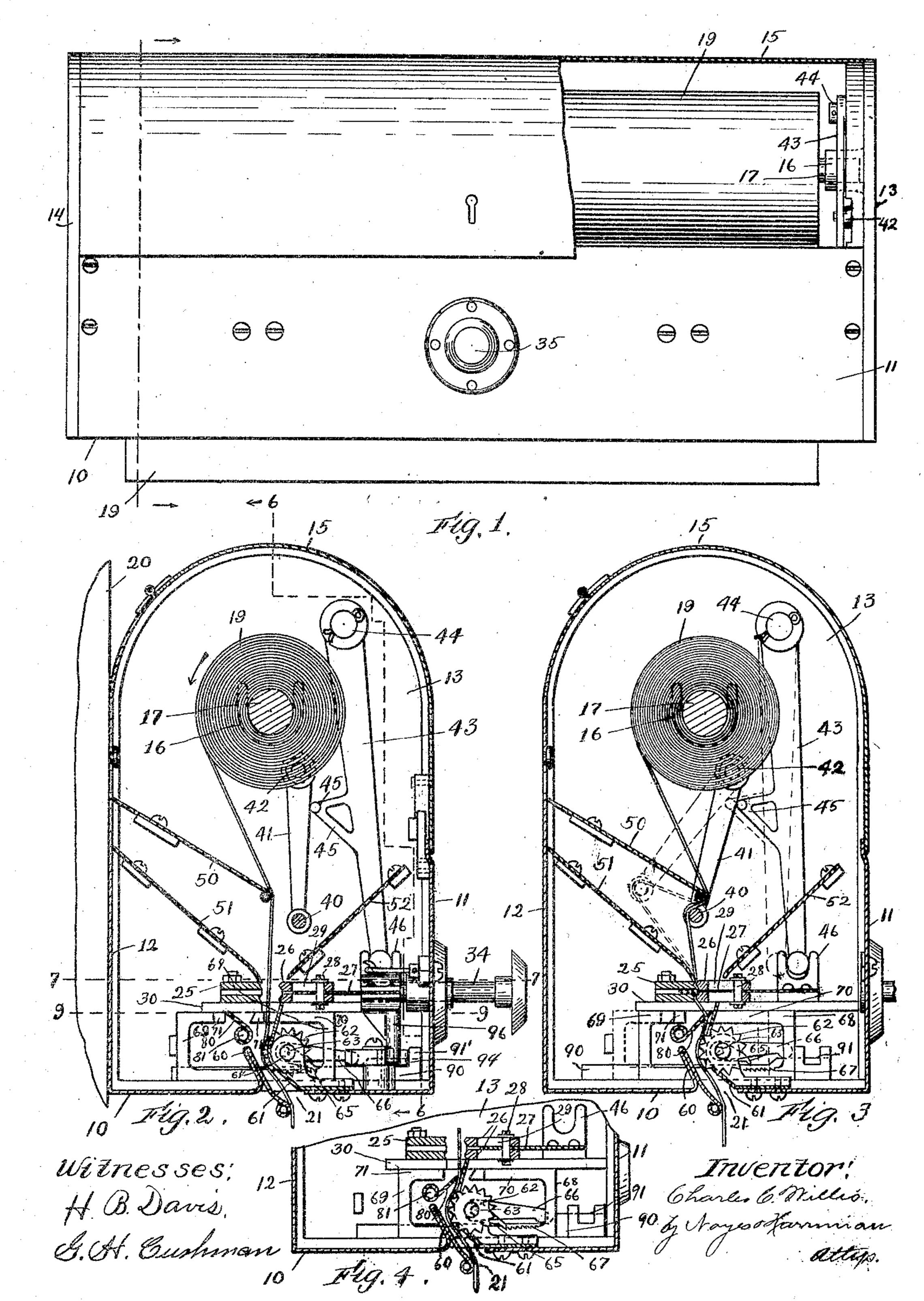
PAPER TOWEL HOLDER,

APPLICATION FILED JAN. 30, 1911.

998,561.

Patented July 18, 1911.

4 SHEETS-SHEET 1.



C. C. WILLIS.

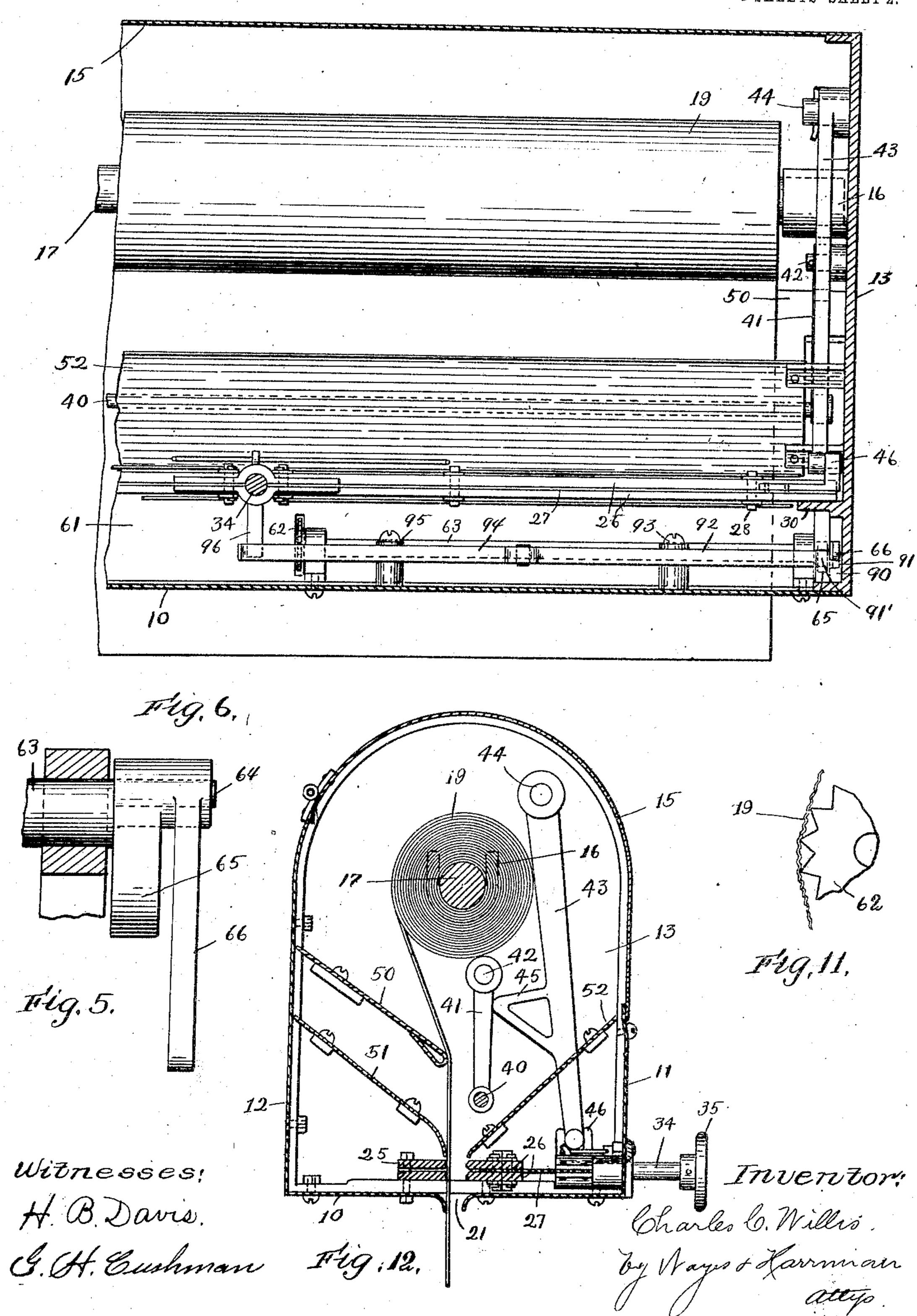
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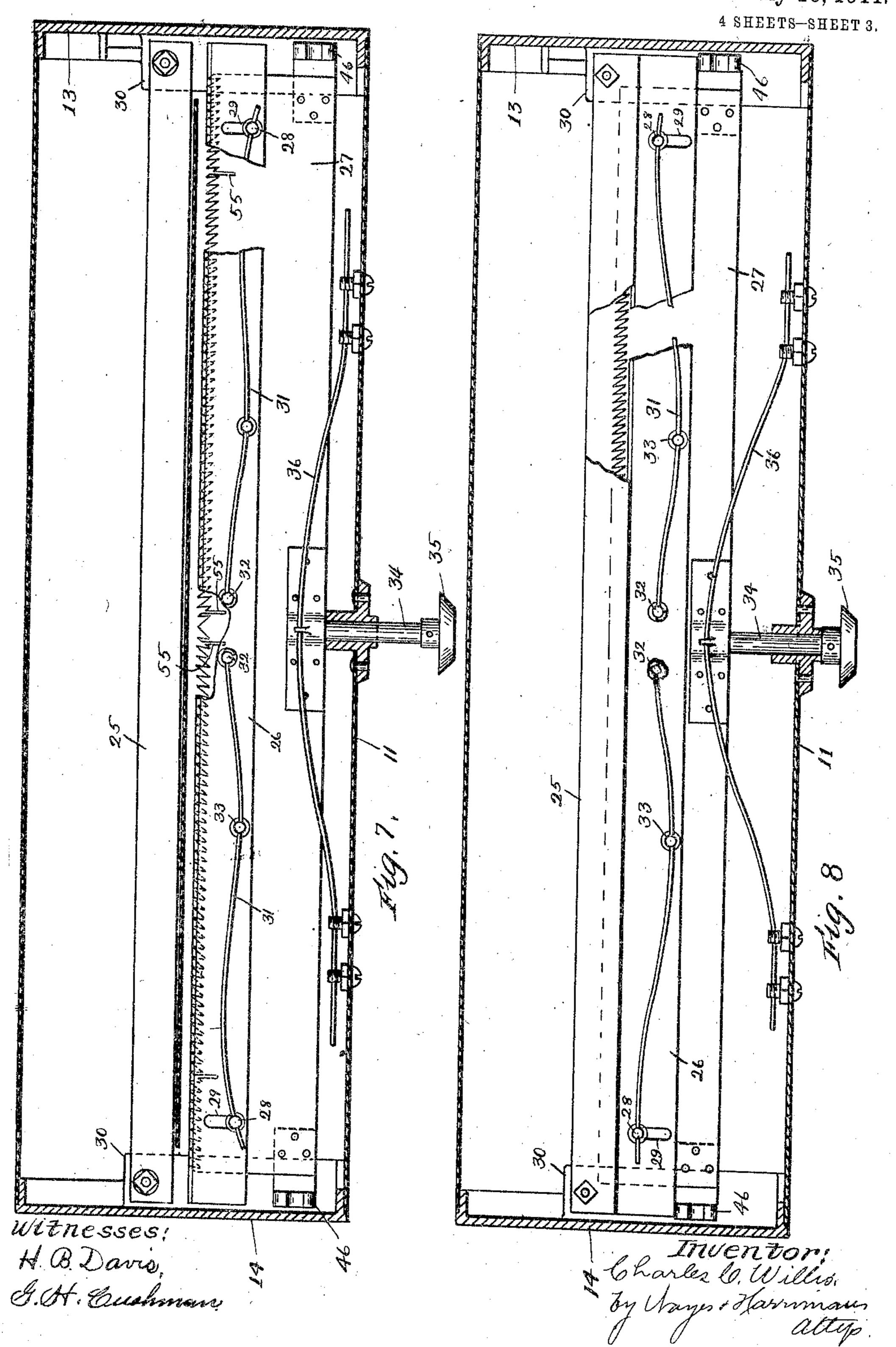
4 SHEETS-SHEET 2.



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998,561.

G. H. Eushman

Patented July 18, 1911. 4 SHEETS-SHEET 4. Inventor: Charles C. Willis Witnesses! H. B. Davis. by Nages Farmion atty.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES C. WILLIS, OF SOUTH FRAMINGHAM. MASSACHUSETTS, ASSIGNOR TO DEN-NISON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, OF SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, MASSACHUSETTS, A CORPORATION OF MASSACHUSETTS.

PAPER-TOWEL HOLDER.

998.561.

Specification of Letters Patent. Patented July 18, 1911.

Application filed January 30, 1911. Serial No. 605,414.

To all whom it may concern:

residing at South Framingham, in the towel-supply projecting through the opencounty of Middlesex and State of Massa- | ing when the end section which has been 5 chusetts, have invented an Improvement in | cut is withdrawn from the receptacle, said Paper-Towel Holders, of which the following is a specification.

paper-toweling, such as crepe paper which opening, after which said incompletely 10 is quite strong and very water-absorbent and severed end section is detached by a pull is particularly characterized by being | upon it; and the invention therefore also has crinkled transversely, giving it an accordion | for its object to provide a cutting-device 65 effect which makes the problem of handling | which is constructed and arranged to incomit very difficult, yet other well-known or | pletely sever the strip.

15 suitable paper may be employed.

20 the strip may be drawn, and having means of my invention, a measuring-device is em-This receptacle is preferably normally closed ing-roll or wheel adapted to be engaged by except at the towel-outlet to make it so far the strip of toweling and to be rotated by as practicable dust and germ proof. The end portion of the strip normally projects through the opening in the receptacle, far enough to be conveniently grasped by the 30 hand of the operator for the purpose of pulling upon the strip to draw it from the receptacle, and the cutting-device is arranged within the receptacle, above the opening, and when said cutting-device is 35 operated to cut the strip so that a short length or section may be withdrawn, means must be provided for permitting or causing. the newly formed end portion of the strip, which remains in the receptacle, to project 40 through the opening so as to be grasped by the hand of the operator; and therefore, my present invention also has for its object to provide the holder or receptable with means adapted to be operated simultaneously with 45 and preferably in conjunction with or by the cutting-device to draw off of the towel-supand to accumulate the same between the 50 cumulated portion being sufficient, when portion of the towel-holder taken on the

hand of the operator. To insure the ac-Be it known that I, Charles C. Willis, cumulated portion which is drawn off of the 55 end section is only incompletely severed, so that it may be used as a means to pull the 60 This invention relates to holders for end of the accumulated portion through the

The invention also has for its object to The invention has for its object to pro- provide a receptacle with means to limit the vide a receptacle adapted to contain a sup- | length of toweling which may be withdrawn 70 ply of paper toweling, in strip form, having | from the receptacle at each operation. In an opening through its wall through which | this connection, as a preferred embodiment to cut the strip transversely, whereby short | ployed which is adapted to be operated by lengths of toweling, each sufficient to serve the moving strip of toweling as it is drawn 75 as an individual towel, may be obtained. I from the receptacle, and comprises a measursaid strip as it is drawn from the receptacle, and a locking-device which is thrown into 80 position to engage the strip of toweling when a predetermined amount has been withdrawn, and means operated by or in conjunction with the cutting-device for subsequently releasing the locking-device and 85

restoring the parts to normal.

Figure 1 is a front view of a towel-holder embodying this invention. Fig. 2 is a vertical section of the same taken on the dotted line 2-2, Fig. 1, the parts being repre- 90 sented in their normal positions, Fig. 3 is a similar vertical section of the towel-holder, some of the parts being omitted for clearness, and the knife-blade being advanced far enough for the clamping-members to be 95 moved by it to engage the strip. Fig. 4 is a sectional detail showing particularly the measuring-device for the strip, the parts becutting-device to draw off of the towel-sup- ing in the position they will occupy when ply a short additional length of toweling, the strip is locked. Fig. 5 is an enlarged 100 detail of a part of the measuring-device. cutting-device and the towel-supply, said ac- | Fig. 6 is a longitudinal vertical section of a permitted or caused to project through the dotted line 6-6, Fig. 2. Fig. 7, is a horiopening in the receptacle, to extend far zontal section of the towel-holder taken on 105 enough to be conveniently grasped by the the dotted line 7-7, Fig. 2, showing par-

ticularly the cutting-device. Fig. 8 is a similar view, the knife-blade being pressed inward to cut the strip. Fig. 9 is a horizontal section of the towel-holder taken on 5 the dotted line 9-9, Fig. 2. Fig. 10 is a detail of a portion of the strip, showing particularly the incomplete line of severance. Fig. 11 is an enlarged detail of the measuring-wheel which is moved by the strip. Fig. 10 12 is a vertical section of a modified form of towel-holder, the measuring-device in par-

ticular being omitted.

A normally closed receptacle is employed adapted to contain the towel-supply and the 35 operating-mechanism. To avoid contamination of the toweling the receptacle should be kept locked except when opened for refilling. The receptacle is made quite long so that a strip of toweling of considerable vi 20 width may be housed therein. As here shown the receptacle comprises a bottom wall 10; front and back walls 11 and 12; and end walls 13 and 14; and a top wall 15, the latter being hingedly connected to 25 the top of the back wall and extended over the top of the receptacle and down at the front to engage the top of the front wall 11. Each end wall has arranged on its interior a journal-bearing 16, for the end or 30 end-journal of a roll 17 on which the towelsupply, in strip form, is wound.

19 represents the towel-supply. The receptacle is adapted to be secured by any suitable means to a wall 20 of a 35 building, in horizontal position, and when so disposed the towel-supply is likewise arranged in horizontal position, and is free to be revolved to admit of drawing toweling from the receptacle. The end portion 40 of the strip of toweling leading from the towel-supply passes down through the bottom part of the receptacle and through an opening 21 in the bottom wall thereof, and is intended to normally terminate a short 45 distance below said bottom wall, see Fig. 1, so as to be conveniently grasped by the hand of a person wishing to draw toweling

from the receptacle.

The end portion of the strip or roll of 50 toweling passes between the coöperating members of the cutting-device by which the end section. large enough to serve as a towel, may be removed, and said cutting-device is arranged horizontally in the receptacle and 55 intends substantially from end to end of it or at least the width of the strip of toweling. As here shown the cutting-device comprises two clamping-members for the strip of paper, and a blade which is employed to 60 cut the strip after the clamping-members have engaged it, so that the strip is positively held while being cut.

25 represents the stationary clampingmember which is horizontally arranged and 65 comprises two flat bars arranged one above

the other with a narrow space between them, sufficient to receive the blade or at least the cutting edge thereof. Said bars are supported at their opposite ends by any suitable means, as by means arranged on the interior 70 of the end walls. The edges of said bars which face the strip each have a longitudinal groove extended from end to end thereof or thereabout, to receive complementary V shaped edges of the bars composing the 75 movable clamping-member, to firmly clamp the strip and prevent it slipping while the blade acts to cut it. The movable clampingmember 26 is arranged at the opposite side of the strip, in a horizontal plane with the 80 stationary clamping-member, and extends from end to end of the receptacle or thereabout, like the stationary clamping-member. It is composed of two flat bars arranged respectively above and below the blade 27, and 85 both of said bars are movably supported on and connected with said blade 27 by bolts 28, at each end thereof, which extend through the blade and through transversely arranged slots 29 in the bars. As the blade 90 and the bars which are movably connected therewith are quite long, supports are or may be provided on the interior of the end walls of the receptacle for the opposite ends thereof as for instance, ledges 30 are here 95 shown for this purpose on which the ends of the under bar rest. The bars are normally held with their strip-engaging edges just in advance of the cutting edge of the knife, as shown in Fig. 7, and are bodily movable with 100 the blade to engage the strip and move the strip into engagement with the stationary clamping-member and then to yield to permit the blade to continue to advance and cut the strip. To thus hold the clamping-bars 105 with respect to the blade and to permit said bars to yield and the blade to advance, long springs 31 are provided for each bar which are attached at their outer ends to the bolts 28, and at their inner ends to pins 32 on the 110 bars, and they are preferably attached to said bars at infermediate points, as to pins 33, so that attachment of their inner ends to the bars becomes fixed and the outer ends only are free to move. The blade 27 is pref- 115 erably toothed and has fixedly attached to its edge adjacent the front wall of the receptacle at a point substantially midway its length, a stem 34, which extends through a hole in the front wall, and has attached to 120 its outer end a disk 35, adapted to be engaged by the hand of the operator for the purpose of pressing inward said stem and thereby moving the blade in an inward direction to clamp the strip and thereafter 125 cut it, and a long spring 36 is provided for returning the blade to normal position when pressure upon the stem 34 is removed, said spring being connected with the blade at a point intermediate its length and connected 130

at its ends to the interior of the front wall 11. As soon as the end portion of the strip has been cut and the section thus cut is withdrawn from the receptacle, it is 5 necessary that the newly formed end portion of the strip remaining in the receptacle shall be drawn down through the opening 21, far enough to be grasped by the operator to draw from the receptacle an-10 other length or section of toweling. To accomplish this result means are provided for drawing from the supply additional toweling whenever a section is cut, which is accumulated between the cutting-device and 15 supply, and which is given up as slack when the cutting-device returns to normal, and this additional supply is sufficient when permitted or caused to project through the opening 21, to extend below said opening far 20 enough to be grasped by the operator. And in addition to said means for drawing off an additional supply, provision is made for drawing said accumulated slack toweling through the opening positively, so that grav-25 ity alone need not be relied upon.

The means here shown for drawing off additional supply of toweling consists of a pull-off device constructed and arranged to be operated by or in conjunction with the 30 cutting-device, and the provision for positively drawing this accumulated slack toweling through the opening consists in so constructing the blade that it will act to incompletely sever the end section from the strip, 35 so that as the incompletely severed section is withdrawn from the receptacle it will act to positively draw down through the opening 21 the accumulated additional supply, but said end section is so completely severed that 40 but a slightly increased or sudden pull acts to detach it from the strip. As the additional supply to be accumulated is between the cutting-device and the supply, the pulloff device is arranged above the cutting-45 device.

In the present embodiment of my invention the pull-off device is adapted to be operated by the cutting-device, and as here shown, 40 represents a horizontally arranged ⁵⁰ bar, extended transversely with respect to the strip, which is connected at each end to the lower ends of a pair of arms 41, pivotally supported at their upper ends at 42, on the interior of the end walls of the receptacle, thereby forming a bail-shaped member which is adapted to be swung across the path of movement of the strip and to engage and thereby deflect the strip. To move said of otally supported at their upper ends at 44 to the interior of the end walls of the receptacle, which are provided at points intermediate their length with extensions 45, to engage the arms 41, and their lower ends | ing this result therefore forms a part of my

ears 46, arranged on the blade 27 at the opposite ends thereof, so that as the blade is moved back and forth said arms 43 will be swing on their pivots and the extensions 45 thereon will engage and move the arms 76 41 in one direction and permit the return

thereof to normal by gravity. The strip of paper leaving the supply passes over the edge of a deflecting-plate 50 which extends lengthwise the receptacle and 75 is fixed to the end walls thereof, and the edge of said plate is located above and in vertical alinement with the passage between the clamping-members and also above the plane of the bar 40, so that while the strip 80 is held by the clamping-members and the blade is being moved to cut the strip, the bar 40 will engage the strip between the clamp and the supply and will deflect it to such an extent as to draw toweling from the 85 supply. As soon as the blade returns to normal position the bar 40 likewise returns and the additional supply thus drawn off is accumulated as slack, preparatory to being drawn or permitted to pass down 90 through the opening 21. To prevent the accumulated or slack portion of the strip from interfering with the moving parts and to direct it to the passage between the clampingmembers, a pair of fixed plates 51, 52, may 95 be provided, which are secured to the interior of the end walls or elsewhere, and arranged at opposite sides of the opening between the clamping-members, each plate declining toward said opening, forming a V- 100 shaped guide for the passage of the accumulated portion of the strip between the

clamping-members. As a simple means of providing for incompletely severing the end section from 105 the strip the cutting edge of the blade 27. is formed with several narrow slots 55, extending inwardly from the edge, as for instance, there may be a pair of such slots. about the middle of the blade and a slot 110 near each end thereof. In Fig. 10 the incomplete line of severance is shown.

In one embodiment of my invention any desired length of paper may be drawn from the supply and cut off, and additional towel- 115 ing from the supply drawn while the end section is being cut, which is subsequently. caused to project through the opening 21, when the incompletely severed end section is withdrawn and detached, see particularly 120 Fig. 11, but in the embodiment of my invention shown in Figs. 1 to 9, means are also provided for limiting the length of paper bail-shaped member a pair of arms are piv- which may be drawn from the receptacle at each operation, whereby short measured 125 lengths only are obtained, which are sufficient in themselves to serve as individual towels. A measuring-device for accomplish-35 are loosely fitted into recesses formed in invention, although not necessary for many 130 uses to which the apparatus may be put and purposely omitted in Fig. 11. The measuring-device here shown is adapted to be operated automatically by the moving strip of paper as it is withdrawn from the receptacle to determine the length of the section withdrawn, and to be restored to normal by means connected with or operated by or in conjunction with the cutting-device.

Referring to Figs. 2 to 4 the measuringdevice is arranged above the opening 21, and the sides of said opening are extended upward as at 60 on the back side and 61 on the front side, and form a throat through 15 which the strip of toweling projects, and said walls are arranged diagonally with respect to the downward movement of the strip to deflect the strip, and when so arranged the front wall serves as a stationary. 20 deflecting wall over which the strip passes. The front wall 61 of the opening has a vertical slot at or about the middle through which the teeth of a spur-wheel 62 extend, said teeth projecting far enough to engage 25 the crinkled strip, so that as the strip is moved along, as for instance, when being withdrawn from the receptacle, said spurwheel will be positively revolved. Said spur-wheel 62 is secured to a horizontal shaft 30 63, see Fig. 9, supported by suitable bearings

said shaft extends from the middle to one end of the receptacle or thereabout. Said shaft has at its outer end an outwardly pro-35 jecting pin 64, eccentrically arranged thereon, which supports a pawl 65 and also a short arm 66 arranged at the side of and connected with the pawl. Said pawl normally rests by gravity upon and engages the ratchet-toothed portion 67 of a frame which is arranged in vertical position and adapted to be moved longitudinally step by step by the pawl as the shaft 63 revolves. Said frame comprises a horizontal base portion 45 67, on the upper edge of which the ratchetteeth are formed, upright end portions 68 and 69, and inwardly extended horizontal portions or arms 70 and 71, said portions or

on the bottom wall of the receptacle, and

between the edge of the strip of toweling and the end wall of the receptacle. Said frame is designed to serve as an actuating-device for the locking-device for the strip, and when moved by the pawl acts to operate said locking-device to engage and lock the strip. Said frame, however, is adapted to be returned to normal position by means

arms occupying the same plane or there-

about and extended toward each other and

terminating a short distance apart. Said

frame is located at one end of the receptacle,

be returned to normal position by means independent of the pawl, and during such return movement to return the locking-device to normal position.

The locking-device consists essentially of a flat plate 80, arranged to swing on pivot-

studs 81. It is arranged horizontally in the receptacle and transversely with respect to the strip. It is arranged just back of the front wall 61 of the opening 21, but at the opposite side of the strip which bears upon 70 said front wall. When in normal position it inclines rearwardly, as shown in Fig. 2, but when moved into locking position inclines forwardly, as shown in Fig. 4, where it will be seen that its upper edge engages the strip 75 and presses the strip firmly into engagements with the front wall 61, to thereby lock it. Said locking-plate is moved by the frame, as for instance, it is engaged by the end of the arm 71, and moved into locking position 80 when said frame is moved in a forward direction by the pawl, and is engaged by the end of the arm 70, when the frame is moved in a rearward direction, as by the means employed for returning it to normal posi- 85

tion. When the strip is drawn from the receptacle the spur-wheel is revolved and the pawl repeatedly moved forward and backward, and the frame is advanced step by step until 90 the arm 71 thereof moves the locking-plate into vertical position and a little farther, whereupon said plate falls by gravity against the stationary front wall 61 and engages and locks the strip, It thus only re- 95 mains to return the parts to normal to disengage the strip and this act is performed, as here shown, by means connected with the cutting-device, so that when the cutting-device is operated to cut the strip and returns 100 to normal, the cooperative parts of said strip-locking mechanism will be caused or permitted to return to normal. The short arm 66 is employed as a part of the return mechanism and rests on the upper edge of a 105. bar 90, which has a raised part 91 in front of the end of said arm, adapted, when the bar is moved rearward, to lift the arm and thereby lift the pawl and disengage it from the ratchet-toothed frame. Said cam-bar 90 110 has a recessed ear 91', which receives the outer end of a lever 92, pivoted at 93, the inner end of said lever engaging the outer end of another lever 94, pivoted at 95, the inner end of which straddles the pin 96 extended 115 downward from the cutting-device. As the cutting-device is moved inward to cut the strip said cam-bar 90 is moved inward and lifts the short arm 66 and the pawl; yet movement of said cam-bar is continued and 120 the ear thereon engages the front end of the frame and moves said frame inward, and the end of the arm 70 engages the lockingplate and moves said plate into vertical position and a little farther, whereupon said 125 plate falls by gravity into its rearwardly inclined position. As the cutting-device returns to normal the cam-bar is likewise returned to normal and the short arm permitted to resume its normal position and the 130

pawl to again engage the ratchet-toothed frame preparatory to being again operated to move said frame.

The means here shown for determining 5 the length of strip which can be withdrawn from the receptacle at each operation is merely one embodiment of my invention, which is simple, easily operated and effective, but so far as my invention is concerned 10 any other suitable means may be employed.

I claim:—

1. A towel-holder consisting of a receptacle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening 15 through its wall through which the end of the strip normally projects in a position to be grasped and drawn manually from the supply, and a cutting device arranged transversely with respect to the strip, having 20 means whereby it may be operated manually, said cutting device being operable independent of the withdrawal of the strip from the

supply, substantially as described.

2. A towel-holder consisting of a recepta-25 cle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening through its wall through which the end of the strip normally projects in a position to be grasped and drawn manually from the 30 supply, and a cutting-device contained in and extended lengthwise the receptacle and transversely with respect to the strip having operating-means extended through the wall of the receptacle and accessible at the ex-35 terior thereof, said cutting device being operable independent of the withdrawal of the strip from the supply, substantially as described.

3. A towel-holder consisting of a recepta-40 cle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening through its wall through which the end of the strip normally projects in a position to be grasped and drawn manually from the 45 supply, and a cutting-device contained in and extended lengthwise the receptacle and transversely with respect to the strip, comprising a pair of clamping-members for the strip and a blade, said clamping members 50 being arranged to clamp the strip on opposite sides of the blade, and means to operate said clamping-members and blade to engage the strip and then cut it, substantially

as described.

4. A towel-holder consisting of a receptacle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening through its wall through which the end of the strip projects, and a cutting-device con-60 tained in and extended lengthwise the receptacle and transversely with respect to the strip, comprising a pair of clamping-memhers for the strip and a blade, each clamping-member comprising a pair of connected 65 cross-bars arranged with a space between

them for the blade, and means to operate said clamping-members and blade to engage the strip and then cut it, substantially as described.

5. A towel-holder consisting of a recepta- 70 cle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening through its wall through which the end of the strip projects, and a cutting-device contained in and extended lengthwise the re- 75 ceptacle and transversely with respect to the strip, comprising a pair of clampingmembers for the strip and a blade, one of said clamping-members being stationarily supported and the other being loosely con- 80 nected with the blade, whereby it is moved with the blade and also permits the blade to move independently of it, substantially as

described.

6. A towel-holder consisting of a receptacle 85 adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening through its wall through which the end of the strip normally projects in a position to be grasped and drawn manually from the supply, a 90 cutting-device arranged to be moved transversely with respect to the strip, means to hold the strip while being cut, and means to draw from the supply additional toweling while the strip is thus held, which serves 95 as the normally projecting end of the next towel, said end being caused to project through said opening when the strip is disengaged, substantially as described.

7. A towel-holder consisting of a recepta- 100 cle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening through its wall through which the end of the strip normally projects in a position to be grasped and drawn manually from the 105 supply, a cutting-device arranged transversely with respect to the strip, means to hold the strip while being cut, a deflecting plate for the strip arranged between the supply and the strip-holding means, and 110 means coöperating with said deflecting plate to draw from the supply additional toweling while the strip is thus held, which serves as the normally projecting end of the next towel, said end being caused to project 115 through said opening when the strip is dis-

engaged, substantially as described.

8. A towel-holder consisting of a receptacle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening 120 through its wall through which the end of the strip projects, a cutting-device arranged to be moved transversely with respect to the strip, means to hold the strip while being cut, and means to draw from the supply ad- 125 ditional toweling while the strip is thus held, which serves as the projecting end of. the next towel, and an actuator therefor connected with the cutting-device, substantially as described.

130

9. A towel-holder consisting of a receptacle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening through its wall through which the end of the strip projects, a cutting-device arranged to be moved transversely with respect to the strip, means to hold the strip while being cut, a cross-bar arranged transversely with respect to the strip, and movable across the path of movement thereof, to draw from the supply additional toweling while the strip is thus held, which serves as the projecting end of the next towel, and actuating means for said cross-bar connected with the cutting means, substantially as described.

10. A towel-holder consisting of a receptacle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening through its wall through which the end of 20 the strip projects, a cutting-device arranged to be moved transversely with respect to the strip, means to hold the strip while being cut, a cross-bar arranged transversely with respect to the strip, and swinging sup-25 ports therefor, whereby said cross-bar is permitted to move across the path of movement of the strip to draw from the supply additional toweling while the strip is thus held, which serves as the projecting end of 30 the next towel, and actuating-means for said swinging cross-bar coöperating with the cutting device, substantially as described.

11. A towel-holder consisting of a receptacle adapted to contain a supply of paper 35 toweling, in strip form, having an opening through its wall through which the end of the strip projects, a cutting-device arranged transversely with respect to the strip, means to hold the strip while being cut, a cross-bar 40 arranged transversely with respect to the strip, and swinging supports therefor, whereby said cross-bar is permitted to move across the path of movement of the strip, to draw from the supply additional toweling 45 while the strip is thus held, which serves as the projecting end of the next towel, pivoted actuating-levers for said swinging cross-bat, and means to connect said actuating-levers with the cutting-device to be operated by 50 said device, substantially as described.

12. A towel-holder consisting of a receptacle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening through its wall through which the end of the strip normally projects in a position to be grasped and drawn manually from the supply, a cutting device for the strip, said cutting device being operable independent of the withdrawal of the strip from the supply. 60 ply, means to hold the strip while being cut, and means to draw from the supply additional toweling while the strip is thus held, which serves as the normally projecting end of the next towel, said end being caused to project through said opening

when the strip is disengaged, substantially as described.

13. A towel-holder consisting of a receptacle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening 76 through its wall through which the end of the strip normally projects in a position to be grasped and drawn manually from the supply, a cutting device for the strip movable transversely with respect to the strip, said 75 cutting device being operable independent of the withdrawal of the strip from the supply, means to hold the strip while being cut. means to draw from the supply additional toweling while the strip is thus held, which go serves as the normally projecting end of the next towel, and an actuator therefor connected with the cutting device, substantially as described.

14. A towel-holder consisting of a receptacle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening through its wall through which the end of the strip projects, and a cutting-device arranged transversely with respect to the 90 strip having a non-continuous cutting-edge, whereby the strip is incompletely severed, means to hold the strip while the cutting-device acts, and means to draw from the supply additional toweling while the strip is thus held, which is subsequently caused to project through the opening by withdrawal of the incompletely severed portion, substantially as described.

15. A towel-holder consisting of a recep- 10 tacle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening through its wall through which the end of the strip projects, a clamp operated by the moving strip to engage and lock the strip 10 when a predetermined length has been withdrawn, a cutting device arranged transversely with respect to the strip having a non-continuous cutting edge, whereby the strip is incompletely severed, means to hold 11 the strip while the cutting device acts, and means to draw off from the supply additional toweling while the strip is thus held, which is subsequently caused to project through the opening by withdrawal of 110 the incompletely severed portion, substan-

16. A towel-holder consisting of a receptacle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening 12 through its wall through which the end of the strip projects, a cutting-device for the strip, a stationary plate over which the strip passes, a movable locking-plate arranged in front of said stationary plate, and means to 125 move said locking-plate to engage the strip when a predetermined length has been with-drawn, substantially as described.

17. A towel-holder consisting of a receptacle adapted to contain a supply of paper 130

the strip projects, a cutting-device for the strip, a stationary plate and a movable lock-5 ing-plate between which the strip passes, a spur-wheel arranged to be engaged and moved by the strip, and means operated by said spur-wheel to move said locking-plate. to lock the strip, substantially as described.

10 18. A towel-holder consisting of a receptacle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening through its wall through which the end of the strip projects, a cutting-device for the 15 strip, means operated by the strip to engage and lock the strip when a predetermined length has been withdrawn, and means connected with the cutting-device to restore said locking-means, substantially as o described.

19. A towel-holder consisting of a receptacle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening through its wall through which the end of 25 the strip normally projects in a position to be grasped and drawn manually from the supply, clamping means to engage and lock the strip when a predetermined length has been manually withdrawn, and a cutting 30 device adapted to be operated to cut the strip transversely after it has been withdrawn from its supply and locked, substan-

tially as described. 20. A towel-holder consisting of a recep-35 tacle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening through its wall through which the end of the strip normally projects in a position to be grasped and drawn manually from the 40 supply, clamping means to engage and lock the strip when a predetermined length has been withdrawn, a cutting device adapted to be operated to cut the strip transversely after it has been withdrawn from its supply 45 and locked, means to hold the strip while being cut, and means to draw from the supply additional toweling while the strip is thus held, which subsequently projects through the opening and serves as the pro-50 jecting end of the next towel, substantially as described.

toweling, in strip form, having an opening 21. In a paper towel holding and deliv-through its wall through which the end of ering device, a paper-holding receptacle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling, in strip form, having an opening 55 through its wall through which the end of the strip normally projects in a position to be grasped and drawn manually from the supply, and a clamping and cutting-device within the receptacle out 60 of reach of the operator, consisting of clamping-members to clamp the paper during the cutting operation, a serrated edged cutting blade movable through openings in the clamping-member from one member into 65 the opening in the other member to cut the interposed paper with a scissor-like action, an actuating-device extending outside the receptacle by which the operator can at one movement press the clamps together and 70 push the blade through the paper, substantially as described.

22. A towel-holder consisting of a receptacle adapted to contain a supply of paper toweling in strip form having an opening 75 through its wall through which the toweling may be drawn out, a device operated by the drawing out of the strip to lock the strip against further withdrawal after a predetermined length has been withdrawn, a 80 clamping and cutting device within the receptacle for clamping and cutting the strip, a pull-off device within the receptacle for pulling off an additional supply from the roll-during the clamping and cutting move- 85 ments, a releasing and resetting device for releasing and resetting the locking-device during the clamping and cutting operation, an actuating-device extending outside the receptacle by means of which the operator 90 can clamp and cut the strip, pull off an additional supply of paper from the roll and release and reset the locking-device by one movement of the hand, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof, I have signed my name to this specification, in the presence of two subscribing witnesses. CHARLES C. WILLIS.

Witnesses:

B. J. Noyes, H. B. Davis.